



**Deutsche Bank AG, London Branch**

**\$2,436,000**

**100% Principal Protection Absolute Return Barrier Notes Linked to the Russell 2000® Index due March 31, 2009**

**General**

- The notes are 100% principal-protected notes that may pay a return linked to the absolute performance of the Russell 2000® Index over the term of the notes. The notes are designed for investors who seek to profit from moderate movements in either direction in the Russell 2000® Index and who are willing to forgo interest payments during the term of the notes and to have their returns subject to the Absolute Return Barrier described below.
- Senior unsecured obligations of Deutsche Bank AG due March 31, 2009.
- Cash payment at maturity of principal plus the Additional Amount, as described below.
- Denominations of \$1,000.
- Minimum initial investments of \$1,000.
- The notes priced on September 25, 2007 and are expected to settle on September 28, 2007 (the “**Settlement Date**”).

**Key Terms**

Issuer:	Deutsche Bank AG, London Branch.
Rating:	Moody's Investors Service Ltd has assigned a rating of Aa1 to notes, such as the notes offered hereby, issued under Deutsche Bank AG's Global Notes Program, Series A. <sup>†</sup>
Index:	Russell 2000® Index (the “ <b>Index</b> ”).
Payment at Maturity:	At maturity, you will receive a cash payment, for each \$1,000 note principal amount, of \$1,000 plus the Additional Amount, which may be zero.
Additional Amount:	The Additional Amount per \$1,000 note principal amount paid at maturity will equal: (1) If the Index never closes above the Upper Index Barrier or below the Lower Index Barrier on any single trading day during the Observation Period, \$1,000 x Absolute Index Return; or (2) If the Index closes either above the Upper Index Barrier or below the Lower Index Barrier on any one or more trading days during the Observation Period, zero.
Absolute Return Barrier:	29.00%
Upper Index Barrier:	1035.87
Lower Index Barrier:	570.13
Absolute Index Return:	Absolute value of: $\left[ \frac{\text{Index Ending Level} - \text{Index Starting Level}}{\text{Index Starting Level}} \right]$
Index Starting Level:	803.00
Index Ending Level:	The Index closing level on the Final Valuation Date.
Observation Period:	The period commencing on (and including) the Trade Date to (and including) the Final Valuation Date.
Trade Date:	September 25, 2007
Final Valuation Date:	March 26, 2009, subject to postponement in the event of a market disruption event and as described under “Description of Notes – Payment at Maturity” in the accompanying product supplement.
Term; Maturity Date:	18 months; March 31, 2009, subject to postponement in the event of a market disruption event and as described under “Description of Notes – Payment at Maturity” in the accompanying product supplement.
CUSIP:	2515A0 EU 3
ISIN:	US2515A0EU34

<sup>†</sup> A credit rating is not a recommendation to buy, sell, or hold the notes, and maybe subject to revision or withdrawal at any time by the assigning rating agency.

**Investing in the notes involves a number of risks. See “Risk Factors” in the accompanying product supplement and “Selected Risk Considerations” in this pricing supplement.**

Deutsche Bank AG has filed a registration statement (including a prospectus) with the Securities and Exchange Commission, or SEC, for the offering to which this pricing supplement relates. Before you invest, you should read the prospectus in that registration statement and the other documents relating to this offering that Deutsche Bank AG has filed with the SEC for more complete information about Deutsche Bank AG and this offering. You may obtain these documents without cost by visiting EDGAR on the SEC website at [www.sec.gov](http://www.sec.gov). Alternatively, Deutsche Bank AG, any agent or any dealer participating in this offering will arrange to send you the prospectus, prospectus supplement, product supplement and this pricing supplement if you so request by calling toll-free 1-800-311-4409.

You may revoke your offer to purchase the notes at any time prior to the time at which we accept such offer by notifying the applicable agent. We reserve the right to change the terms of, or reject any offer to purchase, the notes prior to their issuance. We will notify you in the event of any material change to the terms of the notes, and you will be asked to accept such material change in connection with your purchase of any notes. You may also choose to reject such material change, in which case we may reject your offer to purchase the notes.

Neither the Securities and Exchange Commission nor any state securities commission has approved or disapproved of the notes or passed upon the accuracy or the adequacy of this pricing supplement or the accompanying product supplement, prospectus supplement and prospectus. Any representation to the contrary is a criminal offense.

	Price to Public	Discounts and Commissions <sup>(1)</sup>	Proceeds to Us
Per Note .....	\$1,000.00	\$17.50	\$982.50
<b>Total</b> .....	<b>\$2,436,000.00</b>	<b>\$42,630.00</b>	<b>\$2,393,370.00</b>

<sup>(1)</sup> For more detailed information about discounts and commissions, please see “Supplemental Underwriting Information” on the last page of this pricing supplement.

