



Deutsche Bank AG, London Branch

Performance Securities with Contingent Protection Linked to an Index due January 31, 2012

General

- This pricing supplement relates to four (4) separate note offerings. Each issue of the offered notes is linked to one, and only one, Index. You may participate in any of the four (4) note offerings or, at your election, in two or more of the offerings. This pricing supplement does not, however, allow you to purchase a note linked to a basket of some or all of the Indices described below. Except as otherwise indicated in this pricing supplement, the terms described below generally apply to each note offering.
- Performance Securities with Contingent Protection Linked to an Index due January 31, 2012 (the “**notes**”) are designed for investors who seek a return linked to the appreciation of the applicable Index. Investors should be willing to forgo interest and dividend payments during the term of the notes and be willing to lose all of their principal if the applicable Index declines and closes below the applicable Trigger Level (as defined below) on any single trading day during the Observation Period (as defined below).
- Senior unsecured obligations of Deutsche Bank AG due January 31, 2012.
- Denominations of \$10.00.
- Minimum initial investments of \$1,000 and integral multiples of \$10.00 in excess thereof.
- The notes priced on January 24, 2007 and are expected to settle on or about January 31, 2007 (the “**Settlement Date**”).

Key Terms

Issuer: Deutsche Bank AG, London Branch.

Rating: Moody’s Investors Service Ltd has assigned a rating of Aa3 to notes, such as the notes offered hereby, issued under Deutsche Bank AG’s Global Notes Program, Series A.

Index	Page Number	Principal Amount	Participation Rate	Index Starting Level	Trigger Level	CUSIP	ISIN
S&P 500® Index	PS-6	\$19,300,000	105.00%	1440.13	720.07	25152C 70 0	US25152C7002
Dow Jones EURO STOXX 50® Index	PS-14	\$17,000,000	155.00%	4187.55	2093.78	25152C 80 9	US25152C8091
FTSE/Xinhua China 25 Index	PS-22	\$17,500,000	116.25%	16280.86	8140.43	25152C 87 4	US25152C8745
Nikkei 225 Index	PS-30	\$8,500,000	155.00%	17507.40	8753.70	25152C 88 2	US25152C8828

Payment at Maturity: • If the applicable Index Ending Level is greater than the applicable Index Starting Level, you will receive a cash payment per \$10.00 note principal amount equal to the applicable Index Return *multiplied by* the applicable Participation Rate. Accordingly, if the applicable Index Return is positive, your payment at maturity per \$10.00 note principal amount will be calculated as follows:

$$\$10.00 + (\$10.00 \times \text{applicable Index Return} \times \text{applicable Participation Rate})$$

- If the applicable Index Ending Level is equal to the applicable Index Starting Level, you will receive a cash payment of \$10.00 per \$10.00 note principal amount.
- If the applicable Index Ending Level is less than the applicable Index Starting Level, but the applicable Index does not close below the applicable Trigger Level on any single trading day during the Observation Period, you will receive a cash payment of \$10.00 per \$10.00 note principal amount.
- If the applicable Index Ending Level is less than the applicable Index Starting Level, and the applicable Index closes below the applicable Trigger Level on any single trading day during the Observation Period, your final payment per \$10.00 note principal amount will be calculated as follows:

$$\$10.00 + (\$10.00 \times \text{applicable Index Return})$$

You will lose some or all of your investment at maturity if the applicable Index closes below the applicable Trigger Level on any single trading day during the Observation Period, and the applicable Index Ending Level is less than the applicable Index Starting Level.

Index Return:
$$\frac{\text{applicable Index Ending Level} - \text{applicable Index Starting Level}}{\text{applicable Index Starting Level}}$$

Index Starting Level: The closing level of the applicable Index on the Trade Date.

Index Ending Level: The closing level of the applicable Index on the Final Valuation Date.

Trigger Level: 50% of the applicable Index Starting Level.

Observation Period: The period commencing on (and including) the Trade Date to (and including) the Final Valuation Date.

Trade Date: January 24, 2007

Final Valuation Date: For notes linked to the S&P 500® Index, the Dow Jones EURO STOXX 50® Index and the Nikkei 225 Index, respectively, the Final Valuation Date will be January 24, 2012, subject to postponement in the event of a market disruption event and as described under “Description of Notes – Payment at Maturity” in the accompanying product supplement.

For notes linked to the FTSE/Xinhua China 25 Index, the Final Valuation Date will be January 26, 2012, subject to postponement in the event of a market disruption event and as described under “Description of Notes – Payment at Maturity” in the accompanying product supplement.

Term; Maturity Date: 5 years; January 31, 2012, subject to postponement in the event of a market disruption event and as described under “Description of Notes – Payment at Maturity” in the accompanying product supplement.

Investing in the notes involves a number of risks. See “Risk Factors” in the accompanying product supplement and “Selected Risk Considerations” in this pricing supplement.

Deutsche Bank AG has filed a registration statement (including a prospectus) with the Securities and Exchange Commission, or SEC, for the offering to which this pricing supplement relates. Before you invest, you should read the prospectus in that registration statement and the other documents relating to this offering that Deutsche Bank AG has filed with the SEC for more complete information about Deutsche Bank AG and this offering. You may obtain these documents without cost by visiting EDGAR on the SEC Web site at www.sec.gov. Alternatively, Deutsche Bank AG, any agent or any dealer participating in this offering will arrange to send you the prospectus, prospectus supplement, product supplement and this pricing supplement if you so request by calling toll-free 1-800-311-4409.

You may revoke your offer to purchase the notes at any time prior to the time at which we accept such offer by notifying the applicable agent. We reserve the right to change the terms of, or reject any offer to purchase, the notes prior to their issuance. We will notify you in the event of any changes to the terms of the notes, and you will be asked to accept such changes in connection with your purchase of any notes. You may also choose to reject such changes, in which case we may reject your offer to purchase the notes.

Neither the Securities and Exchange Commission nor any state securities commission has approved or disapproved of the notes or passed upon the accuracy or the adequacy of this pricing supplement or the accompanying product supplement, prospectus supplement and prospectus. Any representation to the contrary is a criminal offense.

	Price to Public	Discounts and Commissions	Proceeds to Us
Per Note	\$10.00	\$0.35	\$9.65
Total	\$62,300,000.00	\$2,180,500.00	\$60,119,500.00

The notes are not bank deposits and are not insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or any other governmental agency.

CALCULATION OF REGISTRATION FEE

<i>Title of Each Class of Securities Offered</i>	Maximum Aggregate Offering Price	Amount of Registration Fee
<i>Notes</i>	\$62,300,000.00	\$6,666.10

UBS Financial Services Inc.

Deutsche Bank Securities

ADDITIONAL TERMS SPECIFIC TO THE NOTES

- You should read this pricing supplement together with the prospectus dated October 10, 2006, as supplemented by the prospectus supplement dated November 13, 2006 relating to our Series A global notes of which these notes are a part, and the more detailed information contained in product supplement D dated December 27, 2006. You may access these documents on the SEC Web site at www.sec.gov as follows (or if such address has changed, by reviewing our filings for the relevant date on the SEC Web site):
 - Product supplement D dated December 27, 2006:
<http://www.sec.gov/Archives/edgar/data/1159508/000119312506260178/d424b2.htm>
 - Prospectus supplement dated November 13, 2006:
<http://www.sec.gov/Archives/edgar/data/1159508/000119312506233129/d424b3.htm>
 - Prospectus dated October 10, 2006:
<http://www.sec.gov/Archives/edgar/data/1159508/000095012306012432/u50845fv3asr.htm>
- Our Central Index Key, or CIK, on the SEC Web site is 0001159508. As used in this pricing supplement, “**we**,” “**us**” or “**our**” refers to Deutsche Bank AG, including, as the context requires, acting through one of its branches.
- This pricing supplement, together with the documents listed above, contains the terms of the notes and supersedes all other prior or contemporaneous oral statements as well as any other written materials including preliminary or indicative pricing terms, correspondence, trade ideas, structures for implementation, sample structures, brochures or other educational materials of ours. You should carefully consider, among other things, the matters set forth in “Risk Factors” in the accompanying product supplement, as the notes involve risks not associated with conventional debt securities. We urge you to consult your investment, legal, tax, accounting and other advisers before deciding to invest in the notes.

Selected Purchase Considerations

- **UNCAPPED APPRECIATION POTENTIAL** — The notes provide the opportunity to enhance equity returns by multiplying the positive applicable Index Return by the applicable Participation Rate. The notes are not subject to a predetermined maximum gain and, accordingly, any return at maturity will be determined by the appreciation of the applicable Index. Because the notes are our senior obligations, payment of any amount at maturity is subject to our ability to pay our obligations as they become due.
- **CONTINGENT PROTECTION AGAINST LOSS** — Payment at maturity of the principal amount of your notes is protected against a decline in the applicable Index Ending Level, as compared to the applicable Index Starting Level, so long as the applicable Index does not close below the applicable Trigger Level on any single trading day during the Observation Period. However, if the applicable Index closes below the applicable Trigger Level on any single trading day during the Observation Period, your notes will be fully exposed to any decline in the applicable Index on the Final Valuation Date, and you could lose the entire principal amount of your notes.
- **CERTAIN U.S. FEDERAL INCOME TAX CONSEQUENCES** — You should review carefully the section in the accompanying product supplement entitled “Certain U.S. Federal Income Tax Consequences.” Subject to the assumptions and limitations described therein, although the tax consequences of an investment in the notes are uncertain, the notes should be treated as a prepaid financial contract for U.S. federal income tax purposes. Assuming this treatment is respected, your gain or loss on the notes should be treated as long-term capital gain or loss if you hold the notes for more than one year. However, if the Internal Revenue Service (the “IRS”) were successful in asserting an alternative characterization or treatment for the notes, the timing and character of income on the notes might differ. We do not plan to request a ruling from the IRS regarding the tax treatment of the notes, and no assurance can be given that the IRS or the courts will agree with the tax treatment described in this pricing supplement and the accompanying product supplement. **You are urged to consult your own tax adviser regarding all aspects of the U.S. federal tax consequences of investing in the notes, as well as any tax consequences arising under the laws of any state, local or non-U.S. taxing jurisdiction.**

Selected Risk Considerations

An investment in the notes involves significant risks. Investing in the notes is not equivalent to investing directly in the applicable Index or in any of the component stocks underlying the applicable Index. These risks are explained in more detail in the “Risk Factors” section of the accompanying product supplement D dated December 27, 2006.

