

JEGI, LLC
(A WHOLLY OWNED SUBSIDIARY OF THE JORDAN, EDMISTON GROUP, INC.)
FINANCIAL STATEMENT AND
REPORT OF INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM
DECEMBER 31, 2022

JEGI, LLC
(A WHOLLY OWNED SUBSIDIARY OF THE JORDAN, EDMISTON GROUP, INC.)
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YSL & Associates LLC

Certified Public Accountants

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REPORT OF INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM

To the Member of
JEGI LLC

Opinion on the Financial Statement

We have audited the accompanying statement of financial condition of JEGI LLC (the “Company”) as of December 31, 2022, and the related notes (collectively referred to as the “financial statement”). In our opinion, the financial statement presents fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Company as of December 31, 2022 in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinion

This financial statement is the responsibility of the Company’s management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company’s financial statement based on our audit. We are a public accounting firm registered with the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States) (PCAOB) and are required to be independent with respect to the Company in accordance with the U.S. federal securities laws and the applicable rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission and the PCAOB.

We conducted our audit in accordance with the standards of the PCAOB. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statement is free of material misstatement, whether due to error or fraud. Our audit included performing procedures to assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statement, whether due to error or fraud, and performing procedures that respond to those risks. Such procedures included examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. Our audit also included evaluating the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

YSL & Associates LLC

We have served as JEGI LLC’s auditor since 2021.

New York, NY

February 27, 2023

JEGI, LLC
(A WHOLLY OWNED SUBSIDIARY OF THE JORDAN, EDMISTON GROUP, INC.)

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL CONDITION

DECEMBER 31, 2022

ASSETS

Cash	\$ 315,136
Prepaid expenses	<u>2,019</u>
Total Assets	<u><u>\$ 317,155</u></u>

LIABILITIES AND MEMBER'S EQUITY

Liabilities:	
Accounts payable to related parties	\$ 34,165
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	<u>5,404</u>
Total Liabilities	<u>39,569</u>
Member's equity	<u>277,586</u>
Total Liabilities and Member's Equity	<u><u>\$ 317,155</u></u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

JEGI, LLC
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NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

1. ORGANIZATION AND NATURE OF BUSINESS

JEGI, LLC (the "Company") was organized as a single member Limited Liability Company in November 2004, in the state of New York and is a wholly owned subsidiary of Jordan, Edmiston Group, Inc (the "Parent"). The Company is a registered broker-dealer with the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC). The Company was granted membership in the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority ("FINRA") on September 1, 2005, the Central Registration Depository ("CRD") membership effective date. The Company advises media and information companies with respect to mergers and/or acquisitions involving the raising of capital and sale of stock. The Company is a member of the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority (FINRA) and the Securities Investor Protection Corp ("SIPC").

Recent Issued Accounting Pronouncements

The Company does not believe that the adoption of any recently issued, but not yet effective, accounting standards will have a material effect on its financial position and results of operations.

2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of Presentation

The accompanying financial statements have been prepared in conformity with U.S generally accepted accounting principles ("GAAP") and the rules and regulations of the United States Securities and Exchange Commission (the "Commission"). It is management's opinion, that all material adjustments (consisting of normal recurring adjustments) have been made which are necessary for a fair financial statement presentation.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, and disclosure of contingent assets, and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates

Accounting Basis

The Company uses the accrual basis of accounting for financial statements. Accordingly, revenues are recognized when services are rendered and expenses realized when the obligation is incurred.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The Company considers all highly liquid investments with a maturity of three months or less when purchased to be cash equivalents. Cash equivalents are carried at cost, which approximates market value.

Fair Values of Financial Instruments

Financial Accounting Standards Board Accounting Standards Codification ("ASC") 825, "Financial Instruments," requires the Company to disclose estimated fair values for its financial instruments. Fair value estimates, methods, and assumptions are set forth below for the Company's financial instruments: The carrying amount of cash, accounts receivable, prepaid expenses, accounts payable and accrued expenses and accounts payable to related parties, approximate fair value because of the short maturity of those instruments.