The notes are not bank deposits and are not insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or any other governmental agency.

**CALCULATION OF REGISTRATION FEE**

Title of Each Class of Securities Offered	Maximum Aggregate Offering Price	Amount of Registration Fee
Notes .....	\$2,436,000.00	\$74.79

**Deutsche Bank Securities**

### ADDITIONAL TERMS SPECIFIC TO THE NOTES

- You should read this pricing supplement together with the prospectus dated October 10, 2006, as supplemented by the prospectus supplement dated November 13, 2006 relating to our Series A global notes of which these notes are a part, and the more detailed information contained in product supplement C dated December 1, 2006. You may access these documents on the SEC website at [www.sec.gov](http://www.sec.gov) as follows (or if such address has changed, by reviewing our filings for the relevant date on the SEC website):
  - Product supplement C dated December 1, 2006:  
<http://www.sec.gov/Archives/edgar/data/1159508/000119312506245255/d424b2.htm>
  - Prospectus supplement dated November 13, 2006:  
<http://www.sec.gov/Archives/edgar/data/1159508/000119312506233129/d424b3.htm>
  - Prospectus dated October 10, 2006:  
<http://www.sec.gov/Archives/edgar/data/1159508/000095012306012432/u50845fv3asr.htm>
- Our Central Index Key, or CIK, on the SEC website is 0001159508. As used in this pricing supplement, “**we**,” “**us**” or “**our**” refers to Deutsche Bank AG, including, as the context requires, acting through one of its branches.
- This pricing supplement, together with the documents listed above, contains the terms of the notes and supersedes all other prior or contemporaneous oral statements as well as any other written materials including preliminary or indicative pricing terms, correspondence, trade ideas, structures for implementation, sample structures, brochures or other educational materials of ours. You should carefully consider, among other things, the matters set forth in “Risk Factors” in the accompanying product supplement, as the notes involve risks not associated with conventional debt securities. We urge you to consult your investment, legal, tax, accounting and other advisers before deciding to invest in the notes.

## What is the Payment Amount on the Notes at Maturity Assuming a Range of Performance for the Index?

The table below illustrates the payment at maturity (including, where relevant, the payment of the Additional Amount) for a \$1,000 note principal amount for a hypothetical range of performance for the Absolute Index Return from -100% to +100% and assumes an Index Starting Level of 803.00 and an Absolute Return Barrier of 29.00%. The following results are based solely on the hypothetical example cited. You should consider carefully whether the notes are suitable to your investment goals. The numbers appearing in the table below have been rounded for ease of analysis.

Index Ending Level	Index Return (%)	The Index Never Closes Outside Absolute Return Barrier			The Index Closes Outside Absolute Return Barrier		
		Additional Amount at Maturity (\$)	Payment at Maturity (\$)	Return on Note (%)	Additional Amount at Maturity (\$)	Payment at Maturity (\$)	Return on Note (%)
1606.00	100.00%	N/A	N/A	N/A	\$0.00	\$1,000.00	0.00%
1405.25	75.00%	N/A	N/A	N/A	\$0.00	\$1,000.00	0.00%
1204.50	50.00%	N/A	N/A	N/A	\$0.00	\$1,000.00	0.00%
1035.87	29.00%	\$290.00	\$1,290.00	29.00%	\$0.00	\$1,000.00	0.00%
931.48	16.00%	\$160.00	\$1,160.00	16.00%	\$0.00	\$1,000.00	0.00%
899.36	12.00%	\$120.00	\$1,120.00	12.00%	\$0.00	\$1,000.00	0.00%
867.24	8.00%	\$80.00	\$1,080.00	8.00%	\$0.00	\$1,000.00	0.00%
835.12	4.00%	\$40.00	\$1,040.00	4.00%	\$0.00	\$1,000.00	0.00%
803.00	0.00%	\$0.00	\$1,000.00	0.00%	\$0.00	\$1,000.00	0.00%
770.88	-4.00%	\$40.00	\$1,040.00	4.00%	\$0.00	\$1,000.00	0.00%
738.76	-8.00%	\$80.00	\$1,080.00	8.00%	\$0.00	\$1,000.00	0.00%
706.64	-12.00%	\$120.00	\$1,120.00	12.00%	\$0.00	\$1,000.00	0.00%
674.52	-16.00%	\$160.00	\$1,160.00	16.00%	\$0.00	\$1,000.00	0.00%
570.13	-29.00%	\$290.00	\$1,290.00	29.00%	\$0.00	\$1,000.00	0.00%
401.50	-50.00%	N/A	N/A	N/A	\$0.00	\$1,000.00	0.00%
200.75	-75.00%	N/A	N/A	N/A	\$0.00	\$1,000.00	0.00%
0.00	-100.00%	N/A	N/A	N/A	\$0.00	\$1,000.00	0.00%

## Hypothetical Examples of Amounts Payable at Maturity

The following hypothetical examples illustrate how the total returns set forth in the table above are calculated.