- **YOUR INVESTMENT IN THE NOTES MAY RESULT IN A LOSS OF YOUR ENTIRE PRINCIPAL** — The return on the notes at maturity is linked to the performance of the applicable Index and will depend on whether, and the extent to which, the applicable Index Return is positive or negative, and whether the applicable Index closes below the applicable Trigger Level on any single trading day during the Observation Period. **Your investment will be fully exposed to any decline in the applicable Index Ending Level, as compared to the applicable Index Starting Level, if the applicable Index closes below the applicable Trigger Level on any single trading day during the Observation Period. Accordingly, you could lose the entire principal amount of your notes.**
- **YOUR PRINCIPAL PROTECTION MAY TERMINATE ON ANY DAY DURING THE TERM OF THE NOTES** — If the closing level of any Index declines below the applicable

Trigger Level on any single trading day during the Observation Period, at maturity your investment will be fully exposed to any decline in the applicable Index Ending Level relative to the applicable Index Starting Level. If this occurs, and the applicable Index Ending Level is less than the applicable Index Starting Level, the cash payment you receive at maturity will be equal to the applicable Index Return, and, accordingly, you will lose some or all of your investment. **Your principal will be protected only if the applicable Index closing level never falls below the applicable Trigger Level during the Observation Period, and you hold your notes until maturity. The likelihood of the closing level of the applicable Index declining below the applicable Trigger Level on any single trading day during the Observation Period will depend in large part on the volatility of the applicable Index – the frequency and magnitude of changes in the level of the applicable Index.**

- **CERTAIN BUILT-IN COSTS ARE LIKELY TO ADVERSELY AFFECT THE VALUE OF THE NOTES PRIOR TO MATURITY** – While the payment at maturity for each issue of the offered notes described in this pricing supplement is based on the full principal amount of such notes, the original issue price of the notes includes the agents' commission and the estimated cost of hedging our obligations under the notes through one or more of our affiliates. As a result, the price, if any, at which Deutsche Bank AG or its affiliates will be willing to purchase notes from you prior to maturity in secondary market transactions, if at all, will likely be lower than the original issue price, and any such sale prior to the maturity date could result in a substantial loss to you. The notes are not designed to be short-term trading instruments. **Accordingly, you should be willing and able to hold your notes to maturity.**
- **NO INTEREST OR DIVIDEND PAYMENTS OR VOTING RIGHTS** – As a holder of the notes, you will not receive interest payments, and you will not have voting rights or rights to receive cash dividends or other distributions or other rights that holders of securities composing any Index would have.
- **THE INDEX RETURN FOR THE NOTES WILL NOT BE ADJUSTED FOR CHANGES IN EXCHANGE RATES RELATED TO THE U.S. DOLLAR THAT MIGHT AFFECT THE DOW JONES EURO STOXX 50® INDEX, THE FTSE/XINHUA CHINA 25 INDEX OR THE NIKKEI 225 INDEX** – The value of your notes will not be adjusted for exchange rate fluctuations between the U.S. dollar and the currencies in which the stocks underlying the Dow Jones EURO STOXX 50® Index, the FTSE/Xinhua China 25 Index and the Nikkei 225 Index are based. Therefore, if the applicable currencies appreciate or depreciate relative to the U.S. dollar over the term of the notes, you will not receive any additional payment or incur any reduction in your return, if any, at maturity.
- **WE ARE ONE OF THE COMPANIES THAT MAKE UP THE DOW JONES EURO STOXX 50® INDEX, BUT WE ARE NOT AFFILIATED WITH ANY OTHER COMPANY INCLUDED IN THE DOW JONES EURO STOXX 50® INDEX, THE S&P 500® INDEX, THE FTSE/XINHUA CHINA 25 INDEX OR THE NIKKEI 225 INDEX** – We are one of the companies that make up the Dow Jones EURO STOXX 50® Index, but we are not affiliated with any of the other companies whose stock is included in the Dow Jones EURO STOXX 50® Index, the S&P 500® Index, the FTSE/Xinhua China 25 Index or the Nikkei 225 Index. As a result, we will have no ability to control the actions of such other companies, including actions that could affect the value of the stocks underlying the S&P 500® Index, the Dow Jones EURO STOXX 50® Index, the FTSE/Xinhua China 25 Index, the Nikkei 225 Index or your notes. None of the money you pay us will go to the respective sponsors of the S&P 500® Index, the Dow Jones EURO STOXX 50® Index, the FTSE/Xinhua China 25 Index or the Nikkei 225 Index (the “**Sponsors**”) or any of the

other companies included in the S&P 500® Index, the Dow Jones EURO STOXX 50® Index, the FTSE/Xinhua China 25 Index or the Nikkei 225 Index, and none of those companies will be involved in the offering of the notes in any way. Neither those companies nor the Sponsors will have any obligation to consider your interests as a holder of the notes in taking any corporate actions that might affect the value of your notes.

- **LACK OF LIQUIDITY** – The notes will not be listed on any securities exchange. Deutsche Bank AG or its affiliates intends to offer to purchase the notes in the secondary market but is not required to do so and may cease such market making activities at any time. Even if there is a secondary market, it may not provide enough liquidity to allow you to trade or sell the notes easily. Because other dealers are not likely to make a secondary market for the notes, the price at which you may be able to trade your notes is likely to depend on the price, if any, at which Deutsche Bank AG or its affiliates is willing to buy the notes.
- **POTENTIAL CONFLICTS** – We and our affiliates play a variety of roles in connection with the issuance of the notes, including acting as calculation agent and hedging our obligations under the notes. In performing these duties, the economic interests of the calculation agent and other affiliates of ours are potentially adverse to your interests as an investor in the notes.
- **MANY ECONOMIC AND MARKET FACTORS WILL AFFECT THE VALUE OF THE NOTES** – In addition to the level of the applicable Index on any day, the value of the notes will be affected by a number of economic and market factors that may either offset or magnify each other, including:
 - the expected volatility of the applicable Index;
 - the time to maturity of the notes;
 - the market price and dividend rate on the component stocks underlying the applicable Index;
 - interest and yield rates in the market generally and in the markets of the component stocks underlying the applicable Index;
 - a variety of economic, financial, political, regulatory or judicial events;
 - the exchange rate and the volatility of the exchange rate between the U.S. dollar and the currencies of the nations in which the companies included in the applicable Index are domiciled;
 - supply and demand for the notes; and
 - our creditworthiness, including actual or anticipated downgrades in our credit ratings.
- **WE AND OUR AFFILIATES AND AGENTS MAY PUBLISH RESEARCH, EXPRESS OPINIONS OR PROVIDE RECOMMENDATIONS THAT ARE INCONSISTENT WITH INVESTING IN OR HOLDING THE NOTES. ANY SUCH RESEARCH, OPINIONS OR RECOMMENDATIONS COULD AFFECT THE LEVEL OF THE APPLICABLE INDEX TO WHICH EACH ISSUE OF OFFERED NOTES IS LINKED OR THE MARKET VALUE OF THE NOTES** – Deutsche Bank AG, its affiliates and agents publish research from time to time on financial markets and other matters that may influence the value of the notes, or express opinions or provide recommendations that are inconsistent with purchasing or holding the notes. Deutsche Bank AG, its affiliates and agents may have published research or other opinions that are inconsistent with the

investment view implicit in the notes. Any research, opinions or recommendations expressed by Deutsche Bank AG, its affiliates or agents may not be consistent with each other and may be modified from time to time without notice. Investors should make their own independent investigation of the merits of investing in the notes and the applicable Index to which each issue of offered notes is linked.

The Notes may be suitable for you if:

- You believe the applicable Index will appreciate over the term of the notes;
- You are willing to expose your principal to the full downside performance of the applicable Index;
- You are willing to forego dividends paid on the stocks included in the applicable Index in exchange for enhanced returns if the applicable Index appreciates and contingent protection if the applicable Index declines;
- You do not seek current income from this investment;
- You are willing and able to hold the notes to maturity; and
- You are willing to invest in the notes based on the applicable Participation Rate.

The Notes may *not* be suitable for you if:

- You do not believe the applicable Index will appreciate over the term of the notes;
- You seek an investment that is 100% principal protected;
- You prefer to receive the dividends paid on the stocks included in the applicable Index;
- You seek current income from your investments;
- You are unwilling or unable to hold the notes to maturity; or
- You seek an investment for which there will be an active secondary market.

NOTES LINKED TO THE S&P 500® INDEX

The S&P 500® Index

We have derived all information contained in this pricing supplement regarding the S&P 500® Index, including, without limitation, its make-up, method of calculation and changes in its components, from publicly available information. Such information reflects the policies of, and is subject to change by, S&P. The S&P 500® Index was developed by S&P and is calculated, maintained and published by S&P. We make no representation or warranty as to the accuracy or completeness of such information.

The S&P 500® Index is intended to provide a performance benchmark for the U.S. equity markets. The calculation of the level of the S&P 500® Index (discussed below in further detail) is based on the relative value of the aggregate Market Value (as defined below) of the common stocks of 500 companies (the “**S&P 500® Component Stocks**”) as of a particular time as compared to the aggregate average Market Value of the common stocks of 500 similar companies during the base period of the years 1941 through 1943. Historically, the “**Market Value**” of any S&P 500® Component Stock was calculated as the product of the market price per share and the number of the then outstanding shares of such S&P 500® Component Stock. As discussed below, on March 21, 2005, S&P began to use a new methodology to calculate the Market Value of the Component Stocks and on September 16, 2005, S&P completed its transition to the new calculation methodology. The 500 companies are not the 500 largest companies listed on the NYSE and not all 500 companies are listed on such exchange. S&P chooses companies for inclusion in the S&P 500® Index with an aim of achieving a distribution by broad industry groupings that approximates the distribution of these groupings in the common stock population of the U.S. equity market. S&P may from time to time, in its sole discretion, add companies to, or delete companies from, the S&P 500® Index to achieve the objectives stated above. Relevant criteria employed by S&P include the viability of the particular company, the extent to which that company represents the industry group to which it is assigned, the extent to which the company’s common stock is widely-held and the Market Value and trading activity of the common stock of that company.

On March 21, 2005, S&P began to calculate the Index based on a half float-adjusted formula, and on September 16, 2005 the Index became fully float adjusted. S&P’s criteria for selecting stocks for the Index have not been changed by the shift to float adjustment. However, the adjustment affects each company’s weight in the Index (i.e., its Market Value).

Under float adjustment, the share counts used in calculating the Index reflect only those shares that are available to investors, not all of a company’s outstanding shares. S&P defines three groups of shareholders whose holdings are subject to float adjustment:

- holdings by other publicly traded corporations, venture capital firms, private equity firms, strategic partners, or leveraged buyout groups;
- holdings by government entities, including all levels of government in the United States or foreign countries; and
- holdings by current or former officers and directors of the company, founders of the company, or family trusts of officers, directors, or founders, as well as holdings of trusts, foundations, pension funds, employee stock ownership plans, or other investment vehicles associated with and controlled by the company.

However, treasury stock, stock options, restricted shares, equity participation units, warrants, preferred stock, convertible stock, and rights are not part of the float. In cases where holdings in a group exceed 10% of the outstanding shares of a company, the holdings of that

group will be excluded from the float-adjusted count of shares to be used in the Index calculation. Mutual funds, investment advisory firms, pension funds, or foundations not associated with the company and investment funds in insurance companies, shares of a United States company traded in Canada as “exchangeable shares,” shares that trust beneficiaries may buy or sell without difficulty or significant additional expense beyond typical brokerage fees, and, if a company has multiple classes of stock outstanding, shares in an unlisted or non-traded class if such shares are convertible by shareholders without undue delay and cost, are also part of the float.

For each stock, an investable weight factor (“**IWF**”) is calculated by dividing the available float shares, defined as the total shares outstanding less shares held in one or more of the three groups listed above where the group holdings exceed 10% of the outstanding shares, by the total shares outstanding. (On March 21, 2005, the S&P 500® Index moved half way to float adjustment, meaning that if a stock has an IWF of 0.80, the IWF used to calculate the Index between March 21, 2005 and September 16, 2005 was 0.90. On September 16, 2005, S&P began to calculate the Index on a fully float-adjusted basis, meaning that if a stock has an IWF of 0.80, the IWF used to calculate the S&P 500® Index on and after September 16, 2005 is 0.80.) The float-adjusted Index is calculated by dividing the sum of the IWF multiplied by both the price and the total shares outstanding for each stock by the index divisor. For companies with multiple classes of stock, S&P will calculate the weighted average IWF for each stock using the proportion of the total company market capitalization of each share class as weights.

As of the date of this pricing supplement, the S&P 500® Index is calculated using a base-weighted aggregate methodology: the level of the S&P 500® Index reflects the total Market Value of all 500 S&P 500® Component Stocks relative to the S&P 500® Index’s base period of 1941–43 (the “**Base Period**”).

An indexed number is used to represent the results of this calculation in order to make the value easier to work with and track over time.

The actual total Market Value of the S&P 500® Component Stocks during the Base Period has been set equal to an indexed value of 10. This is often indicated by the notation 1941–43=10. In practice, the daily calculation of the S&P 500® Index is computed by dividing the total Market Value of the S&P 500® Component Stocks by a number called the Index Divisor. By itself, the Index Divisor is an arbitrary number. However, in the context of the calculation of the S&P 500® Index, it is the only link to the original Base Period level of the S&P 500® Index. The Index Divisor keeps the S&P 500® Index comparable over time and is the manipulation point for all adjustments to the Index (“**Index Maintenance**”).

Index Maintenance includes monitoring and completing the adjustments for company additions and deletions, share changes, stock splits, stock dividends, and stock price adjustments due to company restructurings or spinoffs.

