

Prospectus

Up to 88,000,000 shares offered to the public
250,000 shares minimum

Minimum purchase: 100 shares (\$1,000) in most states



Behringer Harvard REIT I, Inc. is a newly organized Maryland corporation that intends to qualify as a real estate investment trust. The company has been formed primarily to invest in and operate institutional quality office and other commercial properties, including properties that have been constructed and have operating histories, are newly constructed or are under development or construction.

We are offering and selling to the public a maximum of 80,000,000 shares and a minimum of 250,000 shares of our common stock for \$10 per share. We also are offering up to 8,000,000 shares to be issued pursuant to our dividend reinvestment plan at a purchase price of \$10 per share. Up to an additional 3,520,000 shares will be issued at \$12 per share to participating broker-dealers upon their exercise of warrants.

The Offering:

	<u>Per Share</u>	<u>Total Minimum</u>	<u>Total Maximum</u>
Price to Public	\$10.00	\$2,500,000	\$880,000,000
Selling Commissions70	175,000	61,600,000
Marketing and Due Diligence Expenses25	62,500	20,800,000
Proceeds to Behringer Harvard REIT I, Inc.	<u>\$ 9.05</u>	<u>\$2,262,500</u>	<u>\$797,600,000</u>

The shares will be offered to investors on a best efforts basis. Marketing and due diligence expenses will only be \$0.10 per share for shares sold pursuant to our dividend reinvestment plan. Gross and net proceeds stated above do not include the proceeds that may be received upon the exercise of the broker-dealer warrants. We expect that at least 85.0% of the gross offering proceeds raised will be available for our use, including at least 84.2% of the gross offering proceeds for investment in real estate properties and other investments, and approximately 0.8% of the gross offering proceeds for initial working capital reserves for real estate properties. This offering will terminate on or before February 19, 2005 (unless extended with respect to the shares offered under the dividend reinvestment plan).

Investing in our common stock involves a high degree of risk. You should purchase shares only if you can afford a complete loss. See "Risk Factors" beginning on page 23. The most significant risks relating to your investment include the following:

- No public market currently exists for our shares of common stock. Our shares cannot be readily sold, and if you are able to sell your shares, you would likely have to sell them at a substantial discount. We intend to either liquidate our assets or list our shares for trading on an exchange by the twelfth anniversary of the termination of this offering.
- We have no operating history nor established financing sources. We do not currently own any properties, and we have not identified any properties to acquire with proceeds from this offering.
- If we raise substantially less than the maximum offering, we may not be able to invest in a diverse portfolio of properties and the value of your investment may fluctuate more widely with the performance of specific investments.
- We will rely on Behringer Advisors LP, our advisor, to select properties and other investments and conduct our operations. Our advisor does not have any prior experience sponsoring a public real estate investment trust. We are obligated to pay substantial fees to our advisor and its affiliates, some of which are payable based upon factors other than the quality of services provided to us. Our advisor and its affiliates will face conflicts of interest, such as competing demands upon their time, their involvement with other entities and the allocation of opportunities among affiliated entities and us.
- We may incur substantial debt, which could hinder our ability to pay dividends to our stockholders or could decrease the value of your investment in the event that income on, or the value of, the property securing such debt falls.

Neither the Securities and Exchange Commission, the Attorney General of the State of New York nor any other state securities regulator has approved or disapproved of these securities or determined if this prospectus is truthful or complete. Any representation to the contrary is a criminal offense.

No one is authorized to make any statement about this offering different from those that appear in this prospectus. The use of projections or forecasts in this offering is prohibited. Any representation to the contrary and any predictions, written or oral, as to the amount or certainty of any present or future cash benefit or tax consequence that may flow from an investment in this offering is not permitted.

Behringer Harvard REIT I, Inc. is not a mutual fund or any other type of investment company within the meaning of the Investment Company Act of 1940 and is not subject to regulation thereunder.

The dealer manager of this offering, Behringer Securities LP, is our affiliate. The dealer manager is not required to sell any specific number of shares or dollar amount of our common stock but will use its best efforts to sell the shares offered hereby. Your subscription payments will be placed in an account held by the escrow agent, Wells Fargo Bank Iowa, N.A., and will be held in trust for your benefit, pending release to us. If we do not sell at least \$2.5 million in shares by February 19, 2004, which is one year from the date of this prospectus, your funds in the escrow account (including interest) will be returned to you, and we will stop selling shares.



The date of this prospectus is February 19, 2003

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SUITABILITY STANDARDS

An investment in our company involves significant risk. An investment in our common stock is only suitable for persons who have adequate financial means, desire a relatively long-term investment and who will not need immediate liquidity from their investment. Persons who meet this standard and seek to diversify their personal portfolios with a finite-life, real estate-based investment, preserve capital, receive current income, obtain the benefits of potential long-term capital appreciation and who are able to hold their investment for a time period consistent with our liquidity plans will most likely benefit from an investment in our company. On the other hand, we caution persons who require immediate liquidity or guaranteed income, or who seek a short-term investment not to consider an investment in our company as meeting these needs.

In consideration of these factors, we have established suitability standards for initial stockholders and subsequent purchasers of shares from our stockholders. These suitability standards require that a purchaser of shares have, excluding the value of a purchaser's home, furnishings and automobiles, either:

- a net worth of at least \$150,000; or
- a gross annual income of at least \$45,000 and a net worth of at least \$45,000.

Please see the "Who May Invest" section of this prospectus for more detailed information about the suitability requirements of specific states.

PROSPECTUS SUMMARY

This prospectus summary highlights selected information contained elsewhere in this prospectus. See also the "Questions and Answers About this Offering" section immediately following this summary. This section and the "Questions and Answers About this Offering" section do not contain all of the information that is important to your decision whether to invest in our common stock. To understand this offering fully, you should read the entire prospectus carefully, including the "Risk Factors" section and the financial statements.

Behringer Harvard REIT I, Inc.

Behringer Harvard REIT I, Inc. is a newly incorporated Maryland corporation that intends to qualify as a real estate investment trust (REIT) and invest in commercial real estate properties, generally institutional quality office buildings and other commercial properties, and lease each such property to one or more tenants. In addition, we may make or purchase mortgage loans or participations in mortgage loans secured by the types of real estate properties that we may acquire directly. Our management intends to limit such mortgage investments to 15.0% of our total portfolio unless our management determines that prevailing economic or portfolio circumstances require otherwise. We may also invest in entities that make similar investments. Our office is located at 1323 North Stemmons Freeway, Suite 210, Dallas, Texas 75207. Our toll free telephone number is (866) 655-1605. We sometimes refer to Behringer Harvard REIT I, Inc. as Behringer Harvard REIT I in this prospectus.

Our Advisor

Our advisor is Behringer Advisors LP (Behringer Advisors), a Texas limited partnership formed in 2002, which is responsible for managing our affairs on a day-to-day basis and for identifying and making acquisitions and investments on our behalf.

Our Management

We operate under the direction of the board of directors, the members of which are accountable to us and our stockholders as fiduciaries. Our board of directors, including a majority of our independent directors, must approve each investment proposed by Behringer Advisors, as well as certain other matters set forth in our charter. We have five members on our board of directors. Three of the directors are independent of Behringer Advisors and have responsibility for reviewing its performance. Our directors are elected annually by the stockholders. Although we have executive officers who will manage our operation, we do not have any paid employees. Except with respect to stock options that may be granted to our executive officers, only our non-employee directors are compensated for their services to us.

Our REIT Status

As a REIT, we generally will not be subject to federal income tax on income that we distribute to our stockholders. Under the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (Internal Revenue Code), REITs are subject to numerous organizational and operational requirements, including a requirement that they distribute at least 90.0% of their taxable income. If we fail to qualify for taxation as a REIT in any year, our income will be taxed at regular corporate rates, and we may be precluded from qualifying for treatment as a REIT for the four-year period following our failure to qualify. Even if we qualify as a REIT for federal income tax purposes, we may still be subject to state and local taxes on our income and property and to federal income and excise taxes on our undistributed income.

Terms of The Offering

We are offering up to 80,000,000 shares of our common stock to the public at \$10 per share. We are also offering up to 8,000,000 shares pursuant to our dividend reinvestment plan at \$10 per share, and up to 3,520,000 shares to broker-dealers pursuant to warrants whereby participating broker-dealers will have the right to purchase one share for every 25 shares they sell in this offering. The exercise price for shares purchased pursuant to the warrants is \$12 per share. We will offer shares of our common stock until the earlier of February 19, 2005 or the date we sell all \$880.0 million worth of shares in this offering; provided, however, that we may elect to extend the offering period up to February 19, 2011 solely for the shares reserved for issuance pursuant to our dividend reinvestment plan if all such shares are not sold prior to the termination date. We may terminate this offering at any time prior to such termination date. This offering must be registered, or exempt from registration, in every state in which we offer or sell shares. Generally, such registrations are for a period of one year. Therefore, we may have to stop selling shares in any state in which the registration is not renewed annually. If 250,000 shares are not sold by February 19, 2004, this offering will be terminated and subscribers' funds, plus interest, will be returned promptly. Funds in escrow will be invested in short-term investments, which may include obligations of, or obligations guaranteed by, the U.S. government or bank money-market accounts or certificates of deposit of national or state banks that have deposits insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (including certificates of deposit of any bank acting as a depository or custodian for any such funds) that mature on or before February 19, 2004 or that can be readily sold or otherwise disposed of for cash by such date without any dissipation of the offering proceeds invested. After the initial 250,000 shares are sold, subscription proceeds will be held in escrow until investors are admitted as stockholders. We intend to admit new stockholders at least monthly. Each time new investors are admitted, we will hold such investment proceeds in our account until we withdraw funds for the acquisition of investments, or the payment of fees and expenses.

Summary Risk Factors

An investment in our common stock is subject to significant risks that are described in more detail in the "Risk Factors" and "Conflicts of Interest" sections of this prospectus, which begin on pages 23 and 67, respectively. If we are unable to effectively manage the impact of these risks, we may not meet our investment objectives and, therefore, you may lose some or all of your investment. The following is a summary of the risks that we believe are most relevant to an investment in shares of our common stock:

- There is no public trading market for the shares, and we cannot assure you that one will ever develop. Until the shares are publicly traded, you will have difficulty selling your shares, and even if you are able to sell your shares, you will likely have to sell them at a substantial discount.
- We have no operating history nor established financing sources.
- This is a "blind pool" offering because we currently do not own any investments and we have not identified any investments we will make. You will not have the opportunity to evaluate our investments prior to our making them. You must rely totally upon our advisor's ability to select our investments.
- The number of properties that we will acquire and the diversification of our investments will be reduced to the extent that we sell less than all of the 80,000,000 shares. If we do not sell substantially more than the minimum 250,000 shares, we may buy only one property and the value of your investment may fluctuate more widely with the performance of the specific investment. There is a greater risk that you will lose money in your investment if we cannot diversify our portfolio of investments by geographic location and property type.

- Our ability to achieve our investment objectives and to pay dividends depends on the performance of Behringer Advisors, our advisor, for the day-to-day management of our business and the selection of our real estate properties, mortgage loans and other investments.
- Our advisor does not have any prior experience sponsoring a public real estate investment trust. Not all of our officers and directors, nor the officers and directors of our advisor, have extensive experience with mortgage financing.
- We will pay significant fees to Behringer Advisors and its affiliates, some of which are payable based upon factors other than the quality of services provided to us.
- Our advisor will face various conflicts of interest resulting from its activities with affiliated entities, such as conflicts related to allocating the purchase and leasing of properties between us and other Behringer Harvard programs, conflicts related to any joint ventures between us and any such other programs and conflicts arising from time demands placed on our advisor in serving other Behringer Harvard programs.
- We may incur substantial debt. Loans we obtain will be secured by some of our properties, which will put those properties at risk of forfeiture if we are unable to pay our debts and could hinder our ability to pay dividends to our stockholders in the event income on such properties, or their value, falls.
- To ensure that we continue to qualify as a REIT, our charter prohibits any stockholder from owning more than 9.8% of our outstanding common stock.
- We may not qualify or remain qualified as a REIT for federal income tax purposes, which would subject us to the payment of tax on our income at corporate rates and reduce the amount of funds available for payment of dividends to our stockholders.
- Real estate investments are subject to general downturns in the industry as well as downturns in specific geographic areas. We cannot predict what the occupancy level will be in a particular building or that any tenant or mortgage loan borrower will remain solvent. We also cannot predict the future value of our properties. Accordingly, we cannot guarantee that you will receive cash distributions or appreciation of your investment.
- You will not have preemptive rights as a stockholder, so any shares we issue in the future may dilute your interest in Behringer Harvard REIT I.
- We may invest some or all of the offering proceeds to acquire vacant land on which a building will be constructed in the future. This type of investment involves risks relating to the builder's ability to control construction costs, failure to perform, or failure to build in conformity with plan specifications and timetables. We will be subject to potential cost overruns and time delays for properties under construction. Increased costs of newly constructed properties may reduce our returns to you, while construction delays may delay our ability to distribute cash to you.
- The vote of stockholders owning at least a majority of our shares will bind all of the stockholders as to certain matters such as the election of directors and an amendment of our charter.
- If we do not obtain listing of the shares on a national exchange by the twelfth anniversary of the termination of this offering, our charter provides that we must begin to sell all of our properties and distribute the net proceeds to our stockholders.
- Each of our executive officers, including Mr. Behringer, who also serves as the chairman of our board of directors, also serve as officers of our advisor, our property manager, our dealer manager and other affiliated entities, and as a result they will face conflicts of interest relating from their duties to these other entities.

Description of Properties, Investments and Borrowing

As of the date of this prospectus, we have neither acquired nor contracted to acquire any investments, nor has our advisor identified any assets in which there is a reasonable probability that we will invest. We will seek to acquire and operate institutional quality office and other commercial properties. These are properties that generally have premier business addresses in especially desirable locations. We intend that our investments will include properties located in central business districts of major metropolitan cities with limited potential for new

development activity and other identified barriers to entry. Our principal targeted assets are institutional quality office properties that have premier business addresses, desirable locations, personalized amenities, high quality construction and highly creditworthy commercial tenants. Other potential property acquisitions include, without limitation, office, industrial and other commercial properties, including properties that have been constructed and have operating histories, are newly constructed or are under development or construction. All acquisitions of commercial properties will be evaluated for tenant creditworthiness and the reliability and stability of the properties' future income and capital appreciation within an eight to twelve-year holding period. We also intend to make or purchase mortgage loans or participations in mortgage loans secured by the same types of real properties which we may acquire directly if our advisor deems that such investments are advantageous to us due to the state of the real estate market or nature of our investment portfolio at any time. Our management intends to limit such mortgage investments to 15.0% of our total investment portfolio unless our management determines that prevailing economic or portfolio circumstances require otherwise. In addition, we may acquire interests in other entities with similar real property investments. All directly owned real estate properties may be acquired, developed and operated by us alone or jointly with another party. We are likely to enter into one or more joint ventures for the acquisition of properties with certain of our affiliates, other third parties, including the present and future real estate limited partnerships and REITs sponsored by our advisor. We may also serve as mortgage lender to these joint ventures or other Behringer Harvard real estate programs.

We may incur indebtedness of up to 55.0% of our aggregate asset value as of the date of any borrowing, however, such limitation does not apply to individual properties. Therefore, with respect to any particular property in which we invest, we may incur indebtedness of more than 55.0% of the asset value of the respective property. We expect to borrow up to 55.0% of our aggregate asset value if interest rates and loan terms are favorable. Our board of directors must review, at least quarterly, our aggregate borrowing. Our independent directors must approve any borrowing in excess of 55.0% of our aggregate asset value and the justification for such excess borrowing must be disclosed to our stockholders in our next quarterly report. We currently have not established any financing sources. See the "Investment Objectives and Criteria – Borrowing Policies" section of this prospectus on page 81 for a more detailed discussion of our borrowing policies.

Estimated Use of Proceeds of This Offering

We anticipate that we will have at least 85.0% of the gross proceeds of this offering available for our use. We expect to invest a minimum of 84.2% of the proceeds from this offering, including proceeds from the sale of shares pursuant to our dividend reinvestment plan, in real estate properties, mortgage loans and other investments, and to set aside, as initial working capital reserves for real estate properties, approximately 1.0% of the contract price of the properties we acquire, which we expect will equal approximately 0.8% of the gross proceeds from this offering, assuming no debt financing. The remaining proceeds will be used to pay fees and expenses of this offering, and fees and expenses related to the selection and acquisition of investments.

Investment Objectives

Our investment objectives are:

- to preserve, protect and return your capital contribution;
- to maximize cash dividends paid to you;
- to realize growth in the value of our properties upon our ultimate sale of such properties; and
- to list the shares on a national exchange or, if we do not list the shares by the twelfth anniversary of the termination of this offering, to make an orderly disposition of our properties and distribute the cash to you.

We may only change these investment objectives upon a majority vote of the stockholders. See the "Investment Objectives and Criteria" section of this prospectus for a more complete description of our business and objectives.

Dividend Policy

In order to remain qualified as a REIT, we are required to distribute 90.0% of our annual taxable income to our stockholders. We expect to declare and pay dividends to stockholders on a monthly basis. We intend to

coordinate our dividend declaration dates with our new investor admission dates so our investors will be entitled to be paid dividends in the next declaration of monthly dividends. Because we have not identified any probable investments, there can be no assurances as to when we will begin to generate sufficient cash flow and to make distributions. We do not expect to have any cash flow available for distribution before we make our initial investments. The amount of such dividends will be determined by our board of directors and will depend on the amount of distributable funds, current and projected cash requirements, tax considerations and other factors.

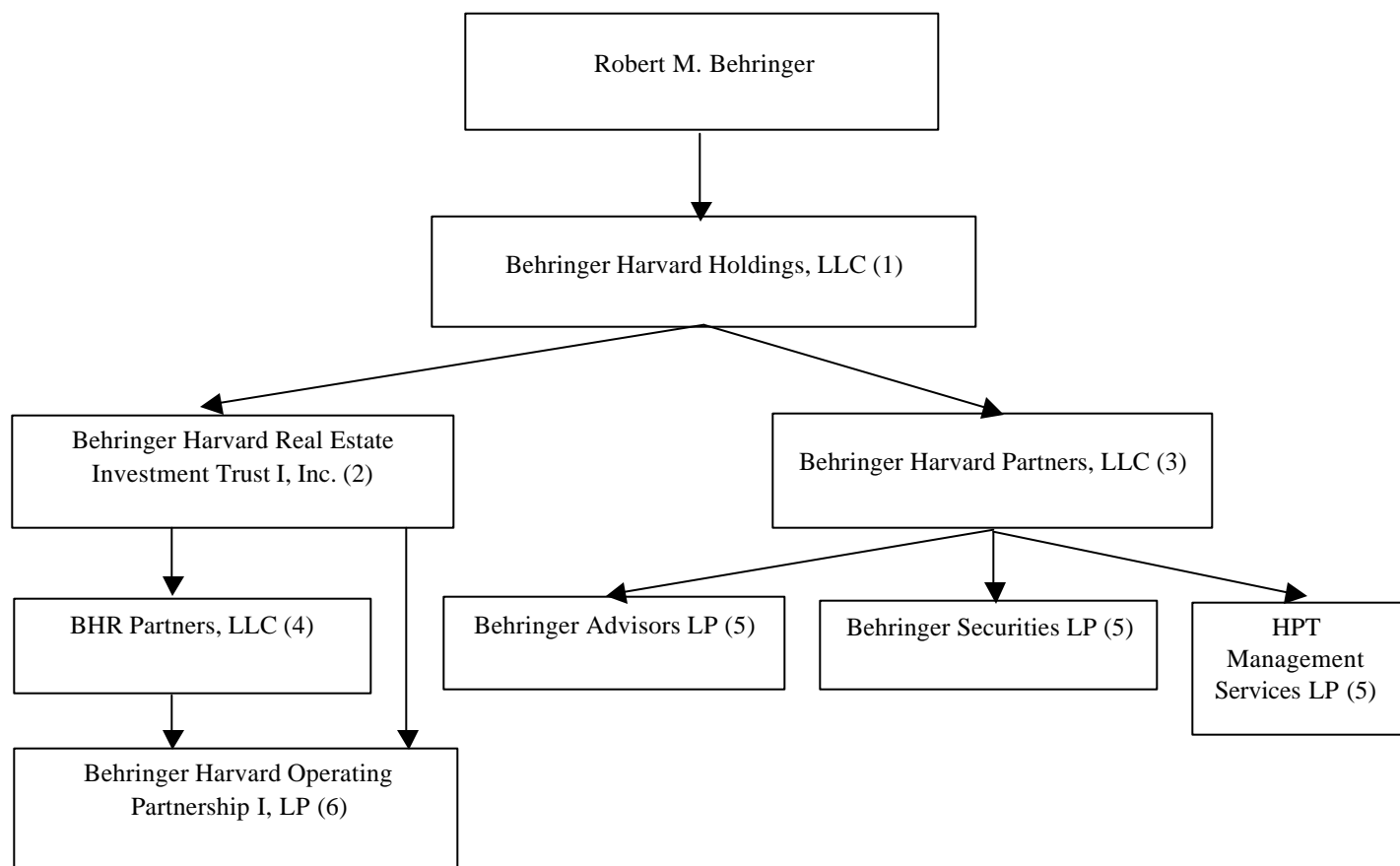
Conflicts of Interest

Behringer Advisors, as our advisor, will experience conflicts of interest in connection with the management of our business affairs, including the following:

- Behringer Advisors and its officers and directors will have to allocate their time between us and the other Behringer Harvard programs and activities in which they are involved;
- Behringer Advisors must determine which Behringer Harvard program or other entity should purchase any particular property, make or purchase any particular mortgage loan or mortgage loan participation or make any other investment, or enter into a joint venture for the acquisition and operation of specific properties;
- Behringer Advisors may compete with other Behringer Harvard programs and properties owned by officers and directors of Behringer Advisors for the same tenants in negotiating leases, making or investing in mortgage loans or participations in mortgage loans or in selling similar properties at the same time; and
- Behringer Advisors and its affiliates will receive fees in connection with transactions involving the purchase, management and sale of our investments regardless of the quality of the services provided to us.

See the “Conflicts of Interest” section of this prospectus beginning on page 67 for a detailed discussion of the various conflicts of interest relating to your investment, as well as the procedures that we have established to resolve a number of these potential conflicts.

The following chart shows the ownership structure of the various Behringer Harvard entities that are affiliated with Behringer Advisors.



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- (1) Robert Behringer, our President, Chief Executive Officer and Chairman of the Board, owned approximately 67.0% of the limited liability company interests of Behringer Harvard Holdings, LLC (Behringer Harvard Holdings) as of February 1, 2003.
 - (2) Behringer Harvard Holdings currently owns all 200,000 of our issued and outstanding shares.
 - (3) Behringer Harvard Holdings owns 100% of the limited liability company interests of Behringer Harvard Partners, LLC (Behringer Harvard Partners).
 - (4) We own 100% of the limited liability company interests of BHR Partners, LLC (BHR Partners).
 - (5) Behringer Harvard Partners is the 99.9% owner and the sole limited partner of each of Behringer Advisors, Behringer Securities LP (Behringer Securities) and HPT Management Services LP (HPT Management). Harvard Property Trust, LLC, a wholly owned subsidiary of Behringer Harvard Holdings, is the owner of the remaining 0.1% and the sole general partner of each of Behringer Advisors and Behringer Securities. IMS, LLC, another wholly owned subsidiary of Behringer Harvard Holdings, is the owner of the remaining 0.1% interest and the sole general partner of HPT Management Services.
 - (6) BHR Partners currently is the sole limited partner and the 99.9% owner of Behringer Harvard Operating Partnership I, LP (Behringer Harvard OP I). We are the sole general partner and owner of the remaining 0.1% of Behringer Harvard OP I.

Prior Offering Summary

Our founder, Chief Executive Officer and President, Robert M. Behringer, has previously sponsored 29 privately offered real estate limited partnerships and a private REIT, Harvard Property Trust, Inc., over the last ten years. As of September 30, 2002, Mr. Behringer had raised approximately \$94.2 million from approximately 470 investors in these real estate programs. Neither Mr. Behringer, nor any of our other affiliates, have previously sponsored or organized a publicly offered REIT. The “Prior Performance Summary” section of this prospectus beginning on page 89 contains a discussion of the programs sponsored by Mr. Behringer from January 1, 1995 to date. Certain statistical data relating to such programs with investment objectives similar to ours is also provided in the “Prior Performance Tables” included as Exhibit A to this prospectus. The prior performance of the programs previously sponsored by Mr. Behringer is not necessarily indicative of the results that we will achieve. Therefore, you should not assume that you will experience returns, if any, comparable to those experienced by investors in such prior real estate programs.

Compensation to Behringer Advisors and Its Affiliates

Behringer Advisors and its affiliates will receive compensation and fees for services relating to this offering and the investment and management of our assets. The most significant items of compensation are summarized in the following table:

Type of Compensation	Form of Compensation	Estimated \$\$ Amount for Maximum Offering (88,000,000 shares - \$880,000,000)
<i>Offering Stage</i>		
Sales Commissions	7.0% of gross offering proceeds	\$61,600,000
Dealer Manager Fee	2.5% of gross offering proceeds; 1.0% for dividend reinvestment plan purchases	\$20,800,000
Organization and Offering Expenses	2.5% of gross offering proceeds	\$22,000,000
<i>Acquisition and Development Stage</i>		
Acquisition and Advisory Fees	3.0% of the contract purchase price of each property or the amount of funds advanced in respect of a mortgage loan	\$22,266,028
Acquisition Expenses	Up to 0.5% of the contract purchase price of each property or the amount of funds advanced in respect of a mortgage loan	\$3,711,005
<i>Operational Stage</i>		
Property Management and Leasing Fees	3.0% of gross revenues plus leasing commissions based upon the customary leasing commission applicable to the geographic location of property	N/A
Asset Management Fee	Monthly fee of one-twelfth of 0.5% of our aggregate assets value	N/A
Subordinated Disposition Fee	Lesser of one-half of the aggregate brokerage commission paid (including the subordinated disposition fee) or 3.0% of contract price for properties sold, after investors receive a return of capital plus a 9.0% annual, cumulative, noncompounded return on capital	N/A
Subordinated Participation in Net Sale Proceeds (payable only if our shares are not listed on an exchange)	15.0% of remaining amounts of net sale proceeds after return of capital plus payment to investors of a 9.0% annual, cumulative, noncompounded return on capital	N/A

Type of Compensation	Form of Compensation	Estimated \$\$ Amount for Maximum Offering (88,000,000 shares - \$880,000,000)
Subordinated Incentive Listing Fee (payable only if our shares are listed on an exchange)	15.0% of the amount by which our adjusted market value exceeds the aggregate capital contributions contributed by investors plus payment to investors of a 9.0% annual, cumulative, noncompounded return on capital	N/A
Subordinated Performance Fee (payable only if the Subordinated Incentive Listing Fee is not paid)	Upon termination of the advisory agreement between us and our advisor, other than termination by us because of a material breach of the advisory agreement by the advisor, a performance fee of 15.0% of the amount by which our appraised net asset value at the time of such termination exceeds the aggregate capital contributions contributed by investors plus payment to investors of a 9.0% annual, cumulative, noncompounded return on capital.	N/A

There are many additional conditions and restrictions on the amount of compensation Behringer Advisors and its affiliates may receive. There are also some smaller items of compensation and expense reimbursements that Behringer Advisors may receive. For a more detailed explanation of these fees and expenses payable to Behringer Advisors and its affiliates, see the “Estimated Use of Proceeds” section of this prospectus beginning on page 45 and the “Management – Management Compensation” section of this prospectus beginning on page 62.

Listing

We anticipate listing our shares on a national securities exchange on or before the twelfth anniversary of the termination of this offering. Depending upon then prevailing market conditions, it is our management’s intention to consider beginning the process of listing or liquidation prior to the eighth anniversary of the termination of this offering. In the event we do not obtain listing prior to the twelfth anniversary of the termination of this offering, our charter requires us to begin the sale of our properties and liquidation of our assets.

Dividend Reinvestment Plan

You may participate in our dividend reinvestment plan pursuant to which you may have the dividends you receive reinvested in shares of our common stock. Regardless of whether you participate in our dividend reinvestment plan, you will be taxed on your share of our taxable income, and participation in our dividend reinvestment plan would mean that you will have to rely solely on sources other than dividends from which to pay such taxes. As a result, you may have a tax liability without receiving cash dividends to pay such liability. We may terminate the dividend reinvestment plan in our discretion at any time upon ten days notice to plan participants. See the “Summary of Dividend Reinvestment Plan” section of this prospectus for further explanation of our dividend reinvestment plan, a complete copy of which is attached as Exhibit C to this prospectus.

Share Redemption Program

After you have held your shares for a minimum of one year, our share redemption program provides an opportunity for you to redeem your shares, subject to certain restrictions and limitations. The redemption price will equal the lesser of (1) the price you actually paid for your shares or (2) either (i) prior to the time we begin having appraisals performed by an independent third party, \$8.50 per share, or (ii) after we begin obtaining such appraisals, 90.0% of the net asset value per share, as determined by the appraisals. Subject to the limitations described in this prospectus, we will redeem shares upon the request of the estate, heir or beneficiary of a deceased stockholder. The purchase price for units redeemed upon the death of a limited partner, until after the first three full fiscal years following termination of this offering, will be the price the limited partner actually paid for the units, and thereafter, the purchase price will be the fair market value of the units as determined by estimated unit valuations. During any calendar year, we will not redeem in excess of 3.0% of the weighted average number of shares outstanding during the prior calendar year. In addition, the cash available for redemption generally will be limited to 1.0% of the

operating cash flow from the previous fiscal year, plus any proceeds from our dividend reinvestment plan. You may present to us fewer than all of your shares for redemption, except that you must present for redemption at least 25.0% of your shares. In order to participate in our share redemption program, you will be required to certify to us that you acquired the shares to be redeemed by either (i) a purchase directly from us or (ii) a transfer from the original subscriber by way of a bona fide gift not for value to, or for the benefit of, a member of the subscriber's immediate or extended family or through a transfer to a custodian, trustee or other fiduciary for the account of the subscriber or his/her immediate or extended family in connection with an estate planning transaction, including by bequest or inheritance upon death or by operation of law. Our board of directors reserves the right to reject any request for redemption of shares or to terminate, suspend or amend the share redemption program at any time. You will have no right to request redemption of your shares after the shares are listed on a national exchange. See "Description of Shares – Share Redemption Program" beginning on page 116 for further explanation of the Share Redemption Program.

Behringer Harvard OP I

We generally intend to own our investments through Behringer Harvard OP I or subsidiaries thereof, or other operating partnerships. We may, however, own investments directly or through other entities. We are the sole general partner of Behringer Harvard OP I. BHR Partners, LLC, our subsidiary, is currently the only limited partner of Behringer Harvard OP I. Our ownership of properties in Behringer Harvard OP I is referred to as an "UPREIT." The UPREIT structure will allow us to acquire real estate properties in exchange for limited partnership units in Behringer Harvard OP I. This structure also will allow sellers of properties to transfer their properties to Behringer Harvard OP I in exchange for units of Behringer Harvard OP I and defer gain recognition for tax purposes with respect to such transfers of properties. At present, we have no plans to acquire any specific properties in exchange for units of Behringer Harvard OP I. The holders of units in Behringer Harvard OP I may have their units exchanged for cash or shares of our common stock under certain circumstances described in the section of this prospectus captioned "The Operating Partnership Agreement" beginning on page 124.

ERISA Considerations

The section of this prospectus entitled "Investment by Tax-Exempt Entities and ERISA Considerations" describes the effect the purchase of shares will have on individual retirement accounts (IRAs) and retirement plans subject to the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974, as amended (ERISA), and/or the Internal Revenue Code. ERISA is a federal law that regulates the operation of certain tax-advantaged retirement plans. Any retirement plan trustee or individual considering purchasing shares for a retirement plan or an IRA should read carefully the section of this prospectus captioned "Investment by Tax-Exempt Entities and ERISA Considerations."

Description of Shares

General

Generally, your investment will be recorded on our books only, and we will issue a certificate evidencing stock ownership only to stockholders who make a written request to us. If you wish to transfer your shares, you will be required to send an executed transfer form to us, along with a fee to cover reasonable transfer costs, in an amount as determined by our board of directors. We will provide the required form to you upon request or make it available on our web site.

Stockholder Voting Rights and Limitations

We will hold annual meetings of our stockholders for the purpose of electing our directors or conducting other business matters that may be presented at such meetings. We may also call a special meeting of stockholders from time to time for the purpose of conducting certain matters. You are entitled to one vote for each share you own at any of these meetings.

Restriction on Share Ownership

Our charter contains a restriction on ownership of the shares that prevents any one person from owning more than 9.8% of our outstanding common stock. These restrictions are designed to enable us to comply with share accumulation restrictions imposed on REITs by the Internal Revenue Code. For a more complete description of the shares, including restrictions on the ownership of shares, please see the "Description of Shares" section of this prospectus beginning on page 112.

Other Behringer Harvard Programs

Affiliates of Behringer Advisors are currently sponsoring registered public offerings on behalf of two other Behringer Harvard programs, Behringer Harvard Short-Term Opportunity Fund I LP (Behringer Harvard Short-Term Fund I) and Behringer Harvard Mid-Term Value Enhancement Fund I LP (Behringer Harvard Mid-Term Fund I). The following table summarizes some of the most important features of this offering and the offerings of the other two Behringer Harvard funds.

	BEHRINGER HARVARD REIT I	BEHRINGER HARVARD MID-TERM FUND I	BEHRINGER HARVARD SHORT-TERM FUND I
Entity Type	Real estate investment trust	Real estate limited partnership	Real estate limited partnership
Offering Size	\$800.0 million to the public plus \$80.0 million for dividend reinvestment plan; minimum offering of \$2.5 million	\$400.0 million to the public plus \$40.0 million for dividend reinvestment plan; minimum offering of \$2.0 million	\$100.0 million to the public plus \$10.0 million for the dividend reinvestment plan; minimum offering of \$1.5 million
Minimum Investment	\$1,000 (some states may vary)	\$1,000 (some states may vary)	\$1,000 (some states may vary)
Targeted Fund Term	Eight to twelve years from the termination of the offering	Five to eight years from the termination of the offering	Three to five years from the termination of the offering
Investment Objectives	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • To preserve, protect and return capital contributions • To maximize distributable cash to investors • To realize growth in the value of properties upon the ultimate sale of properties • Within twelve years after termination of the offering, either (i) to list the shares on a national exchange or (ii) to make an orderly disposition of properties and distribute the cash to investors 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • To preserve, protect and return capital contributions • To realize growth in the value of properties upon the ultimate sale of properties • To maximize distributable cash to investors • Within eight years after termination of the offering, either (i) to make an orderly disposition of properties and distribute the cash to investors or (ii) upon limited partners' approval, to allow investors to exchange their units for interests in another Behringer Harvard fund 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • To preserve, protect and return capital contributions • To maximize distributable cash to investors • To realize growth in the value of properties upon the ultimate sale of properties • Within five years after termination of the offering, either (i) to make an orderly disposition of properties and distribute the cash to investors or (ii) upon limited partners' approval, to allow investors to exchange their units for interests in another Behringer Harvard fund
Targeted Assets	Principally institutional quality office properties having premier business addresses, desirable locations, personalized amenities, high quality construction, and highly creditworthy commercial tenants	Principally institutional quality office and office service center properties having desirable locations, personalized amenities, high quality construction and creditworthy commercial tenants	Principally office, office-tech, retail, apartment, industrial and hotel properties
Targeted Markets	Generally intended to include central business districts of major metropolitan cities where barriers to entry are judged to be high and, to a lesser extent, selected suburban markets with identified barriers to entry	Generally intended to include central business districts of major metropolitan cities and selected suburban markets with identified barriers to entry	Generally intended to include markets with higher volatility, lower barriers to entry and high growth potential (such as the Southwest)

	BEHRINGER HARVARD REIT I	BEHRINGER HARVARD MID-TERM FUND I	BEHRINGER HARVARD SHORT-TERM FUND I
Possibility of Joint Ventures	Likely to joint venture with Behringer Harvard Mid-Term Fund I and other institutional real estate investors (such as pension funds and insurance companies)	Likely to joint venture with Behringer Harvard REIT I and other institutional real estate investors (such as pension funds and insurance companies)	May joint venture with other Behringer Harvard funds and other real estate investors having similar investment objectives
Investments Other Than Real Property	Ownership interests of unaffiliated enterprises having real property investments consistent with those the fund intends to acquire directly, as well as joint ventures with affiliates and non-affiliates; mortgage loans and participations in mortgage loans	Ownership interests of unaffiliated enterprises having real property investments consistent with those the fund intends to acquire directly, as well as joint ventures with affiliates and non-affiliates	Ownership interests of unaffiliated enterprises having real property investments consistent with those the fund intends to acquire directly, as well as joint ventures with affiliates and non-affiliates
Mortgage Loan Investing	Possible, but management intends to limit to 15.0% of total investment portfolio	Possible, but not anticipated	Possible, but not anticipated
Leverage	Yes; aggregate amount of borrowings as of the date of any borrowing may not exceed 55.0% of the aggregate value of all assets	No leverage will be used to acquire properties; may only borrow for other limited purposes	Yes; aggregate amount of borrowings at any time may not exceed 75.0% of the aggregate value of all assets
Distribution Policy	At least 90.0% of annual taxable income will be distributed to stockholders; dividends, if any, to be declared and paid on a monthly basis	Distributions to limited partners, if any, to be declared and paid on a monthly basis	Distributions to limited partners, if any, to be declared and paid on a monthly basis
Profile of Investor for Whom Units are Recommended	Investors who seek to diversify their personal portfolios with a finite-life, real estate-based investment, seek to preserve capital, seek to receive current income, wish to obtain the benefits of potential long-term capital appreciation, and are able to hold their investments for a time period consistent with the fund's liquidity plans	Investors who seek to diversify their personal portfolios with a finite-life, real estate-based investment, seek to preserve capital, seek to receive current income, wish to obtain the benefits of potential long-term capital appreciation, and are able to hold their investments for a time period consistent with the fund's liquidity plans	Investors who seek to diversify their personal portfolios with a finite-life, real estate-based investment, wish to obtain the benefits of potential long-term capital appreciation, seek to receive current income, and are able to hold their investments for a time period consistent with the fund's liquidity plans
Persons for Whom Investment in Units is Not Recommended	Persons who require immediate liquidity or guaranteed income, or who seek a short-term investment	Persons who require immediate liquidity or guaranteed income, or who seek a short-term investment	Persons who require immediate liquidity or guaranteed income
Appropriate for IRAs, 401(k)s and other tax qualified plans	Yes	Yes	No
Estimated Percentage of Proceeds for Fund Use	Expected minimum of 85.0%, 84.2% for investment and 0.8% for initial working capital reserve	Expected minimum of 85.0%, 84.2% for investment and 0.8% for initial working capital reserve	Expected minimum of 85.0%, 84.2% for investment and 0.8% for initial working capital reserve

	BEHRINGER HARVARD REIT I	BEHRINGER HARVARD MID-TERM FUND I	BEHRINGER HARVARD SHORT-TERM FUND I
Compensation of Advisor/General Partners and Affiliates for Services	Comparable fee structure as utilized for all Behringer Harvard funds for acquisition and advisory services and asset management services; property management fee of 3.0%	Comparable fee structure as utilized for all Behringer Harvard funds for acquisition and advisory services and asset management services; property management fee of up to 4.0%	Comparable fee structure as utilized for all Behringer Harvard funds for acquisition and advisory services and asset management services; property management fee of up to 4.5%
Stockholder/Limited Partner Preferred Return Before Advisor/General Partner Participation	Return of investment plus 9.0% per year (noncompounded)	Return of investment plus 8.0% per year (noncompounded)	Return of investment plus 10.0% per year (noncompounded)
Advisor/General Partners Performance-Based Return Payable After Stockholder/Limited Partner Preferred Return	Subordinated disposition fee up to 3.0% of the sales price of each property sold; 15.0% subordinated participation in gains from sales of properties over the investors' 9.0% annual return plus return of investment; subordinated incentive listing fee of 15.0% of the net market value of the outstanding stock plus distributions paid prior to listing minus the preferred return; subordinated performance fee of 15.0% of the net appraised asset value of the fund plus distributions paid prior to listing minus the preferred return	Up to 3.0% of the gross sales price of the property as a brokerage commission; 15.0% subordinated participation in distributions over the investors' 8.0% annual return plus return of investment	Up to 3.0% of the gross sales price of the property as a brokerage commission; 15.0% subordinated participation in distributions over the investors' 10.0% annual return plus return of investment
Dividend/Dividend Reinvestment Plan	Yes	Yes	Yes
Share/Unit Redemption Plan	Yes	Yes	Yes
Deferred Commission Option	Payable over 6 years at 1.0% per year	Payable over 6 years at 1.0% per year	Payable over 3 years at 2.0% per year
Tax Reporting	Form 1099	Form K-1	Form K-1

QUESTIONS AND ANSWERS ABOUT THIS OFFERING

Below we have provided some of the more frequently asked questions and answers relating to an offering of this type. Please see the remainder of this prospectus for more detailed information about this offering.

Q: What is a REIT?

A: In general, a REIT is a company that:

- pays dividends to investors of at least 90.0% of its taxable income;
- avoids the “double taxation” treatment of income that generally results from investments in a corporation because a REIT is not generally subject to federal corporate income taxes on its net income, provided certain income tax requirements are satisfied;
- combines the capital of many investors to acquire or provide financing for real estate-based investment; and
- offers the benefit of a diversified real estate portfolio under professional management.

Q: What is Behringer Harvard REIT I, Inc.?

A: Our REIT was formed in 2002 as a Maryland corporation to acquire commercial real estate properties, principally institutional quality office buildings and other commercial properties, and lease each such property to one or more tenants. In addition, we may make or purchase mortgage loans or participations in mortgage loans secured by the types of real properties that we may acquire directly. Our management intends to limit such mortgage investments to 15.0% of our total investment portfolio unless our management determines that prevailing economic or portfolio circumstances require otherwise. Our REIT was founded by Robert M. Behringer and was originally organized by Mr. Behringer, Gerald J. Reihsen, III, Gary S. Bresky and M. Jason Mattox.

Q: Why are you structured as a REIT?

A: Behringer Harvard programs are structured using the business forms that the sponsor believes are the most advantageous to investors. If a Behringer Harvard program were to be structured as a standard “C corporation,” the entity would be taxed on its income, and investors would be taxed on any cash distributions they receive. In general, REITs are not taxed on income distributed to investors. Behringer Harvard REIT I, which has a longer targeted fund term than Behringer Harvard Mid-Term Fund I and Behringer Harvard Short-Term Fund I, has been structured as a real estate investment trust. In order to avoid this so-called “double taxation,” Behringer Harvard Mid-Term Fund I and Behringer Harvard Short-Term Fund I have been structured as limited partnerships. The tax attributes of limited partnerships generally are allocated to investors rather than realized at the fund level. Regardless of the choice of entity used, Behringer Harvard programs are designed to operate consistently with the goal of maximizing distributions to investors.

Q: What is the experience of your officers and directors?

A: Robert M. Behringer – our President, Chief Executive Officer and Chairman of the Board, has been active in the acquisition, finance, management and development of both institutional and non-institutional commercial real estate, and the structuring of commercial real estate transactions, for over 25 years. Mr. Behringer was formerly the President and Chief Executive Officer of Harvard Property Trust, Inc., an office REIT with net asset value of approximately \$200 million, and since 1989 he has sponsored numerous real estate investment partnerships. From 1985 until 1993, Mr. Behringer was Vice President and Investment Officer of Equitable Real Estate Investment Management, Inc. (now known as Lend Lease), one of the largest pension fund advisors and owners of real estate in the United States. While at Equitable, Mr. Behringer was an institutional portfolio manager with responsibility for a portfolio of properties, including institutional quality office, industrial, retail, apartment and hotel properties exceeding 17.0 million square feet with a value of approximately \$2.8 billion. Mr. Behringer has also been a licensed certified public accountant for over 20 years.

Robert S. Aisner – our Chief Operating Officer, has 28 years of commercial real estate experience. From 1996 until joining us in 2003, Mr. Aisner served as Executive Vice President of Amli Residential Properties Trust (Amli), a New York Stock Exchange listed REIT, President of Amli Management Company, overseeing all apartment operations in 80 communities in eight cities and the Amli Corporate Homes division of Amli, Vice President of Amli Residential Construction and Vice President of Amli Institutional Advisors. Mr. Aisner also served on Amli's Executive Committee and Investment Committee. From 1994 until 1996, Mr. Aisner owned and operated Regents Management, Inc., which had both a multifamily development and construction group and a general commercial property management company. From 1984 to 1994, he was employed by HRW Resources, Inc., a real estate development company, where he served as Vice President.

Gerald J. Reihsen, III – our Executive Vice President – Corporate Development and Legal and Secretary, practiced as a corporate securities attorney for over 17 years with commercial law firms, including over nine years with Gibson, Dunn & Crutcher, and served as Vice President-Corporate Development and Legal for Xybridge Technologies, Inc., a telecommunications software company. Mr. Reihsen's business and legal background has centered on sophisticated financial and transactional matters, including commercial real estate transactions, REITs and partnerships, and public and private securities offerings.

Gary S. Bresky – our Chief Financial Officer and Treasurer, is a certified public accountant and has been active in commercial real estate and related financial activities for over 15 years. In 1997, Mr. Bresky joined Harvard Property Trust, Inc., as Senior Vice President of Finance. Prior to joining Harvard Property Trust, Inc., Mr. Bresky was an accounting professional in the Real Estate Group at Coopers & Lybrand LLP where he focused on finance and accounting for both public and private REITs.

M. Jason Mattox – our Senior Vice President – Asset Acquisition and Management, served as Vice President of Harvard Property Trust, Inc. from 1997 until 2002, and from 1998 until 2002, he served as a member of its Investment Committee. From 1999 until 2001, Mr. Mattox served as Vice President of Sun Resorts International, Inc., a recreational property investment company affiliated with Harvard Property Trust, Inc., coordinating marina acquisitions throughout the southern United States and the U.S. Virgin Islands. From 1999 until 2001, in addition to providing services related to investing, acquisition, disposition and operational activities, Mr. Mattox served as an asset manager with responsibility for over 1.0 million square feet of Harvard Property Trust's commercial office assets, overseeing property performance, management offices, personnel and outsourcing relationships.

Douglas L. Courtney – a director, is a founding principal in iCap Realty Advisors, LLC, a national mortgage banking and property brokerage firm with 17 offices throughout the United States. From 1988 until founding iCap Realty Advisors in 2001, Mr. Courtney was a founding principal in The Wyndam Group, Inc., a regional mortgage banking and property brokerage firm. Mr. Courtney has over 27 years of experience in real estate lending and has been involved in the financing of over \$1.5 billion in commercial real estate.

Charles G. Dannis – an independent director, has been a commercial real estate appraiser and consultant since 1972. Mr. Dannis co-founded the firm Crosson Dannis, Inc., a real estate appraisal and consulting firm, in 1977 and has been employed by such firm since that time. He is currently Chairman of the Appraisal Institute's Symposium Committee and member of its Research Committee. He is past Chairman, Treasurer and Member of the Board of the National Council of Real Estate Investment Fiduciaries Valuation Committee. Mr. Dannis holds a Bachelor of Business Administration degree from Southern Methodist University. Since 1988, he has been an adjunct professor/lecturer in Real Estate and Urban Land Economics in the Cox School of Business at Southern Methodist University in both the undergraduate and graduate schools. Mr. Dannis is also an award-winning teacher for the Mortgage Bankers Association of America School of Mortgage Banking.

Jon L. Dooley – an independent director, is currently a Senior Vice President with Trammell Crow Company, a New York Stock Exchange listed diversified commercial real estate company. Mr. Dooley previously served as a principal with Lend Lease Real Estate Investments, Inc. (Lend Lease), a leading real estate pension manager and advisor in the United States. He has held various senior management positions with Trammell Crow Company, Lend Lease and Equitable Real Estate Investment

Management, Inc. (acquired by Lend Lease) over the past 13 years. Mr. Dooley has over 25 years of commercial real estate experience.

Charles B. Nolen – an independent director, has served as an independent consultant, providing such services primarily with Lend Lease. Mr. Nolen also provides asset management services for a \$70 million portfolio of a pension fund client. From 1989 until becoming an independent consultant in 1999, Mr. Nolen was a Vice President of Lend Lease, where he conducted or supervised the valuation of a \$3.5 billion portfolio consisting of industrial properties, apartments, convention hotels, office buildings, parking garages, developable land and special use projects. Prior to that, Mr. Nolen worked with Cushman & Wakefield of Texas, Inc., a Dallas real estate firm, where he was responsible for valuation of commercial real estate. Mr. Nolen is a certified public accountant, a licensed real estate broker and a state-certified general real estate appraiser.

Q: In what types of real property will you invest?

- A: We will generally seek to invest the offering proceeds available for investment after the payment of fees and expenses in the acquisition of institutional quality office and other commercial properties which we intend to hold for eight to twelve years from the termination of this offering. These are properties that generally have premier business addresses in especially desirable locations in markets with limited potential for new development or other barriers to entry. Such properties generally are of high quality construction, offer personalized tenant amenities and attract higher quality tenants. We are not limited to such investments, however. We may invest in other commercial properties in order to reduce overall portfolio risk or enhance overall portfolio returns if our advisor determines that it would be advantageous to do so.

The general types of real property in which we will seek to invest are substantially the same as the types of real property which Behringer Harvard Mid-Term Fund I is targeting for investment. However, of these types of investments, some may be more suitable for us than for Behringer Harvard Mid-Term Fund I and vice versa. Given that our targeted fund term is longer than that of Behringer Harvard Mid-Term Fund I, Behringer Harvard Mid-Term Fund I will focus more on suburban submarkets than we will. In addition, we intend to acquire properties on a leveraged basis whereas Behringer Harvard Mid-Term Fund I will not borrow to finance its real property investments. Further, because our maximum offering is substantially larger than Behringer Harvard Mid-Term Fund I's maximum offering of \$440.0 million, we anticipate that the purchase price for any real property investment we make may exceed the anticipated maximum investment per property of \$100.0 million for Behringer Harvard Mid-Term Fund I.

Q: May you invest in anything other than real property?

- A: Yes. We anticipate there will be opportunities to acquire some or all of the ownership interests of unaffiliated enterprises having real property investments consistent with those we intend to acquire directly. In addition, if our advisor determines that, due to the state of the real estate market or in order to diversify our investment portfolio, it would be advantageous to us, we may also provide mortgage loans to owners of these types of commercial real properties or purchase such mortgage loans or participations in mortgage loans from other mortgage lenders. Such mortgage loans will be in the form of promissory notes or other evidences of indebtedness of the borrower that are secured or collateralized by real estate owned by the borrower. Our management intends to limit such mortgage investments to 15.0% of our total investment portfolio unless our management determines that prevailing economic or portfolio circumstances require otherwise. Because there are significant limitations on the amount of non-real estate assets that a REIT may own without losing its status as a REIT, we will be significantly limited as to ownership of non-real estate investments. These limitations may limit our ability to maximize profits.

Q: How are you different from your competitors who offer unlisted finite-life public REIT or real estate limited partnership units?

- A. Our management believes that we will benefit from our plan to invest in institutional quality properties using institutional investment strategies. We have designed our holding period for these properties with

a view to capitalize on their potential for increased income and capital appreciation. Also, it is our management's belief that targeting this type of property for investment will enhance our ability to enter into joint ventures with other institutional real property investors (such as pension funds, public REITs and other large institutional real estate investors). This can allow greater diversity of our investment portfolio by increasing the number of properties in which we may invest. Our management also believes that a portfolio consisting of a preponderance of this type of property enhances our liquidity opportunities for investors by making the sale of individual properties, multiple properties or our investment portfolio as a whole attractive to institutional investors and by making a possible listing of our shares attractive to the public investment community.

Q: Who will choose the investments you make?

A: Behringer Advisors is our advisor and makes recommendations on all investments to our board of directors. Behringer Advisors is controlled indirectly by Robert Behringer, our President, Chief Executive Officer and Chairman of the Board. As of September 30, 2002, Mr. Behringer had sponsored private real estate programs which have raised approximately \$94.2 million from approximately 470 investors and which owned and operated a total of 52 commercial real estate properties. Robert Aisner, Gerald Reihsen, Gary Bresky and Jason Mattox, who are our other executive officers, are the other executive officers of Behringer Advisors, and they will assist Mr. Behringer in making property acquisition recommendations on behalf of Behringer Advisors to our board of directors. Our board of directors, including a majority of our independent directors, must approve all of our investments.

Q: Does Behringer Advisors use any specific criteria when selecting potential investments for us?

A: Yes. Behringer Advisors will primarily attempt to acquire for us ownership of institutional quality office and other commercial properties in highly desirable locations in markets with barriers to entry and limited potential for new development activity. We also may make or acquire participations in mortgage loans, secured by the types of real properties that we may acquire directly. Our management intends to limit such mortgage investments to 15.0% of our total investment portfolio unless our management determines that prevailing economic or portfolio circumstances require otherwise. In addition, we may attempt to invest in ownership interests of enterprises having investments consistent with those we intend to acquire directly. All acquisitions of commercial properties and mortgages will be evaluated for tenant or borrower creditworthiness and the reliability and stability of their future income and capital appreciation potential. We will consider the risk profile, credit quality and reputation of tenants, and the impact of each particular acquisition as it relates to the portfolio as a whole.

Q: Do you currently own any investments?

A. No. This offering is a "blind pool" offering in that we have not yet identified specific investments that we will acquire with the proceeds from this offering.

Q: Why do you intend to acquire some of your properties in joint ventures?

A: We intend to acquire properties in joint ventures when we determine it necessary in order to diversify our portfolio of properties in terms of geographic region or property type and to enable us to make investments sooner than would be possible otherwise, since the amount of gross proceeds raised in the early stages of this offering may be insufficient to acquire title to all of a real property targeted for investment. The sooner we are able to invest in properties, the sooner we will be able to pay dividends from our operating cash flow and the greater the opportunity for capital appreciation of the investments. Additionally, the increased portfolio diversification will reduce the risk to investors as compared to a program with a smaller number of investments. Such joint ventures may be with our affiliates or with third parties. We may also make or invest in mortgage loans secured by properties owned by such joint ventures.

Q: What steps do you take to make sure you invest in environmentally compliant property?

A: We will always obtain a Phase I environmental assessment of each property purchased and for each property secured by a mortgage loan. In addition, we expect that in most cases we will obtain a

representation from the seller or borrower, as applicable, that, to its knowledge, the property is not contaminated with hazardous materials.

Q: What are your typical lease provisions?

A: We will execute new tenant leases and existing tenant lease renewals, expansions, and extensions with terms that are dictated by the current submarket conditions and the verifiable creditworthiness of each particular tenant. In general, we expect to enter into standard commercial leases. These may include standard multi-tenant commercial leases, “triple net” leases or participating leases. Under standard multi-tenant commercial leases, tenants generally reimburse the landlord for their pro rata share of annual increases in operating expenses above the base amount of operating expenses established in the initial year of the lease term. Under triple net leases, tenants generally are responsible for their pro rata share of building operating expenses in full for each year of the lease term. Under participating leases, which are common for retail properties, the landlord shares in a percentage of the tenant’s revenue. We expect our standard multi-tenant and participating lease terms will have initial terms of not less than three years and will include renewal options that are granted at the greater of market rates or the existing rental rate at expiration. We expect our triple net leases will be for initial terms of ten years or more.

Q: How will you determine whether tenants have the appropriate creditworthiness for each building lease?

A: We intend to use a number of industry credit rating services to determine the creditworthiness of potential tenants and any personal guarantor or corporate guarantor of each potential tenant. We will compare the reports produced by these services to the relevant financial and other data collected from these parties before consummating a lease transaction. Such relevant data from potential tenants and guarantors include income statements and balance sheets for current and prior periods, net worth or cash flow of guarantors, and business plans and other data we deem relevant.

Q: How will you provide for tenant improvements and other working capital needs and maintain the viability of your assets if cash flow is decreased?

A: During the underwriting process, we intend to establish estimates for working capital needs throughout the life of each acquired asset. It is anticipated that, upon closing of each asset, an amount of initial capital equal to the amounts estimated will be placed in an interest-bearing (typically money market) account as a reserve for working capital for use during the entire life of the asset. We intend to establish an initial working capital reserve of approximately 1.0% of the contract price of the properties we acquire, which we expect will equal approximately 0.8% of the gross proceeds from this offering, assuming no debt financing. However, the actual reserve for any property could exceed this amount. Working capital reserves will be adjusted through continual reprojection and annual budgeting processes. If depleted during the course of the asset’s holding period, unless otherwise budgeted, we expect the reserve requirement will be replenished from excess cash flow to provide for the financial endurance of the asset. Working capital reserves are typically utilized for non-operating expenses such as tenant improvements, leasing commissions, and major capital expenditures. Alternatively, a lender may require its own formula for escrow of working capital reserves.

Q: How will you own your investments?

A: We generally intend to own investments through an “UPREIT” called Behringer Harvard Operating Partnership I LP or “Behringer Harvard OP I,” or subsidiaries of such partnership. Behringer Harvard OP I was organized to own, operate and manage real properties on our behalf. We are the sole general partner of Behringer Harvard OP I. We may, however, own investments directly or through other entities.

Q: What is an “UPREIT”?

A: UPREIT stands for Umbrella Partnership Real Estate Investment Trust. We use this structure because a sale of property directly to the REIT is generally a taxable transaction to the selling property owner. In an UPREIT structure, a seller of a property who desires to defer taxable gain on the sale of his property may transfer the property to the UPREIT in exchange for limited partnership units in the UPREIT and

defer taxation of gain until the seller later exchanges his UPREIT units on a one-for-one basis for REIT shares. If the REIT shares are publicly traded, the former property owner will achieve liquidity for his investment. Using an UPREIT structure gives us an advantage in acquiring desired properties from persons who may not otherwise sell their properties because of unfavorable tax results.

Q: If I buy shares, will I receive dividends and how often?

A: Provided we have sufficient cash flow to pay dividends, we intend to declare and pay dividends to our stockholders on a monthly basis. Because we have not identified any probable investments, there can be no assurances as to when we will begin to generate sufficient cash flow for distribution to our stockholders. We do not expect to have any cash flow available for distribution before we make our initial investments. However, we expect that such distributions will begin no later than the end of the sixth full quarter of our operations. The amount of each dividend will be determined by our board of directors and typically will depend on the amount of distributable funds, current and projected cash requirements, tax considerations and other factors. However, in order to remain qualified as a REIT, we must make distributions of at least 90.0% of our annual REIT taxable income.

Q: How do you calculate the payment of dividends to stockholders?

A: We intend to coordinate dividend declaration dates with monthly new investor admission dates so your dividend benefits will begin to accrue immediately upon becoming a stockholder.

Q: May I reinvest my dividends?

A: Yes. You may participate in our dividend reinvestment plan by checking the appropriate box on our subscription agreement or by filling out an enrollment form, which we will provide to you at your request or you can download from our web site. The purchase price for shares purchased under the dividend reinvestment plan is currently \$10 per share.

Q: Will the dividends I receive be taxable as ordinary income?

A: The tax treatment of your dividends will depend upon specific circumstances. Generally, dividends that you receive, including dividends that are reinvested pursuant to our dividend reinvestment plan, will be taxed as ordinary income to the extent they are from current or accumulated earnings and profits. We expect that some portion of your dividends may not be subject to tax in the year received due to the fact that depreciation expenses reduce taxable income but do not reduce cash available for distribution. Amounts not subject to tax immediately will reduce the tax basis of your investment. This, in effect, defers a portion of your tax until your investment is sold or Behringer Harvard REIT I is liquidated, at which time you will be taxed at capital gains rates. Any dividend or distribution that we properly designate as a capital gain distribution generally will be treated as long-term capital gain without regard to the period for which you have held your shares. However, because each investor's tax considerations are different, we suggest that you consult with your tax advisor. You should also review the section of this prospectus entitled "Federal Income Tax Considerations."

Q: What will you do with the money raised in this offering?

A: We anticipate that we will have at least 85.0% of the gross proceeds of this offering available for our use. We will use your investment proceeds to make the investments described above. We expect to invest a minimum of 84.2% of the gross proceeds from this offering, including proceeds from the sale of shares pursuant to our dividend reinvestment plan, in the investments described above and to set aside approximately 0.8% of the gross proceeds from this offering, assuming no debt financing, as initial working capital reserves for real estate properties. The remaining proceeds will be used to pay fees and expenses of this offering and acquisition-related expenses. The payment of these fees and expenses will not reduce your invested capital. Your initial invested capital amount will remain \$10 per share, and your dividend yield will be based on your \$10 per share investment.

Until we invest the proceeds of this offering in real estate and other investments described above, we may invest in short-term, highly liquid investments. These short-term investments will not earn as high

of a return as we expect to earn on the real estate investments, mortgage loans and other investments we ultimately intend to make, and we cannot predict how long it will take to fully invest the proceeds in such ultimate investments.

Q: What kind of offering is this?

A: We are offering the public up to 80,000,000 shares of common stock on a “best efforts” basis. We are also offering up to 8,000,000 shares of common stock for sale pursuant to our dividend reinvestment plan.

Q: How does a “best efforts” offering work?

A: When shares are offered to the public on a “best efforts” basis, the brokers participating in the offering are only required to use their best efforts to sell the shares and have no firm commitment or obligation to purchase any of the shares.

Q: How long will this offering last?

A: The offering will not last beyond February 19, 2005, except that we may elect to extend the offering period for the shares reserved for issuance pursuant to our dividend reinvestment plan up to February 19, 2011.

Q: Who can buy shares?

A: An investment in our company is only suitable for persons who have adequate financial means and who will not need immediate liquidity from their investment. Residents of most states can buy shares pursuant to this prospectus provided that they have either (1) a net worth of at least \$45,000 and an annual gross income of at least \$45,000, or (2) a net worth of at least \$150,000. For this purpose, net worth does not include your home, home furnishings and automobiles. These minimum levels may be higher in certain states, so you should carefully read the more detailed description in the “Who May Invest” section of this prospectus beginning on page 135.

Q: For whom is an investment in our shares recommended?

A: An investment in our shares may be appropriate for you if you meet the suitability standards mentioned above, seek to diversify your personal portfolio with a finite-life, real estate-based investment, and you seek to preserve capital, seek to receive current income, wish to obtain the benefits of potential long-term capital appreciation and are able to hold your investment for a time period consistent with our liquidity plans. On the other hand, we caution persons who require immediate liquidity or guaranteed income, or who seek a short-term investment, not to consider an investment in our shares as meeting those needs.

The terms of this offering, the structure of our company and our intended manner of operation is designed to be easily understood by investors for whom our shares of common stock are recommended, as compared to similar real estate investment vehicles which include complex distribution and allocation terms, multiple classes of shares and complex investment schemes. We have also conformed our investment approach, the compensation of our affiliates and other operational terms to those of other publicly offered Behringer Harvard programs sponsored by our advisor and its affiliates. We believe our approach provides simplicity and consistency among Behringer Harvard programs, so that investors who subscribe for equity interests in one Behringer Harvard program will be able to easily understand and compare the terms and results of other Behringer Harvard programs.

Q: May I make an investment through my IRA, SEP or other tax-deferred account?

A: Yes. You may make an investment through your individual retirement account (IRA), a simplified employee pension (SEP) plan or other tax-deferred account. In making these investment decisions, decision makers should, at a minimum, consider (1) whether the investment is in accordance with the documents and instruments governing such IRA, plan or other account, (2) whether the investment satisfies the fiduciary requirements associated with such IRA, plan or other account, (3) whether the

investment will generate unrelated business taxable income (UBTI) to such IRA, plan or other account, (4) whether there is sufficient liquidity for such investment under such IRA, plan or other account, (5) the need to value the assets of such IRA, plan or other account annually or more frequently, and (6) whether such investment would constitute a prohibited transaction under applicable law.

Q: Have you arranged for a custodian for investments made through IRA, SEP or other tax-deferred accounts?

A: Yes. Sterling Trust Company has agreed to serve as custodian for investments made through IRA, SEP and certain other tax-deferred accounts. We will pay the fees related to the establishment of investor accounts with Sterling Trust Company, and we will also pay the fees related to the maintenance of any such account for the first year following its establishment. Thereafter, Sterling Trust Company has agreed to provide this service to our stockholders with annual maintenance fees charged at a discounted rate. Sterling Trust Company is a wholly owned subsidiary of Matrix Bancorp, Inc., a publicly traded financial services holding company based in Denver, Colorado.

Q: Is there any minimum investment required?

A: Yes. Generally, you must invest at least \$1,000. Investors who already own our shares and, except in Minnesota and Oregon, investors who are concurrently purchasing units or shares from an affiliated Behringer Harvard public real estate program can make purchases for less than the minimum investment. These minimum investment levels may be higher in certain states, so you should carefully read the more detailed description of the minimum investment requirements appearing in the “Who May Invest” section of this prospectus beginning on page 135.

Q: How do I subscribe for shares?

A: If you choose to purchase shares in this offering, you will need to complete and sign a subscription agreement, like the one contained in this prospectus as Exhibit B, for a specific number of shares and pay for the shares at the time you subscribe. Your payment will be placed into an escrow account with Wells Fargo Bank Iowa, N.A., where your funds will be held, along with those of other subscribers, until we sell at least 250,000 shares and, for sales thereafter, until we admit new investors, which we expect to do monthly. Your funds in escrow will be invested in short-term investments, which may include obligations of, or obligations guaranteed by, the U.S. government or bank money-market accounts or certificates of deposit of national or state banks that have deposits insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (including certificates of deposit of any bank acting as a depository or custodian for any such funds) that mature on or before February 19, 2004 or that can be readily sold or otherwise disposed of for cash by such date without any dissipation of the offering proceeds invested. A separate escrow account will be established for subscriptions of residents of Nebraska and Pennsylvania. See the sections of this prospectus captioned “Plan of Distribution – Subscription Process” and “How to Subscribe” for a detailed discussion of how to subscribe for shares.

Q: What happens if you don’t sell at least 250,000 shares?

A: If the minimum of 250,000 shares, or \$2.5 million, is not reached before February 19, 2004, we will terminate the offering and stop selling shares. In such event, within ten days after termination of the offering, the escrow agent will return your funds, including interest.

Q: If I buy shares in this offering, how may I later sell them?

A: At the time you purchase the shares, they will not be listed for trading on any national securities exchange or over-the-counter market. In fact, we expect that there will not be any public market for the shares when you purchase them, and we cannot be sure if one will ever develop. As a result, you may find it difficult to sell your shares. If you are able to find a buyer for your shares, you may sell your shares to that buyer unless the buyer does not satisfy the suitability standards applicable to him or her, or unless such sale would cause the buyer to own more than 9.8% of the outstanding common stock. See the “Suitability Standards,” “Who May Invest” and “Description of Shares – Restriction on Ownership of Shares” sections of this prospectus.

In addition, after you have held your shares for at least one year, you may be able to have your shares repurchased by us pursuant to our share redemption program. Subject to the limitations described in this prospectus, we will also redeem shares upon the request of the estate, heir or beneficiary of a deceased stockholder. Redemption of units, when requested, will be made quarterly on a first-come, first-served basis with a priority given to redemptions upon death of a stockholder. See the “Description of Shares – Share Redemption Program” section of this prospectus.

If we have not listed the shares on a national securities exchange or over-the-counter market by the twelfth anniversary of the termination of this offering, our charter requires us to begin selling our properties and other assets and return the net proceeds from these sales to our stockholders through distributions.

Q: What are your exit strategies?

A: We will seek to list our shares on a national exchange or, if we do not list our shares by the twelfth anniversary of the termination of this offering, to make an orderly disposition of our properties and distribute the cash to you.

Q: Who is the transfer agent?

A: Phoenix Transfer, Inc.
2401 Kerner Boulevard
San Rafael, California 94901
(866) 219-6355

To ensure that any account changes are made promptly and accurately, all changes including your address, ownership type and distribution mailing address should be directed to the transfer agent.

Q: Will I be notified of how my investment is doing?

A: You will receive periodic updates on the performance of your investment with us, including:

- a monthly dividend report;
- three quarterly financial reports;
- an annual report; and
- an annual Form 1099.

