

**UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
Washington, DC 20549**

**FORM S-1/A SECOND AMENDMENT
REGISTRATION STATEMENT UNDER THE SECURITIES ACT OF 1933**

CREDEX CORPORATION
(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Florida	6199	16-1731286
(State or Jurisdiction of Incorporation or Organization)	(Primary Standard Industrial Classification Code Number)	(I.R.S. Employer Identification Number)

**454 Treemont Drive, Orange City, FL 32763
(386) 218-6823**

(Address including Zip Code, and Telephone Number, Including Area Code, of Registrant's Principal Executive
Offices)

**Richard R. Cook, Esq.
Credex Corporation
454 Treemont Dr., Orange City, FL 32763
(386) 218-6823**

(Name, Address, Including Zip Code, and Telephone Number, Including Area Code, of Agent for Service)

Approximate date of commencement of proposed sale to the public: **As soon as practicable after the effective date of this registration statement.**

If any of the securities being registered on this Form are to offered on a delayed or continuous basis pursuant to Rule 415 under the Securities Act of 1933 check the following box: X ☐

If this Form is filed to register additional securities for an offering pursuant to Rule 462(b) under the Securities Act, please check the following box and list the Securities Act registration statement of the earlier effective registration statement for the same offering. ☐

If this Form is a post-effective amendment filed pursuant to Rule 462(c) under the Securities Act, check the following box and list the Securities Act registration statement number of the earlier effective registration statement for the same offering. ☐

If this Form is a post-effective amendment filed pursuant to Rule 462(d) under the Securities Act, check the box and list the Securities Act registration statement number of the earlier effective registration statement for the same offering. ☐

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filed, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company, See the definitions of "large accelerated filed," "accelerated filer" and "smaller reporting company" in Ruler 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large accelerated filer ☐
Non-accelerated filer ☐ (Do not check if a smaller reporting company)

Accelerated filer ☐
Smaller reporting company X ☐

CALCULATION OF REGISTRATION FEE

"Title of Each Class of Security Being Registered"	Amount Being Registered	Proposed Maximum Offering Price Per Security	Proposed Maximum Aggregate Offering Price	Amount of Registration Fee
Shares of common stock, par value \$.001 per share(2)	2,940,625	\$0.25 (1)	\$735,156	\$52.42
Total	2,940,625		\$735,156	\$52.42

(1) Calculated pursuant to Rule 457 under the Securities Act of 1933 arbitrarily set because of no trading history because this registration statement is being filed concurrently with Form 10 statement under the Securities Act of 1934 to allow initial reporting and trading to start.

(2) Represents shares of the Registrant's common stock being registered for resale that have been issued to the selling stockholders named in this registration statement.

2,940,625 Shares of Common Stock

THE DATE OF THIS PROSPECTUS IS [], 2010.

CREDEX CORPORATION

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SPECIAL NOTE REGARDING FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

CREDEX CORPORATION (the "Company") is including the following cautionary statement to make applicable and take advantage of the safe harbor provisions of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995 for any forward-looking statements made by, or on behalf of, the Company. The information contained in this registration statement, includes some statements that are not purely historical and that are forward-looking statements. Such forward-looking statements include, but are not limited to, statements regarding management's expectations, hopes, beliefs, intentions or strategies regarding the future, including our financial condition and results of operations. In addition, any statements that refer to projections, forecasts or other characterizations of future events or circumstances, including any underlying assumptions, are forward-looking statements. The words "anticipates", "believes", "continue", "could", "estimates", "expects", "intends", "may", "might", "plans", "possible", "potential", "predicts", "projects", "seeks", "should", "would" and similar expressions, or the negatives of such terms, may identify forward-looking statements, but the absence of these words does not mean that a statement is not forward-looking. The forward-looking statements contained in this Prospectus are based on current expectations and beliefs concerning future developments. These that may cause actual results or performance to be materially different from those expressed or implied by these forward-looking statements involve a number of risks and uncertainties some of which are beyond the companies' control. In addition to other factor and matters discussed elsewhere herein, the following is an important factors that, in the view of the Company, could cause actual results to differ materially from those discussed in the forward-looking statements: the ability of the Company to obtain acceptable forms and amounts of financing to fund planned operations, technology development, marketing and other expansion efforts. The Company has no obligation to update or revise forward-looking statements to reflect the occurrence of future events or circumstances. You should also read the Risk Factors set out on page 7 through 17 of this Prospectus in conjunction with this Cautionary Statement.

Summary of the offering

You should read the entire prospectus, including "Risk Factors," our financial statements, the related notes thereto and the other documents to which this prospectus refers, before making an investment decision. In this prospectus, the terms Credex,

"the Company," "we," "our" and "us" refer to Credex Corporation, a Florida corporation.

The offering is for 2,940,625 shares of our common stock held by current shareholders (selling stockholders) that is being registered. Credex will not receive any of the proceeds from the sale of stock by the Selling Stockholders.

Information regarding the Selling Stockholders and the times and manner in which they may offer and sell the shares under this prospectus is provided under "Selling Stockholders" and "Plan of Distribution" in this prospectus.

The Selling Stockholders, and any broker-dealer executing sell orders on behalf of the Selling Stockholders or Credex, may be deemed to be "underwriters" within the meaning of the Securities Act of 1933. Commissions received by any broker-dealer may be deemed to be underwriting commissions under the Securities Act of 1933. See "Plan of Distribution."

Credex is not an operating company and has never earned revenue from operations. Credex is not operating its business until such time as capital is raised for operations.

Credex Corporation, a Florida Corporation formed on September 2, 2005, for purchasing, servicing, managing and reselling of non-performing (defaulted) unsecured credit card debt portfolios to be acquired from financial institutions, distressed debt wholesalers and other debt resellers.

The Company intends to purchase portfolios with all rights, title and interest of non-performing accounts receivable (credit card debt) at deeply discounted rates, (approximately 3% or less of face values), outsource the collection process, develop a portfolio of restructured debt and sell the residual portfolio.

Non-performing portfolios accumulate in the normal course of operations, when a credit grantor from time to time charges-off from its books, accounts which are delinquent. Because the outstanding balance remains the obligation of the defaulting customer, a group of charged-off accounts (a portfolio) contains a value which can be obtained through various collection techniques. This value or yield is dependent upon several variables such as creditor standards, geographical stratification of the portfolio, age of the charge-offs, stages of internal and external collection efforts, elapsed time since collection was last worked, elapsed time since last activity,

past recovery obtained from collection efforts and whether the debt is within the statute of limitations. These portfolios may be acquired at significant discounts of their face value, ranging from \$0.01 to \$0.57 on the dollar, with an expected return of 10% to 12% of the face value of the portfolios. The Company intends to purchase portfolios of Primary, Secondary and Tertiary distressed credit card debt from distressed debt wholesalers and re-sellers because they offer smaller portfolios for sale and re-purchase. These portfolios usually sell for \$0.01 to \$0.03 per dollar of face value. The prices stated are for 2009. On average, approximately \$800,000 of face value defaulted credit card debt can be purchased with \$12,000.

Credex's executive office is located at and its mailing address is 454 Treemont Drive, Orange City, FL 32763. The telephone number is (386) 218-6823. The fax number is (386)218-6823.

RISK FACTORS

THE SHARES ARE HIGHLY SPECULATIVE, INVOLVE A HIGH DEGREE OF RISK AND SHOULD BE PURCHASED ONLY BY PERSONS WHO CAN AFFORD TO LOSE THEIR ENTIRE INVESTMENT. PROSPECTIVE INVESTORS IN THE SHARES SHOULD CAREFULLY CONSIDER THE FOLLOWING RISK FACTORS IN ADDITION TO THE OTHER INFORMATION CONTAINED IN THIS PROSPECTUS.

BECAUSE CREDEX LACKS OPERATING HISTORY, IT POSSIBLY MAY GO OUT OF BUSINESS.

New ventures are inherently more risky than seasoned operating ventures. Although Credex has not operated pursuant to its business plan, in 2005 Credex purchased a portfolio of defaulted credit card debt to test the feasibility of its business plan. On a trial basis accounts from the portfolio were collected. The remainder of the portfolio was then sold. These transactions are shown in the statement of operation in Item 13 of this Registration Statement.

BECAUSE CREDEX IS A DEVELOPMENT STAGE COMPANY, IT POSSIBLY MAY GO OUT OF BUSINESS.

Credex is a development stage company. The Company will be reliant upon additional funding of \$250,000 during the next twelve (12) months to initiate its business as set forth in its continuing strategic plan for growth. The Risk is that this money may not be raised.

IF IT IS NOT SUCCESSFUL IN SELLING ITS SHARES, WHEN OFFERED, CREDEX MAY GO OUT OF BUSINESS.

When it offers its shares for sale to the public, Credex may be unsuccessful because it has no operations, it has no public market for its shares, and it has not implemented its business plan.

IF CREDEX DOES NOT ATTAIN ITS GOALS FOR GROWTH, THE COMPANY MAY GO OUT OF BUSINESS.

Credex has not implemented its business plan, has not hired needed key personnel, and has not obtained the required funding for implementation of planned operations. Because of these factors, Credex may not achieve its business goal for growth.

BECAUSE OF UNCERTAINTY OF SIGNIFICANT ASSUMPTIONS FOR FUNDING FROM STOCK SALES NOT HEPPENING, CREDEX MAY GO OUT OF BUSINESS.

Credex is a development stage company. The Company will be reliant upon additional funding of \$250,000 during the next twelve (12) months to initiate its business. This money may not be raised.

The Company's plans for financing and implementing its planned business operations and the projection of the Company's potential for profitability from its intended operations are based on the experience, judgment and certain assumptions of management and upon certain available information concerning availability of non-performing credit card debt. Funds anticipated through stock sales may not be realized. The Company's plans are based on the following assumptions: That all or any Shares in future offerings will be sold; that the Company will be successful in adhering to its planned formula for growth; and that sales will reach a minimum level to allow profitability. The Risk is that this money may not be raised.

THE COMPETITION FACED BY CREDEX MAY CAUSE CREDEX NOT TO ATTAIN ITS GROWTH PLANS RESULTING IT GOING OUT OF BUSINESS.

Competitors of the Company include traditional consumer debt buyers and sellers such as Portfolio Recovery Associates, Collins Financial Services, Inc., Oliphant Financial Corp., US Credit Corp., and many other financial institutions. Competitors have an advantage over the Company primarily due to the fact that they have more funds to invest in portfolio purchases. These competitors also have lengthy profitable

operating histories.

BECAUSE OF UNCERTAINTY OF ADEQUACY OF FINANCIAL RESOURCES FROM PROFITABLE OPERATIONS, CREDEX MAY GO OUT OF BUSINESS.

Credex is a development stage company. The Company will be reliant upon additional funding of \$250,000 during the next twelve (12) months to initiate its business as set forth in its continuing strategic plan for growth.

Credex may not reach profitability from operations because of the competition it faces, funding needed for key personnel and implementation of the planned operations, and meeting of its milestones in the next twelve months. [Refer to page 7]

BECAUSE OF DEPENDENCE ON KEY PERSONNEL, CREDEX MAY GO OUT OF BUSINESS.

The Company has been significantly dependent on the services of Cypress, Denise Leonardo, Chairman, President/CEO and Steven G. Salmond, Treasurer/CFO and, Secretary. In the future, the Company will be dependent upon their services and outside consultants in distressed debt purchasing, managing and re-selling and any future employees of the Company for the continued development of the Company's services. The loss of services of senior management could have a substantial adverse effect on the Company. The success of the Company's business will be largely contingent on its ability to attract and retain highly qualified corporate and operations level management team.

POTENTIAL LIABILITY AND INSURANCE COSTS MAY CAUSE CREDEX TO GO OUT OF BUSINESS.

As with all businesses operating in today's somewhat litigious atmosphere, the Company's intended operations could expose it to a risk of liability for legal damages arising out of its operations. The Company intends to carry acceptable levels of liability insurance for its industry.

BECAUSE OF NO HISTORICAL BASIS FOR MANAGEMENT'S OPINION, EVALUATION OF CREDEX IS DIFFICULT.

Although all of the Company's Officers, Directors, and its management team have experience in and have been involved in the daily operations of the Company, which to this point have involved almost exclusively the securing of capital so the Company can execute it's business plan. There is no basis,

other than the judgment of the Company's management, on which to estimate, (i) the level of market acceptance or the amount of revenues which the Company's planned operations may generate, or (ii) other aspects of the Company's proposed operations.

NO TRADING HISTORY OF COMMON STOCK MAKES STOCK TRADING PRICE IF ANY NOT POSSIBLE TO ESTIMATE.

The Company's Common Shares have not been traded publicly. Recent history has shown that the market price of Common Stock fluctuates substantially due to a variety of factors, including market perception of a company's ability to achieve its planned growth, quarterly operating results of the Company or other similar companies, the trading volume in the Company's Common Stock, changes in general conditions in the economy or other developments affecting the Company or its competitors. In addition, the stock market is subject to extreme price and volume fluctuations. Volatility has had a significant effect on the market prices of securities issued by many companies for reasons unrelated to the operating performance of these companies.

BECAUSE CREDEX HAS NOT COMMENCED PLANNED OPERATIONS, WHICH MUST BE PROFITABLE FOR DIVIDEND PAYMENTS, DIVIDENDS CANNOT BE ESTIMATED OR PAID.

No dividends have been paid on the Shares and the Company does not anticipate the payment of cash dividends in the foreseeable future. If the operations of the Company become profitable, it is anticipated that, for the foreseeable future, any income received would be devoted to the Company's future operations and that cash dividends would not be paid to the Company's Shareholders. (See "Business - Dividend Policy.")

BECAUSE OF LACK OF MANAGEMENT EXPERIENCE NEEDED FOR PLANNED OPERATIONS, CREDEX MAY GO OUT OF BUSINESS.

None of the officers or directors has any experience in management of a company providing the services Credex proposes to offer.

Mr. Salmond, the Company's CFO, has experience managing and operating a public company. Failure to comply or adequately comply with any laws, rules, or regulations applicable to our business may result in fines or regulatory actions, which may materially adversely affect our business, results of operation, or financial condition and could result in delays in the development of an active and liquid trading market for our

stock.

IF WE FAIL TO MAINTAIN AN EFFECTIVE SYSTEM OF INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING, OUR ABILITY TO ACCURATELY AND TIMELY REPORT OUR FINANCIAL RESULTS OR PREVENT FRAUD MAY BE ADVERSELY AFFECTED AND INVESTOR CONFIDENCE AND THE MARKET PRICE OF OUR COMMON STOCK MAY BE ADVERSELY IMPACTED.

Recently, the Dodd-Frank Wall Street Reform and Consumer Protection Act of 2010, which became effective on July 21, 2010, has amended Section 404 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 (the "Act"). The rules adopted by the SEC pursuant to the Act require an annual assessment of our internal control over financial reporting. The SEC extended the compliance dates for non-accelerated filers, as defined by the SEC. Accordingly, we believe that the annual assessment of our internal controls requirement will first apply to our annual report for the 2010 fiscal year. The standards that must be met for management to assess the internal control over financial reporting as effective are new and complex, and require significant documentation, testing and possible remediation to meet the detailed standards. We may encounter problems or delays in completing activities necessary to make an assessment of our internal control over financial reporting. Pursuant to the amended Act, as neither a "large accelerated filer" nor an "accelerated filer", we are exempt from the requirements of Section 404(b) of the Act to obtain an auditor's report on management's assessment of the effectiveness of the Company's internal control over financial reporting. The expense of compliance may prohibit the Company from becoming operational.

CREDEX NEEDS FOR ADDITIONAL EMPLOYEES IF SUITABLE EMPLOYEES ARE NOT FOUND CREDEX MAY GO OUT OF BUSINESS.

The Company's future success also depends upon its continuing ability to attract and retain highly qualified personnel. Expansion of the Company's business and operation will require additional managers and employees with industry experience, and the success of the Company will be highly dependent on the Company's ability to attract and retain skilled management personnel and other employees. There can be no assurance that the Company will be able to attract or retain highly qualified personnel. Competition for skilled personnel in the construction industry is significant. This competition may make it more difficult and expensive to attract, hire and retain qualified managers and employees.