To prevent the level of the S&P 500® Index from changing due to corporate actions, all corporate actions which affect the total Market Value of the S&P 500® Index require an Index Divisor adjustment. By adjusting the Index Divisor for the change in total Market Value, the level of the S&P 500® Index remains constant. This helps maintain the level of the S&P 500® Index as an accurate barometer of stock market performance and ensures that the movement of the S&P 500® Index does not reflect the corporate actions of individual companies in the S&P 500® Index. All Index Divisor adjustments are made after the close of trading and after the calculation of the Index Closing Level. Some corporate actions, such as stock splits and stock dividends, require simple changes in the common shares outstanding and the stock prices of the companies in the Index and do not require Index Divisor adjustments.

The table below summarizes the types of Index maintenance adjustments and indicates whether or not an Index Divisor adjustment is required.

<u>Type of Corporate Action</u>	<u>Adjustment Factor</u>	<u>Divisor Adjustment Required</u>
Stock split (e.g., 2-for-1)	Shares Outstanding <i>multiplied by 2</i> ; Stock Price <i>divided by 2</i>	No
Share Issuance (i.e., change $\geq 5\%$)	Shares Outstanding <i>plus</i> newly issued Shares	Yes
Share Repurchase (i.e., change $\geq 5\%$)	Shares Outstanding <i>minus</i> Repurchased Shares	Yes
Special Cash Dividends	Share Price <i>minus</i> Special Dividend	Yes
Company Change	Add new company Market Value <i>minus</i> old company Market Value	Yes
Rights offering	$\left(\frac{\text{Price of parent company } \textit{minus} \text{ Price of Rights}}{\text{Right Ratio}} \right)$	Yes
Spinoffs	$\left(\frac{\text{Price of parent company } \textit{minus} \text{ Price of Spinoff Co.}}{\text{Share Exchange Ratio}} \right)$	Yes

Stock splits and stock dividends do not affect the Index Divisor of the S&P 500® Index, because following a split or dividend both the stock price and number of shares outstanding are adjusted by S&P so that there is no change in the Market Value of the S&P 500® Component Stock. All stock split and dividend adjustments are made after the close of trading on the day before the ex-date.

Each of the corporate events exemplified in the table requiring an adjustment to the Index Divisor has the effect of altering the Market Value of the S&P 500® Component Stock and consequently of altering the aggregate Market Value of the S&P 500® Component Stocks (the “**Post-Event Aggregate Market Value**”). In order that the level of the S&P 500® Index (the “**Pre-Event Index Value**”) not be affected by the altered Market Value (whether increase or decrease) of the affected S&P 500® Component Stock, a new Index Divisor (“**New Divisor**”) is derived as follows:

$$\frac{\text{Post-Event Aggregate Market Value}}{\text{New Divisor}} = \text{Pre-Event Index Value}$$

$$\text{New Divisor} = \frac{\text{Post-Event Aggregate Market Value}}{\text{Pre-Event Index Value}}$$

A large part of the Index maintenance process involves tracking the changes in the number of shares outstanding of each of the S&P 500® Index companies. Four times a year, on a Friday close to the end of each calendar quarter, the share totals of companies in the S&P 500® Index

are updated as required by any changes in the number of shares outstanding. After the totals are updated, the Index Divisor is adjusted to compensate for the net change in the total Market Value of the Index. In addition, any changes over 5% in the current common shares outstanding for the Index companies are carefully reviewed on a weekly basis, and when appropriate, an immediate adjustment is made to the Index Divisor.

License Agreement with S&P

We have entered into an agreement with S&P providing us and certain of our affiliates or subsidiaries identified in that agreement with a non-exclusive license and, for a fee, with the right to use the S&P 500® Index, which is owned and published by S&P, in connection with certain securities, including the notes.

The notes are not sponsored, endorsed, sold or promoted by Standard & Poor's, a division of the McGraw-Hill Companies, Inc., which we refer to as S&P. S&P makes no representation or warranty, express or implied, to the owners of the notes or any member of the public regarding the advisability of investing in securities generally or in the notes particularly, or the ability of the S&P 500® Index to track general stock market performance. S&P's only relationship to Deutsche Bank AG is the licensing of certain trademarks and trade names of S&P without regard to Deutsche Bank AG or the notes. S&P has no obligation to take the needs of Deutsche Bank AG or the holders of the notes into consideration in determining, composing or calculating the S&P 500® Index. S&P is not responsible for and has not participated in the determination of the timing, price or quantity of the notes to be issued or in the determination or calculation of the amount due at maturity of the notes. S&P has no obligation or liability in connection with the administration, marketing or trading of the notes.

S&P DOES NOT GUARANTEE THE ACCURACY AND/OR THE COMPLETENESS OF THE S&P 500® INDEX OR ANY DATA INCLUDED THEREIN AND S&P SHALL HAVE NO LIABILITY FOR ANY ERRORS, OMISSIONS OR INTERRUPTIONS THEREIN. S&P MAKES NO WARRANTY, EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, AS TO RESULTS TO BE OBTAINED BY DEUTSCHE BANK AG, HOLDERS OF THE NOTES OR ANY OTHER PERSON OR ENTITY FROM THE USE OF THE S&P 500® INDEX OR ANY DATA INCLUDED THEREIN. S&P MAKES NO EXPRESS OR IMPLIED WARRANTIES, AND EXPRESSLY DISCLAIMS ALL WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY OR FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE OR USE WITH RESPECT TO THE S&P 500® INDEX OR ANY DATA INCLUDED THEREIN. WITHOUT LIMITING ANY OF THE FOREGOING, IN NO EVENT SHALL S&P HAVE ANY LIABILITY FOR ANY SPECIAL, PUNITIVE, INDIRECT OR CONSEQUENTIAL DAMAGES (INCLUDING LOST PROFITS), EVEN IF NOTIFIED OF THE POSSIBILITY OF SUCH DAMAGES.

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Discontinuation of the S&P 500® Index; Alteration of Method of Calculation

If S&P discontinues publication of the S&P 500® Index and S&P or another entity publishes a successor or substitute index that the calculation agent determines, in its sole discretion, to be comparable to the discontinued Index (such index being referred to herein as an **"S&P successor index"**), then any S&P 500® Index closing level will be determined by reference to

the level of such S&P successor index at the close of trading on the NYSE, the AMEX, the Nasdaq National Market or the relevant exchange or market for the S&P successor index on the Final Valuation Date or other relevant date.

Upon any selection by the calculation agent of a S&P successor index, the calculation agent will cause written notice thereof to be promptly furnished to the trustee, to us and to the holders of the notes.

If S&P discontinues publication of the S&P 500® Index prior to, and such discontinuance is continuing on, the Final Valuation Date or other relevant date, and the calculation agent determines, in its sole discretion, that no S&P successor index is available at such time, or the calculation agent has previously selected a S&P successor index and publication of such S&P successor index is discontinued prior to and such discontinuation is continuing on such Final Valuation Date or other relevant date, then the calculation agent will determine the S&P 500® Index closing level for such date. The S&P 500® Index closing level will be computed by the calculation agent in accordance with the formula for and method of calculating the S&P 500® Index or S&P successor index, as applicable last in effect prior to such discontinuance, using the closing level (or, if trading in the relevant securities has been materially suspended or materially limited, its good faith estimate of the closing level that would have prevailed but for such suspension or limitation) at the close of the principal trading session on such date of each security most recently comprising the S&P 500® Index or S&P successor index, as applicable. Notwithstanding these alternative arrangements, discontinuance of the publication of the S&P 500® Index or S&P successor index, as applicable, on the relevant exchange may adversely affect the value of the notes.

If at any time the method of calculating the S&P 500® Index or an S&P successor index, or the level thereof, is changed in a material respect, or if the S&P 500® Index or an S&P successor index is in any other way modified so that such index does not, in the opinion of the calculation agent, fairly represent the level of the S&P 500® Index or such S&P successor index had such changes or modifications not been made, then, from and after such time, the calculation agent will, at the close of business in New York City on each date on which the S&P 500® Index closing level is to be determined, make such calculations and adjustments as, in the good faith judgment of the calculation agent, may be necessary in order to arrive at a level of a stock index comparable to the S&P 500® Index or such S&P successor index, as the case may be, as if such changes or modifications had not been made, and the calculation agent will calculate the closing level with reference to the S&P 500® Index or such S&P successor index, as adjusted. Accordingly, if the method of calculating the S&P 500® Index or a S&P successor index is modified so that the level of such Index or S&P successor index is a fraction of what it would have been if there had been no such modification (*e.g.*, due to a split in the S&P 500® Index), then the calculation agent will adjust such S&P 500® Index in order to arrive at a level of the S&P 500® Index or such S&P successor index as if there had been no such modification (*e.g.*, as if such split had not occurred).

Historical Information for the S&P 500® Index

The following graph sets forth the historical performance of the S&P 500® Index based on the daily S&P 500® Index closing levels from January 2, 2002 through January 24, 2007. The S&P 500® Index closing level on January 24, 2007 was 1440.13. We obtained the S&P 500® Index closing levels below from Bloomberg Financial Markets. We make no representation or warranty as to the accuracy or completeness of the information obtained from Bloomberg Financial Markets. **The historical levels of the S&P 500® Index should not be taken as an indication of future performance, and no assurance can be given as to the Index Ending Level of the S&P 500® Index. We cannot give you assurance that the performance of the S&P 500® Index will result in the return of your initial investment.**



Examples of Hypothetical Payment at Maturity on the Notes Linked to the S&P 500® Index Assuming a Range of Performance for the Index

The table below illustrates the payment at maturity for a \$10.00 note principal amount for a hypothetical range of performance for the S&P 500® Index Return from -100% to +100% and assumes an Index Starting Level of 1440.13, a Trigger Level of 720.07 and a Participation Rate of 105%. The following results are based solely on the hypothetical example cited. You should consider carefully whether the notes are suitable to your investment goals. The numbers appearing in the table below have been rounded for ease of analysis.

Index Ending Level	Index Return	No Index Closing Below Trigger Level		Index Closing Below Trigger Level	
		Payment at Maturity (\$)	Return on Note (%)	Payment at Maturity (\$)	Return on Note (%)
2880.26	100.00%	\$20.50	105.00%	\$20.50	105.00%
2736.25	90.00%	\$19.45	94.50%	\$19.45	94.50%
2592.23	80.00%	\$18.40	84.00%	\$18.40	84.00%
2448.22	70.00%	\$17.35	73.50%	\$17.35	73.50%
2304.21	60.00%	\$16.30	63.00%	\$16.30	63.00%
2160.20	50.00%	\$15.25	52.50%	\$15.25	52.50%
2016.18	40.00%	\$14.20	42.00%	\$14.20	42.00%
1872.17	30.00%	\$13.15	31.50%	\$13.15	31.50%
1728.16	20.00%	\$12.10	21.00%	\$12.10	21.00%
1584.14	10.00%	\$11.05	10.50%	\$11.05	10.50%
1440.13	0.00%	\$10.00	0.00%	\$10.00	0.00%
1296.12	-10.00%	\$10.00	0.00%	\$9.00	-10.00%
1152.10	-20.00%	\$10.00	0.00%	\$8.00	-20.00%
1008.09	-30.00%	\$10.00	0.00%	\$7.00	-30.00%
864.08	-40.00%	\$10.00	0.00%	\$6.00	-40.00%
720.07	-50.00%	\$10.00	0.00%	\$5.00	-50.00%
576.05	-60.00%	N/A	N/A	\$4.00	-60.00%
432.04	-70.00%	N/A	N/A	\$3.00	-70.00%
288.03	-80.00%	N/A	N/A	\$2.00	-80.00%
144.01	-90.00%	N/A	N/A	\$1.00	-90.00%
0.00	-100.00%	N/A	N/A	\$0.00	-100.00%

Hypothetical Examples of Amounts Payable at Maturity

The following hypothetical examples illustrate how the payments at maturity set forth in the table above are calculated.