**Example 1: The level of the Index increases by 12% from the Index Starting Level of 803.00 to an Index Ending Level of 899.36, and the Index closing level never exceeds the Upper Index Barrier or falls below the Lower Index Barrier on any single day during the Observation Period.** Because the Index closing level never exceeds the Upper Index Barrier or falls below the Lower Index Barrier, the Additional Amount is equal to \$120.00, and the final payment at maturity is equal to \$1,120.00 per \$1,000 note principal amount, representing a total return of 12% on the notes.

$$\text{Payment at maturity per \$1,000 note principal amount} = \$1,000 + (\$1,000 \times [(899.36 - 803.00)/803.00]) = \$1,120.00$$

**Example 2: The level of the Index decreases by 12% from the Index Starting Level of 803.00 to an Index Ending Level of 706.64, and the Index closing level never exceeds the Upper Index Barrier or falls below the Lower Index Barrier on any trading day during the Observation Period.** Because the Index closing level never exceeds the Upper Index Barrier or falls below the Lower Index Barrier, the Additional Amount is equal to \$120.00, and the final payment at maturity is equal to \$1,120.00 per \$1,000 note principal amount, representing a total return of 12% on the notes.

Payment at maturity per \$1,000 note principal amount = \$1,000 + Absolute value of  $(\$1,000 \times [(706.64 - 803.00)/803.00]) = \$1,120.00$

**Example 3: The level of the Index closes above the Upper Index Barrier on at least one day during the Observation Period and ultimately decreases by 12% from the Index Starting Level of 803.00 to an Index Ending Level of 706.64.** Because the level of the Index has closed above the Upper Index Barrier, the Additional Amount is equal to \$0, and the final payment at maturity is equal to \$1,000 per \$1,000 note principal amount regardless of the Index Ending Level.

Payment at maturity per \$1,000 note principal amount = \$1,000 + \$0 = \$1,000

**Example 4: The level of the Index closes below the Lower Index Barrier on at least one day during the Observation Period and ultimately decreases by 12% from the Index Starting Level of 803.00 to an Index Ending Level of 706.64.** Because the level of the Index has closed below the Lower Index Barrier, the Additional Amount is equal to \$0, and the final payment at maturity is equal to \$1,000 per \$1,000 note principal amount regardless of the Index Ending Level.

Payment at maturity per \$1,000 note principal amount = \$1,000 + \$0 = \$1,000

#### **Selected Purchase Considerations**

- **PRESERVATION OF CAPITAL AT MATURITY** – You will receive at least 100% of the principal amount of your notes provided that you hold the notes to maturity, regardless of the performance of the Index. Because the notes are our senior unsecured obligations, payment of any amount at maturity remains subject to our ability to pay our obligations as they become due.
- **EXPOSURE TO ABSOLUTE RETURN** – If the Index closing level never exceeds the Upper Index Barrier or never falls below the Lower Index Barrier, in addition to return of your principal, at maturity you will receive, for each \$1,000 note principal amount, a payment equal to \$1,000 x the Absolute Index Return. The Absolute Index Return is the absolute value of the Index return, and thus is positive regardless of whether the Index return is positive or negative. Thus, the notes provide higher returns when the Index closing levels during the Observation Period remain between the Upper Index Barrier and the Lower Index Barrier (*i.e.*, within the Absolute Return Barrier) than when there are large movements, whether positive or negative, in the Index level that cause the Index level to exceed the Upper Index Barrier or fall below the Lower Index Barrier at any point during the Observation Period.
- **RETURN LINKED TO THE PERFORMANCE OF THE RUSSELL 2000® INDEX** – The return on the securities, which may be positive or negative, is linked to the performance of the Russell 2000® Index. The Russell 2000® Index consists of the smallest 2,000 companies included in the Russell 3000® Index, and represents approximately 10% of the total market capitalization of the companies composing the Russell 3000® Index. The Russell 2000® Index is designed to track the performance of the small capitalization segment of the U.S. equity market. See “The Russell 2000® Index” in this pricing supplement.