THERE IS LIMITED LIQUIDITY ON THE BULLETIN BOARDS WHICH LIMITS THE POTENTIAL MARKET FOR ITS STOCK.

We intend to have our stock quoted on the OTC Bulletin Board or through the Pink Quotation System Bulletin Board. The OTC Bulletin Board is a significantly more limited market than the New York Stock Exchange or NASDAQ system. When fewer shares of a security are being traded on the OTCBB, volatility of prices may increase and price movement may outpace the ability to deliver accurate quote information. Due to lower trading volumes in shares of our Common Stock, there may be a lower likelihood of one's orders for shares of our Common Stock being executed, and current prices may differ significantly from the price one was quoted at the time of one's order entry.

IN ORDER TO RAISE SUFFICIENT FUNDS TO EXPAND OUR OPERATIONS, WE MAY HAVE TO ISSUE ADDITIONAL SECURITIES AT PRICES WHICH MAY RESULT IN SUBSTANTIAL DILUTION TO OUR SHAREHOLDERS THUS LIMITING THE MARKET FOR OUR STOCK.

If we raise additional funds through the sale of equity or convertible debt, our current stockholders' percentage ownership will be reduced. In addition, these transactions may dilute the value of our common shares outstanding. We may have to issue securities that may have rights, preferences and privileges senior to our common stock. We cannot provide assurance that we will be able to raise additional funds on terms acceptable to us, if at all. If future financing is not available or is not available on acceptable terms, we may not be able to fund our future needs, which would have a material adverse effect on our business plans, prospects, results of operations and financial condition.

WE NEED ADDITIONAL CAPITAL TO FUND OUR OPERATIONS. WE MAY NOT BE ABLE TO OBTAIN SUFFICIENT CAPITAL AND MAY BE FORCED TO LIMIT THE SCOPE OF OUR PROPOSED OPERATIONS.

If adequate additional financing is not available on reasonable terms, we may not be able to carry out our corporate strategy and we would be forced to modify our business plans accordingly.

In connection with our growth strategies, we may experience increased capital needs and accordingly, we may not have sufficient capital to fund our future operations without additional capital investments. Our capital needs will depend on numerous factors, including (i) our profitability; (ii) the release of competitive products by our competition; (iii) the

level of our investment in research and development; and (iv) the amount of our capital expenditures, including acquisitions. We cannot assure you that we will be able to obtain capital in the future to meet our needs.

In recent years, the securities markets in the United States have experienced a high level of price and volume volatility, and the market price of securities of many companies have experienced wide fluctuations that have not necessarily been related to the operations, performances, underlying asset values or prospects of such companies. For these reasons, our securities can also be expected to be subject to volatility resulting from purely market forces over which we will have no control. If we need additional funding we will, most likely, seek such funding in the United States and the market fluctuations affect on our stock price could limit our ability to obtain equity financing.

IF WE CANNOT OBTAIN ADDITIONAL FUNDING, WE MAY BE REQUIRED TO: (I) LIMIT OUR EXPANSION; (II) LIMIT OUR MARKETING EFFORTS; AND (III) DECREASE OR ELIMINATE CAPITAL EXPENDITURES. SUCH REDUCTIONS COULD MATERIALLY ADVERSELY AFFECT OUR BUSINESS AND OUR ABILITY TO COMPETE.

Even if we do find a source of additional capital, we may not be able to negotiate terms and conditions for receiving the additional capital that are favorable to us. Any future capital investments could dilute or otherwise materially and adversely affect the holdings or rights of our existing shareholders. We cannot give you any assurance that any additional financing will be available to us, or if available, will be on terms favorable to us.

BECAUSE OF PENNY STOCK REGULATIONS, CREDEX MAY NOT BE ABLE TO INTEREST THE NEEDED BROKER-DEALERS TO MAKE A MARKET FOR ITS SHARES.

The stock registered hereby are subject to "Penny Stock" regulations. Broker-dealer practices in connection with transactions in "penny stock" are regulated by certain penny stock rules adopted by the Commission. Penny stocks generally are equity securities with a price of less than \$5.00 (other than securities registered on certain national securities exchanges or quoted on Nasdaq provided that current price and volume information with respect to transactions in such securities is provided by the exchange or systems) or to other than establish customers or accredited investors. [In general,

"accredited investors" are defined as institutions with assets in excess of \$5,000,000 or individuals with net worth in excess of \$1,000,000 or annual income exceeding \$200,000 or \$300,000 with their spouses.]

The penny stock rules require a broker-dealer, prior to transaction in a penny stock not otherwise exempt from the rules, to deliver a standardized disclosure document that provided information about penny stocks and the risks in penny stock market. The broker-dealer also must provide the customer with current bid and offer quotations for the penny stock, the compensation of the broker-dealer and its sales person in connection with the transaction, and monthly account statements showing the market value of each penny stock held in the customer's account. In addition, the penny stock rules generally require that prior to a transaction in a penny stock, the broker-dealer must make a special written determination that the penny stock is a suitable investment for the purchaser and receive the purchaser's written agreement to the transaction. These disclosure requirements may have the effect of reducing the level of trading activity in the secondary market for a stock that becomes subject to the penny stock rules. If the Company's securities become subject to the penny stock rules, investors in the Offering may find it more difficult to sell their securities.

WHERE YOU CAN FIND ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

We have filed with the SEC a registration statement on Form S-1 under the Securities Act with respect to the shares of common stock offered hereby. This prospectus, which constitutes a part of the registration statement, does not contain all of the information set forth in the registration statement or the exhibits and schedules filed therewith. For further information about us and the common stock offered hereby, we refer you to the registration statement and the exhibits and schedules attached thereto. Statements contained in this prospectus regarding the contents of any contract or any other document that is filed as an exhibit to the registration statement are not necessarily complete, and each such statement is qualified in all respects by reference to the full text of such contract or other document filed as an exhibit to the registration statement. Upon completion of this offering, we will be required to file periodic reports, proxy statements, and other information with the SEC pursuant to the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. You may read and copy this information at the Public Reference Room of the SEC, 100 F. Street, N.E., Room 1580,

Washington, D.C. 20549. You may obtain information on the operation of the public reference rooms by calling the SEC at 1-800-SEC-0330. The SEC also maintains an Internet website that contains reports, proxy statements and other information about issuers, like us, that file electronically with the SEC. The address of that site is www.sec.gov.

Before Credex filed this Form S-1 it filed a Form 10, Registration Statement and a 10-Q pursuant to the Securities Exchange Act of 1934.

The information contained in the Form 10, 10Q and S-1 are available at the sec.gov site under company filings in the EDGAR system.

DIVIDEND POLICY

Credex has never paid a dividend.

The Company does not currently intend to declare or pay any dividends on its Common Stock, except to the extent that such payment is consistent with the Company's overall financial condition and plans for growth. For the foreseeable future, the Company intends to retain excess future earnings, if any, to support development and growth of its business. Any future determination to declare and pay dividends will be at the discretion of the Company's Board of Directors and will be dependent on the Company's financial condition, results of operations, cash requirements, plans for expansion, legal limitations, contractual restrictions and other factors deemed relevant by the Board of Directors.

DETERMINATION OF OFFERING PRICE

The offering price has been arbitrarily set by the Board of Directors. No market price could otherwise be determined because Credex's shares have not been traded resulting in no history for valuation.

As there is no established public market for our shares, the offering price and other terms and conditions relative to our shares have been arbitrarily determined by Credex and do not bear any relationship to assets, earnings, book value, or any other objective criteria of value. In addition, no investment banker, appraiser, or other independent third party has been consulted concerning the offering price for the shares or the fairness of the offering price used for the shares. The price of

the current offering is fixed at \$0.25 per share. This price is significantly greater than the price paid by the company's officers and directors for common equity since the company's inception on September 2, 2005. The company's officers and directors paid \$0.001 per share, a difference of \$0.249 per share lower than the share price in this offering. Other officers and directors paid \$.10 per share and \$.01 per share.

The sales price to the public is fixed at \$.25 per share until such time, if ever, the shares of our common stock becomes traded on the Bulletin Board operated by the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority ("FINRA") or the Pink Quotation System Bulletin Board. If our common stock becomes quoted on the Bulletin Board, then the sales to the public will vary accordingly to selling decisions of each selling shareholder and the market for our common stock at the time of resale. There is no market for our common stock.

DILUTION

The common stock to be sold by the selling shareholders is set out in the Selling Security Holders section is common stock that is currently issued. Accordingly, there will be no dilution to our existing shareholders.

SELLING STOCKHOLDERS

The following list of shareholders and their shares of common stock to be sold are as follows:

Shareholder Name	Shares owned Prior to the offering	Shares to be Sold	Shares Retained	Retained %ownership
Leonardo, Denise*	300,000	300,000	0	0%
Gansel, Carol C.	50,000	50,000	0	0%
Mitchell, Jerome D.	25,000	25,000	0	0%
Schonsheck, Darold N.	237,500	237,500	0	0%
Price, Louise A.	15,000	15,000	0	0%
Cook, Edward T.	10,000	10,000	0	0%
Bullock, David W.	10,000	10,000	0	0%
Kuker, Timothy L.	35,000	35,000	0	0%
Worl, Ronald S.	10,000	10,000	0	0%
Solimini, Karen L.	50,000	50,000	0	0%
Doane, Kelly A.	50,000	50,000	0	0%
Goodwin, Julie Ann**	253,100	253,100	0	0%
Goodwin, George Kirby	50,000	50,000	0	0%
Goodwin, Mary Beatrice	50,000	50,000	0	0%
Widmer, Ruth	100,000	100,000	0	0%
Kuker, Jonathan	35,000	35,000	0	0%
Armstrong, Charleen	100,000	100,000	0	0%
Gridley, Guinevere	10,000	10,000	0	0%
Deveau, Sheila P.	10,000	10,000	0	0%
Raynard, Thomas	50,000	50,000	0	0%
Pitman, Randall E.	50,000	50,000	0	0%
Hannam, Teresa	45,500	45,500	0	0%
Bradaric, Judith	20,000	20,000	0	0%
Murphy, William A.	30,000	30,000	0	0%
Lehman, Larry	27,500	12,500	0	0%
Hampton, Michael W.	100,000	100,000	0	0%
Globex Transfer, LLC	125,000	125,000	0	0%
Panceria, Bruce	38,275	38,275	0	0%
Bashaw-Werner, Renay	350,000	350,000	0	0%
Weller, Janine ***	350,000	350,000	0	0%
Greiner, Terry E.	12,500	12,500	0	0%
Childress, Sondra B.	25,000	25,000	0	0%
Schonsheck, Bethany L.	25,000	25,000	0	0%
Schonsheck, Theodore A.	25,000	25,000	0	0%
Bostic, Stephen N.	25,000	25,000	0	0%
Cameron, Doreen L.	56,250	46,250	0	0%
Lee, James A.	10,000	10,000	0	0%
Mitchell, Jerome C.	125,000	125,000	0	0%
Mary G. Bashaw Irrevocable Trust, William P. Bashaw, Ttee.	50,000	50,000	0	0%
Total	2,940,625			

* Ms. Leonardo served as Treasurer, Chief Financial Officer and Director of the Company from her appointment on October 24, 2007 until May 28, 2010 when she was elected President. Her responsibilities included oversight over internal controls, financial reporting and compliance with state and federal laws.

** Julie Ann Goodwin is a current director.

*** Janine Weller is a current director and sister of Renay Bashaw-Werner.

None of the selling stockholders is a broker/dealer or an affiliate of any broker/dealer.

PLAN OF DISTRIBUTION

The Selling Stockholders and any of their pledgees, donees, transferees, assignees and successors-in-interest may, from time to time, sell any or all of their shares of common stock on any stock exchange, market or trading facility on which the shares are traded or in private transactions. These sales may be at fixed or negotiated prices. The Selling Stockholders may use any one or more of the following methods when selling shares:

- ordinary brokerage transactions and transactions in which the broker-dealer solicits purchasers;
- block trades in which the broker-dealer will attempt to sell the shares as agent but may position and resell a portion of the block as principal to facilitate the transaction;
- purchases by a broker-dealer as principal and resale by the broker-dealer for its account;
- an exchange distribution in accordance with the rules of the applicable exchange;
- privately negotiated transactions; to cover short sales made after the date that the registration statement of which this prospectus is a part is declared effective by the SEC;
- broker-dealers may agree with the Selling Stockholders to sell a specified number of such shares at a stipulated price per share;
- a combination of any such methods of sale; and any other method permitted pursuant to applicable law.

The Selling Stockholders may also sell shares under Rule 144 under the Securities Act, if available, rather than under this prospectus.

Broker-dealers engaged by the Selling Stockholders may arrange for other brokers-dealers to participate in sales. Broker-dealers may receive commissions or discounts from the Selling Stockholders (or, if any broker-dealer acts as agent for the purchaser of shares, from the purchaser) in amounts to be negotiated. The Selling Stockholders do not expect these

commissions and discounts to exceed what is customary in the types of transactions involved.

The Selling Stockholders may from time to time pledge or grant a security interest in some or all of the shares owned by them and, if they default in the performance of their secured obligations, the pledgees or secured parties may offer and sell shares of common stock from time to time under this prospectus, or under an amendment to this prospectus under Rule 424(b)(3) or other applicable provision of the Securities Act of 1933 amending the list of Selling Stockholders to include the pledgee, transferee or other successors in interest as Selling Stockholders under this prospectus.

The Selling Stockholders also may transfer the shares of common stock in other circumstances, in which case the transferees, pledgees or other successors in interest will be the selling beneficial owners for purposes of this prospectus.

The Selling Stockholders and any broker-dealers or agents that are involved in selling the shares may be deemed to be "underwriters" within the meaning of the Securities Act in connection with such sales. In such event, any commissions received by such broker dealers or agents and any profit on the resale of the shares purchased by them may be deemed to be underwriting commissions or discounts under the Securities Act. Discounts, concessions, commissions and similar selling expenses, if any, that can be attributed to the sale of securities will be paid by the Selling Stockholder and/or the purchasers. At the time a particular offer of shares is made by the Selling Stockholders, to the extent required, a prospectus will be distributed. Each Selling Stockholder has represented and warranted to Credex that it acquired the securities for investment and, at the time of its purchase of such securities such Selling Stockholder had no agreements or understandings, directly or indirectly, with any person to register or distribute any such securities.

Selling Stockholders and any other persons participating in the sale or distribution of the shares offered under this prospectus will be subject to applicable provisions of the Exchange Act, and the rules and regulations under that act, including Regulation M. These provisions may restrict activities of, and limit the timing of purchases and sales of any of the shares by, the Selling Stockholders or any other person. Furthermore, under Regulation M, persons engaged in a distribution of securities are prohibited from simultaneously engaging in market making and

other activities with respect to those securities for a specified period of time prior to the commencement of such distributions, subject to specified exceptions or exemptions. All of these limitations may affect the marketability of the shares.

We may suspend the use of this prospectus on a limited basis if we learn of any event that causes this prospectus to include an untrue statement of material fact or omit to state a material fact required to be stated in the prospectus or necessary to make the statements in the prospectus not misleading in light of the circumstances then existing. If this type of event occurs, a prospectus supplement or post-effective amendment, if required, will be distributed to each Selling Stockholder.

Number of Holders of Common Stock

As of the date of this filing, there are 40 holders of common stock.

DESCRIPTION OF REGISTRANT'S SECURITIES TO BE REGISTERED

The Company is authorized to issue One Hundred Million (100,000,000) shares of Common Stock (the Common Stock) of Par Value of (\$0.001). As of the date of this Offering the Company had 5,899,250 shares of Common Stock issued and outstanding. Holders of Common Stock are each entitled to cast one vote for each Share held of record on all matters presented to shareholders. Cumulative voting is not allowed; hence, the holders of a majority of the outstanding Common Stock can elect all directors. Holders of Common Stock are entitled to receive such dividends as may be declared by the Board of Directors out of funds legally available therefore and, in the event of liquidation, to share pro-rata in any distribution of the Company's assets after payment of liabilities. The Board of Directors is not obligated to declare a dividend and it is not anticipated that dividends will be paid unless and until the Company is profitable. Holders of Common Stock do not have preemptive rights to subscribe to additional shares if issued by the Company. There are no conversion, redemption, sinking fund or similar provisions regarding the Common Stock. All of the outstanding Shares of Common Stock are fully paid.

