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# U.S. SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

## FORM 10-12G

GENERAL FORM FOR REGISTRATION OF SECURITIES  
UNDER SECTION 12(B) OR (G) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

Commission file number \_\_\_\_\_

### Asia Quest Ventures, Inc.

(Name of Small Business Issuer in its Charter)

#### Delaware

\_\_\_\_\_  
(State or Other Jurisdiction of  
Incorporation or Organization)

\_\_\_\_\_  
(I.R.S. Employer  
Identification No.)

c/o William Tay, TBM Investments, Inc.  
305 Madison Avenue, Suite 1166  
New York, NY

10165

\_\_\_\_\_  
(Address of Principal Executive Offices)

\_\_\_\_\_  
(Zip Code)

Issuer's telephone number: (917) 591-2648  
& Facsimile number: (917) 591-2648

#### Copies to:

William Tay, President  
P.O. Box 42198  
Philadelphia, PA 19101  
Tel/Fax: (917) 591-2648  
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Securities to be registered under Section 12(b) of the Act: none

Securities to be registered under Section 12(g) of the Exchange Act:

Title of each class	Name of Exchange on which to be so registered each class is to be registered
Common Stock, \$.0001	N/A

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## **EXPLANATORY NOTE**

We are filing this General Form for Registration of Securities on Form 10 to register our common stock, pursuant to Section 12(g) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the “Exchange Act”).

Once this registration statement is deemed effective, we will be subject to the requirements of Regulation 13A under the Exchange Act, which will require us to file annual reports on Form 10-KSB or Form 10-K, quarterly reports on Form 10-QSB or Form 10-Q, and current reports on Form 8-K, and we will be required to comply with all other obligations of the Exchange Act applicable to issuers filing registration statements pursuant to Section 12(g) of the Exchange Act.

Unless otherwise noted, references in this registration statement to “Asia Quest Ventures, Inc.,” the “Company,” “we,” “our” or “us” means Asia Quest Ventures, Inc.

## **FORWARD LOOKING STATEMENTS**

There are statements in this registration statement that are not historical facts. These “forward-looking statements” can be identified by use of terminology such as “believe,” “hope,” “may,” “anticipate,” “should,” “intend,” “plan,” “will,” “expect,” “estimate,” “project,” “positioned,” “strategy” and similar expressions. You should be aware that these forward-looking statements are subject to risks and uncertainties that are beyond our control. For a discussion of these risks, you should read this entire Registration Statement carefully, especially the risks discussed under “Risk Factors.” Although management believes that the assumptions underlying the forward looking statements included in this Registration Statement are reasonable, they do not guarantee our future performance, and actual results could differ from those contemplated by these forward looking statements. The assumptions used for purposes of the forward-looking statements specified in the following information represent estimates of future events and are subject to uncertainty as to possible changes in economic, legislative, industry, and other circumstances. As a result, the identification and interpretation of data and other information and their use in developing and selecting assumptions from and among reasonable alternatives require the exercise of judgment. To the extent that the assumed events do not occur, the outcome may vary substantially from anticipated or projected results, and, accordingly, no opinion is expressed on the achievability of those forward-looking statements. In the light of these risks and uncertainties, there can be no assurance that the results and events contemplated by the forward-looking statements contained in this Registration Statement will in fact transpire. You are cautioned not to place undue reliance on these forward-looking statements, which speak only as of their dates. We do not undertake any obligation to update or revise any forward-looking statements.

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## **PART I.**

### **ITEM 1. DESCRIPTION OF BUSINESS**

#### **(a) Business Development**

Asia Quest Ventures, Inc. ("we", "us", "our", the "Company" or the "Registrant") was incorporated in the State of Delaware on July 24, 2008. The Company has been in the developmental stage since inception and has conducted virtually no business operations, other than organizational activities and preparation of this registration statement on Form 10-12G. The Company has no full-time employees and owns no real estate or personal property. The Company was formed as a vehicle to pursue a business combination and has made no efforts to identify a possible business combination. As a result, the Company has not conducted negotiations or entered into a letter of intent concerning any target business. The business purpose of the Company is to seek the acquisition of or merger with, an existing company.

#### **(b) Business of Issuer**

The Company, based on proposed business activities, is a "blank check" company. The U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC") defines those companies as "any development stage company that is issuing a penny stock, within the meaning of Section 3 (a)(51) of the Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, (the "Exchange Act") and that has no specific business plan or purpose, or has indicated that its business plan is to merge with an unidentified company or companies." Under SEC Rule 12b-2 under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the "Securities Act"), the Company also qualifies as a "shell company," because it has no or nominal assets (other than cash) and no or nominal operations. Many states have enacted statutes, rules and regulations limiting the sale of securities of "blank check" companies in their respective jurisdictions. Management does not intend to undertake any efforts to cause a market to develop in our securities, either debt or equity, until we have successfully concluded a business combination. The Company intends to comply with the periodic reporting requirements of the Exchange Act for so long as we are subject to those requirements.

The Company was organized to provide a method for a foreign or domestic private company to become a reporting ("public") company whose securities are qualified for trading in the United States secondary market such as the New York Stock Exchange (or NYSE), NASDAQ, American Stock Exchange (or AMEX), and the OTC Bulletin Board, and, as a vehicle to investigate and, if such investigation warrants, acquire a target company or business seeking the perceived advantages of being a publicly held corporation and, to a lesser extent that desires to employ our funds in its business. The Company's principal business objective for the next 12 months and beyond such time will be to achieve long-term growth potential through a combination with a business rather than immediate, short-term earnings. The Company will not restrict its potential candidate target companies to any specific business, industry or geographical location and, thus, may acquire any type of business.

#### ***Perceived Benefits***

There are certain perceived benefits to being a reporting company with a class of publicly-traded securities. These are commonly thought to include the following:

- the ability to use registered securities to make acquisitions of assets or businesses;
- increased visibility in the financial community;
- the facilitation of borrowing from financial institutions;

- improved trading efficiency;
- shareholder liquidity;
- greater ease in subsequently raising capital;
- compensation of key employees through stock options for which there may be a market valuation;
- enhanced corporate image; and
- a presence in the United States capital market.

### ***Potential Target Companies***

A business entity, if any, which may be interested in a business combination with the Company may include the following:

- a company for which a primary purpose of becoming public is the use of its securities for the acquisition of assets or businesses;
- a company which is unable to find an underwriter of its securities or is unable to find an underwriter of securities on terms acceptable to it;
- a company which wishes to become public with less dilution of its common stock than would occur upon an underwriting;
- a company which believes that it will be able to obtain investment capital on more favorable terms after it has become public;
- a foreign company which may wish an initial entry into the United States securities market;
- a special situation company, such as a company seeking a public market to satisfy redemption requirements under a qualified Employee Stock Option Plan; and
- a company seeking one or more of the other perceived benefits of becoming a public company.

The analysis of new business opportunities will be undertaken by or under the supervision of the officers and directors of the Registrant. The Registrant has unrestricted flexibility in seeking, analyzing and participating in potential business opportunities. In its efforts to analyze potential acquisition targets, the Registrant will consider the following kinds of factors:

- Potential for growth, indicated by new technology, anticipated market expansion or new products;
- Competitive position as compared to other firms of similar size and experience within the industry segment as well as within the industry as a whole;
- Strength and diversity of management, either in place or scheduled for recruitment;
- Capital requirements and anticipated availability of required funds, to be provided by the Registrant or from operations, through the sale of additional securities, through joint ventures or similar arrangements or from other sources;

- The cost of participation by the Registrant as compared to the perceived tangible and intangible values and potentials;
- The extent to which the business opportunity can be advanced;
- The accessibility of required management expertise, personnel, raw materials, services, professional assistance and other required items; and
- Other relevant factors.

In applying the foregoing criteria, no one of which will be controlling, management will attempt to analyze all factors and circumstances and make a determination based upon reasonable investigative measures and available data. Potentially available business opportunities may occur in many different industries, and at various stages of development, all of which will make the task of comparative investigation and analysis of such business opportunities extremely difficult and complex. Due to the Registrant's limited capital available for investigation, the Registrant may not discover or adequately evaluate adverse facts about the opportunity to be acquired.

No assurances can be given that the Company will be able to enter into a business combination, as to the terms of a business combination, or as to the nature of the target company.

#### **(c) Form of Acquisition**

The manner in which the Registrant participates in an opportunity will depend upon the nature of the opportunity, the respective needs and desires of the Registrant and the promoters of the opportunity, and the relative negotiating strength of the Registrant and such promoters.

It is likely that the Registrant will acquire its participation in a business opportunity through the issuance of common stock or other securities of the Registrant. Although the terms of any such transaction cannot be predicted, it should be noted that in certain circumstances the criteria for determining whether or not an acquisition is a so-called "tax free" reorganization under Section 368(a)(1) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the "Code"), depends upon whether the owners of the acquired business own 80% or more of the voting stock of the surviving entity. If a transaction were structured to take advantage of these provisions rather than other "tax free" provisions provided under the Code, all prior stockholders would in such circumstances retain 20% or less of the total issued and outstanding shares. Under other circumstances, depending upon the relative negotiating strength of the parties, prior stockholders may retain substantially less than 20% of the total issued and outstanding shares of the surviving entity. This could result in substantial additional dilution to the equity of those who were stockholders of the Registrant prior to such reorganization.

The present stockholders of the Registrant will likely not have control of a majority of the voting shares of the Registrant following a reorganization transaction. As part of such a transaction, all or a majority of the Registrant's directors may resign and new directors may be appointed without any vote by stockholders.

In the case of an acquisition, the transaction may be accomplished upon the sole determination of management without any vote or approval by stockholders. In the case of a statutory merger or consolidation directly involving the Company, it will likely be necessary to call a stockholders' meeting and obtain the approval of the holders of a majority of the outstanding shares. The necessity to obtain such stockholder approval may result in delay and additional expense in the consummation of any proposed transaction and will also give rise to certain appraisal rights to dissenting stockholders. Most likely, management will seek to structure any such transaction so as not to require stockholder approval.

It is anticipated that the investigation of specific business opportunities and the negotiation, drafting and execution of relevant agreements, disclosure documents and other instruments will require substantial management time and attention and substantial cost for accountants, attorneys and others. If a decision is made not to participate in a specific business opportunity, the costs theretofore incurred in the related investigation would not be recoverable. Furthermore, even if an agreement is reached for the participation in a specific business opportunity, the failure to consummate that transaction may result in the loss to the Registrant of the related costs incurred.

We presently have no employees apart from our management. Our officer and sole director is engaged in outside business activities and anticipates he will devote to our business very limited time until the acquisition of a successful business opportunity has been identified. We expect no significant changes in the number of our employees other than such changes, if any, incident to a business combination.