Example 1: The level of the S&P 500® Index increases from the Index Starting Level of 1440.13 to the Index Ending Level of 1728.16. Because the Index Ending Level of 1728.16 is greater than the Index Starting Level of 1440.13, the payment at maturity is equal to \$12.10 per \$10.00 note principal amount.

$$\text{Payment at maturity per \$10.00 note principal amount} = \$10.00 + (\$10.00 \times [(1728.16 - 1440.13)/1440.13] \times 105\%) = \$12.10$$

Example 2: The level of the S&P 500® Index decreases from the Index Starting Level of 1440.13 to the Index Ending Level of 1152.10, and the S&P 500® Index never closed below the Trigger Level of 720.07 during the Observation Period. Although the Index Ending Level of 1152.10 is less than the Index Starting Level of 1440.13, because the S&P 500® Index never closed below the Trigger Level of 720.07 during the Observation Period, the payment at maturity is equal to \$10.00.

$$\text{Payment at maturity per \$10.00 note principal amount} = \$10.00$$

Example 3: The S&P 500® Index decreases from the Starting Index Level of 1440.13 to the Index Ending Level of 1152.10, and the S&P 500® Index closed below the Trigger Level of 720.07 during the Observation Period. Because the S&P 500® Index closed below the Trigger Level of 720.07 during the Observation Period, the final payment at maturity is equal to \$8.00.

$$\text{Payment at maturity per \$10.00 note principal amount} = \$10.00 + (\$10.00 \times [(1152.10 - 1440.13)/1440.13]) = \$8.00$$

NOTES LINKED TO THE DOW JONES EURO STOXX 50® INDEX

The Dow Jones EURO STOXX 50® Index

We have derived all information contained in this pricing supplement regarding the Dow Jones EURO STOXX 50® Index ("**Dow Jones EURO STOXX 50® Index**"), including, without limitation, its make-up, method of calculation and changes in its components, from publicly available information. Such information reflects the policies of, and is subject to change by, STOXX Limited. The Dow Jones EURO STOXX 50® Index is calculated, maintained and published by STOXX Limited. We make no representation or warranty as to the accuracy or completeness of such information.

The Dow Jones EURO STOXX 50® Index was created by STOXX Limited, a joint venture between Deutsche Börse AG, Dow Jones & Company ("**Dow Jones**") and SWX Swiss Exchange. Publication of the Dow Jones EURO STOXX 50® Index began on February 26, 1998, based on an initial Dow Jones EURO STOXX 50® Index value of 1,000 at December 31, 1991. The Dow Jones EURO STOXX 50® Index is published in *The Wall Street Journal* and disseminated on the STOXX Limited website: <http://www.stoxx.com>, which sets forth, among other things, the country and industrial sector weightings of the securities included in the Dow Jones EURO STOXX 50® Index and updates these weightings at the end of each quarter. Information contained in the STOXX Limited website is not incorporated by reference in, and should not be considered a part of, this pricing supplement.

Dow Jones EURO STOXX 50® Index Composition and Maintenance

The Dow Jones EURO STOXX 50® Index is composed of 50 component stocks of market sector leaders from within the Dow Jones EURO STOXX® Index, which includes stocks selected from the Euro Zone. The component stocks have a high degree of liquidity and represent the largest companies across all market sectors defined by the Dow Jones Global Classification Standard.

The composition of the Dow Jones EURO STOXX 50® Index is reviewed annually, based on the closing stock data on the last trading day in August. The component stocks are announced the first trading day in September. Changes to the component stocks are implemented on the third Friday in September and are effective the following trading day. Changes in the composition of the Dow Jones EURO STOXX 50® Index are made to ensure that the Dow Jones EURO STOXX 50® Index includes the 50 market sector leaders from within the Dow Jones EURO STOXX® Index. A current list of the issuers that comprise the Dow Jones EURO STOXX 50® Index is available on the STOXX Limited website: <http://www.stoxx.com>. Information contained in the STOXX Limited website is not incorporated by reference in, and should not be considered a part of, this pricing supplement.

The free float factors for each component stock used to calculate the Dow Jones EURO STOXX 50® Index, as described below, are reviewed, calculated and implemented on a quarterly basis and are fixed until the next quarterly review.

The Dow Jones EURO STOXX 50® Index is also reviewed on an ongoing basis. Corporate actions (including initial public offerings, mergers and takeovers, spin-offs, delistings and bankruptcy) that affect the Dow Jones EURO STOXX 50® Index composition are immediately reviewed. Any changes are announced, implemented and effective in line with the type of corporate action and the magnitude of the effect.

Dow Jones EURO STOXX 50® Index Calculation

The Dow Jones EURO STOXX 50® Index is calculated with the “**Laspeyres formula**,” which measures the aggregate price changes in the component stocks against a fixed base quantity weight. The formula for calculating the Dow Jones EURO STOXX 50® Index value can be expressed as follows:

$$\text{Index} = \frac{\text{free float market capitalization of the Dow Jones EURO STOXX 50® Index}}{\text{adjusted base date market capitalization of the Dow Jones EURO STOXX 50® Index}} \times 1,000$$

The “**free float market capitalization of the Dow Jones EURO STOXX 50® Index**” is equal to the *sum* of the products of the closing price, market capitalization and free float factor for each component stock as of the time the Dow Jones EURO STOXX 50® Index is being calculated.

The Dow Jones EURO STOXX 50® Index is also subject to a divisor, which is adjusted to maintain the continuity of Dow Jones EURO STOXX 50® Index values despite changes due to corporate actions. The following is a summary of the adjustments to any component stock made for corporate actions and the effect of such adjustment on the divisor, where shareholders of the component stock will receive “B” number of shares for every “A” share held (where applicable).

<p>(1) <i>Split and reverse split:</i></p> <p>Adjusted price = closing price * A/B</p> <p>New number of shares = old number of shares * B/A</p> <p>Divisor: no change</p>	<p>(2) <i>Rights offering:</i></p> <p>Adjusted price = (closing price * A + subscription price * B) / (A + B)</p> <p>New number of shares = old number of shares * (A + B) / A</p> <p>Divisor: increases</p>
<p>(3) <i>Stock dividend:</i></p> <p>Adjusted price = closing price * A / (A + B)</p> <p>New number of shares = old number of shares * (A + B) / A</p> <p>Divisor: no change</p>	<p>(4) <i>Stock dividend of another company:</i></p> <p>Adjusted price = (closing price * A - price of other company * B) / A</p> <p>Divisor: decreases</p>
<p>(5) <i>Return of capital and share consideration:</i></p> <p>Adjusted price = (closing price - dividend announced by company * (1-withholding tax)) * A / B</p> <p>New number of shares = old number of shares * B / A</p> <p>Divisor: decreases</p>	<p>(6) <i>Repurchase shares / self tender:</i></p> <p>Adjusted price = ((price before tender * old number of shares) - (tender price * number of tendered shares)) / (old number of shares - number of tendered shares)</p> <p>New number of shares = old number of shares - number of tendered shares</p> <p>Divisor: decreases</p>
<p>(7) <i>Spin-off:</i></p> <p>Adjusted price = (closing price * A - price of spun-off shares * B) / A</p> <p>Divisor: decreases</p>	
<p>(8) <i>Combination stock distribution (dividend or split) and rights offering:</i></p> <p>For this corporate action, the following additional assumptions apply:</p> <p>Shareholders receive B new shares from the distribution and C new shares from the rights offering for every A shares held</p> <p>If A is not equal to one share, all the following “new number of shares” formulae need to be divided by A:</p>	
<p>— <i>If rights are applicable after stock distribution (one action applicable to other):</i></p> <p>Adjusted price = (closing price * A + subscription price * C * (1 + B / A)) / ((A + B) * (1 + C / A))</p> <p>New number of shares = old number of shares * ((A + B) * (1 + C / A)) / A</p> <p>Divisor: increases</p>	<p>— <i>If stock distribution is applicable after rights (one action applicable to other):</i></p> <p>Adjusted price = (closing price * A + subscription price * C) / ((A + C) * (1 + B / A))</p> <p>New number of shares = old number of shares * ((A + C) * (1 + B / A))</p> <p>Divisor: increases</p>
<p>— <i>Stock distribution and rights (neither action is applicable to the other):</i></p> <p>Adjusted price = (closing price * A + subscription price * C) / (A + B + C)</p> <p>New number of shares = old number of shares * (A + B + C) / A</p> <p>Divisor: increases</p>	

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Discontinuation of the Dow Jones EURO STOXX 50® Index; Alteration of Method of Calculation

If STOXX Limited discontinues publication of the Dow Jones EURO STOXX 50® Index and STOXX Limited or another entity publishes a successor or substitute index that the calculation agent determines, in its sole discretion, to be comparable to the discontinued Dow Jones EURO STOXX 50® Index (such index being referred to herein as a “**EURO STOXX successor index**”), then any Dow Jones EURO STOXX 50® Index closing level will be determined by reference to the level of such EURO STOXX successor index at the close of trading on the relevant exchange or market for the EURO STOXX successor index on the Final Valuation Date.

Upon any selection by the calculation agent of a EURO STOXX successor index, the calculation agent will cause written notice thereof to be promptly furnished to the trustee, to us and to the holders of the notes.

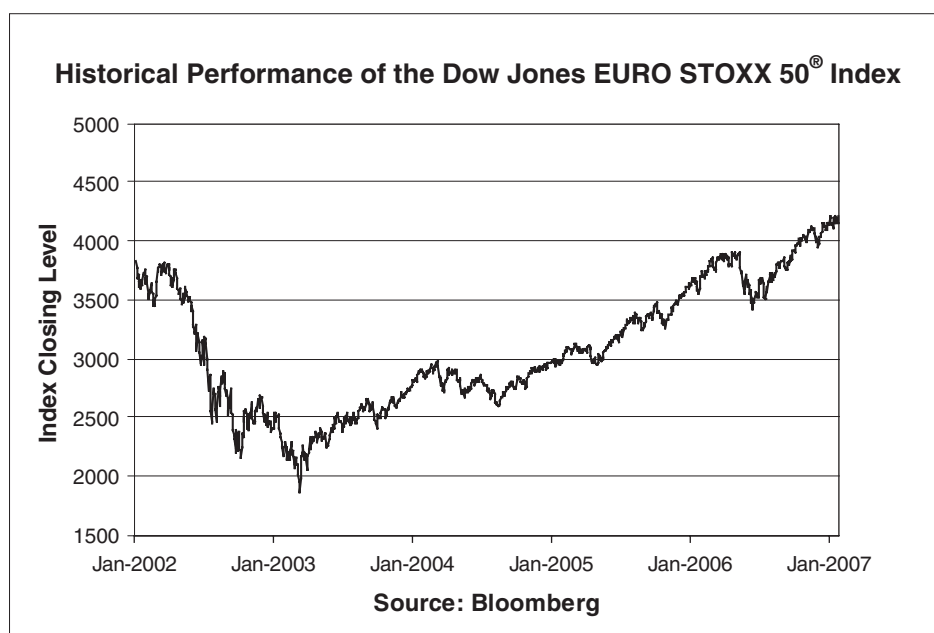
If STOXX Limited discontinues publication of the Dow Jones EURO STOXX 50® Index prior to, and such discontinuance is continuing on, the Final Valuation Date, and the calculation agent determines, in its sole discretion, that no EURO STOXX successor index is available at such time or the calculation agent has previously selected a EURO STOXX successor index and publication of such EURO STOXX successor index is discontinued prior to, and such discontinuation is continuing on, the Final Valuation Date, then the calculation agent will determine the Dow Jones EURO STOXX 50® Index closing level for such date. The Dow Jones EURO STOXX 50® Index closing level will be computed by the calculation agent in accordance with the formula for and method of calculating the Dow Jones EURO STOXX 50® Index or Dow Jones EURO STOXX successor index, as applicable, last in effect prior to such discontinuance, using the closing level (or, if trading in the relevant securities has been materially suspended or materially limited, its good faith estimate of the closing level that would have prevailed but for such suspension or limitation) at the close of the principal trading session on such date of each security most recently comprising the Dow Jones EURO STOXX 50® Index or Dow Jones EURO STOXX successor index, as applicable. Notwithstanding these alternative arrangements, discontinuance of the publication of the Dow Jones EURO STOXX 50® Index or Dow Jones EURO STOXX successor index, as applicable, on the relevant exchange may adversely affect the value of the notes.

