



Before you invest, you may want to review the Fund's statutory prospectus and statement of additional information, which contain more information about the Fund and its risks. The current statutory prospectus and statement of additional information dated September 28, 2010 are incorporated by reference into this Summary Prospectus. You can find the Fund's statutory prospectus, statement of additional information and other information about the Fund online at <http://www.gbemutualfunds.com/literature.html>. You can also get this information at no cost by calling 877-40-GRUBB (877-404-7822) or by sending an email request to Agafunds@grubb-ellis.com.

Investment Objectives

The primary investment objective of the Grubb & Ellis AGA Realty Income Fund (the "Realty Income Fund") is current income through investment in real estate securities. Long-term capital appreciation is a secondary investment objective of the Realty Income Fund.

Fees and Expenses of the Fund

This table describes the fees and expenses that you may pay if you buy and hold shares of the Realty Income Fund. You may qualify for sales charge discounts if you or your family invest, or agree to invest in the future, at least \$100,000 in the Grubb & Ellis Funds. More information about these and other discounts is available from your financial professional and under "Shareholder Information – More About Class A Shares," on page 30 of the Fund's Prospectus, and under "Purchase and Redemption of Fund Shares – Sales Charge on Class A Shares" on page 37 in the Fund's Statement of Additional Information.

Shareholder Fees (fees paid directly from your investment)

Maximum Sales Charge (Load) Imposed on Purchases (as a percentage of offering price)	5.00%
Maximum Deferred Sales Charge (Load) (as a percentage of shares redeemed within 12 months of purchase) ⁽¹⁾	1.00%
Redemption Fee (as a percentage of amount redeemed on shares held 90 days or less)	1.00%

Annual Fund Operating Expenses (expenses that you pay each year as a percentage of the value of your investment)

Management Fees	1.00%
Distribution and Shareholder Servicing (12b-1) Fees	0.25%
Other Expenses	2.95%
Acquired Fund Fees and Expenses	0.01%
Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses ⁽²⁾	4.21%
Fee Waiver/ Expense Reimbursement	-2.72%
Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses After Fee Waiver/ Expense Reimbursement ⁽³⁾	1.49%

⁽¹⁾ Only imposed on shares purchased at the \$1,000,000 breakpoint that are redeemed within 12 months of purchase.

⁽²⁾ Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses in the table above do not correlate to the Ratio of Expenses to Average Net Assets found within the "Financial Highlights" section of this prospectus, which do not include Acquired Fund Fees and Expenses.

⁽³⁾ Pursuant to an operating expense limitation agreement between the Realty Income Fund's investment adviser, Grubb & Ellis Alesco Global Advisors, LLC (the "Adviser") and the Realty Income Fund, the Adviser has agreed to waive its fees and/or reimburse expenses of the Realty Income Fund to ensure that Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses (exclusive generally of interest and tax expenses, brokerage commissions, extraordinary and non-recurring expenses and acquired fund fees and expenses) do not exceed 1.48% of the Realty Income Fund's average net assets, through September 28, 2011, subject thereafter to annual re-approval of the agreement by the Trust's Board of Trustees (the "Board of Trustees"). This operating expense limitation agreement can be terminated only by, or with the consent of, the Board of Trustees. The Adviser is permitted to seek reimbursement from the Realty Income Fund, subject to limitations, for fees it waives and Fund expenses it paid for a period of three fiscal years from the date of such waiver and/or reimbursement.

Example

This Example is intended to help you compare the costs of investing in the Realty Income Fund with the cost of investing in other mutual funds. The Example assumes that you invest \$10,000 in the Realty Income Fund for the time periods indicated and then redeem all of your shares at the end of those periods. The Example also assumes that your investment has a 5% return each year and that the Realty Income Fund's operating expenses remain the same. The fee waiver/expense reimbursement arrangement discussed in the table above is reflected only in the first year of the periods shown in the Example. Although your actual costs may be higher or lower, based on these assumptions your costs would be:

<u>One Year</u>	<u>Three Years</u>	<u>Five Years</u>	<u>Ten Years</u>
\$644	\$1,479	\$2,326	\$4,505

Portfolio Turnover

The Realty Income Fund pays transaction costs, such as commissions, when it buys and sells securities (or “turns over” its portfolio). A higher portfolio turnover rate may indicate higher transaction costs and may result in higher taxes when Realty Income Fund shares are held in a taxable account. These costs, which are not reflected in Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses or in the Example, affect the Fund’s performance. During the most recent fiscal year, the Realty Income Fund’s portfolio turnover rate was 116.20% of the average value of its portfolio.

Principal Investment Strategies

Under normal circumstances, the Realty Income Fund seeks to achieve its investment objectives by investing at least 80% of its assets in dividend-paying common stocks and preferred stocks, including dividend-paying convertible preferred securities, of U.S. Realty Companies (as defined below), preferably those securities having the potential to deliver regular income and to offer the opportunity for long-term growth of income and capital appreciation.