- **TAXED AS CONTINGENT PAYMENT DEBT INSTRUMENTS** – You should review carefully the section in the accompanying product supplement entitled “Certain U.S. Federal Income Tax Consequences.” The notes will be treated for U.S. federal income tax purposes as “contingent payment debt instruments.” As a result, regardless of your method of accounting, you generally will be required to accrue interest on a constant yield to maturity basis at the “comparable yield,” as determined by us, although we will not make any payment with respect to the notes until maturity. Interest included in income generally will increase your basis in the notes. Any gain recognized upon a sale, exchange or retirement of the notes will be treated as interest income for U.S. federal income tax purposes.

You may obtain the comparable yield and the projected payment schedule by submitting a written request to Deutsche Bank Securities Inc., 60 Wall Street, 4th Floor, New York, New York 10005, Attention: Daniel Millwood, 212-250-8281. **Neither the comparable yield nor the projected payment schedule constitutes a representation by us regarding the actual Additional Amount, if any, that we will pay on the notes.**

Under current law, the United Kingdom will not impose withholding tax on payments made with respect to the notes.

For a discussion of certain German tax considerations relating to the notes, you may refer to the accompanying prospectus supplement entitled “Taxation by Germany of Non-Resident Holders.”

**We do not provide any advice on tax matters. You are urged to consult your own tax adviser regarding all aspects of the U.S. federal tax consequences of investing in the notes, as well as any tax consequences arising under the laws of any state, local or non-U.S. taxing jurisdiction.**

#### **Selected Risk Considerations**

An investment in the notes involves significant risks. Investing in the notes is not equivalent to investing directly in the Index or any of the component stocks underlying the Index. These risks are explained in more detail in the “Risk Factors” section of the accompanying product supplement C dated December 1, 2006.

- **MARKET RISK** – The return on the notes at maturity, if any, is linked to the performance of the Index and will depend on whether the Index closing level ever exceeds the Upper Index Barrier or falls below the Lower Index Barrier during the Observation Period and the

magnitude of the Absolute Index Return. **YOU WILL RECEIVE ONLY THE PRINCIPAL AMOUNT OF YOUR NOTES AT MATURITY IF THE ABSOLUTE INDEX RETURN IS ZERO OR IF THE INDEX CLOSING LEVEL EXCEEDS THE UPPER INDEX BARRIER OR FALLS BELOW THE LOWER INDEX BARRIER ON ANY TRADING DAY DURING THE OBSERVATION PERIOD.**

- **THE NOTES MAY NOT PAY MORE THAN THE PRINCIPAL AMOUNT** – You may receive a lower payment at maturity than you would have received if you had invested in the Index, the component stocks underlying the Index or contracts related to the Index. If the Index closing level exceeds the Upper Index Barrier or falls below the Lower Index Barrier on any trading day during the Observation Period, the Additional Amount will be zero, and you will receive only your principal amount at maturity.
- **THE ABSOLUTE RETURN BARRIER FEATURE WILL LIMIT YOUR RETURN ON THE NOTES AND MAY AFFECT YOUR PAYMENT AT MATURITY** – Your investment in the notes may not perform as well as an investment in a security with a return based solely on the performance of the Index. Your ability to participate in the appreciation of the Index is limited by the Absolute Return Barrier feature of the notes. If the Index closing level exceeds the Upper Index Barrier or falls below the Lower Index Barrier on any trading day during the Observation Period, the return on the notes will not be determined by reference to the Absolute Index Return even though the Absolute Index Return may reflect significant appreciation or depreciation in the Index over the term of the notes (the Absolute Index Return is the absolute value of the Index return, and thus is positive regardless of whether the Index return is positive or negative). Because the Absolute Return Barrier is 29.00% of the Index Starting Level, the maximum return on the notes is limited to 29.00% of the principal amount.
- **NO INTEREST OR DIVIDEND PAYMENTS OR VOTING RIGHTS** – As a holder of the notes, you will not receive interest payments, and you will not have voting rights or rights to receive cash dividends or other distributions or other rights that holders of the component stocks underlying the Index would have.
- **CERTAIN BUILT-IN COSTS ARE LIKELY TO ADVERSELY AFFECT THE VALUE OF THE NOTES PRIOR TO MATURITY** – While the payment at maturity described in this pricing supplement is based on the full principal amount of your notes, the original issue price of the notes includes the agent's commission and the cost of hedging our obligations under the notes through one or more of our affiliates. As a result, the price, if any, at which Deutsche Bank AG or our affiliates or agents will be willing to purchase notes from you, prior to maturity, in secondary market transactions, if at all, will likely be lower than the original issue price and any such sale prior to the maturity date could result in a substantial loss to you. The notes are not designed to be short-term trading instruments. Accordingly, you should be willing and able to hold your notes to maturity.
- **LACK OF LIQUIDITY** – The notes will not be listed on any securities exchange. Deutsche Bank AG or its affiliates or agents intend to offer to purchase the notes in the secondary market but are not required to do so and may cease such market making activities at any time. Even if there is a secondary market, it may not provide enough liquidity to allow you to trade or sell the notes easily. Because other dealers are not likely to make a secondary market for the notes, the price at which you may be able to trade your notes is likely to depend on the price, if any, at which Deutsche Bank AG or its affiliates or agents are willing to buy the notes.
- **WE AND OUR AFFILIATES AND AGENTS MAY PUBLISH RESEARCH, EXPRESS OPINIONS OR PROVIDE RECOMMENDATIONS THAT ARE INCONSISTENT WITH INVESTING IN OR HOLDING THE NOTES. ANY SUCH RESEARCH, OPINIONS OR**