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NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
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2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Revenue Recognition

The Company recognizes revenue to depict the transfer of promised services to customers in an amount that reflects the consideration to which the entity expects to be entitled in exchange for those services. The guidance requires an entity to follow a five-step model to (a) identify the contract(s) with a customer, (b) identify the performance obligations in the contract, (c) determine the transaction price, (d) allocate the transaction price to the performance obligations in the contract, (e) recognize revenue when (or as) the entity satisfies a performance obligation. In determining the transaction price, an entity may include variable consideration only to the extent that it is probable that a significant reversal in the amount of cumulative revenue recognized would not occur when the uncertainty associated with the variable consideration is resolved.

The Company typically enters into contracts with clients calling for periodic retainer fees to be paid during the term of the arrangement, and a success fee to be paid out once the merger or acquisition (the “transaction”) is successfully completed. This success fee is typically based on a percentage of the total consideration of the transaction, although in certain cases it may be a flat fee. Accordingly, the Company recognizes retainer fees in the period earned, with separate revenue recognition when the performance obligations have been satisfied. As of December 31, 2022, all fees recognized were for financial and banking advisory services provided.

Significant Judgments

The recognition and measurement of revenue is based on the assessment of individual contract terms. Significant judgment is required to determine whether performance obligations are satisfied at a point in time or over time; how to allocate transaction prices where multiple performance obligations are identified; when to recognize revenue based on the appropriate measure of the Company’s progress under the contract; and whether constraints on variable consideration should be applied due to uncertain future events.

Allowance for Credit Losses

The Company follows ASC Topic 326, Financial Instruments – Credit Losses (“ASC 326”). The Company identified no fees receivable as impacted by the guidance. An allowance for credit losses may be based on the Company's expectation of the collectability of its receivables utilizing the CECL framework. The Company considers factors such as historical experience, credit quality, age of balances and current and future economic conditions that may affect the Company’s expectation of the collectability in determining the allowance for credit losses. The Company’s expectation is that the credit risk associated with its receivables is not significant. Accordingly, the Company has not provided an allowance for credit losses at December 31, 2022.

Concentrations of Credit Risk

The Company places its cash with a high credit quality financial institution. The Company’s account at this institution is insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation ("FDIC") up to \$250,000. To reduce its risk associated with the failure of such financial institution, the Company evaluates at least annually the rating of the financial institution in which it holds deposits.

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NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Income Taxes

The Company is included in the federal income tax return filed by its parent. The parent's operations, exclusive of the Company, resulted in Federal and state tax liabilities. The Company's stand-alone results of operations generated no tax liability. Accordingly, no income tax expense has been allocated to the company on a separate reporting basis.

3. NET CAPITAL

The Company is subject to the SEC Uniform Net Capital Rule (Rule 15c3-1), which requires the maintenance of minimum net capital of \$5,000, and requires that the ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital, both as defined, not exceed 15 to 1. The rule also provides that equity capital may not be withdrawn, cash dividends paid or the Company's operations expanded, if the resulting net capital ratio would exceed 10 to 1. At December 31, 2022, the Company had net capital of \$275,567 which was \$270,567 in excess of the FINRA minimum net capital requirement of \$5,000.

4. CONCENTRATION OF CUSTOMER REVENUES

For the year ended December 31, 2022, one client accounted for 99% of the Company's revenue.

5. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The Company has an Expense Sharing Agreement (the "Agreement") in place with the Parent whereby the Parent pays certain expenses, such as occupancy, supplies, equipment and salaries, on behalf of the Company for which the Parent is reimbursed or makes an allowance for treatment of such funds as non-cash capital contribution. These expenses are allocated to the company in accordance to the Agreement and the apportionment is based on reasonable allocation agreed by the parties. As of December 31, 2022, the Company allocated \$190,740. The Parent made a non cash forgiveness in shared expenses in the amount of \$174,845.

As of December 31, 2022, amounts not yet reimbursed have been included in Accounts Payable to Related Parties on the accompanying statement of financial condition, in the amount of \$34,165.

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NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
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6. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

Litigation

The Company may be involved in legal proceedings in the ordinary course of business. Such matters are subject to many uncertainties, and outcomes are not predictable with assurance. Currently, the Company is not involved in any legal proceedings which are not in the ordinary course of business.

7. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

The Company evaluated events occurring between the end of its fiscal year, December 31, 2022, and the auditor's report date, when the financial statements were issued. All subsequent events requiring recognition as of the auditor's report date, have been incorporated into these financial statements herein.