We are voluntarily filing this Registration Statement with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission and we're under no obligation to do so under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934.

**(d) Reports to Security Holders**

- (1) The Company is not required to deliver an annual report to security holders and at this time does not anticipate the distribution of such a report.
- (2) The Company will file reports with the SEC. The Company will be a reporting company and will comply with the requirements of the Exchange Act.
- (3) The public may read and copy any materials the Company files with the SEC at the SEC's Public Reference Room at 450 Fifth Street, N.W., Washington, D.C. 20549. The public may obtain information on the operation of the Public Reference Room by calling the SEC at 1-800-SEC-0330. Additionally, the SEC maintains an Internet site that contains reports, proxy and information statements, and other information regarding issuers that file electronically with the SEC, which can be found at <http://www.sec.gov>.

**ITEM 2. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OR PLAN OF OPERATION**

The Company was organized as a vehicle to investigate and, if such investigation warrants, acquire a target company or business seeking the perceived advantages of being a publicly held corporation. Our principal business objective for the next 12 months and beyond such time will be to achieve long-term growth potential through a combination with a business rather than immediate, short-term earnings. The Company will not restrict our potential candidate target companies to any specific business, industry or geographical location and, thus, may acquire any type of business.

The Company does not currently engage in any business activities that provide cash flow. The costs of investigating and analyzing business combinations for the next 12 months and beyond such time will be paid with money in our treasury, if any, or with additional money contributed by Mr. William Tay, our sole director, officer and stockholder, or another source.

During the next 12 months we anticipate incurring costs related to:

- (i) filing of Exchange Act reports, and

- (ii) costs relating to consummating an acquisition.

We believe we will be able to meet these costs through use of funds in our treasury and additional amounts, as necessary, to be loaned to or invested in us by our stockholders, management or other investors.

The Company may consider a business which has recently commenced operations, is a developing company in need of additional funds for expansion into new products or markets, is seeking to develop a new product or service, or is an established business which may be experiencing financial or operating difficulties and is in need of additional capital. In the alternative, a business combination may involve the acquisition of, or merger with, a company which does not need substantial additional capital, but which desires to establish a public trading market for its shares, while avoiding, among other things, the time delays, significant expense, and loss of voting control which may occur in a public offering.

Our sole officer and director has not had any preliminary contact or discussions with any representative of any other entity regarding a business combination with us. Any target business that is selected may be a financially unstable company or an entity in its early stages of development or growth, including entities without established records of sales or earnings. In that event, we will be subject to numerous risks inherent in the business and operations of financially unstable and early stage or potential emerging growth companies. In addition, we may effect a business combination with an entity in an industry characterized by a high level of risk, and, although our management will endeavor to evaluate the risks inherent in a particular target business, there can be no assurance that we will properly ascertain or assess all significant risks.

Our management anticipates that it will likely be able to effect only one business combination, due primarily to our limited financing, and the dilution of interest for present and prospective stockholders, which is likely to occur as a result of our management's plan to offer a controlling interest to a target business in order to achieve a tax-free reorganization. This lack of diversification should be considered a substantial risk in investing in us, because it will not permit us to offset potential losses from one venture against gains from another.

The Company anticipates that the selection of a business combination will be complex and extremely risky. Because of general economic conditions, rapid technological advances being made in some industries and shortages of available capital, our management believes that there are numerous firms seeking even the limited additional capital that we will have and/or the perceived benefits of becoming a publicly traded corporation. Such perceived benefits of becoming a publicly traded corporation include, among other things, facilitating or improving the terms on which additional equity financing may be obtained, providing liquidity for the principals of and investors in a business, creating a means for providing incentive stock options or similar benefits to key employees, and offering greater flexibility in structuring acquisitions, joint ventures and the like through the issuance of stock. Potentially available business combinations may occur in many different industries and at various stages of development, all of which will make the task of comparative investigation and analysis of such business opportunities extremely difficult and complex.

#### **Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements**

We have not entered into any off-balance sheet arrangements that have or are reasonably likely to have a current or future effect on our financial condition, changes in financial condition, revenues or expenses, results of operations, liquidity, capital expenditures or capital resources and would be considered material to investors.



## **RISK FACTORS**

***Investing in our common stock involves a high degree of risk. If any of the following risks actually materializes, our business, financial condition and results of operations would suffer. You should read the section entitled "Forward-Looking Statements" immediately following these risk factors for a discussion of what types of statements are forward-looking statements, as well as the significance of such statements in the context of this prospectus.***

***There may be conflicts of interest between our management and our non-management stockholders.***

Conflicts of interest create the risk that management may have an incentive to act adversely to the interests of other investors. A conflict of interest may arise between our management's personal pecuniary interest and its fiduciary duty to our stockholders. Further, our management's own pecuniary interest may at some point compromise its fiduciary duty to our stockholders. In addition, William Tay, our sole officer and director, is currently involved with other blank check companies and conflicts in the pursuit of business combinations with such other blank check companies with which he is, and may be the future be, affiliated with may arise. If we and the other blank check companies that our sole officer and director is affiliated with desire to take advantage of the same opportunity, then the officer and director that is affiliated with both companies would abstain from voting upon the opportunity.

***Our business is difficult to evaluate because we have no operating history.***

As the Company has no operating history or revenue and only minimal assets, there is a risk that we will be unable to continue as a going concern and consummate a business combination. The Company has had no recent operating history nor any revenues or earnings from operations since inception. We have no significant assets or financial resources. We will, in all likelihood, sustain operating expenses without corresponding revenues, at least until the consummation of a business combination. This may result in our incurring a net operating loss that will increase continuously until we can consummate a business combination with a profitable business opportunity. We cannot assure you that we can identify a suitable business opportunity and consummate a business combination.

***There is competition for those private companies suitable for a merger transaction of the type contemplated by our management.***

The Company is in a highly competitive market for a small number of business opportunities which could reduce the likelihood of consummating a successful business combination. We are and will continue to be an insignificant participant in the business of seeking mergers with, joint ventures with and acquisitions of small private and public entities. A large number of established and well-financed entities, including small public companies and venture capital firms, are active in mergers and acquisitions of companies that may be desirable target candidates for us. Nearly all these entities have significantly greater financial resources, technical expertise and managerial capabilities than we do; consequently, we will be at a competitive disadvantage in identifying possible business opportunities and successfully completing a business combination. These competitive factors may reduce the likelihood of our identifying and consummating a successful business combination.

***Future success is highly dependent on the ability of our management to locate and attract a suitable acquisition.***

The nature of our operations is highly speculative and there is a consequent risk of loss of your investment. The success of our plan of operation will depend to a great extent on the

operations, financial condition and management of the identified business opportunity. While management intends to seek business combination(s) with entities having established operating histories, we cannot assure you that we will be successful in locating candidates meeting that criterion. In the event we complete a business combination, the success of our operations may be dependent upon management of the successor firm or venture partner firm and numerous other factors beyond our control.

***The Company has no existing agreement for a business combination or other transaction.***

We have no arrangement, agreement or understanding with respect to engaging in a merger with, joint venture with or acquisition of, a private or public entity. No assurances can be given that we will successfully identify and evaluate suitable business opportunities or that we will conclude a business combination. Management has not identified any particular industry or specific business within an industry for evaluation. We cannot guarantee that we will be able to negotiate a business combination on favorable terms, and there is consequently a risk that funds allocated to the purchase of our shares will not be invested in a company with active business operations.

***Our management intends to devote only a limited amount of time to seeking a target company which may adversely impact our ability to identify a suitable acquisition candidate.***

While seeking a business combination, management anticipates devoting no more than a few hours per week to the Company's affairs in total. Our officer has not entered into a written employment agreement with us and is not expected to do so in the foreseeable future. This limited commitment may adversely impact our ability to identify and consummate a successful business combination.

***The time and cost of preparing a private company to become a public reporting company may preclude us from entering into a merger or acquisition with the most attractive private companies.***

Target companies that fail to comply with SEC reporting requirements may delay or preclude acquisition. Sections 13 and 15(d) of the Exchange Act require reporting companies to provide certain information about significant acquisitions, including certified financial statements for the company acquired, covering one, two, or three years, depending on the relative size of the acquisition. The time and additional costs that may be incurred by some target entities to prepare these statements may significantly delay or essentially preclude consummation of an acquisition. Otherwise suitable acquisition prospects that do not have or are unable to obtain the required audited statements may be inappropriate for acquisition so long as the reporting requirements of the Exchange Act are applicable.

***The Company may be subject to further government regulation which would adversely affect our operations.***

Although we will be subject to the reporting requirements under the Exchange Act, management believes we will not be subject to regulation under the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended (the "Investment Company Act"), since we will not be engaged in the business of investing or trading in securities. If we engage in business combinations which result in our holding passive investment interests in a number of entities, we could be subject to regulation under the Investment Company Act. If so, we would be required to register as an investment company and could be expected to incur significant registration and compliance costs. We have obtained no formal determination from the SEC as to our status under the Investment Company Act and, consequently, violation of the Investment Company Act could subject us to material adverse consequences.

***Any potential acquisition or merger with a foreign company may subject us to additional risks.***

If we enter into a business combination with a foreign concern, we will be subject to risks inherent in business operations outside of the United States. These risks include, for example, currency fluctuations, regulatory problems, punitive tariffs, unstable local tax policies, trade embargoes, risks related to shipment of raw materials and finished goods across national borders and cultural and language differences. Foreign economies may differ favorably or unfavorably from the United States economy in growth of gross national product, rate of inflation, market development, rate of savings, and capital investment, resource self-sufficiency and balance of payments positions, and in other respects.

***There is currently no trading market for our common stock, and liquidity of shares of our common stock is limited.***

Our shares of common stock are not registered under the securities laws of any state or other jurisdiction, and accordingly there is no public trading market for our common stock. Further, no public trading market is expected to develop in the foreseeable future unless and until the Company completes a business combination with an operating business and the Company thereafter files a registration statement under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the "Securities Act"). Therefore, outstanding shares of our common stock cannot be offered, sold, pledged or otherwise transferred unless subsequently registered pursuant to, or exempt from registration under, the Securities Act and any other applicable federal or state securities laws or regulations. Shares of our common stock cannot be sold under the exemptions from registration provided by Rule 144 under or Section 4(1) of the Securities Act ("Rule 144"), in accordance with the letter from Richard K. Wulff, Chief of the Office of Small Business Policy of the Securities and Exchange Commission's Division of Corporation Finance, to Ken Worm of NASD Regulation, dated January 21, 2000 (the "Wulff Letter"). In 2007, the SEC announced that it is changing certain aspects of the Wulff Letter, and such changes shall apply retroactively to our stockholders. Effective February 15, 2008, all holders of shares of common stock of a "shell company" will be permitted to sell their shares of common stock under Rule 144, subject to certain restrictions, starting one year after (i) the completion of a business combination with a private company in a reverse merger or reverse takeover transaction after which the company would cease to be a "shell company" (as defined in Rule 12b-2 under the Exchange Act) and (ii) the disclosure of certain information on a Current Report on Form 8-K within four business days thereafter. Compliance with the criteria for securing exemptions under federal securities laws and the securities laws of the various states is extremely complex, especially in respect of those exemptions affording flexibility and the elimination of trading restrictions in respect of securities received in exempt transactions and subsequently disposed of without registration under the Securities Act or state securities laws.