No personal liability attaches to shareholders by reason of the ownership of such shares.

Holders of Shares of Common Stock will have full rights to vote on all matters brought before shareholders for their approval. We are not currently authorized to issue preferred stock and have no intention of amending our corporate documents to authorize preferred stock. Holders of the Common Stock will be entitled to receive dividends, if and as declared by the Board of Directors, out of funds legally available, and share pro-rata in any distributions to holders of Common Stock upon liquidation.

Upon any liquidation, dissolution or winding-up of Credex, our assets, after the payment of debts and liabilities and any liquidation preferences of, and unpaid dividends on, any class of preferred stock then outstanding, will be distributed pro-rata to the holders of the common stock. The holders of the common stock have no right to require us to redeem or purchase their shares.

Preferred Stock

The Company does not have any authorized shares of Preferred Stock.

Voting Rights

Holders of the Company's Common Stock are entitled to one vote per Share for each Common Share held of record by Company shareholders.

No Cumulative Voting

Holders of shares of our common stock do not have cumulative voting rights, which means that the holders of more than 50% of the outstanding shares, voting for the election of directors, can elect all of the directors to be elected, if they so choose, and, in that event, the holders of the remaining shares will not be able to elect any of our directors.

Transfer Agent

We have selected Globex Transfer, LLC, 780 Deltona Blvd., Suite 202, Deltona, FL 32725 as our transfer agent.

Shares Eligible For Future Sale

The Securities currently are "restricted securities" as that term is defined in SEC Rule 144 of the 1933 Securities Act

("Rule 144"), and may not be resold without registration under the Securities Act. Provided certain requirements are met, the Shares of Common Stock purchased hereunder may be resold pursuant to Rule 144 or may be resold pursuant to another exemption from the registration requirement.

Generally, Rule 144 provides that a holder of restricted shares of an issuer which maintains certain available public information, where such shares are held 6 months or more, may sell in every three months the greater of: (a) an amount equal to one percent of the Company's outstanding shares; or (b) an amount equal to the average weekly volume of trading in such securities during the preceding four calendar weeks prior to the sale. Persons who are not affiliates of the Company may sell shares beneficially owned for at least one year at the time of the proposed sale without regard to volume restrictions. There is no existing public or other market for the Shares. Any such market may never develop.

Take Over Provisions

There are no provisions in the Articles of Incorporation or By-Laws restricting take over of control of the Company.

INTERESTS OF NAMED EXPERTS AND COUNSEL

The financial statements of Credex Corporation for the period from inception, September 2, 2005, through December 31, 2009, included elsewhere in this Prospectus have been audited by Moss, Krusick & Associates, LLC, independent registered public accounting firm, as stated in its report appearing herein, and are included in reliance upon the report of such firm given upon its authority as experts in accounting and auditing. With respect to the unaudited financial statements of Credex Corporation as of September 30, 2010 and for the nine months ended September 30, 2010 and 2009 and period from inception through September 30, 2010, included elsewhere in this Prospectus, such statements have not been audited by Moss, Krusick & Associates, LLC and that firm does not express an opinion on them.

Corporate Counsel, Richard R. Cook, has issued an opinion as to various aspects of the common stock registered hereby. See page 74. Mr. Cook is a member of Cypress Bend Executive Services, LLC, a party related to Credex. See page 37.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND PLAN OF OPERATIONS

BACKGROUND

The following discussion of our financial condition and results of operations should be read in conjunction with our financial statements and the related notes, and other financial information contained in this prospectus.

Overview

We are a development stage company. Although Credex has not operated pursuant to its business plan, in 2005 Credex purchased a portfolio of defaulted credit card debt to test the feasibility of its business plan. On a trial basis accounts from the portfolio were collected. The remainder of the portfolio was then sold. These transactions are shown in the statement of operation in this Prospectus. Our auditors have raised substantial doubt as to our ability to continue as a going concern. We need a minimum of approximately \$100,000 during the next 12 months to begin implementation of our business plan.

Since our inception, we have devoted our activities to the following:

- Purchasing a debt portfolio;

- Obtaining bids from professional collectors to collect the portfolio;

- Developing contacts from whom to purchase portfolios;

- Contracting for operational support; and

- Securing enough capital to carry out these activities.

Plan of Operations

As discussed above we have not yet operated pursuant to our business plan. We have generated no revenue in 2009 or 2008 or the nine months ended September 30, 2010 and 2009.

Development stage operating expenditures during the period from inception on September 2, 2005 to September 30, 2010 were \$76,254 which consisted primarily of general and administrative expenses related to legal, accounting and other fees related to our formation and this registration statement. Our net loss was

\$12,248 and \$12,398 for the nine months ended September 30, 2010 and 2009, respectively, and \$15,015 and \$7,001 for the years ended December 31, 2009 and 2008, respectively cumulative income to date was \$23,450 including finance income of \$15,417, consulting income of \$8,000 and interest income of \$33.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

Our capital resources have been acquired through the sale of shares of our common stock.

At December 31, 2009 and 2008, we had total assets of \$2,185 and \$3,390, respectively, consisting of cash.

At September 30, 2010, we had total assets of \$8,287 consisting of cash.

At December 31, 2009 and 2008, our total liabilities were \$2,500 and \$3,000 respectively consisting primarily of accounts payable.

At September 30, 2010, we had total liabilities of \$ 2,500.

We anticipate taking the following actions during the next 12 months, assuming we receive the required funding:

File an S-1 to register and sell, if a public market develops, common stock to raise up to \$500,000.00. To become effective by April 1, 2011. We estimate that, if a market develops, it will take 3 to 6 months to raise these funds.

Once we have raised at least \$250,000.00 we will hire a management team member with debt collection experience to supervise our contract collectors. We estimate that, if a market develops, it will take 4 months to raise these funds and hire this person. Date is now August 1, 2011.

Contract with debt collection firm or firms. We estimate this to take 1 month. The date is now September 1, 2011.

Purchase portfolio(s) We estimate this to take 1 month. The date is now October 1, 2011.

Collection efforts begin. The date is now October 1, 2011.

Purchase Primary and Secondary at a price not to exceed 3% of the face value of the portfolios that is credit card debt only.

Use collection agencies for all collections with a fixed cost not to exceed 35% of what is collected.

Create Planned Payment Arrangements (PPA) for up to six months.

Sell the remainder of the portfolio after six months deemed uncollectible at the time of sale.

Cash Requirements

We intend to provide funding for our activities, if any, through a combination of the private placement of the company's equity securities and the public sales of equity securities.

We have no agreement, commitment or understanding to secure any funding from any source.

Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements

We do not have any off balance sheet arrangements.

Credex has never been in bankruptcy or receivership. The Company is a new venture.

Credex's executive office is located at 454 Treemont Drive, Orange City, FL 32763. The telephone number is (386) 218-6823, and the fax number is (386) 218-6823.

Credex is not operating its business plan until such time as capital is raised for operations. To date its operation has involved only selling stock to meet expenses.

DISCLOSURE OF CONTRACTED OBLIGATIONS

Effective July 12, 2010, the Company entered into an agreement for services with Cypress Bend Executive Services, LLC ("Cypress"), a related party, whereby Cypress acts as consultant to:

1. Raise the necessary money for the Company to operate in the short term,
2. Prepare and file documents with the SEC to take the Company public,
3. Secure a transfer agent and market maker broker-dealer for the Company's stock,

4. Secure the necessary audits for the required filing documents, and
5. Provide day-to-day operational management services to the Company.

In exchange for these services, which the Company anticipates will last for a six month period, the Company agreed to pay Cypress cash fees of \$200,000 as well as provide Cypress with 2,958,625 shares of its stock, which effectively transfers control of the Company to Cypress during this period. Also, as part of the contract Steven G. Salmond, a member of Cypress Bend was installed as Secretary, Treasurer, CFO and Director of Credex. As a condition precedent, the fee liability does not become a liability or due until all the services stated in the agreement have been completed. Therefore, the Cypress liability will not be recorded until all the contracted services have been completed. Upon receipt of the cash payment of \$200,000, Cypress is to return the shares to the Company's treasury.

PROPOSED BUSINESS

The Company intends to purchase portfolios with all rights, title and interest of non-performing accounts receivable (credit card debt) at deeply discounted rates, (approximately 3% or less of face values), outsource the collection process, develop a portfolio of restructured debt and sell the residual portfolio.

Non-performing portfolios accumulate in the normal course of operations, when a credit grantor from time to time charges-off from its books, accounts which are delinquent. Because the outstanding balance remains the obligation of the defaulting customer, a group of charged-off accounts (a portfolio) contains a value which can be obtained through various collection techniques. This value or yield is dependent upon several variables such as creditor standards, geographical stratification of the portfolio, age of the charge-offs, stages of internal and external collection efforts, elapsed time since collection was last worked, elapsed time since last activity, past recovery obtained from collection efforts and whether the debt is within the statute of limitations. These portfolios may be acquired at significant discounts of their face value, ranging from \$0.01 to \$0.57 on the dollar, with an expected return of 10% to 12% of the face value of the portfolios. The Company intends to purchase portfolios of Primary, Secondary and Tertiary distressed credit card debt from distressed debt wholesalers and re-sellers because they offer smaller portfolios for sale and re-purchase. These portfolios usually sell for

\$0.01 to \$0.03 per dollar of face value. The prices stated are for 2009. On average, approximately \$800,000 of face value defaulted credit card debt can be purchased with \$12,000.

Number of Employees

The Company intends to operate for the foreseeable future without employees. Credex has entered into a management contract with Cypress Bend Executive Services, LLC ("Cypress"). This contract provides that Cypress will provide operational support to Credex and to take Credex Public through Form 10 and S-1 filings with the Securities and Exchange Commission. Cypress will return the shares it holds to Treasury Stock upon completion of its contract obligations and receiving payment in full for its services.

Effective July 12, 2010, the Company entered into an agreement for services with Cypress Bend Executive Services, LLC ("Cypress"), a related party, whereby Cypress acts as consultant to:

1. Raise the necessary money for the Company to operate in the short term,
2. Prepare and file documents with the SEC to take the Company public,
3. Secure a transfer agent and market maker broker-dealer for the Company's stock,
4. Secure the necessary audits for the required filing documents, and
5. Provide day-to-day operational management of the Company.

In exchange for these services, which the Company anticipates will last for a six month period, the Company agreed to pay Cypress cash fees of \$200,000 as well as provide Cypress with 2,958,625 shares of its stock, which effectively transfers control of the Company to Cypress during this period. As a condition precedent, the fee liability does not become a liability or due until all the services stated in the agreement have been completed. Therefore, the Cypress liability will not be recorded until all the contracted services have been completed. Upon receipt of the cash payment of \$200,000, Cypress is to return the shares to the Company's treasury.

PRODUCTS AND SERVICES

The Company's products are the credit card portfolios it purchases. The higher the quality of the product, generally determined by age and consumer demographics, the greater the cost and resulting recovery rate. The age of the product, which typically is six months to two years old, will also determine the value of the portfolio at the end sale, or how much the remaining portfolio will recover in terms of price.

A given group of credit card delinquencies occurring in one month contain many facets of delinquency causes. Generally, these causes for default will fall within three categories; 1) non-financial impact (as in a dispute perceived to be legitimate, or arguments over liability amid dissolving marriages); 2) one-time financial impact (temporary lay-off, major home or auto repair, a death in the family); and 3) permanent financial reversal (disability, retirement, benefits loss or reduction). Because a debtor's financial position changes over a period of time, usually for the better, a certain portion of a portfolio will be deemed collectable, at least partially.

This aging process is a well known and exploited fact in the collection industry. Lending institutions have identified three distinct periods of time over which collection efforts are initiated. These three periods are commonly referred to as Primary (first collection effort lasting 3 to 12 months), Secondary (second collection effort lasting from 12 to 24 months), Tertiary (third collection effort, also lasting from 24 to 36 months or longer) and Quads (fourth collection effort lasting from approximately 36 months to when the accounts become "out of statute". The stage or age, of a portfolio is an important component in determining its value. The Company intends to buy portfolios that are "One Agency or Two Agency Accounts," which means that the accounts have previously been sent to one or two another collection agencies for collection and then retrieved.

Credex will buy the debts it will collect through debt collection agencies. Once the original creditor sells the debt the only way for them to "retrieve" it is to buy it back. The terms "One or Two Agency Accounts" is language commonly used in the industry to indicate that the accounts have been purchased by one buyer, "One Agency," or second buyer "Two Agency." One Agency is the same as the primary and Two Agency is the same as secondary and Three Agency is the same as tertiary accounts.

Original creditors can retain ownership and have more than one agency try and collect the accounts. The Original creditor can sell the debt at any time in the collection process. It can sell the debt as One Agency, Two Agency and etc. depending on prior collection efforts.

All purchase agreements entered into, will allow for replacement or reimbursement of accounts deemed uncollectible, as in the case of bankruptcies death of the debtor or fraud, but only if the act occurred less than 30 days after the purchase closing date. Payments made directly to the seller are forwarded to the Company on a timely basis if payments overlap.

PRODUCT SERVICING/OUTSOURCING DESCRIPTION

The Company intends to out-source all collection activities to established collection agencies that have expertise in collecting non-performing credit card debt. We can rely on the collecting performance history of the collectors with whom we contract. We can also rely on information available from Kaulkin and Ginsberg and Inside ARM.

Management personnel of potential collection agencies will be personally interviewed by Credex. The agency's collection performance and business references will be obtained prior to signing any agreement with the agency. Credex intends to sign agreements that contain a provision that allows cancellation at any time with 30 days notice to the non-canceling party. For your information we have attached a copy of an agreement we propose to use.

Kaulkin and Ginsberg is one of the leading and most reliable sources of data and information in the debt collection business.

About Kaulkin and Ginsberg:

Experience

- Completed more industry M&A transactions than anyone else
 - over 125 for a total value of over \$3 billion
- Delivered hundreds of industry valuations
 - dozens of valuation assignments each year
- As expert witnesses, our reports have been admitted and stipulated in numerous lawsuits and have been continuously upheld in formal proceedings.
Our report submitted in a major U.S. District Court class action lawsuit was a key factor in a summary judgment ruling in favor of our client.
- Keynoted all of the major industry conferences
- Chaired three conferences, including the industry's largest, plus two M&A conferences

Access

- Established relationships with the industry's senior decision makers since 1991
- Our advisory board consists of the most senior persons in their industry segments
- Active involvement with the industry's major associations, trade shows, and publications
- Member of ACA International, DBA International, Association for Corporate Growth, Consumer Bankers Association, and the Healthcare Financial Management Association

Information

- We conduct comprehensive original research on the industry
- Publisher of seven editions of The Kaulkin Report since 1994
 - a seminal research study that has been cited in the public filings of leading corporations, in The Wall Street Journal, and in many documents supporting private transactions in the industry
- Our research also includes The Global Debt Buying Report, Healthcare ARM Report, and countless custom research projects
- Kaulkin Media publishes the leading online source for industry news and analysis, insideARM.com®, as well as five industry newsletters
- We maintain an extensive, proprietary database that is likely the most complete in the industry
- Acquisition criteria for financial, strategic, and industry buyers seeking entry or expansion within the industry
- Contact information for industry players and key decision makers
- Company data, including revenue, profit, clients, employees, tax status, trends, services, systems and more

- o Details on all industry M&A transactions, including price, terms, deal structure, and other specifics
This information goes well beyond public company deals, and includes details of transactions involving hundreds of privately held companies

About Inside ARM publication:

Kaulkin Media is the most credible publisher of specialized news and information for the accounts receivable management (or "debt collection") industry. insideARM.com is the firm's flagship website, with over 60,000 subscribers including collection agencies and law firms, debt buyers, creditors, suppliers of technology and services to these groups, regulators, industry investors, and many other interested parties.

Once the portfolio has been acquired, the collection work effort begins. The Company will supervise the collection contractor to see the following steps are taken.

An initial written notice is sent to each debtor informing them of the change in ownership of the debt owed and that the Company is entitled to the full amount of principal and accrued interest due and that payment(s) are to be sent to the collection agency as directed by the Company.