Information contained in these materials and other information concerning our business and our affiliates will be available on the web site maintained for us and our affiliates – www.bhfunds.com.

Q: When will I get my detailed tax information?

A: Your Form 1099 tax information will be placed in the mail by January 31 of each year.

Q: What will be the impact on my investment if the newly proposed federal tax legislation is adopted?

A: President Bush has recently proposed major federal tax legislation. One of the President’s proposals is that dividends paid by corporations to individuals will not be subject to taxation to the recipient. It appears that under the President’s proposals REIT dividends would not qualify for this exclusion from taxation. If legislation of this nature were adopted, it is possible that qualification as a REIT would no longer be an advantageous tax status for companies that invest in real estate, and it could become more advantageous for such companies to elect to be taxed for federal income tax purposes as a corporation. As a result, our charter provides our board of directors with the ability, under certain circumstances, to elect not to qualify us as a REIT or, after we have qualified as a REIT, to revoke or otherwise terminate our REIT election and cause us to be taxed as a corporation, without the vote of our stockholders. Our board of directors has fiduciary duties to us and to all investors and would only cause such changes in our tax treatment if it determines in good faith that such changes are in the best interest of our stockholders.

Q: Who can help answer my questions?

A: If you have more questions about the offering or if you would like additional copies of this prospectus, you should contact your registered representative or contact:

Behringer Securities LP
1323 North Stemmons Freeway, Suite 202
Dallas, Texas 75207
(866) 655-3700
www.behringersecurities.com

RISK FACTORS

Your purchase of shares involves a number of risks. You should specifically consider the following before making your investment decision.

Risks Related to an Investment in Behringer Harvard REIT I

There is no public trading market for your shares; therefore, it will be difficult for you to sell your shares.

There is no current public market for the shares. In addition, the price received for any shares sold is likely to be less than the proportionate value of our investments. Therefore, you should purchase the shares only as a long-term investment. Suitability standards imposed on prospective investors also apply to potential subsequent purchasers of our shares. If you are able to find a buyer for your shares, you may not sell your shares to such buyer unless the buyer meets the suitability standards applicable to him or her. Our charter also imposes restrictions on the ownership of stock that will apply to potential transferees which may inhibit your ability to sell your shares. Moreover, except for requests for redemptions by the estate, heir or beneficiary of a deceased stockholder, our board of directors may reject any request for redemption of shares or amend, suspend or terminate our share redemption program at any time. Therefore, it will be difficult for you to sell your shares promptly or at all. You may not be able to sell your shares in the event of an emergency, and, if you are able to sell your shares, you may have to sell them at a substantial discount. It is also likely that your shares would not be accepted as the primary collateral for a loan. See “Who May Invest,” “Description of Shares – Restriction on Ownership of Shares” and “– Share Redemption Program” elsewhere herein for a more complete discussion on the restrictions on your ability to transfer your shares.

If we, through Behringer Advisors, are unable to find suitable investments, then we may not be able to achieve our investment objectives or pay dividends.

Our ability to achieve our investment objectives and to pay dividends is dependent upon the performance of Behringer Advisors, our advisor, in the acquisition of our investments, the selection of tenants and the determination of any financing arrangements. Except for the investments described in one or more supplements to this prospectus, you will have no opportunity to evaluate the terms of transactions or other economic or financial data concerning our investments. You must rely entirely on the management ability of Behringer Advisors and the oversight of our board of directors. We cannot be sure that Behringer Advisors will be successful in obtaining suitable investments on financially attractive terms or that, if it makes investments on our behalf, our objectives will be achieved. If we, through Behringer Advisors, are unable to find suitable investments, we will hold the proceeds of this offering in an interest-bearing account, invest the proceeds in short-term, investment-grade investments or, ultimately, liquidate. In such an event, our ability to pay dividends to our stockholders would be adversely affected.

We may suffer from delays in locating suitable investments, which could adversely affect the return on your investment.

We could suffer from delays in locating suitable investments, particularly as a result of our reliance on our advisor at times when management of our advisor is simultaneously seeking to locate suitable investments for other Behringer Harvard programs. Delays we encounter in the selection, acquisition and development of properties could adversely affect your returns. In addition, where we acquire properties prior to the start of construction or during the early stages of construction, it will typically take several months to complete construction and rent available space. Therefore, you could suffer delays in the distribution of cash dividends attributable to those particular properties. In addition, if we are unable to invest our offering proceeds in income-producing real properties in a timely manner, our ability to pay dividends to our stockholders would be adversely affected.

This is an unspecified property offering, so you will not have the opportunity to evaluate our investments before we make them.

Because we have not yet acquired or identified any investments that we may make, we are not able to provide you with information to evaluate our investments prior to acquisition. We will seek to invest substantially

all of the offering proceeds available for investment, after the payment of fees and expenses, in the acquisition of institutional quality office and other commercial properties and the creation of an initial working capital reserve of approximately 0.8% of the gross proceeds of this offering, assuming no debt financing. In addition, our advisor will make or invest in mortgage loans or participations therein on our behalf if it determines, due to the state of the real estate market or in order to diversify our investment portfolio or otherwise, that such investments are advantageous to us. Our management intends to limit such mortgage investments to 15.0% of our total investment portfolio unless our management determines that prevailing economic or portfolio circumstances require otherwise. However, we are not limited to such investments. We have established policies relating to the creditworthiness of tenants, managers and borrowers, but our board of directors will have wide discretion in implementing these policies, and you will not have the opportunity to evaluate potential tenants, managers or borrowers. For a more detailed discussion of our investment policies, see “Investment Objectives and Criteria – Acquisition and Investment Policies.”

If we are unable to raise substantial funds, we will be limited in the number and type of investments we may make and the value of your investment in us will fluctuate with the performance of the specific investments we make.

This offering is being made on a “best efforts” basis, whereby the brokers participating in the offering are only required to use their best efforts to sell our shares and have no firm commitment or obligation to purchase any of the shares. As a result, we cannot assure you as to the amount of proceeds that will be raised in this offering or that we will achieve sales of the minimum offering amount. If we are unable to raise substantially more than the minimum offering amount, we will make fewer investments resulting in less diversification in terms of the number of investments owned, the geographic regions in which our investments are located and the types of investments that we make. In such event, the likelihood of our profitability being affected by the performance of any one of our investments will increase. For example, in the event we only raise the minimum amount of \$2.5 million, we will most likely make our investments through one or more joint ventures with third parties and may only be able to make one investment. If we only are able to make one investment, we would not achieve any diversification of our assets. Additionally, we are not limited in the number or size of our investments or the percentage of net proceeds we may dedicate to a single investment. Your investment in our shares will be subject to greater risk to the extent that we lack a diversified portfolio of investments. In addition, if we are unable to raise substantial funds, our fixed operating expenses, as a percentage of gross income, would be higher, and our financial condition and ability to pay distributions could be adversely affected.

Both we and our advisor have no prior operating history or established financing sources, and the prior performance of real estate investment programs sponsored by affiliates of our advisor may not be an indication of our future results.

We and our advisor have no operating histories and you should not rely upon the past performance of other real estate investment programs sponsored by affiliates of our advisor to predict our future results. We were incorporated in June 2002 and as of the date of this prospectus we have not made any investments in real estate or otherwise. Although Mr. Behringer and other members of our advisor’s management have significant experience in the acquisition, finance, management and development of commercial real estate, this is the first publicly offered REIT sponsored by Mr. Behringer and the first program sponsored by Mr. Behringer which includes an investment objective permitting the making and purchasing of mortgage loans and participations in mortgage loans. Not all of our officers and directors, nor the officers and directors of our advisor, have extensive experience with mortgage financing. Accordingly, the prior performance of real estate investment programs sponsored by affiliates of Mr. Behringer and our advisor may not be indicative of our future results.

Moreover, neither we nor our advisor have any established financing sources. Presently, our advisor is funded by capital contributions from Behringer Harvard Holdings. If our capital resources, or those of our advisor, are insufficient to support our operations, we will not be successful.

You should consider our prospects in light of the risks, uncertainties and difficulties frequently encountered by companies that are, like us, in their early stage of development. To be successful in this market, we must, among other things:

- identify and acquire investments that further our investment strategies;
- increase awareness of the Behringer Harvard name within the investment products market;
- establish and maintain our network of licensed securities brokers and other agents;
- attract, integrate, motivate and retain qualified personnel to manage our day-to-day operations;
- respond to competition for our targeted real estate properties and other investments as well as for potential investors in us; and
- continue to build and expand our operations structure to support our business.

We cannot guarantee that we will succeed in achieving these goals, and our failure to do so could cause you to lose all or a portion of your investment.

If we lose or are unable to obtain key personnel, our ability to implement our investment strategies could be delayed or hindered.

Our success depends to a significant degree upon the continued contributions of certain executive officers and other key personnel, including Robert M. Behringer, Gerald J. Reihsen, III and Gary S. Bresky, each of whom would be difficult to replace. We do not have employment agreements with Messrs. Behringer, Reihsen or Bresky, and we cannot guarantee that such persons will remain affiliated with us. Although Messrs. Behringer, Reihsen and Bresky have entered into employment agreements with Harvard Property Trust, LLC, these agreements are terminable at will, and we cannot guarantee that such persons will remain affiliated with Harvard Property Trust, LLC, us or our advisor. If any of our key personnel were to cease their affiliation with us, our operating results could suffer. Our parent company, Behringer Harvard Holdings, LLC, has obtained key person insurance on the life of Mr. Behringer in the amount of \$8.0 million. We do not intend to separately maintain key person life insurance on Mr. Behringer or any other person. We believe that our future success depends, in large part, upon our advisor's ability to hire and retain highly skilled managerial, operational and marketing personnel. Competition for such personnel is intense, and we cannot assure you that our advisor will be successful in attracting and retaining such skilled personnel. Further, we intend to establish strategic relationships with firms that have special expertise in certain services or as to real properties in certain geographic regions. Maintaining such relationships will be important for us to effectively compete with other investors for properties in such regions. We cannot assure you that we will be successful in attracting and retaining such relationships. If we lose or are unable to obtain the services of key personnel or do not establish or maintain appropriate strategic relationships, our ability to implement our investment strategies could be delayed or hindered.

Our rights, and the rights of our stockholders, to recover claims against our officers, directors and our advisor are limited.

Maryland law provides that a director has no liability in that capacity if he performs his duties in good faith, in a manner he reasonably believes to be in our best interests and with the care that an ordinarily prudent person in a like position would use under similar circumstances. Our charter, in the case of our directors, officers, employees and agents, and the advisory agreement, in the case of our advisor, require us to indemnify our directors, officers, employees and agents and our advisor and its affiliates for actions taken by them in good faith and without negligence or misconduct. Additionally, our charter limits the liability of our directors and officers for monetary damages to the maximum extent permitted under Maryland law. As a result, we and our stockholders may have more limited rights against our directors, officers, employees and agents, and our advisor and its affiliates, than might otherwise exist under common law. In addition, we may be obligated to fund the defense costs incurred by our directors, officers, employees and agents or our advisor in some cases. See the section captioned "Management – Limited Liability and Indemnification of Directors, Officers, Employees and Other Agents" elsewhere herein.

Your investment may be subject to additional risks if we make international investments.

We may purchase property located outside the United States and may make or purchase mortgage loans or participations in mortgage loans secured by property located outside the United States. These investments may be affected by factors peculiar to the laws of the jurisdiction in which the property is located. These laws may expose

us to risks that are different from and in addition to those commonly found in the United States. Foreign investments could be subject to the following risks:

- changing governmental rules and policies;
- enactment of laws relating to the foreign ownership of real property or mortgages and laws relating to the ability of foreign persons or corporations to remove profits earned from activities within the country to the person's or corporation's country of origin;
- variations in the currency exchange rates;
- adverse market conditions caused by changes in national or local economic conditions;
- changes in relative interest rates;
- changes in the availability, cost and terms of mortgage funds resulting from varying national economic policies;
- changes in real estate and other tax rates and other operating expenses in particular countries;
- changes in land use and zoning laws; and
- more stringent environmental laws or changes in such laws.

Any of these risks could have an adverse effect on our business, results of operations and ability to pay distributions to our stockholders.

Risks Related to Conflicts of Interest

We will be subject to conflicts of interest arising out of our relationships with our advisor and its affiliates, including the material conflicts discussed below. The "Conflicts of Interest" section of this prospectus provides a more detailed discussion of the conflicts of interest between us and our advisor and its affiliates, and our policies to reduce or eliminate certain potential conflicts.

Behringer Advisors will face conflicts of interest relating to the purchase and leasing of properties, and such conflicts may not be resolved in our favor.

We may be buying properties at the same time as one or more of the other Behringer Harvard programs managed by officers and employees of Behringer Advisors are buying properties. There is a risk that Behringer Advisors will choose a property that provides lower returns to us than a property purchased by another Behringer Harvard program. We cannot be sure that officers and employees acting on behalf of Behringer Advisors and on behalf of managers of other Behringer Harvard programs will act in our best interests when deciding whether to allocate any particular property to us. In addition, we may acquire properties in geographic areas where other Behringer Harvard programs own properties. If one of the other Behringer Harvard programs attracts a tenant that we are competing for, we could suffer a loss of revenue due to delays in locating another suitable tenant. You will not have the opportunity to evaluate the manner in which these conflicts of interest are resolved before or after making your investment. Similar conflicts of interest may apply if our advisors determine to make or purchase mortgage loans or participations in mortgage loans on our behalf, since other Behringer Harvard programs may be competing with us for such investments.

Behringer Advisors will face conflicts of interest relating to joint ventures, which could result in a disproportionate benefit to a Behringer Harvard program or third party other than us.

We are likely to enter into joint ventures with other Behringer Harvard programs, including Behringer Harvard Mid-Term Fund I, as well as third parties for the acquisition, development or improvement of properties. We may also purchase and develop properties in joint ventures or in partnerships, co-tenancies or other co-ownership arrangements with the sellers of the properties, affiliates of the sellers, developers or other persons. Such investments may involve risks not otherwise present with other methods of investment in real estate, including, for example:

- the possibility that our co-venturer, co-tenant or partner in an investment might become bankrupt;
- that such co-venturer, co-tenant or partner may at any time have economic or business interests or goals which are or which become inconsistent with our business interests or goals; or
- that such co-venturer, co-tenant or partner may be in a position to take action contrary to our instructions or requests or contrary to our policies or objectives.

Actions by such a co-venturer, co-tenant or partner might have the result of subjecting the property to liabilities in excess of those contemplated and may have the effect of reducing your returns.

Affiliates of Behringer Advisors are currently sponsoring registered public offerings on behalf of Behringer Harvard Short-Term Fund I and Behringer Harvard Mid-Term Fund I, both of which are unspecified property real estate programs (“blind pool” funds). Robert M. Behringer and affiliates of Behringer Advisors, which are managed by substantially the same personnel as Behringer Advisors, will act as general partners to these other Behringer Harvard programs. Because Behringer Advisors or its affiliates will have advisory and management arrangements with other Behringer Harvard programs, it is likely that they will encounter opportunities to acquire or sell properties to the benefit of one of the Behringer Harvard programs, but not others. Behringer Advisors or its affiliates may make decisions to buy or sell certain properties, which decisions might disproportionately benefit a Behringer Harvard program other than us. In such event, our results of operations and ability to pay distributions to our stockholders could be adversely affected.

In the event that we enter into a joint venture with Behringer Harvard Mid-Term Fund I or any other Behringer Harvard program or joint venture, Behringer Advisors may have a conflict of interest when determining when and whether to buy or sell a particular real estate property, and you may face certain additional risks. For example, Behringer Harvard Mid-Term Fund I and the future other Behringer Harvard public limited partnerships will never have an active trading market. Therefore, if we become listed on a national exchange, we may develop more divergent goals and objectives from such joint venturers with respect to the resale of properties in the future. In addition, in the event we joint venture with a Behringer Harvard program that has a term shorter than ours, including Behringer Harvard Mid-Term Fund I, the joint venture may be required to sell its properties at the time of the other Behringer Harvard program’s liquidation. We may not desire to sell the properties at such time. Although the terms of any joint venture agreement between us and another Behringer Harvard program would grant us a right of first refusal to buy such properties, we may not have sufficient funds to exercise our right of first refusal under these circumstances.

Since Robert M. Behringer and his affiliates control us as well as the Behringer Harvard Mid-Term Fund I, agreements and transactions among the parties with respect to any joint venture between or among such parties will not have the benefit of arm’s-length negotiation of the type normally conducted between unrelated co-venturers. Under these joint venture arrangements, neither co-venturer may have the power to control the venture, and under certain circumstances, an impasse could be reached regarding matters pertaining to the joint venture, which might have a negative influence on the joint venture and decrease potential returns to you. In the event that a co-venturer has a right of first refusal to buy out the other co-venturer, it may be unable to finance such buy-out at that time. It may also be difficult for us to sell our interest in any such joint venture or partnership or as a co-tenant in property. In addition, to the extent that our co-venturer, partner or co-tenant is an affiliate of Behringer Advisors, certain conflicts of interest will exist. For a more detailed discussion, see “Conflicts of Interest – Joint Ventures with Affiliates of Behringer Advisors.”

Behringer Advisors and its officers and employees and certain of our key personnel will face competing demands relating to their time, and this may cause our investment returns to suffer.

Behringer Advisors and its officers and employees and certain of our key personnel and their respective affiliates are general partners and sponsors of other real estate programs having investment objectives and legal and financial obligations similar to ours and may have other business interests as well. Because these persons have competing interests on their time and resources, they may have conflicts of interest in allocating their time between our business and these other activities. During times of intense activity in other programs and ventures, they may

devote less time and resources to our business than is necessary or appropriate. If this occurs, the returns on our investments may suffer.

Our officers face conflicts of interest related to the positions they hold with affiliated entities, which could diminish the value of the services they provide to us.

Each of our executive officers, including Robert M. Behringer, who also serves as the chairman of our board of directors, are also officers of our advisor, our property manager, our dealer manager and other affiliated entities. As a result, these individuals owe fiduciary duties to these other entities, which may conflict with the fiduciary duties that they owe to us and our stockholders. Conflicts with our business and interests are most likely to arise from involvement in activities related to (i) allocation of new investments and management time and services between us and the other entities, (ii) the timing and terms of the investment in or sale of an asset, (iii) development of our properties by affiliates, (iv) investments with affiliates of our advisor, (v) compensation to our advisor, and (vi) our relationship with our dealer manager and property manager.

Behringer Advisors will face conflicts of interest relating to the incentive fee structure under our advisory agreement, which could result in actions that are not necessarily in the long-term best interests of our stockholders.

Under our advisory agreement, Behringer Advisors is entitled to fees that are structured in a manner intended to provide incentives to our advisor to perform in our best interests and in the best interests of our stockholders. However, because our advisor does not maintain a significant equity interest in us and is entitled to receive substantial minimum compensation regardless of performance, our advisor's interests are not wholly aligned with those of our stockholders. In that regard, our advisor could be motivated to recommend riskier or more speculative investments in order for us to generate the specified levels of performance or sales proceeds that would entitle our advisor to fees. In addition, our advisor's entitlement to fees upon the sale of our assets and to participate in sale proceeds could result in our advisor recommending sales of our investments at the earliest possible time at which sales of investments would produce the level of return which would entitle the advisor to compensation relating to such sales, even if continued ownership of those investments might be in our best long-term interest. Our advisory agreement requires us to pay a performance-based termination fee to our advisor in the event that we terminate the advisor prior to the listing of our shares for trading on an exchange or, absent such listing, in respect of its participation in net sales proceeds. To avoid paying this fee, our independent directors may decide against terminating the advisory agreement prior to our listing of our shares or disposition of our investments even if, but for the termination fee, termination of the advisory agreement would be in our best interest. In addition, the requirement to pay the fee to the advisor at termination could cause us to make different investment or disposition decisions than we would otherwise make, in order to satisfy our obligation to pay the fee to the terminated advisor. Moreover, our advisor has the right to terminate the advisory agreement upon a change of control and thereby trigger the payment of the performance fee, which could have the effect of delaying, deferring or preventing the change of control.

There is no separate counsel for us and our affiliates, which could result in conflicts of interest.

Morris, Manning & Martin, LLP acts as legal counsel to us and is also expected to represent our advisor and some of its affiliates from time to time. There is a possibility in the future that the interests of the various parties may become adverse and, under the Code of Professional Responsibility of the legal profession, Morris, Manning & Martin, LLP may be precluded from representing any one or all of such parties. If any situation arises in which our interests appear to be in conflict with those of our advisor or its affiliates, additional counsel may be retained by one or more of the parties to assure that their interests are adequately protected. Moreover, should such a conflict not be readily apparent, Morris, Manning & Martin, LLP may inadvertently act in derogation of the interest of the parties which could affect us and, therefore, our stockholders' ability to meet our investment objectives.

Risks Related to Our Business in General

A limit on the number of shares a person may own may discourage a takeover.

Our charter, with certain exceptions, authorizes our directors to take such actions as are necessary and desirable to preserve our qualification as a REIT. Unless exempted by our board of directors, no person may own more than 9.8% of our outstanding common stock. This restriction may have the effect of delaying, deferring or preventing a change in control of us, including an extraordinary transaction (such as a merger, tender offer or sale of all or substantially all of our assets) that might provide a premium price for holders of our common stock. See “Description of Shares – Restriction on Ownership of Shares.”

Our charter permits our board of directors to issue stock with terms that may subordinate the rights of the holders of our current common stock or discourage a third party from acquiring us.

Our charter permits our board of directors to issue up to 400,000,000 shares of capital stock. Our board of directors may classify or reclassify any unissued common stock or preferred stock and establish the preferences, conversion or other rights, voting powers, restrictions, limitations as to dividends and other distributions, qualifications, or terms or conditions of redemption of any such stock. Thus, our board of directors could authorize the issuance of such stock with terms and conditions which could subordinate the rights of the holders of our current common stock or have the effect of delaying, deferring or preventing a change in control of us, including an extraordinary transaction (such as a merger, tender offer or sale of all or substantially all of our assets) that might provide a premium price for holders of our common stock. See “Description of Shares – Preferred Stock.”

Maryland law prohibits certain business combinations, which may make it more difficult for us to be acquired.

Under Maryland law, “business combinations” between a Maryland corporation and an interested stockholder or an affiliate of an interested stockholder are prohibited for five years after the most recent date on which the interested stockholder becomes an interested stockholder. These business combinations include a merger, consolidation, share exchange, or, in circumstances specified in the statute, an asset transfer or issuance or reclassification of equity securities. An interested stockholder is defined as:

- any person who beneficially owns 10.0% or more of the voting power of the corporation’s shares; or
- an affiliate or associate of the corporation who, at any time within the two-year period prior to the date in question, was the beneficial owner of 10.0% or more of the voting power of the then outstanding voting stock of the corporation.

A person is not an interested stockholder under the statute if the board of directors approved in advance the transaction by which he otherwise would have become an interested stockholder. However, in approving a transaction, the board of directors may provide that its approval is subject to compliance, at or after the time of approval, with any terms and conditions determined by the board.

After the five-year prohibition, any business combination between the Maryland corporation and an interested stockholder generally must be recommended by the board of directors of the corporation and approved by the affirmative vote of at least:

- 80.0% of the votes entitled to be cast by holders of outstanding shares of voting stock of the corporation; and
- two-thirds of the votes entitled to be cast by holders of voting stock of the corporation other than shares held by the interested stockholder with whom or with whose affiliate the business combination is to be effected or held by an affiliate or associate of the interested stockholder.

These super-majority vote requirements do not apply if the corporation’s common stockholders receive a minimum price, as defined under Maryland law, for their shares in the form of cash or other consideration in the same form as previously paid by the interested stockholder for its shares. The business combination statute may

discourage others from trying to acquire control of us and increase the difficulty of consummating any offer. For a more detailed discussion of the Maryland laws governing us and the ownership of our shares of common stock, see the section of this prospectus captioned “Description of Shares.”

Your investment return may be reduced if we are required to register as an investment company under the Investment Company Act.

We are not registered as an investment company under the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended (Investment Company Act). If we were obligated to register as an investment company, we would have to comply with a variety of substantive requirements under the Investment Company Act imposing, among other things:

- limitations on capital structure;
- restrictions on specified investments;
- prohibitions on transactions with affiliates; and
- compliance with reporting, record keeping, voting, proxy disclosure and other rules and regulations that would significantly change our operations.

In order to maintain our exemption from regulation under the Investment Company Act, we must engage primarily in the business of buying real estate, and these investments must be made within a year after the offering ends. If we are unable to invest a significant portion of the proceeds of this offering in properties within one year of the termination of the offering, we may avoid being required to register as an investment company by temporarily investing any unused proceeds in government securities with low returns. This would reduce the cash available for distribution to investors and possibly lower your returns.

To maintain compliance with the Investment Company Act exemption, we may be unable to sell assets we would otherwise want to sell and may need to sell assets we would otherwise wish to retain. In addition, we may have to acquire additional income or loss generating assets that we might not otherwise have acquired or may have to forgo opportunities to acquire interests in companies that we would otherwise want to acquire and would be important to our investment strategy. If we were required to register as an investment company but failed to do so, we would be prohibited from engaging in our business, and criminal and civil actions could be brought against us. In addition, our contracts would be unenforceable unless a court were to require enforcement, and a court could appoint a receiver to take control of us and liquidate our business.

You are bound by the majority vote on matters on which you are entitled to vote.

You may vote on certain matters at any annual or special meeting of stockholders, including the election of directors. However, you will be bound by the majority vote on matters requiring approval of a majority of the stockholders even if you do not vote with the majority on any such matter.

Stockholders have limited control over changes in our policies and operations.

Our board of directors determines our major policies, including our policies regarding financing, growth, debt capitalization, REIT qualification and distributions. Our board of directors may amend or revise these and other policies without a vote of the stockholders. Under the Maryland General Corporation Law and our charter, our stockholders have a right to vote only on the following:

- the election or removal of directors;
- any amendment of our charter (including a change in our investment objectives), except that our board of directors may amend our charter without stockholder approval, to increase or decrease the aggregate number of our shares, to increase or decrease the number of our shares of any class or series that we have the authority to issue, or to classify or reclassify any unissued shares by setting or changing the preferences, conversion or other rights, restrictions, limitations as to dividends, qualifications or terms and conditions of redemption of such shares, provided however, that any such amendment does not adversely affect the rights, preferences and privileges of the stockholders;

- our liquidation or dissolution;
- a reorganization as provided in our charter; and
- any merger, consolidation or sale or other disposition of substantially all of our assets.

All other matters are subject to the discretion of our board of directors.

You are limited in your ability to sell your shares pursuant to the share redemption program.

Any stockholder requesting repurchase of their shares pursuant to our share redemption program will be required to certify to us that such stockholder acquired the shares by either (i) a purchase directly from us or (ii) a transfer from the original subscriber by way of a bona fide gift not for value to, or for the benefit of, a member of the subscriber's immediate or extended family or through a transfer to a custodian, trustee or other fiduciary for the account of the subscriber or his/her immediate or extended family in connection with an estate planning transaction, including by bequest or inheritance upon death or by operation of law. You should also be fully aware that our share redemption program contains certain restrictions and limitations. Shares will be redeemed on a first-come, first-served basis, with a priority given to redemptions upon the death of a stockholder. During any calendar year we will not redeem in excess of 3.0% of the weighted average number of shares outstanding during the prior calendar year. In addition, the cash available for redemption generally will be limited to 1.0% of the operating cash flow from the previous fiscal year, plus any proceeds from our dividend reinvestment plan. Further, our board of directors reserves the right to reject any request for redemption or to terminate, suspend, or amend the share redemption program at any time. Therefore, in making a decision to purchase shares of our common stock, you should not assume that you will be able to sell any of your shares back to us pursuant to our share redemption program. However, subject to the limitations described in this prospectus, we will redeem shares upon the request of the estate, heir or beneficiary of a deceased stockholder. For a more detailed description of the share redemption program, see "Description of Shares – Share Redemption Program."

If you are able to resell your shares to us pursuant to our redemption program, you will likely receive substantially less than the fair market value for your shares.

Other than redemptions following the death of a stockholder, the purchase price for shares we repurchase under our redemption program will equal the lesser of (1) the price you actually paid for the shares or (2) either (i) prior to the time we begin having appraisals performed by an independent third party, \$8.50 per share, or (ii) after we begin obtaining such appraisals, 90.0% of the net asset value per share, as determined by the appraisals. Accordingly, you would likely receive less by selling your shares back to us than you would receive if our investments were sold for their estimated values and such proceeds were distributed in our liquidation, and even if you have your shares purchased by a subsequent third party purchaser, you will likely receive substantially less than the fair market value of your shares.

We established the offering price on an arbitrary basis; as a result, your subscription price for units is not related to any independent valuation.

Our board of directors has arbitrarily determined the selling price of the shares and such price bears no relationship to our book or asset values, or to any other established criteria for valuing issued or outstanding shares.

Because the dealer manager is one of our affiliates, investors will not have the benefit of an independent review of us or the prospectus customarily undertaken in underwritten offerings.

The dealer manager, Behringer Securities, is one of our affiliates and will not make an independent review of us or the offering. Accordingly, you do not have the benefit of an independent review of the terms of this offering. Further, the due diligence investigation of us by the dealer manager cannot be considered to be an independent review and, therefore, may not be as meaningful as a review conducted by an unaffiliated broker-dealer or investment banker.

Your interest in Behringer Harvard REIT I will be diluted if we issue additional shares.

Existing stockholders and potential investors in this offering do not have preemptive rights to any shares issued by us in the future. Our charter currently has authorized 400,000,000 shares of capital stock, of which 350,000,000 shares are designated as common stock and 50,000,000 are designated as preferred stock. Subject to any limitations set forth under Maryland law, our board of directors may increase the number of authorized shares of capital stock, increase or decrease the number of shares of any class or series of stock designated, or reclassify any unissued shares without the necessity of obtaining shareholder approval. All of such shares may be issued in the discretion of our board of directors. Therefore, in the event that we (1) sell shares in this offering or sell additional shares in the future, including those issued pursuant to the dividend reinvestment plan, (2) sell securities that are convertible into shares of our common stock, (3) issue shares of our common stock in a private offering of securities to institutional investors, (4) issue shares of our common stock upon the exercise of the options granted to our independent directors or employees of Behringer Advisors and HPT Management LP (HPT Management), our affiliated management company, or their affiliates, or the warrants issued and to be issued to participating broker-dealers or our independent directors, (5) issue shares to our advisor, its successors or assigns, in payment of an outstanding fee obligation as set forth under our advisory agreement, or (6) issue shares of our common stock to sellers of properties acquired by us in connection with an exchange of limited partnership interests of Behringer Harvard OP I, existing stockholders and investors purchasing shares in this offering will likely experience dilution of their equity investment in us. In addition, the partnership agreement for Behringer Harvard OP I contains provisions which would allow, under certain circumstances, other entities, including other Behringer Harvard programs, to merge into or cause the exchange or conversion of their interest for interests of Behringer Harvard OP I. Because the limited partnership interests of Behringer Harvard OP I may be exchanged for shares of our common stock, any merger, exchange or conversion between Behringer Harvard OP I and another entity ultimately could result in the issuance of a substantial number of shares of our common stock, thereby diluting the percentage ownership interest of other stockholders. Because of these and other reasons described in this “Risk Factors” section, you should not expect to be able to own a significant percentage of our shares.

Payment of fees to Behringer Advisors and its affiliates will reduce cash available for investment and distribution.

Behringer Advisors and its affiliates will perform services for us in connection with the offer and sale of the shares, the selection and acquisition of our investments, and the management and leasing of our properties, the servicing our mortgage loans and the administration of our other investments. They will be paid substantial fees for these services, which will reduce the amount of cash available for investment in properties or distribution to stockholders. For a more detailed discussion of these fees, see “Management – Management Compensation.”

There can be no assurance that we will be able to pay or maintain cash distributions or that distributions will increase over time.

There are many factors that can affect the availability and timing of cash distributions to stockholders. Distributions will be based principally on cash available from our properties, real estate securities, mortgage loans and other investments. The amount of cash available for distributions will be affected by many factors, such as our ability to buy properties as offering proceeds become available, the yields on securities of other real estate programs which we invest in, and our operating expense levels, as well as many other variables. Actual cash available for distributions may vary substantially from estimates. We can give no assurance that we will be able to pay or maintain distributions or that distributions will increase over time. Nor can we give any assurance that rents from the properties will increase, that the securities we buy will increase in value or provide constant or increased dividends over time, or that future acquisitions of real properties, mortgage loans or our investments in securities will increase our cash available for distributions to stockholders. Our actual results may differ significantly from the assumptions used by our board of directors in establishing the distribution rate to stockholders. For a description of the factors that can affect the availability and timing of cash distributions to stockholders, see the section of this prospectus captioned “Description of Shares – Dividends.”

Adverse economic conditions will negatively affect our returns and profitability.

The terrorist attacks in New York and Washington, D.C. on September 11, 2001, and the resulting nationwide slowdown in airline traffic and tourism, exacerbated the general economic slowdown experienced by the nation as a whole and the local economies where our properties may be located. The length and severity of any economic downturn cannot be predicted. In addition, our operating results may be effected by the following market and economic challenges:

- Poor economic times may result in defaults by tenants of our properties and borrowers under our mortgage loans.
- Job transfers and layoffs may cause vacancies to increase.
- Increasing concessions or reduced rental rates may be required to maintain occupancy levels.
- Increased insurance premiums may reduce funds available for distribution or, to the extent such increases are passed through to tenants, may lead to tenant defaults. Also, increased insurance premiums may make it difficult to increase rents to tenants on turnover, which may adversely affect our ability to increase our returns.

Our operations could be negatively affected to the extent that an economic downturn is prolonged or becomes more severe.

We are uncertain of our sources for funding of future capital needs, which could adversely affect the value of our investments.

Substantially all of the gross proceeds of the offering will be used to buy real estate, make or invest in mortgage loans or other investments, to pay various fees and expenses and to establish an initial working capital reserve of 1.0% of the contract price of the properties we acquire, which we expect will equal approximately 0.8% of the gross proceeds from this offering, assuming no debt financing. If these reserves are insufficient to meet our cash needs, we may have to obtain financing from either affiliated or unaffiliated sources to fund our cash requirements. Accordingly, in the event that we develop a need for additional capital in the future for the improvement of our properties or for any other reason, we have not identified any sources for such funding, and we cannot assure you that such sources of funding will be available to us for potential capital needs in the future.

General Risks Related to Investments in Real Estate

Our operating results will be affected by economic and regulatory changes that have an adverse impact on the real estate market in general, and we cannot assure you that we will be profitable or that we will realize growth in the value of our real estate properties.

Our operating results will be subject to risks generally incident to the ownership of real estate, including:

- changes in general economic or local conditions;
- changes in supply of or demand for similar or competing properties in an area;
- changes in interest rates and availability of permanent mortgage funds which may render the sale of a property difficult or unattractive;
- changes in tax, real estate, environmental and zoning laws; and
- periods of high interest rates and tight money supply.

For these and other reasons, we cannot assure you that we will be profitable or that we will realize growth in the value of our real estate properties.

Properties that have significant vacancies could be difficult to sell which could diminish the return on your investment.

A property may incur vacancies either by the continued default of tenants under their leases or the expiration of tenant leases. If vacancies continue for a long period of time, we may suffer reduced revenues resulting in less cash dividends to be distributed to stockholders. In addition, the resale value of the property could be diminished because the market value of a particular property will depend principally upon the value of the leases of such property.

We are dependent on tenants for our revenue, and lease terminations could reduce our distributions to our stockholders.

The success of our investments is materially dependent on the financial stability of our tenants. Lease payment defaults by tenants could cause us to reduce the amount of distributions to stockholders. A default by a significant tenant on its lease payments to us would cause us to lose the revenue associated with such lease and cause us to have to find an alternative source of revenue to meet mortgage payments and prevent a foreclosure if the property is subject to a mortgage. In the event of a tenant default, we may experience delays in enforcing our rights as landlord and may incur substantial costs in protecting our investment and re-letting our property. If significant leases are terminated, we cannot assure you that we will be able to lease the property for the rent previously received or sell the property without incurring a loss.

We may be unable to secure funds for future tenant improvements, which could adversely impact our ability to pay cash distributions to our stockholders.

When tenants do not renew their leases or otherwise vacate their space, it is usual that, in order to attract replacement tenants, we will be required to expend substantial funds for tenant improvements and tenant refurbishments to the vacated space. If we have insufficient working capital reserves, we will have to obtain financing from other sources. We intend to establish initial working capital reserves of 1.0% of the contract price of the properties we acquire. If these reserves or any reserves otherwise established are insufficient to meet our cash needs, we may have to obtain financing from either affiliated or unaffiliated sources to fund our cash requirements. We cannot assure you that sufficient financing will be available or, if available, will be available on economically feasible terms or on terms acceptable to us. Additional borrowing for working capital purposes will increase our interest expense, and therefore our financial condition and our ability to pay cash distributions to our stockholders may be adversely affected.

We may be unable to sell a property if or when we decide to do so, which could adversely impact our ability to pay cash distributions to our stockholders.

The real estate market is affected, as set forth above, by many factors, such as general economic conditions, availability of financing, interest rates and other factors, including supply and demand, that are beyond our control. We cannot predict whether we will be able to sell any property for the price or on the terms set by us, or whether any price or other terms offered by a prospective purchaser would be acceptable to us. We cannot predict the length of time needed to find a willing purchaser and to close the sale of a property. If we are unable to sell a property when we determine to do so, it could have a significant adverse effect on our cash flow and results of operations.

Uninsured losses relating to real property or excessively expensive premiums for insurance coverage may adversely affect your returns.

Behringer Advisors will attempt to ensure that all of our properties are adequately insured to cover casualty losses. However, there are types of losses, generally catastrophic in nature, such as losses due to wars, acts of terrorism, earthquakes, floods, hurricanes, pollution or environmental matters, which are uninsurable or not economically insurable, or may be insured subject to limitations, such as large deductibles or co-payments. Insurance risks associated with potential terrorism acts could sharply increase the premiums we pay for coverage against property and casualty claims. Additionally, mortgage lenders in some cases have begun to insist that specific coverage against terrorism be purchased by commercial property owners as a condition for providing

mortgage loans. It is uncertain whether such insurance policies will be available, or available at reasonable cost, which could inhibit our ability to finance or refinance our properties. In such instances, we may be required to provide other financial support, either through financial assurances or self-insurance, to cover potential losses. We cannot assure you that we will have adequate coverage for such losses. In the event that any of our properties incurs a casualty loss that is not fully covered by insurance, the value of our assets will be reduced by any such uninsured loss. In addition, other than the working capital reserve or other reserves we may establish, we have no source of funding to repair or reconstruct any uninsured damaged property, and we cannot assure you that any such sources of funding will be available to us for such purposes in the future. Also, to the extent we must pay unexpectedly large amounts for insurance, we could suffer reduced earnings that would result in less cash dividends to be distributed to stockholders.

Our operating results may be negatively affected by potential development and construction delays and resultant increased costs and risks.

We may invest some or all of the proceeds available for investment in the acquisition and development of properties upon which we will develop and construct improvements at a fixed contract price. We will be subject to risks relating to uncertainties associated with re-zoning for development and environmental concerns of governmental entities and/or community groups and our builder's ability to control construction costs or to build in conformity with plans, specifications and timetables. The builder's failure to perform may necessitate legal action by us to rescind the purchase or the construction contract or to compel performance. Performance may also be affected or delayed by conditions beyond the builder's control. Delays in completion of construction could also give tenants the right to terminate preconstruction leases for space at a newly developed project. We may incur additional risks when we make periodic progress payments or other advances to such builders prior to completion of construction. These and other such factors can result in increased costs of a project or loss of our investment. In addition, we will be subject to normal lease-up risks relating to newly constructed projects. Furthermore, we must rely upon projections of rental income and expenses and estimates of the fair market value of property upon completion of construction when agreeing upon a price to be paid for the property at the time of acquisition of the property. If our projections are inaccurate, we may pay too much for a property, and our return on our investment could suffer.

In addition, we may invest in unimproved real property. Returns from development of unimproved properties are also subject to risks and uncertainties associated with re-zoning the land for development and environmental concerns of governmental entities and/or community groups. Although our intention is to limit any investment in unimproved property to property we intend to develop, your investment nevertheless is subject to the risks associated with investments in unimproved real property.

If we contract with Behringer Development Company LP for newly developed property, we cannot guarantee that our earnest money deposit made to Behringer Development Company LP will be fully refunded.

We may enter into one or more contracts, either directly or indirectly through joint ventures with affiliates or others, to acquire real property from Behringer Development Company LP (Behringer Development), an affiliate of Behringer Advisors. Properties acquired from Behringer Development may be either existing income-producing properties, properties to be developed or properties under development. We anticipate that we will be obligated to pay a substantial earnest money deposit at the time of contracting to acquire such properties. In the case of properties to be developed by Behringer Development, we anticipate that we will be required to close the purchase of the property upon completion of the development of the property by Behringer Development. At the time of contracting and the payment of the earnest money deposit by us, Behringer Development typically will not have acquired title to any real property. Typically, Behringer Development will only have a contract to acquire land, a development agreement to develop a building on the land and an agreement with one or more tenants to lease all or part of the property upon its completion. We may enter into such a contract with Behringer Development even if at the time of contracting we have not yet raised sufficient proceeds in our offering to enable us to close the purchase of such property. However, we will not be required to close a purchase from Behringer Development, and will be entitled to a refund of our earnest money, in the following circumstances:

- Behringer Development fails to develop the property;
- all or a specified portion of the pre-leased tenants fail to take possession under their leases for any reason; or
- we are unable to raise sufficient proceeds from our offering to pay the purchase price at closing.

The obligation of Behringer Development to refund our earnest money will be unsecured, and no assurance can be made that we would be able to obtain a refund of such earnest money deposit from it under these circumstances since Behringer Development is an entity without substantial assets or operations. However, Behringer Development's obligation to refund our earnest money deposit will be guaranteed by HPT Management, our property manager, which will enter into contracts to provide property management and leasing services to various Behringer Harvard programs, including us, for substantial monthly fees. As of the time HPT Management may be required to perform under any guaranty, we cannot assure that HPT Management will have sufficient assets to refund all of our earnest money deposit in a lump sum payment. If we were forced to collect our earnest money deposit by enforcing the guaranty of HPT Management, we will likely be required to accept installment payments over time payable out of the revenues of HPT Management's operations. We cannot assure you that we would be able to collect the entire amount of our earnest money deposit under such circumstances. See "Investment Objectives and Criteria – Acquisition of Properties from Behringer Development."

Competition with third parties in acquiring properties and other investments may reduce our profitability and the return on your investment.

We compete with many other entities engaged in real estate investment activities, including individuals, corporations, bank and insurance company investment accounts, other REITs, real estate limited partnerships, and other entities engaged in real estate investment activities, many of which have greater resources than we do. Larger REITs may enjoy significant competitive advantages that result from, among other things, a lower cost of capital and enhanced operating efficiencies. In addition, the number of entities and the amount of funds competing for suitable investments may increase. Any such increase would result in increased demand for these assets and therefore increased prices paid for them. If we pay higher prices for properties and other investments, our profitability will be reduced and you may experience a lower return on your investment.

Delays in acquisitions of properties may have adverse effects on your investment.

There may be a substantial period of time before the proceeds of this offering are invested. Delays we encounter in the selection, acquisition and development of properties could adversely affect your returns. Where properties are acquired prior to the start of construction or during the early stages of construction, it will typically take several months to complete construction and rent available space. Therefore, you could suffer delays in the payment of cash dividends attributable to those particular properties. You should expect to wait several months after the closing of a property acquisition before we are in a position to pay cash dividends attributable to such property.

Uncertain market conditions relating to the future disposition of properties could adversely affect the return on your investment.

We intend to hold the various real properties in which we invest until such time as Behringer Advisors determines that a sale or other disposition appears to be advantageous to achieve our investment objectives or until it appears that such objectives will not be met. Otherwise, Behringer Advisors, subject to approval of our board of directors, may exercise its discretion as to whether and when to sell a property, and we will have no obligation to sell properties at any particular time, except upon our liquidation if we do not list the shares by the twelfth anniversary of the termination of this offering. We cannot predict with any certainty the various market conditions affecting real estate investments that will exist at any particular time in the future. Although we generally intend to hold properties for eight to twelve years from the termination of this offering, due to the uncertainty of market conditions that may affect the future disposition of our properties, we cannot assure you that we will be able to sell our properties at a profit in the future. Accordingly, the extent to which you will receive cash distributions and realize potential appreciation on our real estate investments will be dependent upon fluctuating market conditions.

If we set aside insufficient working capital reserves, we may be required to defer necessary property improvements.

If we do not estimate enough reserves for working capital to supply needed funds for capital improvements throughout the life of the investment in a property, we may be required to defer necessary improvements to the property that may cause the property to suffer from a greater risk of obsolescence or a decline in value, or a greater risk of decreased cash flow as a result of fewer potential tenants being attracted to the property. If this happens, we may not be able to maintain projected rental rates for effected properties, and our results of operations may be negatively impacted.

The costs of compliance with environmental laws and other governmental laws and regulations may adversely affect our income and the cash available for any distributions.

All real property and the operations conducted on real property are subject to federal, state and local laws and regulations relating to environmental protection and human health and safety. These laws and regulations generally govern wastewater discharges, air emissions, the operation and removal of underground and above-ground storage tanks, the use, storage, treatment, transportation and disposal of solid and hazardous materials, and the remediation of contamination associated with disposals. Some of these laws and regulations may impose joint and several liability on tenants, owners or operators for the costs of investigation or remediation of contaminated properties, regardless of fault or the legality of the original disposal. In addition, the presence of these substances, or the failure to properly remediate these substances, may adversely affect our ability to sell or rent such property or to use the property as collateral for future borrowing.

Some of these laws and regulations have been amended so as to require compliance with new or more stringent standards as of future dates. Compliance with new or more stringent laws or regulations or stricter interpretation of existing laws may require material expenditures by us. We cannot assure you that future laws, ordinances or regulations will not impose any material environmental liability, or that the current environmental condition of our properties will not be affected by the operations of the tenants, by the existing condition of the land, by operations in the vicinity of the properties, such as the presence of underground storage tanks, or by the activities of unrelated third parties. In addition, there are various local, state and federal fire, health, life -safety and similar regulations that we may be required to comply with, and which may subject us to liability in the form of fines or damages for noncompliance.

Discovery of previously undetected environmentally hazardous conditions may adversely affect our operating results.

Under various federal, state and local environmental laws, ordinances and regulations, a current or previous owner or operator of real property may be liable for the cost of removal or remediation of hazardous or toxic substances on, under or in such property. The costs of removal or remediation could be substantial. Such laws often impose liability whether or not the owner or operator knew of, or was responsible for, the presence of such hazardous or toxic substances. Environmental laws also may impose restrictions on the manner in which property may be used or businesses may be operated, and these restrictions may require substantial expenditures. Environmental laws provide for sanctions in the event of noncompliance and may be enforced by governmental agencies or, in certain circumstances, by private parties. Certain environmental laws and common law principles could be used to impose liability for release of and exposure to hazardous substances, including asbestos-containing materials into the air, and third parties may seek recovery from owners or operators of real properties for personal injury or property damage associated with exposure to released hazardous substances. The cost of defending against claims of liability, of compliance with environmental regulatory requirements, of remediating any contaminated property, or of paying personal injury claims could materially adversely affect our business, assets or results of operations and, consequently, amounts available for distribution to you.

Our costs associated with complying with the Americans with Disabilities Act may affect cash available for distributions.

Our properties may be subject to the Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990, as amended (Disabilities Act). Under the Disabilities Act, all places of public accommodation are required to comply with federal

requirements related to access and use by disabled persons. The Disabilities Act has separate compliance requirements for “public accommodations” and “commercial facilities” that generally require that buildings and services be made accessible and available to people with disabilities. The Disabilities Act’s requirements could require removal of access barriers and could result in the imposition of injunctive relief, monetary penalties or, in some cases, an award of damages. We will attempt to acquire properties that comply with the Disabilities Act or place the burden on the seller or other third party, such as a tenant, to ensure compliance with the Disabilities Act. However, we cannot assure you that we will be able to acquire properties or allocate responsibilities in this manner. If we cannot, our funds used for Disabilities Act compliance may affect cash available for distributions and the amount of distributions to you, if any.

If we sell properties by providing financing to purchasers, we will bear the risk of default by the purchaser.

If we decide to sell any of our properties, we intend to use our best efforts to sell them for cash. However, in some instances we may sell our properties by providing financing to purchasers. When we provide financing to purchasers, we will bear the risk of default by the purchaser and will be subject to remedies provided by law, which could negatively impact our cash dividends to stockholders. There are no limitations or restrictions on our ability to take purchase money obligations. We may, therefore, take a purchase money obligation secured by a mortgage as part payment for the purchase price. The terms of payment to us generally will be affected by custom in the area where the property being sold is located and the then-prevailing economic conditions. If we receive promissory notes or other property in lieu of cash from property sales, the distribution of the proceeds of sales to our stockholders, or their reinvestment in other assets, will be delayed until the promissory notes or other property are actually paid, sold, refinanced or otherwise disposed of. In some cases, we may receive initial down payments in cash and other property in the year of sale in an amount less than the selling price and subsequent payments will be spread over a number of years. If any purchaser defaults under a financing arrangement with us, it could negatively impact our ability to pay cash dividends to our stockholders.

Risks Associated with Debt Financing

We may incur mortgage indebtedness and other borrowings, which may increase our business risks.

If it is determined to be in our best interests, we may, in some instances, acquire real properties by using either existing financing or borrowing new funds. In addition, we may incur or increase our mortgage debt by obtaining loans secured by some or all of our real properties to obtain funds to acquire additional real properties. We may also borrow funds if necessary to satisfy the requirement that we distribute to stockholders as dividends at least 90.0% of our annual REIT taxable income, or otherwise as is necessary or advisable to assure that we maintain our qualification as a REIT for federal income tax purposes.

We may incur mortgage debt on a particular real property if we believe the property’s projected cash flow is sufficient to service the mortgage debt. However, if there is a shortfall in cash flow, then the amount available for distributions to stockholders may be affected. In addition, incurring mortgage debt increases the risk of loss since defaults on indebtedness secured by a property may result in foreclosure actions initiated by lenders and our loss of the property securing the loan that is in default. For tax purposes, a foreclosure of any of our properties would be treated as a sale of the property for a purchase price equal to the outstanding balance of the debt secured by the mortgage. If the outstanding balance of the debt secured by the mortgage exceeds our tax basis in the property, we would recognize taxable income on foreclosure, but would not receive any cash proceeds. We may give full or partial guarantees to lenders of mortgage debt to the entities that own our properties. When we give a guaranty on behalf of an entity that owns one of our properties, we will be responsible to the lender for satisfaction of the debt if it is not paid by such entity. If any mortgages contain cross-collateralization or cross-default provisions, there is a risk that more than one real property may be affected by a default. If any of our properties are foreclosed upon due to a default, our ability to pay cash distributions to our stockholders will be adversely affected.

If mortgage debt is unavailable at reasonable rates, we may not be able to finance the properties, which could reduce the number of properties we can acquire and the amount of cash distributions we can make.

If we place mortgage debt on properties, we run the risk of being unable to refinance the properties when the loans come due, or of being unable to refinance on favorable terms. If interest rates are higher when the

properties are refinanced, we may not be able to finance the properties and our income could be reduced. If this occurs, it would reduce cash available for distribution to our stockholders, and it may prevent us from raising capital by issuing more stock or prevent us from borrowing more money.

Lenders may require us to enter into restrictive covenants relating to our operations, which could limit our ability to make distributions to our stockholders.

In connection with obtaining certain financing, a lender could impose restrictions on us that affect our ability to incur additional debt and our distribution and operating policies. Loan documents we enter into may contain customary negative covenants that may limit our ability to further mortgage the property, to discontinue insurance coverage, replace Behringer Advisors as our advisor or impose other limitations. Any such restriction or limitation may have an adverse effect on our operations.

Increases in interest rates could increase the amount of our debt payments and adversely affect our ability to pay dividends to our stockholders.

We expect that in the future we will incur indebtedness that bears interest at a variable rate. Accordingly, increases in interest rates would increase our interest costs, which could have a material adverse effect on our operating cash flow and our ability to pay dividends to you. In addition, if rising interest rates cause us to need additional capital to repay indebtedness in accordance with its terms or otherwise, we would be required to liquidate one or more of our investments in properties at times which may not permit realization of the maximum return on such investments.

If we enter into financing arrangements involving balloon payment obligations, it may adversely affect our ability to pay dividends.

Some of our financing arrangements may require us to make a lump-sum or “balloon” payment at maturity. Our ability to make a balloon payment at maturity is uncertain and may depend upon our ability to obtain additional financing or our ability to sell the property. At the time the balloon payment is due, we may or may not be able to refinance the balloon payment on terms as favorable as the original loan or sell the property at a price sufficient to make the balloon payment. The effect of a refinancing or sale could affect the rate of return to stockholders and the projected time of disposition of our assets. In addition, payments of principal and interest made to service our debts may leave us with insufficient cash to pay the distributions that we are required to pay to maintain our qualification as a REIT. Any of these results would have a significant, negative impact on your investment.

Risks Associated with Mortgage Lending

We do not have substantial experience investing in mortgage loans, which could adversely affect our return on mortgage investments.

Neither our advisor nor any of our affiliates, including Mr. Behringer, has any substantial experience investing in mortgage loans. Although we currently do not expect to make significant investments in mortgage loans, we may make such investments to the extent our advisor determines that it is advantageous to us due to the state of the real estate market or in order to diversify our investment portfolio. One of our non-employee directors, Douglas L. Courtney, has over 27 years of experience in the mortgage loan industry and has been involved in financing over \$1.5 billion in commercial real estate. Our advisor will utilize Mr. Courtney’s expertise in this area, as well as the general commercial real estate experience of our officers and directors, in connection with evaluating any potential mortgage loan investments. If we decided to make mortgage loans or acquire them, we may not have the expertise necessary to maximize the return on our investment.

Our mortgage loans may be impacted by unfavorable real estate market conditions, which could decrease the value of our mortgage investments.

If we make or invest in mortgage loans, we will be at risk of defaults on those mortgage loans caused by many conditions beyond our control, including local and other economic conditions affecting real estate values and

interest rate levels. We do not know whether the values of the property securing the mortgage loans will remain at the levels existing on the dates of origination of the mortgage loans. If the values of the underlying properties drop, our risk will increase and the values of our interests may decrease.

Our mortgage loans will be subject to interest rate fluctuations which could reduce our returns as compared to market interest rates.

If we invest in fixed-rate, long-term mortgage loans and interest rates rise, the mortgage loans could yield a return lower than then-current market rates. If interest rates decrease, we will be adversely affected to the extent that mortgage loans are prepaid, because we may not be able to make new loans at the previously higher interest rate.

Delays in liquidating defaulted mortgage loans could reduce our investment returns.

If there are defaults under our mortgage loans, we may not be able to repossess and sell the underlying properties quickly. The resulting time delay could reduce the value of our investment in the defaulted mortgage loans. An action to foreclose on a property securing a mortgage loan is regulated by state statutes and rules and is subject to many of the delays and expenses of other lawsuits if the defendant raises defenses or counterclaims. In the event of default by a mortgagor, these restrictions, among other things, may impede our ability to foreclose on or sell the mortgaged property or to obtain proceeds sufficient to repay all amounts due to us on the mortgage loan.

Returns on our mortgage loans may be limited by regulations.

The mortgage loans may also be subject to regulation by federal, state and local authorities and subject to various laws and judicial and administrative decisions. We may determine not to make mortgage loans in any jurisdiction in which we believe we have not complied in all material respects with applicable requirements. If we decide not to make mortgage loans in several jurisdictions, it could reduce the amount of income we would otherwise receive.

Foreclosures create additional ownership risks that could adversely impact our returns on mortgage investments.

If we acquire property by foreclosure following defaults under our mortgage loans, we will have the economic and liability risks as the owner. See “– General Risks Related to Investments in Real Estate” above.

The liquidation of our assets may be delayed which could delay distributions to our stockholders.

If our advisors determine that it is in our best interest to make or invest in mortgage loans, any intended liquidation of us may be delayed beyond the time of the sale of all of our properties until all mortgage loans expire or are sold, because we may enter into mortgage loans with terms that expire after the date we intend to have sold all of our properties.

Risks Associated with Section 1031 Exchange Transactions

We may have increased exposure to liabilities from litigation as a result of any participation by us in Section 1031 Exchange Transactions.

Behringer Development, an affiliate of Behringer Advisors, our advisor, may enter into transactions that qualify for like-kind exchange treatment under Section 1031 of the Internal Revenue Code (Section 1031 Exchange Transactions). Section 1031 Exchange Transactions are commonly structured as the acquisition of real estate owned in co-tenancy arrangements with persons (1031 Participants) in tax pass-through entities, including single member limited liability companies or similar entities (Behringer Exchange LLCs). There are significant tax and securities disclosure risks associated with the related private placement offerings of co-tenancy interests to 1031 Participants, including lawsuits by such 1031 Participants. Changes in tax laws may adversely affect Section 1031 Exchange Transactions or cause such transactions not to achieve their intended value. It is currently anticipated that Behringer Harvard OP I would receive fees in connection with any Section 1031 Exchange Transaction and, as such, we may

be named in or otherwise required to defend against any such lawsuits brought by 1031 Participants. Any amounts we are required to expend for any such litigation claims may reduce the amount of funds available for distribution to our stockholders. In addition, disclosure of any such litigation may adversely affect our ability to raise additional capital in the future through the sale of stock. For a more detailed discussion of Section 1031 Exchange Transactions, see “Investment Objectives and Criteria – Section 1031 Exchange Transactions.”

We will be subject to risks associated with co-tenancy arrangements that otherwise may not be present in a real estate investment.

If Behringer Development enters into Section 1031 Exchange Transactions, it is anticipated that at the closing of each property to be acquired by a Behringer Exchange LLC, Behringer Harvard OPI will enter into a contractual arrangement providing that, in the event that the Behringer Exchange LLC is unable to sell all of the co-tenancy interests in that particular property by the completion of its private placement offering, Behringer Harvard OPI would purchase, at the Behringer Exchange LLC’s cost, any co-tenancy interests remaining unsold. Accordingly, in the event that a Behringer Exchange LLC is unable to sell all co-tenancy interests in one or more of its properties, Behringer Harvard OPI will be required to purchase the unsold co-tenancy interests in such property or properties and, thus, will be subject to the risks of ownership of properties in a co-tenancy arrangement with unrelated third parties.

Ownership of co-tenancy interests involves risks generally not otherwise present with an investment in real estate such as the following:

- the risk that a co-tenant may at any time have economic or business interests or goals which are or which become inconsistent with our business interests or goals;
- the risk that a co-tenant may be in a position to take action contrary to our instructions or requests or contrary to our policies or objectives; or
- the possibility that a co-tenant might become insolvent or bankrupt, which may be an event of default under mortgage loan financing documents or allow the bankruptcy court to reject the tenants in common agreement or management agreement entered into by the co-tenants owning interests in the property.

Actions by a co-tenant might have the result of subjecting the property to liabilities in excess of those contemplated and may have the effect of reducing your returns.

In the event that our interests become adverse to those of the other co-tenants in a Section 1031 Exchange Transaction, it is not likely that we would have the contractual right to purchase the co-tenancy interests from the other co-tenants. Even if we are given the opportunity to purchase such co-tenancy interests in the future, we cannot guarantee that we will have sufficient funds available at the time to purchase co-tenancy interests from the 1031 Participants.

In addition, we may desire to sell our co-tenancy interests in a given property at a time when the other co-tenants in such property do not desire to sell their interests. Therefore, we may not be able to sell our interest in a property at the time we would like to sell. In addition, it is anticipated that it will be much more difficult to find a willing buyer for our co-tenancy interests in a property than it would be to find a buyer for a property we owned outright.

Our participation in the Section 1031 Exchange Transactions may limit our ability to borrow funds in the future, which could adversely affect the value of our investments.

Section 1031 Exchange Transaction agreements we may enter into which contain obligations to acquire unsold co-tenancy interests in properties may be viewed by institutional lenders as a contingent liability against our cash or other assets, which may limit our ability to borrow funds in the future. Further, such obligations may be viewed by our lenders in such a manner as to limit our ability to borrow funds based on regulatory restrictions on lenders limiting the amount of loans they can make to any one borrower.

Federal Income Tax Risks

Failure to qualify as a REIT would adversely affect our operations and our ability to make distributions.

We intend to operate so as to qualify as a REIT for federal income tax purposes. Although we have not requested, and do not expect to request, a ruling from the Internal Revenue Service that we qualify as a REIT, we have received an opinion of our counsel that, based on certain assumptions and representations, we will so qualify. You should be aware, however, that opinions of counsel are not binding on the Internal Revenue Service or any court. The REIT qualification opinion only represents the view of our counsel based on its review and analysis of existing law, which includes no controlling precedent. Furthermore, both the validity of the opinion and our qualification as a REIT will depend on our continuing ability to meet various requirements concerning, among other things, the ownership of our outstanding stock, the nature of our assets, the sources of our income, and the amount of the distributions to our stockholders.

The opinion of our legal counsel, Morris, Manning & Martin, LLP, regarding our ability to qualify as a REIT does not guarantee our ability to qualify and remain a REIT. Our legal counsel has rendered its opinion that we will qualify as a REIT, based upon our representations as to the manner in which we are and will be owned, invest in assets and operate, among other things. Our qualification as a REIT will depend upon our ability to meet, through investments, actual operating results, distributions and satisfaction of specific stockholder rules, the various tests imposed by the Internal Revenue Code. Morris, Manning & Martin, LLP will not review these operating results or compliance with the qualification standards on an ongoing basis. This means that we cannot assure you that we will satisfy the REIT requirements in the future. Also, this opinion represents Morris, Manning & Martin, LLP's legal judgment based on the law in effect as of the date of this prospectus and is not binding on the Internal Revenue Service or the courts, and could be subject to modification or withdrawal based on future legislative, judicial or administrative changes to the federal income tax laws, any of which could be applied retroactively.

If we fail to qualify as a REIT for any taxable year, we will be subject to federal income tax on our taxable income at corporate rates. In addition, we would generally be disqualified from treatment as a REIT for the four taxable years following the year of losing our REIT status. Losing our REIT status would reduce our net earnings available for investment or distribution to stockholders because of the additional tax liability. In addition, distributions to stockholders would no longer qualify for the distributions paid deduction, and we would no longer be required to make distributions. If this occurs, we might be required to borrow funds or liquidate some investments in order to pay the applicable tax.

Qualification as a REIT is subject to the satisfaction of tax requirements and various factual matters and circumstances which are not entirely within our control. New legislation, regulations, administrative interpretations or court decisions could change the tax laws with respect to qualification as a REIT or the federal income tax consequences of being a REIT. Our failure to qualify as a REIT would adversely affect your return on your investment.

Certain fees paid to Behringer Harvard OP I may affect our REIT status.

In connection with any Section 1031 Exchange Transactions, Behringer Harvard OP I would enter into a number of contractual arrangements with Behringer Exchange LLCs which will, in effect, guarantee the sale of the co-tenancy interests being offered by any Behringer Exchange LLC. In consideration for entering into these agreements, Behringer Harvard OP I will be paid fees which could be characterized by the Internal Revenue Service as non-qualifying income for purposes of satisfying the "income tests" required for REIT qualification. If this fee income were, in fact, treated as non-qualifying, and if the aggregate of such fee income and any other non-qualifying income in any taxable year ever exceeded 5.0% of our gross revenues for such year, we could lose our REIT status for that taxable year and the four ensuing taxable years. As set forth above, we will use all reasonable efforts to structure our activities in a manner intended to satisfy the requirements for our continued qualification as a REIT. Our failure to qualify as a REIT would adversely affect your return on your investment.

Recharacterization of the Section 1031 Exchange Transactions may result in taxation of income from a prohibited transaction, which would diminish our cash distributions to our stockholders.

In the event that the Internal Revenue Service were to recharacterize the Section 1031 Exchange Transactions such that Behringer Harvard OP I, rather than Behringer Exchange LLC, is treated as the bona fide owner, for tax purposes, of properties acquired and resold by a Behringer Exchange LLC in connection with the Section 1031 Exchange Transactions, such characterization could result in the fees paid to Behringer Harvard OP I by a Behringer Exchange LLC as being deemed income from a prohibited transaction, in which event the fee income paid to us in connection with the Section 1031 Exchange Transactions would be subject to a 100.0% tax. If this occurs, our ability to pay cash distributions to our stockholders will be adversely affected.

You may have tax liability on distributions you elect to reinvest in our common stock.

If you participate in our dividend reinvestment plan, you will be deemed to have received, and for income tax purposes will be taxed on, the amount reinvested in common stock. As a result, unless you are a tax-exempt entity, you may have to use funds from other sources to pay your tax liability on the value of the common stock received.

If the operating partnership fails to maintain its status as a partnership, its income may be subject to taxation, which would reduce our cash available for distribution to our stockholders.

We intend to maintain the status of the operating partnership as a partnership for federal income tax purposes. However, if the Internal Revenue Service were to successfully challenge the status of the operating partnership as a partnership, it would be taxable as a corporation. In such event, this would reduce the amount of distributions that the operating partnership could make to us. This would also result in our losing REIT status, and becoming subject to a corporate level tax on our own income. This would substantially reduce our cash available to pay distributions and the return on your investment. In addition, if any of the partnerships or limited liability companies through which the operating partnership owns its properties, in whole or in part, loses its characterization as a partnership for federal income tax purposes, it would be subject to taxation as a corporation, thereby reducing distributions to the operating partnership. Such a recharacterization of an underlying property owner could also threaten our ability to maintain REIT status.

In certain circumstances, we may be subject to federal and state income taxes as a REIT, which would reduce our cash available for distribution to our stockholders.

Even if we qualify and maintain our status as a REIT, we may become subject to federal income taxes and related state taxes. For example, if we have net income from a “prohibited transaction,” such income will be subject to a 100.0% tax. We may not be able to make sufficient distributions to avoid excise taxes applicable to REITs. We may also decide to retain income we earn from the sale or other disposition of our property and pay income tax directly on such income. In that event, our stockholders would be treated as if they earned that income and paid the tax on it directly. However, stockholders that are tax-exempt, such as charities or qualified pension plans, would have no benefit from their deemed payment of such tax liability. We may also be subject to state and local taxes on our income or property, either directly or at the level of the operating partnership or at the level of the other companies through which we indirectly own our assets. Any federal or state taxes paid by us will reduce our cash available for distribution to our stockholders.

Legislative or regulatory action could adversely affect investors.

In recent years, numerous legislative, judicial and administrative changes have been made in the provisions of the federal income tax laws applicable to investments similar to an investment in shares of our common stock. Additional changes to the tax laws are likely to continue to occur, and we cannot assure you that any such changes will not adversely affect the taxation of a stockholder. Any such changes could have an adverse effect on an investment in shares or on the market value or the resale potential of our properties. You are urged to consult with your own tax advisor with respect to the impact of recent legislation on your investment in shares and the status of legislative, regulatory or administrative developments and proposals and their potential effect on an investment in

shares. You should also note that our counsel's tax opinion assumes that no legislation will be enacted after the date of this prospectus that will be applicable to an investment in our shares.

President Bush has recently proposed major federal tax legislation. One of the President's proposals is that dividends paid by corporations to individuals will not be subject to taxation to the recipient. It appears that under the President's proposals REIT dividends would not qualify for this exclusion from taxation. If legislation of this nature were adopted, it is possible that qualification as a REIT would no longer be an advantageous tax status for companies that invest in real estate, and it could become more advantageous for such companies to elect to be taxed for federal income tax purposes as a corporation. As a result, our charter provides our board of directors with the ability, under certain circumstances, to elect not to qualify us as a REIT or, after we have qualified as a REIT, to revoke or otherwise terminate our REIT election and cause us to be taxed as a corporation, without the vote of our stockholders. Our board of directors has fiduciary duties to us and to all investors and would only cause such changes in our tax treatment if it determines in good faith that such changes are in the best interest of our stockholders.

There are special considerations that apply to pension or profit-sharing trusts or IRAs investing in our shares.