If at any time the method of calculating the Dow Jones EURO STOXX 50® Index or a Dow Jones EURO STOXX successor index, or the level thereof, is changed in a material respect, or if the Dow Jones EURO STOXX 50® Index or a Dow Jones EURO STOXX successor index is in any other way modified so that the Dow Jones EURO STOXX 50® Index or such Dow Jones EURO STOXX successor index does not, in the opinion of the calculation agent, fairly represent the level of the Dow Jones EURO STOXX 50® Index or such Dow Jones EURO STOXX successor index had such changes or modifications not been made, then the calculation agent will, at the close of business in New York City on the Final Valuation Date, make such calculations and adjustments as, in the good faith judgment of the calculation agent, may be necessary in order to arrive at a level of a stock index comparable to the Dow Jones EURO STOXX 50® Index or such Dow Jones EURO STOXX successor index, as the case may be, as if such changes or modifications had not been made, and the calculation agent will calculate the Dow Jones EURO STOXX 50® Index closing level with reference to the Dow Jones EURO STOXX 50® Index or such Dow Jones EURO STOXX successor index, as adjusted. Accordingly, if the method of calculating the Dow Jones EURO STOXX 50® Index or a Dow Jones EURO STOXX successor index is modified so that the level of such Dow Jones EURO STOXX 50® Index or Dow Jones EURO STOXX successor index is a fraction of what it would have been if there had been no such modification (*e.g.*, due to a split in the Dow Jones EURO STOXX 50® Index), then the

calculation agent will adjust such Dow Jones EURO STOXX 50® Index in order to arrive at a level of the Dow Jones EURO STOXX 50® Index or such Dow Jones EURO STOXX successor index as if there had been no such modification (*e.g.*, as if such split had not occurred).

Historical Information for the Dow Jones EURO STOXX 50® Index

The following graph sets forth the historical performance of the Dow Jones EURO STOXX 50® Index based on the daily Dow Jones EURO STOXX 50® Index closing levels from January 2, 2002 through January 24, 2007. The Dow Jones EURO STOXX 50® Index closing level on January 24, 2007 was 4187.55. We obtained the Dow Jones EURO STOXX 50® Index closing levels below from Bloomberg Financial Markets. We make no representation or warranty as to the accuracy or completeness of the information obtained from Bloomberg Financial Markets. **The historical levels of the Dow Jones EURO STOXX 50® Index should not be taken as an indication of future performance, and no assurance can be given as to the Index Ending Level of the Dow Jones EURO STOXX 50® Index. We cannot give you assurance that the performance of the Dow Jones EURO STOXX 50® Index will result in the return of your initial investment.**



Examples of Hypothetical Payment at Maturity on the Notes Linked to the Dow Jones EURO STOXX 50® Index Assuming a Range of Performance for the Index

The table below illustrates the payment at maturity for a \$10.00 note principal amount for a hypothetical range of performance for the Dow Jones Euro STOXX 50® Index Return from -100% to +100% and assumes an Index Starting Level of 4187.55, a Trigger Level of 2093.78 and a Participation Rate of 155%. The following results are based solely on the hypothetical example cited. You should consider carefully whether the notes are suitable to your investment goals. The numbers appearing in the table below have been rounded for ease of analysis.

Index Ending Level	Index Return	No Index Closing Below Trigger Level		Index Closing Below Trigger Level	
		Payment at Maturity (\$)	Return on Note (%)	Payment at Maturity (\$)	Return on Note (%)
8375.10	100.00%	\$25.50	155.00%	\$25.50	155.00%
7956.35	90.00%	\$23.95	139.50%	\$23.95	139.50%
7537.59	80.00%	\$22.40	124.00%	\$22.40	124.00%
7118.84	70.00%	\$20.85	108.50%	\$20.85	108.50%
6700.08	60.00%	\$19.30	93.00%	\$19.30	93.00%
6281.33	50.00%	\$17.75	77.50%	\$17.75	77.50%
5862.57	40.00%	\$16.20	62.00%	\$16.20	62.00%
5443.82	30.00%	\$14.65	46.50%	\$14.65	46.50%
5025.06	20.00%	\$13.10	31.00%	\$13.10	31.00%
4606.31	10.00%	\$11.55	15.50%	\$11.55	15.50%
4187.55	0.00%	\$10.00	0.00%	\$10.00	0.00%
3768.80	-10.00%	\$10.00	0.00%	\$9.00	-10.00%
3350.04	-20.00%	\$10.00	0.00%	\$8.00	-20.00%
2931.29	-30.00%	\$10.00	0.00%	\$7.00	-30.00%
2512.53	-40.00%	\$10.00	0.00%	\$6.00	-40.00%
2093.78	-50.00%	\$10.00	0.00%	\$5.00	-50.00%
1675.02	-60.00%	N/A	N/A	\$4.00	-60.00%
1256.27	-70.00%	N/A	N/A	\$3.00	-70.00%
837.51	-80.00%	N/A	N/A	\$2.00	-80.00%
418.76	-90.00%	N/A	N/A	\$1.00	-90.00%
0.00	-100.00%	N/A	N/A	\$0.00	-100.00%

Hypothetical Examples of Amounts Payable at Maturity

The following hypothetical examples illustrate how the payments at maturity set forth in the table above are calculated.

Example 1: The level of the Dow Jones Euro STOXX 50® Index increases from the Index Starting Level of 4187.55 to the Index Ending Level of 5025.06. Because the Index Ending Level of 5025.06 is greater than the Index Starting Level of 4187.55, the payment at maturity is equal to \$13.10 per \$10.00 note principal amount.

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Payment at maturity per \$10.00 note principal amount} = \\ \$10.00 + (\$10.00 \times [(5025.06 - 4187.55)/4187.55] \times 155\%) = \$13.10 \end{aligned}$$

Example 2: The level of the Dow Jones Euro STOXX 50® Index decreases from the Index Starting Level of 4187.55 to the Index Ending Level of 3350.04, and the Dow Jones Euro STOXX 50® Index never closed below the Trigger Level of 2093.78 during the Observation Period. Although the Index Ending Level of 3350.04 is less than the Index Starting Level of 4187.55, because the Dow Jones Euro STOXX 50® Index never closed below the Trigger Level of 2093.78 during the Observation Period, the payment at maturity is equal to \$10.00.

$$\text{Payment at maturity per \$10.00 note principal amount} = \$10.00$$

Example 3: The level of the Dow Jones Euro STOXX 50® Index decreases from the Starting Index Level of 4187.55 to the Index Ending Level of 3350.04, and the Dow Jones Euro STOXX 50® Index closed below the Trigger Level of 2093.78 during the Observation Period. Because the Dow Jones Euro STOXX 50® Index closed below the Trigger Level of 2093.78 during the Observation Period, the final payment at maturity is equal to \$8.00.

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Payment at maturity per \$10.00 note principal amount} = \$10.00 + (\$10.00 \times [(3350.04 \\ - 4187.55)/4187.55]) = \$8.00 \end{aligned}$$

NOTES LINKED TO THE FTSE/XINHUA CHINA 25 INDEX

The FTSE/XINHUA CHINA 25 Index

We have obtained all information contained in this pricing supplement regarding the FTSE/Xinhua China 25 Index, including, without limitation, its make-up, method of calculation and changes in its components, from publicly available information. Such information reflects the policies of, and is subject to change by, FTSE/Xinhua Index Limited. FTSE/Xinhua Index Limited has no obligation to continue to publish, and may discontinue publication of, the FTSE/Xinhua China 25 Index.

The FTSE/Xinhua China 25 Index is a stock index calculated, published and disseminated by FTSE/Xinhua Index Limited and is designed to represent the performance of the mainland Chinese market that is available to international investors. The FTSE/Xinhua China 25 Index is quoted in Hong Kong dollars (“**HKD**”) and currently is based on the 25 largest and most liquid Chinese stocks (called “H” shares and “Red Chip” shares), listed and trading on the Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Ltd. (“**HKSE**”). “H” shares are securities of companies incorporated in the People’s Republic of China and nominated by the Chinese Government for listing and trading on the HKSE. “**Red Chip**” shares are securities of Hong Kong-incorporated companies, which are substantially owned directly or indirectly by the Chinese government and have the majority of their business interests in mainland China. Both “H” shares and “Red Chip” shares are quoted and traded in HKD and are available only to international investors and not to investors from the People’s Republic of China.

The FTSE/Xinhua China 25 Index is reported by Bloomberg L.P. under the ticker symbol “FXTID.”

Computation of the Index

The FTSE/Xinhua China 25 Index is calculated using the free float index calculation methodology of the FTSE Group. The Index is calculated using the following algorithm:

$$\frac{\sum p(n) e(n) s(n) f(n) c(n)}{d}$$

where p is the latest trade price of the component security n, e is the exchange rate required to convert the security’s home currency into the Index’s base currency, s is the number of shares of the security in issue, f is the portion of free floating shares, adjusted in accordance with the policies of the FTSE/Xinhua Index Limited, c is the capping factor published by the FTSE/Xinhua Index Limited at the most recent quarterly review of the Index, and d is the divisor, a figure that represents the total issued share capital of the Index at the base date, which may be adjusted to allow for changes in the issued share capital of individual securities without distorting the Index.

The FTSE/Xinhua China 25 Index uses actual trade prices for securities with local stock exchange quotations and Reuters real-time spot currency rates for its calculations. Under this methodology, FTSE/Xinhua Index Limited excludes from free floating shares trade investments in a FTSE/Xinhua China 25 Index constituent company by another FTSE/Xinhua China 25 Index constituent company, significant long-term holdings by founders, directors and/or their families, employee share schemes (if restricted), government holdings, foreign ownership limits, and portfolio investments subject to lock-in clauses (for the duration of the clause). Free float

restrictions are calculated using available published information. The initial weighting of a FTSE/Xinhua China 25 Index constituent stock is applied in bands, as follows:

Free float less than or equal to 15%	Ineligible for inclusion in the FTSE/ Xinhua China 25 Index, unless free float is also greater than 5% and the full market capitalization is greater than US\$2.5 billion (or local currency equivalent), in which case actual free float is used.
Free float greater than 15% but less than or equal to 20%	20%
Free float less than or equal to 15%	Ineligible for inclusion in the FTSE/ Xinhua China 25 Index, unless free float is also greater than 5% and the full market capitalization is greater than US\$2.5 billion (or local currency equivalent), in which case actual free float is used.
Free float greater than 20% but less than or equal to 30%	30%
Free float greater than 30% but less than or equal to 40%	40%
Free float greater than 40% but less than or equal to 50%	50%
Free float greater than 50% but less than or equal to 75%	75%
Free float greater than 75%	100%

These bands are narrow at the lower end, to ensure that there is sufficient sensitivity in order to maintain accurate representation, and broader at the higher end, in order to ensure that the weightings of larger companies do not fluctuate absent a significant corporate event. Following the application of an initial free float restriction, a FTSE/Xinhua China 25 Index constituent stock's free float will only be changed if its actual free float is more than 5 percentage points above the minimum or 5 percentage points below the maximum of an adjacent band. This 5 percentage point threshold does not apply if the initial free float is less than 15%. Foreign ownership limits, if any, are applied after calculating the actual free float restriction, but before applying the bands shown above. If the foreign ownership limit is more restrictive than the free float restriction, the precise foreign ownership limit is applied. If the foreign ownership limit is less restrictive or equal to the free float restriction, the free float restriction is applied, subject to the bands shown above. The FTSE/Xinhua China 25 Index is periodically reviewed for changes in free float. These reviews coincide with the quarterly reviews undertaken of the FTSE/Xinhua China 25 Index. Implementation of any changes takes place after the close of the Index calculation on the third Friday in January, April, July and October. A stock's free float is also reviewed and adjusted if necessary following certain corporate events. If the corporate event includes a corporate action which affects the FTSE/Xinhua China 25 Index, any change in free float is implemented at the same time as the corporate action. If there is no corporate action, the change in free float is applied as soon as practicable after the corporate event. Securities must be sufficiently liquid to be traded. The following criteria, among others, are used to ensure that illiquid securities are excluded:

- Price. The FTSE/Xinhua Index Limited must be satisfied that an accurate and reliable price exists for the purposes of determining the market value of a company. The FTSE/

Xinhua Index Limited may exclude a security from the FTSE/Xinhua China 25 Index if it considers that an “accurate and reliable” price is not available. The FTSE/Xinhua China 25 Index uses the last trade prices from the relevant stock exchanges, when available.