Initial Review. The object of this review is to isolate that part of the portfolio that could most likely produce the highest earned revenue initially or possessing the greatest means with which to provide initial revenue. Much can be determined about a debtor and his ability to pay larger sums, when considering the area in which he resides, whether he holds real estate, current job status, the amount of unsecured debt he owes, and the status of same. These are among the several criteria used to decide which accounts should be prioritized initially. By this review, the collection agencies would be concentrating heavily on the accounts most likely to pay in a short time-frame.

It is important to note that the review process usually takes place prior to the actual purchase of the portfolio when a spreadsheet of the portfolio can be examined for many of the criteria described above. Following the review of all of the accounts in the portfolio, the Company can either reject the portfolio or purchase it.

Collection Efforts. The collection process is responsible for the majority of the recovery in the shortest period of time. This can best be described as an intense and concentrated focus by the collectors on all accounts as prioritized in the previous step. The higher the priority the greater the efforts. In this phase, approximately 8% to 10% of the original portfolio face amount is deemed recoverable in the first six months. Skip tracing (locating some of the debtors) accounts may be utilized by the collector. Offers of settlements may be made to the debtors of up to fifty percent of the debt to entice payment.

Restructuring. When the collection efforts are exhausted on accounts, usually 4 to 6 months after purchase, a new effort is initiated to restructure the existing debt. Debtors are encouraged to restructure the outstanding debt at lower monthly payments than previously expected to pay; by forgiving accrued interest to date.

Correspondence. Regular collection notices and demand notices are mailed, generating a fluctuating degree of response and remittance. An initial notice is sent to the entire portfolio base, which notifies the debtors of the change of debt holder, and further warns of the possibility of other collection remedies for continued non-payment. From there, notices are collector generated befitting the individual circumstances.

Portfolio Sale. Approximately 70% of the original portfolio will be sold, which includes all of the accounts that are determined to be uncollectible at that time. In order to improve cash flows, the Company intends to sell these accounts every 120 to 160 days from the date of the portfolio purchase. The company has developed several outlets to sell this residual product, which represents 1% to 2% of remaining face amount.

MISSION

The Company intends to purchase non-performing credit card debt portfolios from debt resellers and brokers. The Company intends to produce earned revenue equal to a return of 9% to 12% of the face of the portfolio within 6 months. The Company intends to sell the uncollected portion of the portfolio for 1% to 2% of the remaining face amount after 120 days from the purchase date.

KEYS TO SUCCESS

1. Purchase portfolios at or near 1.5% to 3% of face value.
2. Collect 9% to 12% of the face value.

3. Sell uncollected portion of the portfolio for 1% to 2% of the remaining face value (Included in # 2 above).
4. Keep cost of outsourced collections to 35% or less of collections.

MILESTONES

File an S-1 to register and sell, if a public market develops, common stock to raise up to \$500,000.00. To become effective by April 1, 2011. We estimate that, if a market develops, it will take 3 to 6 months to raise these funds.

Once we have raised at least \$250,000.00 we will hire a management team member with debt collection experience to supervise our contract collectors. We estimate that, if a market develops, it will take 4 months to raise these funds and hire this person. Date is now August 1, 2011.

Contract with debt collection firm or firms. The contracts with the collections agencies used to collect the debt will contain a provision that the agency will receive a percentage of the amounts collected on each account. This fee will be a matter of negotiations. Credex will not agree to pay the agency more than 35% of the amount collected on each account. We estimate this to take 1 month. The date is now September 1, 2011.

Purchase portfolio(s) We estimate this to take 1 month. The date is now October 1, 2011.

Collection efforts begin. The date is now October 1, 2011.

Purchase Primary and Secondary at a price not to exceed 3% of the face value of the portfolios that is credit card debt only.

Use collection agencies for all collections with a fixed cost not to exceed 35% of what is collected.

Create Planned Payment Arrangements (PPA) for up to six months.

Sell the remainder of the portfolio, deemed uncollectible, after six months.

INDUSTRY ANALYSIS

Charge-off credit card debt volume has grown from \$3 billion in 1991 to \$22 billion in 1999. From 1999 to 2002 it grew to \$60 billion and as of June, 2003 it reached \$73 billion. The total credit card debt outstanding as of March, 2009 was \$939.6 billion dollars according to Federal Reserve data, of which approximately 10% or approximately \$94 billion was delinquent. 181 Million Americans hold an average of 5.4 credit cards with an average debt of \$1,157 per card or \$6,247 per person. The average household debt was \$10,697 as of December, 2008. The above statistics were taken from Nilson Reports, dated March and April, 2009, the census bureau and Experian, dated March, 2009.

INDUSTRY PARTICIPANTS

There are approximately 3,000 active buyers (including collection law firms) of non-performing credit card debt. They range from companies that buy very large blocks of charge-offs at different age levels to small companies that buy in face amounts of \$300,000 to \$10 million portfolios. Small collection law firms buy as few as forty accounts at a time. They typically buy them for debtors in the Counties in which they normally practice and simply file a law suite against the debtors immediately (usually small claims court up to \$5,000). They use the intimidation of the law suit to force collection in part or in full. The cost of filing fees and service of process can easily add up to \$100 to the cost of the individual account. The major publicly traded debt buyers and collectors are all listed on Nasdaq and include Asta Funding (ASFI), Asset Acceptance Capital Corp. (AACC), Encore Capital Group (ECPG), First City Financial (FCFC) and Portfolio Recovery Associates (PRAA). These companies use a combination of inside collectors, outside collection agencies and attorneys in their collection process.

The buyers of larger portfolios now include more brokers, wholesalers and debt resellers that do not participate in the collection process. These companies will segment the portfolios by states or regions, age, number of accounts and account size so the accounts in the purchased portfolio can be sold to smaller buyers, which now make up a large percentage of buying market. Many of these portfolios can be seen and acquired over the internet.

COMPETITIVE COMPARISON

Competition occurs only in respect to purchasing the portfolios. The Company will be able to be competitive in part because of the expertise of its proposed collection agency vendors who will also review our proposed portfolio purchases prior to our purchasing small portfolios. We can not compete in the purchase of large portfolios because of our lack of large amounts of capital. Small portfolios of debt are readily available from brokers and wholesalers at competitive prices.

COMPETITION AND BUYING PATTERNS

The purchase of the large portfolios is usually by sealed bid. Some major buyers do have certain credit card issuers tied up with forward purchase agreements. However, now smaller portfolios are bought through negotiation with the seller, rather than a sealed bid. All portfolios accounts can be reviewed by the buyer prior to purchase. All portfolios are reviewed and scored for yield probability before bidding. All of the accounts that a buyer has agreed to purchase are scrubbed in order to eliminate accounts that are in bankruptcy or the creditor is deceased.

MAIN COMPETITORS

There are over 3,000 debt buyers of varying size and capital capabilities that buy credit card debt of small to medium portfolios. Because the Company intends to negotiate with several debt sellers, the Company may not know who it is competing against. On the other hand, the large debt buyers are not competitors of the Company, because the Company does not intend to buy large portfolios. However, some of the large buyers that segment the portfolios that they purchase for resale could be future providers of portfolios to the Company.

MARKET ANALYSIS

The concept of buying and selling bad debts is not new, but technology and better management methods have changed the practice, making it more attractive for the investor. This analysis will examine the fundamentals of this business and some of the key issues that determine success or failure.

The availability of non-performing credit card debt can be characterized as unending. So long as the American economy is credit based, there will always be delinquency to varying degrees. If delinquency rates of credit card issuers were to decline (implying less product for sale), market forces would move to increase their share by lowering standards thereby once again increasing delinquency rates. This cycle of tightening and loosening standards would inversely affect the price paid for product.

Businesses that generate consumer debt have always been faced with the problem of delinquent accounts or charge-offs and write-offs and for years assigned these accounts to collection agencies. These agencies collect a fee of approximately 33% to 35% of the amount they collect. For the owner of the "paper" though, this system has drawbacks. Although the costs are fixed, it may take months or years to recover a portion of the debt.

The result has been that companies increasingly prefer to sell their debts rather than assign it, and that has created opportunity for those skilled at collection methods. In a typical purchase of bad debts, a block of accounts are acquired at a very steep discount. The price might range from 1 cent to 10 cents on the dollar, for instance. The new owner then collects as much as he can, keeping all of the proceeds.

Since these accounts have usually been worked by someone else, it is vital that the purchaser have a professional approach to the classification and management of the accounts in order to maximize return. For instance, computers are now used extensively to analyze the collect ability of accounts. The seller provides to the buyer a database of accounts on tape, disk or email, which is then fed into the buyer's computer. This, in turn, reads the files, producing a statistical profile which management can evaluate, based on their experience and knowledge of the industry.

The end result is that a value is assigned to the portfolio, representing the likely ultimate collection possible. This enables the buyer to fix a price on the accounts that will yield the desired profit. If the seller agrees, ownership changes hands and the buyer begins to work the accounts.

The following table, published by "Inside ARM" on March 24, 2009, by Kaulkin and Ginsberg, shows the rate decline ranges in portfolio pricing from 2008 to 2009 and the 2009 price predictions. The price ranges are based on confirmed transactions as well as anecdotal discussions with debt buyers and credit issuers.

	Price Range Jan. 2008	Price Range Jan. 2009	Price Decline	2009 Price Predictions
Fresh	\$.09 - \$.12	\$.055 - \$.075	33% - 40%	\$.04 - \$.06
Primary (Firsts)	\$.08 - \$.08	\$.035 - \$.05	20% - 40%	\$.025 - \$.04
Secondary (Seconds)	\$.03 - \$.05	\$.02 - \$.03	20% - 33%	\$.015 - \$.025
Tertiary (Thirds)	\$.0125- \$.03	\$.01 - \$.02	20% - 33%	\$.0075-\$.015
Quads	\$.005 - \$.0125	\$.004 - \$.01	20% - 33%	\$.003-\$.0075

In addition to the purely statistical exercise of establishing value, a buyer must also consider a number of subjective factors before acquiring a portfolio.

* Age of debt. Generally, the older the debt, the more difficult it may be to find the debtor.

* Source of debt. The underwriting standard of the original issuer has a bearing on the ability to collect effectively.

* Proof of debt. The original documentation may be lost, but some form of proof is preferable, but not always available.

* Location of debtor. Debtors who reside in areas where a high concentration of homeowners are found are more desirable than those living in areas with high turnover.

* History of work on the account. Accounts that have been extensively worked are less likely to be profitable to a buyer.

A number of legal considerations attend the purchase of bad debts. These include assurance of available documentation, representations that balances are correct, identification of the debtors and the ability to return accounts to the seller where debtors are found to be bankrupt, deceased or the account has been satisfied by the debtor. The time period in which such accounts can be returned is negotiable, usually 30 days after purchase.

The determination of which accounts to keep and which to sell, and at what stage of development to sell, now becomes critical to the profitability of the venture. Once a portfolio of

accounts has been acquired, the accounts are classified: those which will require a disproportionate amount of collection effort are typically resold to collection agencies, attorneys and others at below cost. Those which will return the greatest net proceeds are retained.

The next task is to work the accounts. Generally, this means contacting the debtor by mail and by phone. Most of the accounts purchased will have been sold because normal mail and phone contact has failed. This would be due to the debtors having "skipped," because of incomplete data, or the fact that the account has somehow deteriorated to the point that legal action or resale of the account may be necessary.

Once the debtor has been contacted, the collection representative makes arrangement for repayment of the debt. In many cases the reasons why the account went into default have now been resolved. These include loss of job, divorce, illness with extensive medical bills and over extension of credit. The task of the collector is to use an approach that will be effective with the debtor, such as:

- * recognition of settlements and debt refinancing that may aid the debtor by restoring credit.
- * focusing on a relationship approach rather than strong arm tactics.
- * capitalizing on the debtors improved circumstances that may allow the debtor to apply for a credit to resolve prior debts.

MANAGEMENT

Identification of Directors:

Name	Age	Position Held with Company	Elected
Janine Weller	49	Director	May 28, 2010
Denise Leonardo	48	Director	October 24, 2007
Julie Ann Goodwin	49	Director	May 28, 2010
Steven G. Salmond	61	Director	August 21, 2010

Directors are elected by the shareholders at each annual meeting.
Identification of Officers:

Name	Age	Position Held with Company	Elected
------	-----	-------------------------------	---------

Denise Leonardo	48	President, CEO	May 28, 2010*
Steven G. Salmond	61	Secretary and Treasurer, CFO	August 21, 2010

* Ms. Leonardo served as Treasurer, Chief Financial Officer and Director of the Company from her appointment on October 24, 2007 until May 28, 2010 when she was elected President. Her responsibilities included oversight over internal controls, financial reporting and compliance with state and federal laws.

Officers of the Company serve at the will of the Board of Directors. Presently the Company has no employment contract with any of its officers.

Brief biographies of the officers and directors of the Company are set forth below. Each director holds office until the next annual meeting or until his death, resignation, retirement, removal, disqualification or until a successor has been elected and qualified. Vacancies in the existing board are filled by a majority of the remaining directors.

None of the officers or directors hold directorships in any other Company.

Of the officers and directors only Mr. Salmond has any experience in management of a public company.

Denise Leonardo, President - Ms. Leonardo served as Treasurer, Chief Financial Officer and Director of the Company from her appointment on October 24, 2007 until May 28, 2010 when she was elected President. Her responsibilities included oversight over internal controls, financial reporting and compliance with state and federal laws.

Ms. Leonardo received the designation of CSOX (Certificate in Sarbanes-Oxley) in December, 2006 from the SOX Institute of the Sarbanes-Oxley Group, Clifton, New Jersey.

Ms. Leonardo has been the president of DL Consultants, Inc., Palm Beach, FL from 2005 thru the present. She oversees all aspects of the business. The Company provides direction to clients regarding the requirements of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 and aids clients in the way they communicate their financial information by cultivating, edgarizing and filing SEC Form filings and Private Placement Memorandum documents.

From 2003 thru 2005, Ms. Leonardo was employed with American Capital Holdings, Inc. and IS Direct Agency, Palm Beach, FL. She assisted in the creation of ten (10) public development stage companies and developed a human resource department and financial department procedures. She implemented Sarbanes-Oxley compliance and was responsible for compiling and formatting financial data into SEC Form structure, edgarize and filing SEC documents.

She also created the insurance department at IS Direct Agency as a licensed entity/producer and agent/producer in 39 and 48 states respectively. She was also responsible for maintaining investor communications and relations.

From 1991 thru 2004, Ms. Leonardo owned and operated Leonardo Yacht Maintenance, Palm Beach, FL. She developed a team to provide service for detailing and maintenance of vessels throughout Palm Beach County, FL.

Ms. Leonardo was director of sales and service at Venus Interiors, Flagler Beach, FL and sales rep at Sunflooring, Inc., Tampa, FL from 1981 thru 1991. She was responsible for sales and service to the retail and wholesale markets.

Ms. Leonardo in 2006 was Sarbanes-Oxley Certified and attained from the State of Florida, a Life, Health & Annuity Insurance License in 2005.

Ms. Leonardo attended Palm Beach Community College in 2005 for Financial Accounting. From 2000 thru 2001, she attained an AS Degree in Computer Programming and DB Design while being listed on the Dean's and president's List.

Julie Goodwin, Director - Since 1999 to present, Mrs. Goodwin studies stock market and economic trends using technical chart analysis methods while successfully trading in self-directed accounts.

She employed in opening investment accounts with Charlestown Savings Bank, Boston 1980. She married and relocated to Nova Scotia, Canada 1981. Mrs. Goodwin co-owned and managed a lobster and boat building businesses from 1981 to 2000. Through home-schooling, she educated her four children utilizing Montessori Methodology from 1985-2005.

Mrs. Goodwin graduated with honors from Malden High School, class of 1978, then, majored in French and Education at

University of Massachusetts, Amherst 1978-1980. Mrs. Goodwin Attended Centre International d'Etudes Francais in Angers, France, Spring 1980.

Janine Weller, Director - Ms. Weller has been National Graphic Design Director for Sonoco CorrFlex, from 2007 to present, operating from the Glen Rock, NJ sales & design office. She is responsible for creative leadership and development of graphic designers and 3D rendering specialists, focused on creating innovative, best in class, award-winning solutions for customers in a variety of industries.