***We have never paid dividends on our common stock.***

We have never paid dividends on our Common Stock and do not presently intend to pay any dividends in the foreseeable future. We anticipate that any funds available for payment of dividends will be re-invested into the Company to further its business strategy.

***The Company may be subject to certain tax consequences in our business, which may increase our cost of doing business.***

We may not be able to structure our acquisition to result in tax-free treatment for the companies or their stockholders, which could deter third parties from entering into certain business combinations with us or result in being taxed on consideration received in a transaction. Currently, a transaction may be structured so as to result in tax-free treatment to both companies, as prescribed by various federal and state tax provisions. We intend to structure any business combination so as to minimize the federal and state tax consequences to both us and the target

entity; however, we cannot guarantee that the business combination will meet the statutory requirements of a tax-free reorganization or that the parties will obtain the intended tax-free treatment upon a transfer of stock or assets. A non-qualifying reorganization could result in the imposition of both federal and state taxes that may have an adverse effect on both parties to the transaction.

***Our business will have no revenues unless and until we merge with or acquire an operating business.***

We are a development stage company and have had no revenues from operations. We may not realize any revenues unless and until we successfully merge with or acquire an operating business.

***The Company intends to issue more shares in a merger or acquisition, which will result in substantial dilution to existing shareholders.***

Our Certificate of Incorporation authorizes the issuance of a maximum of 250,000,000 shares of common stock and a maximum of 20,000,000 shares of preferred stock. Any merger or acquisition effected by us may result in the issuance of additional securities without stockholder approval and may result in substantial dilution in the percentage of our common stock held by our then existing stockholders. Moreover, the common stock issued in any such merger or acquisition transaction may be valued on an arbitrary or non-arm's-length basis by our management, resulting in an additional reduction in the percentage of common stock held by our then existing stockholders. Our Board of Directors has the power to issue any or all of such authorized but unissued shares without stockholder approval. To the extent that additional shares of common stock or preferred stock are issued in connection with a business combination or otherwise, dilution to the interests of our stockholders will occur and the rights of the holders of common stock might be materially and adversely affected.

***The Company has conducted no market research or identification of business opportunities, which may affect our ability to identify a business to merge with or acquire.***

The Company has neither conducted nor have others made available to us results of market research concerning prospective business opportunities. Therefore, we have no assurances that market demand exists for a merger or acquisition as contemplated by us. Our management has not identified any specific business combination or other transactions for formal evaluation by us, such that it may be expected that any such target business or transaction will present such a level of risk that conventional private or public offerings of securities or conventional bank financing will not be available. There is no assurance that we will be able to acquire a business opportunity on terms favorable to us. Decisions as to which business opportunity to participate in will be unilaterally made by our management, which may act without the consent, vote or approval of our stockholders.

***Because we may seek to complete a business combination through a "reverse merger," following such a transaction we may not be able to attract the attention of major brokerage firms.***

Additional risks may exist since we will assist a privately held business to become public through a "reverse merger." Securities analysts of major brokerage firms may not provide coverage of our Company since there is no incentive to brokerage firms to recommend the purchase of our common stock. No assurance can be given that brokerage firms will want to conduct any secondary offerings on behalf of our post-merger company in the future.

***We cannot assure you that following a business combination with an operating business, our common stock will be listed on NASDAQ or any other securities exchange.***

Following a business combination, we may seek the listing of our common stock on NASDAQ or the American Stock Exchange. However, we cannot assure you that following such a transaction, we will be able to meet the initial listing standards of either of those or any other stock exchange, or that we will be able to maintain a listing of our common stock on either of those or any other stock exchange. After completing a business combination, until our common stock is listed on the NASDAQ or another stock exchange, we expect that our common stock would be eligible to trade on the OTC Bulletin Board, another over-the-counter quotation system, or on the "pink sheets," where our stockholders may find it more difficult to dispose of shares or obtain accurate quotations as to the market value of our common stock. In addition, we would be subject to an SEC rule that, if it failed to meet the criteria set forth in such rule, imposes various practice requirements on broker-dealers who sell securities governed by the rule to persons other than established customers and accredited investors. Consequently, such rule may deter broker-dealers from recommending or selling our common stock, which may further affect its liquidity. This would also make it more difficult for us to raise additional capital following a business combination.

***Our Certificate of Incorporation authorizes the issuance of preferred stock.***

Our Certificate of Incorporation authorizes the issuance of up to 20,000,000 shares of preferred stock with designations, rights and preferences determined from time to time by its Board of Directors. Accordingly, our Board of Directors is empowered, without stockholder approval, to issue preferred stock with dividend, liquidation, conversion, voting, or other rights which could adversely affect the voting power or other rights of the holders of the common stock. In the event of issuance, the preferred stock could be utilized, under certain circumstances, as a method of discouraging, delaying or preventing a change in control of the Company. Although we have no present intention to issue any shares of its authorized preferred stock, there can be no assurance that the Company will not do so in the future.

***This registration statement contains forward-looking statements and information relating to us, our industry and to other businesses.***

These forward-looking statements are based on the beliefs of our management, as well as assumptions made by and information currently available to our management. When used in this prospectus, the words "estimate," "project," "believe," "anticipate," "intend," "expect" and similar expressions are intended to identify forward-looking statements. These statements reflect our current views with respect to future events and are subject to risks and uncertainties that may cause our actual results to differ materially from those contemplated in our forward-looking statements. We caution you not to place undue reliance on these forward-looking statements, which speak only as of the date of this prospectus. We do not undertake any obligation to publicly release any revisions to these forward-looking statements to reflect events or circumstances after the date of this prospectus or to reflect the occurrence of unanticipated events.

**ITEM 3. DESCRIPTION OF PROPERTY**

The Company neither rents nor owns any properties. The Company currently has no policy with respect to investments or interests in real estate, real estate mortgages or securities of, or interests in, persons primarily engaged in real estate activities.

**ITEM 4. SECURITY OWNERSHIP OF CERTAIN BENEFICIAL OWNERS AND MANAGEMENT**

**(a) Security ownership of certain beneficial owners.**

The following tables set forth the ownership of our common stock by each person known by us to be the beneficial owner of more than 5% of our outstanding common stock, our directors, and our executive officers and directors as a group. To the best of our knowledge, the persons

named have sole voting and investment power with respect to such shares, except as otherwise noted. There are not any pending arrangements that may cause a change in control. However, it is anticipated that there will be one or more change of control, including adding members of management, possibly involving the private sale or redemption of our principal shareholder's securities or our issuance of additional securities, at or prior to the closing of a business combination.

The information presented below regarding beneficial ownership of our voting securities has been presented in accordance with the rules of the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission and is not necessarily indicative of ownership for any other purpose. Under these rules, a person is deemed to be a "beneficial owner" of a security if that person has or shares the power to vote or direct the voting of the security or the power to dispose or direct the disposition of the security. A person is deemed to own beneficially any security as to which such person has the right to acquire sole or shared voting or investment power within 60 days through the conversion or exercise of any convertible security, warrant, option or other right. More than one person may be deemed to be a beneficial owner of the same securities. The percentage of beneficial ownership by any person as of a particular date is calculated by dividing the number of shares beneficially owned by such person, which includes the number of shares as to which such person has the right to acquire voting or investment power within 60 days, by the sum of the number of shares outstanding as of such date plus the number of shares as to which such person has the right to acquire voting or investment power within 60 days. Consequently, the denominator used for calculating such percentage may be different for each beneficial owner. Except as otherwise indicated below, we believe that the beneficial owners of our common stock listed below have sole voting and investment power with respect to the shares shown.

<b>Name and Address</b>	<b>Amount and Nature of Beneficial Ownership</b>	<b>Percentage of Class</b>
William Tay <sup>(1)</sup> c/o TBM Investments, Inc. 305 Madison Avenue Suite 1166 New York, NY 10165	31,340,000	100%
All Officers and Directors as a group	31,340,000	100%

<sup>(1)</sup> William Tay is President, Chief Financial Officer, Secretary and sole director of Asia Quest Ventures, Inc., a Delaware corporation.

This table is based upon information derived from our stock records. We believe that each of the shareholders named in this table has sole or shared voting and investment power with respect to the shares indicated as beneficially owned; except as set forth above, applicable percentages are based upon 31,340,000 shares of common stock outstanding as of the date of this registration statement on Form 10.

## **ITEM 5. DIRECTORS, EXECUTIVE OFFICERS, PROMOTERS AND CONTROL PERSONS**

Our officers and directors and additional information concerning them are as follows:

<u>Name</u>	<u>Age</u>	<u>Position(s)</u>
William Tay	37	President, Chief Financial Officer, Secretary, and Director

**William Tay**, age 37, has been the President, Chief Financial Officer, Secretary and Director of Asia Quest Ventures, Inc., a Delaware corporation, since its inception on July 24, 2008.

For the past five years, Mr. Tay has been a business consultant, specializing in corporate and securities consulting services for small to medium sized entrepreneurial companies. Mr. Tay has years of experience in starting new enterprises; having spent the last 9 years in forming many companies and providing consulting services to a variety of businesses. Mr. Tay also has experience in business reorganizations and cross border business transactions. Prior to that, Mr. Tay was a licensed National Association of Securities Dealers (NASD) Series 7 Registered Representative with several brokerage firms in New York.

The term of office of each director expires at our annual meeting of stockholders or until their successors are duly elected and qualified.

- B. Significant Employees. None.
- C. Family Relationships. None.
- D. Involvement in Certain Legal Proceedings.