- **Liquidity.** Securities in the FTSE/Xinhua China 25 Index will be reviewed annually for liquidity. Securities which do not turn over at least 2% of their shares in issue, after the application of any free float restrictions, per month for ten of the twelve months prior to the quarterly review by the FTSE/Xinhua Index Limited will not be eligible for inclusion in the FTSE/Xinhua China 25 Index. An existing constituent failing to trade at least 2.0% of its shares in issue, after the application of any free float restrictions, per month for more than four of the twelve months prior to the quarterly review will be removed after close of the Index calculation on the next trading day following the third Friday in January, April, July and October. Any period when a share is suspended will be excluded from the calculation.
- **New Issues.** New issues must have a minimum trading record of at least 20 trading days prior to the date of the review and turnover of a minimum of 2% of their shares in issue, after the application of any free float restrictions, per month each month, except in certain circumstances.

The FTSE/Xinhua China 25 Index, like other indices of the FTSE/Xinhua Index Limited, is governed by an independent advisory committee that ensures that the Index is operated in accordance with its published ground rules, and that the rules remain relevant to the FTSE/Xinhua China 25 Index.

The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Ltd.

Trading on the HKSE is fully electronic through an Automatic Order Matching and Execution System, which was introduced in November 1983. The system is an electronic order book in which orders are matched and executed instantaneously if there are matching orders in the book, and on the basis of time/price priority. Online real-time order entry and execution have eliminated the previous limitations of telephone-based trading. Trading takes place through trading terminals on the trading floor. There are no market-makers on the HKSE, but exchange dealers may act as dual capacity broker-dealers. Trading is undertaken from 9:30 a.m. to 4:00 p.m. (Hong Kong time) every Hong Kong day except Saturdays, Sundays and other days on which the HKSE is closed. Hong Kong time is 12 hours ahead of Eastern Daylight Savings Time and 13 hours ahead of Eastern Standard Time. Settlement of trade is required within 48 hours and is conducted by electronic book-entry delivery through the Central Clearing and Settlement System.

Due to the time differences between New York City and Hong Kong, on any normal trading day, trading on the HKSE will cease at 3:00 a.m. or 4:00 a.m., New York City time. Therefore, the closing level of the FTSE/Xinhua China 25 Index will generally be available in the United States by the opening of business on that business day.

The HKSE has adopted certain measures intended to prevent any extreme short-term price fluctuations resulting from order imbalances or market volatility. Where the HKSE considers it necessary for the protection of the investor or the maintenance of an orderly market, it may at any time suspend dealings in any securities or cancel the listing of any securities in such circumstances and subject to such conditions as it thinks fit, whether requested by the listed issuer or not. The HKSE may also do so where:

- an issuer fails, in a manner which the HKSE considers material, to comply with the HKSE Listing Rules or its Listing Agreements;
- the HKSE considers there are insufficient securities in the hands of the public;
- the HKSE considers that the listed issuer does not have a sufficient level of operations or sufficient assets to warrant the continued listing of the issuer's securities; or
- the HKSE considers that the issuer or its business is no longer suitable for listing.

Investors should also be aware that the HKSE may suspend the trading of individual stocks in certain limited and extraordinary circumstances, until certain price-sensitive information has been disclosed to the public. Trading will not be resumed until a formal announcement has been made. Trading of a company's shares may also be suspended if there is unusual trading activity in such shares.

An issuer may apply for suspension of its own accord. A suspension request will normally only be acceded to in the following circumstances:

- where, for a reason acceptable to the HKSE, price-sensitive information cannot at that time be disclosed;
- where the issuer is subject to an offer, but only where terms have been agreed in principle and require discussion with, and agreement by, one or more major shareholders (suspensions will only normally be appropriate where no previous announcement has been made);
- to maintain an orderly market;
- where there is an occurrence of certain levels of notifiable transactions, such as substantial changes in the nature, control or structure of the issuer, where publication of full details is necessary to permit a realistic valuation to be made of the securities concerned, or where the approval of shareholders is required;
- where the issuer is no longer suitable for listing, or becomes a "cash" company; or
- for issuers going into receivership or liquidation.

As a result of the foregoing, variations in the FTSE/Xinhua China 25 Index may be limited by suspension of trading of individual stocks that comprise the FTSE/Xinhua China 25 Index, which may, in turn, adversely affect the value of the Notes.

License Agreement with FTSE/Xinhua Index Limited

The notes are not in any way sponsored, endorsed, sold or promoted by FXI, FTSE or Xinhua or by the London Stock Exchange PLC (the "**London Stock Exchange**") or by The Financial Times Limited ("**FT**") and neither FXI, FTSE, Xinhua nor the London Stock Exchange nor FT makes any warranty or representation whatsoever, expressly or impliedly, either as to the results to be obtained from the use of the FTSE/Xinhua China 25 Index and/or the figure at which the FTSE/Xinhua China 25 Index stands at any particular time on any particular day or otherwise. The FTSE/Xinhua China 25 Index is compiled and calculated by or on behalf of FXI. However, neither FXI or FTSE or Xinhua or the London Stock Exchange or FT shall be liable

(whether in negligence or otherwise) to any person for any error in the FTSE/Xinhua China 25 Index and neither FXI, FTSE, Xinhua or the London Stock Exchange or FT shall be under any obligation to advise any person of any error therein.

The FTSE/Xinhua China 25 Index is calculated by or on behalf of FXI. FXI does not sponsor, endorse or promote the notes.

All copyright in the FTSE/Xinhua China 25 Index values and constituent list vest in FXI. Deutsche Bank AG has obtained full license from FXI to use such copyright in the creation of the notes.

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Discontinuation of the FTSE/Xinhua China 25 Index; Alteration of Method of Calculation

If FXI discontinues publication of the FTSE/Xinhua China 25 Index and FXI or another entity publishes a successor or substitute index that the calculation agent determines, in its sole discretion, to be comparable to the discontinued FTSE/Xinhua China 25 Index (such index being referred to herein as a **"FTSE/Xinhua successor index"**), then the FTSE/Xinhua China 25 Index closing level will be determined by reference to the level of such FTSE/Xinhua successor index at the close of trading on the relevant exchange or market for the FTSE/Xinhua successor index on the Averaging Dates.

Upon any selection by the calculation agent of a FTSE/Xinhua successor index, the calculation agent will cause written notice thereof to be promptly furnished to the trustee, to us and to the holders of the notes.

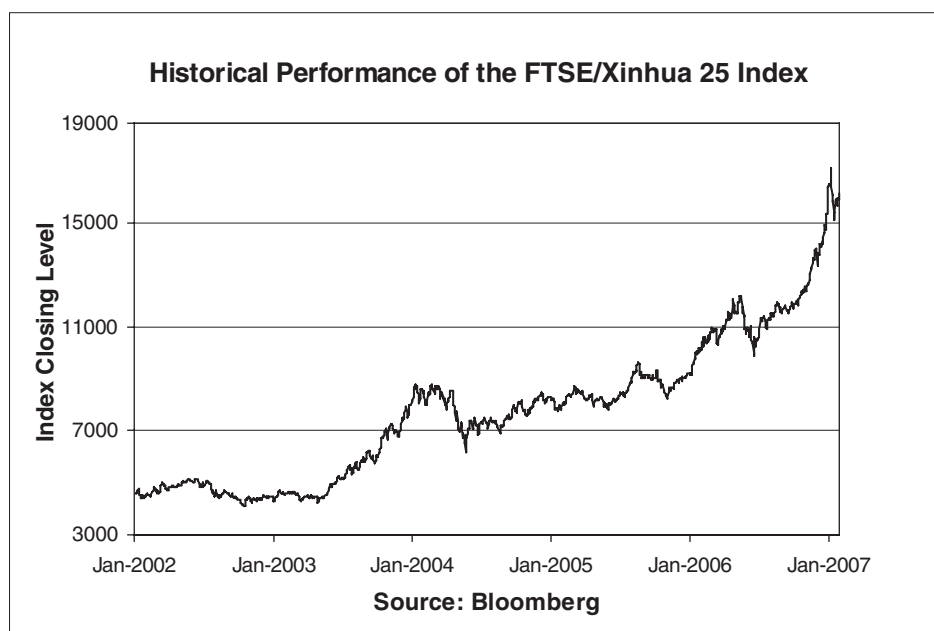
If FXI discontinues publication of the FTSE/Xinhua China 25 Index prior to, and such discontinuance is continuing on the Averaging Dates, and the calculation agent determines, in its sole discretion, that no FTSE/Xinhua successor index is available at such time, then the calculation agent will determine the FTSE/Xinhua China 25 Index closing level on such date. The FTSE/Xinhua China 25 Index closing level will be computed by the calculation agent in accordance with the formula for and method of calculating the FTSE/Xinhua China 25 Index last in effect prior to such discontinuance, using the closing price (or, if trading in the relevant securities has been materially suspended or materially limited, its good faith estimate of the closing price that would have prevailed but for such suspension or limitation) at the close of the principal trading session on such date of each security most recently comprising the FTSE/Xinhua China 25 Index. Notwithstanding these alternative arrangements, discontinuance of the publication of the FTSE/Xinhua China 25 Index on the relevant exchange may adversely affect the value of the notes.

If at any time the method of calculating the FTSE/Xinhua China 25 Index or a FTSE/Xinhua successor index, or the level thereof, is changed in a material respect, or if the FTSE/Xinhua China 25 Index or a FTSE/Xinhua successor index is in any other way modified so that the FTSE/Xinhua China 25 Index or such FTSE/Xinhua successor index does not, in the opinion of the calculation agent, fairly represent the level of the FTSE/Xinhua China 25 Index or such FTSE/Xinhua successor index had such changes or modifications not been made, then the calculation

agent will, at the close of business in New York City on the Averaging Dates, make such calculations and adjustments as, in the good faith judgment of the calculation agent, may be necessary in order to arrive at a level of a stock index comparable to the FTSE/Xinhua China 25 Index or such FTSE/Xinhua successor index, as the case may be, as if such changes or modifications had not been made, and the calculation agent will calculate the FTSE/Xinhua China 25 Index closing level with reference to the FTSE/Xinhua China 25 Index or such FTSE/Xinhua successor index, as adjusted. Accordingly, if the method of calculating the FTSE/Xinhua China 25 Index or a FTSE/Xinhua successor index is modified so that the level of the FTSE/Xinhua China 25 Index or such FTSE/Xinhua successor index is a fraction of what it would have been if there had been no such modification (e.g., due to a split in FTSE/Xinhua China 25 Index), then the calculation agent will adjust its calculation of the FTSE/Xinhua China 25 Index or such FTSE/Xinhua successor index in order to arrive at a level of the FTSE/Xinhua China 25 Index or such FTSE/Xinhua successor index as if there had been no such modification (e.g., as if such split had not occurred).

Historical Information for the FTSE/XINHUA China 25 Index

The following graph sets forth the historical performance of the FTSE/XINHUA China 25 Index based on the daily FTSE/XINHUA China 25 Index closing levels from January 2, 2002 through January 24, 2007. The FTSE/XINHUA China 25 Index closing level on January 24, 2007 was 16280.86. We obtained the FTSE/XINHUA China 25 Index closing levels below from Bloomberg Financial Markets. We make no representation or warranty as to the accuracy or completeness of the information obtained from Bloomberg Financial Markets. **The historical levels of the FTSE/XINHUA China 25 Index should not be taken as an indication of future performance, and no assurance can be given as to the Index Ending Level of the FTSE/XINHUA China 25 Index. We cannot give you assurance that the performance of the FTSE/XINHUA China 25 Index will result in the return of your initial investment.**



Examples of Hypothetical Payment at Maturity on the Notes Linked to the FTSE/Xinhua China 25 Index Assuming a Range of Performance for the Index

The table below illustrates the payment at maturity for a \$10.00 note principal amount for a hypothetical range of performance for the FTSE/Xinhua China 25 Index Return from -100% to +100% and assumes an Index Starting Level of 16280.86, a Trigger Level of 8140.43 and a Participation Rate of 116.25%. The following results are based solely on the hypothetical example cited. You should consider carefully whether the notes are suitable to your investment goals. The numbers appearing in the table below have been rounded for ease of analysis.