Through successful development and implementation of best practices, she has unified designers of different disciplines, training and geographic locations across the US to work as a team, leveraging design resources to meet customer expectations.

Ms. Weller joined Sonoco CorrFlex, the point-of-purchase merchandising display division of Sonoco, a global manufacturer of industrial and consumer products and provider of packaging services in 2003, as senior graphic designer.

Starting in 2000, Ms. Weller served as graphic designer at ADC. Purchased by Alliance/Rock-Tenn in 2001, she was retained as senior graphic designer through March 2003. Prior to 2000, Ms. Weller has continuously held a variety of positions in the graphic design and advertising fields including in-house, agency, studio and consulting.

Ms. Weller is a 1983 graduate of Pratt Institute with a B.F.A. degree with honors in art direction.

Steven G. Salmond - Mr. Salmond has consulted small businesses on accounting and related systems including setup of accounting system, transfer of accounting records to new systems, and training of staff in the new systems. He has also in the private sector of accounting performed accounts receivable, accounts payable, payroll, general journal adjustments and prepared financial statements for both publicly and privately held companies. Mr. Salmond has been Chief Financial Officer ("CFO") or consultant in several public companies reporting under the 1934 Securities Act. Mr. Salmond was the CFO in Lincoln Floorplanning Company, Inc. and consulted the CFO of United Park City Mines for its 1934 filings. Lincoln was a small company with no continuous operations. United Park was a New York Stock Exchange company with real estate development operation until it was taken private. He has managed personnel

in accounting departments as well as work under the management of accounting to perform the work to be completed. Mr. Salmond has experience in oil and gas, timber harvesting, mining, real estate development, water purification equipment manufacture and service, computer software training, marketing, and health spas. Mr. Salmond was an audit partner in a small accounting practice. He audited oil and gas, mining, health spas, printing, fast food and startup companies. Most of the audits were for publicly traded companies with some filing with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission. He graduated with a B.S. Degree in Accounting in 1975 from Weber State University located in Ogden, Utah.

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EXECUTIVE COMPENSATION

Description Name and Principal Position (a)	Name (1) Janine Weller	Name (2) Denise Leonardo	Name (3) Julie Ann Goodwin	Name (4) Steven G. Salmond	Name (5) James H. Bashaw R.	Name (6) Richard Cook
Year (b)	2009	2009	2009	2009	2009	2009
Salary (\$) (c)	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$6,200	\$ 0
Bonus (\$) (d)	0	0	0	0	0	0
Stock Awards (\$) (e)	0	0	0	0	0	0
Option Awards (\$) (f)	0	0	0	0	0	0
Non-equity Incentive Plan Compensation (\$) (g)	0	0	0	0	0	0
Change in pension value and Non- Qualified deferred compensation earnings (\$) (h)	0	0	0	0	0	0
All other compensation (\$) (i)	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total (\$) (j)	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$6,200	\$ 0
Year (b)	6/30/2010	6/30/2010	6/30/2010	6/30/2010	6/30/2010	6/30/2010
Salary (\$) (c)	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$2,400	\$ 0
Bonus (\$) (d)	0	0	0	0	0	0
Stock Awards (\$) (e)	0	0	0	0	0	0
Option Awards (\$) (f)	0	0	0	0	0	0
Non-equity Incentive Plan Compensation (\$) (g)	0	0	0	0	0	0
Change in pension value and Non- Qualified deferred compensation earnings (\$) (h)	0	0	0	0	0	0
All other compensation (\$) (i)	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total (\$) (j)	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$2,400	\$ 0

(1) Director from May 28, 2010

(2) President and Director (CEO) from May 28, 2010 and past Secretary/Treasurer (CFO) from 2005 to May 28, 2010

(3) Director from May 28, 2010

(4) Secretary/Treasurer (CFO) and Director from August 21, 2010

(5) Past President and Director (CEO), died on May 15, 2010. President and Director from 2005 to May 15, 2010 (Death Date)

(6) Past Secretary/Treasurer (CFO) from May 28, 2010 to August 21, 2010; Director from 2005 to August 21, 2010

There was no compensation paid to Officers or Directors in 2008

(c) The named officer received payments in cash only

Future salaries of the officers and directors will be set by the Board of Directors depending upon the financial condition of the company, and may include bonuses, health insurance and other compensation as the Board of Directors may award. Out-of-pocket expenses are defined as the monies expended on behalf of the company while engaged in Company Business such as travel expenses and items purchased for use by the Company.

PRINCIPAL SHAREHOLDERS:

Title of Class	Name and Address of Beneficial Owner	Amount and Nature of Beneficial Owner	Percent
Common stock	Steven G. Salmond (1) 454 Treemont Drive Orange City, FL 32763	2,958,625	52.29%
Common stock	Denise Leonardo 9266 Keating Drive Palm Beach Gardens, FL 33410	300,000	5.30%
Common stock	Julie Ann Goodwin 232 Trickey Pond Rd. Naples, ME 04055	253,100	4.47%
Common stock	Janine Weller 415 Macopin Road West Milford, NJ 07480	350,000	6.19%
Common stock	Officers and Directors as a group	3,861,725	68.25%

(1) See "Certain Relationships and Related Party Transactions"

CERTAIN RELATIONSHIPS AND RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

No officer or director is related to or has any relationship with any other officer or director.

Credex has entered into a management contract with Cypress. This contract provides that Cypress will provide operational support to Credex and to take Credex Public through Form 10 and S-1 filings with the Securities and Exchange Commission. Cypress will return the shares it owns to Treasury Stock upon completion of its contract obligations and receiving payment in

full for its services. Cypress is a Nevada, LLC formed on July 7, 2010 with three members. As part of the agreement Steven G. Salmond, a member of Cypress Bend, was installed as Secretary, treasurer, CFO and Director of Credex. Cypress has a business plan to provide services similar to those provided to Credex. Credex is Cypress's first client.

The contract with Cypress Bend Executive Services, LLC was negotiated between Credex's CEO, Denise Leonardo and Timothy L. Kuker of Cypress. The Contract was approved by Credex's Board. None of the voting members have any relationship with Cypress. Mr. Cook abstained from voting on the matter of the agreement. Credex believes the negotiation was arms length and the terms of the agreement are at least as favorable to Credex as could have been obtained with an unrelated party. The Company has entered into subscription agreements to sell its stock as shown in Item 10 and exhibit 10.1.

LEGAL PROCEEDINGS

Credex is not involved in any litigation or any material legal proceeding. No Officer or Director is involved in any litigation or any material legal proceeding.

OTHER EXPENSES OF ISSUANCE AND DISTRIBUTION

Credex is bearing the costs of issuance and distribution of the shares being sold in this prospectus. Credex estimates the costs for the transfer agent to range between \$2,000 and \$3,000.

INDEMNIFICATION OF DIRECTORS AND OFFICERS

There is no statute, charter provision, by-law, contract or other arrangement under which any controlling person, director or officer of the registrant is insured or indemnified in any manner against liability which he may incur in his capacity as such, other than Florida Statute 607.0850. This statute allows the Company to Indemnify Officers and Directors in the case of good faith errors.

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION INDEMNIFICATION DISCLOSURE

Insofar as indemnification for liabilities arising under the Securities Act of 1933 may be permitted to directors, officers or persons controlling the registrant pursuant to the foregoing provisions, the registrant has been informed that in the opinion of the Securities and Exchange Commission such indemnification

is against public policy as expressed in the Act and is therefore unenforceable.

RECENT SALES OF UNREGISTERED SECURITIES

The authorized equity of Credex Corporation consists of 100 million Shares, \$.001 par value per share, of which 5,899,250 shares are issued and outstanding to officers, directors and private individuals for cash and services rendered from inception (September 2, 2005) through November 19, 2010.

The sale of all of this unregistered stock was not pursuant to any public offering. The stock was not advertised in any media. No solicitation in any form was made to the general public.

Credex Corporation Sale of Investment

Title of Stock	Date	Shares Issued	Share Price	Amount Paid	Subscribed	Services
Common	09/09/2005	10,000	\$0.100	\$1,000		
Common	10/24/2007	2,240,000	\$0.010	\$16,131		
Common	10/24/2007	250,000	\$0.010	\$1,800		
Common	04/04/2008	50,000*	\$0.020	\$1,000		
Common	07/07/2008	25,000*	\$0.020	\$500		
Common	07/28/2008	25,000*	\$0.020	\$500		
Common	08/16/2008	15,000*	\$0.020	\$300		
Common	09/06/2008	50,000*	\$0.020	\$1,000		
Common	09/21/2008	10,000*	\$0.020	\$200		
Common	10/01/2008	10,000*	\$0.020	\$200		
Common	10/17/2008	15,000*	\$0.020	\$300		
Common	12/31/2008	150,000*	\$0.020	\$3,000		
Common	06/22/2009	10,000	\$0.020	\$200		
Common	06/22/2009	10,000	\$0.020	\$200		
Common	06/29/2009	50,000	\$0.020	\$1,000		
Common	06/29/2009	50,000	\$0.020	\$1,000		
Common	06/29/2009	100,000	\$0.020	\$2,000		
Common	06/29/2009	50,000	\$0.020	\$1,000		
Common	06/29/2009	50,000	\$0.020	\$1,000		
Common	06/29/2009	100,000	\$0.020	\$2,000		
Common	07/22/2009	10,000	\$0.020	\$200		
Common	08/04/2009	100,000	\$0.020	\$2,000		
Common	09/19/2009	10,000	\$0.020	\$200		
Common	10/07/2009	10,000	\$0.020	\$200		
Common	10/07/2009	50,000	\$0.020	\$1,000		
Common	10/07/2009	50,000	\$0.020	\$1,000		
Common	11/19/2009	45,500	\$0.020	\$910		
Common	12/15/2009	20,000	\$0.020	\$400		
Common	02/22/2010	30,000	\$0.020	\$600		
Common	03/16/2010	12,500	\$0.020	\$250		
Common	04/14/2010	100,000	\$0.020	\$2,000		
Common	04/30/2010	125,000	\$0.020	\$2,500		
Common	07/12/2010	1,500,000	\$0.113	\$0	\$0	\$200,000**
Common	08/30/2010	12,500	\$0.040	\$500		
Common	08/30/2010	25,000	\$0.040	\$1,000		
Common	08/23/2010	125,000	\$0.040	\$5,000		
Common	09/03/2010	25,000	\$0.040	\$1,000		

Common	09/03/2010	62,500	\$0.040	\$2,500		
Common	09/03/2010	25,000	\$0.040	\$1,000		
Common	09/03/2010	25,000	\$0.040	\$1,000		
Common	09/03/2010	25,000	\$0.040	\$1,000		
Common	10/05/2010	56,250	\$0.040	\$2,250		
Common	10/05/2010	10,000	\$0.040	\$400		
Common	11/04/2010	150,000	\$0.040	\$6,000		
Common	11/06/2010	25,000	\$0.040	\$1,000		
		5,889,250		\$68,241	\$0	\$200,000*

* Shares sold under Reg D. The remaining shares were sold under the Private Placement Memorandum.

**Stock issued as part of a service agreement for future services with Cypress Bend Executive Services, LLC. Refer to "Disclosure of Contracted Obligations."

Such shares were issued pursuant to the exemption from registration contained in Section 4(2) of the Securities.

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REPORT OF INDEPENDENT REGISTERED CERTIFIED
PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM

To the Board of Directors
Credex Corporation
Orange City, Florida

We have audited the accompanying balance sheets of Credex Corporation (a development stage company) as of December 31, 2009 and 2008, and the related statements of operations, stockholders' equity (deficit), and cash flows for the years then ended and for the period from inception, September 2, 2005, to December 31, 2009. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits.

We conducted our audits in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards as established by the Auditing Standards Board (United States) and in accordance with the auditing standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States). Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. The Company is not required to have, nor were we engaged to perform, an audit of its internal control over financial reporting. Our audit included consideration of internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements, assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Credex Corporation as of December 31, 2009 and 2008, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the years then ended and for the period from inception, September 2, 2005, to December 31, 2009 in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

The accompanying financial statements have been prepared assuming that the Company will continue as a going concern. As discussed in Note D to the financial statements, the Company is in the development stage and has suffered recurring losses from operations. These conditions raise substantial doubt about its ability to continue as a going concern. Management's plans regarding those matters are also described in Note D. The financial statements do not include any adjustments that might result from the outcome of this uncertainty.

/s/ Moss, Krusick & Associates, LLC

October 6, 2010

Winter Park, Florida

Credex Corporation
(A Development Stage Company)
BALANCE SHEETS
September 30, 2010, [Unaudited] and December 31, 2009

ASSETS

	September 30, 2010	December 31, 2009	December 31, 2008
	----- (Unaudited)	-----	-----
CURRENT ASSETS:			
Cash	\$ 8,287	\$ 2,185	\$ 3,390
	-----	-----	-----
Total Assets	\$ 8,287	\$ 2,185	\$ 3,390
	=====	=====	=====

LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY (DEFICIT)

CURRENT LIABILITIES:			
Accounts payable	\$ 2,500	\$ 2,500	\$ 3,000
	-----	-----	-----
Total Current Liabilities	2,500	2,500	3,000
	-----	-----	-----
STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY (DEFICIT):			
Common stock, \$0.001 par value; 100,000,000 authorized shares, 5,658,000, 3,565,500 and 2,850,000 shares issued and outstanding at June 30, 2010 and December 31, 2009 and 2008, respectively	5,658	3,565	2,850
Additional paid in capital	252,933	36,676	23,081
Less common stock subscription receivable	(200,000)	0	0
Accumulated deficit during the development stage	(52,804)	(40,556)	(25,541)
	-----	-----	-----
Total Stockholders' Equity (Deficit)	5,787	(315)	390
	-----	-----	-----
Total Liabilities and Stockholders' Equity (Deficit)	\$ 8,287	\$ 2,185	\$ 3,390
	=====	=====	=====

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Credex Corporation

(A Development Stage Company)

STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS

For Periods from Inception [September 2, 2005] to September 30, 2010

	Nine Months Ended September 30,		Years Ended December 31		Cumulative from Inception to September 30, 2010
	2010	2009	2009	2008	
	(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)			(Unaudited)
REVENUE:					
Finance income	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 15,417
Consulting income	0	0	0	0	8,000
Total Revenue	0	0	0	0	23,417
EXPENSES:					
Travel	0	1,651	2,050	675	6,882
Office expenses	1,993	1,547	1,765	658	8,035
Telephone	257	0	0	0	2,579
Professional fees (see Note E)	8,668	9,200	11,200	5,274	33,965
Advertising	0	0	0	0	350
Portfolio purchase	0	0	0	0	21,000
Seminar	0	0	0	0	1,585
Rent	1,330	0	0	396	1,858
Total Expenses	12,248	12,398	15,015	7,003	76,254
Operating Loss	(12,248)	(12,398)	(15,015)	(7,003)	(52,837)
OTHER INCOME:					
Interest income	-0-	-0-	-0-	2	33
Net loss before income taxes	(12,248)	(12,398)	(15,015)	(7,001)	(52,804)
INCOME TAXES	-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-
Net Loss	\$ (12,248)	\$ (12,398)	\$ (15,015)	\$ (7,001)	\$ (52,804)
Basic net loss per share	\$ (0.003)	\$ (0.004)	\$ (0.005)	\$ (0.003)	
Weighted average number of shares outstanding (000's)	4,211	3,018	3,143	2,589	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Credex Corporation

(A Development Stage Company)

STATEMENTS OF STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY (DEFICIT)