**RECOMMENDATIONS COULD AFFECT THE LEVEL OF THE INDEX TO WHICH THE NOTES ARE LINKED OR THE MARKET VALUE OF THE NOTES**

– Deutsche Bank AG, its affiliates and agents publish research from time to time on financial markets and other matters that may influence the value of the notes, or express opinions or provide recommendations that are inconsistent with purchasing or holding the notes. Any research, opinions or recommendations expressed by Deutsche Bank AG, its affiliates or agents may not be consistent with each other and may be modified from time to time without notice. Investors should make their own independent investigation of the merits of investing in the notes and the Index to which the Notes are linked.

- **POTENTIAL CONFLICTS** – We and our affiliates play a variety of roles in connection with the issuance of the notes, including acting as calculation agent and hedging our obligations under the notes. In performing these duties, the economic interests of the calculation agent and other affiliates of ours are potentially adverse to your interests as an investor in the notes.
- **MANY ECONOMIC AND MARKET FACTORS WILL IMPACT THE VALUE OF THE NOTES** – In addition to the level of the Index on any day, the value of the notes will be affected by a number of complex and interrelated economic and market factors that may either offset or magnify each other, including:
  - the expected volatility of the Index;
  - the time to maturity of the notes;
  - the market price and dividend rate on the component stocks underlying the Index;
  - interest and yield rates in the market generally and in the markets of the component stocks underlying the Index;
  - a variety of economic, financial, political, regulatory or judicial events;
  - the composition of the Index and any changes to the component stocks underlying it;
  - supply and demand for the notes; and
  - our creditworthiness, including actual or anticipated downgrades in our credit ratings.

**The Russell 2000® Index**

We have derived all information contained in this pricing supplement regarding the Russell 2000® Index, including, without limitation, its make-up, method of calculation and changes in its components, from publicly available information. Such information reflects the policies of, and is subject to change by, the Frank Russell Company (“**Frank Russell**”). The Russell 2000® Index was developed by Frank Russell and is calculated, maintained and published by Frank Russell. We make no representation or warranty as to the accuracy or completeness of such information.

The Russell 2000® Index is designed to track the performance of the small capitalization segment of the U.S. equity market. The Index measures the composite price performance of stocks of 2,000 companies (the “Component Stocks”) domiciled in the U.S. and its territories and consists of the smallest 2,000 companies included in the Russell 3000® Index. The Russell

3000® Index is composed of the 3,000 largest U.S. companies as determined by market capitalization and represents approximately 98% of the U.S. equity market. The Russell 2000® Index represents approximately 10% of the total market capitalization of the Russell 3000® Index.

*Selection of stocks underlying the Russell 2000® Index.* The Russell 2000® Index is a sub-group of the Russell 3000® Index. To be eligible for inclusion in the Russell 3000® Index, and, consequently, the Russell 2000® Index, a company's stocks must be listed on May 31 of a given year and Frank Russell must have access to documentation verifying the company's eligibility for inclusion. Beginning September 2004, eligible initial public offerings are added to Russell U.S. indexes at the end of each calendar quarter, based on total market capitalization rankings within the market-adjusted capitalization breaks established during the most recent reconstitution. To be added to any Russell U.S. index during a quarter outside of reconstitution, initial public offerings must meet additional eligibility criteria.

Only common stocks belonging to corporations domiciled in the U.S. and its territories are eligible for inclusion in the Russell 3000® Index and, consequently, the Russell 2000® Index. The following securities are specifically excluded from the Russell 2000® Index: (i) stocks traded on U.S. exchanges but domiciled in other countries; (ii) preferred and convertible preferred stock, redeemable shares, participating preferred stock, warrants and rights; and (iii) trust receipts, royalty trusts, limited liability companies, OTC Bulletin Board companies, pink sheets, closed-end mutual funds and limited partnerships that are traded on U.S. exchanges. In addition, Berkshire Hathaway is excluded as a special exception.