Index Ending Level	Index Return	No Index Closing Below Trigger Level		Index Closing Below Trigger Level	
		Payment at Maturity (\$)	Return on Note (%)	Payment at Maturity (\$)	Return on Note (%)
32561.72	100.00%	\$21.63	116.25%	\$21.63	116.25%
30933.63	90.00%	\$20.46	104.63%	\$20.46	104.63%
29305.55	80.00%	\$19.30	93.00%	\$19.30	93.00%
27677.46	70.00%	\$18.14	81.38%	\$18.14	81.38%
26049.38	60.00%	\$16.98	69.75%	\$16.98	69.75%
24421.29	50.00%	\$15.81	58.13%	\$15.81	58.13%
22793.20	40.00%	\$14.65	46.50%	\$14.65	46.50%
21165.12	30.00%	\$13.49	34.88%	\$13.49	34.88%
19537.03	20.00%	\$12.33	23.25%	\$12.33	23.25%
17908.95	10.00%	\$11.16	11.63%	\$11.16	11.63%
16280.86	0.00%	\$10.00	0.00%	\$10.00	0.00%
14652.77	-10.00%	\$10.00	0.00%	\$9.00	-10.00%
13024.69	-20.00%	\$10.00	0.00%	\$8.00	-20.00%
11396.60	-30.00%	\$10.00	0.00%	\$7.00	-30.00%
9768.52	-40.00%	\$10.00	0.00%	\$6.00	-40.00%
8140.43	-50.00%	\$10.00	0.00%	\$5.00	-50.00%
6512.34	-60.00%	N/A	N/A	\$4.00	-60.00%
4884.26	-70.00%	N/A	N/A	\$3.00	-70.00%
3256.17	-80.00%	N/A	N/A	\$2.00	-80.00%
1628.09	-90.00%	N/A	N/A	\$1.00	-90.00%
0.00	-100.00%	N/A	N/A	\$0.00	-100.00%

Hypothetical Examples of Amounts Payable at Maturity

The following hypothetical examples illustrate how the payments at maturity set forth in the table above are calculated.

Example 1: The level of the FTSE/Xinhua China 25 Index increases from the Index Starting Level of 16280.86 to the Index Ending Level of 19537.03. Because the Index Ending Level of 19537.03 is greater than the Index Starting Level of 16280.86, the payment at maturity is equal to \$12.33 per \$10.00 note principal amount.

$$\text{Payment at maturity per \$10.00 note principal amount} = \$10.00 + (\$10.00 \times [(19537.03 - 16280.86)/16280.86] \times 116.25\%) = \$12.33$$

Example 2: The level of the FTSE/Xinhua China 25 Index decreases from the Index Starting Level of 16280.86 to the Index Ending Level of 13024.69, and the FTSE/Xinhua China 25 Index never closed below the Trigger Level of 8140.43 during the Observation Period. Although the Index Ending Level of 13024.69 is less than the Index Starting Level of 16280.86, because the FTSE/Xinhua China 25 Index never closed below the Trigger Level of 8140.43 during the Observation Period, the payment at maturity is equal to \$10.00.

$$\text{Payment at maturity per \$10.00 note principal amount} = \$10.00$$

Example 3: The level of the FTSE/Xinhua China 25 Index decreases from the Starting Index Level of 16280.86 to the Index Ending Level of 13024.69, and the FTSE/Xinhua China 25 Index closed below the Trigger Level of 8140.43 during the Observation Period. Because the FTSE/Xinhua China 25 Index closed below the Trigger Level of 8140.43 during the Observation Period, the final payment at maturity is equal to \$8.00.

$$\text{Payment at maturity per \$10.00 note principal amount} = \$10.00 + (\$10.00 \times [(13024.69 - 16280.86)/16280.86]) = \$8.00$$

NOTES LINKED TO THE NIKKEI 225 INDEX

The Nikkei 225 Index

We have derived all information regarding the Nikkei 225 Index contained in this pricing supplement, including, without limitation, its make-up, method of calculation and changes in its components, from publicly available information. Such information reflects the policies of, and is subject to change by NKS. NKS has no obligation to continue to publish, and may discontinue publication of, the Nikkei 225 Index.

The Nikkei 225 Index is a stock index calculated, published and disseminated by NKS that measures the composite price performance of selected Japanese stocks. The Nikkei 225 Index currently is based on 225 underlying stocks (the “**Nikkei Underlying Stocks**”) trading on the TSE representing a broad cross-section of Japanese industries. All 225 Nikkei Underlying Stocks are stocks listed in the First Section of the TSE. Stocks listed in the First Section of the TSE are among the most actively traded stocks on the TSE. NKS rules require that the 75 most liquid issues (one-third of the component count of the Nikkei 225 Index) be included in the Nikkei 225 Index.

The 225 companies included in the Nikkei 225 Index are divided into six sector categories: Technology, Financials, Consumer Goods, Materials, Capital Goods/Others and Transportation and Utilities. These six sector categories are further divided into 36 industrial classifications as follows:

- Technology — Pharmaceuticals, Electrical Machinery, Automobiles, Precision Machinery, Telecommunications;
- Financials — Banks, Miscellaneous Finance, Securities, Insurance;
- Consumer Goods — Marine Products, Food, Retail, Services;
- Materials — Mining, Textiles, Paper and Pulp, Chemicals, Oil, Rubber, Ceramics, Steel, Nonferrous Metals, Trading House;
- Capital Goods/Others — Construction, Machinery, Shipbuilding, Transportation Equipment, Miscellaneous Manufacturing, Real Estate; and
- Transportation and Utilities — Railroads and Buses, Trucking, Shipping, Airlines, Warehousing, Electric Power, Gas.

The Nikkei 225 Index is a modified, price-weighted index (*i.e.*, an Nikkei Underlying Stock’s weight in the index is based on its price per share rather than the total market capitalization of the issuer) that is calculated by (i) multiplying the per share price of each Nikkei Underlying Stock by the corresponding weighting factor for such Nikkei Underlying Stock (a “**Weight Factor**”), (ii) calculating the sum of all these products and (iii) dividing such sum by a divisor (the “**Divisor**”). The Divisor was initially set at 225 for the date of May 16, 1949 using historical numbers from May 16, 1949, the date on which the TSE was reopened. The Divisor was 23.154 as of October 1, 2003 and is subject to periodic adjustments as set forth below. Each Weight Factor is computed by dividing ¥50 by the par value of the relevant Nikkei Underlying Stock, so that the share price of each Nikkei Underlying Stock when multiplied by its Weight Factor corresponds to a share price based on a uniform par value of ¥50. The stock prices used in the calculation of the Nikkei 225 Index are those reported by a primary market for the Nikkei Underlying Stocks (currently the TSE). The level of the Nikkei 225 Index is calculated once per minute during TSE trading hours.

In order to maintain continuity in the Nikkei 225 Index in the event of certain changes due to non-market factors affecting the Nikkei Underlying Stocks, such as the addition or deletion of stocks, substitution of stocks, stock splits or distributions of assets to stockholders, the Divisor used in calculating the Nikkei 225 Index is adjusted in a manner designed to prevent any instantaneous change or discontinuity in the level of the Nikkei 225 Index. Thereafter, the Divisor remains at the new value until a further adjustment is necessary as the result of another change. As a result of such change affecting any Nikkei Underlying Stock, the Divisor is adjusted in such a way that the sum of all share prices immediately after such change multiplied by the applicable Weight Factor and divided by the new Divisor (*i.e.*, the level of the Nikkei 225 Index immediately after such change) will be equal to the level of the Nikkei 225 Index immediately prior to the change.

A Nikkei Underlying Stock may be deleted or added by NKS. Any stock becoming ineligible for listing in the First Section of the TSE due to any of the following reasons will be deleted from the Nikkei Underlying Stocks: (i) bankruptcy of the issuer, (ii) merger of the issuer with, or acquisition of the issuer by, another company, (iii) delisting of such stock, (iv) transfer of such stock to the "Seiri-Post" because of excess debt of the issuer or because of any other reason or (v) transfer of such stock to the Second Section. In addition, a component stock transferred to the "Kanri-Post" (Posts for stocks under supervision) is in principle a candidate for deletion. Nikkei Underlying Stocks with relatively low liquidity, based on trading value and rate of price fluctuation over the past five years, may be deleted by NKS. Upon deletion of a stock from the Nikkei Underlying Stocks, NKS will select a replacement for such deleted Nikkei Underlying Stock in accordance with certain criteria. In an exceptional case, a newly listed stock in the First Section of the TSE that is recognized by NKS to be representative of a market may be added to the Nikkei Underlying Stocks. In such a case, an existing Underlying Stock with low trading volume and deemed not to be representative of a market will be deleted by NKS.

A list of the issuers of the Nikkei Underlying Stocks constituting the Nikkei 225 Index is available from the Nikkei Economic Electronic Databank System and from the Stock Market Indices Data Book published by NKS. NKS may delete, add or substitute any stock underlying the Nikkei 225 Index. NKS first calculated and published the Nikkei 225 Index in 1970.

The Tokyo Stock Exchange

The TSE is one of the world's largest securities exchanges in terms of market capitalization. Trading hours are currently from 9:00 a.m. to 11:00 a.m. and from 12:30 p.m. to 3:00 p.m., Tokyo time, Monday through Friday.

Due to the time zone difference, on any normal trading day the TSE will close prior to the opening of business in New York City on the same calendar day. Therefore, the closing level of the Nikkei 225 Index on a trading day will generally be available in the United States by the opening of business on the same calendar day.

The TSE has adopted certain measures, including daily price floors and ceilings on individual stocks, intended to prevent any extreme short-term price fluctuations resulting from order imbalances. In general, any stock listed on the TSE cannot be traded at a price lower than the applicable price floor or higher than the applicable price ceiling. These price floors and ceilings are expressed in absolute Japanese yen, rather than percentage limits based on the closing level of the stock on the previous trading day. In addition, when there is a major order imbalance in a listed stock, the TSE posts a "special bid quote" or a "special asked quote" for that stock at a specified higher or lower price level than the stock's last sale price in order to solicit counter-orders and balance supply and demand for the stock. Prospective investors

should also be aware that the TSE may suspend the trading of individual stocks in certain limited and extraordinary circumstances, including, for example, unusual trading activity in that stock. As a result, changes in the Nikkei 225 Index may be limited by price limitations or special quotes, or by suspension of trading, on individual stocks that make up the Nikkei 225 Index, and these limitations, in turn, may adversely affect the value of the notes.

License Agreement with NKS

We have entered into an agreement with NKS providing us and certain of our affiliates or subsidiaries identified in that agreement with a non-exclusive license and, for a fee, with the right to use the Nikkei 225 Index, which is owned and published by NKS, in connection with certain securities, including the notes.

Our license agreement with NKS provides that NKS will assume no obligation or responsibility for use of the Nikkei 225 Index by us or our affiliates and that all use and implementation relating to the license agreement shall be conducted exclusively at the risk of Deutsche Bank AG.

“NIKKEI 225 INDEX” AND “NIKKEI” ARE SERVICE MARKS OF NKS AND HAVE BEEN LICENSED FOR USE FOR CERTAIN PURPOSES BY DEUTSCHE BANK AG. THE NOTES ARE NOT SPONSORED, ENDORSED, SOLD OR PROMOTED BY NKS, AND NKS MAKES NO REPRESENTATION REGARDING THE ADVISABILITY OF INVESTING IN THE NOTES.

Discontinuation of the Nikkei 225 Index; Alteration of Method of Calculation

If NKS discontinues publication of the Nikkei 225 Index and NKS or another entity publishes a successor or substitute index that the calculation agent determines, in its sole discretion, to be comparable to the discontinued Nikkei 225 Index (such index being referred to herein as a **“Nikkei successor index”**), then any Nikkei 225 Index closing level will be determined by reference to the level of such Nikkei successor index at the close of trading on the TSE (2nd session) or the relevant exchange or market for the successor index on the Final Valuation Date.