If you are investing the assets of a pension, profit-sharing, 401(k), Keogh or other qualified retirement plan or the assets of an IRA in our common stock, you should satisfy yourself that, among other things:

- your investment is consistent with your fiduciary obligations under ERISA and the Internal Revenue Code;
- your investment is made in accordance with the documents and instruments governing your plan or IRA, including your plan's investment policy;
- your investment satisfies the prudence and diversification requirements of ERISA;
- your investment will not impair the liquidity of the plan or IRA;
- your investment will not produce UBTI for the plan or IRA;
- you will be able to value the assets of the plan annually in accordance with ERISA requirements; and
- your investment will not constitute a prohibited transaction under Section 406 of ERISA or Section 4975 of the Internal Revenue Code.

For a more complete discussion of the foregoing issues and other risks associated with an investment in shares by retirement plans, please see the "Investment by Tax-Exempt Entities and ERISA Considerations" section of this prospectus beginning on page 107.

Equity participation in mortgage loans may result in taxable income and gains from these properties which could adversely impact our REIT status.

If we participate under a mortgage loan in any appreciation of the properties securing the mortgage loan or its cash flow and the Internal Revenue Service characterizes this participation as "equity," we might have to recognize income, gains and other items from the property. This could affect our ability to qualify as a REIT.

Forward-Looking Statements

This prospectus contains forward-looking statements. Such statements can be identified by the use of forward-looking terminology such as "anticipates," "expects," "intends," "plans," "believes," "seeks," "estimates" and variations of these words and similar expressions. Although we believe that our expectations reflected in the forward-looking statements are based on reasonable assumptions, these expectations may not prove to be correct. Important factors that could cause our actual results to differ materially from the expectations reflected in these forward-looking statements include those set forth above, as well as general economic, business and market conditions, changes in federal and local laws and regulations and increased competitive pressures.

ESTIMATED USE OF PROCEEDS

The following table sets forth information about how we intend to use the proceeds raised in this offering, assuming that we sell either the minimum offering of 250,000 shares or the maximum offering of 88,000,000 shares pursuant to this offering. Many of the figures set forth below represent management's best estimate since they cannot be precisely calculated at this time. We expect that at least 85.0% of the money that stockholders invest will be available for use by us. We expect that at least 84.2% of the money that stockholders invest will be used to buy real estate, make or invest in mortgage loans or make other investments and approximately 0.8% of the gross proceeds of this offering, assuming no debt financing, will be set aside as initial working capital reserves for such properties. The remaining up to 15.0% will be used to pay expenses and fees, including the payment of fees to Behringer Advisors, our advisor, and Behringer Securities, our dealer manager. Our fees and expenses, as listed below, include the following:

- Selling commissions and dealer manager fee, which consist of selling commissions equal to 7.0% of aggregate gross offering proceeds, which commissions may be reduced under certain circumstances, and a dealer manager fee equal to 2.5% of aggregate gross offering proceeds (1.0% for dividend reinvestment plan purchases), both of which are payable to Behringer Securities, an affiliate of our advisor. Behringer Securities may pay commissions of up to 7.0% of the gross offering proceeds to other broker-dealers participating in the offering of our shares. Behringer Securities may reallocate a portion of its dealer manager fee in an aggregate amount up to 1.5% of gross offering proceeds to broker-dealers participating in the offering to be paid as marketing fees, including bona fide conference fees incurred, and due diligence expense reimbursement. In no event shall the total underwriting compensation, including selling commissions, the dealer manager fee and underwriting expense reimbursements, exceed 9.5% of gross offering proceeds, except for the soliciting dealer warrants described in the "Plan of Distribution" section of this prospectus. See the "Plan of Distribution" section of this prospectus for a description of additional provisions relating to selling commissions and the dealer manager fee.
- Organization and offering expenses, are defined generally as any and all costs and expenses incurred by us, our advisor or an affiliate of our advisor in connection with our formation, qualification and registration and the marketing and distribution of our shares, including, but not limited to, accounting and escrow fees, printing, advertising and marketing expenses, and other accountable offering expenses, other than selling commissions and the dealer manager fee. Behringer Advisors and its affiliates will be responsible for the payment of organization and offering expenses, other than selling commissions and the dealer manager fee, to the extent they exceed 2.5% of gross offering proceeds without recourse against or reimbursement by us and, pursuant to our charter, the aggregate sum of such organization and offering expenses, selling commissions and the dealer manager fee, shall in no event exceed 15.0% of the gross offering proceeds.
- Acquisition and advisory fees, which are defined generally as fees and commissions paid by any party to any person in connection with identifying, reviewing, evaluating, investing in, and the purchase, development or construction of properties, or the making or investing in mortgage loans or other investments. We will pay Behringer Advisors, as our advisor, acquisition and advisory fees of 3.0% of the contract purchase price of each asset or the funds advanced pursuant to a mortgage loan. Acquisition and advisory fees do not include acquisition expenses.
- Acquisition expenses, which include legal fees and expenses, travel expenses, costs of appraisals, nonrefundable option payments on property not acquired, accounting fees and expenses, title insurance premiums and other closing costs and miscellaneous expenses relating to the selection, acquisition and development of real properties.

	<u>MINIMUM OFFERING</u>		<u>MAXIMUM OFFERING</u>	
	<u>Amount</u>	<u>Percent</u>	<u>Amount</u>	<u>Percent</u>
Gross offering proceeds	\$2,500,000	100.0%	\$880,000,000	100.0%
Less public offering expenses:				
Selling commissions and dealer manager fee (1)	237,500	9.5	82,400,000	9.4
Organization and offering expenses (2).....	<u>62,500</u>	<u>2.5</u>	<u>22,000,000</u>	<u>2.5</u>
Amount available for investment.....	2,200,000	88.0	775,600,000	88.1
Acquisition and development expenses:				
Acquisition and advisory fees (3).....	63,158	2.5	22,266,028	2.5
Acquisition expenses (3).....	10,526	0.4	3,711,005	0.4
Initial working capital reserve (4).....	<u>21,053</u>	<u>0.8</u>	<u>7,422,009</u>	<u>0.8</u>
Amount estimated to be invested (5).....	<u>\$2,105,263</u>	<u>84.2%</u>	<u>\$742,200,958</u>	<u>84.3%</u>

- (1) For purposes of this table, we have assumed that the minimum offering amounts do not include any purchases under our dividend reinvestment plan. With respect to purchases under the dividend reinvestment plan, the dealer manager has agreed to reduce its fee to 1.0%.
- (2) We currently estimate that approximately \$1.9 million of organization and offering expenses will be incurred if the minimum offering of 250,000 (\$2.5 million) shares is sold. However, of such amount, only \$62,500 will be paid by us, and the balance will be paid by our advisor. Our advisor will receive funds to pay such expenses from capital contributions from affiliates of our advisor from Behringer Harvard Holdings. Organization and offering expenses are required to be reasonable. Any amount exceeding 2.5% of the gross offering proceeds will be paid by the advisor or an affiliate of the advisor. Organization and offering expenses will necessarily increase as the volume of shares sold in the offering increases, in order to pay the increased expenses of qualification and registration of the additional shares and the marketing and distribution of the additional shares.
- (3) For purposes of this table, we have assumed that no financing is used to acquire properties or other real estate assets and that 88.0% of the gross proceeds of this offering are used to acquire properties and pay costs of such acquisitions. However, we anticipate that we will invest approximately 84.2% of the gross proceeds of this offering and it is our intent to leverage our investments with debt. Therefore, actual amounts are dependent upon the value of our properties as financed and therefore cannot be determined at the present time. If financings are used to the maximum extent allowed under our charter and there are no reinvestments with the proceeds of any sales of investments, we could make investments with an aggregate contract price of approximately \$4.7 million if the minimum offering is sold and approximately \$1.7 billion if the maximum offering is sold. In such cases, acquisition and advisory fees could be approximately \$140,000 if the minimum offering is sold and approximately \$49.5 million if the maximum offering is sold. In addition, acquisition expenses could be approximately \$23,000 if the minimum offering is sold and approximately \$8.3 million if the maximum offering is sold. These additional fees and expenses may be payable out of the proceeds of such financings.
- (4) Estimates for working capital needs throughout the life of each property will be established at the time the property is acquired. Upon closing of the acquisition of each such property, an amount of initial capital equal to the amount estimated will be placed in an interest-bearing (typically money market) account as a reserve for working capital for use during the entire life of the property. Through continual reprojection and annual budgeting processes, working capital reserves will be adjusted. If depleted during the course of the property's holding period, unless otherwise budgeted, the reserve requirement will be refilled from excess cash flow to provide for the financial endurance of the property. Working capital reserves are typically utilized for extraordinary expenses that are not covered by the revenue generation of the property such as tenant improvements, leasing commissions and major capital expenditures. We have estimated reserves of 1.0% of the contract price of our portfolio of real properties, and for the purposes of this estimation we have assumed that all of our investments will be in real properties.
- (5) Includes amounts we anticipate to invest in our properties and mortgage loans net of fees and expenses. We estimate that at least 84.2% of the gross proceeds received from the sale of shares will be used to acquire properties and, to a lesser extent, mortgage loans and other investments.

Until required in connection with the acquisition and development of properties and investment in mortgages, substantially all of the net proceeds of this offering and, thereafter, our working capital reserves, may be invested in short-term, highly-liquid investments including, but not limited to, government obligations, bank certificates of deposit, short-term debt obligations and interest-bearing accounts.

MANAGEMENT

General

We operate under the direction of our board of directors, the members of which are accountable to us and our stockholders as fiduciaries. The board is responsible for the management and control of our affairs. The board has retained Behringer Advisors to manage our day-to-day affairs and the acquisition and disposition of our investments, subject to the board's supervision. Our charter, as amended, has been reviewed and ratified by our board of directors, including the independent directors, at their initial meeting and subsequent meetings. This ratification by our board of directors is required by the Statement of Policy Regarding Real Estate Investment Trusts published by the North American Securities Administrators Association, also known as the NASAA REIT Guidelines.

Our charter and bylaws provide that the number of our directors may be established by a majority of the entire board of directors but may not be fewer than three nor more than 15 (unless approved by the affirmative vote of 80.0% of the directors then serving on our board). We currently have a total of five directors. The charter also provides that a majority of the directors must be independent directors. An "independent director" is a person who is not one of our officers or employees or an officer or employee of Behringer Advisors or its affiliates and has not otherwise been affiliated with such entities for the previous two years. Of our five current directors, three are considered independent directors. Each director who is not an independent director must have at least three years of relevant experience demonstrating the knowledge and experience required to successfully acquire and manage the type of assets being acquired by us. At least one of the independent directors must have at least three years of relevant real estate experience. Currently, each of our directors, including our independent directors, has substantially in excess of three years of relevant real estate experience.

During the discussion of a proposed transaction, independent directors may offer ideas for ways in which transactions may be structured to offer the greatest value to us, and our management will take these suggestions into consideration when structuring transactions. Each director will serve until the next annual meeting of stockholders or until his successor has been duly elected and qualifies. Although the number of directors may be increased or decreased, a decrease will not have the effect of shortening the term of any incumbent director.

Any director may resign at any time and may be removed with or without cause by the stockholders upon the affirmative vote of at least a majority of all the votes entitled to be cast at a meeting properly called for the purpose of the proposed removal. The notice of the meeting will indicate that the purpose, or one of the purposes, of the meeting is to determine if the director shall be removed. Neither our advisor, any member of our board of directors nor any of their affiliates may vote or consent on matters submitted to the stockholders regarding the removal of our advisor or any director after we accept any subscriptions for the purchase of shares in this offering. In determining the requisite percentage in interest required to approve such a matter after we accept any subscriptions for the purchase of shares in this offering, any shares owned by such persons will not be included.

Unless filled by a vote of the stockholders as permitted by Maryland General Corporation Law, a vacancy created by an increase in the number of directors or the death, resignation, removal, adjudicated incompetence or other incapacity of a director shall be filled by a vote of a majority of the remaining directors. Independent directors shall nominate replacements for vacancies in the independent director positions. If at any time there are no directors in office, successor directors shall be elected by the stockholders. Each director will be bound by the charter and the bylaws.

The directors are not required to devote all of their time to our business and are only required to devote the time to our affairs as their duties require. The directors will meet quarterly or more frequently if necessary. We do not expect that the directors will be required to devote a substantial portion of their time to discharge their duties as our directors. Consequently, in the exercise of their responsibilities, the directors will be relying heavily on our advisor. Our directors shall have a fiduciary duty to our stockholders to supervise the relationship between us and our advisor. The board is empowered to fix the compensation of all officers that it selects and approve the payment of compensation to directors for services rendered to us in any other capacity.

In addition to the investment policies set forth in our charter, our board of directors has established written policies on investments and borrowing, which are set forth in this prospectus. The directors may establish further written policies on investments and borrowings and shall monitor our administrative procedures, investment operations and performance to ensure that the policies are fulfilled and are in the best interest of the stockholders. We will follow the policies on investments and borrowings set forth in this prospectus unless and until they are modified in accordance with our charter.

The board is also responsible for reviewing our fees and expenses on at least an annual basis and with sufficient frequency to determine that the expenses incurred are in the best interest of the stockholders. In addition, a majority of the directors, including a majority of the independent directors, who are not otherwise interested in the transaction must approve all transactions with Behringer Advisors or its affiliates. The independent directors will also be responsible for reviewing the performance of Behringer Advisors and determining that the compensation to be paid to Behringer Advisors is reasonable in relation to the nature and quality of services to be performed and that the provisions of the advisory agreement are being carried out. Specifically, the independent directors will consider factors such as:

- the amount of the fees paid to Behringer Advisors in relation to the size, composition and performance of our investments;
- the success of Behringer Advisors in generating appropriate investment opportunities;
- rates charged to other REITs, especially REITs of similar structure, and other investors by advisors performing similar services;
- additional revenues realized by Behringer Advisors and its affiliates through their relationship with us, whether we pay them or they are paid by others with whom we do business;
- the quality and extent of service and advice furnished by Behringer Advisors and the performance of our investment portfolio; and
- the quality of our portfolio relative to the investments generated by Behringer Advisors or its affiliates for its other clients.

None of our directors, Behringer Advisors, nor any of their affiliates will vote or consent to the voting of shares of our common stock they now own or hereafter acquire on matters submitted to the stockholders regarding either (1) the removal of Behringer Advisors, such director or any of their affiliates, or (2) any transaction between us and Behringer Advisors, such director or any of their affiliates.

Committees of the Board of Directors

Our entire board of directors considers all major decisions concerning our business, including any property acquisitions. However, our board has established an audit committee and a compensation committee so that certain functions can be addressed in more depth than may be possible at a full board meeting. Independent directors comprise a majority of the members of both the audit committee and compensation committee.

Audit Committee

The audit committee meets on a regular basis at least four times a year. The current members of the audit committee are independent directors Charles G. Dannis and Charles B. Nolen. Our board of directors adopted our Audit Committee Charter at its organizational meeting held on June 26, 2002. The audit committee's primary functions are to evaluate and approve the services of our independent auditors and to assist our board of directors in fulfilling its oversight responsibilities by reviewing the financial information to be provided to the stockholders and others, the system of internal controls which management has established and the audit and financial reporting process.

Compensation Committee

Our board of directors has also established a compensation committee to administer the 2002 Employee Stock Option Plan, as described below, which was approved by the stockholders at the meeting held on June 26, 2002. The compensation committee is comprised of Robert M. Behringer and independent directors Charles G. Dannis and Jon L. Dooley. The primary function of the compensation committee is to administer the granting of stock options to selected employees of our advisor, Behringer Advisors, and our property manager, HPT Management, based upon recommendations from Behringer Advisors, and to set the terms and conditions of such options in accordance with our 2002 Employee Stock Option Plan.

Executive Officers and Directors

We have provided below certain information about our executive officers and directors.

<u>Name</u>	<u>Age</u>	<u>Position(s)</u>
Robert M. Behringer	54	President, Chief Executive Officer and Chairman of the Board of Directors
Robert S. Aisner	56	Chief Operating Officer
Gerald J. Reihlsen, III	43	Executive Vice President – Corporate Development and Legal and Secretary
Gary S. Bresky	36	Chief Financial Officer and Treasurer
M. Jason Mattox	27	Senior Vice President – Asset Acquisition and Management
Douglas L. Courtney	46	Director
Charles G. Dannis	53	Director
Jon L. Dooley	51	Director
Charles B. Nolen	48	Director

Robert M. Behringer is the President, Chief Executive Officer and Chairman of the board of directors of Behringer Harvard REIT I and the President and sole manager of Behringer Advisors, our advisor. He is also the majority owner, sole manager, Chief Executive Officer and President of Behringer Harvard Holdings, the parent corporation of Behringer Advisors. Since 2002, Mr. Behringer has been a general partner of Behringer Harvard Short-Term Fund I and Behringer Harvard Mid-Term Fund I, each a publicly registered real estate limited partnership. Since 2001, Mr. Behringer has also been the Chief Executive Officer and sole manager of the following: HPT Management, our property manager; Behringer Securities, our dealer manager; Harvard Property Trust, LLC, the general partner of our advisor; IMS, LLC (IMS), the general partner of HPT Management; and Behringer Development, a company recently organized to develop real properties. Since 2001, Mr. Behringer has also been the Chief Executive Officer, President and a manager of Behringer Harvard Partners, which is the limited partner of each of Behringer Securities, HPT Management, Harvard Property Trust, LLC, Behringer Advisors and IMS, LLC.

From 1995 until 2001, Mr. Behringer was Chief Executive Officer of Harvard Property Trust, Inc., a privately held REIT formed by Mr. Behringer that has recently been liquidated and that had a net assets value of approximately \$200 million before its liquidation. Before forming Harvard Property Trust, Inc., Mr. Behringer invested in commercial real estate as Behringer Partners, a sole proprietorship formed in 1989, that invested in single asset limited partnerships. From 1985 until 1993, Mr. Behringer was Vice President and Investment Officer of Equitable Real Estate Investment Management, Inc. (now known as Lend Lease), one of the largest pension funds advisors and owners of real estate in the United States. While at Equitable, Mr. Behringer was responsible for its General Account Real Estate Assets located in the South Central United States, including Texas, Louisiana, Arkansas, Oklahoma and Mississippi. The portfolio included institutional quality office, industrial, retail, apartment and hotel properties exceeding 17 million square feet with a value of approximately \$2.8 billion. Although Mr. Behringer was a significant participant in acquisitions, management, leasing, redevelopment and dispositions, his primary responsibility was to increase net operating income and the overall value of the portfolio.

Mr. Behringer has over 25 years of experience in real estate investment, management and finance activities, including approximately 140 different properties with over 24 million square feet of office, retail, industrial,

apartment, hotel and recreational properties. In addition to being the President and a director of Behringer Harvard REIT I, he is currently the general partner or a co-general partner in several real estate limited partnerships formed for the purpose of acquiring, developing and operating office buildings and other commercial properties. Mr. Behringer is a Certified Property Manager, Real Property Administrator, Certified Hotel Administrator and Texas Real Estate Broker, holds Series 7, 24 and 63 securities licenses and is a member of the Institute of Real Estate Management, the Building Owners and Managers Association, the Urban Land Institute and the Real Estate Council. Mr. Behringer has also been a licensed certified public accountant for over 20 years. Mr. Behringer received a Bachelor of Science degree from the University of Minnesota.

Robert S. Aisner is Chief Operating Officer of Behringer Harvard REIT I. Mr. Aisner has over 28 years of commercial real estate experience. From 1996 until joining us in 2003, Mr. Aisner served as (i) Executive Vice President of Amli Residential Properties Trust, a New York Stock Exchange listed REIT that is focused on the development, acquisition and management of upscale apartment communities and serves as institutional advisor and asset manager for institutional investors with respect to their multifamily real estate investment activities, (ii) President of Amli Management Company, which oversees all of Amli's apartment operations in 80 communities, (iii) President of the Amli Corporate Homes division which invests in and manages corporate housing properties, (iv) Vice President of Amli Residential Construction, a division of Amli that performs real estate construction services, and (v) Vice President of Amli Institutional Advisors, the Amli division that serves as institutional advisor and asset manager for institutional investors with respect to their multifamily real estate activities. Mr. Aisner also served on Amli's Executive Committee and Investment Committee from 1999 until 2003. From 1994 until 1996, Mr. Aisner owned and operated Regents Management, Inc., which had both a multifamily development and construction group and a general commercial property management company. From 1984 to 1994, he was employed by HRW Resources, Inc., a real estate development company, where he served as Vice President.

Mr. Aisner served as a director of Behringer Harvard REIT I from June 2002 until February 2003. Since February 2003, Mr. Aisner has also served as Executive Vice President – Real Estate Operations of Behringer Harvard Holdings and President of Harvard Property Trust, LLC, IMS, HPT Management and Behringer Development. Mr. Aisner received a Bachelor of Arts degree from Colby College and a Masters of Business Administration degree from the University of New Hampshire.

Gerald J. Reihisen, III is the Executive Vice President – Corporate Development and Legal and Secretary of Behringer Harvard REIT I. From their inception in 2001 until February 2003, he served as Chief Operating Officer, Chief Legal Officer and Secretary of Behringer Securities, Behringer Harvard Holdings, Behringer Development, Harvard Property Trust, LLC and Behringer Harvard Partners. Since 2001 until February 2003, Mr. Reihisen served as Chief Legal Officer and Secretary of IMS and HPT Management. Since 2002, Mr. Reihisen has served as the Executive Vice President – Corporate Development and Legal and Secretary of Behringer Advisors. Currently, Mr. Reihisen holds the following positions: President of Behringer Securities; Chief Operating Officer, Chief Legal Officer and Secretary of Behringer Harvard Holdings and Behringer Harvard Partners; and Executive Vice President – Corporate Development and Legal and Secretary of Behringer Development, Harvard Property Trust, LLC, IMS and HPT Management.

For over 17 years, Mr. Reihisen's business and legal background has centered on sophisticated financial and transactional matters, including commercial real estate transactions, real estate partnerships, and public and private securities offerings. For the period from 1985 to 2000, Mr. Reihisen practiced as an outside corporate securities attorney. After serving from 1986 to 1995 in the corporate department of Gibson, Dunn & Crutcher, a leading international commercial law firm, Mr. Reihisen established his own firm, Travis & Reihisen, where he served as a corporate/securities partner until 1998. In 1998, Mr. Reihisen became the lead partner in the corporate/securities section of the law firm Novakov Davis, where he served until 2000. In 2000, he practiced law as a principal of Block & Balestri, a corporate and securities law firm. In 2000 and 2001, Mr. Reihisen was employed as the Vice President – Corporate Development and Legal of Xybridge Technologies, Inc., a telecommunications software company that Mr. Reihisen helped guide through venture funding, strategic alliances with international telecommunications leaders and its ultimate sale to Zhone Technologies, Inc. Mr. Reihisen holds Series 7, 24, 27 and 63 securities licenses. Mr. Reihisen received a Bachelor of Arts degree, magna cum laude, from the University of Mississippi and a Juris Doctorate degree, cum laude, from the University of Wisconsin.

Gary S. Bresky is the Chief Financial Officer and Treasurer of Behringer Harvard REIT I. Since 2002, Mr. Bresky has served as the Chief Financial Officer and Treasurer of Behringer Advisors. Since 2001, he has served as Chief Financial Officer and Treasurer of Behringer Securities, Behringer Harvard Holdings, Behringer Development, Harvard Property Trust, LLC, and IMS. From their inception in 2001 until February 2003, Mr. Bresky served as Chief Operating Officer, Chief Financial Officer and Treasurer of HPT Management and as Chief Financial Officer, Treasurer and a manager of Behringer Harvard Partners. Currently, Mr. Bresky serves as Chief Financial Officer and Treasurer of HPT Management, and Treasurer and a manager of Behringer Harvard Partners.

Prior to his employment with the Behringer Harvard REIT I, Mr. Bresky served, from 1996 to 2001, as a Senior Vice President of Finance with Harvard Property Trust, Inc. In this capacity, Mr. Bresky was responsible for directing all accounting and financial reporting functions and overseeing all treasury management and banking functions. Mr. Bresky was also integral in analyzing deal and capital structures as well as participating in all major decisions related to any acquisition or sale of assets.

From 1995 until 1996, Mr. Bresky worked in the Real Estate Group at Coopers & Lybrand LLP in Dallas, Texas, where he focused on finance and accounting for both public and private real estate investment trusts. His experience included conducting annual audits, preparing quarterly and annual public securities reporting compliance filings and public real estate securities registration statements for his clients. From 1989 to 1994, Mr. Bresky worked with Ten West Associates, LTD and Westwood Financial Corporation in Los Angeles, California as a real estate analyst and asset manager for two commercial real estate portfolios totaling in excess of \$185.0 million. From 1988 until 1989, Mr. Bresky worked as an analysts' assistant for both Shearson-Lehman Bros., Inc. and Hambrecht and Quist Inc. assisting brokers in portfolio management. Mr. Bresky has been active in commercial real estate and related financial activities for over 15 years and holds Series 7, 24, 27 and 63 securities licenses. Mr. Bresky received a Bachelor of Arts degree from the University of California – Berkeley and a Masters of Business Administration degree from the University of Texas.

M. Jason Mattox is the Senior Vice President – Asset Acquisition and Management of Behringer Harvard REIT I. Since 2002, Mr. Mattox has served as a Vice President of Behringer Advisors LP. Since 2001, he has served as a Vice President of Behringer Securities. From their inception in 2001 until February 2003, Mr. Mattox served as Vice President of Behringer Harvard Holdings, Behringer Development, Harvard Property Trust, LLC, Behringer Harvard Partners, IMS and HPT Management. Currently, Mr. Mattox serves as Senior Vice President – Asset Acquisition and Management of Behringer Harvard Holdings, Harvard Property Trust, LLC and HPT Management, and Vice President and Secretary of Behringer Securities.

From 1997 until joining Behringer Harvard REIT I in 2002, Mr. Mattox served as a Vice President of Harvard Property Trust, Inc. and became a member of its Investment Committee in 1998. From 1999 until 2001, Mr. Mattox served as Vice President of Sun Resorts International, Inc., a recreational property investment company, coordinating marina acquisitions throughout the southern United States and the U.S. Virgin Islands. From 1999 until 2001, in addition to providing services related to investing, acquisition, disposition and operational activities, Mr. Mattox served as an asset manager with responsibility for over 1.0 million square feet of Harvard Property Trust, Inc.'s commercial office assets in Texas and Minnesota, overseeing property performance, management offices, personnel and outsourcing relationships.

Mr. Mattox is a continuing member of the Building Owners and Managers Association and the National Association of Industrial and Office Properties. Mr. Mattox formerly was a member of the National Association of Real Estate Investment Trusts and the Texas Association of Builders. Mr. Mattox has been active in commercial real estate and related financial activities for over six years and holds Series 7, 24 and 63 securities licenses. Mr. Mattox received a Bachelor of Business Administration degree, with honors, and a Bachelor of Science degree, cum laude, from Southern Methodist University.

Douglas L. Courtney is a director of Behringer Harvard REIT I. Mr. Courtney has over 27 years of experience in real estate lending and has been involved in the refinancing of over \$1.5 billion in commercial real estate. Mr. Courtney is a founding principal in iCap Realty Advisors, LLC, a national mortgage banking and property brokerage firm with 17 offices throughout the United States. From April 1988 until founding iCap Realty Advisors in January 2001, Mr. Courtney was a founding principal in The Wyndam Group, Inc., a regional mortgage

banking and property brokerage firm. Mr. Courtney received a Bachelor of Arts degree from the University of Texas – Arlington.

Charles G. Dannis is an independent director of Behringer Harvard REIT I. Mr. Dannis has been a commercial real estate appraiser and consultant since 1972. Mr. Dannis co-founded the firm Crosson Dannis, Inc., a real estate consulting firm, in 1977 and has been employed by such firm since that time. He is currently Chairman of the Appraisal Institute's Symposium Committee and member of its Research Committee. He is past Chairman, Treasurer and Member of the Board of the National Council of Real Estate Investment Fiduciary's Valuation Committee. He has been an active member of the Pension Real Estate Association, American Real Estate Society and Urban Land Institute. Mr. Dannis holds a Bachelor of Business Administration degree from Southern Methodist University (SMU). Since 1988, he has been an adjunct professor/lecturer in Real Estate and Urban Land Economics in the Cox School of Business at SMU in both the undergraduate and graduate schools. Mr. Dannis is also an award-winning teacher for the Mortgage Bankers Association of America School of Mortgage Banking. Mr. Dannis received a Bachelor of Business Administration degree from Southern Methodist University.

Jon L. Dooley is an independent director of Behringer Harvard REIT I. Mr. Dooley joined Trammell Crow Company, a New York Stock Exchange listed diversified commercial real estate company, in 2002 as a Senior Vice President in its National Accounts Group. For the 13 years prior to joining Trammell Crow Company, Mr. Dooley held various senior management positions with Lend Lease, a leading real estate pension manager and advisor in the United States, and Equitable Real Estate Investment Management, Inc. (acquired by Lend Lease). In 1997, Mr. Dooley became a principal with Lend Lease. Mr. Dooley served as a Senior Vice President of Asset Management from 1996 to 1997, as a Vice President of Asset Management from 1991 to 1996 and a Director of Asset Management from 1987 to 1991 with Equitable Real Estate. Mr. Dooley has over 25 years of commercial real estate experience. Mr. Dooley received a Bachelor of Business Administration degree from Southern Methodist University.

Charles B. Nolen is an independent director of Behringer Harvard REIT I. Since 1999, Mr. Nolen has been an independent consultant, providing consulting services primarily to Lend Lease. Mr. Nolen's responsibilities also include asset management of a \$70 million portfolio for a pension fund client. From 1989 to 1999, Mr. Nolen was Vice President with Lend Lease. There he conducted or supervised the valuation of a \$3.5 billion portfolio consisting of industrial properties, real properties, apartments, convention hotels, office buildings, parking garages, developable land and special use projects. Prior to that, he worked with Cushman & Wakefield of Texas, Inc., a Dallas real estate firm, where he was responsible for valuation of commercial real estate. Mr. Nolen is a certified public accountant, a licensed real estate broker and a state-certified general real estate appraiser. Mr. Nolen received a Bachelor of Business Administration degree and a Bachelor of Arts degree from Texas Tech University.

Compensation of Directors

We pay each of our directors who are not employees of Behringer Harvard REIT I or Behringer Advisors or their affiliates \$500 per month plus \$250 for each board meeting the director attends. In addition, we have reserved 1,000,000 shares of common stock for future issuance upon the exercise of stock options granted to the non-employee directors pursuant to our Director Option Plan (as defined below). We intend to grant to each of our non-employee directors an option to purchase 3,000 shares of common stock at \$12.00 per share as of election as a director and upon each reelection as a director. The options become exercisable after the first anniversary of a director's appointment or reelection as a director, as the case may be. We have also reserved 1,000,000 shares of common stock for future issuance upon the exercise of warrants to be granted to the non-employee directors pursuant to our Director Warrant Plan (as defined below). All directors receive reimbursement of reasonable out-of-pocket expenses incurred in connection with attendance at meetings of our board of directors. If a director is also an employee of Behringer Harvard REIT I or Behringer Advisors or their affiliates, we do not pay compensation for services rendered as a director.

Non-Employee Director Stock Option Plan

The Behringer Harvard REIT I Non-Employee Director Stock Option Plan (Director Option Plan) was approved by our board of directors and stockholders on June 26, 2002. As of February 19, 2003, no options had

been granted under such plan. A total of 1,000,000 shares have been authorized and reserved for issuance under our Director Option Plan.

The purpose of our Director Option Plan is to promote our interests by providing directors who are not employees of Behringer Harvard REIT I or Behringer Advisors or their affiliates the opportunity to purchase our shares in order to attract and retain these directors. Options granted under our Director Option Plan provide these directors with an incentive to increase the value of our shares and a stake in our future that corresponds to the stake of each of our stockholders.

Our Director Option Plan is administered by our board of directors, which may delegate such authority to the compensation committee of the board. The Director Option Plan authorizes our board of directors to grant non-qualified stock options to selected members of our board of directors who are not employees of Behringer Harvard REIT I or Behringer Advisors or their affiliates subject to the absolute discretion of the board and the applicable limitations of the Director Option Plan. We intend to grant options under our Director Option Plan to each qualifying director annually. The initial option grant generally will be made on the date the qualifying director first becomes a director, unless such grant would cause the director to exceed the 10.0% ownership limit described below in the section captioned “– Provisions Applicable to Our Director Option Plan, Director Warrant Plan and Employee Option Plan,” in which case the grant will be delayed. Annual grants are expected to be made on the date of each annual stockholder meeting in which the respective non-employee director is re-elected. The exercise price for the options granted under our Director Option Plan initially will be \$12.00 per share. It is intended that the exercise price for future options granted under our Director Option Plan will be at least 120.0% of the fair market value of our common stock as of the date that the option is granted.

Options granted under our Director Option Plan will be evidenced by a stock option agreement, which will contain such terms and provisions as our board of directors shall deem appropriate except as otherwise specified in the Director Option Plan. Although as of this date we have not granted any options under our Director Option Plan, we currently intend that options granted under the Director Option Plan will become exercisable on the later of (i) the day following the termination of this offering or (ii) the first anniversary of the date of grant. Options granted under our Director Option Plan will lapse and no longer be exercisable on the first to occur of (1) the fifth anniversary of the date they are granted, (2) immediately following the date the director ceases to be a director for cause, (3) three months following the date the director ceases to be a director for any reason other than for cause or as a result of death or disability, or (4) one year following the date the director ceases to be a director by reason of death or disability. Options granted under the Director Option Plan may be exercised by payment of cash or through the delivery of shares of our common stock with a fair market value equal to the exercise price to be paid. No options issued under our Director Option Plan may be exercised if such exercise would jeopardize our status as a REIT under the Internal Revenue Code.

An option issued under our Director Option Plan will not be transferable or assignable except by will or by the laws of descent and distribution, and, unless otherwise provided in the option agreement, an option may also be transferred by an option holder as a bona fide gift (i) to a spouse, lineal descendant or lineal ascendant, siblings and children by adoption, (ii) to a trust for the sole benefit of one or more individuals described in clause (i), or (iii) to a partnership of which the only partners are one or more individuals described in clause (i). In the event that an option holder is incapacitated and unable to exercise the option, such option may be exercised by such option holder's legal guardian, legal representative, or other representative whom our board of directors deems appropriate based on applicable facts and circumstances.

Non-Employee Director Warrant Plan

The Behringer Harvard REIT I Non-Employee Director Warrant Plan (Director Warrant Plan) was approved by our board of directors and stockholders on June 26, 2002. A total of 1,000,000 shares of our common stock have been authorized and reserved for issuance under our Director Warrant Plan.

The purpose of our Director Warrant Plan is to promote our interests by encouraging our directors who are not employees of Behringer Harvard REIT I or Behringer Advisors or their affiliates to purchase shares by providing

an incentive to increase the value of our shares and a stake in our future that corresponds to the stake of each of our stockholders.

Our Director Warrant Plan is administered by our board of directors, who may delegate such authority to a committee of the board. The Director Warrant Plan provides for the issuance of warrants to purchase shares of our common stock to non-employee directors based on the number of shares of common stock that they purchase during a purchase period that begins on the effective date of the Director Warrant Plan and ends on the earlier of (1) the termination of the Director Warrant Plan by action of our board of directors or otherwise, or (2) 5:00 p.m. EST on the date of listing of our shares on a national securities exchange. Under the Director Warrant Plan, each director who is not an employee of Behringer Harvard REIT I or Behringer Advisors or their affiliates will automatically receive a warrant to purchase one share of our common stock for every 25 shares of our common stock that he or she purchases during the purchase period. The exercise price of the warrants will initially be \$12.00 per share, and thereafter the exercise price shall be equal to 120.0% of the fair market value of the common stock.

Warrants granted under our Director Warrant Plan will be evidenced by a stock warrant agreement, and shall contain such terms and provisions as our board of directors deem appropriate except as otherwise specified in our Director Warrant Plan. Although as of this date we have not granted any warrants under our Director Warrant Plan, we currently intend that warrants granted under our Director Warrant Plan will be immediately exercisable and will lapse and no longer be exercisable on the first to occur of (1) the fifth anniversary of the date they are granted, (2) immediately following the date the director ceases to be a director for cause, or (3) one year following the date the director ceases to be a director for any other reason (including death or disability). Warrants granted under the Director Warrant Plan may be exercised by payment of cash, through the delivery of shares of common stock with a fair market value equal to the exercise price to be paid, or by a combination of both. No warrants issued under the Director Warrant Plan may be exercised if such exercise would jeopardize our status as a REIT under the Internal Revenue Code.

2002 Employee Stock Option Plan

The Behringer Harvard REIT I 2002 Employee Stock Option Plan (Employee Option Plan) was approved by our board of directors and stockholders on June 26, 2002. A total of 10,000,000 shares have been authorized and reserved for issuance under our Employee Option Plan, and as of February 19, 2003, no options have been granted pursuant to our Employee Option Plan.

The purpose of our Employee Option Plan is to enable us and our advisor, Behringer Advisors, and our property manager, HPT Management, to obtain or retain the services of employees considered essential to our long-term success by offering such employees an opportunity to participate in our growth through ownership of our common stock.

Our Employee Option Plan is administered by our board of directors, who may delegate such authority to the compensation committee of the board. Our Employee Option Plan authorizes the board to grant incentive stock options, if applicable, and/or non-qualified stock options to selected employees of Behringer Harvard REIT I, of Behringer Advisors and/or of HPT Management, subject to the absolute discretion of a committee authorized by the board of directors or board of directors and the applicable limitations of our Employee Option Plan. The exercise price for the options granted under our Employee Option Plan initially will be \$12.00 per share, and the exercise price for future options granted under our Employee Option Plan will be no less than 120.0% of the fair market value of the common stock.

Options granted under our Employee Option Plan will be evidenced by a stock option agreement, which shall contain such terms and provisions as our board of directors deems appropriate except as otherwise specified in our Employee Option Plan. Our board of directors shall set the period during which the right to exercise an option vests in the holder of the option. Although as of this date we have not granted any options under our Employee Option Plan, we currently intend that options granted under our Employee Option Plan will become exercisable on the later of (i) the day following the termination of this offering, or (ii) the first anniversary of the date of grant. Options granted under our Employee Option Plan will lapse and no longer be exercisable on the first to occur of (1) the fifth anniversary of the date they are granted, (2) immediately following the date the employee ceases to be an employee for cause, (3) three months following the date the employee ceases to be an employee for any reason other

than cause or death or disability, or (4) one year following the date the employee ceases to be an employee by reason of death or disability. Options granted under our Employee Option Plan may be exercised by payment of cash, through the delivery of shares of common stock with a fair market value equal to the exercise price to be paid, or by a combination of both. No options issued under our Employee Option Plan may be exercised if such exercise would jeopardize our status as a REIT under the Internal Revenue Code.

An option issued under our Employee Option Plan will not be transferable or assignable except by will or by the laws of descent and distribution unless otherwise provided in the option agreement. Unless the option is an incentive stock option, an option may also be transferred by an option holder as a bona fide gift (i) to a spouse, lineal descendant or lineal ascendant, siblings and children by adoption, (ii) to a trust for the sole benefit of one or more individuals described in clause (i), or (iii) to a partnership of which the only partners are one or more individuals described in clause (i). In the event that an option holder is incapacitated and unable to exercise the option, such option may be exercised by such option holder's legal guardian, legal representative, or other representative whom our board of directors deems appropriate based on applicable facts and circumstances.

Provisions Applicable to Our Director Option Plan, Director Warrant Plan and Employee Option Plan

In no event shall an option or warrant be granted to a director or executive officer if the shares available for purchase subject to such grant, when added to all other shares available for purchase and all other shares purchased pursuant to other issued and outstanding options or warrants, would exceed 10.0% of the issued and outstanding shares of common stock determined as of the date of grant of such option or warrant. Except as otherwise provided in an option agreement or a warrant agreement, if a change of control occurs and the agreements effectuating the change of control do not provide for the assumption or substitution of all options and/or warrants granted under our Director Option Plan, Director Warrant Plan or Employee Option Plan, as applicable, options and warrants granted under the non-assumed plans shall terminate and be forfeited immediately upon the occurrence of the change of control. However, the board in its sole and absolute discretion, may, with respect to any or all of such options or warrants, take any or all of the following actions to be effective as of the date of the change of control (or as of any other date fixed by the board occurring within the 30-day period immediately preceding the date of the change of control, but only if such action remains contingent upon the change of control), such date being referred to herein as the "Action Effective Date":

- accelerate the vesting and/or exercisability of the non-assumed option or warrant; and/or
- unilaterally cancel such non-assumed option or warrant in exchange for:
 - whole and/or fractional shares (or for whole shares and cash in lieu of any fractional share) or whole and/or fractional shares of a successor (or for whole shares of a successor and cash in lieu of any fractional share) which, in the aggregate, are equal in value to the excess of the fair market value of the shares that could be purchased subject to such non-assumed option or warrant determined as of the Action Effective Date (taking into account vesting) over the aggregate exercise price for such shares; or
 - cash or other property equal in value to the excess of the fair market value of the shares that could be purchased subject to such non-assumed option or warrant determined as of the Action Effective Date (taking into account vesting) over the aggregate exercise price for such shares; and/or,
- unilaterally cancel such non-assumed option or warrant after providing the holder of such option or warrant with (1) an opportunity to exercise such non-assumed option or warrant to the extent vested within a specified period prior to the date of the change of control, and (2) notice of such opportunity to exercise prior to the commencement of such specified period.

If the number of our outstanding shares is changed into a different number or kind of shares or securities through a reorganization or merger in which we are the surviving entity, or through a combination, recapitalization or otherwise, an appropriate adjustment will be made in the number and kind of shares that may be issued pursuant to exercise of options or warrants granted under our Director Option Plan, Director Warrant Plan or Employee Option Plan. A corresponding adjustment to the exercise price of such options granted prior to any change will also be made. Any such adjustment, however, will not change the total payment, if any, applicable to the portion of the options or warrants not exercised, but will change only the exercise price for each share.

Fair market value for purposes of our Director Option Plan, Director Warrant Plan and Employee Option Plan is defined generally to mean:

- the average closing sale price for the five consecutive trading days ending on such date, if the shares are traded on a national stock exchange;
- the average of the high bid and low asked prices on such date, if the shares are quoted on the Nasdaq Stock Market;
- the per share offering price of our common stock, if there is a current public offering and the shares are not traded or listed as provided above; or
- the fair market value as determined by our board of directors.

Limited Liability and Indemnification of Directors, Officers, Employees and Other Agents

We are permitted to limit the liability of our directors, officers, employees and other agents, and to indemnify them, only to the extent permitted by Maryland law and the NASAA REIT Guidelines.

Our charter contains a provision which eliminates directors' and officers' liability to the maximum extent permitted by Maryland law. Maryland law permits us to include in our charter a provision limiting the liability of our directors and officers to us and our stockholders for money damages, except for liability resulting from (i) actual receipt of an improper benefit or profit in money, property or services or (ii) active and deliberate dishonesty established by a final judgment and which is material to the cause of action. The Maryland General Corporation Law requires us (unless our charter provides otherwise, which our charter does not) to indemnify a director or officer who has been successful in the defense of any proceeding to which he is made a party by reason of his service in that capacity. The Maryland General Corporation Law allows directors and officers to be indemnified against judgments, penalties, fines, settlements and expenses actually incurred in a proceeding unless the following can be established:

- an act or omission of the director or officer was material to the cause of action adjudicated in the proceeding and was committed in bad faith or was the result of active and deliberate dishonesty;
- the director or officer actually received an improper personal benefit in money, property or services;
- with respect to any criminal proceeding, the director or officer had reasonable cause to believe his act or omission was unlawful; or
- in a proceeding by us or on our behalf, the director or officer was adjudged to be liable to us.

This provision does not reduce the exposure of directors and officers to liability under federal or state securities laws, nor does it limit the stockholders' ability to obtain injunctive relief or other equitable remedies for a violation of a director's or an officer's duties to us, although the equitable remedies may not be an effective remedy in some circumstances.

In addition to the above provisions of the Maryland General Corporation Law, and as set forth in the NASAA REIT Guidelines, our charter further limits our ability to indemnify our directors, our officers, our employees, our agents, Behringer Advisors and its affiliates for losses arising from our operation by requiring that the following additional conditions are met:

- the directors, Behringer Advisors or its affiliates have determined, in good faith, that the course of conduct that caused the loss or liability was in our best interests;
- the directors, Behringer Advisors or its affiliates were acting on our behalf or performing services for us;
- in the case of non-independent directors, Behringer Advisors or its affiliates, the liability or loss was not the result of negligence or misconduct by the party seeking indemnification;
- in the case of independent directors, the liability or loss was not the result of gross negligence or willful misconduct by the party seeking indemnification; and

- the indemnification or agreement to hold harmless is recoverable only out of our net assets and not from the stockholders.

We have agreed to indemnify and hold harmless Behringer Advisors and its affiliates performing services for us from specific claims and liabilities arising out of the performance of its obligations under the advisory agreement. As a result, our stockholders and we may be entitled to a more limited right of action than they and we would otherwise have if these indemnification rights were not included in the advisory agreement.

The general effect to investors of any arrangement under which any of our controlling persons, directors or officers are insured or indemnified against liability is a potential reduction in distributions resulting from our payment of premiums associated with insurance. In addition, indemnification could reduce the legal remedies available to us and our stockholders against the officers and directors.

The Securities and Exchange Commission takes the position that indemnification against liabilities arising under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (Securities Act), is against public policy and unenforceable. Indemnification of the directors, officers, employees, agents, Behringer Advisors or its affiliates and any persons acting as a broker-dealer will not be allowed for liabilities arising from or out of a violation of state or federal securities laws, unless one or more of the following conditions are met:

- there has been a successful adjudication on the merits of each count involving alleged securities law violations;
- such claims have been dismissed with prejudice on the merits by a court of competent jurisdiction; or
- a court of competent jurisdiction approves a settlement of the claims against the indemnitee and finds that indemnification of the settlement and the related costs should be made, and the court considering the request for indemnification has been advised of the position of the Securities and Exchange Commission and of the published position of any state securities regulatory authority in which our securities were offered as to indemnification for violations of securities laws.

Our charter provides that the advancement of our funds to our directors, officers, employees, agents, advisor or affiliates for legal expenses and other costs incurred as a result of any legal action for which indemnification is being sought is permissible only if all of the following conditions are satisfied: (i) the legal action relates to acts or omissions with respect to the performance of duties or services on behalf of us; (ii) our directors, officers, employees, agents, advisor or affiliates provide us with written affirmation of their good faith belief that they have met the standard of conduct necessary for indemnification; (iii) the legal action is initiated by a third party who is not a stockholder or, if the legal action is initiated by a stockholder acting in his or her capacity as such, a court of competent jurisdiction specifically approves such advancement; and (iv) our directors, officers, employees, agents, advisor or affiliates agree in writing to repay the advanced funds to us together with the applicable legal rate of interest thereon, in cases in which such directors, officers, employees, agents, advisor or affiliates are found not to be entitled to indemnification.

Indemnification will be allowed for settlements and related expenses of lawsuits alleging securities laws violations and for expenses incurred in successfully defending any lawsuits, provided that a court either:

- approves the settlement and finds that indemnification of the settlement and related costs should be made; or
- dismisses with prejudice or there is a successful adjudication on the merits of each count involving alleged securities law violations as to the particular indemnitee and a court approves the indemnification.

The Advisor

Our advisor is Behringer Advisors. Some of our officers and directors are also officers and directors of Behringer Advisors. Behringer Advisors has contractual responsibility to us and our stockholders pursuant to the advisory agreement.

The directors and executive officers of Behringer Advisors are as follows:

<u>Name</u>	<u>Age</u>	<u>Position</u>
Robert M. Behringer	54	President
Robert S. Aisner	56	Chief Operating Officer
Gerald J. Reihsen, III	43	Executive Vice President – Corporate Development and Legal and Secretary
Gary S. Bresky	36	Chief Financial Officer and Treasurer
M. Jason Mattox	27	Senior Vice President – Asset Acquisition and Management

The backgrounds of Messrs. Behringer, Aisner, Reihsen, Bresky and Mattox are described in the “– Executive Officers and Directors” section above.

Behringer Advisors employs personnel, in addition to the directors and executive officers listed above, who have extensive experience in selecting and managing commercial properties similar to the properties sought to be acquired by us.

The Advisory Agreement

Many of the services to be performed by Behringer Advisors in managing our day-to-day activities are summarized below. This summary is provided to illustrate the material functions that Behringer Advisors will perform for us as our advisor, and it is not intended to include all of the services that may be provided to us by third parties. Under the terms of the advisory agreement, Behringer Advisors undertakes to use its best efforts to present to us investment opportunities consistent with our investment policies and objectives as adopted by our board of directors. In its performance of this undertaking, Behringer Advisors, either directly or indirectly by engaging an affiliate, shall, subject to the authority of the board:

- find, evaluate, present and recommend to us investment opportunities consistent with our investment policies and objectives;
- structure the terms and conditions of transactions pursuant to which acquisitions of properties and other investments will be made;
- acquire properties and make and invest in mortgage loans and other investments on our behalf in compliance with our investment objectives and policies;
- arrange for financing and refinancing of properties and other investments;
- enter into leases and service contracts for the properties and other investments acquired; and
- service or enter into contracts for servicing our mortgage loans.

The term of the current advisory agreement ends on its first anniversary and may be renewed for an unlimited number of successive one-year periods. It will be the duty of our board of directors to evaluate the performance of our advisor before entering into or renewing an advisory agreement. The criteria used in such evaluation will be reflected in the minutes of such meeting. Our advisory agreement will automatically terminate upon any listing of our shares on a national securities exchange or quotation on the Nasdaq Stock Market. In addition, either party may terminate the advisory agreement immediately upon a change of control of us, or upon 60 days’ written notice without penalty. If we elect to terminate the agreement, we must obtain the approval of a majority of our independent directors. In the event of the termination of our advisory agreement, our advisor is required to cooperate with us and take all reasonable steps requested by us to assist our board of directors in making an orderly transition of the advisory function.

Behringer Advisors and its officers, employees and affiliates expect to engage in other business ventures and, as a result, their resources will not be dedicated exclusively to our business. However, pursuant to the advisory agreement, Behringer Advisors must devote sufficient resources to our administration to discharge its obligations.

Behringer Advisors may assign the advisory agreement to an affiliate upon approval of a majority of our independent directors. We may assign or transfer the advisory agreement to a successor entity.

Behringer Advisors may not make any acquisition of property, finance any such acquisition or make or invest in any mortgage loan or other investment on our behalf without the prior approval of our board of directors, including a majority of our independent directors. The actual terms and conditions of transactions involving our investments will be determined in the sole discretion of Behringer Advisors, subject at all times to such board approval.

We will reimburse Behringer Advisors for all of the costs it incurs in connection with the services it provides to us, including, but not limited to:

- organization and offering expenses in an amount up to 2.5% of gross offering proceeds, which include actual legal, accounting, printing and expenses attributable to preparing the registration statement, qualification of the shares for sale in the states and filing fees incurred by Behringer Advisors or its affiliates, as well as reimbursements for marketing, salaries and direct expenses of their employees while engaged in registering and marketing the shares and other marketing and organization costs, other than selling commissions and the dealer manager fee;
- the actual cost of goods, services and materials used by us and obtained from entities not affiliated with Behringer Advisors, including brokerage fees paid in connection with the purchase and sale of securities; and
- acquisition expenses, which are defined to include expenses related to the selection and acquisition of properties and making and investing in mortgage loans, in an amount equal to 0.5% of the contract purchase price of each asset or, with respect to the making of a mortgage loan, up to 0.5% of the funds advanced.

Generally, we will not reimburse our advisor for any amount by which its operating expenses (including the asset management fee) at the end of the four immediately preceding fiscal quarters exceed the greater of: (i) 2.0% of our average invested assets for that period, or (ii) 25.0% of our net income, before any additions to or allowances for reserves for depreciation, bad debts or other similar non-cash reserves and before any gain from the sale of our assets, for that period. To the extent we may already have reimbursed our advisor for such excess operating expenses, our advisor will be required to repay such amount to us. However, to the extent that operating expenses payable or reimbursable by us exceed this limit and the independent directors determine that the excess expenses were justified based on unusual and nonrecurring factors which they deem sufficient, Behringer Advisors may be reimbursed in future years for the full amount of the excess expenses, or any portion thereof, but only to the extent the reimbursement would not cause our operating expenses to exceed the limitation in any year. Within 60 days after the end of any fiscal quarter for which total operating expenses for the 12 months then ended exceed the limitation, the stockholders will receive a written disclosure, together with an explanation of the factors the independent directors considered in arriving at the conclusion that the excess expenses were justified. If the independent directors do not determine that such excess expenses were justified, Behringer Advisors will reimburse us, at the end of the 12-month period, the amount by which the aggregate expenses exceeded the limitation. We will not reimburse Behringer Advisors or its affiliates for services for which Behringer Advisors or its affiliates are entitled to compensation in the form of a separate fee.

Behringer Advisors will be paid fees in connection with services provided to us. Behringer Advisors generally will be entitled to receive all accrued but unpaid compensation and expense reimbursements from us in cash within 30 days of the date of termination of the advisory agreement and, in some circumstances, will also be paid either a listing fee or a performance fee from future net proceeds from the disposition of our assets. See “— Management Compensation” below.

Stockholdings

Immediately before this offering, Behringer Harvard Holdings owned all of our shares of common stock. These 20,000 shares of Behringer Harvard REIT I for which it contributed \$200,000 were acquired in our initial formation. Our subsidiary, BHR Partners, owns 17,000 limited partnership units of Behringer Harvard OP I, our

operating partnership, for which it has contributed \$170,000 and which constitutes 99.9% of the limited partner units outstanding as of the date of this prospectus. Behringer Harvard Holdings and BHR Partners may not sell any of these securities during the period Behringer Advisors serves as our advisor, except for sales to their affiliates. In addition, any resale of these securities and the resale of any such securities which may be acquired by our affiliates are subject to the provisions of Rule 144 promulgated under the Securities Act, which rule limits the number of shares that may be sold at any one time and the manner of such resale. Although Behringer Harvard Holdings and its affiliates are not prohibited from acquiring additional shares, it has no options or warrants to acquire any additional shares and has no current plans to acquire additional shares. Behringer Harvard Holdings has agreed to abstain from voting any shares it now owns or hereafter acquires in any vote for the election of directors subsequent to the initial acceptance of subscriptions for the purchase of shares in this offering or any vote regarding the approval or termination of any contract with Behringer Advisors or any of its affiliates. For a more general discussion of Behringer Harvard OP I, see the section of this prospectus captioned “The Operating Partnership Agreement.”

Affiliated Companies

Property Manager

Our properties will be managed and leased initially by HPT Management, our property manager. IMS is the sole general partner, and Behringer Harvard Partners is the sole limited partner, of HPT Management, and Behringer Harvard Holdings is the sole owner of each of IMS and Behringer Harvard Partners. Mr. Behringer is the Chief Executive Officer of each of Behringer Harvard Holdings, IMS, Behringer Harvard Partners and HPT Management and the sole manager of IMS and Behringer Harvard Partners. See “Conflicts of Interest.” The principal officers of HPT Management are as follows:

<u>Name</u>	<u>Age</u>	<u>Positions</u>
Robert M. Behringer	54	Chief Executive Officer
Robert S. Aisner	56	President
Gerald J. Reihsen, III	43	Executive Vice President – Corporate Development and Legal and Secretary
Gary S. Bresky	36	Chief Financial Officer and Treasurer
M. Jason Mattox	27	Senior Vice President – Asset Acquisition and Management
Jay R. Verdoorn	42	Director – Management Services

HPT Management is engaged in the business of real estate management. It was organized and commenced active operations in 2001 to lease and manage real estate projects, including projects that Behringer Advisors and its affiliates operate or in which they own an interest. As of December 31, 2002, HPT Management was managing in excess of 580,000 square feet of office buildings for real estate programs sponsored by Mr. Behringer. We will pay HPT Management property management fees of 3.0% of gross revenues plus leasing commissions based upon the customary leasing commission applicable to the geographic location of the property. Our advisor will promulgate leasing guidelines for use by HPT Management in evaluating prospective tenants and lease terms for our properties. HPT Management will have the authority to enter into leases for our properties consistent with these guidelines without the requirement to obtain further approval of our advisor or board of directors.

In the event that HPT Management assists a tenant with tenant improvements, a separate construction management fee may be charged to the tenant and paid by the tenant. This fee will not exceed 5.0% of the cost of the tenant improvements.

HPT Management may subcontract on-site property management to other management companies which will also be authorized to lease our properties consistent with the leasing guidelines promulgated by our advisor. In any event, HPT Management will directly manage all financial aspects of property management. To the extent HPT Management directly performs on-site management, it will hire, direct and establish policies for employees who will have direct responsibility for such property’s operations, including resident managers and assistant managers, as well as building and maintenance personnel. For any properties for which the on-site management is subcontracted, HPT Management will approve all personnel of such subcontractor and establish policies for such properties’

operations. Some or all of the other employees may be employed on a part-time basis and may also be employed by one or more of:

- HPT Management;
- partnerships organized by HPT Management and its affiliates; and
- other persons or entities owning properties managed by HPT Management.

HPT Management will also direct the purchase of equipment and supplies and will supervise all maintenance activity.

The management fees to be paid to HPT Management will cover, without additional expense to us, the property manager's general overhead costs such as its expenses for rent and utilities. Our property management agreement with HPT Management has an initial term of three years and is subject to successive three-year renewals, unless HPT Management provides written notice of its intent to terminate 30 days prior to the expiration of the initial or renewal term. We may also terminate the agreement upon 30 days prior written notice in the event of willful misconduct, gross negligence or deliberate malfeasance by the property manager.

The principal office of HPT Management is located at 1323 North Stemmons Freeway, Suite 204, Dallas, Texas 75207.

Dealer Manager

Behringer Securities, our dealer manager, is a member firm of the National Association of Securities Dealers, Inc. (NASD). Behringer Securities was organized in December 2001 for the purpose of participating in and facilitating the distribution of securities of Behringer Harvard programs.

Behringer Securities will provide certain wholesaling, sales, promotional and marketing assistance services to us in connection with the distribution of the shares offered pursuant to this prospectus. It may also sell a limited number of shares at the retail level. No additional fees beyond the dealer manager fee of 2.5% of the gross proceeds of this offering will be paid to Behringer Securities for wholesaling services. With respect to purchases under our dividend reinvestment plan, Behringer Securities has agreed to reduce its dealer manager fee to 1.0%. See “– Management Compensation” below and “Plan of Distribution.”

Harvard Property Trust, LLC (which is not related to Harvard Property Trust, Inc., the recently liquidated REIT founded by Mr. Behringer) is the sole general partner, and Behringer Harvard Partners is the sole limited partner, of Behringer Securities, and Behringer Harvard Holdings is the sole owner of each of Harvard Property Trust, LLC and Behringer Securities. Mr. Behringer is the Chief Executive Officer of each of Harvard Property Trust, LLC, Behringer Harvard Partners and Behringer Securities and the sole manager of Behringer Harvard Partners. See “Conflicts of Interest.” The principal officers of Behringer Securities are as follows:

<u>Name</u>	<u>Age</u>	<u>Positions</u>
Robert M. Behringer	54	Chief Executive Officer
Gerald J. Reihnsen, III	43	President
Jeffrey S. Schwaber	40	Executive Vice President – National Sales Director
Gary S. Bresky	36	Chief Financial Officer and Treasurer
M. Jason Mattox	27	Vice President and Secretary

Management Decisions

The primary responsibility for the management decisions of Behringer Advisors and its affiliates, including the selection of investment properties to be recommended to our board of directors, the negotiation for these investments, and the property management and leasing of these investment properties will reside with Robert M. Behringer, Robert S. Aisner, Gerald J. Reihnsen, III and Gary S. Bresky. Behringer Advisors seeks to invest in commercial properties that satisfy our investment objectives, typically institutional quality office and other commercial properties in highly

desirable locations in markets with barriers to entry and limited potential for new development. Our board of directors, including a majority of our independent directors, must approve all acquisitions of real estate properties.

Management Compensation

Although we have executive officers who will manage our operations, we do not have any paid employees. We will pay each of our non-employee directors \$500 per month plus \$250 for each board and committee meeting the director attends. See the “– Compensation of Directors” section above. The following table summarizes and discloses all of the compensation and fees, including reimbursement of expenses, to be paid by us to Behringer Advisors and its affiliates during the various phases of our organization and operation.

Type of Compensation	Form of Compensation	Estimated \$\$ for Minimum / Maximum Offering (1)
<i>Offering Stage</i>		
Selling Commissions – Behringer Securities	Up to 7.0% of gross offering proceeds before reallowance of commissions earned by participating broker-dealers. Behringer Securities intends to reallow 100.0% of commissions earned to participating broker-dealers.	\$175,000/\$61,600,000
Dealer Manager Fee – Behringer Securities	Up to 2.5% of gross offering proceeds (1.0% for dividend reinvestment plan purchases) before reallowance to participating broker-dealers. Behringer Securities may reallow a portion of its dealer manager fee in an aggregate amount up to 1.5% of the gross offering proceeds to such participating broker-dealers as marketing fees, including bona fide conference fees incurred, and due diligence expense reimbursement.	\$62,500/\$20,800,000
Reimbursement of Organization and Offering Expenses – Behringer Advisors or its affiliates (2)	Up to 2.5% of gross offering proceeds. All organization and offering expenses (excluding selling commissions and the dealer manager fee) will be advanced by Behringer Advisors or its affiliates and reimbursed by us up to 2.5% of gross offering proceeds.	\$62,500/\$22,000,000
<i>Acquisition and Development Stage</i>		
Acquisition and Advisory Fees – Behringer Advisors or its affiliates (3) (4)	3.0% of the contract purchase price of each asset for the acquisition, development or construction of real property or, with respect to any mortgage loan, 3.0% of the funds advanced in respect of a mortgage. Any portion of the fee may be deferred and paid in a subsequent year.	\$63,158/\$22,266,028(5)
Acquisition Expenses – Behringer Advisors or its affiliates (3) (4)	Up to 0.5% of the contract purchase price of each asset or, with respect to a mortgage, up to 0.5% of the funds advanced, for reimbursement of expenses related to making such investment, such as legal fees, travel expenses, property appraisals, nonrefundable option payments on property not acquired, accounting fees and title insurance premium expenses.	\$10,526/\$3,711,005(5)
<i>Operational Stage</i>		
Property Management and Leasing Fees – HPT Management	For the management and leasing of our properties, we will pay HPT Management, our property manager, property management and leasing fees equal to 3.0% of gross revenues plus leasing commissions based upon the customary leasing commission applicable to the geographic location of property. Our property manager may subcontract its duties for a fee that may be less than the fee provided for in the property management agreement.	Actual amounts are dependent upon results of operations and therefore cannot be determined at the present time.

Type of Compensation	Form of Compensation	Estimated \$\$ for Minimum / Maximum Offering (1)
Asset Management Fee – Behringer Advisors or its affiliates (6)	We pay an annual advisor asset management fee of 0.5% of aggregate assets value. The fee is payable monthly in an amount equal to one-twelfth of 0.5% of aggregate assets value as of the last day of the immediately preceding month. Any portion of the asset management fee may be deferred and paid in a subsequent year.	Actual amounts are dependent upon results of operations and therefore cannot be determined at the present time.
Subordinated Disposition Fee – Behringer Advisors or its affiliates	If our advisor provides a substantial amount of services, as determined by our independent directors, in connection with the sale of one or more properties, we will pay our advisor an amount not exceeding the lesser of: (A) one-half of the aggregate brokerage commission paid (including the subordinated disposition fee), or (B) 3.0% of the sales price of each property sold, provided that such fee will be subordinated to distributions to investors from sale proceeds of an amount which, together with prior distributions to the investors, will equal (1) 100.0% of their capital contributions plus (2) a 9.0% annual, cumulative, noncompounded return on their capital contributions. Subordinated disposition fees that are not payable at the date of sale, because investors have not yet received their required minimum distributions, will be deferred and paid at such time as these subordination conditions have been satisfied.	Actual amounts are dependent upon results of operations and therefore cannot be determined at the present time.
Subordinated Participation in Net Sale Proceeds – Behringer Advisors (7)	After investors have received a return of their net capital contributions and a 9.0% annual, cumulative, noncompounded return, then Behringer Advisors is entitled to receive 15.0% of remaining net sale proceeds. Any such fees that are not paid at the date of sale, because investors have not yet received their required minimum distributions, will be deferred and paid at such time as these subordination conditions have been satisfied.	Actual amounts are dependent upon results of operations and therefore cannot be determined at the present time.
Subordinated Incentive Listing Fee – Behringer Advisors (7) (8)	Upon listing our stock on a national securities exchange or quotation on the Nasdaq Stock Market, a fee equal to 15.0% of the amount, if any, by which (1) the market value of our outstanding stock plus distributions paid by us prior to listing, exceeds (2) the sum of the total amount of capital raised from investors and the amount of cash flow necessary to generate a 9.0% annual, cumulative, noncompounded return to investors.	Actual amounts are dependent upon results of operations and therefore cannot be determined at the present time.
Subordinated Performance Fee (9)	Upon termination of the advisory agreement between us and our advisor, other than termination by us because of a material breach of the advisory agreement by the advisor, a performance fee of 15.0% of the amount, if any, by which (A) our appraised asset value at the time of such termination plus total dividends paid to investors through the termination date exceeds (B) the aggregate capital contributions contributed by investors less distributions from sale proceeds plus payment to investors of a 9.0% annual, cumulative, noncompounded return on capital. No subordinated performance fee will be paid if we have already paid or become obligated to pay the advisor a subordinated incentive listing fee.	Actual amounts are dependent upon results of operations and therefore cannot be determined at the present time.

Type of Compensation	Form of Compensation	Estimated \$\$ for Minimum / Maximum Offering (1)
Operating Expenses – Behringer Advisors (10)	We will reimburse our advisor for all expenses paid or incurred by our advisor in connection with the services provided to us, subject to the limitation that we will not reimburse for any amount by which our operating expenses (including the asset management fee) at the end of the four preceding fiscal quarters exceeds the greater of: (i) 2.0% of our average invested assets, or (ii) 25.0% of our net income other than any additions to reserves for depreciation, bad debts or other similar non-cash reserves and excluding any gain from the sale of our assets for that period.	Actual amounts are dependent upon results of operations and therefore cannot be determined at the present time.

- (1) The estimated maximum dollar amounts are based on the sale of a maximum of 80,000,000 shares to the public at \$10 per share and the sale of a maximum of 8,000,000 shares at \$10 per share pursuant to our dividend reinvestment plan. The estimated minimum dollar amounts assume no purchases are made under our dividend reinvestment plan.
- (2) Organization and offering expenses are only those expenses associated with our organization and this offering. They do not include expenses associated with the organization of our advisor or any other affiliate.
- (3) Notwithstanding the method by which we calculate the payment of acquisition and advisory fees and acquisition expenses, as described in the table, the total of all such acquisition and advisory fees and acquisition expenses shall not exceed, in the aggregate, an amount equal to 6.0% of the contract price of all of the properties which we will purchase or, in the case of mortgage loans, 6.0% of the funds advanced, as required by the NASAA REIT Guidelines. However, a majority of our independent directors may approve fees and expenses in excess of this limit if they determine the transaction to be commercially competitive, fair and reasonable to us. Acquisition and advisory fees may be payable subsequent to the date of acquisition of a property in connection with the expenditure of funds, to the extent we capitalize such costs, for development, construction or improvement of a property.
- (4) If financings are used to the maximum extent allowed under our charter, then acquisition and advisory fees could be approximately \$140,000 if the minimum offering is sold and approximately \$49.5 million if the maximum offering is sold. In addition, acquisition expenses could be approximately \$23,000 if the minimum offering is sold and approximately \$8.3 million if the maximum offering is sold.
- (5) Assumes no financing is used to acquire properties or other investments. However, it is our intent to leverage our investments with debt. Therefore, actual amounts are dependent upon the value of our assets as financed and therefore cannot be determined at the present time.
- (6) Aggregate assets value will be equal to the aggregate book value of our assets (other than investments in bank accounts, money market funds or other current assets), before depreciation, bad debts or other similar non-cash reserves and without reduction for any debt relating to such assets, at the date of measurement, except that during such periods in which we are obtaining regular independent valuations of the current value of its net assets for purposes of enabling fiduciaries of employee benefit plan stockholders to comply with applicable Department of Labor reporting requirements, aggregate assets value is the greater of (i) the amount determined pursuant to the foregoing or (ii) our assets' aggregate valuation established by the most recent such valuation report without reduction for depreciation, bad debts or other similar non-cash reserves and without reduction for any debt relating to such assets.
- (7) In the event that our common stock becomes listed and Behringer Advisors receives the subordinated incentive listing fee, as of the date of listing Behringer Advisors will no longer be entitled to any participation in net sale proceeds other than accrued and unpaid amounts.
- (8) The market value of our outstanding stock will be calculated based on the average market value of the shares issued and outstanding at listing over the 30 trading days beginning 180 days after the shares are first listed on a stock exchange. Payment of the subordinated incentive listing fee will be made from the net sales proceeds from our assets as we dispose of them. If this fee is not paid within five years from the date our common stock is listed on a national securities exchange or quoted on the Nasdaq Stock Market, our advisor may elect to convert the balance of the fee, including accrued but unpaid interest, into shares of our common stock.
- (9) Payment of the subordinated performance fee will be made from the net sales proceeds from our assets as we dispose of them. If this fee is not paid within five years from the date the advisor agreement is terminated, our

advisor may elect to convert the balance of the fee, including accrued but unpaid interest, into shares of our common stock.