The primary criteria used to determine the initial list of securities eligible for the Russell 3000® Index is total market capitalization, which is defined as the price of the shares times the total number of available shares. All common stock share classes are combined in determining market capitalization. If multiple share classes have been combined, the price of the primary vehicle (usually the most liquid) is used in the calculations. In cases where the common stock share classes act independently of each other (e.g., tracking stocks), each class is considered for inclusion separately. Stocks must trade at or above \$1.00 on May 31 of each year to be eligible for inclusion in the Russell 2000® Index. However, if a stock falls below \$1.00 intra-year, it will not be removed until the next reconstitution if it is still trading below \$1.00.

The Russell 2000® Index is reconstituted annually to reflect changes in the marketplace. The list of companies is ranked based on May 31 total market capitalization, with the actual reconstitution effective on the first trading day following the final Friday of June each year. Changes in the constituents are pre-announced and subject to change if any corporate activity occurs or if any new information is received prior to release.

*Capitalization Adjustments.* As a capitalization-weighted index, the Russell 2000® Index reflects changes in the capitalization, or market value, of the Component Stocks. A company's shares are adjusted to include only those shares available to the public. The purpose of this adjustment is to exclude from market calculations the capitalization that is not available for purchase and is not part of the investable opportunity set. Stocks are weighted in the Russell 2000® Index by their available market capitalization, which is calculated by multiplying the primary closing price by the available shares.

Available shares are assumed to be shares available for trading. Exclusion of capitalization held by other listed companies and large holdings of private investors (10% or more) is based on information recorded in Securities and Exchange Commission (the "Commission") corporate filings. Other sources are used in cases of missing or questionable data.



The following types of shares are considered unavailable for the purposes of capitalization determinations:

- ESOP or LESOP shares – corporations that have Employee Stock Ownership Plans that comprise 10% or more of the shares outstanding are adjusted;
- Corporate cross-owned shares – when shares of a company in the Russell 2000® Index are held by another company also in the Russell 2000® Index, this is considered corporate cross-ownership. Any percentage held in this class will be adjusted;
- Large private and corporate shares – large private and corporate holdings are defined as those shares held by an individual, a group of individuals acting together or a corporation not in the Russell 2000® Index that own 10% or more of the shares outstanding. However, not to be included in this class are institutional holdings, which are: investment companies not in the Russell 2000® Index, partnerships, insurance companies not in the Russell 2000® Index, mutual funds, banks not in the Russell 2000® Index or venture capital funds;
- Unlisted share classes – classes of common stock that are not traded on a U.S. securities exchange; and
- Initial public offering lock-ups – shares locked-up during an initial public offering are not available to the public and will be excluded from the market value at the time the initial public offering enters the index.

*Corporate Actions Affecting the Russell 2000® Index.* The following summarizes the types of Russell 2000® Index maintenance adjustments and indicates whether or not an Russell 2000® Index adjustment is required.

- “No Replacement” Rule – Securities that leave the Russell 2000® Index, between reconstitution dates, for any reason (*e.g.*, mergers, acquisitions or other similar corporate activity) are not replaced. Thus, the number of securities in the Russell 2000® Index over a year will fluctuate according to corporate activity.
- Rule for Deletions – When a stock is acquired, delisted, or moves to the pink sheets or bulletin boards on the floor of a U.S. securities exchange, the stock is deleted from the Russell 2000® Index at the market close on the effective date or when the stock is no longer trading on the exchange.

When acquisitions or mergers take place within the Russell 2000® Index, the stock’s capitalization moves to the acquiring stock, hence, mergers have no effect on the Russell 2000® Index total capitalization. Shares are updated for the acquiring stock at the time the transaction is final. Prior to April 1, 2000, if the acquiring stock was a member of a different index (*e.g.*, Russell 3000® or Russell 1000®), the shares for the acquiring stock were not adjusted until month end.

- Deleted Stocks – Effective on January 1, 2002, when deleting stocks from the Russell 2000® Index as a result of exchange de-listing or reconstitution, the price used will be the market price on the day of deletion, including potentially the OTC bulletin board price. Previously, prices used to reflect de-listed stocks were the last traded price on the primary exchange. Exceptions: there may be corporate events, like mergers or acquisitions, that result in the lack of current market price for the deleted security and in such an instance the latest primary exchange closing price available will be used.