For Periods from Inception [September 2, 2005] to September 30, 2010

	Common Stock		Additional	Stock	Development	Total
	Shares	Amount	Paid-in Capital	Subscription Receivable	Stage Deficit	Stockholders' Equity
	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
September 2, 2005, Date of Incorporation	0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0
Shares purchased for cash at \$0.001 per share	10,000	10	990	0	0	1,000
Net loss for year ended December 31, 2005	0	0	0	0	(8,397)	(8,397)
	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
Balances - December 31, 2005	10,000	10	990	0	(8,397)	(7,397)
Net loss for year ended December 31, 2006	0	0	0	0	(8,056)	(8,056)
	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
Balances - December 31, 2006	10,000	10	990	0	(16,453)	(15,453)
Stockholder loan used to purchase shares at \$0.0072 per share	2,490,000	2,490	15,441	0	0	17,931
Net loss for year ended December 31, 2007	0	0	0	0	(2,087)	(2,087)
	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
Balances - December 31, 2007	2,500,000	2,500	16,431	0	(18,540)	391
Shares issued for cash at \$0.02 per share	350,000	350	6,650	0	0	7,000
Net loss for year ended December 31, 2008	0	0	0	0	(7,001)	(7,001)
	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
Balances - December 31, 2008	2,850,000	2,850	23,081	0	(25,541)	390
Shares issued for cash at \$0.02 per share	715,500	715	13,595	0	0	14,310
Net loss for year ended December 31, 2009	0	0	0	0	(15,015)	(15,015)
	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
Balances - December 31, 2009	3,565,500	3,565	36,676	0	(40,556)	(315)
Shares issued for cash at \$0.02 per share (unaudited)	267,500	268	5,082	0	0	5,350
Shares issued for cash at \$0.04 per share (unaudited)	325,000	325	12,675	0	0	13,000
Shares issued for future services at \$0.113 per share (unaudited)	1,500,000	1,500	198,500	(200,000)	0	0
Net loss for period ended September 30, 2010 (unaudited)	0	0	0	0	(12,248)	(12,248)
	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
Balances - September 30, 2010 (unaudited)	5,658,000	\$5,658	\$252,933	\$ (200,000)	\$ (52,804)	\$ 5,787
	=====	=====	=====	=====	=====	=====

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Credex Corporation

(A Development Stage Company)

STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

For Periods from Inception [September 2, 2005] to September 30, 2010

	Nine Months Ended September 30,		Years Ended December 31		Cumulative from Inception to September 30,
	2010	2009	2009	2008	2010
	(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)			(Unaudited)
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES					
Net loss	\$ (12,248)	\$ (12,398)	\$ (15,015)	\$ (7,001)	\$ (52,804)
Adjustments to reconcile net loss to net cash Used by operations:					
Decrease in security deposits	-0-	-0-	-0-	198	-0-
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable	-0-	500	(500)	3,000	2,500
Net Cash Used by Operating Activities	(12,248)	(12,898)	(15,515)	(3,803)	(50,304)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES					
Proceeds from stockholder loan	-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-	46,828
Repayment of stockholder loan	-0-	-0-	-0-	(1,000)	(28,897)
Sale of common stock	18,350	10,800	14,310	7,000	40,660
Net Cash Provided by Financing Activities	18,350	10,800	14,310	6,000	58,591
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash	6,102	(2,098)	(1,205)	2,197	8,287
Cash and Equivalents, Beginning of Period	2,185	3,390	3,390	1,193	-0-
Cash and Equivalents, End of Period	\$ 8,287	\$ 1,292	\$ 2,185	\$ 3,390	\$ 8,287
SUPPLEMENTAL CASH FLOW INFORMATION:					
Cash paid for interest	\$ -0-	\$ -0-	\$ -0-	\$ -0-	\$ -0-
Cash paid for income taxes	\$ -0-	\$ -0-	\$ -0-	\$ -0-	\$ -0-
SIGNIFICANT NON-CASH ACTIVITIES:					
Stockholder loan contributed to capital for common Stock	\$ -0-	\$ -0-	\$ -0-	\$ -0-	\$17,931
Common stock issued for future services / stock subscription receivable	\$200,000	\$ -0-	\$ -0-	\$ -0-	\$200,000

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Credex Corporation
(A Development Stage Company)
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
September 30, 2010 (Unaudited) and December 31, 2009 and 2008

NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

1 Organization and Purpose

Credex Corporation, (the "Company") was incorporated in the State of Florida on September 2, 2005. The Company is presently engaged in market research regarding the cost and availability of non-performing credit card portfolios including current market prices for the sales of portfolios deemed non-collectable at the time of sale. The Company is exploring avenues for raising capital in order to put its business plan into effect. The Company has a December 31 year-end. The Company's principal office is in Orange City, Florida.

2 Development Stage

The Company is currently a development stage entity as defined under accounting standards, as it continues development activities related to non-performing credit card portfolios. As required for development stage enterprises, the statements of operations, cash flows and changes in stockholder's equity (deficit) are presented on a cumulative basis from inception.

3 Revenue Recognition

The Company recognizes revenue from purchased non-performing receivables in accordance with accounting standards on the accounting for certain loans or debt securities acquired in a transfer. The Company will use the cost recovery method and recognize income only after it has recovered its carrying value of purchased non-performing receivables. There can be no assurance as to when or if the carrying value will be recovered. Recognition of income using the interest method would be dependent on the Company having the ability to develop reasonable expectations of both the timing and amount of cash flows to be collected. Due to uncertainties related to the expected timing of the collections of older non-performing receivables purchased as a result of the economic environment and the lack of validation of certain account components, the Company determined that it will not have the ability to develop reasonable expectations of timing of cash flows to be collected.

4 Cash and Equivalents

For purposes of the statement of cash flows, the Company considers all highly liquid investments with original maturities of less than three months to be cash equivalents.

5 Financial Instruments

Financial instruments consist of bank deposits. The carrying amount of financial instruments approximates fair value due to short-term maturities and market interest rates.

6 Advertising

The Company expenses advertising and promotions costs as they are incurred.

7 Concentrations of Credit Risk

The Company maintains its cash in a bank deposit account in a bank which participates in the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) Transaction Account Guarantee Program, which provides separate FDIC coverage on the full balance of personal and non-personal checking accounts, so long as they are not interest-bearing. Under that program, through September 30, 2010, all non-interest bearing accounts were fully guaranteed by the FDIC for the full balance in the account. Coverage is in addition to and separate from the \$250,000 coverage available under FDIC's general deposit insurance rules. After December 31, 2013, balances up to \$100,000 will be insured. As of September 30, 2010 (unaudited) and December 31, 2009 and 2008, the Company had no balances in excess of federally insured limits.

8 Earnings per Share

Basic earnings per share is computed by dividing net income available to common stockholders by the weighted average number of common stock shares outstanding during the year. Diluted EPS is computed by dividing net income available to common stockholders by the weighted average number of common stock shares outstanding during the year plus potential dilutive instruments such as stock options and warrants. The Company has no dilutive instruments outstanding.

9 Income Taxes

The Company follows Section 740-10-30 of the FASB Accounting Standards Codification, which requires recognition of deferred tax assets and liabilities for the expected future tax consequences of events that have been included in the financial statements or tax returns.

Under this method, deferred tax assets and liabilities are based on the differences between the financial statement and tax bases of assets and liabilities using enacted tax rates in effect for the year in which the differences are expected to reverse. Deferred tax assets are reduced by a valuation allowance to the extent management concludes it is more likely than not that the assets will not be realized. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured using enacted tax rates expected to apply to taxable income in the years in which those temporary differences are expected to be recovered or settled. The effect on deferred tax assets and liabilities of a change in tax rates is recognized in the Statements of Operations in the period that includes the enactment date.

The Company adopted section 740-10-25 of the Codification ("Section 740-10-25") which addresses the determination of whether tax benefits claimed or expected to be claimed on a tax return should be recorded in the financial statements. Under Section 740-10-25, the Company may recognize the tax benefit from an uncertain tax position only if it is more likely than not that the tax position will be sustained on examination by the taxing authorities, based on the technical merits of the position. The tax benefits recognized in the financial statements from such a position should be measured based on the largest benefit that has a greater than fifty percent (50%) likelihood of being realized upon ultimate settlement. Section 740-10-25 also provides guidance on de-recognition, classification, interest and penalties on income taxes, accounting in interim periods and requires increased disclosures. The Company had no material adjustments to its liabilities for unrecognized income tax benefits according to the provisions of Section 740-10-25.

10 Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and

liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

11 Recent Accounting Pronouncements Impacting Company

Effective October 15, 2009, the Company adopted the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") new Accounting Standard Codification ("ASC" or "Codification") as the single source of authoritative accounting guidance under the Generally Accepted Accounting Principles Topic. The ASC does not create new accounting and reporting guidance, rather it reorganizes U.S. GAAP pronouncements into approximately 90 topics within a consistent structure. All guidance in the ASC carries an equal level of authority. Relevant portions of authoritative content, issued by the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") for SEC reporting entities, have been included in the ASC. After the effective date of the Codification, all non-grandfathered, non-SEC accounting literature not included in the ASC was superseded and deemed non-authoritative. Adoption of the Codification also changed how the U.S. GAAP is referenced in financial statements.

In June 2009, the FASB issued SFAS 166, "Accounting for Transfers of Financial Assets" an amendment of SFAS 140 (FASB ASC Topic 860-10). SFAS 166 is intended to improve the relevance, representational faithfulness, and comparability of the information that a reporting entity provides in its financial statements about a transfer of financial assets: the effects of a transfer on its financial position, financial performance, and cash flows; and a transferor's continuing involvement, if any, in transferred financial assets. This statement must be applied as of the beginning of each reporting entity's first annual reporting period that begins after November 15, 2009. The adoption of SFAS 166 did not have an impact on the Company's financial statements.

Effective June 15, 2009, the Company adopted new guidance to the Subsequent Events - ASC Topic 855. The Subsequent Events Topic establishes general standards of accounting for and disclosure of events that occur after the balance sheet date but before financial statements are issued or are available to be issued.

In particular, the Subsequent Events Topic sets forth the period after the balance sheet date during which management of

an SEC reporting entity should evaluate events or transactions that may occur for potential recognition or disclosure in the financial statements, the circumstances under which an entity should recognize events or transactions occurring after the balance sheet date of its financial statements, and the disclosures that an entity should make about events or transactions that occurred after the balance sheet date. Entities are required to disclose the date through which subsequent events were evaluated as well as the date the financial statements were issued or available to be issued. Adoption of this guidance did not have any impact on the financial statements presented.

NOTE B - STOCKHOLDER'S EQUITY

At inception on September 2, 2005, the Company was authorized to have outstanding 10,000 shares of common stock at \$0.10 par value per share. On October 24, 2007, the Company amended its Articles of Incorporation to increase the maximum number of authorized common shares to 100,000,000 and changed the par value to \$0.001 per share, which has been retro-actively restated to \$0.001 in the accompanying financial statements.

The Company currently has forty stockholders of record as of September 30, 2010. As of September 30, 2010, the outstanding shares were 5,658,000. Share transactions subsequent to December 31, 2009, resulted in an increase in shares outstanding of 2,092,500 shares as follows:

Shares issued for cash at \$0.02 per share	267,500
Shares issued for cash at \$0.04 per share	325,000
Shares issued to Cypress Bend Executive Services, LLC ("Cypress")	1,500,000

	2,092,500
	=====

Additionally, ownership of 694,445 shares was transferred from a past officer/director to Cypress. This former officer/director is a member of Cypress. Another past officer/director who is deceased passed to his heirs 1,705,555 shares of which his heirs transferred 764,180 shares to Cypress. A total of 2,958,625 shares have been transferred to Cypress under a consulting management agreement with the Company. Upon completion of its services, Cypress is to be paid \$200,000 by the Company at which time Cypress will return these shares. (Refer to Note E - Related Party)

NOTE C - INCOME TAXES

Deferred income taxes result from temporary differences between the basis of assets and liabilities recognized for differences between the financial statements and tax basis thereon, and for the expected future tax benefits to be derived from net operating losses and tax credit carry-forwards. The Company has net operating losses and has recorded a valuation allowance equal to the tax benefit of the accumulated net operating losses, since it is uncertain that future taxable income will be realized during the applicable carry-forward periods. These benefits expire between 2025 and 2030.

The Company's deferred tax assets as of September 30, 2010 and December 31, 2010 and 2009 were as follows:

	September 30,	December 31,	
	2010	2009	2008
	-----	-----	-----
	(Unaudited)		
Deferred tax asset	\$ 19,900	\$ 15,300	\$ 9,600
Valuation allowance	(19,900)	(15,300)	(9,600)
	-----	-----	-----
Net Deferred Tax Asset	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0
	=====	=====	=====

NOTE D - GOING CONCERN

The accompanying financial statements have been prepared assuming that the Company will continue as a going concern. The Company's financial position and operating results raise substantial doubt about its ability to continue as a going concern. The Company is in the development stage and has sustained losses of \$52,804 (unaudited) since inception which raises substantial doubt about its ability to continue as a going concern. The ability of the Company to continue as a going concern is dependent upon expanding operations and obtaining additional capital and financing. Management's plan in this regard is to implement the Company's business plan and to secure additional funds through equity or debt financing. The financial statements do not include any adjustments that might be necessary if the Company is unable to continue as a going concern.

NOTE E - RELATED PARTY

A past shareholder of the Company had received fees for service in the nine months ended September 30, 2010, and the years ended

December 31, 2009 and 2008 in the amount of \$2,400, \$4,200, and \$0, respectively.

Effective July 12, 2010, the Company entered into a agreement for services with Cypress, a related party, whereby Cypress acts as consultant to:

1. Raise the necessary money for the Company to operate in the short term,
2. Prepare and file documents with the SEC to take the Company public,
3. Secure a transfer agent and market maker broker-dealer for the Company's stock,
4. Secure the necessary audits for the required filing documents, and
5. Provide day-to-day operational management of the Company.

In exchange for these services, which the Company anticipates will last for a six month period, the Company agreed to pay Cypress cash fees of \$200,000 as well as provide Cypress with 2,958,625 shares of its stock, which effectively transfers control of the Company to Cypress during this period. Also, as part of the contract Steven G. Salmond, a member of Cypress Bend, was installed as Secretary, Treasurer, CFO and Director of the Company. As a condition precedent, the fee liability does not become a liability or due until all the services stated in the agreement have been completed. Therefore, the Cypress liability will not be recorded until all the contracted services have been completed. Upon receipt of the cash payment of \$200,000, Cypress is to return the shares to the Company's treasury and the Company's former officers.

NOTE F - FILING WITH THE US SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

The Company has completed filing with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission one form to become public and is in the process of preparing a filing to be able to sell shares to the public. The Company filed a Form 10 under the Securities and Exchange Act of 1934 to start reporting its operations. In conjunction with the Form 10, the Company will file an S-1 under the Securities Act of 1933 to allow its shareholders to sell their shares to the public. The plan is for the Company to register 2,940,625 shares of existing shares outstanding with the shares to be sold to the public at \$0.25 per share. The costs for this offering are estimated to be less than \$10,000.

CHANGES IN AND DISAGREEMENTS WITH ACCOUNTANTS ON ACCOUNTING AND FINANCIAL DISCLOSURES

There are none.

EXPERTS

The financial statements of Credex Corporation for the period from inception, September 2, 2005, through December 31, 2009, included elsewhere in this Prospectus have been audited by Moss, Krusick & Associates, LLC, independent registered public accounting firm, as stated in its report appearing herein, and are included in reliance upon the report of such firm given upon its authority as experts in accounting and auditing. With respect to the unaudited financial statements of Credex Corporation as of September 30, 2010 and for the nine months ended September 30, 2010 and 2009 and period from inception through September 30, 2010, included elsewhere in this Prospectus, such statements have not been audited by Moss, Krusick & Associates, LLC and that firm does not express an opinion on them.

Richard R. Cook, Esq., has issued an opinion letter on this prospectus upon which Credex has relied. We have included Mr. Cook's opinion letter in the prospectus and elsewhere in the registration statement in reliance on this opinion letter, given on his authority as an expert in legal matters. Mr. Cook has known James H. Bashaw (Credex's former President) for more than 20 years. Mr. Cook agreed to participate in this venture by providing his services in preparing and filing the necessary documents with the SEC to make Credex a public company. Mr. Cook's also agreed to serve on the Board Of Directors and as Corporate Secretary.

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of Section 12 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this registration statement to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

Credex Corporation

By: _____
Denise Leonardo,
Chief Executive Officer

Date: January 6, 2011

RESTATED
ARTICLES OF INCORPORATION
OF
CREDEX CORPORATION

The undersigned subscriber to these Restated Articles of Incorporation, a natural person competent to contract, hereby forms a corporation under the laws of the State of Florida.

ARTICLE I. NAME

The name of the corporation shall be CREDEX CORPORATION.