- (10) The average invested assets will equal the average of the aggregate book value of our assets, computed by taking the average of such values at the end of each month during the period specified. However, if during the periods in which we are obtaining regular independent valuations of our assets for ERISA purposes, our average invested assets will equal the greater of the amount determined pursuant to the foregoing or the aggregate valuation established by the most recent valuation report without reduction for depreciation, bad debts or other non-cash reserves and without reduction for any debt relating to such assets.

Our independent directors will determine, from time to time but at least annually, that our total fees and expenses are reasonable in light of our investment performance, net assets, net income and the fees and expenses of other comparable unaffiliated REITs. Each such determination will be reflected in the minutes of our board of directors. Our independent directors shall also supervise the performance of our advisor and the compensation that we pay to it to determine that the provisions of our advisory agreement are being carried out. Each such determination will be recorded in the minutes of our board of directors and based on the factors set forth below and other factors that the independent directors deem relevant:

- the size of the advisory fee in relation to the size, composition and profitability of our portfolio;
- the success of Behringer Advisors in generating opportunities that meet our investment objectives;
- the rates charged to other REITs, especially similarly structured REITs, and to investors other than REITs by advisors performing similar services;
- additional revenues realized by Behringer Advisors through their relationship with us;
- the quality and extent of service and advice furnished by Behringer Advisors;
- the performance of our investment portfolio, including income, conservation or appreciation of capital, frequency of problem investments and competence in dealing with distress situations; and
- the quality of our portfolio in relationship to the investments generated by Behringer Advisors for the account of other clients.

Since Behringer Advisors and its affiliates are entitled to differing levels of compensation for undertaking different transactions on our behalf such as the property management fees for operating our properties and the subordinated participation in net sale proceeds, our advisor has the ability to affect the nature of the compensation it receives by undertaking different transactions. However, Behringer Advisors is obligated to exercise good faith and integrity in all its dealings with respect to our affairs pursuant to the advisory agreement. See “– The Advisory Agreement” section above. Because these fees or expenses are payable only with respect to certain transactions or services, they may not be recovered by Behringer Advisors or its affiliates by reclassifying them under a different category.

STOCK OWNERSHIP

The following table shows, as of February 19, 2003, the amount of our common stock beneficially owned (unless otherwise indicated) by (1) any person who is known by us to be the beneficial owner of more than 5.0% of the outstanding shares of common stock, (2) our directors, (3) our executive officers, and (4) all of our directors and executive officers as a group.

<u>Name and Address of Beneficial Owner</u>	Common Stock Beneficially Owned(1)	
	Number of Shares of Common Stock	Percentage of Class
Behringer Harvard Holdings, LLC	20,000	100%
1323 North Stemmons Freeway, Suite 200, Dallas, Texas 75207		
Robert M. Behringer (2)	20,000	100%
1323 North Stemmons Freeway, Suite 210, Dallas, Texas 75207		
Robert S. Aisner (3)	—	—
1323 North Stemmons Freeway, Suite 210, Dallas, Texas 75207		
Gerald J. Reihisen, III (4)	—	—
1323 North Stemmons Freeway, Suite 210, Dallas, Texas 75207		
Gary S. Bresky (5)	—	—
1323 North Stemmons Freeway, Suite 210, Dallas, Texas 75207		
M. Jason Mattox(6)	—	—
1323 North Stemmons Freeway, Suite 210, Dallas, Texas 75207		
Douglas L. Courtney	—	—
5335 Spring Valley Road, Dallas, Texas 75254		
Charles G. Dannis	—	—
8150 North Central Expressway, Suite 950, Dallas, Texas 75206		
Jon L. Dooley	—	—
2001 Ross Avenue, # 3400, Dallas, Texas 75201		
Charles B. Nolen	—	—
9470 Dartridge, Dallas, Texas 75238		
All directors and executive officers as a group (eight persons)(2)	20,000	100.0%

- (1) For purposes of calculating the percentage beneficially owned, the number of shares of common stock deemed outstanding includes (1) 20,000 shares outstanding as of February 19, 2003, and (2) shares issuable pursuant to options held by the respective person or group which may be exercised within 60 days following February 19, 2003. Beneficial ownership is determined in accordance with the rules of the Securities and Exchange Commission that deem shares to be beneficially owned by any person or group who has or shares voting and investment power with respect to such shares.
- (2) Includes 20,000 shares owned by Behringer Harvard Holdings. As of February 1, 2003, Mr. Behringer controlled the disposition of approximately 67.0% of the outstanding limited liability company interests and the voting of 100.0% of the outstanding limited liability company interests of Behringer Harvard Holdings.
- (3) Does not include 20,000 shares owned by Behringer Harvard Holdings, of which Mr. Aisner controls the disposition of 4.0% of the limited liability company interests. Mr. Behringer has the right to vote Mr. Aisner's interest in Behringer Harvard Holdings.
- (4) Does not include 20,000 shares owned by Behringer Harvard Holdings, of which Mr. Reihisen controls the disposition of 4.5% of the limited liability company interests. Mr. Behringer has the right to vote Mr. Reihisen's interest in Behringer Harvard Holdings.
- (5) Does not include 20,000 shares owned by Behringer Harvard Holdings, of which Mr. Bresky controls the disposition of 3.0% of the limited liability company interests. Mr. Behringer has the right to vote Mr. Bresky's interest in Behringer Harvard Holdings.
- (6) Does not include 20,000 shares owned by Behringer Harvard Holdings, of which Mr. Mattox controls the disposition of 1.5% of the limited liability company interests. Mr. Behringer has the right to vote Mr. Mattox's interest in Behringer Harvard Holdings.

CONFLICTS OF INTEREST

We are subject to various conflicts of interest arising out of our relationship with Behringer Advisors, our advisor, and its affiliates, including conflicts related to the arrangements pursuant to which Behringer Advisors and its affiliates will be compensated by us. All of our agreements and arrangements with our advisor and its affiliates, including those relating to compensation, are not the result of arm's-length negotiations. See "Management – Management Compensation." Some of the conflicts of interest in our transactions with our advisor and its affiliates, and the limitations on our advisor adopted to address these conflicts, are described below.

Our advisor and its affiliates will try to balance our interests with their duties to other Behringer Harvard programs. However, to the extent that our advisor or its affiliates take actions that are more favorable to other entities than to us, these actions could have a negative impact on our financial performance and, consequently, on distributions to you and the value of our stock. In addition, our directors, officers and certain of our stockholders may engage for their own account in business activities of the types conducted or to be conducted by us and our subsidiaries. For a description of some of the risks related to these conflicts of interest, see the section of this prospectus captioned "Risk Factors – Risks Related to Conflicts of Interest" beginning on page 26.

Our independent directors have an obligation to function on our behalf in all situations in which a conflict of interest may arise, and all of our directors have a fiduciary obligation to act on behalf of our stockholders.

Interests in Other Real Estate Programs

Behringer Advisors and its partners, officers, employees or affiliates are advisors or general partners of other Behringer Harvard programs, including partnerships that have investment objectives similar to ours, and we expect that they will organize other such programs in the future. Behringer Advisors and such officers, employees or affiliates have legal and financial obligations with respect to these programs that are similar to their obligations to us. As general partners, they may have contingent liability for the obligations of programs structured as partnerships, which, if such obligations were enforced against them, could result in substantial reduction of their net worth.

Currently, affiliates of Behringer Advisors are sponsoring two public real estate programs, Behringer Harvard Short-Term Fund I and Behringer Harvard Mid-Term Fund I. The registration statement of Behringer Harvard Short-Term Fund I is for the offer and sale to the public of up to 11,000,000 units of limited partnership interest at a price of \$10 per unit and the registration statement of Behringer Harvard Mid-Term Fund I is for the offer and sale to the public of up to 44,000,000 units of limited partnership interest at a price of \$10 per unit. Behringer Advisors and its affiliates will likely experience conflicts of interest as they simultaneously perform services for us and other Behringer Harvard programs.

In the event that we, or any other Behringer Harvard program or other entity formed or managed by Behringer Advisors or its affiliates, are in the market for investments similar to those we intend to make, Behringer Advisors will review the investment portfolio of each such affiliated entity prior to making a decision as to which Behringer Harvard program will purchase such properties or make or invest in such mortgage loans. See "– Certain Conflict Resolution Procedures" below.

As described in the "Prior Performance Summary," Robert M. Behringer and his affiliates have sponsored other privately offered real estate programs with substantially similar investment objectives as ours, and which are still operating and may acquire additional properties in the future. Conflicts of interest may arise between these entities and us.

Behringer Advisors or its affiliates may acquire, for its own account or for private placement, properties which it deems not suitable for purchase by us, whether because of the greater degree of risk, the complexity of structuring inherent in such transactions, financing considerations or for other reasons, including properties with potential for attractive investment returns.

Other Activities of Behringer Advisors and Its Affiliates

We rely on Behringer Advisors for the day-to-day operation of our business. As a result of the interests of members of its management in other Behringer Harvard programs and the fact that they have also engaged and will continue to engage in other business activities, Behringer Advisors and its affiliates will have conflicts of interest in allocating their time between us and other Behringer Harvard programs and other activities in which they are involved. However, Behringer Advisors believes that it and its affiliates have sufficient personnel to discharge fully their responsibilities to all of the Behringer Harvard programs and other ventures in which they are involved.

In addition, each of our executive officers, including Robert M. Behringer, who also serves as the chairman of our board of directors, are also officers of our advisor, our property manager, our dealer manager and other affiliated entities. As a result, these individuals owe fiduciary duties to these other entities, which may conflict with the fiduciary duties that they owe to us and our stockholders.

Behringer Advisors or any of its affiliates may temporarily enter into contracts relating to investment in properties all or a portion of which is to be assigned to us prior to closing or may purchase property in their own name and temporarily hold title for us provided that such property or applicable portion thereof is purchased by us at a price no greater than the cost of such property, including acquisition and carrying costs, to Behringer Advisors or the affiliate. Further, Behringer Advisors or such affiliate may not have held title to any such property on our behalf for more than twelve months prior to the commencement of this offering; Behringer Advisors or its affiliates will not sell property to us if the cost of the property exceeds the funds reasonably anticipated to be available for us to purchase any such property; and all profits and losses during the period any such property is held by Behringer Advisors or its affiliates will accrue to us. In no event may we loan funds to Behringer Advisors or any of its affiliates (other than in connection with certain mortgage loans approved by a majority of our independent directors), or enter into agreements with Behringer Advisors or its affiliates for the provision of insurance covering us or any of our properties.

Competition in Acquiring Properties

Conflicts of interest will exist to the extent that we may acquire properties in the same geographic areas where properties owned by other Behringer Harvard programs are located. In such a case, a conflict could arise in the leasing of properties in the event that we and another Behringer Harvard program were to compete for the same tenants in negotiating leases, or a conflict could arise in connection with the resale of properties in the event that we and another Behringer Harvard program were to attempt to sell similar properties at the same time. Conflicts of interest may also exist at such time as we or our affiliates managing property on our behalf seek to employ developers, contractors or building managers as well as under other circumstances. Behringer Advisors will seek to reduce conflicts relating to the employment of developers, contractors or building managers by making prospective employees aware of all such properties seeking to employ such persons. In addition, Behringer Advisors will seek to reduce conflicts that may arise with respect to properties available for sale or rent by making prospective purchasers or tenants aware of all such properties. However, these conflicts cannot be fully avoided in that there may be established differing compensation arrangements for employees at different properties or differing terms for resales or leasing of the various properties.

Affiliated Dealer Manager

Since Behringer Securities, our dealer manager, is an affiliate of Behringer Advisors, we will not have the benefit of an independent due diligence review and investigation of the type normally performed by an unaffiliated, independent underwriter in connection with the offering of securities. See “Plan of Distribution.”

Affiliated Property Manager

We anticipate that properties we acquire will be managed and leased by HPT Management, our affiliated property manager. Our agreement with HPT Management has a three-year term, which we can terminate only in the event of gross negligence or willful misconduct on the part of HPT Management. We expect HPT Management to also serve as property manager for properties owned by affiliated real estate programs, some of which may be in

competition with our properties. Management fees to be paid to our property manager are based on a percentage of the rental income received by the managed properties. For a more detailed discussion of the anticipated fees to be paid for property management services, see “Management – Affiliated Companies.”

Lack of Separate Representation

Morris, Manning & Martin, LLP acts as counsel to us, Behringer Advisors, Behringer Securities and their affiliates in connection with this offering and may in the future act as counsel to us, Behringer Advisors, Behringer Securities and their affiliates. There is a possibility that in the future the interests of the various parties may become adverse, and under the Code of Professional Responsibility of the legal profession, Morris, Manning & Martin, LLP may be precluded from representing any one or all of such parties. In the event that a dispute were to arise between us, Behringer Advisors, Behringer Securities or any of their affiliates, separate counsel for such matters will be retained as and when appropriate.

Joint Ventures with Affiliates of Behringer Advisors

We expect to enter into joint ventures with other Behringer Harvard programs (as well as other parties) for the acquisition, development or improvement of properties. See “Investment Objectives and Criteria – Joint Venture Investments.” Behringer Advisors and its affiliates may have conflicts of interest in determining which Behringer Harvard program should enter into any particular joint venture agreement. The co-venturer may have economic or business interests or goals which are or which may become inconsistent with our business interests or goals. In addition, should any such joint venture be consummated, Behringer Advisors may face a conflict in structuring the terms of the relationship between our interests and the interest of the co-venturer and in managing the joint venture. Since Behringer Advisors and its affiliates will control both us and any affiliated co-venturer, agreements and transactions between the co-venturers with respect to any such joint venture will not have the benefit of arm’s-length negotiation of the type normally conducted between unrelated co-venturers.

Receipt of Fees and Other Compensation by Behringer Advisors and Its Affiliates

A transaction involving the purchase and sale of properties and investments in mortgage loans may result in the receipt of commissions, fees and other compensation by Behringer Advisors and its affiliates, including acquisition and advisory fees, the dealer manager fee, property management and leasing fees, real estate brokerage commissions, loan refinancing fees and participation in nonliquidating net sale proceeds. However, the fees and compensation payable to Behringer Advisors and its affiliates relating to the sale of properties and repayment of principal on mortgages are only payable after the return to the stockholders of their capital contributions plus cumulative returns on such capital. Subject to oversight by our board of directors, Behringer Advisors has considerable discretion with respect to all decisions relating to the terms and timing of all transactions. Therefore, Behringer Advisors may have conflicts of interest concerning certain actions taken on our behalf, particularly due to the fact that such fees will generally be payable to Behringer Advisors and its affiliates regardless of the quality of the properties acquired or the services provided to us. See “Management – Management Compensation.”

Every transaction that we enter into with Behringer Advisors or its affiliates is subject to an inherent conflict of interest. Our board of directors may encounter conflicts of interest in enforcing our rights against any affiliate in the event of a default by or disagreement with an affiliate or in invoking powers, rights or options pursuant to any agreement between us and Behringer Advisors or any of its affiliates. A majority of the independent directors who are otherwise disinterested in the transaction must approve each transaction between us and Behringer Advisors or any of its affiliates as being fair and reasonable to us and on terms and conditions no less favorable to us than those available from unaffiliated third parties.

Certain Conflict Resolution Procedures

In order to reduce or eliminate certain potential conflicts of interest, our charter contains a number of restrictions relating to (1) transactions we enter into with Behringer Advisors and its affiliates, (2) certain future offerings, and (3) allocation of investment opportunities among affiliated entities. These restrictions include, among others, the following:

- We will not purchase or lease properties in which Behringer Advisors, any of our directors or any of their respective affiliates has an interest without a determination by a majority of the directors, including a majority of the independent directors, not otherwise interested in such transaction that such transaction is fair and reasonable to us and at a price to us no greater than the cost of the property to the seller or lessor unless there is substantial justification for any amount that exceeds such cost and such excess amount is determined to be reasonable. In no event will we acquire any such property at an amount in excess of its appraised value. We will not sell or lease properties to Behringer Advisors, any of our directors or any of their respective affiliates unless a majority of the directors, including a majority of the independent directors, not otherwise interested in the transaction, determines the transaction is fair and reasonable to us.
- We will not make any loans to Behringer Advisors, any of our directors or any of their respective affiliates, except that we may make or invest in mortgage loans involving Behringer Advisors, our directors or their respective affiliates, provided that an appraisal of the underlying property is obtained from an independent appraiser and the transaction is approved as fair and reasonable to us and on terms no less favorable to us than those available from third parties. In addition, Behringer Advisors, any of our directors and any of their respective affiliates will not make loans to us or to joint ventures in which we are a joint venture partner unless approved by a majority of the directors, including a majority of the independent directors, not otherwise interested in the transaction as fair, competitive and commercially reasonable, and no less favorable to us than comparable loans between unaffiliated parties.
- Behringer Advisors and its affiliates shall be entitled to reimbursement, at cost, for actual expenses incurred by them on behalf of us or joint ventures in which we are a joint venture partner, subject to the limitation that for any year in which we qualify as a REIT, Behringer Advisors must reimburse us for the amount, if any, by which our total operating expenses, including the advisor asset management fee, paid during the previous fiscal year exceeds the greater of: (i) 2.0% of our average invested assets for that fiscal year, or (ii) 25.0% of our net income, before any additions to reserves for depreciation, bad debts or other similar non-cash reserves and before any gain from the sale of our assets, for that fiscal year.
- In the event that an investment opportunity becomes available that is suitable, under all of the factors considered by Behringer Advisors, for both us and one or more other entities affiliated with Behringer Advisors and its affiliates, and for which more than one of such entities has sufficient uninvested funds, then the entity that has had the longest period of time elapse since it was offered an investment opportunity will first be offered such investment opportunity. It shall be the duty of our board of directors, including the independent directors, to insure that this method is applied fairly to us. In determining whether or not an investment opportunity is suitable for more than one program, Behringer Advisors, subject to approval by our board of directors, shall examine, among others, the following factors:
 - the anticipated cash flow of the property to be acquired and the cash requirements of each program;
 - the effect of the acquisition both on diversification of each program's investments by type of property and geographic area and on diversification of the tenants of its properties;
 - the policy of each program relating to leverage of properties;
 - the income tax effects of the purchase to each program;
 - the size of the investment; and
 - the amount of funds available to each program and the length of time such funds have been available for investment.
- If a subsequent development, such as a delay in the closing of a property or a delay in the construction of a property, causes any such investment, in the opinion of our board of directors and Behringer Advisors, to be more appropriate for a program other than the program that committed to make the investment, Behringer Advisors may determine that another program affiliated with Behringer Advisors or its affiliates will make the investment. Our board of directors has a duty to ensure that the

method used by Behringer Advisors for the allocation of the acquisition of properties by two or more affiliated programs seeking to acquire similar types of properties is applied fairly to us.

- We will not accept goods or services from Behringer Advisors or its affiliates or enter into any other transaction with Behringer Advisors or its affiliates unless a majority of our directors, including a majority of the independent directors, not otherwise interested in the transaction approve such transaction as fair and reasonable to us and on terms and conditions not less favorable to us than those available from unaffiliated third parties.

INVESTMENT OBJECTIVES AND CRITERIA

General

We invest in commercial real estate properties, including properties that have been constructed and have operating histories, are newly constructed or are under development or construction. Our investment objectives are:

- to preserve, protect and return your capital contributions;
- to maximize cash dividends paid to you;
- to realize growth in the value of our properties upon our ultimate sale of such properties; and
- to list the shares on a national exchange or, if we do not list the shares by the twelfth anniversary of the termination of this offering, to make an orderly disposition of our properties and distribute the cash to you.

In addition, to the extent that our advisor determines that it is advantageous to make or invest in mortgage loans, we will also seek to obtain fixed income through the receipt of payments on mortgage loans. Our management intends to limit such mortgage investments to 15.0% of our total investment portfolio unless our management determines that prevailing economic or portfolio circumstances require otherwise. We cannot assure you that we will attain these objectives or that our capital will not decrease. Pursuant to our advisory agreement, our advisor will be indemnified for claims relating to any failure to succeed in achieving these objectives, including for any reason and as identified in the description of risks of our business set forth herein. See “Risk Factors.”

We may not materially change our investment objectives, except upon approval of stockholders holding a majority of the shares. Our independent directors will review our investment objectives at least annually to determine that our policies are in the best interests of our stockholders. Each such determination will be set forth in the minutes of our board of directors.

Decisions relating to the purchase or sale of our investments will be made by Behringer Advisors, as our advisor, subject to approval by our board of directors, including a majority of our independent directors. See “Management” for a description of the background and experience of the directors and executive officers.

Acquisition and Investment Policies

We intend to invest in institutional quality office and other commercial properties. These are properties that generally have premier business addresses in especially desirable locations with limited potential for new development or other barriers to entry. Such properties generally are of high quality construction, offer personalized tenant amenities and attract higher quality tenants. We intend to hold our properties eight to twelve years from the termination of this offering, which we believe is the optimal period to enable us to capitalize on the potential for increased income and capital appreciation of our properties. However, economic or market conditions may influence us to hold our investments for different periods of time. Also, it is our management’s belief that targeting this type of property for investment will enhance our ability to enter into joint ventures with other institutional real property investors (such as pension funds, public REITs and other large institutional real estate investors), thus allowing greater diversity of investment by increasing the number of properties in which we invest. Our management also believes that a portfolio consisting of a preponderance of this type of property enhances our liquidity opportunities for investors by making the sale of individual properties, multiple properties or our investment portfolio as a whole attractive to institutional investors and by making a possible listing of our shares attractive to the public investment community.

We are not limited to investments in institutional quality office properties. We may invest in other commercial properties such as shopping centers, business and industrial parks, manufacturing facilities and warehouse and distribution facilities in order to reduce overall portfolio risk or enhance overall portfolio returns if our advisor determines that it would be advantageous to do so. For example, we may invest in commercial properties adjacent to properties we already own or we may acquire mixed-use properties that otherwise meet our

investment criteria. In addition, our advisor may determine that it would be advantageous to acquire commercial properties other than institutional quality office properties in order to diversify our portfolio or in order to respond to changes in the real estate market. Further, to the extent that our advisor determines it is in our best interest, due to the state of the real estate market or in order to diversify our investment portfolio or otherwise, we will make or invest in mortgage loans secured by the same types of institutional quality office and other commercial properties in which we intend to invest. Our management intends to limit such mortgage investments to 15.0% of our total investment portfolio unless our management determines that prevailing economic or portfolio circumstances require otherwise. See “– Terms of Leases and Tenant Creditworthiness” below.

We will seek to invest in properties that will satisfy our objective of providing cash dividends to our stockholders. However, because a significant factor in the valuation of income-producing real properties is their potential for future appreciation in value, we anticipate that the majority of properties we acquire will have the potential for both capital appreciation and the ability to provide cash dividends to stockholders. To the extent feasible, we will invest in a diversified portfolio of properties in terms of geography, type of property and industry of our tenants that will satisfy our investment objectives of maximizing cash available for payment of dividends, preserving our capital and realizing capital appreciation upon the ultimate sale of our properties.

We anticipate that a minimum of 85.0% of the gross proceeds from the sale of shares will be available for our use. We anticipate that a minimum of 84.2% of the proceeds from the sale of our shares will be used to invest in real estate properties and, to a lesser extent, mortgage loans and other investments, and approximately 0.8% of the gross proceeds from the sale of shares, assuming no debt financing, will be used to establish initial working capital reserves for such real estate properties, and the balance will be used to pay various fees and expenses. See “Estimated Use of Proceeds.”

We will not invest more than 10.0% of the net offering proceeds available for investment in properties in unimproved or non-income producing properties or in mortgage loans secured by such properties. If a property is expected to produce income within two years of its acquisition, we will not consider it a non-income producing property.

Our investment in real estate generally will take the form of holding fee title or a long-term leasehold estate. We will acquire such interests either directly through Behringer Harvard OP I or indirectly through limited liability companies or through investments in joint ventures, partnerships, co-tenancies or other co-ownership arrangements with the developers of the properties, affiliates of Behringer Advisors or other persons. See “The Operating Partnership Agreement” and “– Joint Venture Investments” below. In addition, we may purchase properties and lease them back to the sellers of such properties. While we will use our best efforts to structure any such sale-leaseback transaction such that the lease will be characterized as a “true lease” so that we will be treated as the owner of the property for federal income tax purposes, we cannot assure you that the Internal Revenue Service will not challenge such characterization. In the event that any such sale-leaseback transaction is recharacterized as a financing transaction for federal income tax purposes, deductions for depreciation and cost recovery relating to such property would be disallowed. See “Federal Income Tax Considerations – Sale-Leaseback Transactions.”

We intend that our investments will include properties located in central business districts of major metropolitan cities where barriers to entry are judged to be high and, to a lesser extent, selected suburban markets with identified barriers to entry. Although we are not limited as to the geographic area where we may conduct our operations, we intend to invest in properties located in the United States. See “Risk Factors – Risks Related to an Investment in Behringer Harvard REIT I – Your investment may be subject to additional risks if we make international investments.”

We are not specifically limited in the number or size of properties we may acquire or on the percentage of net proceeds of this offering that we may invest in a single property. The number and mix of properties we acquire will depend upon real estate and market conditions and other circumstances existing at the time we acquire our properties and the amount of proceeds we raise in this offering.

Successful commercial real estate investment requires the implementation of strategies that permit favorable purchases, effective asset and property management for enhanced current returns and maintenance of

higher relative property values, and timely disposition for attractive capital appreciation. Our advisor has developed and uses proprietary modeling tools that our management believes will help it to identify favorable property acquisitions, enable it to forecast growth and make predictions at the time of the acquisition of a property as to optimal portfolio blend, disposition timing and sales price. Using these tools in concert with our overall strategies, including individual market monitoring and ongoing analysis of macro- and micro-regional economic cycles, we expect to be better able to identify favorable acquisition targets, increase current returns and resultant current distributions to investors and maintain higher relative portfolio property values, and execute timely dispositions at appropriate sales prices to enhance capital gains distributable to our investors.

In making investment decisions for us, Behringer Advisors will consider relevant real estate property and financial factors, including the location of the property, its suitability for any development contemplated or in progress, its income-producing capacity, the prospects for long-range appreciation, and its liquidity and income tax considerations. In this regard, Behringer Advisors will have substantial discretion with respect to the selection of specific investments.

Our obligation to purchase any property will generally be conditioned upon the delivery and verification of certain documents from the seller or developer, including, where appropriate:

- plans and specifications;
- environmental reports;
- surveys;
- evidence of marketable title subject to such liens and encumbrances as are acceptable to Behringer Advisors;
- audited financial statements covering recent operations of properties having operating histories; and
- title and liability insurance policies.

We will not purchase any property unless and until we obtain what is generally referred to as a “Phase I” environmental site assessment and are generally satisfied with the environmental status of the property. A Phase I environmental site assessment basically consists of a visual survey of the building and the property in an attempt to identify areas of potential environmental concerns, visually observing neighboring properties to assess surface conditions or activities that may have an adverse environmental impact on the property, and contacting local governmental agency personnel and performing a regulatory agency file search in an attempt to determine any known environmental concerns in the immediate vicinity of the property. A Phase I environmental site assessment does not generally include any sampling or testing of soil, groundwater or building materials from the property.

We may also enter into arrangements with the seller or developer of a property whereby the seller or developer agrees that, if during a stated period the property does not generate a specified cash flow, the seller or developer will pay in cash to us a sum necessary to reach the specified cash flow level, subject in some cases to negotiated dollar limitations.

In determining whether to purchase a particular property, we may, in accordance with customary practices, obtain an option on such property. The amount paid for an option, if any, is normally surrendered if the property is not purchased and is normally credited against the purchase price if the property is purchased.

In purchasing, leasing and developing properties, we will be subject to risks generally incident to the ownership of real estate, including:

- changes in general economic or local conditions;
- changes in supply of or demand for similar or competing properties in an area;
- changes in interest rates and availability of permanent mortgage funds that may render the sale of a property difficult or unattractive;
- changes in tax, real estate, environmental and zoning laws;

- periods of high interest rates and tight money supply that may make the sale of properties more difficult;
- tenant turnover; and
- general overbuilding or excess supply in the market area.

See “Risk Factors – General Risks Related to Investments in Real Estate.”

Development and Construction of Properties

We may invest substantially all of the net proceeds available for investment in properties on which improvements are to be constructed or completed, although we may not invest in excess of 10.0% of the offering proceeds available for investment in properties that are not expected to produce income within two years of their acquisition or in mortgage loans secured by such properties. To help ensure performance by the builders of properties that are under construction, completion of such properties will be guaranteed either by completion bond or performance bond. Behringer Advisors will enter into contracts on our behalf with contractors or developers for such construction services on terms and conditions approved by our board of directors. If we contract with Behringer Development for such services, we will also obtain the approval of a majority of our independent directors that the contract is fair and reasonable to us and on terms and conditions not less favorable to us than those available from unaffiliated third parties. Behringer Advisors may rely upon the substantial net worth of the contractor or developer or a personal guarantee accompanied by financial statements showing a substantial net worth provided by an affiliate of the person entering into the construction or development contract as an alternative to a completion bond or performance bond. Development of real estate properties is subject to risks relating to a builder’s ability to control construction costs or to build in conformity with plans, specifications and timetables. See “Risk Factors – General Risks Related to Investments in Real Estate.”

We may make periodic progress payments or other cash advances to developers and builders of our properties prior to completion of construction only upon receipt of an architect’s certification as to the percentage of the project then-completed and as to the dollar amount of the construction then-completed. We intend to use such additional controls on disbursements to builders and developers as we deem necessary or prudent.

We or Behringer Development may directly employ one or more project managers to plan, supervise and implement the development of any unimproved properties that we may acquire. Such persons would be compensated directly by us.

Acquisition of Properties from Behringer Development

We may acquire properties, directly or through joint ventures, with affiliated entities, including (i) Behringer Development, a wholly owned subsidiary of Behringer Harvard Partners, which is a wholly owned subsidiary of Behringer Harvard Holdings, and (ii) BHD, LLC, which is a wholly owned subsidiary of Behringer Harvard Holdings. Behringer Development was formed to (1) acquire existing income-producing commercial real estate properties, and (2) acquire land, develop commercial real properties, secure tenants for such properties and sell such properties upon completion to us or other Behringer Harvard programs. In the case of properties to be developed by Behringer Development and sold to us, we anticipate that Behringer Development will:

- acquire a parcel of land;
- enter into contracts for the construction and development of a commercial building thereon;
- enter into an agreement with one or more tenants to lease all or a majority of the property upon its completion;
- secure an earnest money deposit from us, which may be used for acquisition and development expenses;
- secure a financing commitment from a commercial bank or other institutional lender to finance the remaining acquisition and development expenses;

- complete the development and allow the tenant or tenants to take possession of the property; and
- provide for the acquisition of the property by us.

We will be required to pay a substantial sum to Behringer Development at the time of entering into the contract as a refundable earnest money deposit to be credited against the purchase price at closing, which Behringer Development will apply to the cost of acquiring the land and initial development costs. We expect that the earnest money deposit will represent approximately 20.0% to 30.0% of the purchase price of the developed property set forth in the purchase contract.

Generally, the purchase price that we will pay for any property will be based on the fair market value of the property as determined by a majority of our directors. In the cases where a majority of our independent directors require, we will obtain an appraisal of fair market value by an independent expert selected by our independent directors. In addition, in the case of properties we acquire from Behringer Development that have already been developed, Behringer Development will be required to obtain an appraisal for the property from an independent expert selected by our independent directors. The purchase price we will pay under the purchase contract will not exceed the fair market value of the property as determined by the appraisal. In the case of properties we acquire from Behringer Development that have not been constructed at the time of contracting, Behringer Development will be required to obtain an independent “as built” appraisal for the property prior to our contracting with them, and the purchase price we will pay under the purchase contract will not exceed the anticipated fair market value of the developed property as determined by the appraisal. We will not acquire any property from Behringer Development unless a majority of our directors, including a majority of our independent directors, not otherwise interested in the transaction determine that the transaction is fair and reasonable to us and at a price no greater than the cost of the property to Behringer Development or, if the price is in excess of such cost, that there is substantial justification for the excess cost and that the excess cost is reasonable.

Our contract with Behringer Development will require it to deliver to us at closing title to the property, as well as an assignment of leases. Behringer Development will hold the title to the property on a temporary basis only for the purpose of facilitating the acquisition and development of the property prior to its resale to us and other affiliates of Behringer Advisors.

We may enter into a contract to acquire property from Behringer Development even if we have not yet raised sufficient proceeds to enable us to pay the full amount of the purchase price at closing. We may also elect to close a purchase before the development of the property has been completed, in which case we would obtain an assignment of the construction and development contracts from Behringer Development and would complete the construction either directly or through a joint venture with an affiliate. Any contract between us, directly or indirectly through a joint venture with an affiliate, and Behringer Development for the purchase of property to be developed by Behringer Development will provide that we will be obligated to purchase the property only if:

- Behringer Development completes the improvements, which generally will include the completion of the development, in accordance with the specifications of the contract;
- one or more approved tenants takes possession of the building under a lease satisfactory to our advisor; and
- we have sufficient proceeds available for investment at closing to pay the balance of the purchase price remaining after payment of the earnest money deposit.

Behringer Advisors will not cause us to enter into a contract to acquire property from Behringer Development if it does not reasonably anticipate that funds will be available to purchase the property at the time of closing. If we enter into a contract to acquire property from Behringer Development and, at the time for closing, are unable to purchase the property because we do not have sufficient proceeds available for investment, we will not be required to close the purchase of the property and will be entitled to a refund of our earnest money deposit from Behringer Development. Because Behringer Development is an entity without substantial assets or operations, Behringer Development’s obligation to refund our earnest money deposit will be guaranteed by HPT Management, our property manager, which will enter into contracts to provide property management and leasing services to various Behringer Harvard programs, including us, for substantial monthly fees. As of the time HPT Management

may be required to perform under any guaranty, we cannot assure you that HPT Management will have sufficient assets to refund all of our earnest money deposit in a lump sum payment. In such a case, we would be required to accept installment payments over time payable out of the revenues of HPT Management's operations. We cannot assure you that we would be able to collect the entire amount of our earnest money deposit under such circumstances. See "Risk Factors – General Risks Related to Investments in Real Estate."

Terms of Leases and Tenant Creditworthiness

The terms and conditions of any lease that we enter into with our tenants may vary substantially from those we describe in this prospectus. However, we expect that a majority of our leases will be office leases customarily used between landlords and tenants in the geographic area where the property is located. Such leases generally provide for terms of three to ten years and require the tenant to pay a pro rata share of building expenses. Under such typical leases, the landlord is directly responsible for all real estate taxes, sales and use taxes, special assessments, utilities, insurance and building repairs, and other building operation and management costs.

We will execute new tenant leases and tenant lease renewals, expansions and extensions with terms that are dictated by the current submarket conditions and the verifiable creditworthiness of each particular tenant. We will use a number of industry credit rating services to determine the creditworthiness of potential tenants and any personal guarantor or corporate guarantor of each potential tenant. The reports produced by these services will be compared to the relevant financial data collected from these parties before consummating a lease transaction. Relevant financial data from potential tenants and guarantors include income statements and balance sheets for the current year and for prior periods, net worth or cash flow statements of guarantors and other information we deem relevant. Our advisor will promulgate leasing guidelines for use by our property manager in evaluating prospective tenants and proposed lease terms and conditions. Our property manager will have the authority to enter into leases of our properties consistent with these guidelines.

We anticipate that tenant improvements required to be funded by us in connection with newly acquired properties will be funded from our offering proceeds. At such time as one of our tenants does not renew its lease or otherwise vacates its space in one of our buildings, it is likely that, in order to attract new tenants, we will be required to expend substantial funds for tenant improvements and tenant refurbishments to the vacated space. We will fund such tenant improvements from the working capital reserve established for the property for which such improvements are required. See "Risk Factors – General Risks Related to Investments in Real Estate."

Joint Venture Investments

We are likely to enter into joint ventures with affiliated entities for the acquisition, development or improvement of properties for the purpose of diversifying our portfolio of assets. In this connection, we will likely enter into joint ventures with Behringer Harvard Mid-Term Fund I or other Behringer Harvard programs. We may also enter into joint ventures with Behringer Harvard Short-Term Fund I, and joint ventures, partnerships, co-tenancies and other co-ownership arrangements or participations with real estate developers, owners and other affiliated third parties for the purpose of developing, owning and operating real properties. In determining whether to invest in a particular joint venture, Behringer Advisors will evaluate the real property that such joint venture owns or is being formed to own under the same criteria described elsewhere in this prospectus for our selection of real property investments. See, generally, the section of this prospectus captioned "Conflicts of Interest" and the other subsections under this section of the prospectus.

At such time during the term of this offering as Behringer Advisors believes that a reasonable probability exists that we will enter into a joint venture with another Behringer Harvard program for the acquisition or development of a specific property, this prospectus will be supplemented to disclose the terms of such proposed investment transaction. We expect that in connection with the development of a property that is currently owned by a Behringer Harvard program, this would normally occur upon the signing of a purchase agreement for the acquisition of a specific property or leases with one or more major tenants for occupancy at a particular property and the satisfaction of all major contingencies contained in such purchase agreement, but may occur before or after any such time, depending upon the particular circumstances surrounding each potential investment. You should not rely upon such initial disclosure of any proposed transaction as an assurance that we will ultimately consummate the

proposed transaction or that the information we provide in any supplement to this prospectus concerning any proposed transaction will not change after the date of the supplement.

We intend to enter into joint ventures with other Behringer Harvard programs for the acquisition of properties, but we may only do so provided that:

- a majority of our directors, including a majority of the independent directors, approve the transaction as being fair and reasonable to us and on substantially the same terms and conditions as those received by other joint venturers; and
- we will have a right of first refusal to buy if such co-venturer elects to sell its interest in the property held by the joint venture.

In the event that the co-venturer elects to sell property held in any such joint venture, however, we may not have sufficient funds to exercise our right of first refusal. In the event that any joint venture with an affiliated entity holds interests in more than one property, the interest in each such property may be specially allocated based upon the respective proportion of funds invested by each co-venturer in each such property. Entering into joint ventures with other Behringer Harvard programs will result in certain conflicts of interest. See “Risk Factors – Risks Related to Conflicts of Interest” and “Conflicts of Interest – Joint Ventures with Affiliates of Behringer Advisors.”

We expect that from time to time our advisor will be presented with an opportunity to purchase all or a portion of a mixed-use property. In such instances, it is possible that we would work in concert with other Behringer Harvard programs to apportion the assets within the property among us and the other Behringer Harvard programs in accordance with the investment objectives of the various programs. After such apportionment, the mixed-use property would be owned by two or more Behringer Harvard programs or joint ventures comprised of Behringer Harvard programs. The negotiation of how to divide the property among the various Behringer Harvard programs will not be arm’s-length and conflicts of interest will arise in the process. It is possible that in connection with the purchase of a mixed-use property or in the course of negotiations with other Behringer Harvard programs to allocate portions of such mixed-use property, we may be required to purchase a property that we would otherwise consider inappropriate for our portfolio, in order to also purchase a property that our advisor considers desirable. Although independent appraisals of the assets comprising the mixed-use property will be conducted prior to apportionment, it is possible that we could pay more for an asset in this type of transaction than we would pay in an arm’s-length transaction with an unaffiliated third party.

Making Loans and Investments in Mortgages

Our criteria for investing in mortgage loans will be substantially the same as those involved in our investment in properties. We currently do not expect to make significant investments in mortgage loans, although we are not limited as to the amount of gross offering proceeds that we may apply to our mortgage loan investments. Our management intends to limit such mortgage investments to 15.0% of our total investment portfolio unless our management determines that prevailing economic or portfolio circumstances require otherwise.

We will not make loans to other entities or other persons unless secured by mortgages. We will not make or invest in mortgage loans unless we obtain an appraisal concerning the underlying property from a certified independent appraiser except for mortgage loans insured or guaranteed by a government or government agency. We will maintain each appraisal in our records for at least five years, and will make it available during normal business hours for inspection and duplication by any stockholder at such stockholder’s expense. In addition to the appraisal, we will seek to obtain a customary lender’s title insurance policy or commitment as to the priority of the mortgage or condition of the title.

We will not make or invest in mortgage loans on any one property if the aggregate amount all mortgage loans outstanding on the property, including our borrowings, would exceed an amount equal to 85.0% of the appraised value of the property, unless we find substantial justification due to the presence of other underwriting criteria. We may find such justification in connection with the purchase of mortgage loans in cases in which we believe there is a high probability of our foreclosure upon the property in order to acquire the underlying assets and in which the cost of the mortgage loan investment does not exceed the appraised value of the underlying property.

We may find such justification in connection with the purchase of mortgage loans that are in default where we intend to foreclose upon the property in order to acquire the underlying assets and where the cost of the mortgage loan investment does not exceed the appraised value of the underlying property.

We may invest in first, second and third mortgage loans, wraparound mortgage loans, construction mortgage loans on real property, and loans on leasehold interest mortgages. We also may invest in participations in mortgage loans. Second and wraparound mortgage loans are secured by second or wraparound deeds of trust on real property which is already subject to prior mortgage indebtedness, in an amount which, when added to the existing indebtedness, does not generally exceed 75.0% of the appraised value of the mortgage property. A wraparound loan is one or more junior mortgage loans having a principal amount equal to the outstanding balance under the existing mortgage loan, plus the amount actually to be advanced under the wraparound mortgage loan. Under a wraparound loan, we would generally make principal and interest payments on behalf of the borrower to the holders of the prior mortgage loans. Third mortgage loans are secured by third deeds of trust on real property which is already subject to prior first and second mortgage indebtedness, in an amount which, when added to the existing indebtedness, does not generally exceed 75.0% of the appraised value of the mortgage property. Construction loans are loans made for either original development or renovation of property. Construction loans in which we would generally consider an investment would be secured by first deeds of trust on real property for terms of six months to two years. In addition, if the mortgage property is being developed, the amount of such loans generally will not exceed 75.0% of the post-development appraised value. Loans on leasehold interests are secured by an assignment of the borrower's leasehold interest in the particular real property. These loans are generally for terms of from six months to 15 years. Leasehold interest loans generally do not exceed 75.0% of the value of the leasehold interest and require personal guaranties of the borrowers. The leasehold interest loans are either amortized over a period that is shorter than the lease term or have a maturity date prior to the date the lease terminates. These loans would generally permit us to cure any default under the lease. Mortgage participation investments are investments in partial interests of mortgages of the type described above that are made and administered by third-party mortgage lenders.

In evaluating prospective mortgage loan investments, our advisor will consider factors such as the following:

- the ratio of the amount of the investment to the value of the property by which it is secured;
- the property's potential for capital appreciation;
- expected levels of rental and occupancy rates;
- current and projected cash flow of the property;
- potential for rental increases;
- the degree of liquidity of the investment;
- geographic location of the property;
- the condition and use of the property;
- the property's income-producing capacity;
- the quality, experience and creditworthiness of the borrower;
- general economic conditions in the area where the property is located; and
- any other factors that the advisor believes are relevant.

We may originate loans from mortgage brokers or personal solicitations of suitable borrowers, or may purchase existing loans that were originated by other lenders. Our advisor will evaluate all potential mortgage loan investments to determine if the security for the loan and the loan-to-value ratio meets our investment criteria and objectives. An officer, director, agent or employee of our advisor will inspect the property during the loan approval process. We do not expect to make or invest in mortgage loans with a maturity of more than ten years from the date of our investment, and anticipate that most loans will have a term of five years. Most loans which we will consider for investment would provide for monthly payments of interest and some may also provide for principal amortization, although many loans of the nature which we will consider provide for payments of interest only and a

payment of principal in full at the end of the loan term. We will not originate loans with negative amortization provisions.

We do not have any policies directing the portion of our assets that may be invested in construction loans, loans secured by leasehold interests and second, third and wraparound mortgage loans. However, we recognize that these types of loans are riskier than first deeds of trust or first priority mortgages on income-producing, fee-simple properties, and expect to seek to minimize the amount of these types of loans in our portfolio, to the extent that that we make or invest in mortgage loans. Our advisor will evaluate the fact that these types of loans are riskier in determining the rate of interest on the loans. We do not have any policy that limits the amount that we may invest in any single mortgage loan or the amount we may invest in mortgage loans to any one borrower. Pursuant to our advisory agreement, our advisor will be responsible for servicing and administering any mortgage loans in which we invest.

Our mortgage loan investments may be subject to regulation by federal, state and local authorities and subject to various laws and judicial and administrative decisions imposing various requirements and restrictions, including among other things, regulating credit granting activities, establishing maximum interest rates and finance charges, requiring disclosures to customers, governing secured transactions and setting collection, repossession and claims handling procedures and other trade practices. In addition, certain states have enacted legislation requiring the licensing of mortgage bankers or other lenders and these requirements may affect our ability to effectuate our proposed investments in mortgage loans. Commencement of operations in these or other jurisdictions may be dependent upon a finding of our financial responsibility, character and fitness. We may determine not to make mortgage loans in any jurisdiction in which the regulatory authority believes that we have not complied in all material respects with applicable requirements.

Section 1031 Exchange Transactions

Behringer Harvard Holdings or its subsidiaries may form one or more single member limited liability companies or similar entities (each of which is referred to in this prospectus as a Behringer Exchange LLC) for the purpose of facilitating the acquisition of real estate properties to be owned in co-tenancy arrangements with persons, referred to herein as 1031 Participants, who wish to invest the proceeds from a sale of real estate held for program in another real estate investment for purposes of qualifying for like-kind exchange treatment under Section 1031 of the Internal Revenue Code. Under such arrangements, Behringer Development would sponsor a series of private placement offerings of interests in limited liability companies or similar entities owning co-tenancy interests in various properties to 1031 Participants.

Properties acquired by a Behringer Exchange LLC in connection with the Section 1031 Exchange Transactions would be financed by obtaining a new first mortgage secured by the property acquired. In order to finance the remainder of the purchase price for properties to be acquired, a single member Behringer Exchange LLC would obtain a short-term loan from an institutional lender for each property. Following its acquisition of a property, the Behringer Exchange LLC would attempt to sell co-tenancy interests to 1031 Participants, the proceeds of which would be used to pay off the short-term loan. At the closing of each property to be acquired by a Behringer Exchange LLC, Behringer Harvard OP I, our operating partnership, would enter into a contractual arrangement, providing that, in the event that the Behringer Exchange LLC is unable to sell all of the co-tenancy interests in that property to 1031 Participants, Behringer Harvard OPI would purchase, at the Behringer Exchange LLC's cost, any co-tenancy interests remaining unsold. (See "Risk Factors – Risks Associated with Section 1031 Exchange Transactions.") In addition, under such transactions Behringer Harvard OPI would enter into one or more additional contractual arrangements obligating it to purchase co-tenancy interests in a particular property directly from the 1031 Participants. In consideration for such obligations, the Behringer Exchange LLC would pay Behringer Harvard OP I a fee in an amount currently anticipated to range between 1.0% and 1.5% of the amount of the short-term loan obtained by the Behringer Exchange LLC. See "Risk Factors – Federal Income Tax Risks."

Our board of directors, including a majority of our independent directors, will be required to approve each property acquired pursuant to any Section 1031 Exchange Transaction in the event that Behringer Harvard OPI has any potential obligation to acquire any interest in the property. Accordingly, the Behringer Exchange LLC would intend to purchase only real estate properties which otherwise meet our investment objectives. Under any such

program, Behringer Harvard OPI would not execute any agreement providing for the potential purchase of the unsold co-tenancy interests from a Behringer Exchange LLC or directly from the 1031 Participants until a majority of our directors, including a majority of our independent directors, not otherwise interested in the transaction approve of the transaction as being fair, competitive and commercially reasonable to Behringer Harvard OP I and at a price to Behringer Harvard OP I no greater than the cost of the co-tenancy interests to the Behringer Exchange LLC. If the price to Behringer Harvard OPI is in excess of such cost, our directors must find substantial justification for such excess and that such excess is reasonable. In addition, under any such program, a fair market value appraisal for each property must be obtained from an independent expert selected by our independent directors, and in no event would Behringer Harvard OP I purchase co-tenancy interests at a price that exceeds the current appraised value for the property interests.

All purchasers of co-tenancy interests, including Behringer Harvard OPI in the event that it is required to purchase co-tenancy interests, would be required to execute a tenants-in-common agreement with the other purchasers of co-tenancy interests in the property and a property management agreement providing for the property management and leasing of the property by HPT Management and the payment of property management fees to HPT Management equal to 4.0% of gross revenues plus leasing commissions based upon the customary leasing commission applicable to the geographic location of property. Accordingly, in the event that Behringer Harvard OP I is required to purchase co-tenancy interests pursuant to one or more of these contractual arrangements, we would be subject to various risks associated with co-tenancy arrangements which are not otherwise present in real estate investments, such as the risk that the interests of the 1031 Participants will become adverse to our interests. See “Risk Factors – Risks Associated with Section 1031 Exchange Transactions.”

Borrowing Policies

While we will strive for diversification, the number of different properties that we can acquire will be affected by the amount of funds available to us. Our ability to increase our diversification through borrowing could be adversely impacted if banks and other lending institutions reduce the amount of funds available for loans secured by real estate. When interest rates on mortgage loans are high or financing is otherwise unavailable on a timely basis, we may purchase certain properties for cash with the intention of obtaining a mortgage loan for a portion of the purchase price at a later time.

There is no limitation on the amount we may invest in any single improved property or other asset or on the amount we can borrow for the purchase of any property or other investment. Under our charter, we have a self-imposed limitation on borrowing that precludes us from borrowing in the aggregate in excess of 55.0% of the value of all of our assets as of the date of any borrowing. Our independent directors must approve, at least quarterly, any borrowing in excess of 55.0% of our aggregate asset value, and the justification for such excess borrowing must be disclosed to our stockholders in our next quarterly report.

By operating on a leveraged basis, we expect that we will have more funds available for investment in properties and other investments. This will allow us to make more investments than would otherwise be possible, resulting in a more diversified portfolio. Although we expect our liability for the repayment of indebtedness to be limited to the value of the property securing the liability and the rents or profits derived therefrom, our use of leveraging increases the risk of default on the mortgage payments and a resulting foreclosure of a particular property. See “Risk Factors – General Risks Related to Investments in Real Estate.” To the extent that we do not obtain mortgage loans on our properties, our ability to acquire additional properties will be restricted. Behringer Advisors will use its best efforts to obtain financing on the most favorable terms available to us. Lenders may have recourse to assets not securing the repayment of the indebtedness.

Behringer Advisors will refinance properties during the term of a loan only in limited circumstances, such as when a decline in interest rates makes it beneficial to prepay an existing mortgage, when an existing mortgage matures or if an attractive investment becomes available and the proceeds from the refinancing can be used to purchase such investment. The benefits of the refinancing may include an increased cash flow resulting from reduced debt service requirements, an increase in dividend distributions from proceeds of the refinancing, and an increase in property ownership if refinancing proceeds are reinvested in real estate.

We may not borrow money from any of our directors or from Behringer Advisors and its affiliates unless such loan is approved by a majority of the directors, including a majority of the independent directors, not otherwise interested in the transaction as fair, competitive and commercially reasonable and no less favorable to us than a comparable loan between unaffiliated parties.

Disposition Policies

We intend to hold each property that we acquire for an extended period. However, circumstances may arise that could require the early sale of some properties. A property may be sold before the end of the expected holding period if, in the judgment of Behringer Advisors, the value of the property might decline substantially, an opportunity has arisen to improve other properties, we can increase cash flow through the disposition of the property, or the sale of the property is in our best interests.

The determination of whether a particular property should be sold or otherwise disposed of will be made after consideration of relevant factors, including prevailing economic conditions, with a view to achieving maximum capital appreciation. We cannot assure you that this objective will be realized. The selling price of a leased property will be determined in large part by the amount of rent payable by the tenants. See “Federal Income Tax Considerations – Failure to Qualify as a REIT.” The terms of payment will be affected by custom in the area in which the property being sold is located and the then-prevailing economic conditions.

If our shares are not listed for trading on a national securities exchange or included for quotation on the Nasdaq Stock Market by the twelfth anniversary of the termination of this offering, unless such date is extended by the majority vote of both our board of directors and our independent directors, our charter requires us to begin the sale of all of our properties and distribution to our stockholders of the net sale proceeds resulting from our liquidation. If at any time after the twelfth anniversary of the termination of this offering we are not in the process of either (i) listing our shares for trading on a national securities exchange or including such shares for quotation on the Nasdaq Stock Market or (ii) liquidating our assets, investors holding a majority of our shares may vote to liquidate us in response to a formal proxy to liquidate. Depending upon then prevailing market conditions, it is our management’s intention to begin to consider the process of listing or liquidation prior to the twelfth anniversary of the termination of this offering. In making the decision to apply for listing of our shares, the directors will try to determine whether listing our shares or liquidating our assets will result in greater value for our stockholders. The circumstances, if any, under which the directors will agree to list our shares cannot be determined at this time. Even if our shares are not listed or included for quotation, we are under no obligation to actually sell our portfolio within this period since the precise timing will depend on real estate and financial markets, economic conditions of the areas in which the properties are located and federal income tax effects on stockholders that may prevail in the future. Furthermore, we cannot assure you that we will be able to liquidate our assets. We will continue in existence until all properties are sold and our other assets are liquidated.

Other Investments

We may also invest in limited partnership and other ownership interests in entities that own real property. We expect that we may make such investments when we consider it more efficient to acquire an entity owning such real property rather than to acquire the properties directly. We also may acquire less than all of the ownership interests of such entities if we determine that such interests are undervalued and that a liquidation event in respect of such interests are expected within the investment holding periods consistent with that for our direct property investments.

Investment Limitations

Our charter places numerous limitations on us with respect to the manner in which we may invest our funds. These limitations cannot be changed unless our charter is amended pursuant to the affirmative vote of the holders of a majority of our shares. Unless the charter is amended, we will not:

- invest in commodities or commodity futures contracts, except for futures contracts when used solely for the purpose of hedging in connection with our ordinary business of investing in real estate assets and mortgages;

- invest in real estate contracts of sale, otherwise known as land sale contracts, unless the contract is in recordable form and is appropriately recorded in the chain of title;
- make or invest in mortgage loans unless an appraisal is obtained concerning the underlying property, except for those mortgage loans insured or guaranteed by a government or government agency. In cases where our independent directors determine, and in all cases in which the transaction is with any of our directors or Behringer Advisors and its affiliates, such appraisal shall be obtained from an independent appraiser. We will maintain such appraisal in our records for at least five years, and it will be available for inspection and duplication by our stockholders. We will also obtain a mortgagee's or owner's title insurance policy as to the priority of the mortgage;
- make or invest in mortgage loans that are subordinate to any mortgage or equity interest of any of our directors, Behringer Advisors or its affiliates;
- make or invest in mortgage loans, including construction loans, on any one property if the aggregate amount of all mortgage loans on such property, including loans to us, would exceed an amount equal to 85.0% of the appraised value of such property as determined by appraisal unless substantial justification exists for exceeding such limit because of the presence of other underwriting criteria;
- borrow in excess of 55.0% of the aggregate value of all assets owned by us as of the date of any borrowing without approval from a majority of our independent directors;
- make investments in unimproved property or indebtedness secured by a deed of trust or mortgage loans on unimproved property in excess of 10.0% of our total assets;
- issue equity securities on a deferred payment basis or other similar arrangement;
- issue debt securities in the absence of adequate cash flow to cover debt service;
- issue securities which are redeemable solely at the option of the holder (except for shares offered by stockholders to us pursuant to our share repurchase plan);
- grant warrants or options to purchase shares to officers or affiliated directors or to Behringer Advisors or its affiliates except on the same terms as the options or warrants are sold to the general public and the amount of the options or warrants does not exceed an amount equal to 10.0% of the outstanding shares on the date of grant of the warrants and options; or
- make any investment that we believe would be inconsistent with our objectives of qualifying and remaining qualified as a REIT.

Behringer Advisors will continually review our investment activity to attempt to ensure that we do not come within the application of the Investment Company Act. Among other things, Behringer Advisors will attempt to monitor the proportion of our portfolio that is placed in various investments so that we do not come within the definition of an "investment company" under the Investment Company Act.

Change in Investment Objectives and Limitations

Our charter requires that our independent directors review our investment policies at least annually to determine that the policies we follow are in the best interest of our stockholders. Each determination and the basis therefor shall be set forth in the minutes of our board of directors. The methods of implementing our investment policies also may vary as new investment techniques are developed. The methods of implementing our investment objectives and policies, except as otherwise provided in the organizational documents, may be altered by a majority of our directors, including a majority of the independent directors, without the approval of our stockholders.

Real Property Investments

As of the date of this prospectus, we have not acquired or contracted to acquire any specific real properties or mortgage loans. Behringer Advisors, our advisor, is continually evaluating various potential property investments and engaging in discussions and negotiations with sellers, developers and potential tenants regarding the purchase and development of properties for us and other Behringer Harvard programs. At such time while this offering is

pending, if we believe that a reasonable probability exists that we will acquire a specific property, this prospectus will be supplemented to disclose the negotiations and pending acquisition of such property. We expect that this will normally occur upon the signing of a purchase agreement for the acquisition of a specific property, but may occur before or after such signing or upon the satisfaction or expiration of major contingencies in any such purchase agreement, depending on the particular circumstances surrounding each potential investment. A supplement to this prospectus will describe any improvements proposed to be constructed thereon and other information that we consider appropriate for an understanding of the transaction. Further data will be made available after any pending acquisition is consummated, also by means of a supplement to this prospectus, if appropriate. **YOU SHOULD UNDERSTAND THAT THE DISCLOSURE OF ANY PROPOSED ACQUISITION CANNOT BE RELIED UPON AS AN ASSURANCE THAT WE WILL ULTIMATELY CONSUMMATE SUCH ACQUISITION OR THAT THE INFORMATION PROVIDED CONCERNING THE PROPOSED ACQUISITION WILL NOT CHANGE BETWEEN THE DATE OF THE SUPPLEMENT AND ANY ACTUAL PURCHASE.**

We intend to obtain adequate insurance coverage for all properties in which we invest.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

As of the date of this prospectus, we had not yet commenced active operations. Once the minimum subscription is achieved, subscription proceeds will be released to us as accepted and applied to investments in properties and, to a lesser extent, mortgage loans and the payment or reimbursement of selling commissions and other organization and offering expenses. See "Estimated Use of Proceeds." We will experience a relative increase in liquidity as additional subscriptions for shares are received and a relative decrease in liquidity as net offering proceeds are expended in connection with the acquisition, development and operation of properties.

We have not entered into any arrangements to acquire any specific property or to make or invest in any specific mortgage loan. The number of properties and mortgages we may acquire will depend upon the number of shares sold and the resulting amount of the net proceeds available for investment in properties. See "Risk Factors."

We are not aware of any material trends or uncertainties, favorable or unfavorable, other than national economic conditions affecting real estate generally, that may be reasonably anticipated to have a material impact on either capital resources or the revenues or income to be derived from the acquisition and operation of real estate properties and mortgage loans, other than those referred to in this prospectus.

During the underwriting process, we intend to establish estimates for working capital needs throughout the life of each acquired asset. It is anticipated that, upon closing of each asset, an amount of initial capital equal to the amounts estimated will be placed in an interest-bearing (typically money market) account as a reserve for working capital for use during the entire life of the asset. We intend to establish an initial working capital reserve of approximately 1.0% of the contract price of the properties we acquire, which we expect will equal approximately 0.8% of the gross proceeds from this offering, assuming no debt financing. However, the actual reserve for any property could exceed this amount. Working capital reserves will be adjusted through continual reprojection and annual budgeting processes. If depleted during the course of the asset's holding period, unless otherwise budgeted, we expect the reserve requirement will be replenished from excess cash flow to provide for the financial endurance of the asset. Working capital reserves are typically utilized for non-operating expenses such as tenant improvements, leasing commissions and major capital expenditures. Alternatively, a lender may require its own formula for escrow of working capital reserves. Working capital reserves are typically utilized for non-operating expenses such as tenant improvements, leasing commissions, and major capital expenditures. Our advisor also may, but is not required to, establish reserves from gross offering proceeds, out of cash flow generated by operating properties or out of non-liquidating net sale proceeds from the sale of our properties.

The net proceeds of this offering will provide funds to enable us to purchase properties and, to a lesser extent, invest in mortgage loans. We may acquire properties free and clear of permanent mortgage indebtedness by paying the entire purchase price of each property in cash or for equity securities, or a combination thereof, and to selectively encumber all or certain properties, if favorable financing terms are available, following acquisition. The proceeds from such loans will be used to acquire additional properties and, to a lesser extent, mortgage loans, increase cash flow and provide further diversity. In addition, we intend to borrow funds to purchase properties. In the event that this offering is not fully sold, our ability to diversify our investments may be diminished.

We intend to make an election under Section 856(c) of the Internal Revenue Code to be taxed as a REIT under the Internal Revenue Code, beginning with the taxable year ended December 31, 2003. If we qualify as a REIT for federal income tax purposes, we generally will not be subject to federal income tax on income that we distribute to our stockholders. If we fail to qualify as a REIT in any taxable year, we will be subject to federal income tax on our taxable income at regular corporate rates and will not be permitted to qualify for treatment as a REIT for federal income tax purposes for four years following the year in which our qualification is denied. Such an event could materially and adversely affect our net income. However, we believe that we are organized and operate in a manner that will enable us to qualify for treatment as a REIT for federal income tax purposes during the year ended December 31, 2003, and we intend to continue to operate so as to remain qualified as a REIT for federal income tax purposes.

We will monitor the various qualification tests that we must meet to maintain our status as a REIT. Ownership of our shares will be monitored to ensure that no more than 50.0% in value of our outstanding shares is

owned, directly or indirectly, by five or fewer persons or entities at any time. We will also determine, on a quarterly basis, that the gross income, asset and distribution tests as described in the section of this prospectus entitled “Federal Income Tax Considerations – Requirements for Qualification as a REIT” are met.

Forward-Looking Statements

This section and other sections in this prospectus contain forward-looking statements, including discussion and analysis of our financial condition, anticipated capital expenditures required to complete projects, amounts of anticipated cash distributions to our stockholders in the future and other matters. These forward-looking statements are not historical facts but are the intent, belief or current expectations of our business and industry. Words such as “anticipates,” “expects,” “intends,” “plans,” “believes,” “seeks,” “estimates” and variations of these words and similar expressions are intended to identify forward-looking statements. These statements are not guarantees of future performance and are subject to risks, uncertainties and other factors, some of which are beyond our control, are difficult to predict and could cause actual results to differ materially from those expressed or forecasted in the forward-looking statements.

Forward-looking statements that were true at the time made may ultimately prove to be incorrect or false. You are cautioned to not place undue reliance on forward-looking statements, which reflect our management’s view only as of the date of this prospectus. We undertake no obligation to update or revise forward-looking statements to reflect changed assumptions, the occurrence of unanticipated events or changes to future operating results. Factors that could cause actual results to differ materially from any forward-looking statements made in this prospectus include changes in general economic conditions, changes in real estate conditions, construction costs which may exceed estimates, construction delays, increases in interest rates, lease-up risks, inability to obtain new tenants upon the expiration of existing leases, and the potential need to fund tenant improvements or other capital expenditures out of operating cash flow. The forward-looking statements should be read in light of these factors and the factors identified in the “Risk Factors” section of this prospectus.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

The amount of dividends to be distributed to our stockholders will be determined by our board of directors and are dependent on a number of factors, including funds available for payment of dividends, financial condition, capital expenditure requirements and annual distribution requirements needed to maintain our status as a REIT under the Internal Revenue Code. Operating cash flows are expected to increase as additional properties are added to our investment portfolio.

Our principal demands for funds will be for property acquisitions, either directly or through investment interests, for mortgage loan investments, for the payment of operating expenses and dividends, and for the payment of interest on our outstanding indebtedness and other investments. Generally, cash needs for items other than property acquisitions and mortgage loan investments will be met from operations and property acquisitions from funding by public offerings of our shares. However, there may be a delay between the sale of our shares and our purchase of properties and mortgage loan investments, which could result in a delay in the benefits to our stockholders, if any, of returns generated from our investment operations. Our advisor evaluates potential additional property acquisitions and mortgage loan investments and engages in negotiations with sellers and borrowers on our behalf. Investors should be aware that after a purchase contract is executed that contains specific terms, the property will not be purchased until the successful completion of due diligence, which includes review of the title insurance commitment, an appraisal and an environmental analysis. In some instances, the proposed acquisition will require the negotiation of final binding agreements, which may include financing documents. During this period, we may decide to temporarily invest any unused proceeds from the offering in certain investments that could yield lower returns than the properties. These lower returns may affect our ability to make distributions.

Potential future sources of capital include proceeds from secured or unsecured financings from banks or other lenders, proceeds from the sale of properties and undistributed funds from operations. If necessary, we may use financings or other sources of capital in the event of unforeseen significant capital expenditures.

Results of Operations

As of the initial date of this prospectus, no significant operations had commenced because we were in our development stage. No operations will commence until we have sold at least 250,000 shares of our common stock (\$2,500,000) in this offering. Our management is not aware of any material trends or uncertainties, other than national economic conditions affecting real estate generally, that may reasonably be expected to have a material impact, favorable or unfavorable, on revenues or income from the acquisition and operations of real properties and mortgage loans, other than those referred to in this prospectus.

Inflation

The real estate market has not been affected significantly by inflation in the past several years due to the relatively low inflation rate. However, we intend to include provisions in the majority of our tenant leases that would protect us from the impact of inflation. These provisions include reimbursement billings for common area maintenance charges, real estate tax and insurance reimbursements on a per square foot basis, or in some cases, annual reimbursement of operating expenses above a certain per square foot allowance.

Critical Accounting Policies

Our accounting policies have been established and conform with generally accepted accounting principles in the United States (GAAP). The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires our management to use judgment in the application of accounting policies, including making estimates and assumptions. These judgments will affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the dates of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting periods. Below is a discussion of the expected accounting policies that we consider to be critical in that they may require complex judgment in their application or require estimates about matters that are inherently uncertain.

Straight-Lined Rental Revenues

We intend to recognize rental income generated from all leases on real estate assets in which we have an ownership interest, either directly or through investments in joint ventures, on a straight-line basis over the terms of the respective leases. If a tenant were to encounter financial difficulties in future periods, the amount recorded as a receivable may not be realized.

Operating Cost Reimbursements

We will generally bill tenants for operating cost reimbursements, either directly or through investments in joint ventures, on a monthly basis at amounts estimated largely based on actual prior period activity and the respective lease terms. Such billings are generally adjusted on an annual basis to reflect reimbursements owed to the landlord based on the actual costs incurred during the period and the respective lease terms. Financial difficulties encountered by tenants may result in receivables not being realized.

Real Estate

We will continually monitor events and changes in circumstances indicating that the carrying amounts of the real estate assets in which we obtain an ownership interest, either directly or through investments in joint ventures, may not be recoverable. When such events or changes in circumstances are present, we assess the potential impairment by comparing the fair market value of the asset, estimated at an amount equal to the future undiscounted operating cash flows expected to be generated from tenants over the life of the asset and from its eventual disposition, to the carrying value of the asset. In the event that the carrying amount exceeds the estimated fair market value, we would recognize an impairment loss in the amount required to adjust the carrying amount of the asset to its estimated fair market value.