For purposes of the Realty Income Fund’s investment strategies, “Realty Companies” are real estate-related companies of any size including, but not limited to, real estate investment trusts (“REITs”), real estate operating companies (“REOCs”), real estate service companies, companies in the homebuilding, lodging and hotel industries, and other companies (including, but not limited to, those engaged in the healthcare, gaming, retailing, restaurant, natural resources and utility industries) whose investments, balance sheets or income statements are real-estate intensive. The Realty Income Fund considers a company to be “real estate-related” or “real estate intensive” if at least 50% of the company’s actual or anticipated revenues, profits, assets, services or products are related to real estate including, but not limited to, the ownership, renting, leasing, construction, management, development or financing of commercial, industrial or residential real estate. The Realty Income Fund considers “U.S. companies” to be companies organized in the United States or for which 50% of their actual or anticipated revenues or profits are generated in, their assets are located in, or their services or products are provided or sold in, the United States.

Under normal circumstances, the Realty Income Fund may invest up to 20% of its net assets in U.S. securities and instruments including fixed income securities of issuers of any size and any maturity, cash and cash equivalents, money market instruments and shares of other investment companies and exchange traded funds (“ETFs”), the issuers of which need not be Realty Companies. The Realty Income Fund’s investments in fixed income securities and preferred stock may include those rated below “investment grade” by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization (“NRSRO”), or that are unrated but judged to be below investment grade by the Adviser. Below investment grade fixed income securities are commonly known as “junk bonds.”

The Adviser conducts proprietary quantitative, qualitative and on-site real estate analysis to select the Realty Income Fund’s portfolio investments, including research at the macroeconomic, sector, company and property level. The Adviser’s individual company research may consider a number of quantitative measures, including earnings growth potential, price to earnings or free cash flow multiples, price to net asset value (“NAV”) ratios, dividend yield and potential for growth, return on equity and return on assets, as well as qualitative factors such as overall business and growth strategy and quality of management. The Adviser may sell an investment in the Fund’s portfolio when the investment no longer meets the Adviser’s criteria as described above, or when a more attractive investment opportunity arises.

Principal Risks

Before investing in the Realty Income Fund, you should carefully consider your own investment goals, the amount of time you are willing to leave your money invested, and the amount of risk you are willing to take. Remember, in addition to possibly not achieving your investment goals, **you could lose all or a portion of your investment in the Realty Income Fund over short or even long periods of time.** The principal risks of investing in the Realty Income Fund are:

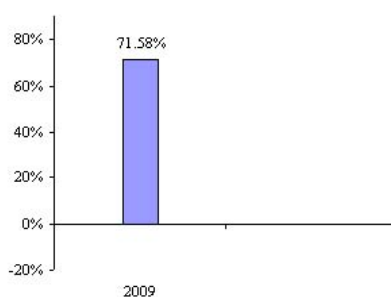
- *Management Risk.* The risk that the investment strategies employed by the Adviser in selecting investments for the Realty Income Fund may not result in an increase in the value of your investment or in overall performance equal to other similar investment vehicles having similar investments.
- *General Market Risk.* The risk that the value of the Realty Income Fund’s shares will fluctuate based on the performance of the Realty Income Fund’s investments and other factors affecting the capital markets generally. The U.S. and international markets have experienced extreme price volatility, reduced liquidity and valuation difficulties in recent years, particularly in securities related to finance and real estate. Continuing market problems may have adverse effects on the Fund.
- *Risk of Investing in Real Estate Generally.* The risks related to investments in Realty Companies, including, but not limited to: adverse changes in general economic and local market conditions; adverse developments in employment; changes in supply or demand for similar or competing properties; unfavorable changes in applicable taxes, governmental regulations, interest rates; operating or development expenses and lack of available financing.
- *Risk of Concentration of Investments in Real Estate-Related Securities.* The risk that the Realty Income Fund could lose money due to the performance of real estate-related securities even if securities markets generally are experiencing positive results.
- *Risk Relating to Investments in REITs.* A REIT’s share price may decline because of adverse developments affecting the real estate industry including changes in interest rates. The returns from REITs may trail returns from the overall market. Additionally, there is always a risk that a REIT will fail to qualify for favorable tax treatment.