No officer, director, or persons nominated for such positions, promoter or significant employee has been involved in the last five years in any of the following:

- Any bankruptcy petition filed by or against any business of which such person was a general partner or executive officer either at the time of the bankruptcy or within two years prior to that time;
- Any conviction in a criminal proceeding or being subject to a pending criminal proceeding (excluding traffic violations and other minor offenses);
- Being subject to any order, judgment, or decree, not subsequently reversed, suspended or vacated, of any court of competent jurisdiction, permanently or temporarily enjoining, barring, suspending or otherwise limiting his involvement in any type of business, securities or banking activities; and
- Being found by a court of competent jurisdiction (in a civil action), the Commission or the Commodity Futures Trading Commission to have violated a federal or state securities or commodities law, and the judgment has not been reversed, suspended, or vacated.

E. The Board of Directors acts as the Audit Committee and the Board has no separate committees. The Company has no qualified financial expert at this time because it has not been able to hire a qualified candidate. Further, the Company believes that it has inadequate financial resources at this time to hire such an expert. The Company intends to continue to search for a qualified individual for hire.

- F. Code of Ethics. We do not currently have a code of ethics.

## **ITEM 6. EXECUTIVE COMPENSATION**

The Company's officer and director does not receive any compensation for his services rendered to the Company since inception, has not received such compensation in the past, and is not accruing any compensation pursuant to any agreement with the Company. No remuneration of any nature has been paid for or on account of services rendered by a director in such capacity. The Company's sole officer and director intend to devote no more than a few hours a week to our affairs.

The officer and director of the Company will not receive any finder's fee, either directly or indirectly, as a result of his efforts to implement the Company's business plan outlined herein.

It is possible that, after the Company successfully consummates a business combination with an unaffiliated entity, that entity may desire to employ or retain one or a number of members of our management for the purposes of providing services to the surviving entity. However, the Company has adopted a policy whereby the offer of any post-transaction employment to members of management will not be a consideration in our decision whether to undertake any proposed transaction.

No retirement, pension, profit sharing, stock option or insurance programs or other similar programs have been adopted by the Company for the benefit of its employees.

There are no understandings or agreements regarding compensation our management will receive after a business combination that is required to be included in this table, or otherwise.

## **ITEM 7. CERTAIN RELATIONSHIPS AND RELATED TRANSACTIONS**

On July 24, 2008 (inception), the Company issued 31,340,000 restricted shares of its common stock to William Tay in exchange for incorporation fees, annual resident agent fees in the State of Delaware, and developing our business concept and plan. All shares were considered issued at their par value (\$.0001 per share). See Item 4, "Recent Sales of Unregistered Securities." Mr. Tay, the sole officer and director of the Company, is the sole shareholder of Asia Quest Ventures, Inc. With respect to the sales made to Mr. Tay, the Company relied upon Section 4(2) of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the "Securities Act").

William Tay, the Company's sole officer and director (its original incorporator), has paid all expenses incurred by the Company, which includes only resident agent fees, basic state and local fees and taxes. On a going forward basis, Mr. Tay has committed to taking responsibility for all expenses incurred by the Company through the date of completion of a business transaction described in Item 1 of this Form 10. Therefore, the Company will not have any expenses until the consummation of a transaction.

We utilize the office space and equipment of our stockholder at no cost. Management estimates such amounts to be immaterial.

Except as otherwise indicated herein, there have been no related party transactions, or any other transactions or relationships required to be disclosed pursuant to Item 404 of Regulation S-B.

## **ITEM 8. DESCRIPTION OF SECURITIES**

### ***(a) Common or Preferred Stock.***

The authorized capital stock of the Company consists of 250,000,000 shares of Common Stock, par value \$.0001 per share, of which there are 31,340,000 issued and outstanding and 20,000,000 shares of Preferred Stock, par value \$.0001 per share, of which none have been designated or issued. The following summarized the important provisions of the Company's capital stock.



### ***Common Stock***

Holders of shares of common stock are entitled to one vote for each share on all matters to be voted on by the stockholders. Holders of common stock do not have cumulative voting rights. Holders of common stock are entitled to share ratably in dividends, if any, as may be declared from time to time by the Board of Directors in its discretion from funds legally available therefor. In the event of a liquidation, dissolution or winding up of the company, the holders of common stock are entitled to share pro rata all assets remaining after payment in full of all liabilities. All of the outstanding shares of common stock are fully paid and non-assessable.

Holders of common stock have no preemptive rights to purchase the Company's common stock. There are no conversion or redemption rights or sinking fund provisions with respect to the common stock.

### ***Preferred Stock***

The Board of Directors is authorized to provide for the issuance of shares of preferred stock in series and, by filing a certificate pursuant to the applicable law of Delaware, to establish from time to time the number of shares to be included in each such series, and to fix the designation, powers, preferences and rights of the shares of each such series and the qualifications, limitations or restrictions thereof without any further vote or action by the shareholders. Any shares of preferred stock so issued would have priority over the common stock with respect to dividend or liquidation rights. Any future issuance of preferred stock may have the effect of delaying, deferring or preventing a change in control of our Company without further action by the shareholders and may adversely affect the voting and other rights of the holders of common stock. At present, we have no plans to neither issue any preferred stock nor adopt any series, preferences or other classification of preferred stock.

The issuance of shares of preferred stock, or the issuance of rights to purchase such shares, could be used to discourage an unsolicited acquisition proposal. For instance, the issuance of a series of preferred stock might impede a business combination by including class voting rights that would enable the holder to block such a transaction, or facilitate a business combination by including voting rights that would provide a required percentage vote of the stockholders. In addition, under certain circumstances, the issuance of preferred stock could adversely affect the voting power of the holders of the common stock. Although the Board of Directors is required to make any determination to issue such stock based on its judgment as to the best interests of our stockholders, the Board of Directors could act in a manner that would discourage an acquisition attempt or other transaction that some, or a majority, of the stockholders might believe to be in their best interests or in which stockholders might receive a premium for their stock over the then market price of such stock. The Board of Directors does not at present intend to seek stockholder approval prior to any issuance of currently authorized stock, unless otherwise required by law or stock exchange rules. We have no present plans to issue any preferred stock.

The description of certain matters relating to the securities of the Company is a summary and is qualified in its entirety by the provisions of the Company's Certificate of Incorporation and By-Laws, copies of which have been filed as exhibits to this Form 10.

### ***Dividends***

Dividends, if any, will be contingent upon the Company's revenues and earnings, if any, capital requirements and financial conditions. The payment of dividends, if any, will be within the discretion of the Company's Board of Directors. The Company presently intends to retain all earnings, if any, for use in its business operations and accordingly, the Board of Directors does not anticipate declaring any dividends prior to a business combination.

### ***Trading of Securities in Secondary Market***

The Company presently has 31,340,000 shares of common stock issued and outstanding, all of which are "restricted securities," as that term is defined under Rule 144 promulgated under the Securities Act, in that such shares were issued in private transactions not involving a public offering.

Following a business combination, a target company will normally wish to list its common stock for trading in one or more United States markets. The target company may elect to apply for such listing immediately following the business combination or at some later time.

In order to qualify for listing on the Nasdaq SmallCap Market, a company must have at least (i) net tangible assets of \$4,000,000 or market capitalization of \$50,000,000 or net income for two of the last three years of \$750,000; (ii) public float of 1,000,000 shares with a market value of \$5,000,000; (iii) a bid price of \$4.00; (iv) three market makers; (v) 300 shareholders and (vi) an operating history of one year or, if less than one year, \$50,000,000 in market capitalization. For continued listing on the Nasdaq SmallCap Market, a company must have at least (i) net tangible assets of \$2,000,000 or market capitalization of \$35,000,000 or net income for two of the last three years of \$500,000; (ii) a public float of 500,000 shares with a market value of \$1,000,000; (iii) a bid price of \$1.00; (iv) two market makers; and (v) 300 shareholders.

If, after a business combination, we do not meet the qualifications for listing on the Nasdaq SmallCap Market, we may apply for quotation of our securities on the NASD OTC Bulletin Board. In certain cases we may elect to have our securities initially quoted in the "pink sheets" published by the Pink Sheets, LLC. On April 7, 2000, the Securities and Exchange Commission issued a clarification with regard to the reporting status under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 of a non-reporting company after it acquired a reporting "blank check" company. This letter clarified the Commission's position that such Company would not be a successor issuer to the reporting obligation of the "blank check" company by virtue of Exchange Act Rule 12g-3(a).

We intend that any merger we undertake would not be deemed a "back door" registration since we would remain the reporting company and the Company that we merge with would not become a successor issuer to our reporting obligations by virtue of Commission Rule 12g-3(a).

### ***Rule 504 of Regulation D***

The Commission is of the opinion that Rule 504 of Regulation D regarding exemption for limited offerings and sales of securities not exceeding \$1,000,000 is not available to blank check companies.

### ***Transfer Agent***

It is anticipated that Holladay Stock Transfer, Inc., Scottsdale, Arizona will act as transfer agent for the Company's common stock. However, the Company may appoint a different transfer agent or act as its own until a merger candidate can be identified.

***(b) Debt Securities. None.***

***(c) Other Securities To Be Registered. None.***

## **PART II.**

### **ITEM 1. MARKET FOR COMMON EQUITY AND RELATED STOCKHOLDER MATTERS.**

(a) Market Information. The Company's Common Stock is not trading on any stock exchange. The Company is not aware of any market activity in its stock since its inception and through the date of this filing. There is no assurance that a trading market will ever develop or, if such a market does develop, that it will continue.

The Securities and Exchange Commission has adopted Rule 15c-9 which establishes the definition of a "penny stock," for purposes relevant to us, as any equity security that has a market price of less than \$5.00 per share or with an exercise price of less than \$5.00 per share, subject to certain exceptions. For any transaction involving a penny stock, unless exempt, the rules require: (i) that a broker or dealer approve a person's account for transactions in penny stocks and (ii) the broker or dealer receive from the investor a written agreement to the transaction, setting forth the identity and quantity of the penny stock to be purchased. In order to approve a person's account for transactions in penny stocks, the broker or dealer must (i) obtain financial information and investment experience and objectives of the person; and (ii) make a reasonable determination that the transactions in penny stocks are suitable for that person and that person has sufficient knowledge and experience in financial matters to be capable of evaluating the risks of transactions in penny stocks. The broker or dealer must also deliver, prior to any transaction in a penny stock, a disclosure schedule prepared by the Commission relating to the penny stock market, which, in highlight form, (i) sets forth the basis on which the broker or dealer made the suitability determination and (ii) that the broker or dealer received a signed, written agreement from the investor prior to the transaction. Disclosure also has to be made about the risks of investing in penny stocks in both public offerings and in secondary trading, and about commissions payable to both the broker-dealer and the registered representative, current quotations for the securities and the rights and remedies available to an investor in cases of fraud in penny stock transactions. Finally, monthly statements have to be sent disclosing recent price information for the penny stock held in the account and information on the limited market in penny stocks.