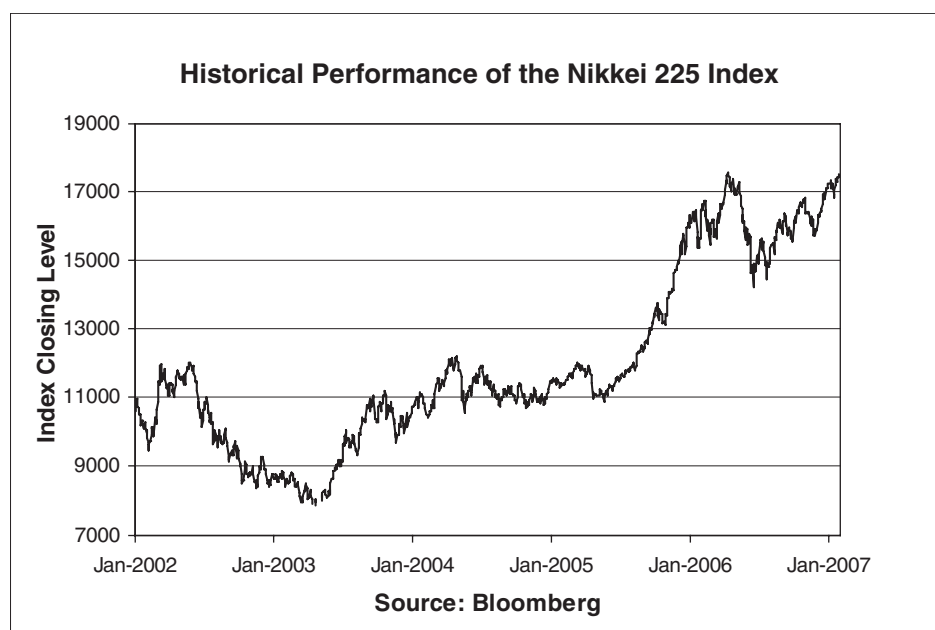
Upon any selection by the calculation agent of a Nikkei successor index, the calculation agent will cause written notice thereof to be promptly furnished to the trustee, to us and to the holders of the notes.

If NKS discontinues publication of the Nikkei 225 Index prior to, and such discontinuance is continuing on, the Final Valuation Date, and the calculation agent determines, in its sole discretion, that no successor index is available at such time, or the calculation agent has previously selected a Nikkei successor index and publication of such Nikkei successor index is discontinued prior to and such discontinuation is continuing on the Final Valuation Date, then the calculation agent will determine the Nikkei 225 Index closing level for the Nikkei 225 Index for such date. The Nikkei 225 Index closing level for the Nikkei 225 Index will be computed by the calculation agent in accordance with the formula for and method of calculating the Nikkei 225 Index or Nikkei successor index, as applicable, last in effect prior to such discontinuance, using the closing level (or, if trading in the relevant securities has been materially suspended or materially limited, its good faith estimate of the closing level that would have prevailed but for such suspension or limitation) at the close of the principal trading session on such date of each security most recently comprising the Nikkei 225 Index or Nikkei successor index, as applicable. Notwithstanding these alternative arrangements, discontinuance of the publication of the Nikkei 225 Index or Nikkei successor index, as applicable on the relevant exchange may adversely affect the value of the notes.

If at any time the method of calculating the Nikkei 225 Index or a Nikkei successor index, or the level thereof, is changed in a material respect, or if the Nikkei 225 Index or a Nikkei successor index is in any other way modified so that the Nikkei 225 Index or such Nikkei successor index does not, in the opinion of the calculation agent, fairly represent the level of the Nikkei 225 Index or such Nikkei successor index had such changes or modifications not been made, then, from and after such time, the calculation agent will, at the close of business in New York City on the Final Valuation Date make such calculations and adjustments as, in the good faith judgment of the calculation agent, may be necessary in order to arrive at a level of a stock index comparable to the Nikkei 225 Index or such Nikkei successor index, as the case may be, as if such changes or modifications had not been made, and the calculation agent will calculate the Nikkei 225 Index closing level with reference to the Nikkei 225 Index or such Nikkei successor index, as adjusted. Accordingly, if the method of calculating the 225 Index or a Nikkei successor index is modified so that the level of the Nikkei 225 Index or such Nikkei successor index is a fraction of what it would have been if there had been no such modification (*e.g.*, due to a split in the index), then the calculation agent will adjust such index in order to arrive at a level of the Nikkei 225 Index or such Nikkei successor index as if there had been no such modification (*e.g.*, as if such split had not occurred).

Historical Information for the Nikkei 225 Index

The following graph sets forth the historical performance of the Nikkei 225 Index based on the daily Nikkei 225 Index closing levels from January 2, 2002 through January 24, 2007. The Nikkei 225 Index closing level on January 24, 2007 was 17507.40. We obtained the Nikkei 225 Index closing levels below from Bloomberg Financial Markets. We make no representation or warranty as to the accuracy or completeness of the information obtained from Bloomberg Financial Markets. **The historical levels of the Nikkei 225 Index should not be taken as an indication of future performance, and no assurance can be given as to the Index Ending Level of the Nikkei 225 Index. We cannot give you assurance that the performance of the Nikkei 225 Index will result in the return of your initial investment.**



Examples of Hypothetical Payment at Maturity on the Notes Linked to the Nikkei 225 Index Assuming a Range of Performance for the Nikkei 225 Index

The table below illustrates the payment at maturity for a \$10.00 note principal amount for a hypothetical range of performance for the Nikkei 225 Index Return from -100% to +100% and assumes an Index Starting Level of 17507.40, a Trigger Level of 8753.70 and a Participation Rate of 155%. The following results are based solely on the hypothetical example cited. You should consider carefully whether the notes are suitable to your investment goals. The numbers appearing in the table below have been rounded for ease of analysis.

Index Ending Level	Index Return	No Index Closing Below Trigger Level		Index Closing Below Trigger Level	
		Payment at Maturity (\$)	Return on Note (%)	Payment at Maturity (\$)	Return on Note (%)
35014.80	100.00%	\$25.50	155.00%	\$25.50	155.00%
33264.06	90.00%	\$23.95	139.50%	\$23.95	139.50%
31513.32	80.00%	\$22.40	124.00%	\$22.40	124.00%
29762.58	70.00%	\$20.85	108.50%	\$20.85	108.50%
28011.84	60.00%	\$19.30	93.00%	\$19.30	93.00%
26261.10	50.00%	\$17.75	77.50%	\$17.75	77.50%
24510.36	40.00%	\$16.20	62.00%	\$16.20	62.00%
22759.62	30.00%	\$14.65	46.50%	\$14.65	46.50%
21008.88	20.00%	\$13.10	31.00%	\$13.10	31.00%
19258.14	10.00%	\$11.55	15.50%	\$11.55	15.50%
17507.40	0.00%	\$10.00	0.00%	\$10.00	0.00%
15756.66	-10.00%	\$10.00	0.00%	\$9.00	-10.00%
14005.92	-20.00%	\$10.00	0.00%	\$8.00	-20.00%
12255.18	-30.00%	\$10.00	0.00%	\$7.00	-30.00%
10504.44	-40.00%	\$10.00	0.00%	\$6.00	-40.00%
8753.70	-50.00%	\$10.00	0.00%	\$5.00	-50.00%
7002.96	-60.00%	N/A	N/A	\$4.00	-60.00%
5252.22	-70.00%	N/A	N/A	\$3.00	-70.00%
3501.48	-80.00%	N/A	N/A	\$2.00	-80.00%
1750.74	-90.00%	N/A	N/A	\$1.00	-90.00%
0.00	-100.00%	N/A	N/A	\$0.00	-100.00%

Hypothetical Examples of Amounts Payable at Maturity

The following hypothetical examples illustrate how the payment at maturity set forth in the table above are calculated.

Example 1: The level of the Nikkei 225 Index increases from the Index Starting Level of 17507.40 to the Index Ending Level of 21008.88. Because the Index Ending Level of 21008.88 is greater than the Index Starting Level of 17507.40, the payment at maturity is equal to \$13.10 per \$10.00 note principal amount.

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Payment at maturity per \$10.00 note principal amount} = \\ \$10.00 + (\$10.00 \times [(21008.88 - 17507.40)/17507.40] \times 155\%) = \$13.10 \end{aligned}$$

Example 2: The level of the Nikkei 225 Index decreases from the Index Starting Level of 17507.40 to the Index Ending Level of 14005.92, and the Nikkei 225 Index never closed below the Trigger Level of 8753.70 during the Observation Period. Although the Index Ending Level of 14005.92 is less than the Index Starting Level of 17507.40, because the Nikkei 225 Index never closed below the Trigger Level of 8753.70 during the Observation Period, the payment at maturity is equal to \$10.00.

$$\text{Payment at maturity per \$10.00 note principal amount} = \$10.00$$

Example 3: The level of the Nikkei 225 Index decreases from the Starting Index Level of 17507.40 to the Index Ending Level of 14005.92, and the Nikkei 225 Index closed below the Trigger Level of 8753.70 during the Observation Period. Because the Nikkei 225 Index closed below the Trigger Level of 8753.70 during the Observation Period, the payment at maturity is equal to \$8.00.

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Payment at maturity per \$10.00 note principal amount} = \\ \$10.00 + (\$10.00 \times [(14005.92 - 17507.40)/17507.40]) = \$8.00 \end{aligned}$$

Market Disruption Events

Certain events may prevent the calculation agent from calculating the closing level of the applicable Index on the Final Valuation Date and, consequently, the applicable Index Return. These events may include disruptions or suspensions of trading on the markets as a whole. We refer to these events individually as a “market disruption event.”

With respect to each Index, a “**market disruption event**” means:

- a suspension, absence or material limitation of trading of stocks then constituting 20 percent or more of the level of such Index (or the relevant successor index) on the relevant exchanges (as defined below) for such securities for more than two hours of trading during, or during the one hour period preceding the close of, the principal trading session on such relevant exchange; or
- a breakdown or failure in the price and trade reporting systems of any relevant exchange as a result of which the reported trading prices for stocks then constituting 20 percent or more of the level of such Index (or the relevant successor index) during the one hour preceding the close of the principal trading session on such relevant exchange are materially inaccurate; or
- a suspension, absence or material limitation of trading on any major securities market for trading in futures or options contracts related to such Index (or the relevant

successor index) for more than two hours of trading during, or during the one hour period preceding the close of, the principal trading session on such market; or

- a decision to permanently discontinue trading in the relevant futures or options contracts;

in each case, as determined by the calculation agent in its sole discretion; and

- a determination by the calculation agent in its sole discretion that the event described above materially interfered with our ability or the ability of any of our affiliates to adjust or unwind all or a material portion of any hedge with respect to the notes.

For the purpose of determining whether a market disruption event exists at any time, if trading in a security included in the applicable Index is materially suspended or materially limited at that time, then the relevant percentage contribution of that security to the level of such disrupted Index shall be based on a comparison of:

- the portion of the level of such disrupted Index attributable to that security relative to
- the overall level of such disrupted Index

in each case, immediately before that suspension or limitation.

For purposes of determining whether a market disruption event has occurred:

- a limitation on the hours or number of days of trading will not constitute a market disruption event if it results from an announced change in the regular business hours of the relevant exchange or market;
- limitations pursuant to the rules of any relevant exchange similar to NYSE Rule 80A (or any applicable rule or regulation enacted or promulgated by any other self-regulatory organization or any government agency of scope similar to NYSE Rule 80A as determined by the calculation agent) on trading during significant market fluctuations will constitute a suspension, absence or material limitation of trading;
- a suspension of trading in futures or options contracts on the applicable Index by the primary securities market trading in such contracts by reason of:
 - a price change exceeding limits set by such exchange or market;
 - an imbalance of orders relating to such contracts; or
 - a disparity in bid and ask quotes relating to such contracts

will, in each such case, constitute a suspension, absence or material limitation of trading in futures or options contracts related to the applicable Index; and

- a “suspension, absence or material limitation of trading” on any relevant exchange or on the primary market on which futures or options contracts related to the applicable Index are traded will not include any time when such market is itself closed for trading under ordinary circumstances.

“Relevant exchange” means the primary exchange or market of trading for any security (or any combination thereof) then included in the applicable Index or any successor index.

Supplemental Underwriting Information

UBS Financial Services Inc. and Deutsche Bank Securities Inc., acting as agents for Deutsche Bank AG, will receive discounts and commissions of \$0.35 per \$10.00 note principal amount. See “Underwriting” in the accompanying product supplement.