Deferred Project Costs

Our advisor expects to fund 100.0% of the acquisition and advisory fees and acquisition expenses and recognize related expenses, to the extent that such costs exceed 3.5% of the contract price of our investments (subject to certain overall limitations described in this prospectus) on our behalf. We will record acquisition and advisory fees and acquisition expenses payable to our advisor by capitalizing deferred project costs and reimbursing our advisor in an amount equal to 3.0% of the contract price of our investments. As we invest our capital proceeds, deferred project costs will be applied to real estate assets, either directly or through contributions to joint ventures, at an amount equal to 3.5% of the contract price of each investment and depreciated over the useful lives of the respective real estate assets.

Deferred Offering Costs

Our advisor expects to continue to fund on our behalf 100.0% of the organization and offering costs and recognize related expenses, to the extent that such costs exceed 2.5% of cumulative capital raised. Organization and offering costs include items such as legal and accounting fees and marketing, promotional, and printing costs, and specifically exclude sales costs and underwriting commissions. We will record offering costs by accruing deferred offering costs, with an offsetting liability due to affiliates, at an amount equal to the lesser of 2.5% of cumulative capital raised to date or actual costs incurred from third-parties less reimbursements paid to our advisor. As the actual equity is raised, we will reverse the deferred offering costs accrual and recognize a charge to stockholders' equity upon reimbursing our advisor.

Capital Resources

We expect to meet our short-term operating liquidity requirements initially through advances from our advisor or its affiliates and, after we make investments with the proceeds of this offering, through net cash provided by property operations. Operating cash flows are expected to increase as properties are added to our portfolio.

Distributions

Distributions to be made to our stockholders will be determined by our board of directors and will be dependent on a number of factors, including the amount of funds available for distribution, our financial condition, any decision by our board of directors to reinvest funds rather than to distribute the funds, our capital expenditures, the annual distribution required to maintain our REIT status under the Internal Revenue Code and other factors that our board of directors may deem relevant.

PRIOR PERFORMANCE SUMMARY

Prior Investment Programs

The information presented in this section represents the historical experience of certain real estate programs managed by our advisor and its affiliates, including certain officers and directors of our advisor. All of such prior programs raised equity through private sales of securities. Our investors should not assume that they will experience returns, if any, comparable to those experienced by investors in such prior real estate programs. Investors who purchase our shares will not thereby acquire any ownership interest in any partnerships or corporations to which the following information relates or in any other programs of our affiliates.

Our chief executive officer and founder, Robert M. Behringer, has served as general partner, chief executive officer and/or director in 29 privately offered prior programs over the last ten years, which includes 28 real estate limited partnerships and one private REIT. Based on an analysis of the operating results of the prior programs, Mr. Behringer believes that each of such programs has met or is meeting its principal investment objectives in a timely manner.

This offering and the contemporaneous offerings for Behringer Harvard Short-Term Fund I and Behringer Harvard Mid-Term Fund I are the first public offerings sponsored by our advisor and its affiliates. The registration statements relating to the Behringer Harvard Short-Term Fund I offering of up to \$110.0 million in equity interests and the Behringer Harvard Mid-Term Fund I offering of up to \$440.0 million in equity interests, respectively, were declared effective on February 19, 2003.

The information in this section and in the Prior Performance Tables included in this prospectus as Exhibit A shows relevant summary information concerning real estate programs sponsored by our affiliates. The Prior Performance Tables set forth information as of the dates indicated regarding certain of these prior programs as to (1) experience in raising and investing funds (Table I); (2) compensation to sponsor (Table II); (3) annual operating results of prior real estate programs (Table III); (4) results of completed programs (Table IV); and (5) results of sales or disposals of property (Table V). Additionally, Table VI, which is contained in Part II of the registration statement for this offering and which is not part of the prospectus, provides certain additional information relating to properties acquired by the prior real estate programs. We will furnish copies of such table to any prospective investor upon request and without charge. The purpose of this prior performance information is to enable you to evaluate accurately the experience of our advisor and its affiliates in sponsoring like programs. The following discussion is intended to summarize briefly the objectives and performance of the prior real estate programs and to disclose any material adverse business developments sustained by them.

Summary Information

The total amount of funds raised from investors in the 29 prior private offerings was approximately \$94.2 million, and the total number of investors in such programs was approximately 470. See Tables I and II of the Prior Performance Tables for more detailed information about the experience of our affiliates in raising and investing funds for offerings initiated over the last three years and compensation paid to the sponsors of these programs.

The aggregate dollar amount of the acquisition and development costs of the properties purchased by the programs previously sponsored by our affiliates, as of September 30, 2002, was \$247.3 million. Of this aggregate amount, approximately 94.3% was spent on existing or used properties, approximately 4.6% was spent on construction properties, and approximately 1.1% was spent on acquiring or developing land. Of the aggregate amount, approximately 71.8% was spent on acquiring or developing office buildings, approximately 21.0% was spent on acquiring or developing golf centers and marinas, approximately 3.5% was spent on acquiring or developing multi-tenant residential properties (apartments), approximately 2.6% was spent on acquiring or developing retail centers, and approximately 1.1% was spent on acquiring or developing storage facilities. These properties were located in Texas, Minnesota, Florida and the U.S. Virgin Islands, and the aggregate purchase price in each of these jurisdictions was \$161.3 million, \$70.0 million, \$11.4 million and \$4.8 million, respectively. The following table shows a breakdown of the aggregate amount of the acquisition and development costs of the properties purchased by the prior private real estate programs of our affiliates as of September 30, 2002:

<u>Type of Property</u>	<u>New</u>	<u>Used</u>	<u>Construction</u>
Office buildings	0.0%	95.4%	4.7%
Apartments	0.0	100.0	0.0
Retail	0.0	100.0	0.0
Marinas / golf	0.0	91.3	8.7
Land	0.0	100.0	0.0
Storage facilities	0.0	100.0	0.0

These programs have sold 35 of the total of 52 properties, or 67.3% of such properties. The original purchase price of the properties that were sold was \$176.8 million, and the aggregate sales price of such properties was \$205.6 million. See Tables III, IV and V of the Prior Performance Tables for more detailed information as to the operating results of such programs whose offerings closed in the last five years, results of such programs that have completed their operations over the last five years and the sales or other disposals of properties with investment objectives similar to ours over the last three years.

The percentage of these programs, by investment, with investment objectives similar to ours is 73.2. Over the last six years, the privately offered real estate programs of our affiliates with investment objectives similar to ours purchased a total of 29 office buildings with an aggregate purchase price of \$181.0 million, using \$115.2 million in purchase mortgage financing. These buildings were located in Texas and Minnesota and had an aggregate of 2.1 million square feet of gross leasable space. For more detailed information regarding acquisitions of properties by such programs over the last six years, see Table VI contained in Part II of the registration statement of which this prospectus is a part. We will provide a copy of Table VI to any prospective investor upon request and without charge.

The prior programs sponsored by our affiliates have occasionally been adversely affected by the cyclical nature of the real estate market. They have experienced, and can be expected in the future to experience, decreases in net income when economic conditions decline. Some of these programs have also been unable to optimize their returns to investors because of requirements to liquidate when adverse economic conditions caused real estate prices to be relatively depressed. For example, in 2000 and 2001, in markets where Harvard Property Trust, Inc. and BRP (SV), L.P., had investments, owners of commercial office space had lowered ability to claim higher rental rates from new tenant leases and sell assets at the same time new office space became available in such markets. As the real estate market turned downward during this time, Harvard Property Trust, Inc.'s ability to enhance revenue was adversely impacted and, as a result, cash flow for dividends was negatively affected. Also, its asset sale prices for transactions in 2000 and 2001 were substantially lower than projections, impacting overall company performance negatively. In response to such downward trends, Harvard Property Trust, Inc.'s management liquidated portfolio properties in an effort to limit the negative economic effects. As a result, that program ultimately realized an 11.4% annualized weighted average return. See Table I in the Prior Performance tables beginning on page A-2. The same real estate cycle downturn impacted BRP (SV), L.P., by slowing the pace of leasing vacant space, limiting the ability to pay dividends, and delaying refinancing of the existing mortgage. Our business will be affected by similar conditions.

Neither our advisor nor any of our affiliates, including Mr. Behringer, has any substantial experience with investing in mortgage loans. Our management intends to limit such mortgage investments to 15% of our total investment portfolio unless our management determines that prevailing economic or portfolio circumstances require otherwise. Although we currently do not expect to make significant investments in mortgage loans, we may make such investments to the extent our advisor determines that it is advantageous to us, due to the state of the real estate market or in order to diversify our investment portfolio. One of our non-employee directors, Douglas L. Courtney, has over 27 years of experience in the mortgage loan industry and has been involved in financing over \$1.5 billion in commercial real estate. Our advisor will utilize Mr. Courtney's expertise in this area, as well as the general commercial real estate experience of our officers and directors, in connection with evaluating any potential mortgage loan investments. See "Management" for a description of the experience of each of our directors and executive officers.

No assurance can be made that our program or other programs sponsored by our advisor and its affiliates will ultimately be successful in meeting their investment objectives. See Table III elsewhere in this prospectus for figures that show the lower profit on sale of properties posted by Harvard Property Trust, Inc. in 2000 and 2001, and the significant difference in gross revenue posted by BRP (SV), L.P., in 2000 as compared to 2001, as a result of fluctuations in the real estate market.

FEDERAL INCOME TAX CONSIDERATIONS

General

The following is a summary of material federal income tax considerations associated with an investment in shares of our common stock. This summary does not address all possible tax considerations that may be material to an investor and does not constitute tax advice. Moreover, this summary does not deal with all tax aspects that might be relevant to you, as a prospective stockholder, in light of your personal circumstances; nor does it deal with particular types of stockholders that are subject to special treatment under the Internal Revenue Code, such as insurance companies, tax-exempt organizations or financial institutions or broker-dealers. The Internal Revenue Code provisions governing the federal income tax treatment of REITs are highly technical and complex, and this summary is qualified in its entirety by the express language of applicable Internal Revenue Code provisions, Treasury Regulations promulgated thereunder and administrative and judicial interpretations thereof.

We urge you, as a prospective investor, to consult your own tax advisor regarding the specific tax consequences to you of a purchase of shares, ownership and sale of the shares and of our election to be taxed as a REIT, including the federal, state, local, foreign and other tax consequences of such purchase, ownership, sale and election.

Opinion of Counsel

Morris, Manning & Martin, LLP has acted as our counsel, has reviewed this summary and is of the opinion that it fairly summarizes the federal income tax considerations addressed that are material to our stockholders. It is also the opinion of our counsel that we will qualify to be taxed as a REIT under the Internal Revenue Code for our taxable year ended December 31, 2003, provided that we have operated and will continue to operate in accordance with various assumptions and the factual representations we made to counsel concerning our business, properties and operations. We must emphasize that all opinions issued by Morris, Manning & Martin, LLP are based on various assumptions and are conditioned upon the assumptions and representations we made concerning our business and properties. Moreover, our qualification for taxation as a REIT depends on our ability to meet the various qualification tests imposed under the Internal Revenue Code discussed below, the results of which will not be reviewed by Morris, Manning & Martin, LLP. Accordingly, we cannot assure you that the actual results of our operations for any one taxable year will satisfy these requirements. See “Risk Factors – Federal Income Tax Risks.” The statements made in this section of the prospectus and in the opinion of Morris, Manning & Martin, LLP are based upon existing law and Treasury Regulations, as currently applicable, currently published administrative positions of the Internal Revenue Service and judicial decisions, all of which are subject to change, either prospectively or retroactively. We cannot assure you that any changes will not modify the conclusions expressed in counsel’s opinion. Moreover, an opinion of counsel is not binding on the Internal Revenue Service, and we cannot assure you that the Internal Revenue Service will not successfully challenge our status as a REIT.

Taxation of the Company

We plan to make an election to be taxed as a REIT under Sections 856 through 860 of the Internal Revenue Code, effective for our taxable year ending December 31, 2003. We believe that, commencing with such taxable year, we will be organized and will operate in such a manner as to qualify for taxation as a REIT under the Internal Revenue Code, and we intend to continue to operate in such a manner, but no assurance can be given that we will operate in a manner so as to qualify or remain qualified as a REIT. Pursuant to our charter, our board of directors has the authority to make any tax elections on our behalf that, in their sole judgment, are in our best interest. This authority includes the ability to elect to not qualify as a REIT for federal income tax purposes or, after our REIT qualification, to cause us to revoke or otherwise terminate our status as a REIT. Our board of directors has the authority under our charter to make these elections without the necessity of obtaining the approval of our stockholders. In addition, our board of directors has the authority to waive any restrictions and limitations contained in our charter that are intended to preserve our status as a REIT during any period in which our board of directors has determined not to pursue or preserve our status as a REIT. Although we currently intend to operate so as to be taxed as a REIT, President Bush has recently proposed major federal tax legislation that could affect that decision. One of the President’s proposals is that dividends paid by corporations to individuals will not be taxable to the recipient. It appears that under the President’s proposals REIT dividends would not qualify for this exclusion from

taxation. If legislation of this nature were adopted, it is possible that taxation as a REIT would no longer be an advantageous tax structure for investment in real estate, or that it could become more advantageous for a REIT to elect to be taxed as a corporation for federal income tax purposes.

If we qualify for taxation as a REIT, we generally will not be subject to federal corporate income taxes on that portion of our ordinary income or capital gain that we distribute currently to our stockholders, because the REIT provisions of the Internal Revenue Code generally allow a REIT to deduct distributions paid to its stockholders. This substantially eliminates the federal “double taxation” on earnings (taxation at both the corporate level and stockholder level) that usually results from an investment in a corporation.

Even if we qualify for taxation as a REIT, however, we will be subject to federal income taxation as follows:

- we will be taxed at regular corporate rates on our undistributed REIT taxable income, including undistributed net capital gains;
- under some circumstances, we will be subject to alternative minimum tax;
- if we have net income from the sale or other disposition of “foreclosure property” that is held primarily for sale to customers in the ordinary course of business or other non-qualifying income from foreclosure property, we will be subject to tax at the highest corporate rate on that income;
- if we have net income from prohibited transactions (which are, in general, sales or other dispositions of property other than foreclosure property held primarily for sale to customers in the ordinary course of business), our income will be subject to a 100.0% tax;
- if we fail to satisfy either of the 75.0% or 95.0% gross income tests (discussed below) but have nonetheless maintained our qualification as a REIT because applicable conditions have been met, we will be subject to a 100.0% tax on an amount equal to the greater of the amount by which we fail the 75.0% or 95.0% test multiplied by a fraction calculated to reflect our profitability;
- if we fail to distribute during each year at least the sum of (i) 85.0% of our REIT ordinary income for the year, (ii) 95.0% of our REIT capital gain net income for such year and (iii) any undistributed taxable income from prior periods, we will be subject to a 4.0% excise tax on the excess of the required distribution over the amounts actually distributed; and
- if we acquire any asset from a C corporation (*i.e.*, a corporation generally subject to corporate-level tax) in a carryover-basis transaction and we subsequently recognize gain on the disposition of the asset during the ten-year period beginning on the date on which we acquired the asset, then a portion of the gains may be subject to tax at the highest regular corporate rate, pursuant to guidelines issued by the Internal Revenue Service.

Requirements for Qualification as a REIT

In order for us to qualify, and continue to qualify, as a REIT, we must meet, and we must continue to meet, the requirements discussed below relating to our organization, sources of income, nature of assets, distributions of income to our stockholders and recordkeeping.

Organizational Requirements

In order to qualify for taxation as a REIT under the Internal Revenue Code, we must:

- be a domestic corporation;
- elect to be taxed as a REIT and satisfy relevant filing and other administrative requirements;
- be managed by one or more trustees or directors;
- have transferable shares;
- not be a financial institution or an insurance company;

- use a calendar year for federal income tax purposes;
- have at least 100 stockholders for at least 335 days of each taxable year of twelve months; and
- not be closely held.

As a Maryland corporation, we satisfy the first requirement, and we intend to file an election to be taxed as a REIT with the Internal Revenue Service. In addition, we are managed by a board of directors, we have transferable shares and we do not intend to operate as a financial institution or insurance company. We utilize the calendar year for federal income tax purposes. We would be treated as closely held only if five or fewer individuals or certain tax-exempt entities own, directly or indirectly, more than 50.0% (by value) of our shares at any time during the last half of our taxable year. For purposes of the closely held test, the Internal Revenue Code generally permits a look-through for pension funds and certain other tax-exempt entities to the beneficiaries of the entity to determine if the REIT is closely held. We do not currently meet the requirement of having more than 100 stockholders, and we are closely held. However, these requirements do not apply until after the first taxable year for which an election is made to be taxed as a REIT. We anticipate issuing sufficient shares with sufficient diversity of ownership pursuant to this offering to allow us to satisfy these requirements after our 2003 taxable year. In addition, our charter provides for restrictions regarding transfer of shares that are intended to assist us in continuing to satisfy these share ownership requirements. Such transfer restrictions are described in “Description of Shares – Restrictions on Ownership of Shares.” These provisions permit us to refuse to recognize certain transfers of shares that would tend to violate these REIT provisions. We can offer no assurance that our refusal to recognize a transfer will be effective. However, based on the foregoing, we should currently satisfy the organizational requirements, including the share ownership requirements, required for qualifying as a REIT under the Internal Revenue Code. Notwithstanding compliance with the share ownership requirements outlined above, tax-exempt stockholders may be required to treat all or a portion of their distributions from us as UBTI if tax-exempt stockholders, in the aggregate, exceed certain ownership thresholds set forth in the Internal Revenue Code. See “– Treatment of Tax-Exempt Stockholders” below.

Ownership of Interests in Partnerships and Qualified REIT Subsidiaries

In the case of a REIT that is a partner in a partnership, Treasury Regulations provide that the REIT is deemed to own its proportionate share, based on its interest in partnership capital, of the assets of the partnership and is deemed to have earned its allocable share of partnership income. Also, if a REIT owns a qualified REIT subsidiary, which is defined as a corporation wholly owned by a REIT, the REIT will be deemed to own all of the subsidiary’s assets and liabilities and it will be deemed to be entitled to treat the income of that subsidiary as its own. In addition, the character of the assets and gross income of the partnership or qualified REIT subsidiary shall retain the same character in the hands of the REIT for purposes of satisfying the gross income tests and asset tests set forth in the Internal Revenue Code.

Operational Requirements - Gross Income Tests

To maintain our qualification as a REIT, we must, on an annual basis, satisfy the following gross income requirements:

- At least 75.0% of our gross income, excluding gross income from prohibited transactions, for each taxable year must be derived directly or indirectly from investments relating to real property or mortgages on real property. Gross income includes “rents from real property” and, in some circumstances, interest, but excludes gross income from dispositions of property held primarily for sale to customers in the ordinary course of a trade or business. Such dispositions are referred to as “prohibited transactions.” This is known as the 75.0% Income Test.
- At least 95.0% of our gross income, excluding gross income from prohibited transactions, for each taxable year must be derived from the real property investments described above and from distributions, interest and gains from the sale or disposition of stock or securities or from any combination of the foregoing. This is known as the 95.0% Income Test.

The rents we receive, or that we are deemed to receive, qualify as “rents from real property” for purposes of satisfying the gross income requirements for a REIT only if the following conditions are met:

- the amount of rent received from a tenant generally must not be based in whole or in part on the income or profits of any person; however, an amount received or accrued generally will not be excluded from the term “rents from real property” solely by reason of being based on a fixed percentage or percentages of gross receipts or sales;
- rents received from a tenant will not qualify as “rents from real property” if an owner of 10.0% or more of the REIT directly or constructively owns 10.0% or more of the tenant or a subtenant of the tenant (in which case only rent attributable to the subtenant is disqualified);
- if rent attributable to personal property leased in connection with a lease of real property is greater than 15.0% of the total rent received under the lease, then the portion of rent attributable to the personal property will not qualify as “rents from real property”; and
- the REIT must not operate or manage the property or furnish or render services to tenants, other than through an “independent contractor” who is adequately compensated and from whom the REIT does not derive any income. However, a REIT may provide services with respect to its properties, and the income derived therefrom will qualify as “rents from real property,” if the services are “usually or customarily rendered” in connection with the rental of space only and are not otherwise considered “rendered to the occupant.” Even if the services with respect to a property are impermissible tenant services, the income derived therefrom will qualify as “rents from real property” if such income does not exceed 1.0% of all amounts received or accrued with respect to that property.

We will be paid interest on the mortgage loans that we make or acquire. All interest qualifies under the 95.0% gross income test. If a mortgage loan is secured exclusively by real property, all of such interest will also qualify for the 75.0% income test. If both real property and other property secure the mortgage loan, all of the interest on such mortgage loan will also qualify for the 75.0% gross income test if the amount of the loan did not exceed the fair market value of the real property at the time of the loan commitment.

If we acquire ownership of property by reason of the default of a borrower on a loan or possession of property by reason of a tenant default, if the property qualifies and we elect to treat it as foreclosure property, the income from the property will qualify under the 75.0% Income Test and the 95.0% Income Test notwithstanding its failure to satisfy these requirements for three years, or if extended for good cause, up to a total of six years. In that event, we must satisfy a number of complex rules, one of which is a requirement that we operate the property through an independent contractor. We will be subject to tax on that portion of our net income from foreclosure property that does not otherwise qualify under the 75.0% Income Test.

Prior to the making of investments in properties, we may satisfy the 75.0% Income Test and the 95.0% Income Test by investing in liquid assets such as government securities or certificates of deposit, but earnings from those types of assets are qualifying income under the 75.0% Income Test only for one year from the receipt of proceeds. Accordingly, to the extent that offering proceeds have not been invested in properties prior to the expiration of this one-year period, in order to satisfy the 75.0% Income Test, we may invest the offering proceeds in less liquid investments such as mortgage-backed securities, maturing mortgage loans purchased from mortgage lenders or shares in other REITs. We expect to receive proceeds from the offering in a series of closings and to trace those proceeds for purposes of determining the one-year period for “new capital investments.” No rulings or regulations have been issued under the provisions of the Internal Revenue Code governing “new capital investments,” however, so there can be no assurance that the Internal Revenue Service will agree with this method of calculation.

Except for amounts received with respect to certain investments of cash reserves, we anticipate that substantially all of our gross income will be derived from sources that will allow us to satisfy the income tests described above; however, there can be no assurance given in this regard. Notwithstanding our failure to satisfy one or both of the 75.0% Income and the 95.0% Income Tests for any taxable year, we may still qualify as a REIT for that year if we are eligible for relief under specific provisions of the Internal Revenue Code. These relief provisions generally will be available if:

- our failure to meet these tests was due to reasonable cause and not due to willful neglect;
- we attach a schedule of our income sources to our federal income tax return; and
- any incorrect information on the schedule is not due to fraud with intent to evade tax.

It is not possible, however, to state whether, in all circumstances, we would be entitled to the benefit of these relief provisions. For example, if we fail to satisfy the gross income tests because nonqualifying income that we intentionally earn exceeds the limits on this income, the Internal Revenue Service could conclude that our failure to satisfy the tests was not due to reasonable cause. As discussed above in “– Taxation of the Company,” even if these relief provisions apply, a tax would be imposed with respect to the excess net income.

Operational Requirements - Asset Tests

At the close of each quarter of our taxable year, we also must satisfy the following three tests relating to the nature and diversification of our assets:

- First, at least 75.0% of the value of our total assets must be represented by real estate assets, cash, cash items and government securities. The term “real estate assets” includes real property, mortgages on real property, shares in other qualified REITs and a proportionate share of any real estate assets owned by a partnership in which we are a partner or of any qualified REIT subsidiary of ours.
- Second, no more than 25.0% of our total assets may be represented by securities other than those in the 75.0% asset class.
- Third, of the investments included in the 25.0% asset class, the value of any one issuer’s securities that we own may not exceed 5.0% of the value of our total assets. Additionally, we may not own more than 10.0% of any one issuer’s outstanding voting securities.

The 5.0% test must generally be met for any quarter in which we acquire securities. Further, if we meet the asset tests at the close of any quarter, we will not lose our REIT status for a failure to satisfy the asset tests at the end of a later quarter if such failure occurs solely because of changes in asset values. If our failure to satisfy the asset tests results from an acquisition of securities or other property during a quarter, we can cure the failure by disposing of a sufficient amount of nonqualifying assets within 30 days after the close of that quarter. We maintain, and will continue to maintain, adequate records of the value of our assets to ensure compliance with the asset tests and will take other action within 30 days after the close of any quarter as may be required to cure any noncompliance.

Operational Requirements - Annual Distribution Requirement

In order to be taxed as a REIT, we are required to make dividend distributions, other than capital gain distributions, to our stockholders each year in the amount of at least 90.0% of our REIT taxable income, which is computed without regard to the dividends paid deduction and our capital gain and subject to certain other potential adjustments.

While we must generally pay dividends in the taxable year to which they relate, we may also pay dividends in the following taxable year if (1) they are declared before we timely file our federal income tax return for the taxable year in question, and if (2) they are paid on or before the first regular dividend payment date after the declaration.

Even if we satisfy the foregoing dividend distribution requirement and, accordingly, continue to qualify as a REIT for tax purposes, we will still be subject to tax on the excess of our net capital gain and our REIT taxable income, as adjusted, over the amount of dividends distributed to stockholders.

In addition, if we fail to distribute during each calendar year at least the sum of:

- 85.0% of our ordinary income for that year;

- 95.0% of our capital gain net income other than the capital gain net income that we elect to retain and pay tax on for that year; and
- any undistributed taxable income from prior periods,

we will be subject to a 4.0% excise tax on the excess of the amount of such required distributions over amounts actually distributed during such year.

We intend to make timely distributions sufficient to satisfy this requirement; however, it is possible that we may experience timing differences between (1) the actual receipt of income and payment of deductible expenses, and (2) the inclusion of that income. It is also possible that we may be allocated a share of net capital gain attributable to the sale of depreciated property that exceeds our allocable share of cash attributable to that sale.

In such circumstances, we may have less cash than is necessary to meet our annual distribution requirement or to avoid income or excise taxation on certain undistributed income. We may find it necessary in such circumstances to arrange for financing or raise funds through the issuance of additional shares in order to meet our distribution requirements, or we may pay taxable stock distributions to meet the distribution requirement.

If we fail to satisfy the distribution requirement for any taxable year by reason of a later adjustment to our taxable income made by the Internal Revenue Service, we may be able to pay “deficiency dividends” in a later year and include such distributions in our deductions for dividends paid for the earlier year. In such event, we may be able to avoid being taxed on amounts distributed as deficiency dividends, but we would be required in such circumstances to pay interest to the Internal Revenue Service based upon the amount of any deduction taken for deficiency dividends for the earlier year.

As noted above, we may also elect to retain, rather than distribute, our net long-term capital gains. The effect of such an election would be as follows:

- we would be required to pay the tax on these gains;
- our stockholders, while required to include their proportionate share of the undistributed long-term capital gains in income, would receive a credit or refund for their share of the tax paid by us; and
- the basis of a stockholder’s shares would be increased by the amount of our undistributed long-term capital gains, minus the amount of capital gains tax we pay, included in the stockholder’s long-term capital gains.

In computing our REIT taxable income, we will use the accrual method of accounting and depreciate depreciable property under the alternative depreciation system. We are required to file an annual federal income tax return, which, like other corporate returns, is subject to examination by the Internal Revenue Service. Because the tax law requires us to make many judgments regarding the proper treatment of a transaction or an item of income or deduction, it is possible that the Internal Revenue Service will challenge positions we take in computing our REIT taxable income and our distributions. Issues could arise, for example, with respect to the allocation of the purchase price of properties between depreciable or amortizable assets and nondepreciable or non-amortizable assets such as land and the current deductibility of fees paid to Behringer Advisors or its affiliates. Were the Internal Revenue Service successfully to challenge our characterization of a transaction or determination of our REIT taxable income, we could be found to have failed to satisfy a requirement for qualification as a REIT. If, as a result of a challenge, we are determined to have failed to satisfy the distribution requirements for a taxable year, we would be disqualified as a REIT unless we were permitted to pay a deficiency distribution to our stockholders and pay interest thereon to the Internal Revenue Service, as provided by the Internal Revenue Code. A deficiency distribution cannot be used to satisfy the distribution requirement, however, if the failure to meet the requirement is not due to a later adjustment to our income by the Internal Revenue Service.

Operational Requirements - Recordkeeping

In order to continue to qualify as a REIT, we must maintain records as set forth in applicable Treasury Regulations. Further, we must request, on an annual basis, information designed to disclose the ownership of our outstanding shares. We intend to comply with such requirements.

Failure to Qualify as a REIT

If we fail to qualify as a REIT for any reason in a taxable year and applicable relief provisions do not apply, we will be subject to tax, including any applicable alternative minimum tax, on our taxable income at regular corporate rates. We will not be able to deduct dividends paid to our stockholders in any year in which we fail to qualify as a REIT. We also will be disqualified for the four taxable years following the year during which qualification was lost unless we are entitled to relief under specific statutory provisions. See “Risk Factors – Federal Income Tax Risks.”

Sale-Leaseback Transactions

Some of our investments may be in the form of sale-leaseback transactions. In most instances, depending on the economic terms of the transaction, we will be treated for federal income tax purposes as either the owner of the property or the holder of a debt secured by the property. We do not expect to request an opinion of counsel concerning the status of any leases of properties as true leases for federal income tax purposes.

The Internal Revenue Service may take the position that a specific sale-leaseback transaction that we treat as a true lease is not a true lease for federal income tax purposes but is, instead, a financing arrangement or loan. We may also structure some sale-leaseback transactions as loans. In this event, for purposes of the asset tests and the 75.0% Income Test, each such loan likely would be viewed as secured by real property to the extent of the fair market value of the underlying property. We expect that, for this purpose, the fair market value of the underlying property would be determined without taking into account our lease. If a sale-leaseback transaction were so recharacterized, we might fail to satisfy the asset tests or the income tests and, consequently, lose our REIT status effective with the year of recharacterization. Alternatively, the amount of our REIT taxable income could be recalculated, which might also cause us to fail to meet the distribution requirement for a taxable year.

Taxation of U.S. Stockholders

Definition

In this section, the phrase “U.S. stockholder” means a holder of shares that for federal income tax purposes:

- is a citizen or resident of the United States;
- is a corporation, partnership or other entity created or organized in or under the laws of the United States or of any political subdivision thereof;
- is an estate or trust, the income of which is subject to U.S. federal income taxation regardless of its source; or
- a trust, if a U.S. court is able to exercise primary supervision over the administration of the trust and one or more U.S. persons have the authority to control all substantial decisions of the trust.

For any taxable year for which we qualify for taxation as a REIT, amounts distributed to taxable U.S. stockholders will be taxed as described below.

Distributions Generally

Distributions to U.S. stockholders, other than capital gain distributions discussed below, will constitute dividends up to the amount of our current or accumulated earnings and profits and will be taxable to the stockholders as ordinary income. These distributions are not eligible for the dividends received deduction generally

available to corporations. To the extent that we make a distribution in excess of our current or accumulated earnings and profits, the distribution will be treated first as a tax-free return of capital, reducing the tax basis in each U.S. stockholder's shares, and the amount of each distribution in excess of a U.S. stockholder's tax basis in its shares will be taxable as gain realized from the sale of its shares. Distributions that we declare in October, November or December of any year payable to a stockholder of record on a specified date in any of these months will be treated as both paid by us and received by the stockholder on December 31 of the year, provided that we actually pay the distribution during January of the following calendar year. U.S. stockholders may not include any of our losses on their own federal income tax returns.

We will be treated as having sufficient earnings and profits to treat as a dividend any distribution by us up to the amount required to be distributed in order to avoid imposition of the 4.0% excise tax discussed above. Moreover, any "deficiency distribution" will be treated as an ordinary or capital gain distribution, as the case may be, regardless of our earnings and profits. As a result, stockholders may be required to treat as taxable some distributions that would otherwise result in a tax-free return of capital.

Capital Gain Distributions

Distributions to U.S. stockholders that we properly designate as capital gain distributions will be treated as long-term capital gains, to the extent they do not exceed our actual net capital gain, for the taxable year without regard to the period for which the U.S. stockholder has held his or her shares.

Passive Activity Loss and Investment Interest Limitations

Our distributions and any gain you realize from a disposition of shares will not be treated as passive activity income, and stockholders may not be able to utilize any of their "passive losses" to offset this income on their personal tax returns. Our distributions (to the extent they do not constitute a return of capital) will generally be treated as investment income for purposes of the limitations on the deduction of investment interest. Net capital gain from a disposition of shares and capital gain distributions generally will be included in investment income for purposes of the investment interest deduction limitations only if, and to the extent, you so elect, in which case any such capital gains will be taxed as ordinary income.

Certain Dispositions of the Shares

In general, any gain or loss realized upon a taxable disposition of shares by a U.S. stockholder who is not a dealer in securities, including any disposition pursuant to our share redemption program, will be treated as long-term capital gain or loss if the shares have been held for more than twelve months and as short-term capital gain or loss if the shares have been held for twelve months or less. If, however, a U.S. stockholder has received any capital gains distributions with respect to his shares, any loss realized upon a taxable disposition of shares held for six months or less, to the extent of the capital gains distributions received with respect to his shares, will be treated as long-term capital loss. Also, the Internal Revenue Service is authorized to issue Treasury Regulations that would subject a portion of the capital gain a U.S. stockholder recognizes from selling his shares or from a capital gain distribution to a tax at a 25.0% rate, to the extent the capital gain is attributable to depreciation previously deducted.

Information Reporting Requirements and Backup Withholding for U.S. Stockholders

Under some circumstances, U.S. stockholders may be subject to backup withholding at a rate of 30.0% on payments made with respect to, or cash proceeds of a sale or exchange of, our shares. Backup withholding will apply only if the stockholder:

- fails to furnish his or her taxpayer identification number, which, for an individual, would be his or her Social Security Number;
- furnishes an incorrect tax identification number;
- is notified by the Internal Revenue Service that he or she has failed properly to report payments of interest and distributions or is otherwise subject to backup withholding; or

- under some circumstances, fails to certify, under penalties of perjury, that he or she has furnished a correct tax identification number and that (a) he or she has not been notified by the Internal Revenue Service that he or she is subject to backup withholding for failure to report interest and distribution payments or (b) he or she has been notified by the Internal Revenue Service that he or she is no longer subject to backup withholding.

Backup withholding will not apply with respect to payments made to some stockholders, such as corporations and tax-exempt organizations. Backup withholding is not an additional tax. Rather, the amount of any backup withholding with respect to a payment to a U.S. stockholder will be allowed as a credit against the U.S. stockholder's U.S. federal income tax liability and may entitle the U.S. stockholder to a refund, provided that the required information is furnished to the Internal Revenue Service. U.S. stockholders should consult their own tax advisors regarding their qualifications for exemption from backup withholding and the procedure for obtaining an exemption.

Treatment of Tax-Exempt Stockholders

Tax-exempt entities such as employee pension benefit trusts, individual retirement accounts and charitable remainder trusts generally are exempt from federal income taxation. Such entities are subject to taxation, however, on any UBTI, as defined in the Internal Revenue Code. Our payment of dividends to a tax-exempt employee pension benefit trust or other domestic tax-exempt stockholder generally will not constitute UBTI to such stockholder unless such stockholder has borrowed to acquire or carry its shares.

In the event that we were deemed to be "predominately held" by qualified employee pension benefit trusts that each hold more than 10.0% (in value) of our shares, such trusts would be required to treat a certain percentage of the dividend distributions paid to them as UBTI. We would be deemed to be "predominately held" by such trusts if either (i) one employee pension benefit trust owns more than 25.0% in value of our shares, or (ii) any group of such trusts, each owning more than 10.0% in value of our shares, holds in the aggregate more than 50.0% in value of our shares. If either of these ownership thresholds were ever exceeded, any qualified employee pension benefit trust holding more than 10.0% in value of our shares would be subject to tax on that portion of our dividend distributions made to it which is equal to the percentage of our income which would be UBTI if we were a qualified trust, rather than a REIT. We will attempt to monitor the concentration of ownership of employee pension benefit trusts in our shares, and we do not expect our shares to be deemed to be "predominately held" by qualified employee pension benefit trusts, as defined in the Internal Revenue Code, to the extent required to trigger the treatment of our income as to such trusts.

For social clubs, voluntary employee benefit associations, supplemental unemployment benefit trusts and qualified group legal services plans exempt from federal income taxation under Sections 501(c)(7), (c)(9), (c)(17) and (c)(20) of the Internal Revenue Code, respectively, income from an investment in our shares will constitute UBTI unless the stockholder in question is able to deduct amounts "set aside" or placed in reserve for certain purposes so as to offset the UBTI generated. Any such organization which is a prospective stockholder should consult its own tax advisor concerning these "set aside" and reserve requirements.

Special Tax Considerations for Non-U.S. Stockholders

The rules governing U.S. income taxation of non-resident alien individuals, foreign corporations, foreign partnerships and foreign trusts and estates (non-U.S. stockholders) are complex. The following discussion is intended only as a summary of these rules. Non-U.S. stockholders should consult with their own tax advisors to determine the impact of federal, state and local income tax laws on an investment in our shares, including any reporting requirements.

Income Effectively Connected With a U.S. Trade or Business

In general, non-U.S. stockholders will be subject to regular U.S. federal income taxation with respect to their investment in our shares if the income derived therefrom is "effectively connected" with the non-U.S. stockholder's conduct of a trade or business in the United States. A corporate non-U.S. stockholder that receives

income that is (or is treated as) effectively connected with a U.S. trade or business also may be subject to a branch profits tax under Section 884 of the Internal Revenue Code, which is payable in addition to the regular U.S. federal corporate income tax.

The following discussion will apply to non-U.S. stockholders whose income derived from ownership of our shares is deemed to be not “effectively connected” with a U.S. trade or business.

Distributions Not Attributable to Gain From the Sale or Exchange of a United States Real Property Interest

A distribution to a non-U.S. stockholder that is not attributable to gain realized by us from the sale or exchange of a “United States real property interest” within the meaning of the Foreign Investment in Real Property Tax Act of 1980, as amended (FIRPTA), and that we do not designate as a capital gain distribution will be treated as an ordinary income distribution to the extent that it is made out of current or accumulated earnings and profits. Generally, any ordinary income distribution will be subject to a U.S. federal income tax equal to 30.0% of the gross amount of the distribution unless this tax is reduced by the provisions of an applicable tax treaty. Any such distribution in excess of our earnings and profits will be treated first as a return of capital that will reduce each non-U.S. stockholder’s basis in its shares (but not below zero) and then as gain from the disposition of those shares, the tax treatment of which is described under the rules discussed below with respect to dispositions of shares.

Distributions Attributable to Gain From the Sale or Exchange of a United States Real Property Interest

Distributions to a non-U.S. stockholder that are attributable to gain from the sale or exchange of a United States real property interest will be taxed to a non-U.S. stockholder under Internal Revenue Code provisions enacted by FIRPTA. Under FIRPTA, such distributions are taxed to a non-U.S. stockholder as if the distributions were gains “effectively connected” with a U.S. trade or business. Accordingly, a non-U.S. stockholder will be taxed at the normal capital gain rates applicable to a U.S. stockholder (subject to any applicable alternative minimum tax and a special alternative minimum tax in the case of non-resident alien individuals). Distributions subject to FIRPTA also may be subject to a 30.0% branch profits tax when made to a corporate non-U.S. stockholder that is not entitled to a treaty exemption.

Withholding Obligations With Respect to Distributions to Non-U.S. Stockholders

Although tax treaties may reduce our withholding obligations, based on current law, we will generally be required to withhold from distributions to non-U.S. stockholders, and remit to the Internal Revenue Service:

- 35.0% of designated capital gain distributions or, if greater, 35.0% of the amount of any distributions that could be designated as capital gain distributions; and
- 30.0% of ordinary income distributions (*i.e.*, distributions paid out of our earnings and profits).

In addition, if we designate prior distributions as capital gain distributions, subsequent distributions, up to the amount of the prior distributions, will be treated as capital gain distributions for purposes of withholding. A distribution in excess of our earnings and profits will be subject to 30.0% withholding if at the time of the distribution it cannot be determined whether the distribution will be in an amount in excess of our current or accumulated earnings and profits. If the amount of tax we withhold with respect to a distribution to a non-U.S. stockholder exceeds the stockholder’s U.S. tax liability with respect to that distribution, the non-U.S. stockholder may file a claim with the Internal Revenue Service for a refund of the excess.

Sale of Our Shares by a Non-U.S. Stockholder

A sale of our shares by a non-U.S. stockholder will generally not be subject to U.S. federal income taxation unless our shares constitute a United States real property interest. Our shares will not constitute a United States real property interest if we are a “domestically controlled REIT.” A “domestically controlled REIT” is a REIT that at all times during a specified testing period has less than 50.0% in value of its shares held directly or indirectly by non-U.S. stockholders. We currently anticipate that we will be a domestically controlled REIT. Therefore, sales of our shares should not be subject to taxation under FIRPTA. However, we do expect to sell our shares to non-U.S.

stockholders and we cannot assure you that we will continue to be a domestically controlled REIT. If we were not a domestically controlled REIT, whether a non-U.S. stockholder's sale of our shares would be subject to tax under FIRPTA as a sale of a United States real property interest would depend on whether our shares were "regularly traded" on an established securities market and on the size of the selling stockholder's interest in us. Our shares currently are not "regularly traded" on an established securities market.

If the gain on the sale of shares were subject to taxation under FIRPTA, a non-U.S. stockholder would be subject to the same treatment as a U.S. stockholder with respect to the gain, subject to any applicable alternative minimum tax and a special alternative minimum tax in the case of non-resident alien individuals. In addition, distributions that are treated as gain from the disposition of shares and are subject to tax under FIRPTA also may be subject to a 30.0% branch profits tax when made to a corporate non-U.S. stockholder that is not entitled to a treaty exemption. Under FIRPTA, the purchaser of our shares may be required to withhold 10.0% of the purchase price and remit this amount to the Internal Revenue Service.

Even if not subject to FIRPTA, capital gains will be taxable to a non-U.S. stockholder if the non-U.S. stockholder is a non-resident alien individual who is present in the United States for 183 days or more during the taxable year and some other conditions apply, in which case the non-resident alien individual will be subject to a 30.0% tax on his or her U.S. source capital gains.

Recently promulgated Treasury Regulations may alter the procedures for claiming the benefits of an income tax treaty. Our non-U.S. stockholders should consult their tax advisors concerning the effect, if any, of these Treasury Regulations on an investment in our shares.

Information Reporting Requirements and Backup Withholding for Non-U.S. Stockholders

Additional issues may arise for information reporting and backup withholding for non-U.S. stockholders. Non-U.S. stockholders should consult their tax advisors with regard to U.S. information reporting and backup withholding requirements under the Internal Revenue Code.

Statement of Stock Ownership

We are required to demand annual written statements from the record holders of designated percentages of our shares disclosing the actual owners of the shares. Any record stockholder who, upon our request, does not provide us with required information concerning actual ownership of the shares is required to include specified information relating to his or her shares in his or her federal income tax return. We also must maintain, within the Internal Revenue District in which we are required to file, our federal income tax return, permanent records showing the information we have received about the actual ownership of shares and a list of those persons failing or refusing to comply with our demand.

State and Local Taxation

We and any operating subsidiaries that we may form may be subject to state and local tax in states and localities in which we or they do business or own property. The tax treatment of Behringer Harvard REIT I, Behringer Harvard OP I, any operating subsidiaries we may form and the holders of our shares in local jurisdictions may differ from the federal income tax treatment described above.

Tax Aspects of Our Operating Partnership

The following discussion summarizes certain federal income tax considerations applicable to our investment in Behringer Harvard OP I, our operating partnership. The discussion does not cover state or local tax laws or any federal tax laws other than income tax laws.

Classification as a Partnership

We will be entitled to include in our income a distributive share of Behringer Harvard OP I's income and to deduct our distributive share of Behringer Harvard OP I's losses only if Behringer Harvard OP I is classified for federal income tax purposes as a partnership, rather than as an association taxable as a corporation. Under applicable Treasury Regulations known as Check-the-Box-Regulations, an unincorporated entity with at least two members may elect to be classified either as an association taxable as a corporation or as a partnership. If such an entity fails to make an election, it generally will be treated as a partnership for federal income tax purposes. Behringer Harvard OP I intends to be classified as a partnership for federal income tax purposes and will not elect to be treated as an association taxable as a corporation under the Check-the-Box-Regulations.

Even though Behringer Harvard OP I will elect to be treated as a partnership for federal income tax purposes, it may be taxed as a corporation if it is deemed to be a "publicly traded partnership." A publicly traded partnership is a partnership whose interests are traded on an established securities market or are readily tradable on a secondary market, or the substantial equivalent thereof. However, even if the foregoing requirements are met, a publicly traded partnership will not be treated as a corporation for federal income tax purposes if at least 90.0% of such partnership's gross income for a taxable year consists of "qualifying income" under Section 7704(d) of the Internal Revenue Code. Qualifying income generally includes any income that is qualifying income for purposes of the 95.0% Income Test applicable to REITs (90.0% Passive-Type Income Exception). See "-- Requirements for Qualification as a REIT – Operational Requirements – Gross Income Tests" above.

Under applicable Treasury Regulations known as PTP Regulations, limited safe harbors from the definition of a publicly traded partnership are provided. Pursuant to one of those safe harbors (the Private Placement Exclusion), interests in a partnership will not be treated as readily tradable on a secondary market or the substantial equivalent thereof if (i) all interests in the partnership were issued in a transaction (or transactions) that was not required to be registered under the Securities Act, and (ii) the partnership does not have more than 100 partners at any time during the partnership's taxable year. In determining the number of partners in a partnership, a person owning an interest in a flow-through entity, such as a partnership, grantor trust or S corporation, that owns an interest in the partnership is treated as a partner in such partnership only if (a) substantially all of the value of the owner's interest in the flow-through is attributable to the flow-through entity's interest, direct or indirect, in the partnership and (b) a principal purpose of the use of the flow-through entity is to permit the partnership to satisfy the 100 partner limitation. Behringer Harvard OP I qualifies for the Private Placement Exclusion. Even if Behringer Harvard OP I is considered a publicly traded partnership under the PTP Regulations because it is deemed to have more than 100 partners, we believe Behringer Harvard OPI should not be treated as a corporation because it is eligible for the 90.0% Passive-Type Income Exception described above.

We have not requested, and do not intend to request, a ruling from the Internal Revenue Service that Behringer Harvard OP I will be classified as a partnership for federal income tax purposes. Morris, Manning & Martin, LLP is of the opinion, however, that based on certain factual assumptions and representations, Behringer Harvard OP I will be treated for federal income tax purposes as a partnership and not as an association taxable as a corporation, or as a publicly traded partnership. Unlike a tax ruling, however, an opinion of counsel is not binding upon the Internal Revenue Service, and we can offer no assurance that the Internal Revenue Service will not challenge the status of Behringer Harvard OP I as a partnership for federal income tax purposes. If such challenge were sustained by a court, Behringer Harvard OP I would be treated as a corporation for federal income tax purposes, as described below. In addition, the opinion of Morris, Manning & Martin, LLP is based on existing law, which is to a great extent the result of administrative and judicial interpretation. No assurance can be given that administrative or judicial changes would not modify the conclusions expressed in the opinion.

If for any reason Behringer Harvard OPI were taxable as a corporation, rather than a partnership, for federal income tax purposes, we would not be able to qualify as a REIT. See "-- Requirements for Qualification as a REIT – Operational Requirements – Gross Income Tests" and "-- Operational Requirements – Asset Tests" above. In addition, any change in Behringer Harvard OP I's status for tax purposes might be treated as a taxable event, in which case we might incur a tax liability without any related cash distribution. Further, items of income and deduction of Behringer Harvard OP I would not pass through to its partners, and its partners would be treated as stockholders for tax purposes. Consequently, Behringer Harvard OPI would be required to pay income tax at

corporate tax rates on its net income, and distributions to its partners would constitute dividends that would not be deductible in computing Behringer Harvard OP I's taxable income.

Income Taxation of the Operating Partnership and Its Partners

Partners, Not a Partnership, Subject to Tax

A partnership is not a taxable entity for federal income tax purposes. As a partner in Behringer Harvard OP I, we will be required to take into account our allocable share of Behringer Harvard OP I's income, gains, losses, deductions and credits for any taxable year of Behringer Harvard OP I ending within or with our taxable year, without regard to whether we have received or will receive any distribution from Behringer Harvard OP I.

Partnership Allocations

Although a partnership agreement generally determines the allocation of income and losses among partners, such allocations will be disregarded for tax purposes under Section 704(b) of the Internal Revenue Code if they do not comply with the provisions of Section 704(b) of the Internal Revenue Code and the Treasury Regulations promulgated thereunder. If an allocation is not recognized for federal income tax purposes, the item subject to the allocation will be reallocated in accordance with the partner's interests in the partnership, which will be determined by taking into account all of the facts and circumstances relating to the economic arrangement of the partners with respect to such item. Behringer Harvard OP I's allocations of taxable income and loss are intended to comply with the requirements of Section 704(b) of the Internal Revenue Code and the Treasury Regulations promulgated thereunder.

Tax Allocations With Respect to Contributed Properties

Pursuant to Section 704(c) of the Internal Revenue Code, income, gain, loss and deductions attributable to appreciated or depreciated property that is contributed to a partnership in exchange for an interest in the partnership must be allocated for federal income tax purposes in a manner such that the contributor is charged with, or benefits from, the unrealized gain or unrealized loss associated with the property at the time of the contribution. The amount of such unrealized gain or unrealized loss is generally equal to the difference between the fair market value of the contributed property at the time of contribution and the adjusted tax basis of such property at the time of contribution. Under applicable Treasury Regulations, partnerships are required to use a "reasonable method" for allocating items subject to Section 704(c) of the Internal Revenue Code, and several reasonable allocation methods are described therein.

Under the partnership agreement for Behringer Harvard OP I, depreciation or amortization deductions of Behringer Harvard OP I generally will be allocated among the partners in accordance with their respective interests in Behringer Harvard OP I, except to the extent that Behringer Harvard OP I is required under Section 704(c) of the Internal Revenue Code to use a method for allocating depreciation deductions attributable to its properties that results in us receiving a disproportionately large share of such deductions. We may possibly (1) be allocated lower amounts of depreciation deductions for tax purposes with respect to contributed properties than would be allocated to us if each such property were to have a tax basis equal to its fair market value at the time of contribution, and (2) be allocated taxable gain in the event of a sale of such contributed properties in excess of the economic profit allocated to us as a result of such sale. These allocations may cause us to recognize taxable income in excess of cash proceeds received by us, which might adversely affect our ability to comply with the REIT distribution requirements, although we do not anticipate that this event will occur. The foregoing principles also will affect the calculation of our earnings and profits for purposes of determining which portion of our distributions is taxable as a dividend. The allocations described in this paragraph may result in a higher portion of our distributions being taxed as a dividend if we acquire properties in exchange for units of the Behringer Harvard OP I than would have occurred had we purchased such properties for cash.

Basis in Operating Partnership Interest

The adjusted tax basis of our partnership interest in Behringer Harvard OP I generally is equal to (1) the amount of cash and the basis of any other property contributed to Behringer Harvard OP I by us, (2) increased by (a) our allocable share of Behringer Harvard OP I's income and (b) our allocable share of indebtedness of Behringer Harvard OP I, and (3) reduced, but not below zero, by (a) our allocable share of Behringer Harvard OP I's loss and (b) the amount of cash distributed to us, including constructive cash distributions resulting from a reduction in our share of indebtedness of Behringer Harvard OP I.

If the allocation of our distributive share of Behringer Harvard OP I's loss would reduce the adjusted tax basis of our partnership interest in Behringer Harvard OP I below zero, the recognition of such loss will be deferred until such time as the recognition of such loss would not reduce our adjusted tax basis below zero. If a distribution from Behringer Harvard OP I or a reduction in our share of Behringer Harvard OP I's liabilities (which is treated as a constructive distribution for tax purposes) would reduce our adjusted tax basis below zero, any such distribution, including a constructive distribution, would constitute taxable income to us. The gain realized by us upon the receipt of any such distribution or constructive distribution would normally be characterized as capital gain, and if our partnership interest in Behringer Harvard OPI has been held for longer than the long-term capital gain holding period (currently one year), the distribution would constitute long-term capital gain.

Depreciation Deductions Available to the Operating Partnership

Behringer Harvard OP I will use a portion of contributions made by us from offering proceeds to acquire interests in properties. To the extent that Behringer Harvard OPI acquires properties for cash, Behringer Harvard OP I's initial basis in such properties for federal income tax purposes generally will be equal to the purchase price paid by Behringer Harvard OP I. Behringer Harvard OP I plans to depreciate each such depreciable property for federal income tax purposes under the alternative depreciation system of depreciation. Under this system, Behringer Harvard OP I generally will depreciate such buildings and improvements over a 40-year recovery period using a straight-line method and a mid-month convention and will depreciate furnishings and equipment over a twelve-year recovery period. To the extent that Behringer Harvard OP I acquires properties in exchange for units of Behringer Harvard OP I, Behringer Harvard OP I's initial basis in each such property for federal income tax purposes should be the same as the transferor's basis in that property on the date of acquisition by Behringer Harvard OP I. Although the law is not entirely clear, Behringer Harvard OP I generally intends to depreciate such depreciable property for federal income tax purposes over the same remaining useful lives and under the same methods used by the transferors.

Sale of the Operating Partnership's Property

Generally, any gain realized by Behringer Harvard OP I on the sale of property held for more than one year will be long-term capital gain, except for any portion of such gain that is treated as depreciation or cost recovery recapture. Any gain recognized by Behringer Harvard OPI upon the disposition of a property acquired by Behringer Harvard OP I for cash will be allocated among the partners in accordance with their respective percentage interests in Behringer Harvard OP I.

Our share of any gain realized by Behringer Harvard OP I on the sale of any property held by Behringer Harvard OP I as inventory or other property held primarily for sale to customers in the ordinary course of Behringer Harvard OP I's trade or business will be treated as income from a prohibited transaction that is subject to a 100.0% penalty tax. Such prohibited transaction income also may have an adverse effect upon our ability to satisfy the income tests for maintaining our REIT status. See "— Requirements for Qualification as a REIT — Operational Requirements — Gross Income Tests" above. We, however, do not currently intend to acquire or hold or allow Behringer Harvard OP I to acquire or hold any property that represents inventory or other property held primarily for sale to customers in the ordinary course of our or Behringer Harvard OP I's trade or business.

1031 Exchange Program

Each of the properties (Exchange Program Properties) that are the subject of the Section 1031 Exchange Transactions will initially be purchased by a single member limited liability company or similar entity, referred to in this prospectus as a Behringer Exchange LLC. Each Behringer Exchange LLC will initially be owned by Behringer Harvard Holdings. Behringer Development will then market co-tenancy interests in these properties to those persons who wish to re-invest proceeds arising from dispositions of real estate assets owned by the 1031 Participants. The 1031 Participants will be able to defer the recognition of taxable gain arising from the sale of their real estate assets by investing proceeds into the co-tenancy interests that qualify for purposes of Section 1031 of the Internal Revenue Code as replacement real estate assets.

As Behringer Development successfully markets co-tenancy interests in the properties, these will be sold to the 1031 Participants. Behringer Harvard Holdings will recognize gain or loss arising from such sales measured by the difference between the sum of its cost basis and costs of closing and the price at which it sells such interests to the 1031 Participants. Behringer Harvard Holdings will be responsible for reporting such income to the extent of any net gains and will be liable for any resulting tax. This will have no impact on our tax liability.

When Behringer Harvard OP I purchases interests in the Exchange Program Properties, the tax treatment will be the same as it would with respect to other acquisitions of real property. Behringer Harvard OP I will become the owner of an interest in real estate, it will have a basis in the real estate equal to its cost, and its holding period for such real estate will begin on the day of the acquisition. Upon subsequent sale of such interest, it will recognize gain or loss in the same fashion it would with any other real estate investments. The fees that a Behringer Exchange LLC pays to Behringer Harvard OP I for participating in an Exchange Program Property will be taxable as ordinary income to Behringer Harvard OP I.

INVESTMENT BY TAX-EXEMPT ENTITIES AND ERISA CONSIDERATIONS

General

The following is a summary of some non-tax considerations associated with an investment in our shares by tax-qualified pension, stock bonus or profit-sharing plans, employee benefit plans, annuities described in Section 403(a) or (b) of the Internal Revenue Code or an individual retirement account or annuity described in Section 408 of the Internal Revenue Code, which are referred to as Plans and IRAs, as applicable. This summary is based on provisions of ERISA and the Internal Revenue Code, including amendments thereto through the date of this prospectus, and relevant regulations and opinions issued by the Department of Labor and the Internal Revenue Service through the date of this prospectus. We cannot assure you that adverse tax decisions or legislative, regulatory or administrative changes that would significantly modify the statements expressed herein will not occur. Any such changes may or may not apply to transactions entered into prior to the date of their enactment.

Our management has attempted to structure us in such a manner that we will be an attractive investment vehicle for Plans and IRAs. However, in considering an investment in our shares, those involved with making such an investment decision should consider applicable provisions of the Internal Revenue Code and ERISA. While each of the ERISA and Internal Revenue Code issues discussed below may not apply to all Plans and IRAs, individuals involved with making investment decisions with respect to Plans and IRAs should carefully review the rules and exceptions described below, and determine their applicability to their situation.

In general, individuals making investment decisions with respect to Plans and IRAs should, at a minimum, consider:

- whether the investment is in accordance with the documents and instruments governing such Plan or IRA;
- whether the investment satisfies the prudence and diversification and other fiduciary requirements of ERISA, if applicable;
- whether the investment will result in UBTI to the Plan or IRA, see “Federal Income Tax Considerations – Treatment of Tax-Exempt Stockholders”;
- whether there is sufficient liquidity for the Plan or IRA, considering the minimum distribution requirements under the Internal Revenue Code and the liquidity needs of such Plan or IRA, after taking this investment into account;
- the need to value the assets of the Plan or IRA annually; and
- whether the investment would constitute or give rise to a prohibited transaction under ERISA or the Internal Revenue Code, if applicable.

Additionally, individuals making investment decisions with respect to Plans and IRAs must remember that ERISA requires that the assets of an employee benefit plan must generally be held in trust, and that the trustee, or a duly authorized named fiduciary or investment manager, must have authority and discretion to manage and control the assets of an employee benefit plan.

Minimum Distribution Requirements - Plan Liquidity

Potential Plan or IRA investors who intend to purchase our shares should consider the limited liquidity of an investment in our shares as it relates to the minimum distribution requirements under the Internal Revenue Code, if applicable. If the shares are held in an IRA or Plan and, before we sell our properties, mandatory distributions are required to be made to the participant or beneficiary of such IRA or Plan, pursuant to the Internal Revenue Code, then this would require that a distribution of the shares be made in kind to such participant or beneficiary, which may not be permissible under the terms and provisions of such IRA or Plan. Even if permissible, a distribution of shares in kind must be included in the taxable income of the recipient for the year in which the shares are received at the then current fair market value of the shares, even though there would be no corresponding cash distribution with which to pay the income tax liability arising because of the distribution of shares. See “Risk Factors – Federal

Income Tax Risks.” The fair market value of any such distribution-in-kind can be only an estimated value per share because no public market for our shares exists or is likely to develop. See “Annual Valuation Requirement” below. Further, there can be no assurance that such estimated value could actually be realized by a stockholder because estimates do not necessarily indicate the price at which our shares could be sold. Also, for distributions subject to mandatory income tax withholding under Section 3405 or other tax withholding provisions of the Internal Revenue Code, the trustee of a Plan may have an obligation, even in situations involving in-kind distributions of shares, to liquidate a portion of the in-kind shares distributed in order to satisfy such withholding obligations, although there might be no market for such shares. There may also be similar state and/or local tax withholding or other tax obligations that should be considered.

Annual Valuation Requirement

Fiduciaries of Plans are required to determine the fair market value of the assets of such Plans on at least an annual basis. If the fair market value of any particular asset is not readily available, the fiduciary is required to make a good faith determination of that asset’s value. Also, a trustee or custodian of an IRA must provide an IRA participant and the Internal Revenue Service with a statement of the value of the IRA each year. However, currently, neither the Internal Revenue Service nor the Department of Labor has promulgated regulations specifying how “fair market value” should be determined.

Unless and until our shares are listed on a national securities exchange or are included for quotation on the Nasdaq Stock Market, it is not expected that a public market for our shares will develop. To assist fiduciaries of Plans subject to the annual reporting requirements of ERISA and IRA trustees or custodians to prepare reports relating to an investment in our shares, we intend to provide reports of our quarterly and annual determinations of the current value of our net assets per outstanding share to those fiduciaries (including IRA trustees and custodians) who identify themselves to us and request the reports. Until two years after any subsequent offering of our shares, we intend to use the offering price of shares in our most recent offering as the per share net asset value. Beginning two years after the last offering of our shares, the value of the properties and our other assets will be based on valuations of our properties or of our enterprise as a whole as our board determines appropriate. Such valuations will be performed by persons independent of us and of Behringer Advisors.

We anticipate that we will provide annual reports of our determination of value (1) to IRA trustees and custodians not later than January 15 of each year, and (2) to other Plan fiduciaries within 75 days after the end of each calendar year. Each determination may be based upon valuation information available as of October 31 of the preceding year, updated, however, for any material changes occurring between October 31 and December 31. We also intend to make quarterly and annual valuations available to our stockholders through our web site beginning with the year 2006, or two years after the last offering of our shares.

There can be no assurance, however, with respect to any estimate of value that we prepare, that:

- the estimated value per share would actually be realized by our stockholders upon liquidation, because these estimates do not necessarily indicate the price at which properties can be sold;
- our stockholders would be able to realize estimated net asset values if they were to attempt to sell their shares, because no public market for our shares exists or is likely to develop; or
- that the value, or method used to establish value, would comply with ERISA or Internal Revenue Code requirements described above.

Fiduciary Obligations - Prohibited Transactions

Any person identified as a “fiduciary” with respect to a Plan incurs duties and obligations under ERISA as discussed herein. For purposes of ERISA, any person who exercises any authority or control with respect to the management or disposition of the assets of a Plan is considered to be a fiduciary of such Plan. Further, many transactions between Plans or IRAs and “parties-in-interest” or “disqualified persons” are prohibited by ERISA and/or the Internal Revenue Code. ERISA also requires generally that the assets of Plans be held in trust and that the trustee, or a duly authorized investment manager, have exclusive authority and discretion to manage and control the assets of the Plan.

In the event that our properties and other assets were deemed to be assets of a Plan, referred to herein as “Plan Assets,” our directors would, and other of our employees might, be deemed fiduciaries of any Plans investing as stockholders. If this were to occur, certain contemplated transactions between us and our directors and other of our employees could be deemed to be “prohibited transactions.” Additionally, ERISA’s fiduciary standards applicable to investments by Plans would extend to our directors and possibly other employees as Plan fiduciaries with respect to investments made by us, and the requirement that Plan Assets be held in trust could be deemed to be violated.

Plan Assets - Definition

A definition of Plan Assets is not set forth in ERISA or the Internal Revenue Code; however, a Department of Labor regulation, referred to herein as the Plan Asset Regulation, provides guidelines as to whether, and under what circumstances, the underlying assets of an entity will be deemed to constitute Plan Assets. Under the Plan Asset Regulation, the assets of an entity in which a Plan makes an equity investment will generally be deemed to be assets of such Plan unless the entity satisfies one of the exceptions to this general rule. Generally, the exceptions require that the investment in the entity be one of the following:

- in securities issued by an investment company registered under the Investment Company Act;
- in “publicly offered securities,” defined generally as interests that are “freely transferable,” “widely held” and registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission;
- in which equity participation by “benefit plan investors” is not significant; or
- in an “operating company,” which includes “venture capital operating companies” and “real estate operating companies.”

The Plan Asset Regulation provides that equity participation in an entity by benefit plan investors is “significant” if at any time 25.0% or more of the value of any class of equity interest is held by benefit plan investors. The term “benefit plan investors” is broadly defined for this purpose, and we anticipate that we will not qualify for this exception since we expect to have equity participation by “benefit plan investors” in excess of 25.0%, which would be deemed to be significant, as defined above. As a result, and because we are not a registered investment company, we do not anticipate that we will qualify for the exemption for investments in which equity participation by benefit plan investors is not significant nor for the exemption for investments in securities issued by a registered investment company.

Publicly Offered Securities Exemption

As noted above, if an a Plan acquires “publicly offered securities,” the assets of the issuer of the securities will not be deemed to be Plan Assets under the Plan Asset Regulation. The definition of publicly offered securities requires that such securities be “widely held,” “freely transferable” and satisfy registration requirements under federal securities laws. Although our shares are intended to satisfy the registration requirements under this definition, the determinations of whether a security is “widely held” and “freely transferable” are inherently factual matters.

Under the Plan Asset Regulation, a class of securities will be “widely held” if it is held by 100 or more persons independent of the issuer. We anticipate that this requirement will be easily met; however, even if our shares are deemed to be widely held, the “freely transferable” requirement must also be satisfied in order for us to qualify for this exemption. The Plan Asset Regulation provides that “whether a security is ‘freely transferable’ is a factual question to be determined on the basis of all relevant facts and circumstances,” and provides several examples of restrictions on transferability that, absent unusual circumstances, will not prevent the rights of ownership in question from being considered “freely transferable” if the minimum investment is \$10,000 or less. The allowed restrictions in the examples are illustrative of restrictions commonly found in REITs that are imposed to comply with state and federal law, to assure continued eligibility for favorable tax treatment and to avoid certain practical administrative problems. We have been structured with the intent to satisfy the “freely transferable” requirement set forth in the Plan Asset Regulation with respect to our shares, although there are no assurances that such requirement is met by our shares.

Our shares are subject to certain restrictions on transferability intended to ensure that we continue to qualify for federal income tax treatment as a REIT. The Plan Asset Regulation provides, however, that where the minimum investment in a public offering of securities is \$10,000 or less, the presence of a restriction on transferability intended to prohibit transfers that would result in a termination or reclassification of the entity for state or federal tax purposes will not ordinarily affect a determination that such securities are “freely transferable.” The minimum investment in our shares is less than \$10,000; thus, the restrictions imposed in order to maintain our status as a REIT should not cause the shares to be deemed not “freely transferable.”

We have obtained an opinion from our counsel, Morris, Manning & Martin, LLP, that it is more likely than not that our shares will be deemed to constitute “publicly offered securities” and, accordingly, it is more likely than not that our underlying assets should not be considered “plan assets” under the Plan Assets Regulation, assuming the offering takes place as described in this prospectus. If our underlying assets are not deemed to be “plan assets,” the problems discussed below are not expected to arise.

Real Estate Operating Company Exemption

Even if we were deemed not to qualify for the “publicly offered securities” exemption, the Plan Asset Regulation also provides an exemption with respect to securities issued by a “real estate operating company.” We will be deemed to be a “real estate operating company” if, during the relevant valuation periods defined in the Plan Asset Regulation, at least 50.0% of our assets, other than short-term investments pending long-term commitment or distribution to investors valued at cost, are invested in real estate that is managed or developed and with respect to which we have the right to participate substantially in the management or development activities. We intend to devote more than 50.0% of our assets to the management and development of real estate.

An example in the Plan Asset Regulation indicates, however, that although some management and development activities may be performed by independent contractors, rather than by the entity itself, if over one-half of an entity’s properties are acquired subject to long-term leases under which substantially all management and maintenance activities with respect to the properties are the responsibility of the tenants, then the entity may not be eligible for the “real estate operating company” exemption. Based on this example, and due to the uncertainty of the application of the standards set forth in the Plan Asset Regulation and the lack of further guidance as to the meaning of the term “real estate operating company,” there can be no assurance as to our ability to structure our operations to qualify for the “real estate operating company” exemption.

Consequences of Holding Plan Assets

In the event that our underlying assets were treated by the Department of Labor as Plan Assets, our management would be treated as fiduciaries with respect to each Plan stockholder, and an investment in our shares might expose the fiduciaries of the Plan to co-fiduciary liability under ERISA for any breach by our management of the fiduciary duties mandated under ERISA. Further, if our assets are deemed to be Plan Assets, an investment by a Plan in our shares might be deemed to result in an impermissible commingling of Plan Assets with other property.