- Rule for Additions – The only additions between reconstitution dates are as a result of spin-offs. Spin-off companies are added to the parent company's index and capitalization tier of membership, if the spin-off is large enough. To be eligible, the spun-off company's total market capitalization must be greater than the market-adjusted total market capitalization of the smallest security in the Russell 2000® Index at the latest reconstitution.
- Rule for Corporate Action-Driven Changes – Beginning April 1, 2003 changes resulting from corporate actions will generally be applied at the open of the ex-date using the previous day's closing prices. For reclassification of shares, mergers and acquisitions, spin-offs or reorganizations, adjustments will be made at the open of the ex-date using previous day closing prices. For re-incorporations and exchange delisting, deleted entities will be removed at the open on the day following re-incorporation or delisting using previous day closing prices (including OTC prices for delisted stocks).

*Updates to Share Capital Affecting the Russell 2000® Index.* Each month, the Russell 2000® Index is updated for changes to shares outstanding as companies report changes in share capital to the Commission. Effective April 30, 2002 only cumulative changes to shares outstanding greater than 5% are reflected in the Russell 2000® Index. This does not affect treatment of major corporate events, which are effective on the ex-date.

*Pricing of Securities Included in the Russell 2000® Index.* Effective on January 1, 2002, primary exchange closing prices are used in the daily Russell 2000® Index calculations. FT Interactive data is used as the primary source for U.S. security prices, income, and total shares outstanding. Prior to January 1, 2002, composite closing prices, which are the last trade price on any U.S. exchange, were used in the daily Russell 2000® Index calculations.

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Upon any selection by the calculation agent of a Russell successor index, the calculation agent will cause written notice thereof to be promptly furnished to the trustee, to us and to the holders of the securities.

If Frank Russell Company discontinues publication of the Russell 2000® Index prior to, and such discontinuance is continuing on, the Final Valuation Date, and the calculation agent determines, in its sole discretion, that no successor index is available at such time, or the calculation agent has previously selected a Russell successor index and publication of such Russell successor index is discontinued prior to, and such discontinuation is continuing on, the Final Valuation Date, then the calculation agent will determine the Russell 2000® Index closing level for such date. The Russell 2000® Index closing level will be computed by the calculation agent in accordance with the formula for and the method of calculating the Russell 2000® Index or Russell successor index, as applicable, last in effect prior to such discontinuance, using the closing price (or, if trading in the relevant securities has been materially suspended or materially limited, its good faith estimate of the closing price that would have prevailed but for such suspension or limitation) at the close of the principal trading session on such date of each security most recently comprising the Russell 2000® Index or Russell successor index, as applicable. Notwithstanding these alternative arrangements, discontinuance of the publication of the Russell 2000® Index or Russell successor index, as applicable, on the relevant exchange may adversely affect the value of the securities.

If at any time the method of calculating the Russell 2000® Index or a Russell successor index, or the level thereof, is changed in a material respect, or if the Russell 2000® Index or a Russell successor index is in any other way modified so that the Russell 2000® Index or such Russell successor index does not, in the opinion of the calculation agent, fairly represent the level of the Russell 2000® Index or such Russell successor index had such changes or modifications not been made, then, from and after such time, the calculation agent will, at the close of business in New York City on each date on which the Russell 2000® Index closing level is to be determined, make such calculations and adjustments as, in the good faith judgment of the calculation agent, may be necessary in order to arrive at a level of a stock index comparable

to the Russell 2000® Index or such Russell successor index, as the case may be, as if such changes or modifications had not been made, and the calculation agent will calculate the Russell 2000® Index closing level with reference to the Russell 2000® Index or such Russell successor index, as adjusted. Accordingly, if the method of calculating the Russell 2000® Index or a Russell successor index is modified so that the level of the Russell 2000® Index or such Russell successor index is a fraction of what it would have been if there had been no such modification (*e.g.*, due to a split in the Russell 2000® Index or such Russell successor index), then the calculation agent will adjust its calculation of the Russell 2000® Index or such Russell successor index in order to arrive at a level of the Russell 2000® Index or such Russell successor index as if there had been no such modification (*e.g.*, as if such split had not occurred).

With respect to the Index, a “**market disruption event**” means:

- a suspension, absence or material limitation of trading of stocks then constituting 20% or more of the level of the Index (or the relevant successor index) on the relevant exchanges (as defined below) for such securities for more than two hours of trading during, or during the one hour period preceding the close of, the principal trading session on such relevant exchange; or
- a breakdown or failure in the price and trade reporting systems of any relevant exchange as a result of which the reported trading prices for stocks then constituting 20% or more of the level of the Index (or the relevant successor index) during the one hour preceding the close of the principal trading session on such relevant exchange are materially inaccurate; or
- a suspension, absence or material limitation of trading on any major securities market for trading in futures or options contracts related to the Index (or the relevant successor index) for more than two hours of trading during, or during the one hour period preceding the close of, the principal trading session on such market; or
- a decision to permanently discontinue trading in the relevant futures or options contracts;

in each case, as determined by the calculation agent in its sole discretion; and

- a determination by the calculation agent in its sole discretion that the event described above materially interfered with our ability or the ability of any of our affiliates to adjust or unwind all or a material portion of any hedge with respect to the notes.