ARTICLE II. NATURE OF BUSINESS

This corporation may engage or transact in any or all lawful activities or business permitted under the laws of the United States, the State of Florida or any other state, country, territory, or nation.

ARTICLE III. CAPITAL STOCK and CORPORATE ADDRESS

The maximum number of shares of stock that this corporation is authorized to have outstanding at any one time is 100,000,000 shares of common stock having a par value of \$.001 per share.

The street address of the registered office of the corporation shall be 454 Treemont Drive, Orange City, FL 32763. The name of the initial registered agent of the corporation at that address is RICHARD R. COOK. The mailing address of the Corporation shall be 454 Treemont Drive, Orange City, FL 32763.

ARTICLE IV. TERM OF EXISTENCE

This corporation is to exist perpetually.

ARTICLE V. DIRECTORS

This corporation shall have four directors initially, whose names and addresses are:

Denise Leonardo, 9266 Keating Drive, Palm Beach Gardens, FL 32014
Julie Ann Goodwin, 232 Trickey Pond Road, Naples, ME 04055
Steven G. Salmond, 3290 Van Buren Ave., Spt, 30, Ogden, UT 84403
Janine Weller, 415 Macopin Road, West Milford, NJ 07480

ARTICLE VI. OFFICERS

The officers of the corporation shall be elected by the Directors. Until new officers

are elected the following will serve as officers of the corporation:

Denise Leonardo	President
Steven G. Salmond	Secretary & Treasurer

ARTICLE VII. INCORPORATOR

The name and street address of the Incorporator to these Articles of Incorporation is:

James H. Bashaw, 505 E. New York, Suite 8, DeLand, FL 32724

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the undersigned has hereunto set his hand and seal on this __28th__ day of September, 2010.

/s/ Steven G. Salmond (SEAL)
Steven G. Salmond

State of Florida)
County of Volusia)

The foregoing instrument was acknowledged before me this 28th day of September, 2010, by Steven G. Salmond, who is personally known to me and who did take an oath.

Notary
Title
DD619181
Serial Number

/s/ Melissa A. Bruno
Notary Signature
Melissa A. Bruno
Notary Name Printed
Commission expires: 12/22/10

ACCEPTANCE BY REGISTERED AGENT
CREDEX CORPORAITON

Having been named Resident Agent and to accept Service of Process for the above named corporation at the place designated in these Articles of Incorporation, I hereby accept the appointment as Registered Agent and agree to act in this capacity, I further agree to comply with the provisions of all statutes relating to the proper and complete performance of my duties, and I am familiar with and accept the obligations of my position as Registered Agent.

Resident Agent

/s/ Richard R. Cook
RICHARD R. COOK

CORPORATE BYLAWS

CREDEX CORPORATION

ARTICLE I. MEETING OF SHAREHOLDERS

Section 1. Annual Meeting. The annual shareholder meeting of CREDEX Corporation will be held on the 30th day of October, of each year or at such other time and place as designated by the Board of Directors of CREDEX Corporation provided that if said day falls on a Sunday or legal holiday, then the meeting will be held on the first business day thereafter. Business transacted at said meeting will include the election of directors of CREDEX Corporation.

Section 2. Special Meetings. Special meetings of the shareholders will be held when directed by the President, Board of Directors, or the holders of not less than 10 percent of all the shares entitled to be cast on any issue proposed to be considered at the proposed special meeting; provided that said persons sign, date and deliver to CREDEX Corporation one or more written demands for the meeting describing the purposes(s) for which it is to be held. A meeting requested by shareholders of CREDEX Corporation will be called for a date not less than 10 nor more than 60 days after the request is made, unless the shareholders requesting the meeting designate a later date. The call for the meeting will be issued by the Secretary, unless the President, Board of Directors or shareholders requesting the meeting designate another person to do so.

Section 3. Place. Meetings of shareholders will be held at the principal place of business of CREDEX Corporation or at such other place as is designated by the Board of Directors.

Section 4. Record Date and List of Shareholders. The Board of Directors of CREDEX Corporation shall fix the record date; however, in no event may a record date fixed by the Board of Directors be a date prior to the date on which the resolution

fixing the record date is adopted.

After fixing a record date for a meeting, the Secretary shall prepare an alphabetical list of the names of all CREDEX Corporation's shareholders who are entitled to notice of a shareholders' meeting, arranged by voting group with the address of and the number and class and series, if any, of shares held by each. Said list shall be available for inspection in accordance with Florida Law.

Section 5. Notice. Written notice stating the place, day and hour of the meeting, and the purpose(s) for which said special meeting is called, will be delivered not less than 10 nor more than 60 days before the meeting, either personally or by first class mail, by or at the direction of the President, the Secretary or the officer or persons calling the meeting to each shareholder of record entitled to vote at such meeting. If mailed, such notice will be deemed to be effective when deposited in the United States mail and addressed to the shareholder at the shareholder's address as it appears on the stock transfer books of CREDEX Corporation, with postage thereon prepaid.

CREDEX Corporation shall notify each shareholder, entitled to a vote at the meeting, of the date, time and place of each annual and special shareholder's meeting no fewer than 10 or more than 60 days before the meeting date. Notice of a special meeting shall describe the purpose(s) for which the meeting is called. A shareholder may waive any notice required hereunder either before or after the date and time stated in the notice; however, the waiver must be in writing, signed by the shareholder entitled to the notice and be delivered to CREDEX Corporation for inclusion in the minutes or filing in the corporate records.

Section 6. Notice of Adjourned Meeting. When a meeting is adjourned to another time or place, it will not be necessary to give any notice of the adjourned meeting provided that the time

and place to which the meeting is adjourned are announced at the meeting at which the adjournment is taken. At such an adjourned meeting, any business may be transacted that might have been transacted on the original date of the meeting. If, however, a new record date for the adjourned meeting is made or is required, then, a notice of the adjourned meeting will be given on the new record date as provided in this Article to each shareholder of record entitled to notice of such meeting.

Section 7. Shareholder Quorum and Voting. A majority of the shares entitled to vote, represented in person or by proxy, will constitute a quorum at a meeting of shareholders.

If a quorum, as herein defined, is present, the affirmative vote of a majority of the shares represented at the meeting and entitled to vote on the subject matter thereof will be the act of the shareholders unless otherwise provided by law.

Section 8. Voting of Shares. Each outstanding share will be entitled to one vote on each matter submitted to a vote at a meeting of shareholders.

Section 9. Proxies. A shareholder may vote either in person or by proxy provided that any and all proxies are executed in writing by the shareholder or his duly authorized attorney-in-fact. No proxy will be valid after the duration of 11 months from the date thereof unless otherwise provided in the proxy.

Section 10. Action by Shareholders Without a Meeting. Any action required or permitted by law, these bylaws, or the Articles of Incorporation of CREDEX Corporation to be taken at any annual or special meeting of shareholders may be taken without a meeting, without prior notice and without a vote, provided that the action is taken by the holders of outstanding stock of each voting group entitled to vote thereon having not less than the minimum number of votes with respect to each voting group that would be necessary to authorize or take such action at a meeting at which all voting groups and shares entitled to vote thereon were present and voted, as provided by law. The foregoing actions(s) shall be evidenced by written consents describing the

action taken, dated and signed by approving shareholders having the requisite number of votes of each voting group entitled to vote thereon and delivered to CREDEX Corporation in accordance with Florida Law. Within 10 days after obtaining such authorization by written consent, notice shall be given to those shareholders who have not consented in writing or who are not entitled to vote. Said notice shall fairly summarize the material features of the authorized action and if the action requires the providing of dissenters' rights, said notice will comply with the disclosure requirements pertaining to dissenters' rights of Florida Law.

ARTICLE II. DIRECTORS

Section 1. Function. All corporate powers, business, and affairs will be exercised, managed and directed under the authority of the Board of Directors.

Section 2. Qualification. Directors must be natural persons of 18 years of age or older but need not be residents of this state and need not be shareholders of CREDEX Corporation.

Section 3. Compensation. The Board of Directors will have authority to fix the compensation for directors of CREDEX Corporation.

Section 4. Presumption of Assent. A director of CREDEX Corporation who is present at a meeting of the Board of Directors at which action on any corporate matter is taken will be presumed to have assented to the action taken unless such director votes against such action or abstains from voting in respect thereto because of an asserted conflict of interest.

Section 5. Number. CREDEX Corporation will have up to 7 director(s).

Section 6. Election and Term. Each person named in the Articles of Incorporation as a member of the initial Board of Directors will hold office until said directors will have been qualified and elected at the first annual meeting of shareholders, or

until said directors earlier resignation, removal from office or death.

At the first annual meeting of shareholders and at each annual meeting thereafter, the shareholders will elect directors to hold office until the next annual meeting. Each director will hold office for a term for which said director is elected until said director's successor will have been qualified and elected, said director's prior resignation, said director's removal from office or said director's death.

Section 7. Vacancies. Any vacancy occurring in the Board of Directors will be filled by the affirmative vote of a majority of the shareholders or of the remaining directors even though less than a quorum of the Board of Directors. A director elected to fill a vacancy will hold office only until the next election of directors by the shareholders.

Section 8. Removal and Resignation of Directors. At a meeting of shareholders called expressly for that purpose, any director or the entire Board of Directors may be removed, with or without cause, by a vote of the holders of a majority of the shares then entitled to vote at an election of directors.

A director may resign at any time by delivering written notice to the Board of Directors or its chairman or to CREDEX Corporation by and through one of its officers. Such a resignation is effective when the notice is delivered unless a later effective date is specified in said notice.

Section 9. Quorum and Voting. A majority of the number of directors fixed by these Bylaws shall constitute a quorum for the transaction of business. The act of a majority of the directors present at a meeting at which a quorum is present will be the act of the Board of Directors.

Section 10. Executive and Other Committees. A resolution, adopted by a majority of the full Board of Directors, may designate from among its members an executive committee and/or

other committee(s) which will have and may exercise all the authority of the Board of Directors to the extent provided in such resolution, except as is provided by law. Each committee must have two or more members who serve at the pleasure of the Board of Directors. The board may, by resolution adopted by a majority of the full Board of Directors, designate one or more directors as alternate members of any such committee who may act in the place and instead of any absent member or members at any meeting of such committee.

Section 11. Place of Meeting. Special or regular meetings of the Board of Directors will be held within or without the State of Florida.

Section 12. Notice, Time and Call of Meetings. Regular meetings of the Board of Directors will be held without notice on such dates as are designated by the Board of Directors. Written notice of the time and place of special meetings of the Board of Directors will be given to each director by either personal delivery, telegram or cablegram at least two (2) days before the meeting or by notice mailed to the director at least five (5) days before the meeting.

Notice of a meeting of the Board of Directors need not be given to any director who signs a waiver of notice either before or after the meeting. Attendance of a director at a meeting will constitute a waiver of notice of such meeting and waiver of any and all objections to the place of the meeting, the time of the meeting, or the manner in which it has been called or convened, except when a director states, at the beginning of the meeting, any objection to the transaction of business because the meeting is not lawfully called or convened.

Neither the business to be transacted nor the purpose of, regular or special meetings of the Board of Directors need be specified in the notice or waiver of notice of such meeting. A majority of the directors present, whether or not a quorum exists, may adjourn any meeting of the Board of Directors to

another time and place. Notice of any such adjourned meeting will be given to the directors who were not present at the time of the adjournment.

Meetings of the Board of Directors may be called by the Chairman of the Board, the President of CREDEX Corporation or any two directors.

Members of the Board of Directors may participate in a meeting of such board by means of a conference telephone or similar communications equipment by means of which all persons participating in the meeting can hear each other at the same time. Participation by such means shall constitute presence in person at a meeting.

Section 13. Action Without a Meeting. Any action required to be taken at a meeting of the Board of Directors, or any action which may be taken at a meeting of the Board of Directors or a committee thereof, may be taken without a meeting if a consent in writing, setting forth the action to be so taken, signed by all the directors, or all the members of the committee, as the case may be, is filed in the minutes of the proceedings of the board or of the committee. Such consent will have the same effect as a unanimous vote.

ARTICLE III. OFFICERS

Section 1. Officers. The officers of CREDEX Corporation will consist of a president, a vice president, a secretary and a treasurer, each of whom will be elected by the Board of Directors. Such other officers and assistant officers and agents as may be deemed necessary may be elected or appointed by the Board of Directors from time to time. Any two or more offices may be held by the same person.

Section 2. Duties. The officers of CREDEX Corporation will have the following duties:
The President will be the chief executive officer of CREDEX Corporation, who generally and actively manages the business and affairs of CREDEX Corporation subject to the directions of the

Board of Directors. Said officer will preside at all meetings of the shareholders and Board of Directors.

The Vice President will, in the event of the absence or inability of the President to exercise his office, become acting president of the organization with all the rights, privileges and powers as if said person had been duly elected president. The Secretary will have custody of, and maintain all of the corporate records except the financial records. Furthermore, said person will record the minutes of all meetings of the shareholders and Board of Directors, send all notices of meetings and perform such other duties as may be prescribed by the Board of Directors or the President. Furthermore, said officer shall be responsible for authenticating records of CREDEX Corporation.

The Treasurer shall retain custody of all corporate funds and financial records, maintain full and accurate accounts of receipts and disbursements and render accounts thereof at the annual meetings of shareholders and whenever else required by the Board of Directors or the President, and perform such other duties as may be prescribed by the Board of Directors or the President.

Section 3. Removal and Resignation of Officers. An officer or agent elected or appointed by the Board of Directors may be removed by the Board of Directors whenever in the Board's judgment the best interests of CREDEX Corporation will be served thereby.

Any officer may resign at any time by delivering notice to CREDEX Corporation. Said resignation is effective upon delivery unless the notice specifies a later effective date.

Any vacancy in any office may be filled by the Board of Directors.

ARTICLE IV. STOCK CERTIFICATES

Section 1. Issuance. Every holder of share(s) in CREDEX

Corporation will be entitled to have a certificate representing all share(s) to which he is holder. No certificate representing share(s) will be issued until such share(s) is/are fully paid.

Section 2. Form. Certificates representing share(s) in CREDEX Corporation will be signed by the President or Vice President and the Secretary or an Assistant Secretary and will be sealed with the seal of CREDEX Corporation.

Section 3. Transfer of Stock. CREDEX Corporation will register a stock certificate presented for transfer if the certificate is properly endorsed by the holder of record or by his duly authorized agent.

Section 4. Lost, Stolen, or Destroyed Certificates. If a shareholder claims that a stock certificate representing shares issued and recorded by CREDEX Corporation has been lost or destroyed, a new certificate will be issued to said shareholder, provided that said shareholder presents an affidavit claiming the certificate of stock to be lost, stolen or destroyed. At the discretion of the Board of Directors, said shareholder may be required to deposit a bond or other indemnity in such amount and with such sureties, if any, as the board may require.

ARTICLE V. BOOKS AND RECORDS

Section 1. Books and Records. CREDEX Corporation shall keep as permanent records minutes of all meetings of its shareholders and Board of Directors, a record of all actions taken by the shareholders or Board of Directors without a meeting, and a record of all actions taken by a committee of the Board of Directors in place of the Board of Directors on behalf of CREDEX Corporation. Furthermore, CREDEX Corporation shall maintain accurate accounting records. Furthermore, CREDEX Corporation shall maintain the following:

(i) a record of its shareholders in a form that permits preparation of a list of the names and addresses of all shareholders in alphabetical order by class of shares showing

the number and series of shares held by each;

(ii) CREDEX Corporation's Articles or Restated Articles of Incorporation and all amendments thereto currently in effect;

(iii) CREDEX Corporation's Bylaws or Restated Bylaws and all amendments thereto currently in effect;

(iv) Resolutions adopted by the Board of Directors creating one or more classes or series of shares and fixing their relative rights, preferences and limitations if shares issued pursuant to those resolutions are outstanding;

(v) The minutes of all shareholders' meetings and records of all actions taken by shareholders without a meeting for the past 3 years;

(vi) Written communications to all shareholders generally or all shareholders of a class or series within the past 3 years including the financial statements furnished for the past 3 years to shareholders as may be required under Florida Law;

(vii) A list of the names and business street addresses of CREDEX Corporation's current directors and officers; and

(viii) A copy of CREDEX Corporation's most recent annual report delivered to the Department of State.