If our management or affiliates were treated as fiduciaries with respect to Plan stockholders, the prohibited transaction restrictions of ERISA would apply to any transaction involving our assets. These restrictions could, for example, require that we avoid transactions with entities that are affiliated with our affiliates or us or restructure our activities in order to obtain an administrative exemption from the prohibited transaction restrictions. Alternatively, we might have to provide Plan stockholders with the opportunity to sell their shares to us or we might dissolve or terminate.

Prohibited Transactions

Generally, both ERISA and the Internal Revenue Code prohibit Plans and IRAs from engaging in certain transactions involving Plan Assets with specified parties, such as sales or exchanges or leasing of property, loans or other extensions of credit, furnishing goods or services, or transfers to, or use of, Plan Assets. The specified parties are referred to as “parties-in-interest” under ERISA and as “disqualified persons” under the Internal Revenue Code. These definitions generally include both parties owning threshold percentage interests in an investment entity and

“persons providing services” to the Plan or IRA, as well as employer sponsors of the Plan or IRA, fiduciaries and other individuals or entities affiliated with the foregoing. For this purpose, a person generally is a fiduciary with respect to a Plan or IRA if, among other things, the person has discretionary authority or control with respect to Plan Assets or provides investment advice for a fee with respect to Plan Assets. Under Department of Labor regulations, a person shall be deemed to be providing investment advice if that person renders advice as to the advisability of investing in our shares, and that person regularly provides investment advice to the Plan or IRA pursuant to a mutual agreement or understanding that such advice will serve as the primary basis for investment decisions, and that the advice will be individualized for the Plan or IRA based on its particular needs. Thus, if we are deemed to hold Plan Assets, our management could be characterized as fiduciaries with respect to such assets, and each would be deemed to be a party-in-interest under ERISA and a disqualified person under the Internal Revenue Code with respect to investing Plans and IRAs. Whether or not we are deemed to hold Plan Assets, if we or our affiliates are affiliated with a Plan or IRA investor, we might be a disqualified person or party-in-interest with respect to such Plan or IRA investor, resulting in a prohibited transaction merely upon investment by such Plan or IRA in our shares.

Prohibited Transactions – Consequences

ERISA forbids Plans from engaging in prohibited transactions. Fiduciaries of a Plan which allow a prohibited transaction to occur will breach their fiduciary responsibilities under ERISA, and may be liable for any damage sustained by the Plan, as well as civil (and criminal, if the violation was willful) penalties. If it is determined by the Department of Labor or the Internal Revenue Service that a prohibited transaction has occurred, any disqualified person or party-in-interest involved with the prohibited transaction would be required to reverse or unwind the transaction and, for a Plan, compensate the Plan for any loss resulting therefrom. Additionally, the Internal Revenue Code requires that a disqualified person involved with a prohibited transaction must pay an excise tax equal to a percentage of the “amount involved” in the transaction for each year in which the transaction remains uncorrected. The percentage is generally 15.0%, but is increased to 100.0% if the prohibited transaction is not corrected promptly. For IRA’s, if an IRA engages in a prohibited transaction, the tax-exempt status of the IRA may be lost.

DESCRIPTION OF SHARES

The following description of our shares is not complete but is a summary and is qualified in its entirety by reference to the Maryland General Corporation Law, our charter and our bylaws.

Under our charter, we have authority to issue a total of 400,000,000 shares of capital stock. Of the total shares authorized, 350,000,000 shares are designated as common stock with a par value of \$0.0001 per share and 50,000,000 shares are designated as preferred stock with a par value of \$0.0001 per share. Our charter authorizes our board of directors to classify and reclassify any unissued shares of our common stock and preferred stock into other classes or series of stock without stockholder approval. Prior to issuance of shares of each class or series, the board is required by Maryland law and by our charter to set, subject to our charter restrictions on transfer of stock, the terms, preferences, conversion or other rights, voting powers, restrictions, limitations as to dividends or other distributions, qualifications, and terms or conditions of redemption for each class or series. Thus, the board could authorize the issuance of shares of common stock or preferred stock with terms and conditions that could adversely affect the voting rights of holders of our issued and outstanding stock, or delay, defer or prevent a transaction or a change in control that might involve a premium price for our common stockholders or otherwise be in their best interest. In addition, our board of directors is authorized to amend our charter, without the approval of our stockholders, to increase the number of our authorized shares of capital stock.

As of February 19, 2003, 20,000 shares of our common stock were issued and outstanding and owned by Behringer Harvard Holdings, and no shares of preferred stock were issued and outstanding.

Common Stock

The holders of our common stock are entitled to one vote per share on all matters voted on by our stockholders, including election of our directors. Our charter does not provide for cumulative voting in the election of directors. Therefore, the holders of a majority of our outstanding common shares can elect our entire board of directors. Subject to any preferential rights of any outstanding series of preferred stock that may be designated, the holders of our common stock are entitled to such dividends as may be authorized from time to time by our board of directors out of legally available funds and, upon liquidation, are entitled to receive all assets available for distribution to our stockholders. All shares of common stock issued in this offering will be fully paid and non-assessable. Holders of shares of our common stock will not have preemptive rights, which means that you will not have an automatic option to purchase any new shares that we issue.

We will issue a certificate evidencing stock ownership only to stockholders who make a written request to us. Generally, our shares will be held in “uncertificated” form, which will eliminate the physical handling and safekeeping responsibilities inherent in owning transferable stock certificates and eliminate the need to return a duly executed stock certificate to effect a transfer. Phoenix Transfer, Inc. acts as our registrar and as the transfer agent for our shares. Permitted transfers can be effected simply by mailing to our transfer agent a transfer and assignment form, which we will provide to our stockholders at no charge. Investors who wish to transfer shares of our common stock will be required to pay us a transfer fee of \$50, or such other amount as may be deemed reasonable by our board of directors, to cover costs associated with the transfer.

Preferred Stock

Our board of directors has no present plans to issue preferred stock, but may do so at any time in the future without stockholder approval. If our board of directors does determine to issue preferred stock, it will not authorize the issuance of preferred stock to our advisor or any of its affiliates except on the same terms as the preferred stock is offered to all other existing stockholders or to new stockholders. In each instance that preferred stock is to be issued, we expect that such issuances will be approved by at least a majority of our independent directors who do not have an interest in the transaction and who have access to our legal counsel, or independent legal counsel, at our expense.

Meetings and Special Voting Requirements

An annual meeting of the stockholders will be held each year, at least 30 days after delivery of our annual report to our stockholders. Special meetings of stockholders may be called only upon the request of a majority of our directors, a majority of the independent directors, the president or upon the written request of stockholders holding at least 10.0% of our outstanding shares. Upon receipt of a written request of stockholders holding at least 10.0% of our outstanding shares stating the purpose of the special meeting, the Secretary will provide all of our stockholders written notice of the meeting, and the purpose of such meeting, to be held not less than 15 nor more than 60 days after the distribution of the notice of meeting. The presence of holders of a majority of the outstanding shares, either in person or by proxy, will constitute a quorum. Generally, the affirmative vote of a majority of all votes entitled to be cast is necessary to take stockholder action, except that a majority of the votes represented in person or by proxy at a meeting at which a quorum is present is sufficient to elect a director.

Under the Maryland General Corporation Law and our charter, our stockholders are entitled to vote at a duly held meeting at which a quorum is present on:

- the election or removal of directors;
- any amendment of our charter, except that our board of directors may amend our charter without stockholder approval to increase or decrease the aggregate number of our shares, to increase or decrease the number of our shares of any class or series that we have the authority to issue, or to classify or reclassify any unissued shares by setting or changing the preferences, conversion or other rights, restrictions, limitations as to dividends, qualifications or terms and conditions of redemption of such shares, provided however, that such amendment does not adversely affect the rights, preferences and privileges of the holders of our issued and outstanding stock;
- our liquidation or dissolution;
- a reorganization as provided in our charter; and
- any merger, consolidation or sale or other disposition of substantially all of our assets.

Except as provided above, the approval of our board of directors and of holders of at least a majority of our outstanding common stock is required for any of the foregoing. Our charter provides that our stockholders are not entitled to exercise any rights of an objecting stockholder provided for under Maryland law unless the board, upon the affirmative vote of a majority of the entire board, determines that such rights will apply, with respect to all or any classes or series of stock, to a particular transaction or all transactions occurring after the date of such approval in connection with which our stockholders would otherwise be entitled to exercise such rights.

Our advisor is selected and approved annually by our directors. While our stockholders do not have the ability to vote to replace Behringer Advisors or to select a new advisor, stockholders do have the ability, by the affirmative vote of holders of a majority of the shares entitled to vote on such matter, to elect to remove a director from our board with or without cause.

Stockholders are entitled to receive a copy of our stockholder list upon request. The list provided by us will include each stockholder's name, address and telephone number, if available, and the number of shares owned by each stockholder and will be sent within ten days of the receipt by us of the request. A stockholder requesting a list will be required to pay reasonable costs of postage and duplication. Stockholders and their representatives shall also be given access to our corporate records at reasonable times. We have the right to request that a requesting stockholder represent to us that the list and records will not be used to pursue commercial interests.

In addition to the foregoing, stockholders have rights under Rule 14a-7 under the Exchange Act which provides that, upon the request of investors and the payment of the expenses of the distribution, we are required to distribute specific materials to stockholders in the context of the solicitation of proxies for voting on matters presented to stockholders or, at our option, provide requesting stockholders with a copy of the list of stockholders so that the requesting stockholders may make the distribution of proxies themselves.

Restriction on Ownership of Shares

In order for us to qualify as a REIT, not more than 50.0% of our outstanding shares may be owned by any five or fewer individuals, including some tax-exempt entities. In addition, our outstanding shares must be owned by 100 or more persons independent of us and each other during at least 335 days of a 12-month taxable year or during a proportionate part of a shorter taxable year. We may prohibit acquisitions and transfers of shares so as to ensure our continued qualification as a REIT under the Internal Revenue Code. However, we cannot assure you that this prohibition will be effective.

In order to assist us in preserving our status as a REIT, our charter contains restrictions on the number of shares of our common stock and preferred stock that a person may own. No person may acquire or hold, directly or indirectly, in excess of 9.8% (in value or in number of shares, whichever is more restrictive) of our outstanding shares of common stock or preferred stock (subject to adjustment to not more than 9.9%).

Our charter further prohibits (a) any person from owning shares of our stock that would result in our being “closely held” under Section 856(h) of the Internal Revenue Code or otherwise cause us to fail to qualify as a REIT and (b) any person from transferring shares of our stock if the transfer would result in our stock being owned by fewer than 100 persons. Any person who acquires or intends to acquire shares of our stock that may violate any of these restrictions, or who is the intended transferee of shares of our stock which are transferred to the trust, as discussed below, is required to give us immediate notice and provide us with such information as we may request in order to determine the effect of the transfer on our status as a REIT. The above restrictions will not apply if our board determines that it is no longer in our best interests to continue to qualify as a REIT.

Our board, in its sole discretion, may exempt a person from these limits. However, the board may not exempt any person whose ownership of our outstanding stock would result in our being “closely held” within the meaning of Section 856(h) of the Internal Revenue Code or otherwise would result in our failing to qualify as a REIT. In order to be considered by the board for exemption, a person also must not own, directly or indirectly, an interest in our tenant (or a tenant of any entity which we own or control) that would cause us to own, directly or indirectly, more than a 9.9% interest in the tenant. The person seeking an exemption must represent to the satisfaction of the board that it will not violate these two restrictions. The person also must agree that any violation or attempted violation of these restrictions will result in the automatic transfer of the shares of stock causing the violation to the trust, as discussed below. The board of directors may require a ruling from the Internal Revenue Service or an opinion of counsel in order to determine or ensure our status as a REIT.

Any attempted transfer of our stock which, if effective, would result in violation of the above limitations, will cause the number of shares causing the violation (rounded to the nearest whole share) to be automatically transferred to a trust for the exclusive benefit of one or more charitable beneficiaries, and the proposed transferee will not acquire any rights in the shares. The automatic transfer will be deemed to be effective as of the close of business on the business day prior to the date of the transfer. Shares of our stock held in the trust will be issued and outstanding shares. The proposed transferee will not benefit economically from ownership of any shares of stock held in the trust, will have no rights to dividends and no rights to vote or other rights attributable to the shares of stock held in the trust. The trustee of the trust will have all voting rights and rights to dividends or other distributions with respect to shares held in the trust. These rights will be exercised for the exclusive benefit of the charitable beneficiary. Any dividend or other distribution paid prior to our discovery that shares of stock have been transferred to the trust will be paid by the recipient to the trustee upon demand. Any dividend or other distribution authorized but unpaid will be paid when due to the trustee. Any dividend or distribution paid to the trustee will be held in trust for the charitable beneficiary. Subject to Maryland law, the trustee will have the authority (i) to rescind as void any vote cast by the proposed transferee prior to our discovery that the shares have been transferred to the trust and (ii) to recast the vote in accordance with the desires of the trustee acting for the benefit of the charitable beneficiary. However, if we have already taken irreversible corporate action, then the trustee will not have the authority to rescind and recast the vote.

Within 20 days of receiving notice from us that shares of our stock have been transferred to the trust, the trustee will sell the shares to a person designated by the trustee, whose ownership of the shares will not violate the above ownership limitations. Upon the sale, the interest of the charitable beneficiary in the shares sold will terminate and the trustee will distribute the net proceeds of the sale to the proposed transferee and to the charitable

beneficiary as follows. The proposed transferee will receive the lesser of (i) the price paid by the proposed transferee for the shares or, if the proposed transferee did not give value for the shares in connection with the event causing the shares to be held in the trust (e.g., a gift, devise or other similar transaction), the market price of the shares on the day of the event causing the shares to be held in the trust and (ii) the price received by the trustee from the sale or other disposition of the shares. Any net sale proceeds in excess of the amount payable to the proposed transferee will be paid immediately to the charitable beneficiary. If, prior to our discovery that shares of our stock have been transferred to the trust, the shares are sold by the proposed transferee, then (i) the shares shall be deemed to have been sold on behalf of the trust and (ii) to the extent that the proposed transferee received an amount for the shares that exceeds the amount he was entitled to receive, the excess shall be paid to the trustee upon demand. The notice given to stockholders upon issuance or transfer of shares of our stock will refer to the restrictions described above.

In addition, shares of our stock held in the trust will be deemed to have been offered for sale to us, or our designee, at a price per share equal to the lesser of (i) the price per share in the transaction that resulted in the transfer to the trust (or, in the case of a devise or gift, the market price at the time of the devise or gift) and (ii) the market price on the date we, or our designee, accept the offer. We will have the right to accept the offer until the trustee has sold the shares. Upon a sale to us, the interest of the charitable beneficiary in the shares sold will terminate and the trustee will distribute the net proceeds of the sale to the proposed transferee.

Every owner of more than 5.0% (or such lower percentage as required by the Internal Revenue Code or the regulations promulgated thereunder) of our stock, within 30 days after the end of each taxable year, is required to give us written notice, stating his name and address, the number of shares of each class and series of our stock which he beneficially owns and a description of the manner in which the shares are held. Each such owner will provide us with such additional information as we may request in order to determine the effect, if any, of his beneficial ownership on our status as a REIT and to ensure compliance with the ownership limits. In addition, each stockholder will upon demand be required to provide us with such information as we may request in good faith in order to determine our status as a REIT and to comply with the requirements of any taxing authority or governmental authority or to determine such compliance.

The foregoing ownership limits could delay, defer or prevent a transaction or a change in control that might involve a premium price for our common stock or otherwise be in the best interest of the stockholders.

Dividends

Provided we have sufficient cash flow available to pay dividends, we intend to declare and pay dividends on a monthly basis. Dividends will be paid to investors who are stockholders as of the record dates selected by the directors. We intend to coordinate our dividend declaration dates with our new investor admission dates so our investors will be entitled to be paid dividends in the next declaration of monthly dividends.

We are required to make distributions sufficient to satisfy the requirements for qualification as a REIT for tax purposes. Generally, income distributed as dividends will not be taxable to us under the Internal Revenue Code if we distribute at least 90.0% of our taxable income. See “Federal Income Tax Considerations – Requirements for Qualification as a REIT.”

Dividends will be authorized at the discretion of our board of directors, in accordance with our earnings, cash flow and general financial condition. The board’s discretion will be directed, in substantial part, by its obligation to cause us to comply with the REIT requirements. Because we may receive income from interest or rents at various times during our fiscal year, dividends may not reflect our income earned in that particular distribution period but may be made in anticipation of cash flow that we expect to receive during a later period and may be made in advance of actual receipt of funds in an attempt to make dividends relatively uniform. We may borrow money, issue new securities or sell assets in order to make dividend distributions.

Many of the factors that can affect the availability and timing of cash distributions to stockholders are beyond our control, and a change in any one factor could adversely affect our ability to pay future distributions. For instance:

- If one or more tenants defaults or terminates its lease, there could be a decrease or cessation of rental payments, which would mean less cash available for distributions.
- Any failure by a borrower under our mortgage loans to repay the loans or interest on the loans will reduce our income and distributions to stockholders.
- Cash available for distributions may be reduced if we are required to spend money to correct defects or to make improvements to properties.
- Cash available to make distributions may decrease if the assets we acquire have lower yields than expected.
- There may be a delay between the sale of the common stock and our purchase of real properties. During that time, we may invest in lower yielding short-term instruments, which could result in a lower yield on your investment.
- Federal income tax laws require REITs to distribute at least 90.0% of their taxable income to stockholders. This limits the earnings that we may retain for corporate growth, such as property acquisition, development or expansion and makes us more dependent upon additional debt or equity financing than corporations that are not REITs. If we borrow more funds in the future, more of our operating cash will be needed to make debt payments and cash available for distributions may therefore decrease.
- In connection with future property acquisitions, we may issue additional shares of common stock, operating partnership units or interests in other entities that own our properties. We cannot predict the number of shares of common stock, units or interests which we may issue, or the effect that these additional shares might have on cash available for distributions to you. If we issue additional shares, they could reduce the cash available for distributions to you.
- We make distributions to our stockholders to comply with the distribution requirements of the Internal Revenue Code and to eliminate, or at least minimize, exposure to federal income taxes and the nondeductible REIT excise tax. Differences in timing between the receipt of income and the payment of expenses, and the effect of required debt payments, could require us to borrow funds on a short-term basis to meet the distribution requirements that are necessary to achieve the tax benefits associated with qualifying as a REIT.

In addition, our board of directors, in its discretion, may retain any portion of our cash on hand for working capital. We cannot assure you that sufficient cash will be available to pay dividends to you.

We are not prohibited from distributing our own securities in lieu of making cash dividends to stockholders, provided that the securities distributed to stockholders are readily marketable. Stockholders who receive marketable securities in lieu of cash dividends may incur transaction expenses in liquidating the securities.

Share Redemption Program

Prior to the time that our shares are listed on a national securities exchange, our stockholders who have held their shares for at least one year may receive the benefit of limited interim liquidity by presenting for redemption all or a portion of their shares to us at any time in accordance with the procedures outlined herein. At that time, we may, subject to the conditions and limitations described below, redeem the shares presented for redemption for cash to the extent that we have sufficient funds available to us to fund such redemption.

Except as described below for redemptions upon the death of a stockholder, the purchase price for the redeemed shares will equal the lesser of (1) the price the stockholder actually paid for the shares or (2) either (i) prior to the time we begin having appraisals performed by an independent third party, \$8.50 per share, or (ii) after we begin obtaining such appraisals, 90.0% of the net asset value per share, as determined by the appraisals. In the event that you redeem all of your shares, any shares that you purchased pursuant to our dividend reinvestment plan may be excluded from the foregoing one-year holding period requirement, in the discretion of our board of directors. In addition, for purposes of the one-year holding period, limited partners of Behringer Harvard OP I who exchange

their limited partnership units for shares of our common stock will be deemed to have owned their shares as of the date they were issued their limited partnership units in Behringer Harvard OP I. Our board of directors reserves the right in its sole discretion at any time and from time to time to (1) waive the one-year holding period in the event of the death or bankruptcy of a stockholder or other exigent circumstances, (2) reject any request for redemption, (3) change the purchase price for redemptions, or (4) otherwise amend the terms of our share redemption program. For a description of the exchange rights of the limited partners of Behringer Harvard OP I, see the section of this prospectus captioned “The Operating Partnership Agreement – Exchange Rights.”

In addition, and subject to the conditions and limitations described below, we will redeem shares upon the death of a stockholder who is a natural person, including shares held by such stockholder through an IRA or other retirement or profit-sharing plan, after receiving written notice from the estate of the stockholder or the recipient of the shares through bequest or inheritance. We must receive the written notice within 180 days after the death of the stockholder. If spouses are joint registered holders of shares, the request to redeem the shares may be made if either of the registered holders dies. If the stockholder is not a natural person, such a trust, partnership, corporation or other similar entity, the right of redemption upon death does not apply.

The purchase price for shares redeemed upon the death of a stockholder, until we begin having appraisals performed by an independent third party, will be equal to the price the stockholder actually paid for the shares. Thereafter, the purchase price will be the fair market value of the shares, as determined by the appraisals. We will redeem shares upon the death of a stockholder only to the extent that we have sufficient funds available to us to fund such redemption.

Our share redemption program, including the redemption upon the death of a stockholder, is available only for stockholders who purchase their shares directly from us or certain transferees, and is not intended to provide liquidity to any stockholder who acquired his shares by purchase from another stockholder. In connection with a request for redemption, the stockholder or his or her estate, heir or beneficiary will be required to certify to us that the stockholder either (i) acquired the shares to be repurchased directly from us or (ii) acquired such shares from the original subscriber by way of a bona fide gift not for value to, or for the benefit of, a member of the subscriber’s immediate or extended family (including the subscriber’s spouse, parents, siblings, children or grandchildren and including relatives by marriage) or through a transfer to a custodian, trustee or other fiduciary for the account of the subscriber or members of the subscriber’s immediate or extended family in connection with an estate planning transaction, including by bequest or inheritance upon death or operation of law.

During any calendar year, we will not redeem in excess of 3.0% of the weighted average number of shares outstanding during the prior calendar year. Our board of directors will determine from time to time whether we have sufficient excess cash to repurchase shares. Generally, the cash available for redemption will be limited to 1.0% of the operating cash flow from the previous fiscal year, plus any proceeds from our dividend reinvestment plan. Our board of directors, in its sole discretion, may choose to terminate, suspend or amend our share redemption program at any time it determines that such termination, amendment or suspension is in our best interest or to reduce the number of shares purchased under the share redemption program if it determines the funds otherwise available to fund our share redemption program are needed for other purposes. These limitations apply to all redemptions, including redemptions upon the death of a stockholder. See “Risk Factors – Risks Related to Our Business in General.”

We cannot guarantee that the funds set aside for the share redemption program will be sufficient to accommodate all requests made in any year. If we do not have such funds available at the time when redemption is requested, the stockholder or his or her estate, heir or beneficiary can (1) withdraw the request for redemption, or (2) ask that we honor the request at such time, if any, when sufficient funds become available. Such pending requests will be honored on a first-come, first-served basis, with a priority given to redemptions upon the death of a stockholder. Our advisor and its affiliates will defer their redemption requests, if any, until all other requests for redemption have been met.

A stockholder or his or her estate, heir or beneficiary may present to us fewer than all of the shares then-owned for redemption, provided, however, that the minimum number of shares that must be presented for redemption shall be at least 25.0% of the holder’s shares. A stockholder who wishes to have shares redeemed must mail or deliver to us a written request on a form provided by us and executed by the stockholder, its trustee or

authorized agent. An estate, heir or beneficiary that wishes to have shares redeemed following the death of a stockholder must mail or deliver to us a written request on a form provided by us, including evidence acceptable to our board of directors of the death of the stockholder, and executed by the executor or executrix of the estate, the heir or beneficiary, or their trustee or authorized agent. If the shares are to be redeemed under the conditions outlined herein, we will forward the documents necessary to affect the redemption, including any signature guaranty we may require. The effective date of any redemption will be the last date during a quarter in which we have received the properly completed redemption documents. As a result, we anticipate that, assuming sufficient funds for redemption and the conditions are satisfied, the effective date of redemptions will be no later than 30 days after the quarterly determination of the availability of funds for redemption.

Our share redemption program is only intended to provide interim liquidity for our stockholders until a secondary market develops for the shares. No such market presently exists, and we cannot assure you that any market for your shares will ever develop. Neither our advisor, any member of our board of directors nor any of their affiliates will receive any fee on the repurchase of shares by us pursuant to the share redemption program. For a discussion of the tax treatment of redemptions, see “Federal Income Tax Considerations – Taxation of U.S. Stockholders.”

The shares we purchase under the share redemption program will be cancelled, and will have the status of authorized but unissued shares. We will not reissue such shares unless they are first registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission under the Securities Act and under appropriate state securities laws or otherwise issued in compliance with such laws.

The foregoing provisions regarding the share redemption program in no way limit our ability to repurchase shares from stockholders by any other legally available means for any reason that the advisor, in its discretion, deems to be in our best interest.

Restrictions on Roll-up Transactions

A Roll-up Transaction is a transaction involving the acquisition, merger, conversion or consolidation, directly or indirectly, of us and the issuance of securities of an entity (Roll-up Entity) that is created or would survive after the successful completion of a Roll-up Transaction. This term does not include:

- a transaction involving our securities that have been for at least 12 months listed on a national securities exchange or included for quotation on the Nasdaq Stock Market; or
- a transaction involving our conversion to trust, or association form if, as a consequence of the transaction, there will be no significant adverse change in stockholder voting rights, the term of our existence, compensation to Behringer Advisors or our investment objectives.

In connection with any Roll-up Transaction involving the issuance of securities of a Roll-up Entity, an appraisal of all of our assets shall be obtained from a competent independent appraiser. The assets shall be appraised on a consistent basis, and the appraisal will be based on the evaluation of all relevant information and will indicate the value of the assets as of a date immediately prior to the announcement of the proposed Roll-up Transaction. The appraisal shall assume an orderly liquidation of assets over a 12-month period. The terms of the engagement of the independent appraiser shall clearly state that the engagement is for the benefit of us and our stockholders. A summary of the appraisal, indicating all material assumptions underlying the appraisal, shall be included in a report to stockholders in connection with any proposed Roll-up Transaction.

In connection with a proposed Roll-up Transaction, the sponsor of the Roll-up Transaction must offer to stockholders who vote “no” on the proposal the choice of:

- (1) accepting the securities of the Roll-up Entity offered in the proposed Roll-up Transaction; or
- (2) one of the following:

- (a) remaining as holders of our common stock and preserving their interests therein on the same terms and conditions as existed previously, or
- (b) receiving cash in an amount equal to the stockholder's pro rata share of the appraised value of our net assets.

We are prohibited from participating in any Roll-up Transaction:

- that would result in the stockholders having voting rights in a Roll-up Entity that are less than those provided in our bylaws and described elsewhere in this prospectus, including rights with respect to the election and removal of directors, annual reports, annual and special meetings, amendment of our charter, and our dissolution;
- that includes provisions that would materially impede or frustrate the accumulation of shares by any purchaser of the securities of the Roll-up Entity, except to the minimum extent necessary to preserve the tax status of the Roll-up Entity, or which would limit the ability of an investor to exercise the voting rights of its securities of the Roll-up Entity on the basis of the number of shares held by that investor;
- in which our investor's rights to access of records of the Roll-up Entity will be less than those provided in the section of this prospectus entitled "– Meetings and Special Voting Requirements" above; or
- in which any of the costs of the Roll-up Transaction would be borne by us if the Roll-up Transaction is not approved by the stockholders.

Provisions of Maryland Law and of Our Charter and Bylaws

Business Combinations

Under Maryland law, "business combinations" between a Maryland corporation and an interested stockholder or an affiliate of an interested stockholder are prohibited for five years after the most recent date on which the interested stockholder becomes an interested stockholder. These business combinations include a merger, consolidation, share exchange, or, in circumstances specified in the statute, an asset transfer or issuance or reclassification of equity securities. An interested stockholder is defined as:

- any person who beneficially owns 10.0% or more of the voting power of the corporation's shares; or
- an affiliate or associate of the corporation who, at any time within the two-year period prior to the date in question, was the beneficial owner of 10.0% or more of the voting power of the then outstanding voting stock of the corporation.

A person is not an interested stockholder under the statute if the board of directors approved in advance the transaction by which the person otherwise would have become an interested stockholder. However, in approving a transaction, the board of directors may provide that its approval is subject to compliance, at or after the time of approval, with any terms and conditions determined by the board.

After the five-year prohibition, any business combination between the Maryland corporation and an interested stockholder generally must be recommended by the board of directors of the corporation and approved by the affirmative vote of at least:

- 80.0% of the votes entitled to be cast by holders of outstanding shares of voting stock of the corporation; and
- two-thirds of the votes entitled to be cast by holders of voting stock of the corporation other than shares held by the interested stockholder with whom or with whose affiliate the business combination is to be effected or held by an affiliate or associate of the interested stockholder.

These super-majority vote requirements do not apply if the corporation's common stockholders receive a minimum price, as defined under Maryland law, for their shares in the form of cash or other consideration in the same form as previously paid by the interested stockholder for his or her shares. The business combination statute may discourage others from trying to acquire control of us and increase the difficulty of consummating any offer.

Control Share Acquisitions

Maryland law provides that control shares of a Maryland corporation acquired in a control share acquisition have no voting rights except to the extent approved by a vote of two-thirds of the votes entitled to be cast on the matter. Shares owned by the acquiror, by officers or by directors who are employees of the corporation are excluded from shares entitled to vote on the matter. Control shares are voting shares of stock which, if aggregated with all other shares of stock owned by the acquiror or in respect of which the acquiror is able to exercise or direct the exercise of voting power (except solely by virtue of a revocable proxy), would entitle the acquiror to exercise voting power in electing directors within one of the following ranges of voting power:

- one-tenth or more but less than one-third,
- one-third or more but less than a majority, or
- a majority or more of all voting power.

Control shares do not include shares the acquiring person is entitled to vote as a result of having previously obtained stockholder approval. A control share acquisition means the acquisition of control shares, subject to certain exceptions.

A person who has made or proposes to make a control share acquisition may compel the board of directors of the corporation to call a special meeting of stockholders to be held within 50 days of demand to consider the voting rights of the shares. The right to compel the calling of a special meeting is subject to the satisfaction of certain conditions, including an undertaking to pay the expenses of the meeting. If no request for a meeting is made, the corporation may itself present the question at any stockholders meeting.

If voting rights are not approved at the meeting or if the acquiring person does not deliver an acquiring person statement as required by the statute, then the corporation may redeem for fair value any or all of the control shares, except those for which voting rights have previously been approved. The right of the corporation to redeem control shares is subject to certain conditions and limitations. Fair value is determined, without regard to the absence of voting rights for the control shares, as of the date of the last control share acquisition by the acquiror or of any meeting of stockholders at which the voting rights of the shares are considered and not approved. If voting rights for control shares are approved at a stockholders' meeting and the acquiror becomes entitled to vote a majority of the shares entitled to vote, all other stockholders may exercise appraisal rights. The fair value of the shares as determined for purposes of appraisal rights may not be less than the highest price per share paid by the acquiror in the control share acquisition.

The control share acquisition statute does not apply (a) to shares acquired in a merger, consolidation or share exchange if the corporation is a party to the transaction, or (b) to acquisitions approved or exempted by our charter or bylaws.

Our bylaws contain a provision exempting from the control share acquisition statute any and all acquisitions by any person of shares of our stock. We can offer no assurance that this provision will not be amended or eliminated at any time in the future.

Advance Notice of Director Nominations and New Business

Our bylaws provide that with respect to an annual meeting of stockholders, nominations of persons for election to the board of directors and the proposal of business to be considered by stockholders may be made only (i) pursuant to our notice of the meeting, (ii) by the board of directors or (iii) by a stockholder who is entitled to vote at the meeting and who has complied with the advance notice procedures of the bylaws. With respect to special meetings of stockholders, only the business specified in our notice of the meeting may be brought before the meeting. Nominations of persons for election to the board of directors at a special meeting may be made only (i) pursuant to our notice of the meeting, (ii) by the board of directors, or (iii) provided that the board of directors has determined that directors will be elected at the meeting, by a stockholder who is entitled to vote at the meeting and who has complied with the advance notice provisions of the bylaws. The advance notice provisions of our bylaws could delay, defer or prevent a transaction or a change in control of us that might involve a premium price for holders of our common stock or otherwise be in their best interest.

SUMMARY OF DIVIDEND REINVESTMENT PLAN

The following is a summary of our dividend reinvestment plan. A complete copy of our form of dividend reinvestment plan is included in this prospectus as Exhibit C.

Investment of Dividends

We have adopted a dividend reinvestment plan pursuant to which stockholders may elect to have the full amount of their cash dividends from us reinvested in additional shares of common stock or, under certain conditions, in interests of subsequent programs sponsored by our advisor or its affiliates. We are offering 8,000,000 shares for sale pursuant to our dividend reinvestment plan at \$10 per share. Such price will be available only until the termination of this offering, which is anticipated to be on or before February 19, 2005. We have the discretion to extend the offering period for the shares being offered pursuant to this prospectus under our dividend reinvestment plan up to February 19, 2011.

Dealer manager fees not to exceed 1.0% will be paid with respect to shares purchased pursuant to the dividend reinvestment plan. In addition, selling commissions not to exceed 7.0% will be paid with respect to such purchases if the stockholder participating in the plan designates in writing that the broker who made the initial sale of shares to the participant shall receive such commission. Each stockholder participating in the plan is permitted to identify, change or eliminate the name of his account executive at a participating dealer with respect to dividends reinvested. In the event that no account executive is identified, or in the event that the account executive is not employed by a broker dealer having a valid selling agreement with our dealer manager, no selling commission will be paid with respect to dividends that are then being reinvested. If no such broker is designated or if the stockholder participating in the plan designates only a portion of the 7.0% selling commission to be paid to his or her broker, the amount that would have been paid as a selling commission will be retained and used by us for additional investments. Behringer Securities has agreed to reduce its dealer manager fee for dividend reinvestment plan purchases to 1.0%. Therefore, we will receive an additional \$0.15 per share in proceeds for each share purchased under our dividend reinvestment plan. Accordingly, the economic benefits resulting from dividend reinvestment purchases by the stockholders who have not designated a broker to receive the 7.0% selling commission, and from Behringer Securities' reduction of its dealer manager fee, will be shared with all stockholders.

Pursuant to the terms of our dividend reinvestment plan, the reinvestment agent (which is currently Behringer Harvard REIT I) will act on behalf of participants to reinvest the cash dividends they receive from us. Stockholders participating in the dividend reinvestment plan may purchase fractional shares. If sufficient shares are not available for issuance under our dividend reinvestment plan, the reinvestment agent will remit excess cash dividends to the participants. Participants purchasing shares pursuant to our dividend reinvestment plan will have the same rights as stockholders and will be treated in the same manner as if such shares were issued pursuant to our offering. Participants in the dividend reinvestment plan who have elected pursuant to their subscription agreements to have selling commissions due with respect to the purchase of their shares paid over a six-year period pursuant to the deferred commission option will, during each of the six years following subscription, or longer if required to satisfy their outstanding deferred commission obligations, have their dividends otherwise payable to them reinvested pursuant to the dividend reinvestment plan only after they have satisfied their annual deferred commission obligation.

After the expiration of the offering of our shares under the dividend reinvestment plan, we may determine to allow participants to reinvest cash dividends from us in shares issued by a subsequent Behringer Harvard program only if all of the following conditions are satisfied:

- prior to the time of such reinvestment, the participant has received the final prospectus and any supplements thereto offering interests in the subsequent Behringer Harvard program and such prospectus allows investments pursuant to a dividend or distribution reinvestment plan;
- a registration statement covering the interests in the subsequent Behringer Harvard program has been declared effective under the Securities Act;
- the offer and sale of such interests are qualified for sale under applicable state securities laws;

- the participant executes the subscription agreement included with the prospectus for the subsequent Behringer Harvard program;
- the participant qualifies under applicable investor suitability standards as contained in the prospectus for the subsequent Behringer Harvard program; and
- the subsequent Behringer Harvard program has substantially identical investment objectives as Behringer Harvard REIT I.

Stockholders who invest in subsequent Behringer Harvard programs pursuant to our dividend reinvestment plan will become investors in such subsequent Behringer Harvard program and, as such, will receive the same reports as other investors in the subsequent Behringer Harvard program.

Election to Participate or Terminate Participation

A stockholder may become a participant in our dividend reinvestment plan by making a written election to participate on his subscription agreement at the time he subscribes for shares. Any other stockholder who has not previously elected to participate in the dividend reinvestment plan may so elect at any time by delivering to the reinvestment agent a completed enrollment form or other written authorization required by the reinvestment agent. Participation in our dividend reinvestment plan will commence with the next dividend payable after receipt of the participant's notice, provided it is received at least ten days prior to the last day of the fiscal quarter to which the dividend relates.

Some brokers may determine not to offer their clients the opportunity to participate in our dividend reinvestment plan. Any prospective investor who wishes to participate in our dividend reinvestment plan should consult with his broker as to the broker's position regarding participation in the dividend reinvestment plan.

We reserve the right to prohibit qualified retirement plans from participating in our dividend reinvestment plan if such participation would cause our underlying assets to constitute "plan assets" of qualified retirement plans. See "Investment by Tax-Exempt Entities and ERISA Considerations."

Each stockholder electing to participate in our dividend reinvestment plan agrees that, if at any time he fails to meet the applicable investor suitability standards or cannot make the other investor representations or warranties set forth in the then current prospectus or subscription agreement relating to such investment, he will promptly notify the reinvestment agent in writing of that fact.

Subscribers should note that affirmative action in the form of written notice to the reinvestment agent must be taken to withdraw from participation in our dividend reinvestment plan. A withdrawal from participation in our dividend reinvestment plan will be effective with respect to dividends for a fiscal quarter only if written notice of termination is received at least ten days prior to the end of such fiscal quarter. In addition, a transfer of shares prior to the date our shares are listed for trading on a national securities exchange or included for quotation on the Nasdaq Stock Market will terminate participation in the dividend reinvestment plan with respect to such transferred shares as of the first day of the quarter in which the transfer is effective, unless the transferee demonstrates to the reinvestment agent that the transferee meets the requirements for participation in the plan and affirmatively elects to participate in the plan by providing to the reinvestment agent an executed enrollment form or other written authorization required by the reinvestment agent.

Offers and sales of shares pursuant to the dividend reinvestment plan must be registered in every state in which such offers and sales are made. Generally, such registrations are for a period of one year. Thus, we may have to stop selling shares pursuant to the dividend reinvestment plan in any states in which registration is not renewed annually.

Reports to Participants

Within 60 days after the end of each fiscal quarter, the reinvestment agent will mail to each participant a statement of account describing, as to such participant, the dividends received during the quarter, the number of

shares or other interests purchased during the quarter, the purchase price for such shares or interests, and the total shares or interests purchased on behalf of the participant pursuant to our dividend reinvestment plan.

Federal Income Tax Considerations

Taxable participants will incur tax liability for partnership income allocated to them even though they have elected not to receive their dividends in cash but rather to have their dividends reinvested under our dividend reinvestment plan. See “Risk Factors – Federal Income Tax Risks.” Tax information regarding each participant’s participation in the plan will be provided to each participant at least annually.

Amendment and Termination

We reserve the right to amend any aspect of our dividend reinvestment plan with 30 days notice to participants. The reinvestment agent also reserves the right to terminate a participant’s individual participation in the plan, and we reserve the right to terminate our dividend reinvestment plan itself in our sole discretion at any time, by sending ten days’ prior written notice of termination to the terminated participant or, upon termination of the plan, to all participants.

THE OPERATING PARTNERSHIP AGREEMENT

General

Behringer Harvard OP I was formed in June 2002 to acquire, own and operate properties on our behalf. It will be an Umbrella Partnership Real Estate Investment Trust, or UPREIT, which structure is utilized generally to provide for the acquisition of real property from owners who desire to defer taxable gain that would otherwise be recognized by them upon the disposition of their property. These owners may also desire to achieve diversity in their investment and other benefits afforded to owners of stock in a REIT. For purposes of satisfying the asset and income tests for qualification as a REIT for tax purposes, the REIT's proportionate share of the assets and income of an UPREIT, such as Behringer Harvard OP I, will be deemed to be assets and income of the REIT.

A property owner may contribute property to an UPREIT in exchange for limited partnership units on a tax-free basis. In addition, Behringer Harvard OP I is structured to make distributions with respect to limited partnership units that will be equivalent to the dividend distributions made to holders of our common stock. Finally, a limited partner in Behringer Harvard OP I may later exchange his or her limited partnership units in Behringer Harvard OP I for shares of our common stock in a taxable transaction.

The partnership agreement for Behringer Harvard OP I contains provisions which would allow, under certain circumstances, other entities, including other Behringer Harvard programs, to merge into or cause the exchange or conversion of their interests for interests of Behringer Harvard OP I. In the event of such a merger, exchange or conversion, Behringer Harvard OP I would issue additional limited partnership interests which would be entitled to the same exchange rights as other holders of limited partnership interests of Behringer Harvard OP I. As a result, any such merger, exchange or conversion ultimately could result in the issuance of a substantial number of shares of our common stock, thereby diluting the percentage ownership interest of other stockholders.

We intend to hold substantially all of our assets through Behringer Harvard OP I. We are the sole general partner of Behringer Harvard OP I and, as of February 19, 2003, we owned an approximately 0.1% equity percentage interest in Behringer Harvard OP I. Our subsidiary, BHR Partners, LLC, has contributed \$170,000 to Behringer Harvard OP I and is the only limited partner and the owner of the other approximately 99.9% equity percentage interest in Behringer Harvard OP I. As the sole general partner of Behringer Harvard OP I, we have the exclusive power to manage and conduct the business of Behringer Harvard OP I.

The following is a summary of certain provisions of the partnership agreement of Behringer Harvard OP I. This summary is not complete and is qualified by the specific language in the partnership agreement. You should refer to the partnership agreement, itself, which we have filed as an exhibit to the registration statement, for more detail.

Capital Contributions

As we accept subscriptions for shares, we will transfer substantially all of the net proceeds of the offering to Behringer Harvard OP I as a capital contribution; however, we will be deemed to have made capital contributions in the amount of the gross offering proceeds received from investors. Behringer Harvard OP I will be deemed to have simultaneously paid the selling commissions and other costs associated with the offering. If Behringer Harvard OP I requires additional funds at any time in excess of capital contributions made by us and BHR Partners or from borrowings, we may borrow funds from a financial institution or other lender and lend such funds to Behringer Harvard OP I on the same terms and conditions as are applicable to our borrowing of such funds. In addition, we are authorized to cause Behringer Harvard OP I to issue partnership interests for less than fair market value if we conclude in good faith that such issuance is in the best interests of us and Behringer Harvard OP I.

Operations

The partnership agreement requires that Behringer Harvard OP I be operated in a manner that will enable us to (1) satisfy the requirements for being classified as a REIT for tax purposes, (2) avoid any federal income or

excise tax liability, and (3) ensure that Behringer Harvard OP I will not be classified as a “publicly traded partnership” for purposes of Section 7704 of the Internal Revenue Code, which classification could result in Behringer Harvard OP I being taxed as a corporation, rather than as a partnership. See “Federal Income Tax Considerations – Tax Aspects of Our Operating Partnership – Classification as a Partnership.”

The partnership agreement provides that Behringer Harvard OP I will distribute cash flow from operations to the limited partners of Behringer Harvard OP I in accordance with their relative percentage interests on at least a quarterly basis in amounts determined by us, such that a holder of one unit of limited partnership interest in Behringer Harvard OP I will receive the same amount of annual cash flow distributions from Behringer Harvard OP I as the amount of annual dividends paid to the holder of one of our shares of common stock. Remaining cash from operations will be distributed to us as the general partner to enable us to make dividend distributions to our stockholders.

Similarly, the partnership agreement of Behringer Harvard OP I provides that taxable income is allocated to the limited partners of Behringer Harvard OP I in accordance with their relative percentage interests such that a holder of one unit of limited partnership interest in Behringer Harvard OP I will be allocated taxable income for each taxable year in an amount equal to the amount of taxable income to be recognized by a holder of one of our shares, subject to compliance with the provisions of Sections 704(b) and 704(c) of the Internal Revenue Code and corresponding Treasury Regulations. Losses, if any, will generally be allocated among the partners in accordance with their respective percentage interests in Behringer Harvard OP I.

Upon the liquidation of Behringer Harvard OP I, after payment of debts and obligations, any remaining assets of Behringer Harvard OP I will be distributed to partners with positive capital accounts in accordance with their respective positive capital account balances. If we or BHR Partners were to have a negative balance in our capital account following a liquidation, we would be obligated to contribute cash to Behringer Harvard OP I equal to such negative balance for distribution to other partners, if any, having positive balances in such capital accounts.

In addition to the administrative and operating costs and expenses incurred by Behringer Harvard OP I in acquiring and operating real properties, Behringer Harvard OP I will pay all of our administrative costs and expenses, and such expenses will be treated as expenses of Behringer Harvard OP I. Such expenses will include:

- all expenses relating to the formation and continuity of our existence;
- all expenses relating to the public offering and registration of securities by us;
- all expenses associated with the preparation and filing of any periodic reports by us under federal, state or local laws or regulations;
- all expenses associated with compliance by us with applicable laws, rules and regulations;
- all costs and expenses relating to any issuance or redemption of partnership interests or shares of our common stock; and
- all our other operating or administrative costs incurred in the ordinary course of our business on behalf of Behringer Harvard OP I.

All claims between the partners of Behringer Harvard OP I arising out of the partnership agreement are subject to binding arbitration.

Exchange Rights

The limited partners of Behringer Harvard OPI, including BHR Partners, have the right to cause their limited partnership units to be redeemed by Behringer Harvard OP I or purchased by us for cash. In either event, the cash amount to be paid will be equal to the cash value of the number of our shares that would be issuable if the limited partnership units were exchanged for our shares on a one-for-one basis. Alternatively, we may elect to purchase the limited partnership units by issuing one share of our common stock for each limited partnership unit exchanged. As of February 19, 2003, there are 170,000 limited partnership units outstanding. These exchange rights may not be exercised, however, if and to the extent that the delivery of shares upon exercise would (1) result

in any person owning shares in excess of our ownership limits, (2) result in shares being owned by fewer than 100 persons, (3) cause us to be “closely held” within the meaning of Section 856(h) of the Internal Revenue Code, (4) cause us to own 10.0% or more of the ownership interests in a tenant within the meaning of Section 856(d)(2)(B) of the Internal Revenue Code, or (5) cause the acquisition of shares by a redeemed limited partner to be “integrated” with any other distribution of our shares for purposes of complying with the Securities Act.

Subject to the foregoing, limited partners of Behringer Harvard OP I may exercise their exchange rights at any time after one year following the date of issuance of their limited partnership units. However, a limited partner may not deliver more than two exchange notices each calendar year and may not exercise an exchange right for less than 1,000 limited partnership units, unless such limited partner holds less than 1,000 units, in which case, he must exercise his exchange right for all of his units. We do not expect to issue any of the shares of common stock offered hereby to limited partners of Behringer Harvard OP I in exchange for their limited partnership units. Rather, in the event a limited partner of Behringer Harvard OP I exercises its exchange rights, and we elect to purchase the limited partnership units with shares of our common stock, we expect to issue unregistered shares of common stock, or subsequently registered shares of common stock, in connection with such transaction.

Transferability of Interests

We may not (1) voluntarily withdraw as the general partner of Behringer Harvard OP I, (2) engage in any merger, consolidation or other business combination, or (3) transfer our general partnership interest in Behringer Harvard OP I (except to a wholly owned subsidiary), unless the transaction in which such withdrawal, business combination or transfer occurs results in the limited partners receiving or having the right to receive an amount of cash, securities or other property equal in value to the amount they would have received if they had exercised their exchange rights immediately prior to such transaction or unless, in the case of a merger or other business combination, the successor entity contributes substantially all of its assets to Behringer Harvard OP I in return for an interest in Behringer Harvard OP I and agrees to assume all obligations of the general partner of Behringer Harvard OP I. We may also enter into a business combination or transfer our general partnership interest upon the receipt of the consent of a majority-in-interest of the limited partners of Behringer Harvard OP I, other than BHR Partners and other affiliates of Robert M. Behringer. With certain exceptions, a limited partner may not transfer its interests in Behringer Harvard OP I, in whole or in part, without our written consent as general partner. In addition, BHR Partners may not transfer its interest in Behringer Harvard OP I as long as Behringer Advisors is acting as our advisor, except pursuant to the exercise of its right to exchange limited partnership units for shares of our common stock, in which case similar restrictions on transfer will apply to the REIT shares received by BHR Partners.

PLAN OF DISTRIBUTION

The Offering

We are offering a maximum of 80,000,000 shares to the public through Behringer Securities, our dealer manager, a registered broker-dealer affiliated with our advisor. The shares are being offered at a price of \$10 per share on a “best efforts” basis, which means generally that the dealer manager will be required to use only its best efforts to sell the shares and it has no firm commitment or obligation to purchase any of the shares. We are also offering 8,000,000 shares for sale pursuant to our dividend reinvestment plan at a price of \$10 per share. An additional 3,520,000 shares are reserved for issuance upon exercise of soliciting dealer warrants, which are granted to participating broker-dealers based upon the number of shares they sell. Therefore, a total of 91,520,000 shares are being registered in this offering. The offering of shares of our common stock will terminate on or before February 19, 2005. However, we reserve the right to terminate this offering at any time prior to such termination date. At the discretion of our board of directors, we may elect to extend the termination date of our offering of shares reserved for issuance pursuant to our dividend reinvestment plan up to February 19, 2011, in which case participants in the plan will be notified. This offering must be registered in every state in which we offer or sell shares. Generally, such registrations are for a period of one year. Thus, we may have to stop selling shares in any state in which the registration is not renewed annually.

Behringer Securities

Behringer Securities was organized in December 2001 for the purpose of participating in and facilitating the distribution of securities of Behringer Harvard programs, including the securities being offered in this offering. This offering is the first offering for which Behringer Securities has acted as dealer manager. For additional information about Behringer Securities, including information relating to Behringer Securities’ affiliation with us, please refer to the section of this prospectus captioned “Management – Affiliated Companies – Dealer Manager.”

Compensation We Will Pay for the Sale of Our Shares

Except as provided below, our dealer manager will receive selling commissions of 7.0% of the gross offering proceeds. The dealer manager will also receive a dealer manager fee in the amount of 2.5% of the gross offering proceeds as compensation for acting as the dealer manager and for expenses incurred in connection with marketing and due diligence expense reimbursement. With respect to purchases pursuant to our dividend reinvestment plan, Behringer Securities has agreed to reduce its dealer manager fee to 1.0% of the gross proceeds. We will not pay referral or similar fees to any accountants, attorneys or other persons in connection with the distribution of the shares. A broker-dealer for a stockholder who elects to participate in our dividend reinvestment plan will be paid selling commissions for the reinvestment purchases at the same rate as for the stockholder’s initial purchases. However, stockholders participating in the dividend reinvestment plan may designate the amount of the selling commission, up to 7.0%, and to whom it will be paid. To the extent that all or a portion of the 7.0% selling commission is not designated for payment to a stockholder’s broker, the 7.0% selling commission, or balance thereof, will be retained and used by us for additional investments. See “Summary of Dividend Reinvestment Plan – Investment of Dividends.”

	<u>Per Share</u>	<u>Total Minimum</u>	<u>Total Maximum</u>
Price to public	\$10.00	\$2,500,000	\$880,000,000
Selling commissions70	175,000	61,600,000
Marketing and due diligence expense.....	.25	62,500	20,800,000
Proceeds to Behringer Harvard REIT I.....	<u>\$ 9.05</u>	<u>\$2,262,500</u>	<u>\$797,600,000</u>

We will not pay any selling commissions in connection with the following special sales: (i) the sale of the shares to one or more select dealers and their respective officers and employees and some of their respective affiliates who so request; and (ii) the sale of the shares to investors whose contracts for investment advisory and related brokerage services include a fixed or “wrap” fee feature.

We will also award to our dealer manager one soliciting dealer warrant for every 25 shares it sells during the offering period. The dealer manager may retain or reallocate these warrants to officers, directors and partners of broker-dealers participating in the offering, unless such issuance of soliciting dealer warrants is prohibited by either federal or state securities laws. The holder of a soliciting dealer warrant will be entitled to purchase one share from us at a price of \$12 per share during the period beginning on the first anniversary of the effective date of this offering and ending five years after the effective date of this offering. Subject to certain exceptions, a soliciting dealer warrant may not be transferred, assigned, pledged or hypothecated for a period of one year following the effective date of this offering. The shares issuable upon exercise of the soliciting dealer warrants are being registered as part of this offering. For the life of the soliciting dealer warrants, participating broker-dealers are given the opportunity to profit from a rise in the market price of our common stock without assuming the risk of ownership, with a resulting dilution in the interest of other stockholders upon exercise of such warrants. In addition, holders of the soliciting dealer warrants would be expected to exercise such warrants at a time when we could obtain needed capital by offering new securities on terms more favorable than those provided by the soliciting dealer warrants. Exercise of the soliciting dealer warrants is governed by the terms and conditions detailed in this prospectus and in the warrant purchase agreement, which is attached as an exhibit to the registration statement of which this prospectus is a part.

Our dealer manager may authorize certain other broker-dealers who are members of the NASD to sell shares of our common stock. In the event of the sale of shares by such other broker-dealers, the dealer manager may reallocate its commissions in the amount of up to 7.0% of the gross offering proceeds to such participating broker-dealers. In addition, the dealer manager may reallocate to broker-dealers participating in the offering a portion of its dealer manager fee in the aggregate amount of up to 1.5% of gross offering proceeds to be paid to such participating broker-dealers as marketing fees, including bona fide conference fees incurred, and due diligence expense reimbursement. The amount of the reallocation will be commensurate with the participating broker-dealer's level of marketing support, level of due diligence review and success of its sales efforts, each as compared to those of the other participating broker-dealers.

We or our affiliates may also provide non-cash incentive items for registered representatives of our dealer manager and the participating broker-dealers, which in no event shall exceed an aggregate of \$100 per annum per participating salesperson. The value of such items shall be considered underwriting compensation in connection with this offering. In no event shall the total underwriting compensation, including selling commissions, the dealer manager fee and underwriting expense reimbursements, exceed 9.5% of gross offering proceeds, except for the soliciting dealer warrants described above.

Investors may agree with their participating brokers to reduce the amount of selling commissions payable with respect to the sale of their shares down to zero (1) if the investor has engaged the services of a registered investment advisor or other financial advisor who will be paid compensation for investment advisory services or other financial or investment advice, or (2) if the investor is investing in a bank trust account with respect to which the investor has delegated the decision-making authority for investments made in the account to a bank trust department. The net proceeds to us will not be affected by reducing the commissions payable in connection with such transactions. All such sales must be made through registered broker-dealers. Neither our dealer manager nor its affiliates will directly or indirectly compensate any person engaged as an investment advisor or a bank trust department by a potential investor as an inducement for such investment advisor or a bank trust department to advise favorably for an investment in our common stock.

We have agreed to indemnify the participating broker-dealers, including our dealer manager and selected registered investment advisors, against certain liabilities arising under the Securities Act. However, the Securities and Exchange Commission takes the position that indemnification against liabilities arising under the Securities Act is against public policy and is unenforceable.

The broker-dealers participating in the offering of our shares are not obligated to obtain any subscriptions on our behalf, and we cannot assure you that any shares will be sold.

Shares Purchased by Affiliates

Our executive officers and directors, as well as officers and employees of Behringer Advisors and their family members (including spouses, parents, grandparents, children and siblings) or other affiliates, may purchase shares offered in this offering at a discount. The purchase price for such shares shall be \$9.05 per share, reflecting the fact that selling commissions in the amount of \$0.70 per share and dealer manager fees in the amount of \$0.25 per share will not be payable in connection with such sales. The net offering proceeds we receive will not be affected by such sales of shares at a discount. Behringer Advisors and its affiliates will be expected to hold their shares purchased as stockholders for investment and not with a view towards distribution. In addition, shares purchased by Behringer Advisors or its affiliates will not be entitled to vote on any matter presented to the stockholders for a vote.

Subscription Process

We will sell shares of our common stock when subscriptions to purchase shares are received and accepted by us. If you meet our suitability standards, you may subscribe for shares by completing and signing a subscription agreement, like the one contained in this prospectus as Exhibit B, according to its instructions for a specific number of shares and delivering to Behringer Securities a check for the full purchase price of the shares, payable to “Wells Fargo Bank Iowa, N.A., Escrow Agent for Behringer Harvard REIT I, Inc.” You should exercise care to ensure that the subscription agreement is filled out correctly and completely. By executing the subscription agreement, you will attest that you:

- have received this prospectus;
- agree to be bound by the terms of our charter;
- meet the suitability standards described in this prospectus;
- understand that, if you are a California resident or ever propose to transfer your shares to a California resident, the State of California imposes transfer restrictions on our shares in addition to the restrictions included in our charter;
- affirm that, if you are an Ohio or Pennsylvania resident, your investment does not exceed 10.0% of your liquid net worth;
- are purchasing the shares for your own account;
- acknowledge that there is no public market for our shares; and
- are in compliance with the Uniting and Strengthening America by Providing Appropriate Tools Required to Intercept and Obstruct Terrorism Act of 2001 and are not on any governmental authority watch list.

We include these representations in our subscription agreement in order to prevent persons who do not meet our suitability standards or other investment qualifications from subscribing to our shares. See also the section of this prospectus captioned “How to Subscribe.”

Subscriptions will be effective only upon our acceptance, and we reserve the right to reject any subscription in whole or in part. We may not accept a subscription for shares until at least five business days after the date you receive this prospectus. Subject to compliance with Rule 15c2-4 of the Exchange Act, our dealer manager and the broker-dealers participating in the offering will submit a subscriber’s check to the escrow agent by noon of the next business day following receipt of the subscriber’s subscription documents and check. In certain circumstances where the suitability review procedures are more lengthy, a subscriber’s check will be promptly deposited with the escrow agent in compliance with Exchange Act Rule 15c 2-4. The proceeds from your subscription will be deposited in a segregated escrow account with our escrow agent, and will be held in trust for your benefit, pending release to us.

We will accept or reject subscriptions within 30 days after we receive them. If your subscription agreement is rejected, your funds, plus interest, will be returned to you within ten business days after the date of such rejection.

If your subscription is accepted, we will send you a confirmation of your purchase after you have been admitted as an investor. After we have sold \$2.5 million of our common stock, we expect to admit new investors at least monthly. The escrow agent will not release your funds to us until we admit you as a stockholder. Funds received by us from prospective investors will continue to be placed in escrow during this offering and we will issue additional shares periodically.

Minimum Offering

Subscription proceeds will be placed in escrow until such time as subscriptions aggregating at least \$2.5 million have been received and accepted by us (the "Minimum Offering"). Any shares purchased by our advisor or its affiliates will not be counted in calculating the Minimum Offering. Funds in escrow will be invested in short-term investments, which may include obligations of, or obligations guaranteed by, the U.S. government or bank money-market accounts or certificates of deposit of national or state banks that have deposits insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (including certificates of deposit of any bank acting as a depository or custodian for any such funds) that mature on or before February 19, 2004 or that can be readily sold or otherwise disposed of for cash by such date without any dissipation of the offering proceeds invested. Subscribers may not withdraw funds from the escrow account.

If the Minimum Offering has not been received and accepted by February 19, 2004 (one year after the date of this prospectus), our escrow agent will promptly so notify us, and this offering will be terminated and your funds and subscription agreement will be returned to you within ten days after the date of such termination. In such event, our escrow agent is obligated to use its best efforts to obtain an executed Internal Revenue Service Form W-9 from each subscriber whose subscription is rejected. In the event that a subscriber fails to remit an executed Internal Revenue Service Form W-9 to our escrow agent prior to the date our escrow agent returns the subscriber's funds, our escrow agent will be required to withhold from such funds 30.0% of the earnings attributable to such subscriber in accordance with Treasury Regulations. Interest will accrue on funds in the escrow account as applicable to the short-term investments in which such funds are invested. During any period in which subscription proceeds are held in escrow, interest earned thereon will be allocated among subscribers on the basis of the respective amounts of their subscriptions and the number of days that such amounts were on deposit. Such interest will be paid to subscribers upon the termination of the escrow period. We will bear all expenses of the escrow and, as such, the interest to be paid to any subscriber will not be reduced for such expense.

Subscription proceeds received from residents of Nebraska and residents of Pennsylvania will be placed in a separate interest-bearing escrow account with the escrow agent until subscriptions for at least 4,400,000 shares aggregating at least \$44.0 million, have been received and accepted by us. If we have not received and accepted subscriptions for 4,400,000 shares by the end of each 120-day escrow period (with the initial 120-day escrow period commencing upon the effectiveness of this offering), we will notify Nebraska investors and Pennsylvania investors in writing by certified mail within ten calendar days after the end of each 120-day escrow period that they have a right to have their investment returned to them. If a Nebraska investor or a Pennsylvania investor requests the return of his or her subscription funds within ten calendar days after receipt of the notification, we must return those funds, together with any interest earned on the funds for the time those funds remain in escrow subsequent to the initial 120-day escrow period, to the investor within ten calendar days after receipt of the investor's request.

Admission of Stockholders

Initial subscribers may be admitted as stockholders and the payments transferred from escrow to us at any time after we have received and accepted the Minimum Offering, except that subscribers residing in either Nebraska or Pennsylvania may not be admitted until subscriptions have been received and accepted for 4,400,000 shares (\$44.0 million). In addition, certain other states may impose different requirements than those set forth herein. We expect to admit stockholders to Behringer Harvard REIT I on a monthly basis following the Minimum Offering.

Upon admission as new stockholders of Behringer Harvard REIT I, the escrow agent will release such subscribers' funds to us. The interest, if any, earned on escrow funds prior to the transmittal of the proceeds to us generally will not become part of our capital. Instead, promptly after ten days following each new investor admission date, we will cause the escrow agent to make distributions to stockholders of all interest earned on their escrowed funds used to purchase the shares. Interest, if any, earned on accepted subscription proceeds will be

payable to you only if your funds have been held in escrow by our escrow agent for at least 35 days. You will not otherwise be entitled to interest earned on funds held by us or to receive interest on your invested capital.

The proceeds of this offering will be received and held in trust for the benefit of purchasers of shares to be used only for the purposes set forth in the “Estimated Use of Proceeds” section of this prospectus.

Investments by IRAs and Qualified Plans

Sterling Trust Company has agreed to act as an IRA custodian for purchasers of our common stock who desire to establish an IRA, SEP or certain other tax-deferred accounts or transfer or rollover existing accounts. We will pay the fees related to the establishment of investor accounts with Sterling Trust Company, and we will also pay the fees related to the maintenance of any such account for the first year following its establishment. Thereafter, Sterling Trust Company has agreed to provide this service to our stockholders with annual maintenance fees charged at a discounted rate. Sterling Trust Company is a wholly owned subsidiary of Matrix Bancorp, Inc., a publicly traded financial services holding company based in Denver, Colorado. Further information as to custodial services is available through your broker or may be requested from us or downloaded from our web site.

We may sell shares to retirement plans of broker-dealers participating in the offering, to broker-dealers in their individual capacities, to IRAs and qualified plans of their registered representatives or to any one of their registered representatives in their individual capacities for 93.0% of the public offering price in consideration for the services rendered by such broker-dealers and registered representatives to us in this offering. The net proceeds to us from such sales will be identical to net proceeds we receive from other sales of shares.

Volume Discounts

In connection with sales of certain minimum numbers of shares to a “purchaser,” as defined below, volume discounts resulting in reductions in selling commissions payable with respect to such sales are available to investors. In such event, any such reduction will be credited to the investor by reducing the purchase price per share payable by the investor. The following table illustrates the various discount levels available:

Number of <u>Shares Purchased</u>	Purchase Price per Incremental <u>Share in Volume Discount Range</u>	Commissions on Sales per Incremental Share in Volume Discount Range	
		<u>Percentage</u> (based on \$10 per share)	<u>Amount</u>
1 to 50,000	\$10.00	7.0%	\$0.70
50,001 to 100,000	9.80	5.0	0.50
100,001 and over	9.60	3.0	0.30

For example, if an investor purchases 600,000 shares he or she would pay (1) \$500,000 for the first 50,000 shares (\$10.00 per share), (2) \$490,000 for the next 50,000 shares (\$9.80 per share), and (3) \$4,800,000 for the remaining 500,000 shares (\$9.60 per share). Accordingly, he or she could pay as little as \$5,780,000 (approximately \$9.63 per share) rather than \$6,000,000 for the shares, in which event the commission on the sale of such shares would be \$210,000 (approximately \$0.35 per share) and, after payment of the dealer manager fee of \$150,000 (\$0.25 per share), we would receive net proceeds of \$5,420,000 (\$9.03 per share). The net proceeds to us will not be affected by volume discounts.

In addition, in order to encourage purchases of 1,000,000 or more shares, a potential purchaser who proposes to purchase at least 1,000,000 shares may agree with Behringer Advisors and Behringer Securities to have the dealer manager fee with respect to the sale of such shares reduced to as little as 1.0%, and, with the agreement of the participating broker, to have the selling commission payable with respect to the sale of such shares reduced to as little as 0.5%, in which event the aggregate fees payable with respect to the sale of such shares would be reduced by \$0.80 per share, and the purchaser of such shares would be required to pay a total of \$9.20 per share purchased, rather than \$10.00 per share. The net proceeds to us would not be affected by such fee reductions. All such sales must be made through registered broker-dealers.

Because all investors will be deemed to have contributed the same amount per share to us for purposes of declaring and paying dividends, investors qualifying for a volume discount will receive a higher return on their investment than investors who do not qualify for such discount.

Regardless of any reduction in any commissions (or acquisition and advisory fees in respect of sales of over 1,000,000 shares), for any reason, any other fees based upon gross proceeds of the offering, including acquisition and advisory fees payable to Behringer Advisors, will be calculated as though the purchaser paid \$10 per share. The sales price for all such shares will also be deemed to be \$10 per share for the purposes of determining whether we have sold shares equal to the Minimum Offering.

Subscriptions may be combined for the purpose of determining the volume discounts in the case of subscriptions made by any “purchaser,” as that term is defined below, provided all such shares are purchased through the same broker-dealer. The volume discount shall be prorated among the separate subscribers considered to be a single “purchaser.” Any request to combine more than one subscription must be made in writing, submitted simultaneously with the subscription for shares, and must set forth the basis for such request. Any such request will be subject to verification by our advisor that all of such subscriptions were made by a single “purchaser.”

For the purposes of such volume discounts, the term “purchaser” includes:

- an individual, his or her spouse and their children under the age of 21 who purchase the units for his, her or their own accounts;
- a corporation, partnership, association, joint-stock company, trust fund or any organized group of persons, whether incorporated or not;
- an employees’ trust, pension, profit-sharing or other employee benefit plan qualified under Section 401(a) of the Internal Revenue Code; and
- all commingled trust funds maintained by a given bank.

Notwithstanding the above, in connection with volume sales made to investors in our common stock, investors may request in writing to aggregate subscriptions, including subscriptions to public real estate programs previously sponsored by our advisor or its affiliates, as part of a combined order for purposes of determining the number of shares purchased, provided that any aggregate group of subscriptions must be received from the same broker-dealer, including our dealer manager. Any such reduction in selling commission will be prorated among the separate subscribers. An investor may reduce the amount of his or her purchase price to the net amount shown in the foregoing table, if applicable. If such investor does not reduce the purchase price, the excess amount submitted over the discounted purchase price shall be returned to the actual separate subscribers for shares. As set forth above, all requests to aggregate subscriptions must be made in writing, and except as provided in this paragraph, separate subscriptions will not be cumulated, combined or aggregated.

California residents should be aware that volume discounts will not be available in connection with the sale of shares made to California residents to the extent such discounts do not comply with the provisions of Rule 260.140.51 adopted pursuant to the California Corporate Securities Law of 1968. Pursuant to this Rule, volume discounts can be made available to California residents only in accordance with the following conditions:

- there can be no variance in the net proceeds to us from the sale of the shares to different purchasers of the same offering;
- all purchasers of the shares must be informed of the availability of quantity discounts;
- the same volume discounts must be allowed to all purchasers of shares which are part of the offering;
- the minimum amount of shares as to which volume discounts are allowed cannot be less than \$10,000;
- the variance in the price of the shares must result solely from a different range of commissions, and all discounts allowed must be based on a uniform scale of commissions; and
- no discounts are allowed to any group of purchasers.