For the purpose of determining whether a market disruption event exists at any time, if trading in a security included in the Index is materially suspended or materially limited at that time, then the relevant percentage contribution of that security to the level of the disrupted Index shall be based on a comparison of:

- the portion of the level of the disrupted Index attributable to that security, relative to
- the overall level of the disrupted Index,

in each case, immediately before that suspension or limitation.

For purposes of determining whether a market disruption event has occurred:

- a limitation on the hours or number of days of trading will not constitute a market disruption event if it results from an announced change in the regular business hours of the relevant exchange or market;
- limitations pursuant to the rules of any relevant exchange similar to NYSE Rule 80A (or any applicable rule or regulation enacted or promulgated by any other self-regulatory organization or any government agency of scope similar to NYSE Rule 80A as determined by the calculation agent) on trading during significant market fluctuations will constitute a suspension, absence or material limitation of trading;

- a suspension of trading in futures or options contracts on the Index by the primary securities market trading in such contracts by reason of:
  - a price change exceeding limits set by such exchange or market;
  - an imbalance of orders relating to such contracts; or
  - a disparity in bid and ask quotes relating to such contracts

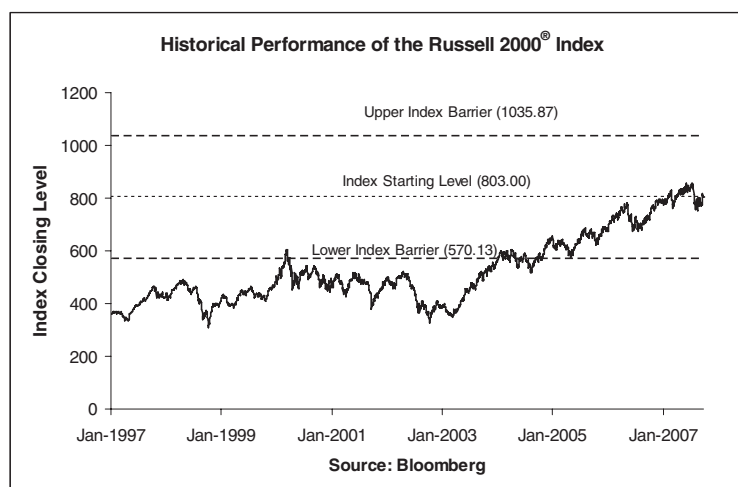
will, in each such case, constitute a suspension, absence or material limitation of trading in futures or options contracts related to the Index; and

- a “suspension, absence or material limitation of trading” on any relevant exchange or on the primary market on which futures or options contracts related to the Index are traded will not include any time when such market is itself closed for trading under ordinary circumstances.

**“Relevant exchange”** means the primary exchange or market of trading for any security (or any combination thereof) then included in the Index or any successor index.

## Historical Information

The following graph sets forth the historical performance of the Russell 2000® Index based on the daily Index closing levels from January 2, 1997 through September 25, 2007, as well as the Upper Index Barrier and the Lower Index Barrier, assuming an Index Starting Level of 803.00, which was the Index closing level on September 25, 2007, and an Absolute Return Barrier of 29.00%. We obtained the Index closing levels below from Bloomberg Financial Markets. We make no representation or warranty as to the accuracy or completeness of the information obtained from Bloomberg Financial Markets. **The historical levels of the Index should not be taken as an indication of future performance, and no assurance can be given as to the Index Ending Level. We cannot give you assurance that the performance of the Index will result in a return on your initial investment.**





**Supplemental Underwriting Information**

Deutsche Bank Securities Inc., acting as agent for Deutsche Bank AG, will receive a commission in connection with the sale of the notes. Deutsche Bank Securities Inc. and other agents may pay referral fees to other broker-dealers of up to 0.50% or \$5.00 per \$1,000 note principal amount. Deutsche Bank Securities Inc. will make selling concessions to other broker-dealers of up to 1.75% or \$17.50 per \$1,000 note principal amount. Deutsche Bank Securities Inc. may pay custodial fees to other broker-dealers of up to 0.25% or \$2.50 per \$1,000 note principal amount. See "Underwriting" in the accompanying product supplement.