(b) Holders. As of the date of this filing, there was one record holder of 31,340,000 shares of the Company's Common Stock. The issued and outstanding shares of the Company's common stock were issued in accordance with the exemptions from registration afforded by Section 4(2) of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, and Rule 506 promulgated thereunder.

(c) Dividends. The Registrant has not paid any cash dividends to date and does not anticipate or contemplate paying dividends in the foreseeable future. It is the present intention of management to utilize all available funds for the development of the Registrant's business.

### **ITEM 2. LEGAL PROCEEDINGS.**

Presently, there are not any material pending legal proceedings to which the Registrant is a party or as to which any of its property is subject, and the Registrant does not know nor is it aware of any legal proceedings threatened or contemplated against it.

### **ITEM 3. CHANGES IN AND DISAGREEMENTS WITH ACCOUNTANTS ON ACCOUNTING AND FINANCIAL DISCLOSURE.**

There are not and have not been any disagreements between the Registrant and its accountants on any matter of accounting principles, practices or financial statement disclosure.

#### **ITEM 4. RECENT SALES OF UNREGISTERED SECURITIES.**

On July 24, 2008, the day of its incorporation, the Company issued an aggregate of 31,340,000 restricted shares of its common stock to William Tay in exchange for incorporation fees and annual resident agent fees in the State of Delaware, and developing our business concept and plan.

We relied upon Section 4(2) of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended for the above issuances. We believed that Section 4(2) was available because:

- None of these issuances involved underwriters, underwriting discounts or commissions;
- We placed restrictive legends on all certificates issued;
- No sales were made by general solicitation or advertising;
- Sales were made only to accredited investors

In connection with the above transactions, we provided the following to all investors:

- Access to all our books and records.
- Access to all material contracts and documents relating to our operations.
- The opportunity to obtain any additional information, to the extent we possessed such information, necessary to verify the accuracy of the information to which the investors were given access.

The Company's Board of Directors has the power to issue any or all of the authorized but unissued Common Stock without stockholder approval. The Company currently has no commitments to issue any shares of common stock. However, the Company will, in all likelihood, issue a substantial number of additional shares in connection with a business combination. Since the Company expects to issue additional shares of common stock in connection with a business combination, existing stockholders of the Company may experience substantial dilution in their shares. However, it is impossible to predict whether a business combination will ultimately result in dilution to existing shareholders. If the target has a relatively weak balance sheet, a business combination may result in significant dilution. If a target has a relatively strong balance sheet, there may be little or no dilution.

#### **ITEM 5. INDEMNIFICATION OF DIRECTORS AND OFFICERS.**

Section 145 of the Delaware General Corporation Law provides that a corporation may indemnify directors and officers as well as other employees and individuals against expenses including attorneys' fees, judgments, fines and amounts paid in settlement in connection with various actions, suits or proceedings, whether civil, criminal, administrative or investigative other than an action by or in the right of the corporation, a derivative action, if they acted in good faith and in a manner they reasonably believed to be in or not opposed to the best interests of the corporation, and, with respect to any criminal action or proceeding, if they had no reasonable cause to believe their conduct was unlawful. A similar standard is applicable in the case of derivative actions, except that indemnification only extends to expenses including attorneys' fees incurred in connection with the defense or settlement of such actions and the statute requires court approval before there can be any indemnification where the person seeking indemnification has been found liable to the corporation. The statute provides that it is not exclusive of other

indemnification that may be granted by a corporation's certificate of incorporation, bylaws, agreement, a vote of stockholders or disinterested directors or otherwise.

The Company's Certificate of Incorporation provides that it will indemnify and hold harmless, to the fullest extent permitted by Section 145 of the Delaware General Corporation Law, as amended from time to time, each person that such section grants us the power to indemnify.

The Delaware General Corporation Law permits a corporation to provide in its certificate of incorporation that a director of the corporation shall not be personally liable to the corporation or its stockholders for monetary damages for breach of fiduciary duty as a director, except for liability for:

- any breach of the director's duty of loyalty to the corporation or its stockholders;
- acts or omissions not in good faith or which involve intentional misconduct or a knowing violation of law;
- payments of unlawful dividends or unlawful stock repurchases or redemptions; or
- any transaction from which the director derived an improper personal benefit.

The Company's Certificate of Incorporation provides that, to the fullest extent permitted by applicable law, none of our directors will be personally liable to us or our stockholders for monetary damages for breach of fiduciary duty as a director. Any repeal or modification of this provision will be prospective only and will not adversely affect any limitation, right or protection of a director of our company existing at the time of such repeal or modification.

**ASIA QUEST VENTURES, INC.**  
**(A DEVELOPMENT STAGE COMPANY)**

**FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

**AUGUST 31, 2008**

**FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

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Stan J.H. Lee, CPA  
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794 Broadway ♦ Chula Vista ♦ CA 91910  
619-623-7799 Fax 619-564-3408 E-mail) stan2u@gmail.com

**Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm**

To the Board of Directors and Stockholders  
Asia Quest Ventures, Inc.  
(A Development Stage Company)

We have audited the accompanying balance sheet of Asia Quest Ventures, Inc. as of August 31, 2008 and the related statements of operation, changes in shareholders' equity and cash flows for the period from July 24, 2008 (inception) to August 31, 2008. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States). Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Asia Quest Ventures, Inc. as of August 31, 2008, and the results of its operation and its cash flows for the period from July 24, 2008 (inception) to August 31, 2008 in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles.

The financial statements have been prepared assuming that the Company will continue as a going concern. As discussed in Note 3 to the financial statements, the Company's losses from operations raise substantial doubt about its ability to continue as a going concern. The financial statements do not include any adjustments that might result from the outcome of this uncertainty.



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Stan J.H. Lee, CPA  
September 3rd, 2008  
Chula Vista, CA

**Registered with the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board**

**Asia Quest Ventures, Inc.**  
**(A Development Stage Company)**

**Balance Sheet**

	<b>As of August 31, 2008</b>
<hr/>	
<b>ASSETS</b>	
<b>Current Assets</b>	
Cash	\$ --
<b>Total Current Assets</b>	<hr/> --
<b>TOTAL ASSETS</b>	<hr/> \$ -- <hr/>
 <b>LIABILITIES &amp; STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY (DEFICIT)</b>	
<b>Current Liabilities</b>	\$ --
<b>Total Current Liabilities</b>	<hr/> --
<b>TOTAL LIABILITIES</b>	<hr/> --
<b>Stockholders' Equity (Deficit)</b>	
Preferred stock, (\$.0001 par value, 20,000,000 shares authorized; none issued and outstanding.)	--
Common stock (\$.0001 par value, 250,000,000 shares authorized; 31,340,000 shares issued and outstanding as of August 31, 2008)	3,134
Deficit accumulated during development stage	(3,134)
	<hr/> ..
<b>Total Stockholders' Equity (Deficit)</b>	--
<b>TOTAL LIABILITIES &amp; STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY (DEFICIT)</b>	<hr/> \$ -- <hr/>

See Notes to Financial Statements



**Asia Quest Ventures, Inc.**  
**(A Development Stage Company)**  
**Statements of Operations**

	<b>July 24, 2008 (inception) through August 31, 2008</b>
	<hr/>
<b>Revenues</b>	
Revenues	\$ --
	<hr/>
<b>Total Revenues</b>	--
<b>General &amp; Administrative Expenses</b>	
Organization and related expenses	3,134
	<hr/>
<b>Total General &amp; Administrative Expenses</b>	3,134
	<hr/>
<b>Net Loss</b>	\$ (3,134)
	<hr/> <hr/>
<b>Basic loss per share</b>	\$ (0.00)
	<hr/> <hr/>
<b>Weighted average number of common shares outstanding</b>	31,340,000
	<hr/> <hr/>

See Notes to Financial Statements

Asia Quest Ventures, Inc.  
(A Development Stage Company)  
Statement of Changes in Stockholders' Equity (Deficit)  
From July 24, 2008 (inception) through August 31, 2008

	Common Stock	Common Stock Amount	Additional Paid-in Capital	Deficit Accumulated During Development Stage	Total
July 24, 2008 (inception)					
Shares issued for services at \$.0001 per share	31,340,000	\$ 3,134	\$ --	\$ --	3,134
Net loss, August 31, 2008				(3,134)	(3,134)
<b>Balance, August 31, 2008</b>	<b>31,340,000</b>	<b>\$ 3,134</b>	<b>\$ --</b>	<b>(3,134)</b>	<b>--</b>

See Notes to Financial Statements

**Asia Quest Ventures, Inc.**  
**(A Development Stage Company)**  
**Statement of Cash flows**

**July 24, 2008**  
**(inception)**  
**through**  
**August 31,**  
**2008**

**CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES**

Net income (loss)	\$	(3,134)
Changes in working capital		3,134

<i>Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities</i>		--
--	--	----

**CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES**

<i>Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities</i>		--
--	--	----

**CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES**

<i>Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities</i>		--
--	--	----

<i>Net increase (decrease) in cash</i>		--
--	--	----

<i>Cash at beginning of year</i>		--
----------------------------------	--	----

<i>Cash at end of year</i>	\$	--
----------------------------	----	----

**NONCASH INVESTING AND FINANCING ACTIVITIES:**

Common stock issued to founder for services rendered	\$	3,134
--	----	-------

**SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURES OF CASH FLOW  
INFORMATION:**

Interest paid	\$	--
---------------	----	----

Income taxes paid	\$	--
-------------------	----	----

See Notes to Financial Statements

**Asia Quest Ventures, Inc.**  
**(A Development Stage Company)**  
**Notes to Financial Statements**  
**For the Period from July 24, 2008 (inception) to August 31, 2008**

**NOTE 1. ORGANIZATION AND DESCRIPTION OF BUSINESS**

Asia Quest Ventures, Inc. (the "Company") was incorporated under the laws of the State of Delaware on July 24, 2008 and has been inactive since inception. The Company intends to serve as a vehicle to effect an asset acquisition, merger, exchange of capital stock or other business combination with a domestic or foreign business.

**NOTE 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES**

**Basis of Presentation - Development Stage Company**

The Company has not earned any revenue from operations. Accordingly, the Company's activities have been accounted for as those of a "Development Stage Company" as set forth in Financial Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 7 ("SFAS 7"). Among the disclosures required by SFAS 7 are that the Company's financial statements be identified as those of a development stage company, and that the statements of operations, stockholders' equity and cash flows disclose activity since the date of the Company's inception.

**Accounting Method**

The Company's financial statements are prepared using the accrual method of accounting. The Company has elected a fiscal year ending on December 31.