Accordingly, volume discounts for California residents will be available in accordance with the foregoing table of uniform discount levels based on dollar volume of shares purchased, but no discounts are allowed to any group of purchasers, and no subscriptions may be aggregated as part of a combined order for purposes of determining the number of shares purchased.

Deferred Commission Option

Subscribers for shares may agree with their participating broker-dealers and our dealer manager to have selling commissions due with respect to the purchase of their shares paid over a six-year period pursuant to a deferred commission arrangement. Stockholders electing the deferred commission option will be required to pay a total of \$9.40 per share purchased upon subscription, rather than \$10.00 per share, with respect to which \$0.10 per share will be payable as commissions due upon subscription. For the period of six years following subscription, \$0.10 per share will be deducted on an annual basis from dividends or other cash distributions otherwise payable to the stockholders and used by us to pay deferred commission obligations. The net proceeds to us will not be affected by the election of the deferred commission option. Under this arrangement, a stockholder electing the deferred commission option will pay a 1.0% commission upon subscription, rather than a 7.0% commission, and an amount equal to a 1.0% commission per year thereafter for the next six years, or longer if required to satisfy outstanding deferred commission obligations, will be deducted from dividends or other cash distributions otherwise payable to such stockholder and used by us to satisfy commission obligations. The foregoing commission amounts may be adjusted with approval of our dealer manager by application of the volume discount provisions described previously.

Stockholders electing the deferred commission option who are subject to federal income taxation will incur tax liability for dividends or other cash distributions otherwise payable to them with respect to their shares even though such dividends or other cash distributions will be withheld from such stockholders and will instead be paid to third parties to satisfy commission obligations.

Investors who wish to elect the deferred commission option should make the election on their subscription agreement. Election of the deferred commission option will authorize us to withhold dividends or other cash distributions otherwise payable to such stockholder for the purpose of paying commissions due under the deferred commission option. However, in no event may we withhold in excess of \$0.60 per share in the aggregate under the deferred commission option. Dividends or cash distributions otherwise payable to stockholders may be pledged by us, our dealer manager, or our advisor or our respective affiliates to secure one or more loans, the proceeds of which would be used to satisfy selling commission obligations. Investors who elect both the deferred commission option and participation in our dividend reinvestment plan will have their dividends reinvested in our shares pursuant to the dividend reinvestment plan each year during the six-year period following subscription only after such funds have been applied to satisfy the investor's annual deferred commission obligation for such year. After the investor's deferred commission obligation has been satisfied, the investor will be eligible to participate in the dividend reinvestment plan with respect to the investor's dividends.

In the event that, at any time prior to the satisfaction of our remaining deferred commission obligations, listing of the shares occurs or is reasonably anticipated to occur, or we begin a liquidation of our properties, the remaining commissions due under the deferred commission option may be accelerated by us. In either such event, we will provide notice of such acceleration to stockholders who have elected the deferred commission option. The amount of the remaining commissions due shall be deducted and paid by us out of dividends or other cash distributions otherwise payable to such stockholders during the time period prior to listing or a liquidation of our properties. However, in no event may we withhold in excess of \$0.60 per share in the aggregate. To the extent that the distributions during such time period are insufficient to satisfy the remaining commissions due, the obligation of us and our stockholders to make any further payments of deferred commissions under the deferred commission option shall terminate, and participating broker-dealers will not be entitled to receive any further portion of their deferred commissions following listing of our shares or a liquidation of our properties.

In addition, if you elect the deferred commission option and subsequently elect to participate in our share redemption program or request that we transfer your shares for any other reason prior to the time that the remaining deferred selling commissions have been deducted from cash distributions otherwise payable to you during the period that deferred commissions are payable, then we will accelerate the remaining selling commissions due under the deferred commission option. In such event, we shall provide notice of such acceleration to you, and:

- in the case of an election to sell the shares under our shares redemption program, you will be required to pay to us the unpaid portion of the remaining deferred commission obligation prior to or concurrently with our purchase of your shares pursuant to our share redemption program or we may deduct such unpaid portion of the remaining deferred commission obligation from the amount otherwise due to you for our purchase of your shares under our share redemption program; or
- if you request that we transfer the shares for any other reason, you will not be entitled to effect any such transfer until you first either:
 - pay to us the unpaid portion of the remaining deferred commission obligation or
 - provide a written instrument in form and substance satisfactory to us, and appropriately signed by the transferee, stating that the proposed transferee agrees to have the unpaid portion of the remaining deferred commission obligation deducted from cash distributions otherwise payable to the transferee during the remaining portion of the specified period, which may be up to six years.

WHO MAY INVEST

In order to purchase shares in this offering, you must:

- meet the applicable financial suitability standards as described below and
- purchase at least the minimum number of shares as described below.

We have established suitability standards for initial stockholders and subsequent purchasers of shares from our stockholders. These suitability standards require that a purchaser of shares have, excluding the value of a purchaser's home, furnishings and automobiles, either:

- a net worth of at least \$150,000; or
- a gross annual income of at least \$45,000 and a net worth of at least \$45,000.

The minimum purchase is 100 shares (\$1,000), except in certain states as described below. You may not transfer less shares than the minimum purchase requirement. In addition, you may not transfer, fractionalize or subdivide your shares so as to retain less than the number of shares required for the minimum purchase. In order to satisfy the minimum purchase requirements for retirement plans, unless otherwise prohibited by state law, a husband and wife may jointly contribute funds from their separate IRAs, provided that each such contribution is made in increments of \$100. You should note that an investment in shares of our common stock will not, in itself, create a retirement plan and that, in order to create a retirement plan, you must comply with all applicable provisions of the Internal Revenue Code.

After you have purchased the minimum investment, or have satisfied the minimum purchase requirements of Behringer Harvard Short-Term Fund I, Behringer Harvard Mid-Term Fund I or any other Behringer Harvard public real estate program, any additional purchase must be in increments of at least 2.5 shares (\$25), except for (1) purchases of shares pursuant to our dividend reinvestment plan or reinvestment plans of other Behringer Harvard public real estate programs, which may be in lesser amounts, and (2) purchases made by Minnesota and Oregon residents in other Behringer Harvard public real estate programs, who must still satisfy the minimum purchase requirements of that program.

Several states have established suitability requirements that are more stringent than the standards that we have established and described above. Shares will be sold only to investors in these states who meet the special suitability standards set forth below:

- Iowa, Michigan, Oregon and North Carolina – Investors must have either (1) a net worth of at least \$225,000 or (2) gross annual income of \$60,000 and a net worth of at least \$60,000.
- Missouri – Investors must have either (1) a net worth of at least \$225,000 or (2) gross annual income of \$60,000 and a net worth of at least \$60,000. In addition, investors may not invest greater than 10.0% of their liquid net worth in our shares.
- Ohio and Pennsylvania – In addition to our standard suitability requirements, investors must have a net worth of at least ten times their investment in our shares.

In all states listed above, net worth is to be determined excluding the value of a purchaser's home, furnishings and automobiles.

Because the minimum offering of our common stock is less than \$88,000,000, Pennsylvania investors are cautioned to carefully evaluate our ability to fully accomplish our stated objectives and to inquire as to the current dollar volume of our subscription proceeds.

For reasons other than suitability requirements, we currently do not offer or sell any shares to residents of New Hampshire. We may amend our offering at a later date if we determine to sell shares in these states.

In the case of sales to fiduciary accounts, these suitability standards must be met by the fiduciary account, by the person who directly or indirectly supplied the funds for the purchase of the shares or by the beneficiary of the account. These suitability standards are intended to help ensure that, given the long-term nature of an investment in our shares, our investment objectives and the relative illiquidity of our shares, shares of our common stock are an appropriate investment for those of you who become investors.

Our advisor and its affiliates, as well as each participating broker-dealer, and any other person selling shares on our behalf are required to:

- make every reasonable effort to determine that the purchase of shares is a suitable and appropriate investment for each investor based on information provided by such investor to the broker-dealer, including such investor's age, investment objectives, investment experience, income, net worth, financial situation and other investments held by such investor; and
- maintain records for at least six years of the information used to determine that an investment in the shares is suitable and appropriate for each investor.

In making this determination, your participating broker-dealer will, based on a review of the information provided by you, consider whether you:

- meet the minimum income and net worth standards established in your state;
- can reasonably benefit from an investment in our common stock based on your overall investment objectives and portfolio structure;
- are able to bear the economic risk of the investment based on your overall financial situation; and
- have an apparent understanding of:
 - the fundamental risks of an investment in our common stock;
 - the risk that you may lose your entire investment;
 - the lack of liquidity of our common stock;
 - the restrictions on transferability of our common stock;
 - the background and qualifications of our advisor; and
 - the tax consequences of an investment in our common stock.

HOW TO SUBSCRIBE

Investors who meet the applicable suitability standards and minimum purchase requirements described in the "Who May Invest" section of this prospectus may purchase shares of common stock. If you want to purchase shares, you must proceed as follows:

- (1) Read the entire prospectus and the current supplement(s), if any, accompanying this prospectus.
- (2) Complete the execution copy of the subscription agreement. A specimen copy of the subscription agreement, including instructions for completing it, is included in this prospectus as Exhibit B.
- (3) Deliver a check to Behringer Securities for the full purchase price of the shares being subscribed for, payable to "Wells Fargo Bank Iowa, N.A., Escrow Agent for Behringer Harvard REIT I, Inc." along with the completed subscription agreement. Certain dealers who have "net capital," as defined in the applicable federal securities regulations, of \$250,000 or more may instruct their customers to make their checks payable directly to the dealer. In such case, the dealer will issue a check made payable to the escrow agent for the purchase price of your subscription. The name of the dealer appears on the subscription agreement.

- (4) By executing the subscription agreement and paying the full purchase price for the shares subscribed for, you will attest that you meet the suitability standards as stated in the subscription agreement and agree to be bound by the terms of the subscription agreement.

If you elect the deferred commission option, you must do so by indicating your election on the signature page of the subscription agreement. The dealer must also complete and sign the subscription agreement to acknowledge its agreement to the deferred commission option. This is more fully explained in the section of this prospectus captioned “Plan of Distribution – Deferred Commission Option.”

An approved trustee must process through us and forward us subscriptions made through IRAs, Keogh plans, 401(k) plans and other tax-deferred plans. If you want to purchase shares through an IRA, SEP or other tax-deferred account, Sterling Trust Company has agreed to serve as IRA custodian for such purpose. We will pay the fees related to the establishment of investor accounts with Sterling Trust Company, and we will also pay the fees related to the maintenance of any such account for the first year following its establishment. Thereafter, Sterling Trust Company has agreed to provide this service to our stockholders with annual maintenance fees charged at a discounted rate. Sterling Trust Company is a wholly owned subsidiary of Matrix Bancorp, Inc., a publicly traded financial services holding company based in Denver, Colorado.

SUPPLEMENTAL SALES MATERIAL

In addition to this prospectus, we may utilize certain sales material in connection with the offering of the shares, although only when accompanied by or preceded by the delivery of this prospectus. The sales material may include:

- investor sales promotion brochures;
- cover letters transmitting the prospectus;
- brochures containing a summary description of the offering;
- brochures describing our advisor, directors and officers;
- reprints of articles about us or the real estate industry generally;
- fact sheets describing the general nature of Behringer Harvard REIT I and our investment objectives;
- slide presentations and studies of the prior performance of entities managed by our advisor and its affiliates;
- broker updates;
- computer presentations;
- web site material;
- electronic media presentations;
- audio cassette presentations;
- video presentations;
- cd-rom presentations;
- seminars and seminar advertisements and invitations; and
- scripts for telephonic marketing.

All of the foregoing material will be prepared by our advisor or its affiliates with the exception of the third-party article reprints. In certain jurisdictions, some or all of such sales material may not be available. In addition, the sales material may contain certain quotes from various publications without obtaining the consent of the author or the publication for use of the quoted material in the sales material.

The offering of shares is made only by means of this prospectus. Although the information contained in the supplemental sales material will not conflict with any of the information contained in this prospectus, such sales material does not purport to be complete, and should not be considered a part of this prospectus or the registration statement of which this prospectus is a part, or as incorporated by reference in this prospectus or said registration statement or as forming the basis of the offering of the shares.

LEGAL MATTERS

Ballard Spahr Andrews & Ingersoll, LLP, Baltimore, Maryland, has passed upon the legality of the common stock and Morris, Manning & Martin, LLP, Atlanta, Georgia, has passed upon legal matters in connection with our status as a REIT for federal income tax purposes. Neither Ballard Spahr Andrews & Ingersoll, LLP nor Morris, Manning & Martin, LLP purport to represent our stockholders or potential investors, who should consult their own counsel. Morris, Manning & Martin, LLP also provides legal services to Behringer Advisors, our advisor, as well as other affiliates of Behringer Advisors, and may continue to do so in the future.

Morris, Manning & Martin, LLP has reviewed the statements in the section of this prospectus titled "Federal Income Tax Considerations" and elsewhere as they relate to federal income tax matters and the statements in the section of this prospectus titled "Investment by Tax-Exempt Entities and ERISA Considerations."

EXPERTS

The financial statements as of and for the period ended December 31, 2002 included in this prospectus have been so included in reliance on the report of PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP, independent accountants, given on the authority of said firm as experts in auditing and accounting.

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

We have filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission, Washington, D.C., a registration statement under the Securities Act with respect to the shares offered pursuant to this prospectus. This prospectus does not contain all the information set forth in the registration statement and the exhibits related thereto filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission, reference to which is hereby made. Copies of the registration statement and exhibits related thereto, as well as periodic reports and information filed by us, may be obtained upon payment of the fees prescribed by the Securities and Exchange Commission, or may be examined at the offices of the Securities and Exchange Commission without charge, at the public reference facility in Washington, D.C. at Judiciary Plaza, Room 1024, 450 Fifth Street, N.W., Washington, D.C. 20549. In addition, the Securities and Exchange Commission maintains a web site at <http://www.sec.gov> that contains reports, proxy and information statements and other information regarding registrants that file electronically with the Securities and Exchange Commission.

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REPORT OF INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS

To the Board of Directors of
Behringer Harvard REIT I, Inc.

In our opinion, the accompanying consolidated balance sheet and the related consolidated statement of operations, stockholder's equity and cash flows present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Behringer Harvard REIT I, Inc. (a development stage company) at December 31, 2002 and the results of their operations and their cash flows for the period June 28, 2002 (date of inception) through December 31, 2002 in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management; our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit of these statements in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements, assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, and evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

/s/ PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP

Dallas, Texas
January 15, 2003

BEHRINGER HARVARD REIT I, INC.
(A Development Stage Maryland Corporation)

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET
December 31, 2002

ASSETS

Cash and cash equivalents	\$196,290
Prepaid assets	<u>1,005</u>
Total Assets	<u>\$197,295</u>

LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDER'S EQUITY

Total Liabilities	\$ —
Stockholder's equity:	
Preferred stock, \$0.0001 par value; 50,000,000 shares authorized, none issued and outstanding	\$ —
Common stock, \$0.0001 par value; 350,000,000 shares authorized, 20,000 shares issued and outstanding	2
Capital in excess of par value	199,998
Retained deficit	<u>(2,705)</u>
Total Liabilities and Stockholder's Equity	<u>\$197,295</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

BEHRINGER HARVARD REIT I, INC.
(A Development Stage Maryland Corporation)

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF OPERATIONS

For the period from June 28, 2002 (date of inception) through December 31, 2002

Revenues:	
Interest.....	\$ <u>1,100</u>
Total revenue	<u>1,100</u>
Expenses:	
General and administrative	<u>3,805</u>
Total expenses	<u>3,805</u>
Net loss.....	\$ <u>(2,705)</u>
Basic and diluted weighted average shares outstanding.....	20,000
Basic and diluted loss per share	\$ (0.14)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

BEHRINGER HARVARD REIT I, INC.
(A Development Stage Maryland Corporation)

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF STOCKHOLDER'S EQUITY
For the period from June 28, 2002 (date of inception) through December 31, 2002

	<u>Common Stock</u> Number of <u>Shares</u>	<u>Par</u> <u>Value</u>	<u>Capital in Excess</u> <u>of Par Value</u>	<u>Retained</u> <u>Deficit</u>	<u>Total</u> <u>Stockholder's Equity</u>
Balance, June 28, 2002 (date of inception)	—	\$—	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —
Cash received from sale of common stock to Behringer Harvard Holdings, LLC	20,000	2	199,998	—	200,000
Net loss.....	<u>—</u>	<u>=</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>(2,705)</u>	<u>(2,705)</u>
Balance at December 31, 2002	<u>20,000</u>	<u>\$2</u>	<u>\$199,998</u>	<u>\$(2,705)</u>	<u>\$ 197,295</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

BEHRINGER HARVARD REIT I, INC.
(A Development Stage Maryland Corporation)

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

For the period from June 28, 2002 (date of inception) through December 31, 2002

Cash flows from operation activities:	
Net loss.....	\$ (2,705)
Changes in assets and liabilities:	
Prepaid expenses.....	(1,005)
Net cash used in operating activities	(3,710)
Net change in cash and cash equivalents.....	(3,710)
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period	<u>200,000</u>
Cash and cash equivalents, end of period.....	<u>\$196,290</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

BEHRINGER HARVARD REIT I, INC.
(A Development Stage Maryland Corporation)

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
December 31, 2002

1. Organization

Behringer Harvard REIT I, Inc. (the "Company") was organized in Maryland on June 26, 2002. BHR Partners, LLC ("BHR Partners") and Behringer Harvard Operating Partnership I, LP ("Behringer Harvard OP I") are wholly owned subsidiaries of the Company, organized on June 27, 2002. BHR Partners is the limited partner and owner of 99.9% of the limited partnership interest of Behringer Harvard OP I. The Company is the general partner and owner of the remaining 0.1% of the limited partnership interest of Behringer Harvard OP I. The Company intends to file a registration statement on Form S-11 with the Securities and Exchange Commission with respect to the Offering of 88,000,000 shares of common stock.

A maximum of 80,000,000 shares may be sold to the public. In addition, the Company plans to register an additional 8,000,000 shares that will be available only to stockholders who elect to participate in the Company's dividend reinvestment plan at \$10 per share, and up to 3,520,000 shares to broker-dealers pursuant to warrants whereby participating broker-dealers will have the right to purchase one share for every 25 shares they sell in the Offering. The exercise price for shares purchased pursuant to the warrants is \$12 per share.

The Company intends to use the proceeds from its public offering, after deducting offering expenses, primarily to acquire institutional quality office and other commercial properties, such as shopping centers, business and industrial parks, manufacturing facilities and warehouse and distribution facilities, in highly desirable locations in markets with barriers to entry and limited potential for new development.

The Company is in the development stage and has not begun real estate operations.

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Principles of Consolidation

The consolidated financial statements include the accounts of the Company and its wholly owned subsidiaries. All significant intercompany transactions, balances, and profits have been eliminated in consolidation.

Income Taxes

The Company accounts for income taxes in accordance with Statement of Financial Accounting Standards 109, *Accounting for Income Taxes* ("SFAS 109"). Under the liability method of SFAS 109, deferred taxes are determined based on the differences between the financial statements and tax basis of assets and liabilities using enacted tax rates in effect in the years the differences are expected to reverse. For the tax year ended December 31, 2002, the Company incurred an operating loss that is carried forward for federal income tax purposes. However, the Company intends to elect to be treated as a real estate investment trust for subsequent tax years and accordingly will not be subject to federal income tax assuming that certain organizational and operating requirements are met. As a result, the Company is not expected to realize the future benefit of the operating loss carryover. Consequently, the resulting deferred tax asset has been fully reserved. Prior to the application of the valuation allowance the Company had a deferred tax asset related to the loss carryforward of \$947.

Current Federal and State	\$ —
Deferred Federal and State.....	<u>(947)</u>
Total income tax benefit before valuation allowance	<u>\$ (947)</u>
Valuation allowance.....	947
Total income tax benefit after valuation allowance.....	\$ —

Concentration of Credit Risk

At December 31, 2002, the Company had cash on deposit in one financial institution in excess of federally insured levels; however, the Company has not experienced any losses in such account. The Company limits investment of cash investments to financial institutions with high credit standing; therefore, the Company believes it is not exposed to any significant credit risk on cash.

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents consist of cash on hand and highly liquid investments purchased with original maturities of three months or less.

Revenue recognition

Income is recognized as it is earned.

3. Capitalization

At December 31, 2002, the Company was authorized to issue 350,000,000 shares of common stock and 50,000,000 shares of preferred stock. All shares of such stock have a par value of \$0.0001 per share. On June 28, 2002 (date of inception), the Company sold 20,000 shares, at the proposed Offering price of \$10 per share, to Behringer Harvard Holdings, LLC, owner of general and limited partnership interests of the Company's advisor and manager. The Company's Board of Directors may authorize additional shares of capital stock and their characteristics without obtaining shareholder approval.

4. Earnings Per Share

The weighted average number of shares of common stock outstanding was 20,000 for the period ended December 31, 2002.

5. Related Party Arrangements

Certain affiliates of the Company will receive fees and compensation in connection with the Offering, and the acquisition, management and sale of the assets of the Company. Behringer Securities, LP ("Behringer Securities"), the affiliated dealer-manager, will receive a commission of up to 7.0% of gross offering proceeds before reallowance of commissions earned by participating broker-dealers. Behringer Securities intends to reallow 100.0% of commissions earned to participating broker-dealers. In addition, up to 2.5% of gross proceeds before reallowance to participating broker-dealers will be paid to Behringer Securities as a dealer manager fee; provided that Behringer Securities will receive 1.0% of the gross proceeds of purchases pursuant to the Company's dividend reinvestment plan. Behringer Securities may reallow a portion of its dealer manager fee of up to 1.5% of the gross offering proceeds to be paid to such participating broker-dealers as marketing fees, including bona fide conference fees incurred, and due diligence expense reimbursement.

Behringer Advisors, LP ("Behringer Advisors"), the affiliated advisor for the Company, or its affiliates, may receive up to 2.5% of gross offering proceeds for reimbursement of organization and offering expenses upon execution of the advisory agreement. All organization and offering expenses (excluding selling commissions and the dealer manager fee) are being paid for by Behringer Advisors or its affiliates and could be reimbursed by the Company up to 2.5% of gross offering proceeds. Until the advisory agreement is completed and executed, the Company has no obligation to reimburse any organization or offering costs. As of December 31, 2002, Behringer Advisors had paid \$1,926,970 of organization and offering expenses on behalf of the Company. Behringer Advisors or its affiliates also will receive acquisition and advisory fees of up to 3.0% of the contract purchase price of each asset for the acquisition, development or construction of real property or, with respect to any mortgage loan, up to 3.0% of the funds advanced for the purchase or making of a mortgage. Behringer Advisors or its affiliates may also receive up to 0.5% of the contract purchase price of each asset or, with respect to the making or purchase of a mortgage loan, up to 0.5% of the funds advanced, for reimbursement of expenses related to making such investment.

The Company expects to pay HPT Management LP, its property manager, fees for the management and leasing of the Company's properties. Such fees are expected to equal 3.0% of gross revenues plus leasing commissions based upon the customary leasing commission applicable to the geographic location of the respective property.

The Company will pay Behringer Advisors an annual advisor asset management fee of 0.5% of aggregate asset value. Any portion of the asset management fee may be deferred and paid in a subsequent year.

Behringer Advisors or its affiliates also will be paid fees if the advisor provides a substantial amount of services, as determined by the Company's independent directors, in connection with the sale of one or more properties. In such event, the Company will pay the advisor an amount not exceeding the lesser of: (A) one-half of the brokerage commission paid, or (B) 3.0% of the sales price of each property sold, provided that such fee will be subordinated to distributions to investors from sale proceeds of an amount which, together with prior distributions to the investors, will equal (1) 100.0% of their capital contributions plus (2) a 9.0% annual, cumulative, non-compounded return on their capital contributions. Subordinated disposition fees that are not payable at the date of sale, because investors have not yet received their required minimum distributions, will be deferred and paid at such time as these subordination conditions have been satisfied. In addition, after investors have received a return on their net capital contributions and a 9.0% annual, cumulative, non-compounded return, then Behringer Advisors is entitled to receive 15.0% of remaining net sale proceeds. Subordinated participation in net sale proceeds that are not payable at the date of sale, because investors have not yet received their required minimum distribution, will be deferred and paid at such time as the subordination conditions have been satisfied.

Upon listing of the Company's common stock on a national securities exchange or included for quotation on the Nasdaq Stock Market, a fee equal to 15.0% of the amount by which the market value of the Company's outstanding stock plus distributions paid by the Company prior to listing, exceeds the sum of the total amount of capital raised from investors and the amount of cash flow necessary to generate a 9.0% annual, cumulative, non-compounded return to investors will be paid to Behringer Advisors. Upon termination of the Advisory Agreement with Behringer Advisors, a performance fee of 15.0% of the amount by which the Company's appraised asset value at the time of such termination exceeds the aggregate capital contributions contributed by investors plus payment to investors of a 9.0% annual, cumulative, noncompounded return on the capital contributed by investors will be paid to Behringer Advisors as a performance fee.

The Company will reimburse Behringer Advisors for all expenses paid or incurred by them in connection with the services they provide to the Company, subject to the limitation that the Company will not reimburse for any amount by which the advisor's operating expenses (including the asset management fee) at the end of the four preceding fiscal quarters exceeds the greater of: (i) 2.0% of the Company's average invested assets, or (ii) 25.0% of the Company's net income other than any additions to reserves for depreciation, bad debts or other similar non-cash reserves and any gain from the sale of the Company's assets for that period.

EXHIBIT A

PRIOR PERFORMANCE TABLES

The following Prior Performance Tables (Tables) provide information relating to real estate investment programs sponsored by the affiliates of our advisor (Prior Real Estate Programs), most of which have investment objectives similar to Behringer Harvard REIT I. With the exception of the Prior Real Estate Programs which have been aggregated in the following tables as the “Recreational/Residential Programs,” which represents twelve (12) separate programs which invested in recreational and residential properties, each of the other Prior Real Estate Programs was formed for the purpose of investing in commercial properties similar to the type which Behringer Harvard REIT I intends to acquire. See “Investment Objectives and Criteria” elsewhere herein.

Prospective investors should read these Tables carefully together with the summary information concerning the Prior Real Estate Programs as set forth in “Prior Performance Summary” section of this prospectus.

Investors in the Behringer Harvard REIT I will not own any interest in any Prior Real Estate Program and should not assume that they will experience returns, if any, comparable to those experienced by investors in the Prior Real Estate Programs.

The advisor is responsible for the acquisition, operation, maintenance and resale of the real estate properties. Robert M. Behringer is the chief executive officer of our advisor and was a general partner and/or chief executive officer of the Prior Real Estate Programs and is the chief executive officer of our advisor and the founder of the Behringer Harvard REIT I and related companies. The financial results of the Prior Real Estate Programs thus provide an indication of Prior Real Estate Programs for which Mr. Behringer was ultimately responsible and the performance of these programs during the periods covered. However, general economic conditions affecting the real estate industry and other factors contribute significantly to financial results.

The following tables are included herein:

Table I – Experience in Raising and Investing Funds (As a Percentage of Investment)

Table II – Compensation to Sponsor (in Dollars)

Table III – Annual Operating Results of Prior Real Estate Programs

Table IV – Results of Completed Programs

Table V – Results of Sales or Disposals of Property

Additional information relating to the acquisition of properties by the Prior Real Estate Programs is contained in Table VI, which is included in Part II of the registration statement which the Behringer Harvard REIT I has filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission of which this prospectus is a part. Copies of Table VI will be provided to prospective investors at no charge upon request.

The following are definitions of certain terms used in the Tables:

“Acquisition Fees” means fees and commissions paid by a Prior Real Estate Program in connection with its purchase or development of a property, except development fees paid to a person not affiliated with the Prior Real Estate Program or with a general partner or advisor of the Prior Real Estate Program in connection with the actual development of a project after acquisition of land by the Prior Real Estate Program.

“Organization Expenses” include legal fees, accounting fees, securities filing fees, printing and reproduction expenses and fees paid to the sponsor in connection with the planning and formation of the Prior Real Estate Program.

“Underwriting Fees” include selling commissions and wholesaling fees paid to broker-dealers for services provided by the broker-dealers during the offering.

Past performance is not necessarily indicative of future performance.

TABLE I
(UNAUDITED)

EXPERIENCE IN RAISING AND INVESTING FUNDS

This Table provides a summary of the experience of the sponsors of Prior Real Estate Programs for which offerings have been initiated since January 1, 1995. Information is provided with regard to the manner in which the proceeds of the offerings have been applied. Also set forth is information pertaining to the timing and length of these offerings and the time period over which the proceeds have been invested in the properties. All figures are as of September 30, 2002.

	Harvard Property Trust, Inc. ⁽¹⁾	Recreation/Residential Programs ⁽²⁾	Harvard Property I, L.P. ⁽³⁾	Harvard Property III, L.P. ⁽³⁾
Dollar amount offered	<u>\$76,100,000</u> ⁽⁴⁾	<u>\$22,583,906</u> ⁽⁵⁾	<u>\$1,186,254</u> ⁽⁵⁾	<u>\$1,100,000</u> ⁽⁵⁾
Dollar amount raised	<u>60,387,475 (79.3%)</u> ⁽⁴⁾	<u>22,583,906 (100.0%)</u>	<u>1,186,254 (100.0%)</u>	<u>1,100,000 (100.0%)</u>
Less offering expenses:				
Selling commissions and discounts retained by affiliates	—	—	—	—
Organizational expenses	246,563 (0.4%)	—	—	—
Marketing and offering expenses	1,032,263 (1.7%) ⁽⁶⁾	—	—	—
Reserve for operations	—	—	—	—
Percent available for investment	<u>59,108,649 (97.9%)</u>	<u>22,583,906 (100.0%)</u>	<u>1,186,254 (100.0%)</u>	<u>1,100,000 (100.0%)</u>
Acquisition costs:				
Prepaid items and fees related to purchase of property				
Cash down payment ⁽⁷⁾	56,176,180 (35.8%)	21,609,476 (37.3%)	1,176,023 (28.1%)	1,064,785 (28.8%)
Acquisition fees ⁽⁸⁾	544,375 (0.3%)	524,406 (0.9%)	—	—
Loan costs	1,835,419 (1.2%)	450,024 (0.8%)	10,231 (0.2%)	35,215 (1.0%)
Proceeds from mortgage financing	98,520,000 (62.7%) ⁽⁹⁾	35,293,835 (61.0%) ⁽¹⁰⁾	3,000,000 (71.7%) ⁽¹¹⁾	2,600,000 (70.3%) ⁽¹²⁾
Total acquisition costs ⁽¹⁷⁾	<u>\$157,075,974</u>	<u>\$57,877,741</u>	<u>\$4,186,254</u>	<u>\$3,700,000</u>
Percent leveraged	62.7%	61.0%	71.7% ⁽¹²⁾	70.3%
Date offering began	11/22/95	6/30/95	04/05/95	06/21/95
Length of offering (in months)	27	Continuing ⁽¹⁸⁾	2	2
Months to invest 90 percent of amount available for investment (measured from date of offering)	27	Continuing ⁽¹⁸⁾	2	2

Past performance is not necessarily indicative of future performance.

**TABLE I
(UNAUDITED)**

EXPERIENCE IN RAISING AND INVESTING FUNDS

	<u>BRP (Renner Plaza), L.P.⁽³⁾</u>	<u>BRP (SV), L.P.⁽³⁾</u>	<u>6142 Campbell, LTD.⁽³⁾</u>	<u>Behringer Partners Stemmons LP⁽³⁾</u>
Dollar amount offered	<u>\$1,326,578⁽⁵⁾</u>	<u>\$ 3,051,000⁽⁵⁾</u>	<u>\$240,000⁽⁵⁾</u>	<u>\$401,900⁽⁵⁾</u>
Dollar amount raised	<u>1,326,578 (100.0%)</u>	<u>3,051,000 (100.0%)</u>	<u>240,000 (100.0%)</u>	<u>\$401,900 (100.0%)</u>
Less offering expenses:				
Selling commissions and discounts retained by affiliates	—	—	—	—
Organizational expenses	—	—	—	—
Marketing and offering expenses	—	—	—	—
Reserve for operations	—	—	—	—
Percent available for investment	<u>1,326,578 (100.0%)</u>	<u>3,051,000 (100.0%)</u>	<u>240,000 (100.0%)</u>	<u>401,900 (100.0%)</u>
Acquisition costs:				
Prepaid items and fees related to purchase of property				
Cash down payment ⁽⁷⁾	1,222,144 (26.7%)	2,869,406 (32.4%)	220,687 (23.5%)	338,501 (19.5%)
Acquisition fees ⁽⁸⁾	35,500 (0.8%)	84,500 (1.0%)	19,130 (2.0%)	3,951 (0.2%)
Loan costs	68,934 (1.5%)	97,094 (1.1%)	183 —	59,448 (3.4%)
Proceeds from mortgage financing	3,250,000 (71.0%) ⁽¹³⁾	5,800,000 (65.5%) ⁽¹⁴⁾	700,000 (74.5%) ⁽¹⁵⁾	1,330,000 (76.8%) ⁽¹⁶⁾
Total acquisition costs ⁽¹⁷⁾	<u>\$4,576,578</u>	<u>\$ 8,851,000</u>	<u>\$940,000</u>	<u>\$1,731,900</u>
Percent leveraged	71.0%	65.5%	74.5%	76.8%
Date offering began	12/04/99	10/21/00	05/01/96	02/01/01
Length of offering (in months)	2	2	2	2
Months to invest 90 percent of amount available for investment (measured from date of offering)	2	2	2	2

⁽¹⁾ Real estate investment trust in operation from 11/22/95 through 1/1/01 consisting of 21 commercial properties and two development parcels located in Texas and Minnesota.

⁽²⁾ Represents an aggregation of properties held by twelve separate programs having the investment objectives of investing in recreational and/or residential properties, which is not similar to the investment objectives of Behringer Harvard REIT I. These programs hold a total of 13 income-producing properties, consisting of seven marinas, three golf facilities, two apartment complexes and one minor development parcel with locations in Texas, Florida and the U.S. Virgin Islands. Information for these offerings on an aggregate basis by year is presented below. The number of programs represented below for each year is as follows: 1995 - three programs, 1996 - no programs, 1997 - one program, 1998 - one program, 1999 - two programs, 2000 - three programs, 2001 - one program, and 2002 - no programs.

**TABLE I – RECREATION/RESIDENTIAL PROGRAMS
EXPERIENCE IN RAISING AND INVESTING FUNDS**

	1995	%	1996	%	1997	%	1998	%
Dollar amount offered	<u>\$ 3,365,288</u>	100.0%	<u>\$ —</u>	—	<u>\$ 549,000</u>	100.0%	<u>\$ 1,300,200</u>	100.0%
Dollar amount raised	<u>3,365,288</u>	100.0%	<u>\$ —</u>	—	<u>549,000</u>	100.0%	<u>1,300,200</u>	100.0%
Less offering expenses:								
Selling commissions and discounts	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Organizational expenses	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Marketing support and due diligence	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Reserve for operations	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Other	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Amount available for investment	<u>\$ 3,365,288</u>	100.0%	<u>\$ —</u>	—	<u>\$ 549,000</u>	100.0%	<u>\$ 1,300,200</u>	100.0%
Acquisition costs:								
Cash down payment	3,146,879	31.7%	—	—	473,341	19.5%	1,112,200	100.0%
Acquisition fees	101,406	1.0%	—	—	30,000	1.2%	88,000	1.0%
Loan costs	117,003	1.2%	—	—	45,659	1.9%	100,000	1.1%
Proceeds from Mortgage Financing	<u>6,554,876</u>	66.1%	—	—	<u>1,880,000</u>	77.4%	<u>7,900,000</u>	85.9%
Total Acquisition costs	<u>\$ 9,920,164</u>	100.0%	<u>\$ —</u>	—	<u>\$ 2,429,000</u>	100.0%	<u>\$ 9,200,200</u>	100.0%
Percent leveraged (mortgage financing divided by total acquisition costs)	66.1%	66.1%	—	—	77.4%	77.4%	85.9%	85.9%
Date offering began	04/21/95				03/30/97		04/05/98	
Length of offering (in months)	4		—		2		2	
Months to invest 90 percent of amount available for investment measured from date of offering	4				2		2	

Past performance is not necessarily indicative of future performance.

TABLE I – RECREATION/RESIDENTIAL PROGRAMS

	1999	%	2000	%	2001	%	2002	%	Totals
Dollar amount offered	<u>\$4,660,918</u>	100.0%	<u>\$4,308,500</u>	100.0%	<u>\$8,400,000</u>	100.0%	<u>\$ —</u>	—	<u>\$22,583,906</u>
Dollar amount raised	<u>4,660,918</u>	100.0%	<u>4,308,500</u>	100.0%	<u>8,400,000</u>	100.0%	<u>—</u>	—	<u>22,583,906</u>
Less offering expenses:									
Selling commissions and discounts	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Organizational expenses	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Marketing support and due diligence	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Reserve for operations	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Other	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Amount available for investment	<u>\$4,660,918</u>	100.0%	<u>\$4,308,500</u>	100.0%	<u>\$8,400,000</u>	100.0%	<u>\$ —</u>	—	<u>\$22,583,906</u>
Acquisition costs:									
Cash down payment	4,527,696	50.0%	4,158,010	35.9%	8,191,350	52.2%	—	—	21,609,476
Acquisition fees	80,000	0.9%	95,000	0.8%	130,000	0.8%	—	—	524,406
Loan costs	53,222	0.6%	55,490	0.5%	78,650	0.5%	—	—	450,024
Proceeds from Mortgage Financing	<u>4,396,000</u>	48.5%	<u>7,281,500</u>	62.8%	<u>7,281,459</u>	46.4%	<u>—</u>	—	<u>35,293,835</u>
Total Acquisition costs	<u>\$9,056,918</u>	100.0%	<u>\$11,590,000</u>	100.0%	<u>\$15,681,459</u>	100.0%	<u>\$ —</u>	—	<u>\$57,877,741</u>
Percent leveraged (mortgage financing divided by total acquisition costs)	48.5%	48.5%	62.8%	62.8%	46.4%	46.4%	—	—	61.0%
Date offering began	06/21/99		01/08/00		02/19/01				
Length of offering (in months)	4		10		9				
Months to invest 90 percent of amount available for investment measured from date of offering	4		10		9				

(3) Single asset limited partnership with asset based in Texas.

(4) In conjunction with the minimum stockholder requirement for a real estate investment trust and pursuant to a private placement offering commencing November 22, 1995, Harvard Property Trust, Inc. (the “Trust”), offered for sale 1,000 shares of Series A Preferred Stock at a price of \$100 per share. The offering for the Series A Preferred shares was terminated December 31, 1995 with the Trust receiving offering proceeds of \$13,200 (132 shares). The Trust paid Series A investors cash amounts equivalent to a 10.0% annual yield on the Series A shares outstanding. The Preferred Stock Series A was retired on December 31, 1999 with total cash distributions of \$19,326 paid to the holders of the Series A shares. Pursuant to a private placement offering commencing January 26, 1996, the Trust offered for sale 100,000 shares of Series B Convertible Preferred Stock, convertible at the stockholders’ option to 200 shares of common stock, at a price of \$100 per share. The offering for the Series B Preferred shares was terminated March 31, 1997 with the Trust receiving offering proceeds of \$4,581,400 (45,814 shares). The Trust paid these Series B investors cash amounts equivalent to a 9.0% annual yield on their Series B shares outstanding. These Preferred Stock Series B shares were converted to common stock on December 31, 1998 with total cash distributions of \$684,982 paid to the holders of Series B shares prior to conversion to common shares with the balance of \$4,581,400 converting common shares. Pursuant to a private placement offering commencing June 1, 1997, the Trust offered for sale 7,000,000 shares of common stock at a price of \$.75 per share along with 2,150 units, with each unit consisting of a \$5,000 promissory note and warrant to purchase 2,000 shares of common stock. The offering for the common shares and units was terminated December 31, 1997, with the Trust receiving total offering proceeds of \$9,754,623 (\$5,139,623 via common stock purchases and \$4,615,000 from unit sales). Through January 1, 2001, the Liquidation Date of the Trust, common shareholders received total cash distributions of \$5,495,204 and a non-cash liquidating distribution of \$7,614,215. In accordance with the Preferred Stock Series C Offering referenced below, the promissory note and warrant units were repurchased from investors including accrued interest for cash proceeds of \$5,015,000. Pursuant to a private placement offering commencing March 10, 1998, the Trust offered for sale 500,000 shares of Series C Convertible Preferred Stock, convertible at the stockholder’s option to 125 shares of common stock, at a price of \$100 per share. The offering for the Series C Preferred shares was terminated December 31, 1998 with the Trust receiving offering proceeds of \$46,000,000 (460,000 shares). The Trust paid Series C investors cash amounts equivalent to a 14.0% annual yield on their Series C shares. Retirement of the Preferred Stock Series C began on June 21, 1999 and was completed on December 28, 2000 with total aggregate cash distributions of \$52,119,092 paid to the holders of the Series C shares. The weighted average annualized yield for equity invested in the Trust (including the promissory note and warrant units) pursuant to the investment classes listed above was 11.4%.

(5) Dollar amount offered reflects total equity required to complete acquisition which includes escrows and liabilities assumed at closing as well as closing costs, commissions and other fees payable at closing.

(6) Amount includes cash payments for offering costs and 111,600 shares of common stock (cash value \$83,745) issued in connection with the common stock offering detailed in footnote (4).

(7) Cash down payment reflects total cost of acquisition less proceeds from mortgage financing and credits received from seller at time of closing.

(8) Acquisition fees include commissions, finders fees and due diligence reimbursements paid to affiliates of the general partners.

(9) Amount includes proceeds from first mortgage financing in connection with the acquisition of certain assets valued at \$65,020,000. In addition, on October 17, 1998, the Trust entered into a three-year, \$40,000,000 revolving credit facility (“Credit Facility”) with PNC Bank, N.A. and DLJ Capital Funding Inc. Under the terms of the Credit Facility, the Trust borrowed \$33,500,000 to finance the acquisition of additional properties.

(10) Proceeds from mortgage financing in connection with the acquisition of certain assets. The partnerships contained in the portfolio entered into several first mortgage liens secured by certain assets in the aggregate amount of \$35,293,835.

(11) Proceeds from mortgage financing in connection with the acquisition of the asset. The partnership entered into a first mortgage lien secured by the asset in the amount of \$3,000,000.

(12) Proceeds from mortgage financing in connection with the acquisition of the asset. The partnership entered into a first mortgage lien secured by the asset in the amount of \$2,600,000.

(13) Proceeds from mortgage financing in connection with the acquisition of the asset. The partnership entered into a first mortgage lien secured by the asset in the amount of \$3,250,000.

(14) Proceeds from mortgage financing in connection with the acquisition of the asset. The partnership entered into a first mortgage lien secured by the asset in the amount of \$5,800,000.

(15) Proceeds from mortgage financing in connection with the acquisition of the asset. The partnership entered into a first mortgage lien secured by the asset in the amount of \$700,000.

Past performance is not necessarily indicative of future performance.

- ⁽¹⁶⁾ Proceeds from mortgage financing in connection with the acquisition of the asset. The partnership entered into a first mortgage lien secured by the asset in the amount of \$1,330,000.
- ⁽¹⁷⁾ Total acquisition costs include cash down payment, acquisition fees and loan costs as well as the proceeds from mortgage financing.
- ⁽¹⁸⁾ Program is currently active.

Past performance is not necessarily indicative of future performance.

TABLE II
(UNAUDITED)
COMPENSATION TO SPONSOR

The following sets forth the compensation received by affiliates of Behringer Advisors, including compensation paid out of offering proceeds and compensation paid in connection with the ongoing operations of Prior Real Estate Programs the offerings of which have been completed since January 1, 1995. Each of the Prior Real Estate Programs for which information is presented below has similar or identical investment objectives to Behringer Harvard REIT I, with the exception of the recreational and residential programs which have been aggregated under “Recreational/Residential Programs.” All figures are as of September 30, 2002.

	Harvard Property Trust, Inc.	Recreational/Residential Programs	Harvard Property I, L.P.	Harvard Property III, L.P.
Date offering commenced	11/22/95 ⁽¹⁾	06/30/95 ⁽²⁾	04/05/95	06/21/95
Dollar amount raised	<u>\$60,387,475</u>	<u>\$22,583,906</u>	<u>\$1,186,254</u>	<u>\$1,100,000</u>
Amount paid to sponsor from proceeds of offering:				
Underwriting fees				
Acquisition fees				
- Real estate commissions	544,375	524,406	—	—
- Advisory fees	—	—	—	—
Total amount paid to sponsor	<u>544,375</u>	<u>524,406</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>
Dollar amount of cash generated (used in) operations before deducting payments to sponsor	\$12,181,485	\$13,713,083	\$1,111,045	\$1,519,520
Amount paid to sponsor from operations ⁽⁴⁾				
Property management fees	2,286,616	1,548,067	77,325	109,931
Partnership management fees	—	—	—	—
Reimbursements	—	282,835	—	—
Leasing commissions	609,128	—	—	—
Dollar amount of property sales and refinancing before deducting payments to sponsor:				
Cash	149,921,835 ⁽⁵⁾	4,783,483	1,981,599	1,893,192
Other	7,614,215 ⁽⁶⁾	—	—	—
Amount paid to sponsor from property sales and refinancing:				
Real estate commissions	779,527	43,500	—	110,200
Financing fees	223,358	—	—	—

Past performance is not necessarily indicative of future performance.

TABLE II (Cont'd)
(UNAUDITED)
COMPENSATION TO SPONSOR

	BRP (Renner Plaza), LP	BRP (SV), L.P.	6142 Campbell, LTD.	Behringer Partners Stemmons LP
Date offering commenced	12/04/99	10/21/00	05/01/96	02/02/01
Dollar amount raised	<u>\$1,326,578</u>	<u>\$3,051,000</u>	<u>\$240,000</u>	<u>\$401,900</u>
Amount paid to sponsor from proceeds of offering:				
Underwriting fees				
Acquisition fees				
- Real estate commissions	35,500	84,500	—	—
- Advisory fees	140,000 ⁽³⁾	—	—	—
Total amount paid to sponsor	<u>175,500</u>	<u>84,500</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>
Dollar amount of cash generated (used in) operations before deducting payments to sponsor	\$1,696,012	\$959,897	\$181,990	\$31,208
Amount paid to sponsor from operations ⁽⁴⁾				
Property management fees	129,618	76,677	10,618	—
Partnership management fees	—	—	—	—
Reimbursements	—	—	—	—
Leasing commissions	—	—	—	—
Dollar amount of property sales and refinancing before deducting payments to sponsor:				
Cash	—	—	415,048	—
Other	—	—	—	—
Amount paid to sponsor from property sales and refinancing:				
Real estate commissions	—	—	—	—
Financing fees	—	—	—	—

⁽¹⁾ Initial offering commenced 11/22/95 followed by three separate offerings through 12/31/98. See Table I, footnote (4) for a more detailed description of offerings.

Past performance is not necessarily indicative of future performance.

- (2) Initial offering for first recreational program commenced June 30, 1995, followed by eleven additional recreational and residential program offerings, each commensurate with the purchase of property. Information for these offerings on an aggregate basis by year is presented below. The number of programs represented below for each year is as follows: 1995 – three programs, 1996 - no programs, 1997 – one program, 1998 – one program, 1999 – two programs, 2000 – three programs, 2001 – one program, and 2002 – no programs.

TABLE II – COMPENSATION TO SPONSOR

	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	Through 9/30/2002	Totals
Date offering commenced									
Dollar amount raised	<u>\$3,365,288</u>	<u>\$ —</u>	<u>\$549,000</u>	<u>\$1,300,200</u>	<u>\$4,660,918</u>	<u>\$4,308,500</u>	<u>\$8,400,000</u>	<u>\$ —</u>	<u>\$22,583,906</u>
Amount paid to sponsor from proceeds of offering:									
Underwriting fees									
Acquisition fees									
Real estate commissions	101,406	—	30,000	88,000	80,000	95,000	130,000	—	524,406
Advisory fees	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Total amount paid to sponsor	101,406	—	30,000	88,000	80,000	95,000	130,000	—	524,406
Dollar amount of cash generated from (used in) operations before deducting payments to sponsor:	289,124	939,999	1,353,620	1,687,070	2,267,977	2,511,783	4,663,510	4,421,167	18,134,250
Amount paid to sponsor from operations									
Property management fees	33,615	91,839	111,368	165,370	118,208	251,667	438,271	337,729	1,548,067
Partnership management fees	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Reimbursements	9,000	21,735	36,000	36,000	45,600	55,200	42,400	36,900	282,835
Leasing commissions	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Dollar amount of property sales and refinancing before deducting payments to sponsor:									
Cash	—	—	332,045	1,848,996	1,249,303	1,112,139	—	241,000	4,783,483
Other	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Amount paid to sponsors from property sales and refinancing:									
Real estate commissions	—	—	—	—	—	43,500	—	—	43,500
Financing fees	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Other	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—

- (3) Amount paid to sponsor for negotiating new ten-year lease with tenant in connection with the acquisition of the property.
- (4) An affiliate of sponsor provides management services for certain properties acquired in the respective programs. With the exception of the Recreational/Residential Program, management fees have not exceeded 4.5% of the gross receipts from the properties managed. With respect to the Recreational/Residential Program, the marinas are managed by an affiliate of the sponsor for a fee not to exceed 8.0% of operating cash flow and the golf properties are managed by a third party for total fees not to exceed 25.0% of operating cash flow.
- (5) Amount includes \$68,677,064 of borrowings under mortgages and refinancing of certain of those mortgages. In addition, amount also includes proceeds of \$33,500,000 from draws on Credit Facility in connection with the acquisition of five properties. See Table V, footnote (13) for a detailed description of the borrowing activity under the Credit Facility. Amount also includes \$47,744,771 of cash generated from property sales net of closing costs and repayment of borrowings secured by the assets sold.
- (6) Non-cash distribution recognized in conjunction with the transfer of ownership of the four remaining real estate assets, Harvard Property Provident LP, Harvard Property Metrocrest LP, HPT / PMD Investments LP and Harvard Property (UP) LP, to an unrelated liquidating trust for the purposes of concluding Harvard Property Trust, Inc. See Table V, footnote (5) for a more detailed description of the liquidating trust.

Past performance is not necessarily indicative of future performance.

TABLE III (UNAUDITED)
ANNUAL OPERATING RESULTS OF PRIOR REAL ESTATE PROGRAMS

The following sets forth the compensation received by affiliates of Behringer Advisors, including compensation paid out of offering proceeds and compensation paid in connection with the ongoing operations of Prior Real Estate Programs, the offerings of which have been completed since January 1, 1995. Each of the Prior Real Estate Programs for which information is presented below has similar or identical investment objectives to Behringer Harvard REIT I, with the exception of the recreational and residential programs which have been aggregated under "Recreational/Residential Programs."

Harvard Property Trust, Inc.

	<u>1995</u>	<u>1996</u>	<u>1997</u>	<u>1998</u>
Gross revenue	\$199	\$953,977	\$6,093,101	\$21,168,338
Profit on sale of properties	—	—		135,610 ⁽²⁾
Less: Operating expenses	—	440,476	2,750,593	9,944,353
Interest expense	—	322,907	2,149,221	5,578,734 ⁽¹²⁾
Depreciation and amortization	—	<u>155,092</u>	<u>874,566</u>	<u>3,108,470</u>
Net income – GAAP basis	<u>199</u>	<u>7,253</u> ⁽⁶⁾	<u>188,060</u> ⁽⁶⁾	<u>2,672,391</u> ⁽⁶⁾
Taxable income				
- from operations	(1,099)	5,009	114,950	1,761,910
- from gain on sale		9,206		139,496
Cash generated from operations	—	(17,579)	100,058	4,984,340
Cash generated from sales ⁽⁷⁾	—	—		3,228,568
Cash generated from financing / refinancing	—	<u>7,775,000</u> ⁽⁸⁾	<u>39,245,000</u> ⁽⁸⁾	<u>43,400,000</u> ⁽⁹⁾
Total cash generated from operations, sales and refinancing	—	<u>7,757,421</u>	<u>39,345,058</u>	<u>51,612,908</u>
Less: Cash distributions to investors				
- from operating cash flow	—	41,316	313,107	2,173,135
- from sales and refinancing	—	—	—	—
Cash generated (deficiency) after cash distributions	—	<u>7,716,105</u>	<u>39,031,951</u>	<u>49,439,773</u>
Less: Special items (not including sales and refinancing)				
Contributions from preferred stockholders	13,200	2,277,652 ⁽¹³⁾	2,229,500 ⁽¹³⁾	46,000,000 ⁽¹⁴⁾
Contributions from common stockholders	37,500	—	5,139,623	—
Contributions from note holders	75,000	(75,000)	4,615,000 ⁽¹⁵⁾	(4,615,000) ⁽¹⁵⁾
Payment of interest on loan	—	322,907	2,149,221	5,578,734 ⁽¹²⁾
Acquisition of land and buildings	—	9,440,524	47,598,431	87,292,381
Amortization of principal on loans	—	29,472	224,819	2,077,560
Other	—	—	<u>365,751</u> ⁽¹⁶⁾	<u>1,507,591</u> ⁽¹⁷⁾
Cash generated (deficiency) after cash distributions and special items	<u>125,700</u>	<u>448,761</u>	<u>2,827,073</u>	<u>(52,759)</u>
<i>Tax and Distribution Data Per \$1,000 Invested</i>				
Federal income tax results:				
Ordinary income (loss)				
- from operations	(9)	2	8	32
- from recapture	—	—	—	—
Capital gain (loss)	—	4	—	3
Cash distributions to investors				
Source (on GAAP basis)				
- from investment income	—	—	8	39
- from return of capital	—	<u>18</u>	<u>14</u>	—
Total distributions on GAAP basis	—	<u>18</u>	<u>22</u>	<u>39</u>
Source (on cash basis)				
- from operations	—	18	22	39
- from sales	—	—	—	—
- from refinancing	—	—	—	—
Total distributions on cash basis	—	<u>18</u>	<u>22</u>	<u>39</u>
Amount (in percentage terms) remaining invested in program properties at the end of last year reported in table	—	9.1%	51.6%	97.4%

Past performance is not necessarily indicative of future performance.

TABLE III
(UNAUDITED)
ANNUAL OPERATING RESULTS OF PRIOR REAL ESTATE PROGRAMS

Harvard Property Trust, Inc. (Cont'd)

	<u>1999</u>	<u>2000</u>	<u>2001</u> ⁽¹⁾
Gross revenue	\$22,149,294	\$10,128,602	—
Profit on sale of properties	8,780,171 ⁽³⁾	5,295,948 ⁽⁴⁾	2,055,933 ⁽⁵⁾
Less: Operating expenses	10,692,036	5,460,051	—
Interest expense	5,922,366 ⁽¹²⁾	3,088,777	—
Depreciation and amortization	<u>3,582,740</u>	<u>2,605,625</u>	—
Net income – GAAP basis	<u>10,782,718</u> ⁽⁶⁾	<u>3,880,087</u> ⁽⁶⁾	<u>2,055,933</u> ⁽⁶⁾
Taxable income			
- from operation	1,617,237	(429,977)	—
- from gain on sale	8,195,759	2,552,143	—
Cash generated from operations	5,534,892	1,579,774	—
Cash generated from sales ⁽⁷⁾	41,531,197	2,976,696	—
Cash generated from financing / refinancing	<u>8,495,717</u> ⁽¹⁰⁾	<u>3,261,347</u> ⁽¹¹⁾	—
Total cash generated from operations, sales and refinancing	<u>55,561,806</u>	<u>7,817,817</u>	—
Less: Cash distributions to investors			
- from operating cash flow	9,820,554	2,180,029	—
- from sales and refinancing	40,247,784	5,365,929	—
Cash generated (deficiency) after cash distributions	<u>5,493,468</u>	<u>271,859</u>	—
Less: Special items (not including sales and refinancing)			
Contributions from preferred stockholders	—	—	—
Contributions from common stockholders	—	—	—
Contributions from note holders	—	—	—
Payment of interest on loan	5,922,366 ⁽¹²⁾	3,088,777	—
Acquisition of land and buildings	8,100,000	—	—
Amortization of principal on loans	481,557	178,924	—
Other	—	—	<u>7,614,215</u> ⁽¹⁸⁾
Cash generated (deficiency) after cash distributions and special items	<u>(3,088,098)</u>	<u>92,935</u>	—
<i>Tax and Distribution Data Per \$1,000 Invested</i>			
Federal income tax results:			
Ordinary income (loss)			
- from operations	29	(8)	—
- from recapture	—	—	—
Capital gain (loss)	147	46	—
Cash distribution to investors			
Source (on GAAP basis)			
- from investment income	899	135	—
- from return of capital	—	—	—
Total distributions on GAAP basis	<u>899</u>	<u>135</u>	—
Source (on cash basis)			
- from operations	146	39	—
- from sales	746	53	—
- from refinancing	<u>7</u>	<u>59</u>	—
Total distributions on cash basis	<u>899</u>	<u>151</u>	—
Amount (in percentage terms) remaining invested in program properties at the end of last year reported in table	45.4%	35.3%	—

Past performance is not necessarily indicative of future performance.

- (1) No activity for 2001. Program ended January 1, 2001.
- (2) Amount represents gain recognized in connection with the sale of the Park 96 and Centerport land parcels.
- (3) Amount represents gain recognized in connection with the sale of the Meridian, Parkside, 812 San Antonio, Gleneagles, Rosedale, Atrium Quadrant, Clarke, Superior, Capitol and Willow Creek properties.
- (4) Amount represents gain recognized in connection with the sale of the North Hampton and Lake Calhoun properties.
- (5) Non-cash gain recognized in conjunction with the transfer of ownership on January 1, 2001 of the 4 remaining properties to a liquidating trust for the purposes of concluding Harvard Property Trust, Inc. See Table V, footnote (5) for a more detailed description of the transaction regarding the liquidating trust. Amount presented on a tax basis. There is no adjustment required for GAAP.
- (6) Net income amounts presented net of minority interest in partnerships.
- (7) Cash generated from sales net of closing costs and repayment of mortgage or Credit Facility liens. See Table I, footnote (9) for a description of the Credit Facility.
- (8) Proceeds from initial mortgages placed on new acquisitions.
- (9) Amount includes \$25,400,000 drawn on the Credit Facility and proceeds of \$18,000,000 from initial mortgages placed on the Harvard Property Rosedale acquisition.
- (10) Amount includes \$8,100,000 drawn on the Credit Facility and proceeds of \$395,717 from the refinance of the HPT/PMD partnership asset.
- (11) Proceeds from refinance of the Metrocrest and University Plaza properties.
- (12) Amount includes interest paid on funds drawn on Credit Facility.
- (13) Proceeds raised in connection with the Series B Preferred Stock offering dated January 26, 1996.
- (14) Proceeds raised in connection with the Series C Preferred Stock offering dated March 10, 1998.
- (15) Pursuant to a private placement offering commencing June 1, 1997, Harvard Property Trust, Inc. (the "Trust") sold \$4,615,000 of 9.0% subordinated promissory notes with attached warrants to purchase common shares. In conjunction with the proceeds raised in a private placement offering commencing March 10, 1998, the Trust retired the subordinated promissory notes for \$4,615,000.
- (16) Amount includes \$330,751 for payments of offering costs.
- (17) Amount includes \$217,767 for payments of offering costs, \$889,824 for payment of fees in connection with the closing of the \$40,000,000 revolving Credit Facility and \$400,000 for the repurchase of outstanding warrants in connection with the redemption of the subordinated promissory notes detailed in footnote (15).
- (18) Non-cash distribution recognized in conjunction with the transfer of ownership on January 1, 2001 of the four remaining properties, Metrocrest, Sam Houston, University Plaza and Provident, to a liquidating trust for the purposes of concluding Harvard Property Trust, Inc. See Table V, footnote (5) for a more detailed description of the transaction regarding the liquidating trust.
- (19) Commencing November 22, 1995, the Trust offered for sale 1,000 shares of Series A Preferred Stock at a price of \$100 per share. This offering was terminated December 31, 1995 with the Trust receiving offering proceeds of \$13,200 (132 shares). The Trust paid Series A investors cash amounts equivalent to a 10.0% annual yield on the Series A shares outstanding. The Preferred Stock Series A was retired on December 31, 1999 with total cash distributions of \$19,326 paid to the holders of the Series A shares. Commencing January 26, 1996, the Trust offered for sale 100,000 shares of Series B Convertible Preferred Stock, convertible at the stockholders' option to 200 shares of common stock, at a price of \$100 per share. This offering was terminated March 31, 1997 with the Trust receiving offering proceeds of \$4,581,400 (45,814 shares). The Trust paid these Series B investors cash amounts equivalent to a 9.0% annual yield on their Series B shares outstanding. These Preferred Stock Series B shares were converted to common stock on December 31, 1998 with total cash distributions of \$684,982 paid to the holders of Series B shares prior to conversion to common shares with the balance of \$4,581,400 converting common shares. Commencing June 1, 1997, the Trust offered for sale 7,000,000 shares of common stock at a price of \$.75 per share along with 2,150 units, with each unit consisting of a \$5,000 promissory note and warrant to purchase 2,000 shares of common stock. This offering was terminated December 31, 1997, with the Trust receiving total offering proceeds of \$9,754,623 (\$5,139,623 via common stock purchases and \$4,615,000 from unit sales). Through January 1, 2001, the Liquidation Date of the Trust, common shareholders received total cash distributions of \$5,495,204 and a non-cash liquidating distribution of \$7,614,215. In accordance with the Preferred Stock Series C Offering referenced below the promissory note and warrant units were repurchased from investors including accrued interest for cash proceeds of \$5,015,000. Commencing March 10, 1998, the Trust offered for sale 500,000 shares of Series C Convertible Preferred Stock, convertible at the stockholder's option to 125 shares of common stock, at a price of \$100 per share. This offering was terminated December 31, 1998 with the Trust receiving offering proceeds of \$46,000,000 (460,000 shares). The Trust paid Series C investors cash amounts equivalent to a 14.0% annual yield on their Series C shares. Retirement of the Preferred Stock Series C began on June 21, 1999 and was completed on December 28, 2000 with total aggregate cash distributions of \$52,119,092 paid to the holders of the Series C shares. The weighted average annualized yield for equity invested in the Trust (including the promissory note and warrant units) pursuant to the investment classes listed above was 11.4%.

Past performance is not necessarily indicative of future performance.

TABLE III (UNAUDITED)
ANNUAL OPERATING RESULTS OF PRIOR REAL ESTATE PROGRAMS

Recreational / Residential Programs ⁽¹⁾

	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	Through 9/30/02
Gross revenue	\$957,398	\$2,640,476	\$3,179,531	\$4,061,581	\$4,607,297	\$8,042,916	\$10,372,199	\$8,806,473
Profit on sale of properties	—	—	—	77,952 ⁽²⁾	—	1,340,732 ⁽³⁾	—	—
Interest income	6,993	29,594	23,466	20,931	12,168	19,883	91,883	19,247
Less: Operating expenses	668,274	1,700,477	1,878,699	2,374,511	2,339,320	5,531,233	5,708,689	4,385,306
Interest expense	276,628	748,911	884,739	1,151,293	1,424,225	1,872,810	2,518,792	1,821,456
Depreciation and amortization	<u>130,056</u>	<u>413,114</u>	<u>444,173</u>	<u>546,010</u>	<u>762,936</u>	<u>1,055,404</u>	<u>2,009,576</u>	<u>1,747,095</u>
Net income – GAAP basis	<u>(110,567)</u>	<u>(192,432)</u>	<u>(4,614)</u>	<u>788,650</u>	<u>92,984</u>	<u>944,084</u>	<u>227,025</u>	<u>871,863</u>
Taxable income								
- from operation	(119,418)	(526,998)	(290,495)	(61,015)	(60,290)	(1,136,123)	(403,490)	—
- from gain on sale	—	—	—	944,227	—	1,340,732	—	—
Cash generated from operations	289,124	939,999	1,353,620	1,687,070	2,267,977	2,511,783	4,663,510	4,421,167
Cash generated from sales	—	—	—	1,848,996 ⁽²⁾	—	1,068,639 ⁽³⁾	—	241,000
Cash generated from refinancing	—	—	332,045 ⁽⁴⁾	—	1,249,303 ⁽⁵⁾	—	—	—
Total cash generated from operations, sales and refinancing	<u>289,124</u>	<u>939,999</u>	<u>1,685,665</u>	<u>3,536,066</u>	<u>3,517,280</u>	<u>3,580,422</u>	<u>4,663,510</u>	<u>4,662,167</u>
Less: Cash distributions to investors								
- from operating cash flow	20,700	316,999	407,631	613,183	986,371	1,734,372	1,562,531	2,220,063
- from sales and refinancing	—	—	—	1,849,000	1,249,303	—	—	241,000
Cash generated (deficiency) after cash distributions	<u>268,424</u>	<u>623,000</u>	<u>1,278,034</u>	<u>1,073,883</u>	<u>1,281,606</u>	<u>1,846,050</u>	<u>3,100,979</u>	<u>2,201,104</u>
Less: Special items (not including sales and refinancing)								
Limited partners' capital contributions	—	32,000	—	—	—	506,040 ⁽⁶⁾	—	—
General partners' capital contributions	—	—	—	—	—	—	275,000	—
Payment of interest on loan	276,628	748,911	884,739	1,151,293	1,424,225	1,872,810	2,518,792	1,821,456
Acquisition of land and buildings	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Increase in other assets	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Other	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Cash generated (deficiency) after cash distributions and special items	<u>(8,204)</u>	<u>(93,911)</u>	<u>393,295</u>	<u>(77,410)</u>	<u>(142,619)</u>	<u>479,280</u>	<u>857,187</u>	<u>379,648</u>
<i>Tax and Distribution Data Per \$1,000</i>								
<i>Invested</i>								
Federal income tax results:								
Ordinary income (loss)								
- from operations	(88)	(157)	(79)	(15)	(12)	(111)	(24)	—
- from recapture	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Capital gain (loss)	—	—	—	232	—	131	—	—
Cash distribution to investors								
Source (on GAAP basis)								
- from investment income	15	94	45	604	190	169	91	98
- from return of capital	—	—	65	—	241	—	—	11
Total distributions on GAAP basis	<u>15</u>	<u>94</u>	<u>111</u>	<u>604</u>	<u>432</u>	<u>169</u>	<u>91</u>	<u>109</u>
Source (on cash basis)								
- from operations	15	94	45	150	190	65	91	98
- from sales	—	—	—	453	—	104	—	11
- from refinancing	—	—	65	—	241	—	—	—
Total distributions on cash basis	<u>15</u>	<u>94</u>	<u>111</u>	<u>604</u>	<u>432</u>	<u>169</u>	<u>91</u>	<u>109</u>
Amount (in percentage terms) remaining invested in program properties at the end of last year reported in table	17.2%	17.2%	21.7%	38.0%	44.7%	68.4%	90.14%	89.4%

(1) Represents an aggregation of the results of twelve separate programs having the investment objective of acquiring recreational or residential properties, which is not similar to the investment objectives of Behringer Harvard REIT I.

(2) Proceeds from the sale of University Gardens Apartment Complex.

(3) Proceeds from the sale of Brookhollow Apartment Complex.

(4) Proceeds from refinance of Brookhollow Apartment Complex.

(5) Proceeds from refinance of the Lakeway Marina and Parkside Marina properties.

(6) Proceeds from investors in the Golf Centers of Texas properties.

Past performance is not necessarily indicative of future performance.