- *Equity Market Risk.* The equity securities held in the Fund's portfolio may experience sudden, unpredictable drops in value or long periods of decline in value. This may occur because of factors that affect securities markets generally or factors affecting specific industries, sectors or companies in which the Fund invests.
- *Preferred Stock.* Preferred stock is subject to the risk that the dividend on the stock may be changed or omitted by the issuer, and that unlike common stock, participation in the growth of an issuer may be limited.
- *Convertible Securities Risk.* The market value of a convertible security performs like that of a regular debt security, that is, if market interest rates rise, the value of the convertible security falls.
- *Large-Cap Company Risk.* The risk that larger, more established companies may be unable to respond quickly to new competitive challenges, such as changes in consumer tastes or innovative smaller competitors. Also, large-cap companies are sometimes unable to attain the high growth rates of successful smaller companies, especially during extended periods of economic expansion.
- *Micro-Cap, Small-Cap and Mid-Cap Company Risk.* The risk that the securities of micro-cap, small-cap and mid-cap companies may be more volatile and less liquid than the securities of large-cap companies.
- *Debt Securities Risk.* Interest rates may go up resulting in a decrease in the value of the debt securities held by the Fund. Investments in debt securities include credit risk, which is the risk that an issuer will not make timely payments of principal and interest. There is also the risk that a bond issuer may "call," or repay, its high yielding bonds before their maturity dates. Debt securities subject to prepayment can offer less potential for gains during a declining interest rate environment and similar or greater potential for loss in a rising interest rate environment. Limited trading opportunities for certain debt securities may make it more difficult to sell or buy a security at a favorable price or time.
- *Below Investment Grade Risk.* Investments in below investment grade securities involve a greater risk of default and are subject to a substantially higher degree of credit risk or price changes than investment grade securities.
- *Other Investment Companies and ETFs Risk.* The Fund will bear the indirect fees and expenses charged by other investment companies and ETFs in which the Fund invests in addition to its own direct fees and expenses, as well as indirectly bearing the principal risks of those funds. ETFs are subject to the risk that the market price of an ETF's shares may trade at a discount to their net asset value or that an active trading market for an ETF's shares may not develop or be maintained.

Performance

The performance information below demonstrates the risks of investing in the Realty Income Fund by showing how the Realty Income Fund's average annual returns for one year compare with those of a broad measure of market performance. Remember, the Realty Income Fund's past performance, before and after taxes, is not necessarily an indication of how the Realty Income Fund will perform in the future. Updated performance information is available on the Realty Income Fund's website at www.gbefunds.com or by calling the Realty Income Fund toll-free at 877-40-GRUBB (877-404-7822).

Calendar Year Total Return as of December 31*



The Fund's calendar year-to-date return as of June 30, 2010 was 11.68%. During the period of time shown in the bar chart, the Fund's highest quarterly return was 40.10% for the quarter ended June 30, 2009, and the lowest quarterly return was -13.67% for the quarter ended March 31, 2009.

* Sales loads are not reflected in the bar chart and the highest and lowest quarterly returns. If sales loads were reflected, the returns shown would have been less than those shown.

Average Annual Total Returns
(for the Period Ended December 31, 2009)

	1 Year	Since Inception (7/30/08)
Return Before Taxes	62.99%	2.45%
Return After Taxes on Distributions	59.61%	0.00%
Return After Taxes on Distributions and Sale of Fund Shares	40.95%	0.58%
Dow Jones Select Real Estate Securities Index (reflects no deduction for fees, expenses or taxes)	29.01%	-16.86%
Merrill Lynch Fixed Rate Preferred Index (reflects no deduction for fees, expenses or taxes)	20.07%	-3.87%
S&P 500® Index (reflects no deduction for fees, expenses or taxes)	26.46%	-7.11%

After-tax returns are calculated using the highest historical individual federal marginal income tax rates and do not reflect the impact of state and local taxes. Actual after-tax returns depend on your tax situation and may differ from those shown. Furthermore, the after-tax returns shown are not relevant to shareholders who hold their shares through tax-deferred arrangements, such as 401(k) plans or individual retirement accounts.

The Realty Income Fund's 30 day yield at May 31, 2010, was 6.29%.

Investment Adviser

Grubb & Ellis Alesco Global Advisors, LLC is the Realty Income Fund's investment adviser.

Portfolio Managers

The Realty Income Fund is co-managed by a team of Portfolio Managers as follows:

<u>Portfolio Manager</u>	<u>Years of Service with the Fund</u>	<u>Primary Title</u>
Jay P. Leupp	Since 2008	Lead Portfolio Manager
David R. Ronco	Since 2008	Portfolio Manager

Purchase and Sale of Fund Shares

Investors may purchase or redeem Fund shares on any business day by written request (Grubb & Ellis AGA Funds, c/o U.S. Bancorp Fund Services, LLC, P.O. Box 701, Milwaukee, Wisconsin 53201-0701), wire transfer, telephone at 877-40-GRUBB (877-404-7822), or through a financial intermediary. Purchases, exchanges and redemptions by telephone are only permitted if you previously established these options on your account. Investors who wish to purchase, exchange or redeem Fund shares through a broker-dealer or other financial intermediary should contact the broker-dealer or other financial intermediary directly. The minimum initial and subsequent investment amounts are shown below.

	Minimum Investment Amount	
	<u>Initial</u>	<u>Subsequent</u>
Regular Accounts	\$ 2,000	\$ 100
Exchange from another Grubb & Ellis AGA Fund	\$ 2,000	\$ 100
Automatic Investment Plan	\$ 100	\$ 100

Tax Information

The Funds' distributions may be subject to federal income tax and may be taxed as ordinary income or capital gains.

Payments to Broker-Dealers and Other Financial Intermediaries

If you purchase Fund shares through a broker-dealer or other financial intermediary (such as a bank or financial advisor), the Funds and their related companies may pay the intermediary for the sale of Fund shares and related services. These payments may create conflicts of interest by influencing the broker-dealer or other intermediary and your salesperson to recommend the Funds over another investment. Ask your advisor or visit your financial intermediary's website for more information.