**Use of Estimates**

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. In the opinion of management, all adjustments necessary in order to make the financial statements not misleading have been included. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

**Cash Equivalents**

The Company considers all highly liquid investments with maturity of three months or less when purchased to be cash equivalents.

**Income Taxes**

Income taxes are provided in accordance with Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 109 (SFAS 109), Accounting for Income Taxes. A deferred tax asset or liability is recorded for all temporary differences between financial and tax reporting and net operating loss carryforwards. Deferred tax expense (benefit) results from the net change during the year of deferred tax assets and liabilities. Deferred tax assets are reduced by a valuation allowance when, in the opinion of management, it is more likely than not that some portion of all of the deferred tax assets will be realized. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are adjusted for the effects of changes in tax laws and rates on the date of enactment. There were no current or deferred

**Asia Quest Ventures, Inc.**  
**(A Development Stage Company)**  
**Notes to Financial Statements**  
**For the Period from July 24, 2008 (inception) to August 31, 2008**

**NOTE 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)**

income tax expenses or benefits due to the Company not having any material operations for period ended August 31, 2008.

**Basic Earnings (Loss) per Share**

In February 1997, the FASB issued SFAS No. 128, "Earnings Per Share", which specifies the computation, presentation and disclosure requirements for earnings (loss) per share for entities with publicly held common stock. SFAS No. 128 supersedes the provisions of APB No. 15, and requires the presentation of basic earnings (loss) per share and diluted earnings (loss) per share. The Company has adopted the provisions of SFAS No. 128 effective July 24, 2008 (inception).

Basic net loss per share amounts is computed by dividing the net income by the weighted average number of common shares outstanding. Diluted earnings per share are the same as basic earnings per share due to the lack of dilutive items in the Company.

**Impact of New Accounting Standards**

The Company does not expect the adoption of recently issued accounting pronouncements to have a significant impact on the Company's results of operations, financial position, or cash flow.

**NOTE 3. GOING CONCERN**

The Company's financial statements are prepared using accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America applicable to a going concern that contemplates the realization of assets and liquidation of liabilities in the normal course of business. The Company has not established any source of revenue to cover its operating costs. The Company will engage in very limited activities without incurring any liabilities that must be satisfied in cash until a source of funding is secured. The Company will offer noncash consideration and seek equity lines as a means of financing its operations. If the Company is unable to obtain revenue producing contracts or financing or if the revenue or financing it does obtain is insufficient to cover any operating losses it may incur, it may substantially curtail or terminate its operations or seek other business opportunities through strategic alliances, acquisitions or other arrangements that may dilute the interests of existing stockholders.

**NOTE 4. SHAREHOLDER'S EQUITY**

Upon formation, the Board of Directors issued 31,340,000 shares of common stock for \$3,134 in services to the founding shareholder of the Company to fund organizational start-up costs.

The stockholders' equity section of the Company contains the following classes of capital stock as of August 31, 2008:

- Common stock, \$ 0.0001 par value: 250,000,000 shares authorized; 31,340,000 shares issued and outstanding

**Asia Quest Ventures, Inc.**  
**(A Development Stage Company)**  
**Notes to Financial Statements**  
**For the Period from July 24, 2008 (inception) to August 31, 2008**

**NOTE 4. SHAREHOLDER'S EQUITY (continued)**

- Preferred stock, \$ 0.0001 par value: 20,000,000 shares authorized; but not issued and outstanding.

### **PART III.**

#### **ITEM 1. INDEX TO EXHIBITS.**

<b><u>Exhibit Number</u></b>	<b><u>Description</u></b>
3.1	Certificate of Incorporation
3.2	By-Laws
3.3	Specimen Stock Certificate
23.1	Consent of the Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm

### **SIGNATURES**

In accordance with Section 12 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant caused this registration statement to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

#### **ASIA QUEST VENTURES, INC.**

Date: September 8, 2008

By: /s/ William Tay

\_\_\_\_\_  
Name: William Tay  
Title: President and Chief Executive Officer

### **Exhibit Index**

<b>Exhibit No.</b>	<b>Description</b>
3.1	Certificate of Incorporation
3.2	By-Laws
3.3	Specimen Stock Certificate
23.1	Consent of the Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm



### **Exhibit 3.1 – Certificate of Incorporation**

**State of Delaware  
Secretary of State  
Division of Corporations  
Delivered 10:30 AM 07/24/2008  
FILED 10:30 AM 07/24/2008  
SRV 080814342 - 4579152 FILE**

#### **Certificate of Incorporation of Asia Quest Ventures, Inc.**

FIRST: The name of the corporation shall be Asia Quest Ventures, Inc.

SECOND: Its registered office is to be located at 16192 Coastal Highway, in the city of Lewes, County of Sussex, Delaware, 19958. The registered agent is Harvard Business Services, Inc. whose address is the same as above.

THIRD: The nature of business and purpose of the organization is to engage in any lawful act or activity for which corporations may be organized under the Delaware General Corporation Laws.

FOURTH: The total number of shares of stock which the Corporation is authorized to issue is 270,000,000 shares, consisting of 250,000,000 shares of Common Stock having a par value of \$.0001 per share and 20,000,000 shares of Preferred Stock having a par value of \$.0001 per share and to be issued in such series and to have such rights, preferences, and designation as determined by the Board of Directors of the Corporation.

FIFTH: The number of directors constituting the initial board of directors of the corporation is one. The number of directors may be either increased or decreased from time to time by the Bylaws, but shall never be less than one (1). The name and address of each person who is to serve as a member of the initial board of directors is:

William Tay, P.O. Box 42198, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania 19101

SIXTH: The name and address of the incorporator is as follows:

William Tay, P.O. Box 42198, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania 19101

SEVENTH: The Board of Directors shall have the power to amend or repeal the by-laws.

EIGHTH: No director shall be personally liable to the Corporation or its stockholders for monetary damages from any breach of fiduciary duty by such director as a director. Notwithstanding the foregoing sentence, a director shall be liable to the extent provided by applicable law, (i) for breach of the director's duty of loyalty to the Corporation or its stockholders, (ii) for acts or omissions not in good faith or which involve intentional misconduct or a knowing violation of law, (iii) pursuant to Section 174 of the Delaware General Corporation Law or (iv) for any transaction from which the director derived an improper personal benefit. No amendment to or repeal of this Article Eighth shall apply to or have any effect on the liability or alleged liability of any director of the Corporation for or with respect to any acts or omissions of such director occurring prior to such amendment.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the undersigned, being the incorporator hereinbefore named, has executed, signed and acknowledged this certificate of incorporation this 21<sup>st</sup> day of July, A.D., 2008.

/s/ William Tay

\_\_\_\_\_  
William Tay, Incorporator

**Exhibit 3.2 – By-Laws**  
**BY-LAWS**  
**OF**  
**ASIA QUEST VENTURES, INC.**

**ARTICLE I - OFFICES**

Section 1. The registered office of the corporation in the State of Delaware shall be at 16192 Coastal Highway, in the city of Lewes, County of Sussex, Delaware, 19958.

The registered agent in charge thereof shall be Harvard Business Services, Inc.

Section 2. The corporation may also have offices at such other places as the Board of Directors may from time to time appoint or the business of the corporation may require.

**ARTICLE II - SEAL**

Section 1. The corporate seal shall have inscribed thereon the name of the corporation, the year of its organization and the words "Corporate Seal, Delaware".

**ARTICLE III - STOCKHOLDERS' MEETINGS**

Section 1. Meetings of stockholders shall be held at the registered office of the corporation in this state or at such place, either within or without this state, as may be selected from time to time by the Board of Directors.

Section 2. ANNUAL MEETINGS: The annual meeting of the stockholders shall be held on such date as is determined by the Board of Directors for the purpose of electing directors and for the transaction of such other business as may properly be brought before the meeting.

Section 3. ELECTION OF DIRECTORS: Elections of the directors of the corporation shall be by written ballot.

Section 4. SPECIAL MEETINGS: The President, or the Board of Directors may call special meetings of the stockholders at any time, or stockholders entitled to cast at least one-fifth of the votes, which all stockholders are entitled to cast at the particular meeting. At any time, upon written request of any person or persons who have duly called a special meeting, it shall be the duty of the Secretary to fix the date of the meeting, to be held not more than sixty days after receipt of the request, and to give due notice thereof. If the Secretary shall neglect or refuse to fix the date of the meeting and give notice thereof, the person or persons calling the meeting may do so. Business transacted at all special meetings shall be confined to the objects stated in the call and matters germane thereto, unless all stockholders entitled to vote are present and consent.

Written notice of a special meeting of stockholders stating the time and place and object thereof, shall be given to each stockholder entitled to vote thereat at least ten days before such meeting, unless a greater period of notice is required by statute in a particular case.

Section 5. QUORUM: A majority of the outstanding shares of the corporation entitled to vote, represented in person or by proxy, shall constitute a quorum at a meeting of stockholders. If a majority of the outstanding shares entitled to vote is represented at a meeting, a majority of the shares so represented may adjourn the meeting from time to time without further notice. At such adjourned meeting at which a quorum shall be present or represented, any business may be transacted which might have been transacted at the meeting as originally noticed. The stockholders present at a duly organized meeting may continue to transact business until adjournment, notwithstanding the withdrawal of enough stockholders to leave less than a quorum.

Section 6. PROXIES: Each stockholder entitled to vote at a meeting of stockholders or to express consent or dissent to corporate action in writing without a meeting may authorize another person or persons to act for him by proxy, but no such proxy shall be voted or acted upon after three years from its date, unless the proxy provides for a longer period.

A duly executed proxy shall be irrevocable if it states that it is irrevocable and if, and only as long as, it is coupled with an interest sufficient in law to support an irrevocable power. A proxy may be made irrevocable regardless of whether the interest with which it is coupled is an interest in the stock itself or an interest in the corporation generally. All proxies shall be filed with the Secretary of the meeting before being voted upon.

Section 7. NOTICE OF MEETINGS: Whenever stockholders are required or permitted to take any action at a meeting, a written notice of the meeting shall be given which shall state the place, date and hour of the meeting, and, in the case of a special meeting, the purpose or purposes for which the meeting is called.

Unless otherwise provided by law, written notice of any meeting shall be given not less than ten nor more than sixty days before the date of the meeting to each stockholder entitled to vote at such meeting.