TABLE III (UNAUDITED)
ANNUAL OPERATING RESULTS OF PRIOR REAL ESTATE PROGRAMS
Harvard Property I, L.P.⁽¹⁾

	<u>1995</u>	<u>1996</u>	<u>1997</u>
Gross revenue	\$443,251	\$772,511	\$789,432
Profit on sale of properties	—	—	1,188,000
Interest income	—	—	—
Less: Operating expenses	175,487	333,001	385,661
Interest expense	162,612	269,280	239,660
Depreciation and amortization	<u>49,464</u>	<u>88,737</u>	<u>82,085</u>
Net income – GAAP basis	<u>55,688</u>	<u>81,493</u>	<u>1,125,259</u>
Taxable income			
- from operation	59,221	77,993	56,980
- from gain on sale	—	—	1,183,219
Cash generated from operations	267,764	439,510	403,771
Cash generated from sales	—	—	1,981,599
Cash generated from refinancing	—	—	—
Total cash generated from operations, sales and refinancing	<u>267,764</u>	<u>439,510</u>	<u>2,385,370</u>
Less: Cash distributions to investors			
- from operating cash flow	45,591	234,794	326,648
- from sales and refinancing	—	—	1,982,000
Cash generated (deficiency) after cash distributions	<u>222,173</u>	<u>204,716</u>	<u>76,722</u>
Less: Special items (not including sales and refinancing)			
Limited partners' capital contributions	—	—	—
General partners' capital contributions	—	—	—
Payment of interest on loan	162,612	269,280	239,660
Acquisition of land and buildings	—	—	—
Increase in other assets	—	—	—
Other	—	—	—
Cash generated (deficiency) after cash distributions and special items	<u>59,561</u>	<u>(64,564)</u>	<u>(162,938)</u>
<i>Tax and Distribution Data Per \$1,000 Invested</i>			
Federal income tax results:			
Ordinary income (loss)			
- from operations	50	66	48
- from recapture	—	—	—
Capital gain (loss)	—	—	997
Cash distribution to investors			
Source (on GAAP basis)			
- from investment income	38	198	275
- from return of capital	—	—	1,671
Total distributions on GAAP basis	<u>38</u>	<u>198</u>	<u>1,946</u>
Source (on cash basis)			
- from operations	38	198	275
- from sales	—	—	1,671
- from refinancing	—	—	—
Total distributions on cash basis	<u>38</u>	<u>198</u>	<u>1,946</u>
Amount (in percentage terms) remaining invested in program properties at the end of last year report in table	100.0%	100.0%	—

(1) Property sold and program ended in 1997.

Past performance is not necessarily indicative of future performance.

TABLE III (UNAUDITED)
ANNUAL OPERATING RESULTS OF PRIOR REAL ESTATE PROGRAMS
Harvard Property III, L.P.⁽¹⁾

	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999
Gross revenue	\$206,874	\$552,605	\$727,072	\$831,218	\$21,077
Profit on sale of properties	—	—	—	—	1,125,259
Interest income	—	2,340	1,378	792	—
Less: Operating expenses	51,284	206,469	265,606	256,105	41,983
Interest expense	101,018	272,532	305,552	297,369	28,726
Depreciation and amortization	<u>27,776</u>	<u>83,369</u>	<u>100,574</u>	<u>171,087</u>	<u>13,169</u>
Net income – GAAP basis	<u>26,796</u>	<u>(7,424)</u>	<u>56,718</u>	<u>107,449</u>	<u>1,451,482</u>
Taxable income					
- from operation	26,796	(16,284)	(887)	136,815	(214,082)
- from gain on sale	—	—	—	—	1,188,060
Cash generated from operations	155,540	346,136	462,843	575,906	(20,905)
Cash generated from sales	—	—	—	—	1,451,481
Cash generated from refinancing	<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>441,711</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>
Total cash generated from operations, sales and refinancing	<u>155,540</u>	<u>346,136</u>	<u>904,554</u>	<u>575,906</u>	<u>1,430,577</u>
Less: Cash distributions to investors					
- from operating cash flow	11,977	94,445	266,042	78,986	25,386
- from sales and refinancing	—	—	411,711	—	1,451,482
Cash generated (deficiency) after cash distributions	<u>143,563</u>	<u>251,691</u>	<u>196,801</u>	<u>496,920</u>	<u>(46,291)</u>
Less: Special items (not including sales and refinancing)					
Limited partners' capital contributions	—	—	—	—	—
General partners' capital contributions	—	—	—	—	—
Payment of interest on loan	101,018	272,532	305,552	297,369	28,726
Acquisition of land and buildings	—	—	—	—	—
Increase in other assets	—	—	—	—	—
Other	<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>
Cash generated (deficiency) after cash distributions and special items	<u>42,545</u>	<u>(20,841)</u>	<u>(108,752)</u>	<u>199,551</u>	<u>(75,017)</u>
<i>Tax and Distribution Data Per \$1,000 Invested</i>					
Federal income tax results:					
Ordinary income (loss)					
- from operations	24	(15)	(1)	124	(195)
- from recapture	—	—	—	—	—
Capital gain (loss)	—	—	—	—	1,080
Cash distribution to investors					
Source (on GAAP basis)					
- from investment income	11	86	242	72	23
- from return of capital	<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>402</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>1,320</u>
Total distributions on GAAP basis	<u>11</u>	<u>86</u>	<u>643</u>	<u>72</u>	<u>1,343</u>
Source (on cash basis)					
- from operations	11	86	242	72	23
- from sales	—	—	—	—	1,320
- from refinancing	<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>403</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>
Total distributions on cash basis	<u>11</u>	<u>86</u>	<u>643</u>	<u>72</u>	<u>1,343</u>
Amount (in percentage terms) remaining invested in program properties at the end of last year reported in table	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	—

⁽¹⁾ Property sold and program ended in 1999.

Past performance is not necessarily indicative of future performance.

TABLE III (UNAUDITED)
ANNUAL OPERATING RESULTS OF PRIOR REAL ESTATE PROGRAMS
BRP (Renner Plaza), LP⁽¹⁾

	<u>2000</u>	<u>2001</u>	Through <u>9/30/02</u>
Gross revenue	\$639,945	\$850,473	\$614,909
Profit on sale of properties	—	—	—
Interest income	—	—	—
Less: Operating expenses	87,594	200,292	140,180
Interest expense	267,115	293,505	216,603
Depreciation and amortization	<u>102,865</u>	<u>114,031</u>	<u>88,525</u>
Net income – GAAP basis	<u>182,371</u>	<u>242,645</u>	<u>169,601</u>
Taxable income			
- from operation	115,929	194,583	—
- from gain on sale	—	—	—
Cash generated from operations	552,352	650,181	474,729
Cash generated from sales	—	—	—
Cash generated from refinancing	<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>
Total cash generated from operations, sales and refinancing	<u>552,352</u>	<u>650,181</u>	<u>474,729</u>
Less: Cash distributions to investors			
- from operating cash flow	152,232	252,500	92,109
- from sales and refinancing	—	—	—
Cash generated (deficiency) after cash distributions	<u>400,120</u>	<u>397,681</u>	<u>382,710</u>
Less: Special items (not including sales and refinancing)			
Limited partners' capital contributions	—	—	—
General partners' capital contributions	—	—	—
Payment of interest on loan	267,115	293,505	216,603
Acquisition of land and buildings	—	—	—
Increase in other assets	—	—	—
Other	<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>
Cash generated (deficiency) after cash distributions and special items	<u>133,005</u>	<u>104,176</u>	<u>166,107</u>
<i>Tax and Distribution Data Per \$1,000 Invested</i>			
Federal income tax results:			
Ordinary income (loss)			
- from operations	87	147	—
- from recapture	—	—	—
Capital gain (loss)	—	—	—
Cash distribution to investors			
Source (on GAAP basis)			
- from investment income	115	190	69
- from return of capital	<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>
Total distributions on GAAP basis	<u>115</u>	<u>190</u>	<u>69</u>
Source (on cash basis)			
- from operations	115	190	69
- from sales	—	—	—
- from refinancing	<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>
Total distributions on cash basis	<u>115</u>	<u>190</u>	<u>69</u>
Amount (in percentage terms) remaining invested in program properties at the end of last year reported in table	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%

⁽¹⁾ Property acquired and program initiated in 2000.

Past performance is not necessarily indicative of future performance.

TABLE III (UNAUDITED)
ANNUAL OPERATING RESULTS OF PRIOR REAL ESTATE PROGRAMS
BRP (SV), L.P.⁽¹⁾

	<u>2000</u>	<u>2001</u>	Through <u>9/30/02</u>
Gross revenue	\$20,491	\$995,100	\$856,425
Profit on sale of properties	—	—	—
Interest income	(1,407)	(7,313)	876
Less: Operating expenses	7,905	496,541	407,671
Interest expense	15,096	467,061	393,691
Depreciation and amortization	<u>11,423</u>	<u>358,052</u>	<u>473,838</u>
Net income – GAAP basis	<u>(15,340)</u>	<u>(333,867)</u>	<u>(417,899)</u>
Taxable income			
- from operation	(13,933)	(154,217)	—
- from gain on sale	—	—	—
Cash generated from operations	12,585	498,558	448,558
Cash generated from sales	—	—	—
Cash generated from refinancing	—	—	—
Total cash generated from operations, sales and refinancing	<u>12,585</u>	<u>498,558</u>	<u>448,558</u>
Less: Cash distributions to investors			
- from operating cash flow	—	—	—
- from sales and refinancing	—	—	—
Cash generated (deficiency) after cash distributions	<u>12,585</u>	<u>498,558</u>	<u>448,558</u>
Less: Special items (not including sales and refinancing)			
Limited partners' capital contributions	—	650,000	—
General partners' capital contributions	—	—	—
Payment of interest on loan	15,096	467,061	393,691
Acquisition of land and buildings	—	—	—
Increase in other assets	—	—	—
Other	—	—	—
Cash generated (deficiency) after cash distributions and special items	<u>(2,511)</u>	<u>681,497</u>	<u>54,867</u>
<i>Tax and Distribution Data Per \$1,000 Invested</i>			
Federal income tax results:			
Ordinary income (loss)			
- from operations	(15)	(51)	—
- from recapture	—	—	—
Capital gain (loss)	—	—	—
Cash distribution to investors			
Source (on GAAP basis)			
- from investment income	—	—	—
- from return of capital	—	—	—
Total distributions on GAAP basis	<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>
Source (on cash basis)			
- from operations	—	—	—
- from sales	—	—	—
- from refinancing	—	—	—
Total distributions on cash basis	<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>
Amount (in percentage terms) remaining invested in program properties at the end of last year reported in table	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%

⁽¹⁾ Property acquired and program initiated in 2000.

Past performance is not necessarily indicative of future performance.

TABLE III (UNAUDITED)
ANNUAL OPERATING RESULTS OF PRIOR REAL ESTATE PROGRAMS
6142 Campbell, LTD.⁽¹⁾

	<u>1996</u>	<u>1997</u>	<u>1998</u>
Gross revenue	\$77,294	\$174,887	\$190,254
Profit on sale of properties	—	—	251,229
Interest income	—	—	—
Less: Operating expenses	49,815	101,474	109,156
Interest expense	28,875	62,707	70,095
Depreciation and amortization	<u>8,788</u>	<u>9,673</u>	<u>19,042</u>
Net income – GAAP basis	<u>(10,184)</u>	<u>1,033</u>	<u>243,190</u>
Taxable income			
- from operation	(8,344)	(1,904)	(13,433)
- from gain on sale	—	—	—
Cash generated from operations	27,479	73,413	81,098
Cash generated from sales	—	—	415,048
Cash generated from refinancing	<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>
Total cash generated from operations, sales and refinancing	<u>27,479</u>	<u>73,413</u>	<u>496,146</u>
Less: Cash distributions to investors			
- from operating cash flow	—	12,000	47,272
- from sales and refinancing	—	—	415,048
Cash generated (deficiency) after cash distributions	<u>27,479</u>	<u>61,413</u>	<u>33,826</u>
Less: Special items (not including sales and refinancing)			
Limited partners' capital contributions	—	—	—
General partners' capital contributions	—	—	—
Payment of interest on loan	28,875	62,707	70,095
Acquisition of land and buildings	—	—	—
Increase in other assets	—	—	—
Other	<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>
Cash generated (deficiency) after cash distributions and special items	<u>(1,396)</u>	<u>(1,294)</u>	<u>(36,269)</u>
<i>Tax and Distribution Data Per \$1,000 Invested</i>			
Federal income tax results:			
Ordinary income (loss)			
- from operations	(35)	(8)	(56)
- from recapture	—	—	—
Capital gain (loss)	—	—	—
Cash distribution to investors			
Source (on GAAP basis)			
- from investment income	—	50	1,926
- from return of capital	<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>
Total distributions on GAAP basis	<u>—</u>	<u>50</u>	<u>1,926</u>
Source (on cash basis)			
- from operations	—	50	197
- from sales	—	—	1,729
- from refinancing	<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>
Total distributions on cash basis	<u>—</u>	<u>50</u>	<u>1,926</u>
Amount (in percentage terms) remaining invested in program properties at the end of last year reported in table	100.0%	100.0%	—

⁽¹⁾ Property acquired and program initiated in 1996. Property sold and program ended in 1998.

Past performance is not necessarily indicative of future performance.

TABLE III (UNAUDITED)
ANNUAL OPERATING RESULTS OF PRIOR REAL ESTATE PROGRAMS
Behringer Partners Stemmons LP⁽¹⁾

	<u>2001</u>	Through <u>9/30/02</u>
Gross revenue	\$17,922	\$94,698
Profit on sale of properties	—	—
Interest income	—	—
Less: Operating expenses	13,029	76,519
Interest expense	57,033	59,487
Depreciation and amortization	<u>25,263</u>	<u>30,600</u>
Net income – GAAP basis	(77,403)	(71,908)
Taxable income		
- from operation	(74,464)	—
- from gain on sale	—	—
Cash generated from operations	4,893	18,179
Cash generated from sales	—	—
Cash generated from refinancing	—	—
Total cash generated from operations, sales and refinancing	<u>4,893</u>	<u>18,179</u>
Less: Cash distributions to investors		
- from operating cash flow	—	—
- from sales and refinancing	—	—
Cash generated (deficiency) after cash distributions	<u>4,893</u>	<u>18,179</u>
Less: Special items (not including sales and refinancing		
Limited partners' capital contributions	401,900	84,736
General partners' capital contributions	—	—
Payment of interest on loan	57,033	59,487
Acquisition of land and buildings	—	—
Increase in other assets	—	—
Other	<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>
Cash generated (deficiency) after cash distributions and special items	<u>349,760</u>	<u>43,428</u>
<i>Tax and Distribution Data Per \$1,000 Invested</i>		
Federal income tax results:	(186)	—
Ordinary income (loss)	—	—
- from operations	—	—
- from recapture	—	—
Capital gain (loss)	—	—
Cash distribution to investors		
Source (on GAAP basis)	—	—
- from investment income	—	—
- from return of capital	—	—
Total distributions on GAAP basis	—	—
Source (on cash basis)		
- from operations	—	—
- from sales	—	—
- from refinancing	—	—
Total distributions on cash basis	—	—
Amount (in percentage terms) remaining invested in program properties at the end of last year reported in table	100.0%	100.0%

⁽¹⁾ Property acquired and program initiated in 2001.

Past performance is not necessarily indicative of future performance.

TABLE IV (UNAUDITED)
RESULTS OF COMPLETED PROGRAMS

Table IV presents summary information on the results of Prior Real Estate Programs which completed operations since December 31, 1996 and which had similar or identical investment objectives to those of Behringer Harvard REIT I. All figures are through September 30, 2002.

	Harvard Property Trust, Inc.	Harvard Property I, L.P.	Harvard Property III, L.P.	6142 Campbell Ltd.
Dollar amount raised	\$60,387,475	\$1,186,254	\$1,100,000	\$240,000
Number of properties purchased	23	1	1	1
Date of closing of offering	03/10/98 ⁽¹⁾	06/05/95	08/21/95	06/01/96
Date of first sale of property	08/26/98	12/10/97	01/29/99	12/03/98
Date of final sale of property	01/01/01	12/10/97	01/29/99	12/03/98
<i>Tax and Distribution Data Per \$1,000 Investment</i>				
Federal income tax results:				
Ordinary income (loss)				
- from operations	3,069	194	(68)	(24)
- from recapture	—	—	—	—
Capital gain (loss)	10,897	1,183	1,188	—
Deferred gain				
Capital	—	—	—	—
Ordinary	—	—	—	—
Cash distributions to investors				
Source (on GAAP basis)				
- Investment income	59,902	2,589	1,928	474
- Return of capital	239	—	—	—
Source (on cash basis)				
- Sales	44,508	1,982	1,451	415
- Refinancing	3,657	—	442	—
- Operations	12,849	607	477	59
- Other	—	—	—	—
Receivable on net purchase money financing ⁽²⁾	—	—	—	—

⁽¹⁾ Commencing November 22, 1995, the Trust offered for sale 1,000 shares of Series A Preferred Stock at a price of \$100 per share. This offering was terminated December 31, 1995 with the Trust receiving offering proceeds of \$13,200 (132 shares). The Trust paid Series A investors cash amounts equivalent to a 10.0% annual yield on the Series A shares outstanding. The Preferred Stock Series A was retired on December 31, 1999 with total cash distributions of \$19,326 paid to the holders of the Series A shares. Commencing January 26, 1996, the Trust offered for sale 100,000 shares of Series B Convertible Preferred Stock, convertible at the stockholders' option to 200 shares of common stock, at a price of \$100 per share. This offering was terminated March 31, 1997 with the Trust receiving offering proceeds of \$4,581,400 (45,814 shares). The Trust paid these Series B investors cash amounts equivalent to a 9.0% annual yield on their Series B shares outstanding. These Preferred Stock Series B shares were converted to common stock on December 31, 1998 with total cash distributions of \$684,982 paid to the holders of Series B shares prior to conversion to common shares with the balance of \$4,581,400 converting common shares. Commencing June 1, 1997, the Trust offered for sale 7,000,000 shares of common stock at a price of \$.75 per share along with 2,150 units, with each unit consisting of a \$5,000 promissory note and warrant to purchase 2,000 shares of common stock. This offering was terminated December 31, 1997, with the Trust receiving total offering proceeds of \$9,754,623 (\$5,139,623 via common stock purchases and \$4,615,000 from unit sales). Through January 1, 2001, the Liquidation Date of the Trust, common shareholders received total cash distributions of \$5,495,204 and a non-cash liquidating distribution of \$7,614,215. In accordance with the Preferred Stock Series C Offering referenced below the promissory note and warrant units were repurchased from investors including accrued interest for cash proceeds of \$5,015,000. Commencing March 10, 1998, the Trust offered for sale 500,000 shares of Series C Convertible Preferred Stock, convertible at the stockholder's option to 125 shares of common stock, at a price of \$100 per share. This offering was terminated December 31, 1998 with the Trust receiving offering proceeds of \$46,000,000 (460,000 shares). The Trust paid Series C investors cash amounts equivalent to a 14.0% annual yield on their Series C shares. Retirement of the Preferred Stock Series C began on June 21, 1999 and was completed on December 28, 2000 with total aggregate cash distributions of \$52,119,092 paid to the holders of the Series C shares. The weighted average annualized yield for equity invested in the Trust (including the promissory note and warrant units) pursuant to the investment classes listed above was 11.4%.

⁽²⁾ All properties were acquired for cash without financing.

Past performance is not necessarily indicative of future performance.

TABLE V
(UNAUDITED)
RESULTS OF SALES OR DISPOSALS OF PROPERTY

Table V presents summary information on the results of the sale or disposals of properties since January 1, 1997 by Prior Real Estate Programs having similar or identical investment objectives to those of Behringer Harvard REIT I. All figures are through September 30, 2002.

Property	Date Acquired	Date of Sale	Selling Price, Net of Closing Costs and GAAP Adjustments				Total ⁽³⁾
			Cash Received Net of Closing Costs	Mortgage Balance at Time of Sale	Purchase Money Mortgage Taken Back by Program ⁽¹⁾	Adjustments Resulting from Application of GAAP ⁽²⁾	
Harvard Property Trust, Inc.							
Harvard Property Meridian LP	03/05/96	06/03/99	\$3,161,560	\$3,144,248	—	—	\$6,305,808
Harvard Property Provident LP	10/04/96	01/01/01 ⁽⁵⁾	1,551,568 ⁽⁷⁾	2,648,432	—	—	4,200,000 ⁽⁶⁾
Harvard Property Parkside LP	11/19/96	08/02/99	707,599	1,776,951	—	—	2,984,550
Harvard Property 812 San Antonio LP	04/03/97	08/18/99	2,233,795	3,558,022	—	—	5,791,817
Harvard Property Metrocrest LP	04/30/97	01/01/01 ⁽⁵⁾	2,123,676 ⁽⁹⁾	11,151,324	—	—	13,275,000 ⁽⁸⁾
Harvard Property Partners LP ⁽¹⁰⁾	06/06/97	07/17/00	(8,310)	863,538	—	—	855,228
Harvard Property Lake Calhoun LP	09/04/97	08/22/00	5,186,805	15,763,659	—	—	20,950,464
HPT / PMD Investments LP	10/06/97	01/01/01 ⁽⁵⁾	6,202,717 ⁽¹²⁾	9,297,283	—	—	15,500,000 ⁽¹¹⁾
HPT Gleneagles LP	11/07/97	10/19/99	8,614,691	—	—	—	8,614,691
Harvard Property Trust, Inc. (Park 96)	11/11/97	11/02/98	529,029	—	—	—	529,029
Harvard Property Rosedale LP	02/25/98	12/01/99	9,130,926	17,701,615	—	—	26,832,541
Harvard Property Atrium LP	03/10/98	08/02/99	3,979,447	11,205,241 ⁽¹³⁾	—	—	15,184,688
Harvard Property Partners LP ⁽¹⁴⁾	05/01/98	08/02/99	2,294,952	6,197,783 ⁽¹³⁾	—	—	8,492,735
Harvard Property (UP) LP	06/03/98	01/01/01 ⁽⁵⁾	2,600,000 ⁽¹⁷⁾	9,600,000 ⁽¹⁵⁾	—	—	12,200,000 ⁽¹⁶⁾
Harvard Property Clarke LP	07/29/98	08/02/99	2,619,842	6,420,337 ⁽¹³⁾	—	—	9,040,179
Harvard Property Superior LP	07/30/98	08/02/99	1,813,805	4,950,134 ⁽¹³⁾	—	—	6,763,939
Harvard Property Capitol LP	12/30/98	08/02/99	2,483,416	4,726,506 ⁽¹³⁾	—	—	7,209,922
Harvard Property Willow LP	03/31/99	08/02/99	5,478,204	—	—	—	5,478,204
Harvard Property Centreport LP	02/01/98	08/26/98	2,176,535	—	—	—	2,176,535
Harvard Property I, L.P.							
	06/05/95	12/10/97	1,981,599	2,918,049	—	—	4,899,648
Harvard Property III, L.P.							
	08/21/95	01/29/99	1,451,482	3,759,057	—	—	5,210,538
6142 Campbell, LTD							
	06/01/96	12/03/98	415,048	701,594	—	—	1,116,642

Past performance is not necessarily indicative of future performance.

TABLE V (UNAUDITED) (Cont'd)
RESULTS OF SALES OR DISPOSALS OF PROPERTY

<u>Property</u>	Cost of Properties Including Closing and Soft Costs			Excess (Deficiency) of Property Operating Cash Receipts Over Cash Expenditures
	<u>Original Mortgage Financing</u>	<u>Total Acquisition Cost, Capital Improvements, Closing and Soft Costs⁽⁴⁾</u>	<u>Total</u>	
Harvard Property Trust, Inc.				
Harvard Property Meridian LP	\$3,250,000	\$1,636,378	\$4,886,378	\$1,419,430
Harvard Property Provident LP	2,800,000	1,410,392	4,210,392	(10,329) ⁽¹⁸⁾
Harvard Property Parkside LP	1,725,000	760,006	2,485,006	499,544
Harvard Property 812 San Antonio LP	3,600,000	1,683,617	5,283,617	508,200
Harvard Property Metrocrest LP	9,150,000	1,495,442	10,645,442	2,629,558 ⁽¹⁹⁾
Harvard Property Partners LP	895,000	365,097	1,260,097	(404,869)
Harvard Property Lake Calhoun LP	16,100,000	3,066,237	19,166,237	1,784,227
HPT / PMD Investments LP	8,000,000	6,561,677	14,561,677	938,323 ⁽²⁰⁾
HPT Gleneagles LP	1,500,000	6,932,748	8,432,748	181,943
Harvard Property Trust, Inc. (Park 96)	—	401,701	401,701	127,328
Harvard Property Rosedale LP	18,000,000	6,635,840	24,635,840	2,196,701
Harvard Property Atrium LP	11,205,241	3,026,413	14,231,653	953,034
Harvard Property Partners LP	6,197,783	1,968,657	8,166,440	326,295
Harvard Property (UP) LP	9,600,000 ⁽¹⁵⁾	12,625,838	12,625,838	(425,838) ⁽²¹⁾
Harvard Property Clarke LP	6,420,337	2,838,461	9,258,798	(218,619)
Harvard Property Superior LP	4,950,134	1,391,649	6,341,783	422,156
Harvard Property Capitol LP	4,726,506	2,288,850	7,015,356	194,566
Harvard Property Willow LP	—	5,325,025	5,325,025	153,179
Harvard Property Centreport LP	—	2,035,602	2,035,602	140,933
Harvard Property I, L.P.	3,000,000	1,219,831	4,219,831	679,817
Harvard Property III, L.P.	2,600,000	1,536,624	4,136,624	1,073,914
6142 Campbell, LTD	700,000	241,933	941,933	174,709

Past performance is not necessarily indicative of future performance.

TABLE V (UNAUDITED) (Cont'd)
RESULTS OF SALES OR DISPOSALS OF PROPERTY

- (1) No purchase money mortgages were taken back by any individual program.
- (2) Financial statements for programs are prepared in accordance with GAAP.
- (3) None of these sales are being reported on the installment basis.
- (4) The amounts shown do not include a pro rata share of the original offering costs. There were no carried interests received in lieu of commissions in connection with the acquisition of the property.
- (5) In conjunction with a July 26, 1999 majority stockholder vote to sell all of the assets of Harvard Property Trust, Inc. along with a subsequent dissolution and liquidation of Harvard Property Trust, Inc., and pursuant to a Liquidating Trust Agreement and Declaration of Trust dated January 1, 2001, Behringer Advisors Inc. conveyed ownership of the remaining real estate assets, Harvard Property Provident LP, Harvard Property Metrocrest LP, HPT / PMD Investments LP and Harvard Property (UP) LP, to an unrelated liquidating trust, HPT Trust, for the purposes of concluding Harvard Property Trust, Inc.
- (6) A \$4,200,000 market value for the asset based on an appraisal was assigned in accordance with the final liquidation of Harvard Property Trust, Inc. event as detailed in footnote (5).
- (7) Non-cash amount representing 100.0% of the net proceeds that would have been received if a cash sale had occurred at the market value detailed in footnote (6).
- (8) A \$13,275,000 market value for the asset based on a signed sales contract that was assigned in accordance with the final liquidation of Harvard Property Trust, Inc. event as detailed in footnote (5). The property was subsequently sold on August 10, 2001 at \$13,275,000.
- (9) Non-cash amount representing 100.0% of the net proceeds that would have been received if a cash sale had occurred at the market value detailed in footnote (8).
- (10) Asset in partnership known as 1700 North Hampton Building.
- (11) A \$15,500,000 market value for the asset based on an appraisal was assigned in accordance with the final liquidation of Harvard Property Trust, Inc. event as detailed in footnote (5).
- (12) Non-cash amount representing 100.0% of the net proceeds that would have been received if a cash sale had occurred at the market value detailed in footnote (11).
- (13) On October 17, 1998, Harvard Property Trust, Inc. (the "Trust") entered into a three-year, \$40,000,000 revolving credit facility (the "Credit Facility") with PNC Bank, N.A. and DLJ Capital Funding Inc. Under the terms of the Credit Facility, the Trust borrowed \$33,500,000 to finance the acquisitions of Harvard Property Atrium LP, Harvard Property Partners LP (Quadrant Building), Harvard Property Clarke LP, Harvard Property Superior LP and Harvard Property Capitol LP. Allocated borrowings under the Credit Facility are as follows:

<u>Partnership/Building</u>	<u>Allocated Amount</u>
Harvard Property Atrium LP	\$11,205,241
Harvard Property Partners LP (Quadrant Building)	6,197,783
Harvard Property Clarke LP	6,420,337
Harvard Property Superior LP	4,950,134
Harvard Property Capitol LP	<u>4,726,505</u>
TOTAL	<u>\$33,500,000</u>

Pursuant to the terms of the Credit Facility, the outstanding borrowings under the Credit Facility were extinguished upon the sale of these assets on August 2, 1999 and the Credit Facility was terminated on August 9, 1999.

- (14) Asset in partnership known as Quadrant Building.
- (15) Concurrent with the termination of the Credit Facility detailed in footnote (13), on August 9, 1999, Harvard Property Trust, Inc. entered into a \$6,900,000 term loan secured by the Harvard Property (UP) LP asset with Bank One, NA. The \$6,900,000 term was refinanced on December 27, 2000 in favor of a \$9,600,000 mortgage with Deutsche Bank N.A.
- (16) A \$12,200,000 market value for asset based on original purchase price was assigned in accordance with the final liquidation of Harvard Property Trust, Inc. event as detailed in footnote (5).
- (17) Non-cash amount representing 100.0% of the net proceeds that would have been received if a cash sale had occurred at the market value detailed in footnote (16).
- (18) Non-cash amount representing 100.0% of the excess of property operating cash receipts over cash expenditures if a cash sale had occurred at the market value detailed in footnote (6).
- (19) Non-cash amount representing 100.0% of the excess of property operating cash receipts over cash expenditures if a cash sale had occurred at the market value detailed in footnote (8).
- (20) Non-cash amount representing 100.0% of the excess of property operating cash receipts over cash expenditures if a cash sale had occurred at the market value detailed in footnote (11).
- (21) Non-cash amount representing 100.0% of the excess of property operating cash receipts over cash expenditures if a cash sale had occurred at the market value detailed in footnote (16).

Past performance is not necessarily indicative of future performance.

EXHIBIT B
SUBSCRIPTION AGREEMENT

Behringer Harvard REIT I, Inc.

THIS SUBSCRIPTION AGREEMENT is made and entered into between Behringer Harvard REIT I, Inc., a Maryland corporation (the "Company"), and the investor whose signature appears below ("Investor").

1. Subscription Amount and Payment. Investor hereby subscribes to acquire, upon the terms and conditions set forth in this Subscription Agreement, the amount of the Company's \$.0001 par value per share common stock (the "Shares") set forth on the signature page of this Subscription Agreement, upon payment to Wells Fargo Bank Iowa, N.A., as Escrow Agent, of the subscription price for the Shares. The subscription price shall be \$10 per Share. Except as specifically provided in the "Special Notice for Nebraska Residents and Pennsylvania Residents Only," payment for the Shares will be held in escrow until the Company has received and accepted subscriptions for 250,000 Shares (\$2.5 million).
2. Acceptance by the Company. This Subscription Agreement shall be binding upon the parties only when it has been accepted and agreed to by the Company. The Company may reject any subscription, in whole or in part, in its sole and absolute discretion.
3. Disclosures by the Company.

Prospective investors are hereby advised of the following:

- All prospective investors are urged to carefully read the prospectus of the Company dated February 19, 2003, as supplemented to date (the "Prospectus").
- Prospective investors should understand the risks associated with an investment in the Shares, as described in the Prospectus, prior to submitting this Subscription Agreement.
- The assignability and transferability of the Shares is restricted and will be governed by the Company's Charter and Bylaws and all applicable laws as described in the Prospectus.
- Prospective investors should not invest in Shares unless they have an adequate means of providing for their current needs and personal contingencies and have no need for liquidity in this investment.
- There is no public market for the Shares, and accordingly, it may not be possible to readily liquidate an investment in the Company.

4. Special Notices. The notices contained on the following pages are a part of this Subscription Agreement and are incorporated herein.
5. Purchase Information.

# of Shares	Total \$ Invested
(# Shares x \$10 = Total \$ Invested)	
Minimum purchase: \$1,000 or 100 Shares	

**Except for Custodial Accounts,
Make Investment Check Payable to:
Wells Fargo Bank Iowa, N.A., Escrow Agent for
Behringer Harvard REIT I, Inc.**

<input type="checkbox"/> Initial Investment (Minimum \$1,000)
<input type="checkbox"/> Additional Investment (Minimum \$25)
State in which sale was made: _____

Check the following box to elect the Deferred Commission Option: ☐
(This election must be agreed to by the Broker-Dealer listed below.)

6. Additional Investments.
Check the following box if you plan to make additional investments in the Company: ☐

7. Type of Ownership.

- ☐ Individual
☐ Joint Tenants with Right of Survivorship
☐ Husband and Wife as Community Property
☐ Married Person as Separate Property
☐ Tenants in Common
☐ Custodian: A Custodian for the benefit of _____ under the Uniform Gift to Minors Act or the Uniform Transfer to Minors Act of the State of _____

- ☐ IRA (including Simplified Employee Pensions (SEPs), Rollovers and Beneficiary IRAs)
☐ Keogh
☐ 401(k)
☐ Other Retirement or Profit-Sharing Plan
 ☐ Taxable ☐ Tax-Exempt
☐ Trust/Trust Type: _____
 (Please specify, i.e., Family, Living, Revocable, etc.)
☐ Company or Partnership
☐ Other: _____

8. Registration Name and Address.

Please print name(s) in which Shares are to be registered.

<input type="checkbox"/> Mr.	<input type="checkbox"/> Mrs.	<input type="checkbox"/> Ms.	<input type="checkbox"/> MD	<input type="checkbox"/> PhD	<input type="checkbox"/> DDS	<input type="checkbox"/> Other _____
Name				FEIN or Social Security Number		
<input type="text"/>				<input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> - <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> - <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/>		
Additional Name (if applicable)				FEIN or Social Security Number		
<input type="text"/>				<input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> - <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> - <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/>		
Street Address or P.O. Box		<input type="text"/>				
Street Address or P.O. Box		<input type="text"/>				
City	<input type="text"/>	State	<input type="text"/>	Zip Code	<input type="text"/>	
Home Telephone No.	()	Business Telephone No.	()			
Email Address (Optional)	<input type="text"/>		Country of Citizenship	<input type="text"/>		

9. Investor Name and Address.

(COMPLETE ONLY IF DIFFERENT FROM REGISTRATION NAME AND ADDRESS)

<input type="checkbox"/> Mr.	<input type="checkbox"/> Mrs.	<input type="checkbox"/> Ms.	<input type="checkbox"/> MD	<input type="checkbox"/> PhD	<input type="checkbox"/> DDS	<input type="checkbox"/> Other _____
Name				Social Security Number		
<input type="text"/>				<input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> - <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> - <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/>		
Street Address or P.O. Box		<input type="text"/>				
City		<input type="text"/>	State	<input type="text"/>	Zip Code	<input type="text"/>
Home Telephone No.	()	Business Telephone No.	()			
Email Address (Optional)	<input type="text"/>		Country of Citizenship	<input type="text"/>		

10. Subscriber Signatures.

Please carefully read and separately initial each of the representations below. Except in the case of fiduciary accounts, you may not grant any person a power of attorney to make such representations on your behalf.

In order to induce the Company to accept this subscription, I hereby represent and warrant to the Company as follows:

- | | | | |
|-----|--|----------|----------|
| (a) | I have received the Prospectus. | _____ | _____ |
| | | Initials | Initials |
| (b) | I accept and agree to be bound by the terms and conditions of the Company's Charter. | _____ | _____ |
| | | Initials | Initials |
| (c) | I have (i) a net worth (exclusive of home, home furnishings and automobiles) of \$150,000 or more; or (ii) a net worth (exclusive of home, home furnishings and automobiles) of at least \$45,000 and had during the last tax year or estimate that I will have during the current tax year a minimum of \$45,000 annual gross income, or that I meet the higher suitability requirements imposed by my state of primary residence as set forth in the prospectus under "Who May Invest." | _____ | _____ |
| | | Initials | Initials |
| (d) | If I am a California resident or if the Person to whom I subsequently propose to assign or transfer any Shares is a California resident, I may not consummate a sale or transfer of my Shares, or any interest therein, or receive any consideration therefor, without the prior written consent of the Commissioner of the Department of Corporations of the State of California, except as permitted in the Commissioner's Rules, and I understand that my Shares, or any document evidencing my Shares, will bear a legend reflecting the substance of the foregoing understanding. | _____ | _____ |
| | | Initials | Initials |
| (e) | If I am an Ohio or Pennsylvania resident, this investment does not exceed 10.0% of my liquid net worth. | _____ | _____ |
| | | Initials | Initials |
| (f) | I am purchasing the Shares for my own account. | _____ | _____ |
| | | Initials | Initials |
| (g) | I acknowledge that there is no public market for the Shares. | _____ | _____ |
| | | Initials | Initials |
| (h) | I am in compliance with the Uniting and Strengthening America by Providing Appropriate Tools Required to Intercept and Obstruct Terrorism Act of 2001. I am not, nor are any of my principal owners, partners, members, directors or officers included on: (i) the Office of Foreign Assets Control list of foreign nations, organizations and individuals subject to economic and trade sanctions, based on U.S. foreign policy and national security goals; (ii) Executive Order 13224, which sets forth a list of individuals and groups with whom U.S. persons are prohibited from doing business because such persons have been identified as terrorists or persons who support terrorism or (iii) any other watch list issued by any governmental authority, including the Securities and Exchange Commission. | _____ | _____ |
| | | Initials | Initials |

I declare that the information supplied above is true and correct and may be relied upon by the Company in connection with my investment in the Company. Under penalties of perjury, by signing this Subscription Agreement, I hereby certify that (a) I have provided herein my correct Taxpayer Identification Number, and (b) I am not subject to back-up withholding as a result of a failure to report all interest or dividends, or the Internal Revenue Service has notified me that I am no longer subject to back-up withholding.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN TO EACH SUBSCRIBER THAT YOU DO NOT WAIVE ANY RIGHTS YOU MAY HAVE UNDER THE SECURITIES ACT OF 1933, THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934 OR ANY STATE SECURITIES LAW BY EXECUTING THIS AGREEMENT.

A SALE OF THE SHARES MAY NOT BE COMPLETED UNTIL AT LEAST FIVE BUSINESS DAYS AFTER RECEIPT OF THE PROSPECTUS.

Signature of Investor or Trustee

Signature of Joint Owner, if applicable

Date

11. Dividends.

(Please check one of the following.)

- ☐ I prefer to participate in the Dividend Reinvestment Plan.
- ☐ I prefer dividends be paid to me at my address listed under Section 8.
- ☐ I prefer to direct dividends to a party other than the registered owner per my instructions below.
- ☐ I prefer dividends to be deposited directly into the following account: ___Checking ___Savings

For deposits into checking or savings accounts: Please enclose a voided check or deposit slip. By enclosing a voided check or deposit slip, the Company is authorized and directed to begin making electronic deposits to the checking or savings account designated by the enclosed voided check or deposit slip. An automated deposit entry shall constitute the receipt for each transaction. This authority is to remain in force until the Company has received written notification of its termination at such time and in such manner as to give the Company reasonable time to act. In the event that the Company deposits funds erroneously into the account, it is authorized to debit the account for the amount of the erroneous deposit.

To direct dividends to a party other than the registered owner, please provide the following information, as applicable:

Institution Name			Account Number		
Name on Account					
Street Address or P.O. Box					
City		State		Zip Code	

12. Broker-Dealer.

(TO BE COMPLETED BY REGISTERED REPRESENTATIVE)

The broker-dealer or authorized representative must sign below to complete the order. The undersigned broker-dealer warrants that it is a duly licensed broker-dealer and may lawfully offer Shares in the state designated as the investor's address or the state in which the sale is to be made, if different. The broker-dealer or authorized representative warrants that (a) he or she has reasonable grounds to believe this investment is suitable for the subscriber as defined in Section 3(b) of the Rules of Fair Practice of the NASD Manual, (b) and that he or she has informed subscriber of all aspects of liquidity and marketability of this investment as required by Section 4 of such Rules of Fair Practice, and (c) that he or she delivered the Prospectus to the subscriber at least five days prior to the date that he or she will deliver this Subscription Agreement to the Company. The broker-dealer or authorized representative warrants that included with this Subscription Agreement is documentation completed by the broker-dealer or authorized representative that the investor(s) and registered owner(s) do not appear on the Office of Foreign Assets Control list of foreign nations, organizations and individuals subject to economic and trade sanctions.

Broker-Dealer Name			Telephone No.	()	
Broker-Dealer Street Address or P.O. Box					
City		State		Zip Code	
Registered Representative Name			Telephone No.	()	
Reg. Rep. Street Address or P.O. Box					
City		State		Zip Code	
Email Address (Optional)	Provide only if you would like to receive updated information about Behringer Harvard REIT I, Inc. via email.				
Financial Advisor Signature			Date		

13. Registered Investment Advisor (RIA).

Check the following box if this investment is made through an RIA: ☐

(If an owner or principal or any member of the RIA firm is an NASD licensed Registered Representative affiliated with a Broker/Dealer, the transaction should be conducted through that Broker/Dealer, not through the RIA.)

For Custodial Accounts, check(s) should be made payable to the custodian and sent, with a completed copy of this Subscription Agreement, directly to the custodian. For all other investments, please mail the completed Subscription Agreement (with all signatures) and check(s) made payable to "Wells Fargo Bank Iowa, N.A., Escrow Agent for Behringer Harvard REIT I, Inc." to:

Behringer Securities LP
1323 North Stemmons Freeway
Suite 202
Dallas, Texas 75207
(866) 655-3700

FOR COMPANY USE ONLY:	
Date: _____ Amount: _____	Check No. _____

Received and Subscription Accepted:

Behringer Harvard REIT I, Inc.

By: _____
Name: _____
Title: _____

SPECIAL NOTICE FOR CALIFORNIA RESIDENTS ONLY
CONDITIONS RESTRICTING TRANSFER OF SHARES

260.141.11 Restrictions on Transfer.

- (a) The issuer of any security upon which a restriction on transfer has been imposed pursuant to Sections 260.102.6, 260.141.10 or 260.534 of the Rules (the “Rules”) adopted under the California Corporate Securities Law (the “Code”) shall cause a copy of this section to be delivered to each issuee or transferee of such security at the time the certificate evidencing the security is delivered to the issuee or transferee.
- (b) It is unlawful for the holder of any such security to consummate a sale or transfer of such security, or any interest therein, without the prior written consent of the Commissioner (until this condition is removed pursuant to Section 260.141.12 of the Rules), except:
 - (1) to the issuer;
 - (2) pursuant to the order or process of any court;
 - (3) to any person described in subdivision (i) of Section 25102 of the Code or Section 260.105.14 of the Rules;
 - (4) to the transferor’s ancestors, descendants or spouse, or any custodian or trustee for the account of the transferor or the transferor’s ancestors, descendants or spouse; or to a transferee by a trustee or custodian for the account of the transferee or the transferee’s ancestors, descendants or spouse;
 - (5) to holders of securities of the same class of the same issuer;
 - (6) by way of gift or donation inter vivos or on death;
 - (7) by or through a broker-dealer licensed under the Code (either acting as such or as a finder) to a resident of a foreign state, territory or country who is neither domiciled in this state to the knowledge of the broker-dealer, nor actually present in this state if the sale of such securities is not in violation of any securities laws of the foreign state, territory or country concerned;
 - (8) to a broker-dealer licensed under the Code in a principal transaction, or as an underwriter or member of an underwriting syndicate or selling group;
 - (9) if the interest sold or transferred is a pledge or other lien given by the purchaser to the seller upon a sale of the security for which the Commissioner’s written consent is obtained or under this rule not required;
 - (10) by way of a sale qualified under Sections 25111, 25112, 25113 or 25121 of the Code, of the securities to be transferred, provided that no order under Section 25140 or subdivision (a) of Section 25143 is in effect with respect to such qualification;
 - (11) by a corporation to a wholly owned subsidiary of such corporation, or by a wholly owned subsidiary of a corporation to such corporation;
 - (12) by way of an exchange qualified under Section 25111, 25112 or 25113 of the Code provided that no order under Section 25140 or subdivision (a) of Section 25143 is in effect with respect to such qualification;
 - (13) between residents of foreign states, territories or countries who are neither domiciled or actually present in this state;
 - (14) to the State Controller pursuant to the Unclaimed Property Law or to the administrator of the unclaimed property law of another state;
 - (15) by the State Controller pursuant to the Unclaimed Property Law or by the administrator of the unclaimed property law of another state if, in either such case, such person (i) discloses to potential purchasers at the

sale that transfer of the securities is restricted under this rule, (ii) delivers to each purchaser a copy of this rule, and (iii) advises the Commissioner of the name of each purchaser;

- (16) by a trustee to a successor trustee when such transfer does not involve a change in the beneficial ownership of the securities;
 - (17) by way of an offer and sale of outstanding securities in an issuer transaction that is subject to the qualification requirement of Section 25110 of the Code but exempt from that qualification requirement by subdivision (f) of Section 25102; provided that any such transfer is on the condition that any certificate evidencing the security issued to such transferee shall contain the legend required by this section.
- (c) The certificates representing all such securities subject to such a restriction on transfer, whether upon initial issuance or upon any transfer thereof, shall bear on their face a legend, prominently stamped or printed thereon in capital letters of not less than 10-point size, reading as follows:

“IT IS UNLAWFUL TO CONSUMMATE A SALE OR TRANSFER OF THIS SECURITY, OR ANY INTEREST THEREIN, OR TO RECEIVE ANY CONSIDERATION THEREFOR, WITHOUT THE PRIOR WRITTEN CONSENT OF THE COMMISSIONER OF CORPORATIONS OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA, EXCEPT AS PERMITTED IN THE COMMISSIONER’S RULES.”

[Last amended effective January 21, 1988.]

SPECIAL NOTICE FOR NEBRASKA RESIDENTS AND PENNSYLVANIA RESIDENTS ONLY

The Company will not admit Nebraska investors or Pennsylvania investors as shareholders until it has received and accepted subscriptions for 4,400,000 shares (\$44.0 million) of common stock. The Company will place the funds representing subscriptions for shares from Nebraska investors and Pennsylvania investors in an interest-bearing escrow account with Wells Fargo Bank Iowa, N.A., as escrow agent until it has received and accepted subscriptions for shares for gross offering proceeds of at least \$44.0 million. If the Company has not received and accepted subscriptions for 4,400,000 shares by the end of a 120-day escrow period (with the initial 120-day escrow period commencing upon the effectiveness of the offering), the Company will notify Nebraska investors and Pennsylvania investors in writing by certified mail within ten calendar days after the end of each 120-day escrow period that they have a right to have their investment returned to them. If a Nebraska investor or a Pennsylvania investor requests the return of his or her subscription funds within ten calendar days after receipt of the notification, the Company must return those funds, together with any interest earned on the funds for the time those funds remain in escrow subsequent to the initial 120-day escrow period, to the investor within ten calendar days after receipt of the investor's request.

The escrow agent will release the funds received from Nebraska investors and Pennsylvania investors to the Company from the escrow account immediately after subscriptions for at least \$44.0 million have been received from all sources.

In no event may a subscription for shares of our common stock be accepted until at least five business days after the date the subscriber receives the prospectus. Residents of the State of Nebraska who first received the prospectus only at the time of subscription may receive a refund of the subscription amount upon request to the Company within five days of the date of subscription.

Because the minimum offering of shares is less than \$88.0 million, Pennsylvania residents are cautioned to evaluate carefully the Company's ability to fully accomplish its stated objectives and to inquire as to the current dollar volume of subscription proceeds.

**INSTRUCTIONS TO
BEHRINGER HARVARD REIT I, INC.
SUBSCRIPTION AGREEMENT**

Please follow these instructions carefully. Failure to do so may result in the rejection of your subscription. All information in the Subscription Agreement should be completed as follows:

Purchase Information. (Section 5 of Subscription Agreement)

- A minimum investment of \$1,000 (100 Shares) is required, except for certain states that require a higher minimum investment.
- A CHECK FOR THE FULL PURCHASE PRICE OF THE SHARES SUBSCRIBED FOR SHOULD BE MADE PAYABLE TO THE ORDER OF “WELLS FARGO BANK IOWA, N.A., ESCROW AGENT FOR BEHRINGER HARVARD REIT I, INC.” FOR CUSTODIAL ACCOUNTS, CHECKS SHOULD BE MADE PAYABLE TO THE CUSTODIAN AND SENT, WITH A SIGNED COPY OF THIS AGREEMENT, TO THE CUSTODIAN.
- Investors who have satisfied the minimum purchase requirements in Behringer Harvard Short-Term Opportunity Fund I LP, Behringer Harvard Mid-Term Value Enhancement Fund I LP or in any other Behringer Harvard real estate program may invest as little as \$25 (2.5 Shares) except for residents of Minnesota and Oregon. See the section of the prospectus entitled “Who May Invest” for more information.
- Shares may be purchased only by persons meeting the standards set forth under the section of the prospectus entitled “Who May Invest.”
- Please indicate the state in which the sale is to be made.
- Please check the box related to the Deferred Commission Option if you have agreed with your broker-dealer to elect the Deferred Commission Option, as described in the Prospectus. By electing the Deferred Commission Option, you are required to pay only \$9.40 per Share purchased upon subscription. For the next six years following the year of subscription, or lower if required to satisfy outstanding deferred commission obligations, you will have a 1.0% selling commission (\$.10 per Share) per year deducted from and paid out of dividends or other cash distributions otherwise distributable to you. Election of the Deferred Commission Option shall authorize the Company to withhold such amounts from dividends or other cash distributions otherwise payable to you as is set forth in the “Plan of Distribution” section of the Prospectus.

Additional Investments. (Section 6 of Subscription Agreement)

- Please check the box if you plan to make one or more additional investments in the Company. All additional investments must be in increments of at least \$25. See the section of the prospectus entitled “Who May Invest” for more information.
- If additional investments in the Company are made, the investor agrees to notify the Company and the broker-dealer named in the Subscription Agreement in writing if at any time he or she fails to meet the applicable suitability standards or he or she is unable to make any other representations or warranties set forth in the prospectus or the Subscription Agreement.
- If additional investments are made, include your social security number or other taxpayer identification number on your check.
- The investor acknowledges that the broker-dealer named in the Subscription Agreement may receive commissions on such additional investments as described in the Prospectus.

Type of Ownership. (Section 7 of Subscription Agreement)

- Please check the appropriate box to indicate the type of entity or type of individuals subscribing.

Registration Name and Address. (Section 8 of Subscription Agreement)

- Please enter the exact name in which the Shares are to be held.
 - For joint tenants with right of survivorship or tenants in common, include the names of both investors.

- In the case of partnerships or corporations, include the name of an individual to whom correspondence will be addressed.
- Trusts should include the name of the trustee.
- All investors must complete the space provided for taxpayer identification number or social security number. In the case of a qualified plan or trust, enter both the investor's social security number (for identification purposes) and the custodian or trustee's taxpayer identification number (for tax purposes).
- By signing in Section 10, the investor is certifying that this number is correct.
- Enter the mailing address and telephone numbers of the registered owner of this investment. In the case of a qualified plan or trust, this will be the address of the custodian or trustee.
- FOR EACH INDIVIDUAL REGISTERED OWNER, INCLUDE A COPY OF A GOVERNMENT ISSUED IDENTIFICATION DOCUMENT EVIDENCING RESIDENCE OR NATIONALITY AND BEARING A PHOTOGRAPH OR SIMILAR SAFEGUARD, SUCH AS A DRIVER'S LICENSE, IDENTIFICATION CARD, OR PASSPORT.

Investor Name and Address. (Section 9 of Subscription Agreement)

- Complete this Section only if the investor's name and address is different from the registration name and address provided in Section 8.
- If the Shares are registered in the name of a custodian or trustee, enter the name, address, telephone number and social security number of the beneficial owner.
- If investor's name is different from the registration name, FOR EACH INDIVIDUAL INVESTOR, INCLUDE A COPY OF A GOVERNMENT ISSUED IDENTIFICATION DOCUMENT EVIDENCING RESIDENCE OR NATIONALITY AND BEARING A PHOTOGRAPH OR SIMILAR SAFEGUARD, SUCH AS A DRIVER'S LICENSE, IDENTIFICATION CARD, OR PASSPORT.

Subscriber Signatures. (Section 10 of Subscription Agreement)

- Please separately initial each representation where indicated.
- If title is to be held jointly, all parties must date and sign this Section as follows:
 - Individual: One signature required.
 - Joint Tenants with Right of Survivorship: All parties must sign.
 - Tenants In Common: All parties must sign.
 - Community Property: Only one investor's signature required.
 - Pension or Profit-Sharing Plans: The trustee signs the Signature Page.
 - Trust: The trustee signs. Provide the name of the trust, the name of the trustee and the name of the beneficiary.
 - Partnership: Identify whether the entity is a general or limited partnership. The general partners must be identified and each must sign. In the case of an investment by a general partnership, all partners must sign (unless a "managing partner" has been designated for the partnership, in which case he or she may sign on behalf of the partnership if a certified copy of the document granting him authority to invest on behalf of the partnership is submitted).
 - Corporation: The Subscription Agreement must be accompanied by (i) a certified copy of the resolution of your board of directors designating the officer(s) of the corporation authorized to sign on behalf of the corporation and (ii) a certified copy of the Board's resolution authorizing the investment.
 - IRA and IRA Rollovers: Requires signature of authorized signer (e.g., an officer) of the bank, trust company, or other fiduciary. The address of the trustee must be provided in

order for the trustee to receive checks and other pertinent information regarding the investment.

- Keogh (HR 10): Same rules as those applicable to IRAs.
- Uniform Gift to Minors Act (UGMA) or Uniform Transfers to Minors Act (UTMA): The required signature is that of the custodian, not of the parent (unless the parent has been designated as the custodian). Only one child is permitted in each investment under UGMA or UTMA. In addition, designate the state under which the gift is being made.
- PLEASE NOTE THAT THESE SIGNATURES DO NOT HAVE TO BE NOTARIZED.

Distributions. (Section 11 of Subscription Agreement)

- By electing the Dividend Reinvestment Plan, the investor elects to reinvest all of the dividends otherwise payable to such investor in Shares of the Company.
- Each investor who elects the Dividend Reinvestment Plan agrees to notify the Company and the broker-dealer named in the Subscription Agreement in writing if at any time he or she fails to meet the applicable suitability standards or he or she is unable to make any other representations and warranties as set forth in the Prospectus or Subscription Agreement or in the prospectus and subscription agreement of any future real estate programs sponsored by our advisor or its affiliates. The investor acknowledges that the broker-dealer named in the Subscription Agreement may receive commissions not to exceed 7.0% of reinvested dividends, less any discounts authorized by the Prospectus.
- If cash dividends are to be sent to an address other than that provided in Section 8 (*i.e.*, a bank, brokerage firm or savings and loan, etc.), please provide the name, account number and address.

Broker-Dealer. (Section 12 of Subscription Agreement)

- This Section is to be completed by the investor's Registered Representative. Please complete all broker-dealer information contained in Section 12 of the Subscription Agreement, including suitability certification.
- Include documentation completed by the broker-dealer that the investor(s) and registered owner(s) do not appear on the Office of Foreign Assets Control list of foreign nations, organizations and individuals subject to economic and trade sanctions. This could include a screen print from the NASD Anti-Money Laundering web site if an electronic check is performed, a signed attestation from the person performing a manual check if this method is used, or a screen-print and written attestation if some other database is used.

Registered Investment Advisor (RIA). (Item 13 of Subscription Agreement)

Please check the box to indicate if the subscription was solicited or recommended by a Registered Investment Advisor.

THE SIGNATURE PAGE MUST BE SIGNED BY AN AUTHORIZED REPRESENTATIVE OF ANY ENTITY.

The Subscription Agreement, which has been delivered with the Prospectus, together with a check for the full purchase price, should be delivered or mailed to Behringer Securities LP. Only original, completed copies of Subscription Agreements can be accepted. Photocopied or otherwise duplicated Subscription Agreements cannot be accepted by the Company.

IF YOU NEED FURTHER ASSISTANCE IN COMPLETING THE SUBSCRIPTION AGREEMENT, PLEASE CALL BEHRINGER SECURITIES LP AT (866) 655-3700.

EXHIBIT C
DIVIDEND REINVESTMENT PLAN
Behringer Harvard REIT I, Inc.

Behringer Harvard REIT I, Inc., a Maryland corporation (the “Company”), has adopted a Dividend Reinvestment Plan (the “Plan”) on the terms and conditions set forth below.

1. Reinvestment of Dividends. The Company or an unaffiliated third party, as agent (the “Reinvestment Agent”) for holders of shares of common stock of the Company, par value \$.0001 per share (the “Shares”) owned by each stockholder who elects to participate in the Plan (each a “Participant”), will receive all cash dividends paid by the Company with respect to Participants’ Shares (collectively, the “Dividends”). The Reinvestment Agent will apply such Dividends as specified in Paragraph (a) below, as follows:

(a) Prior to the termination of the Company’s initial public offering of the Shares reserved for issuance under the Plan pursuant to the Company’s prospectus dated February 19, 2003, as thereafter amended or supplemented (the “Initial Offering”), the Reinvestment Agent will invest Dividends in Shares at the public offering price per Share (\$10 per Share).

(b) After termination of the Initial Offering, the Reinvestment Agent will invest Dividends in Shares which may (but are not required to) be supplied from either (i) Shares registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission (the “Commission”) pursuant to an effective registration statement for Shares for use in the Plan (a “Future Registration”) or (ii) Shares purchased by the Reinvestment Agent for the Plan in a secondary market (if available) or on a stock exchange or the Nasdaq Stock Market (if listed) (collectively, the “Secondary Market”) and registered with the Commission for resale pursuant to the Plan. Shares purchased on the Secondary Market as set forth in (ii) above will be purchased at the then-prevailing market price, and the average price paid by the Reinvestment Agent for all such purchases for a single Dividend will be utilized for purposes of purchases of Shares in the Plan. Shares acquired by the Reinvestment Agent on the Secondary Market or registered in a Future Registration for use in the Plan may be at prices lower or higher than the \$10 per Share price that will be paid for the Shares purchased for the Plan pursuant to the Initial Offering and any subsequent offering priced at \$10 per Share. If the Reinvestment Agent acquires Shares in the Secondary Market for use in the Plan, the Reinvestment Agent shall use reasonable efforts to acquire Shares for use in the Plan at the lowest price then reasonably available. However, the Reinvestment Agent does not in any respect guaranty or warrant that the Shares so acquired and purchased by the Participants in the Plan will be at the lowest possible price. Further, irrespective of the Reinvestment Agent’s ability to acquire Shares in the Secondary Market or the Company’s ability to complete a Future Registration for shares to be used in the Plan, neither the Reinvestment Agent nor the Company is in any way obligated to do either, in its sole discretion.

(c) If a Participant designates in writing that such Participant’s broker who made the initial sale of Shares to the Participant shall receive commissions for purchases under the Plan, then such broker shall be paid a selling commission at the same rate as for initial purchases, not to exceed 7.0%. Dealer manager fees not to exceed 1.0% will be paid to the dealer manager named in the prospectus for the Shares purchased in connection with each Dividend (which, with respect to the Initial Offering, is Behringer Securities LP). Each Participant is permitted to identify, change or eliminate the name of his account executive at a participating broker-dealer with respect to Dividends reinvested. In the event that no account executive is identified, or in the event that the account executive is not employed by a broker-dealer having a valid selling agreement with the dealer manager, no selling commission will be paid with respect to Dividends which are then being reinvested. If no such broker is designated, or if the Participant designates only a portion of the selling commission to be paid to the Participant’s broker, the amount that would have been paid as a selling commission will be retained and used by the Company.

(d) For each Participant, the Reinvestment Agent will maintain an account which shall reflect for each month the Dividends received by the Reinvestment Agent on behalf of such Participant. A Participant’s account shall be reduced as purchases of Shares are made on behalf of such Participant.

(e) Dividends shall be invested by the Reinvestment Agent in Shares promptly following the payment date with respect to such Dividends to the extent Shares are available for purchase under the Plan. If sufficient Shares are not available, any such funds that have not been invested in Shares within 30 days after receipt by the Reinvestment Agent and, in any event, by the end of the fiscal quarter in which they are received, will be distributed to the Participants. Any interest earned on such accounts will be paid to the Company and will become the property of the Company.

(f) Each Participant during a fiscal year will acquire and own a number of Shares acquired pursuant to the Plan during such quarter, based on the amount in the Participant's account at the time the Shares are acquired, which may result in the ownership of fractional Shares, computed to four decimal places. The ownership of the Shares shall be reflected on the books of the Company or its transfer agent.

2. Election to Participate. Any holder of Shares may become a Participant by making a written election on his subscription agreement to participate at the time of subscription for Shares. Any stockholder who has not previously elected to participate in the Plan may so elect at any time by completing and executing an enrollment form or any other appropriate authorization form as may be available from the Reinvestment Agent. Participation in the Plan will commence with the next Dividend payable after receipt of the Participant's notice, provided it is received at least ten days prior to the last day of the fiscal quarter to which such Dividend relates. Subject to the preceding sentence, regardless of the date of such election, a stockholder will become a Participant in the Plan effective on the first day of the fiscal quarter following such election, and the election will apply to all Dividends attributable to the fiscal quarter in which the Stockholder makes such written election to participate in the Plan and to all fiscal quarters thereafter.

3. Distribution of Funds. In making purchases for Participants' accounts, the Reinvestment Agent may commingle Dividends attributable to Shares owned by Participants in the Plan.

4. Absence of Liability. Neither the Company nor the Reinvestment Agent shall have any responsibility or liability as to the value of the Shares, any change in the value of the Shares acquired for the Participant's account, or the rate of return earned on, or the value of, the interest-bearing accounts in which Dividends are invested. Neither the Company nor the Reinvestment Agent shall be liable for any act done in good faith, or for any good faith omission to act, including, without limitation, any claims of liability (a) arising out of the failure to terminate a Participant's participation in the Plan upon such Participant's death prior to receipt of notice in writing of such death and the expiration of 15 days from the date of receipt of such notice and (b) with respect to the time and the prices at which Shares are purchased for a Participant.

5. Suitability.

(a) Each Participant shall notify the Reinvestment Agent in the event that, at any time during his participation in the Plan, there is any material change in the Participant's financial condition or inaccuracy of any representation under the Subscription Agreement for his initial purchase of Shares.

(b) For purposes of this Paragraph 5, a material change shall include any anticipated or actual decrease in net worth or annual gross income or any other change in circumstances that would cause the Participant to fail to meet the suitability standards set forth in the Company's prospectus for his initial purchase of Shares.

6. Reports to Participants. Within 60 days after the end of each fiscal quarter, the Reinvestment Agent will mail to each Participant a statement of account describing, as to such Participant, the Dividends received during the quarter, the number of Shares purchased during the quarter, the per Share purchase price for such Shares, and the total Shares purchased on behalf of the Participant pursuant to the Plan. Each statement shall also advise the Participant that, in accordance with Paragraph 5(a) hereof, he is required to notify the Reinvestment Agent in the event that there is any material change in his financial condition or if any representation made by the Participant under the subscription agreement for his initial purchase of Shares becomes inaccurate. Tax information regarding a Participant's participation in the Plan will be sent to each Participant by the Company or the Reinvestment Agent at least annually.

7. No Drawing. No Participant shall have any right to draw checks or drafts against his account or give instructions to the Company or the Reinvestment Agent except as expressly provided herein.

8. Taxes. Taxable Participants may incur a tax liability for company Dividends even though they have elected not to receive their Dividends in cash but rather to have their Dividends held in their account under the Plan.

9. Reinvestment in Subsequent Programs. After the termination of the Initial Offering, the Company may determine, in its sole discretion, to cause the Reinvestment Agent to provide to each Participant notice of the opportunity to have Dividends reinvested through the Plan in any subsequent publicly offered limited partnership, real estate investment trust or other real estate program sponsored by the Company or its Affiliates which has substantially identical investment objectives as the Company (a "Subsequent Program"). If the Company makes such an election, Participants may reinvest Dividends in equity securities issued by such Subsequent Program through the Plan only if the following conditions are satisfied:

(a) prior to the time of such reinvestment, the Participant has received the final prospectus and any supplements thereto offering interests in the Subsequent Program and such prospectus allows investment pursuant to a dividend reinvestment plan;

(b) a registration statement covering the interests in the Subsequent Program has been declared effective under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended;

(c) the offering and sale of such interests are qualified for sale under the applicable state securities laws;

(d) the Participant executes the subscription agreement included with the prospectus for the Subsequent Program;

(e) the Participant qualifies under applicable investor suitability standards as contained in the prospectus for the Subsequent Program; and

(f) the Subsequent Program has substantially identical investment objectives as the Company.

Any reinvestment of Dividends in interests of any Subsequent Program shall be under the same terms and conditions as set forth in this Plan with respect to reinvestment of Dividends in Shares of the Company.

10. Termination.

(a) A Participant may terminate his participation in the Plan at any time by written notice to the Reinvestment Agent. To be effective for any Dividend, such notice must be received by the Reinvestment Agent at least ten days prior to the last day of the fiscal quarter to which such Dividend relates.

(b) Prior to the listing of the Shares on a stock exchange or inclusion of the Shares for quotation on the Nasdaq Stock Market, a Participant's transfer of Shares will terminate participation in the Plan with respect to such transferred Shares as of the first day of the quarter in which such transfer is effective, unless the transferee of such Shares in connection with such transfer demonstrates to the Reinvestment Agent that such transferee meets the requirements for participation hereunder and affirmatively elects participation by delivering an executed enrollment form or other authorization required by the Reinvestment Agent.

(c) The Reinvestment Agent may terminate a Participant's individual participation in the Plan, and the Company may terminate the Plan itself, at any time by ten days' prior written notice to a Participant, or to all Participants, as the case may be.

(d) After termination of the Plan or termination of a Participant's participation in the Plan, the Reinvestment Agent will send to each Participant (i) a statement of account in accordance with Paragraph 6 hereof, and (ii) a check for the amount of any Dividends in the Participant's account that have not been reinvested in Shares. Any future Dividends with respect to such former Participant's Shares made after the effective date of the termination will be sent directly to the former Participant.

11. State Regulatory Restrictions. The Reinvestment Agent is authorized to deny participation in the Plan to residents of any state which imposes restrictions on participation in the Plan with respect to residents of such state that conflict with the general terms and provisions of this Plan, including, without limitation, any general prohibition on the payment of broker-dealer commissions or dealer manager fees for purchases under the Plan.

12. Notice. Any notice or other communication required or permitted to be given by any provision of this Plan shall be in writing and, if to the Reinvestment Agent, addressed to Investor Services Department, 1323 North Stemmons Freeway, Suite 210, Dallas, Texas 75207, or such other address as may be specified by the Reinvestment Agent by written notice to all Participants. Notices to a Participant may be given by letter addressed to the Participant at the Participant's last address of record with the Reinvestment Agent. Each Participant shall notify the Reinvestment Agent promptly in writing of any change of address.

13. Amendment. The terms and conditions of this Plan may be amended or supplemented by the Company at any time, including but not limited to an amendment to the Plan to substitute a new Reinvestment Agent to act as agent for the Participants, by mailing an appropriate notice at least 30 days prior to the effective date thereof to each Participant. Such

amendment or supplement shall be deemed conclusively accepted by each Participant except those Participants from whom the Reinvestment Agent receives written notice of termination prior to the effective date thereof.

14. Governing Law. **THIS PLAN AND PARTICIPANT'S ELECTION TO PARTICIPATE IN THE PLAN SHALL BE GOVERNED BY THE LAWS OF THE STATE OF MARYLAND.**

Prospectus
Up to 88,000,000 Shares of Common Stock
Offered to the Public

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Until May 20, 2003 (90 days after the date of this prospectus), all dealers that affect transactions in these securities, whether or not participating in this offering, may be required to deliver a prospectus. This is in addition to the obligation of dealers to deliver a prospectus when acting as soliciting dealers.

We have not authorized any dealer, salesperson or other individual to give any information or to make any representations that are not contained in this prospectus. If any such information or statements are given or made, you should not rely upon such information or representation. This prospectus does not constitute an offer to sell any securities other than those to which this prospectus relates, or an offer to sell, or a solicitation of an offer to buy, to any person in any jurisdiction where such an offer or solicitation would be unlawful. This prospectus speaks as of the date set forth below. You should not assume that the delivery of this prospectus or that any sale made pursuant to this prospectus implies that the information contained in this prospectus will remain fully accurate and correct as of any time subsequent to the date of this prospectus.