Any books, records and minutes may be in written form or in any other form capable of being converted into written form.

Section 2. Shareholder's Inspection Rights. A shareholder of CREDEX Corporation (including a beneficial owner whose shares are held in a voting trust or a nominee on behalf of a beneficial owner) may inspect and copy, during regular business hours at CREDEX Corporation's principal office, any of the corporate records required to be kept pursuant to Section 1, of this Article of these Bylaws, if said shareholder gives CREDEX Corporation written notice of such demand at least 5 business days before the date on which the shareholder wishes to inspect and copy. The foregoing right of inspection is subject however

to such other restrictions as are applicable under Florida Law, including, but not limited to, the inspection of certain records being permitted only if the demand for inspection is made in good faith and for a proper purpose (as well as the shareholder describing with reasonable particularity the purpose and records desired to be inspected and such records are directly connected with the purpose).

Section 3. Financial Information. Unless modified by resolution of the shareholders within 120 days of the close of each fiscal year, CREDEX Corporation shall furnish the shareholders annual financial statements which may be consolidated or combined statements of CREDEX Corporation and one or more of its subsidiaries as appropriate, that include a balance sheet as of the end of the fiscal year, an income statement for that year, and a statement of cash flow for that year. If financial statements are prepared on the basis of generally accepted accounting principles, the annual financial statements must also be prepared on that basis. If the annual financial statements are reported on by a public accountant, said accountant's report shall accompany said statements. If said annual financial statements are not reported on by a public accountant, then the statements shall be accompanied by a statement of the president or the person responsible for CREDEX Corporation's accounting records (a) stating his reasonable belief whether the statements were prepared on the basis of generally accepted accounting principles and if not, describing the basis of preparation; and (b) describing any respects in which the statements were not prepared on a basis of accounting consistent with the statements prepared for the preceding year. The annual financial statements shall be mailed to each shareholder of CREDEX Corporation within 120 days after the close of each fiscal year or within such additional time as is reasonably necessary to enable CREDEX Corporation to prepare same, if, for reasons beyond CREDEX Corporation's control, said annual financial statement cannot be prepared within the prescribed period.

Section 4. Other Reports to Shareholders. CREDEX Corporation shall report any indemnification or advanced expenses to any

director, officer, employee, or agent (for indemnification relating to litigation or threatened litigation) in writing to the shareholders with or before the notice of the next shareholders' meeting, or prior to such meeting if the indemnification or advance occurs after the giving of such notice but prior to the time such meeting is held, which report shall include a statement specifying the persons paid, the amounts paid, and the nature and status, at the time of such payment, of the litigation or threatened litigation. Additionally, if CREDEX Corporation issues or authorizes the issuance of shares for promises to render services in the future, CREDEX Corporation shall report in writing to the shareholders the number of shares authorized or issued and the consideration received by CREDEX Corporation, with or before the notice of the next shareholders' meeting.

ARTICLE VI. DIVIDENDS

The Board of Directors of CREDEX Corporation may, from time to time declare dividends on its shares in cash, property or its own shares, except when CREDEX Corporation is insolvent or when the payment thereof would render CREDEX Corporation insolvent, subject to Florida Law.

ARTICLE VII. CORPORATE SEAL

The Board of Directors will provide a corporate seal which will be in circular form embossing in nature and stating "Corporate Seal", "Florida", year of incorporation and name of said corporation.

ARTICLE VIII. AMENDMENT

These Bylaws may be altered, amended or repealed, and altered, amended or new Bylaws may be adopted by a majority vote of the full Board of Directors.

Adapted as the initial by-laws of the corporation by the sole director on October 30, 2005.

cookrr@cfl.rr.com RICHARD R. COOK 386 734 1116
Attorney at Law
2253 River Ridge Road
DeLand, FL 32720

November 10, 2010

CreDEX Corporation
454 Treemont Drive
Orange City, FL 32763

Re: Prospectus on Form S-1

Ladies and Gentlemen:

I have acted as counsel to CREDEX CORPORATION (the "Company") in connection with the above-referenced Prospectus on Form S-1 (the "Prospectus") filed with the United States Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC") as of the date of this opinion under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the "Act"), relating to the proposed public offering of 2,940,625 shares (the "Stockholder Shares") with all of which shares may be sold by the selling stockholders as set forth in the preliminary prospectus which forms a part of the Prospectus (the "Prospectus").

In connection with rendering this opinion, I have examined the Company's Amended and Restated Articles of Incorporation as amended to date and the Bylaws; such records of the corporate proceedings of the Company as I have deemed material; the Prospectus relating to the Offering and the Prospectus; and such other certificates, receipts, records, and documents as I have considered necessary for the purposes of this opinion.

In my examination, I have assumed the authenticity of all documents submitted to me as originals, the conformity to the original documents of all documents submitted to me as copies, the genuineness of all signatures on documents reviewed by me and the legal capacity of natural persons.

Based upon the foregoing I am of the opinion that the shares are, and when sold will remain, legally issued, fully paid and non-assessable shares of common stock of the Company.

I hereby consent to the reference to my name under the caption "Legal Matters" or "Experts" in the Prospectus and amendments

and to the use of this opinion as an exhibit to the Prospectus. In giving this consent, I do not hereby admit that I come within the category of persons whose consent is required under Section 7 of the Act or the rules and regulations of the SEC thereunder.

Sincerely,

Richard R. Cook
Florida Bar # 254134

AGREEMENT FOR SERVICES

AGREEMENT made and entered into as of this 9th day of July, 2010 (the "Agreement"), by and between Credex Corporation (the "Client") and /Cypress Bend Executive Services, LLC ("Consultant").

Whereas, the Consultant is in the business of providing advice, management, fund raising and legal services and the Client believes such experience is in its best interest to utilize, and

Whereas, the Company formally desires to engage Consultant to provide such services in accordance with the terms and conditions hereinafter set forth;

Now, therefore, the Client and Consultant agree as follows:

1. Engagement. The Company agrees to engage Consultant and Consultant agrees to:

A. Raise the necessary money to fund the cost of Credex's business operation short term;

B. Prepare and file the necessary paperwork with the SEC to take Credex public (Form 10, S-1 and 10Qs as necessary;

C. Secure a transfer agent and market maker broker-dealer for Credex's stock;

D. Secure the audits necessary to go public and

E. Run the day to day operation of Credex short term.

2. Compensation.

A. The Client shall pay the Consultant \$200,000 for its services. Cypress Bend will receive a majority of the outstanding stock in Credex. Payment for Cypress Bend's services will not be based on the stock they own but rather the flat fee so as not to dilute the ownership interest of the current shareholders. When Consultant's services are completed and Consultant is paid in full Consultant will convey its stock holdings to whomever the Client directs. If the Agreement is terminated Consultant will return all of its stock to the Client's treasury except that Mr. Cook's stock shall be returned to him. The fee paid to Consultant shall also constitute any payment that may be due to Richard R. Cook.

B. All normal operational expenses of the Client will be the Client's responsibility.

3. Best Efforts Basis. Subject to Section 4 and the last sentence of Section 3 hereof, Consultant agrees that it will at all times faithfully and to the best of its experience, ability and talents perform all the duties that may be required of it pursuant to the terms of this Agreement. The Client specifically acknowledges and agrees, however, that the services to be rendered by Consultant shall be conducted on a "best-efforts" basis and has not, cannot and does not guarantee that its efforts will have any impact on the Clients business or that any subsequent financial improvement will result from its efforts.

4. Non-Exclusive Services. The Client understands that Consultant is currently providing certain advisory and other services to other individuals and entities and agrees that Consultant is not prevented or barred from rendering services of the same nature or a similar nature to any other individuals or entities and acknowledges that such Services may from time to time conflict with the timing of and the rendering of Consultant's services. In addition, Consultant understands and agrees that the Client shall not be prevented or barred from retaining other persons or entities to provide services of the same or similar nature as those provided by Consultant.

5. Liability of Consultant. In furnishing the Client with advice and other services as herein provided, Consultant shall not be liable to the Client or its creditors for errors of judgment or for anything except malfeasance or gross negligence in the performance of its duties or reckless disregard of the obligations and duties under the terms of this Agreement.

6. Confidentiality. Until such time as the same may become publicly known, Consultant agrees that any information provided it by the Client, of a confidential nature will not be revealed or disclosed to any person or entities, except in the performance of this Agreement, and upon completion of the term of this Agreement and upon the written request of the Client, any original documentation provided by the Client will be returned to it. Consultant will, where it deems necessary, require confidentiality agreements from any associated persons where it reasonably believes they will come in contact with confidential material.

7. Notice. All notices, requests, demands and other communications provided for by this Agreement shall, where practical, be in writing and shall be deemed to have been given when mailed at any general or branch United States Post office

enclosed in a certified post-paid envelope and addressed to the address of the respective party. Any notice of change of address shall only be effective however, when received.

8. Successors and Assigns. This Agreement shall inure to the benefit of and be binding upon the Client, its successors, and assigns, including, without limitation, any corporation which may acquire all or substantially all of the Company's assets and business or into which the Company may be consolidated or merged and Consultant and its successors and assigns.

Consultant agrees that it will not sell, assign, transfer, convey, pledge or encumber this Agreement or its right, title or interest herein, without the prior written consent of the Client, this Agreement being intended to secure the personal services of Consultant.

9. Termination. Consultant agrees that the Client may terminate this Agreement at any time providing prior written notice of termination to Consultant. Any notice of termination shall only be effective however, when received. See section 2.A.

10. Time For Performance. Consultant shall attempt to complete its work for Client within nine months from the date of execution of this agreement. The Consultant will attempt to finish its work in six months if possible.

The Client agrees that the Consultant may terminate this Agreement at any time providing prior written notice of termination to the Client. Any notice of termination shall only be effective however, when received. See section 2.A.

10. Applicable Law. This Agreement shall be deemed to be a contract made under the laws of the State of Florida, and for all purposes shall be construed in accordance with the laws of said state. The Client:

(i) agrees that any legal suit, action or proceeding arising out of or relating to this Agreement shall be instituted exclusively in Florida, County of Volusia.

(ii) waives any objection which the Client may have now or hereafter to the venue of any such suit, action, or proceeding, and

(iii) gives irrevocable consent to the jurisdiction of the Circuit, County of Volusia, in any such suit, action or proceeding.

11. Other Agreements. This Agreement supersedes all prior understandings and agreements between the parties. It may not be amended orally, but only by a writing signed by the parties hereto.

12. Non-Waiver. No delay or failure by either party in exercising any right under this Agreement, and no partial or single exercise of that right shall constitute a waiver of that or any other right.

13. Heading. Headings in this Agreement are for convenience only and shall not be used to interpret or construe its provisions.

14. Counterparts. This Agreement may be executed in two or more counterparts, each of which shall be deemed an original but all of which together shall constitute one and the same instrument.

In Witness Whereof, the parties hereto have executed this Agreement the day and year first above written.

Client

Consultant

By: /s/ Denise Leonardo
Denise Leonardo
President

By: /s/ Timothy L. Kuker
TIMOTHY L. KUKER
Managing Member

Consent of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm

We consent to the use of our report dated October 6, 2010 with respect to the financial statements of Credex Corporation for the period from inception, September 2, 2005, through December 31, 2009 included herein and to the reference to our firm under the heading of "Experts" in the registration statement.

/s/ Moss, Krusick & Associates, LLC

Winter Park, Florida
November 24, 2010

UNDERTAKINGS

The undersigned registrant hereby undertakes:

(1) To file, during any period in which offers or sales are being made, a post-effective amendment to this registration statement:

(i) To include any prospectus required by section 10(a)(3) of the Securities Act of 1933;

(ii) To reflect in the prospectus any facts or events arising after the effective date of the registration statement (or the most recent post-effective amendment thereof) which, individually or in the aggregate, represent a fundamental change in the information set forth in the registration statement. Notwithstanding the foregoing, any increase or decrease in volume of securities offered (if the total dollar value of securities offered would not exceed that which was registered) and any deviation from the low or high end of the estimated maximum offering range may be reflected in the form of prospectus filed with the Commission pursuant to Rule 424(b) (Sec. 230.424(b) of this chapter) if, in the aggregate, the changes in volume and price represent no more than 20% change in the maximum aggregate offering price set forth in the "Calculation of Registration Fee" table in the effective registration statement.

(iii) To include any material information with respect to the plan of distribution not previously disclosed in the registration statement or any material change to such information in the registration statement;

(2) That, for the purpose of determining any liability under the Securities Act of 1933, each such post-effective amendment shall be deemed to be a new registration statement relating to the securities offered therein, and the offering of such securities at that time shall be deemed to be the initial bona fide offering thereof.

(3) To remove from registration by means of a post-effective amendment any of the securities being registered which remain unsold at the termination of the offering.

(4) That, for the purpose of determining liability under the Securities Act of 1933 to any purchaser:

If the registrant is relying on Rule 430B (Sec. 230.430B of this chapter):

(A) Each prospectus filed by the registrant pursuant to Rule 424(b)(3) (Sec. 230.424(b)(3) of this chapter) shall be deemed to be part of the registration statement as of the date the filed prospectus was deemed part of and included in the registration statement; and

(B) Each prospectus required to be filed pursuant to Rule 424(b)(2), (b)(5), or (b)(7) (Sec. 230.424(b)(2), (b)(5), or (b)(7) of this chapter) as part of a registration statement in reliance on Rule 430B relating to an offering made pursuant to Rule 415(a)(1)(i), (vii), or (x) (Sec. 230.415(a)(1)(i), (vii), or (x) of this chapter) for the purpose of providing the information required by section 10(a) of the Securities Act of 1933 shall be deemed to be part of and included in the registration statement as of the earlier of the date such form of prospectus is first used after effectiveness or the date of the first contract of sale of securities in the offering described in the prospectus. As provided in Rule 430B, for liability purposes of the issuer and any person that is at that date an underwriter, such date shall be deemed to be a new effective date of the registration statement relating to the securities in the registration statement to which that prospectus relates, and the offering of such securities at that time shall be deemed to be the initial bona fide offering thereof. Provided, however, that no statement made in a registration statement or prospectus that is part of the registration statement or made in a document incorporated or deemed incorporated by reference into the registration statement or prospectus that is part of the registration statement will, as to a purchaser with a time of contract of sale prior to such effective date, supersede or modify any statement that was made in the registration statement or prospectus that was part of the registration statement or made in any such document immediately prior to such effective date; or

For the purpose of determining liability of the registrant under the Securities Act of 1933 to any purchaser in the initial distribution of the securities:

The undersigned registrant undertakes that in a primary offering of securities of the undersigned registrant pursuant to this registration statement, regardless of the underwriting method used to sell the securities to the purchaser, if the securities are offered or sold to such purchaser by means of any of the following communications, the undersigned registrant will be a seller to the purchaser and will be considered to offer or sell such securities to such purchaser:

(i) Any preliminary prospectus or prospectus of the undersigned registrant relating to the offering required to be filed pursuant to Rule 424 (Sec. 230.424 of this chapter);

(ii) Any free writing prospectus relating to the offering prepared by or on behalf of the undersigned registrant or used or referred to by the undersigned registrant;

(iii) The portion of any other free writing prospectus relating to the offering containing material information about

the undersigned registrant or its securities provided by or on behalf of the undersigned registrant; and

(iv) Any other communication that is an offer in the offering made by the undersigned registrant to the purchaser.

CREDEX CORPORATION

Date: January 6, 2010

By
:

Denise Leonardo, President and
Chief Executive Officer

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Act of 1933, the registrant has duly caused this registration statement to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized, in the City of Daytona Beach, State of Florida, on the day of January 6, 2011.

CREDEX CORPORATION

By: _____
Denise Leonardo, President and
Chief Executive Officer

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Act of 1933, this Registration Statement has been signed by the following persons in the capacities and on the dates indicated.

<u>Name</u>	<u>Position</u>	<u>Date</u>
_____ Denise Leonardo	Chairman of the Board and Chief Executive Officer	1/6/2011
_____ Steven G. Salmond	Chief Financial Officer	1/6/2011
_____ Janine Weller	Director	1/6/2011
_____ Julie Ann Goodwin	Director	1/6/2011