Section 8. CONSENT IN LIEU OF MEETINGS: Any action required to be taken at any annual or special meeting of stockholders of a corporation, or any action which may be taken at any annual or special meeting of such stockholders, may be taken without a meeting, without prior notice and without a vote, if a consent in writing, setting forth the action so taken, shall be signed by the holders of outstanding stock having not less than the minimum number of votes that would be necessary to authorize or take such action at a meeting at which all shares entitled to vote thereon were present and voted. Prompt notice of the taking of the corporate action without a meeting by less than unanimous written consent shall be given to those stockholders who have not consented in writing.

Section 9. LIST OF STOCKHOLDERS: The officer who has charge of the stock ledger of the corporation shall prepare and make, at least ten days before every meeting of stockholders, a complete list of the stockholders entitled to vote at the meeting, arranged in alphabetical order, and showing the address of each stockholder and the number of shares registered in the name of each stockholder. No share of stock upon which any installment is due and unpaid shall be voted at any meeting. The list shall be open to the examination of any stockholder, for any purpose germane to the meeting, during ordinary business hours, for a period of at least ten days prior to the meeting, either at a place within the city where the meeting is to be held, which place shall be specified in the notice of the meeting, or, if not so specified, at the place where the meeting is to be held. The list shall also be produced and kept at the time and place of the meeting during the whole time thereof, and may be inspected by any stockholder who is present.

#### ARTICLE IV - DIRECTORS

Section 1. The business and affairs of this corporation shall be managed by its Board of Directors, no less than one in number or such other minimum number as is required by law. The directors need not be residents of this state or stockholders in the corporation. They shall be elected by the stockholders of the corporation or in the case of a vacancy by remaining directors, and each director shall be elected for the term of one year, and until his successor shall be elected and shall qualify or until his earlier resignation or removal.

Section 2. REGULAR MEETINGS: Regular meetings of the Board shall be held without notice other than this by-law immediately after, and at the same place as, the annual meeting of stockholders. The directors may provide, by resolution, the time and place for the holding of additional regular meetings without other notice than such resolution.

Section 3. SPECIAL MEETINGS: the President or any director upon two-day notice may call special Meetings of the Board. The person or persons authorized to call special meetings of the directors may fix the place for holding any special meeting of the directors called by them.

Section 4. QUORUM: A majority of the total number of directors shall constitute a quorum for the transaction of business.

Section 5. CONSENT IN LIEU OF MEETING: Any action required or permitted to be taken at any meeting of the Board of Directors, or of any committee thereof, may be taken without a meeting if all members of the Board or committee, as the case may be, consent thereto in writing, and the writing or writings are filed with the minutes of proceedings of the Board or committee. The Board of Directors may hold its meetings, and have an office or offices, outside of this state.

Section 6. CONFERENCE TELEPHONE: One or more directors may participate in a meeting of the Board, of a committee of the Board or of the stockholders, by means of conference telephone or similar communications equipment by means of which all persons participating in the meeting can hear each other; participation in this manner shall constitute presence in person at such meeting.

Section 7. COMPENSATION: Directors as such, shall not receive any stated salary for their services, but by resolution of the Board, a fixed sum and expenses of attendance, if any, may be allowed for attendance at each regular or special meeting of the Board provided, that nothing herein contained shall be construed to preclude any director from serving the corporation in any other capacity and receiving compensation therefor.

Section 8. RESIGNATION AND REMOVAL: Any director may resign at any time by giving notice to another Board member, the President or the Secretary of the corporation. Unless otherwise specified in such written notice, such resignation shall take effect upon receipt thereof by the Board or by such officer, and the acceptance of such resignation shall not be necessary to make it effective. Any director may be removed with or without cause at any time by the affirmative vote of shareholders holding of record in the aggregate at least a majority of the outstanding shares of the corporation at a special meeting of the shareholders called for that purpose, and may be removed for cause by action of the Board.

## ARTICLE V - OFFICERS

Section 1. The executive officers of the corporation shall be chosen by the directors and shall be a President, Secretary and Treasurer. The Board of Directors may also choose a Chairman, one or more Vice Presidents and such other officers as it shall deem necessary. The same person may hold any number of offices.

Section 2. SALARIES: Salaries of all officers and agents of the corporation shall be fixed by the Board of Directors.

Section 3. TERM OF OFFICE: The officers of the corporation shall hold office for one year and until their successors are chosen and have qualified. The Board of Directors may remove any officer or agent elected or appointed by the Board whenever in its judgment the best interest of the corporation will be served thereby.

Section 4. PRESIDENT: The President shall be the chief executive officer of the corporation; he shall preside at all meetings of the stockholders and directors; he shall have general and active management of the business of the corporation, shall see that all orders and resolutions of the Board are carried into effect, subject, however, to the right of the directors to delegate any specific powers, except such as may be by statute exclusively conferred on the President, to any other officer or officers of the corporation. He shall execute bonds, mortgages and other contracts requiring a seal, under the seal of the corporation. He shall be EX-OFFICIO a member of all committees, and shall have the general power and duties of supervision and management usually vested in the office of President of a corporation.

Section 5. SECRETARY: The Secretary shall attend all sessions of the Board and all meetings of the stockholders and act as clerk thereof, and record all the votes of the corporation and the minutes of all its transactions in a book to be kept for that purpose, and shall perform like duties for all committees of the Board of Directors when required. He shall give, or cause to be given, notice of all meetings of the stockholders and of the Board of Directors, and shall perform such other duties as may be prescribed by the Board of Directors or President, and under whose supervision he shall be. He shall keep in safe custody the corporate seal of the corporation, and when authorized by the Board, affix the same to any instrument requiring it.

Section 6. TREASURER: The Treasurer shall have custody of the corporate funds and securities and shall keep full and accurate accounts of receipts and disbursements in books belonging to the corporation, and shall keep the moneys of the corporation in a separate account to the credit of the corporation. He shall disburse the funds of the corporation as may be ordered by the Board, taking proper vouchers for such disbursements, and shall render to the President and directors, at the regular meetings of the Board, or whenever they may require it, an account of all his transactions as Treasurer and of the financial condition of the corporation.

#### ARTICLE VI - VACANCIES

Section 1. The Board of Directors shall fill any vacancy occurring in any office of the corporation by death, resignation, and removal or otherwise. Vacancies and newly created directorships resulting from any increase in the authorized number of directors may be filled by a majority of the directors then in office, although less than a quorum, or by a sole remaining director. If at any time, by reason of death or resignation or other cause, the corporation should have no directors in office, then any officer or any stockholder or an executor, administrator, trustee or guardian of a stockholder, or other fiduciary entrusted with like responsibility for the person or estate of a stockholder, may call a special meeting of stockholders in accordance with the provisions of these By-Laws.

Section 2. RESIGNATIONS EFFECTIVE AT FUTURE DATE: When one or more directors shall resign from the Board, effective at a future date, a majority of the directors then in office, including those who have so resigned, shall have power to fill such vacancy or vacancies, the vote thereon to take effect when such resignation or resignations shall become effective.

#### ARTICLE VII - CORPORATE RECORDS

Section 1. Any stockholder of record, in person or by attorney or other agent, shall, upon written demand under oath stating the purpose thereof, have the right during the usual hours for business to inspect for any proper purpose the corporation's stock ledger, a list of its stockholders, and its other books and records, and to make copies or extracts therefrom. A proper purpose shall mean a purpose reasonably related to such person's interest as a stockholder. In every instance where an attorney or other agent shall be the person who seeks the right to inspection, a power of attorney or such other writing, which authorizes the attorney or other agent to so act on behalf of the stockholder, shall accompany the demand under oath. The demand under oath shall be directed to the corporation at its registered office in this state or at its principal place of business.

#### ARTICLE VIII - STOCK CERTIFICATES, DIVIDENDS, ETC.

Section 1. The stock certificates of the corporation shall be numbered and registered in the share ledger and transfer books of the corporation as they are issued. They shall bear the corporate seal and shall be signed by the president.

Section 2. TRANSFERS: Transfers of shares shall be made on the books of the corporation upon surrender of the certificates therefor, endorsed by the person named in the certificate or by attorney, lawfully constituted in writing. No transfer shall be made which is inconsistent with law.

Section 3. LOST CERTIFICATE: The corporation may issue a new certificate of stock in the place of any certificate theretofore signed by it, alleged to have been lost, stolen or destroyed, and the corporation may require the owner of the lost, stolen or destroyed certificate, or his legal representative to give the corporation a bond sufficient to indemnify it against any claim that may be made against it on account of the alleged loss, theft or destruction of any such certificate or the issuance of such new certificate.

Section 4. RECORD DATE: In order that the corporation may determine the stockholders entitled to notice of or to vote at any meeting of stockholders or any adjournment thereof, or to express consent to corporate action in writing without a meeting, or entitled to receive payment of any dividend or other distribution or allotment of any rights, or entitled to exercise any rights in respect of any change, conversion or exchange of stock or for the purpose of any other lawful action, the Board of Directors may fix, in advance, a record date, which shall not be more than sixty nor less than ten days before the date of such meeting, nor more than sixty days prior to any other action. If no record date is fixed:

(a) The record date for determining stockholders entitled to notice of or to vote at a meeting of stockholders shall be at the close of business on the day next preceding the day on which notice is given, or, if notice is waived, at the close of business on the day next preceding the day on which the meeting is held.

(b) The record date for determining stockholders entitled to express consent to corporate action in writing without a meeting, when no prior action by the Board of Directors is necessary, shall be the day on which the first written consent is expressed.

(c) The record date for determining stockholders for any other purpose shall be at the close of business on the day on which the Board of Directors adopts the resolution relating thereto.

(d) A determination of stockholders of record entitled to notice of or to vote at a meeting of stockholders shall apply to any adjournment of the meeting; provided, however, that the Board of Directors may fix a new record date for the adjourned meeting.

Section 5. DIVIDENDS: The Board of Directors may declare and pay dividends upon the outstanding shares of the corporation, from time to time and to such extent as they deem advisable, in the manner and upon the terms and conditions provided by statute and the Certificate of Incorporation.

Section 6. RESERVES: Before payment of any dividend there may be set aside out of the net profits of the corporation such sum or sums as the directors, from time to time, in their absolute discretion, think proper as a reserve fund to meet contingencies, or for equalizing dividends, or for repairing or maintaining any property of the corporation, or for such other purpose as the directors shall think conducive to the interests of the corporation, and the directors may abolish any such reserve in the manner in which it was created.

#### ARTICLE IX - MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS

Section 1. CHECKS: such officer or officers shall sign all checks or demands for money and notes of the corporation as the Board of Directors may from time to time designate.

Section 2. FISCAL YEAR: The fiscal year shall begin on the first day of January.

Section 3. NOTICE: Whenever written notice is required to be given to any person, it may be given to such person, either personally or by sending a copy thereof through the mail, or by telegram, charges prepaid, to his address appearing on the books of the corporation, or supplied by him to the corporation for the purpose of notice. If the notice is sent by mail or by telegraph, it shall be deemed to have been given to the person entitled thereto when deposited in the United States mail or with a telegraph office for transmission to such person. Such notice

shall specify the place, day and hour of the meeting and, in the case of a special meeting of stockholders, the general nature of the business to be transacted.

Section 4. WAIVER OF NOTICE: Whenever any written notice is required by statute, or by the Certificate or the By-Laws of this corporation a waiver thereof in writing, signed by the person or persons entitled to such notice, whether before or after the time stated therein, shall be deemed equivalent to the giving of such notice. Except in the case of a special meeting of stockholders, neither the business to be transacted at nor the purpose of the meeting need be specified in the waiver of notice of such meeting. Attendance of a person either in person or by proxy, at any meeting shall constitute a waiver of notice of such meeting, except where a person attends a meeting for the express purpose of objecting to the transaction of any business because the meeting was not lawfully called or convened.

Section 5. DISALLOWED COMPENSATION: Any payments made to an officer or employee of the corporation such as a salary, commission, bonus, interest, rent, travel or entertainment expense incurred by him, which shall be disallowed in whole or in part as a deductible expense by the Internal Revenue Service, shall be reimbursed by such officer or employee to the corporation to the full extent of such disallowance. It shall be the duty of the directors, as a Board, to enforce payment of each such amount disallowed. In lieu of payment by the officer or employee, subject to the determination of the directors, proportionate amounts may be withheld from his future compensation payments until the amount owed to the corporation has been recovered.

Section 6. RESIGNATIONS: Any director or other officer may resign at any time, such resignation to be in writing and to take effect from the time of its receipt by the corporation, unless some time be fixed in the resignation and then from that date. The acceptance of a resignation shall not be required to make it effective.

#### ARTICLE X - ANNUAL STATEMENT

Section 1. The President and the Board of Directors shall present at each annual meeting a full and complete statement of the business and affairs of the corporation for the preceding year. Such statement shall be prepared and presented in whatever manner the Board of Directors shall deem advisable and need not be verified by a Certified Public Accountant.

#### ARTICLE XI - INDEMNIFICATION AND INSURANCE:

Section 1. (a) RIGHT TO INDEMNIFICATION. Each person who was or is made a party or is threatened to be made a party or is involved in any action, suit or proceeding, whether civil, criminal, administrative or investigative (hereinafter a "proceeding"), by reason of the fact that he or she, or a person of whom he or she is the legal representative, is or was a director or officer, of the Corporation or is or was serving at the request of the Corporation as a director, officer, employee or agent of another corporation or of a partnership, joint venture, trust or other enterprise, including service with respect to employee benefit plans, whether the basis of such proceeding is alleged action in an official capacity as a director, officer, employee or agent or in any other capacity while serving as a director, officer, employee or agent, shall be indemnified and held harmless by the Corporation to the fullest extent authorized by the Delaware General Corporation Law, as the same exists or may hereafter be amended (but, in the case of any such amendment, only to the extent that such amendment permits the Corporation to provide broader indemnification rights than said law permitted the Corporation to provide prior to such amendment), against all expense, liability and loss (including attorneys' fees, judgments, fines, ERISA excise taxes or penalties and amounts paid or to be paid in settlement) reasonably incurred or suffered by such person in connection therewith and such indemnification shall continue as to a person who has ceased to be a director, officer, employee or agent and shall inure to the benefit of his or her heirs, executors and administrators; provided, however, that, except as provided in paragraph (b) hereof, the Corporation shall indemnify any such person seeking indemnification in connection with a proceeding (or part thereof) initiated by such person only if such proceeding (or part thereof) was authorized by the Board of Directors of the Corporation. The right to indemnification conferred in this Section shall be a contract right and

shall include the right to be paid by the Corporation the expenses incurred in defending any such proceeding in advance of its final disposition: provided, however, that, if the Delaware General Corporation Law requires, the payment of such expenses incurred by a director or officer in his or her capacity as a director or officer (and not in any other capacity in which service was or is rendered by such person while a director or officer, including, without limitation, service to an employee benefit plan) in advance of the final disposition of a proceeding, shall be made only upon delivery to the corporation of an undertaking, by or on behalf of such director or officer, to repay all amounts so advanced if it shall ultimately be determined that such director or officer is not entitled to be indemnified under this Section or otherwise. The Corporation may, by action of its Board of Directors, provide indemnification to employees and agents of the Corporation with the same scope and effect as the foregoing indemnification of directors and officers.

(b) RIGHT OF CLAIMANT TO BRING SUIT: If a claim under paragraph (a) of this Section is not paid in full by the Corporation within thirty days after a written claim has been received by the Corporation, the claimant may at any time thereafter bring suit against the Corporation to recover the unpaid amount of the claim and, if successful in whole or in part, the claimant shall be entitled to be paid also the expense of prosecuting such claim. It shall be a defense to any such action (other than an action brought to enforce a claim for expenses incurred in defending any proceeding in advance of its final disposition where the required undertaking, if any is required, has been tendered to the Corporation) that the claimant has not met the standards of conduct which make it permissible under the Delaware General Corporation law for the Corporation to indemnify the claimant for the amount claimed, but the burden of proving such defense shall be on the Corporation. Neither the failure of the Corporation (including its Board of Directors, independent legal counsel, or its stockholders) to have made a determination prior to the commencement of such action that indemnification of the claimant is proper in the circumstances because he or she has met the applicable standard of conduct set forth in the Delaware General Corporation Law, nor an actual determination by the Corporation (including its Board of Directors, independent legal counsel, or its stockholders) that the claimant has not met such applicable standard or conduct, shall be a defense to the action or create a presumption that the claimant has not met the applicable standard or conduct.

(c) Notwithstanding any limitation to the contrary contained in sub-paragraphs (a) and 8 (b) of this section, the corporation shall, to the fullest extent permitted by Section 145 of the General Corporation Law of the State of Delaware, as the same may be amended and supplemented, indemnify any and all persons whom it shall have power to indemnify under said section from and against any and all of the expenses, liabilities or other matters referred to in or covered by said section, and the indemnification provided for herein shall not be deemed exclusive of any other rights to which those indemnified may be entitled under any By-law, agreement, vote of stockholders or disinterested Directors or otherwise, both as to action in his official capacity and as to action in another capacity while holding such office, and shall continue as to a person who has ceased to be director, officer, employee or agent and shall inure to the benefit of the heirs, executors and administrators of such a person.

(d) INSURANCE: The Corporation may maintain insurance, at its expense, to protect itself and any director, officer, employee or agent of the Corporation or another corporation, partnership, joint venture, trust or other enterprise against any such expense, liability or loss, whether or not the Corporation would have the power to indemnify such person against such expense, liability or loss under the Delaware General Corporation Law.

## ARTICLE XII - AMENDMENTS

Section 1. These By-Laws may be amended or repealed by the vote of directors.

The above By-Laws are certified to have been adopted by the Board of Directors of the Corporation on the 24th day of July 2008.

/s/ William Tay

---

William Tay  
Secretary



**Exhibit 3.3 – Specimen Stock Certificate**

**NOT VALID UNLESS COUNTERSIGNED BY TRANSFER AGENT  
INCORPORATED UNDER THE LAWS OF THE STATE OF DELAWARE**

CUSIP NO. \_\_\_\_\_

NUMBER

SHARES

**ASIA QUEST VENTURES, INC.**

-----  
**AUTHORIZED COMMON STOCK: 250,000,000 SHARES  
PAR VALUE: \$.0001**

**THIS CERTIFIES THAT**

**IS THE RECORD HOLDER OF**

- Shares of **ASIA QUEST VENTURES, INC.** Common Stock -

transferable on the books of the Corporation in person or by duly authorized attorney, upon  
surrender of this Certificate properly endorsed. This Certificate is not valid unless countersigned  
by the Transfer Agent and registered by the Registrar.

WITNESS the facsimile seal of the Corporation and the facsimile signature of its duly  
authorized officers.

Dated: \_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_  
William Tay, President

**ASIA QUEST VENTURES, INC.**

**Corporate  
Seal  
Delaware  
\*\*\*\*\***

**NOT VALID UNLESS COUNTERSIGNED BY TRANSFER AGENT**

Countersigned Registered:  
(Transfer Agent)

-----  
-----  
-----

By -----  
Authorized Signature

NOTICE: Signature must be guaranteed by a firm, which is a member of a registered national stock exchange, or by a bank (other than a saving bank), or a trust company.

The following abbreviations, when used in the inscription on the face of this certificate, shall be construed as though they were written out in full according to applicable laws or regulations.

TEN COM - as tenants in common	UNIF GIFT MIN ACT .....	Custodian .....
TEN ENT - as tenants by the entireties	(Cust)	(Minor)
JT TEN - as joint tenants with right of survivorship and not as tenants in common	Act .....	(State)

Additional abbreviations may also be used though not in the above list.

For value received, \_\_\_\_\_ hereby sell, assign and transfer unto

**PLEASE INSERT SOCIAL SECURITY OR OTHER IDENTIFYING NUMBER OF ASSIGNEE**

-----  
**(PLEASE PRINT OR TYPEWRITE NAME AND ADDRESS INCLUDING ZIP CODE OF ASSIGNEE)**

-----  
-----  
-----

-----  
Shares of the capital stock represented by the within Certificate, and do hereby irrevocably constitute and appoint

----- Attorney to transfer said stock on the books of the within named Corporation with full power of substitution in the premises.

Dated \_\_\_\_\_

X \_\_\_\_\_

**NOTICE: THE SIGNATURE TO THIS ASSIGNMENT MUST CORRESPOND WITH THE NAME AS WRITTEN UPON THE FACE OF THE CERTIFICATE IN EVERY PARTICULAR, WITHOUT ALTERATION OR ENLARGEMENT, OR ANY CHANGE WHATEVER, THE SIGNATURE(S) MUST BE GUARANTEED BY AN ELIGIBLE GUARANTOR INSTITUTION.**

**SIGNATURE GUARANTEED:**

**Exhibit 23.1      Consent of Independent Certified Public Accountants**

**CONSENT OF INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM**

Dated: September 3, 2008

To Whom It May Concern:

The firm of Stan J.H. Lee, CPA, consents to the inclusion of our report of September 3, 2008 on the audited financial statements of Asia Quest Ventures, Inc. as of August 31, 2008, in any filings that are necessary now or in the future with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission.

Very truly yours,



---

Stan J.H. Lee, CPA  
Chula Vista, CA 91910  
September 3, 2008

**Registered with the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board**