

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION  
Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-KSB/A

For the fiscal year ended December 31, 2003

Commission File No. 001-31546

BREAM VENTURES INC.

(Name of small business issuer in its charter)

Nevada	98-0232018
(State or other jurisdiction	(I.R.S. Employer Identification
Number)	
of Incorporation or Organization)	

1057 West 23<sup>rd</sup> Street  
North Vancouver, B.C. V7P 2H1  
Phone: (604) 671-8911  
(Address, including zip code and telephone number,  
including area code, of registrant's executive offices)

Securities registered under Section 12(b) of the Exchange Act: none

Securities registered under Section 12(g) of  
the Exchange Act:  
Common Stock  
(Title of class)

Check whether the issuer (1) filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the Company was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days.

Yes ☒ No ☐

Check if disclosure of delinquent filers in response to Item 405 of Regulation S-B is not contained in this form, and no disclosure will be contained, to the best of registrant's knowledge, in definitive proxy or information statements incorporated by reference in Part III of this Form 10-KSB/A or any amendment to this Form 10-KSB/A.

State the aggregate market value of the voting stock held by non-affiliates, computed by reference to the price at which the stock was sold, or the average bid and asked prices of such stock, as of a specified date within the past 60 days:

State the number of shares outstanding of each of the issuer's classes of common equity, as of the latest practicable date: As of December 31, 2003 there were 3,590,000 shares of the Company's common stock issued and outstanding.

State the issuer's revenues for its most recent fiscal year:  
Net loss of \$13,679

Documents Incorporated by Reference:

None

This Form 10-KSB/A consists of 32 pages  
Exhibit Index is located at Page 29

## TABLE OF CONTENTS

	Index	
PART I		
Item 1.	Description of Business	4
Item 2.	Description of Property	10
Item 3.	Legal Proceedings	10
Item 4.	Submission of Matters to a Vote of Security Holders	10
PART II		
Item 5.	Market for the Registrant's Common Equity and Related Stockholder Matters	11
Item 6.	Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations	11
Item 7.	Financial Statements	14
Item 8.	Changes in and Disagreements on Accounting and Financial Disclosure	24
PART III		
Item 9.	Directors, Executive Officers, Promoters and Control Persons, Compliance with Section 16(a) of the Exchange Act	24
Item 10.	Executive Compensation	24
Item 11.	Security Ownership of Certain Beneficial Owners and Management	25
Item 12.	Certain Relationships and Related Transactions	26
PART IV		
Item 13.	Exhibits and Reports on Form 8-K	26
	Signatures	27
	Exhibit Index to Annual Report	28
	Certification	29

## **PART I**

### **ITEM 1. DESCRIPTION OF BUSINESS.**

The following discussion should be read in conjunction with our audited financial statements and notes thereto included herein. In connection with, and because we desire to take advantage of, the "safe harbor" provisions of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995, we caution readers regarding certain forward looking statements in the following discussion and elsewhere in this report and in any other statement made by, or on our behalf, whether or not in future filings with the Securities and Exchange Commission. Forward looking statements are statements not based on historical information and which relate to future operations, strategies, financial results or other developments. Forward looking statements are necessarily based upon estimates and assumptions that are inherently subject to significant business, economic and competitive uncertainties and contingencies, many of which are beyond our control and many of which, with respect to future business decisions, are subject to change. These uncertainties and contingencies can affect actual results and could cause actual results to differ materially from those expressed in any forward looking statements made by, or on our behalf. We disclaim any obligation to update forward looking statements.

#### History and Organization

Bream Ventures Inc. (the "Company") was incorporated under the laws of the state of Nevada on March 9, 2001. We have not commenced business operations and we are considered a pre-exploration stage enterprise. To date, our activities have been limited to organizational matters, obtaining a mining engineer's report and the preparation and filing of the registration statement. In connection with the organization of our company, the founding shareholders of our company contributed an aggregate of \$25,000 cash in exchange for 2,500,000 shares of common stock. We have no significant assets, and we are totally dependent upon the successful completion of this offering and receipt of the proceeds there from, of which there is no assurance, for the ability to commence our proposed business operations.

#### Proposed Business

On April 9, 2001, we acquired a 15 year mining lease from Desert Pacific Exploration, Inc., the owner of eight unpatented lode mineral claims, sometimes referred to as the Panorama Project, located in western Nevada approximately 150 miles south of Reno, Nevada and 48 miles north of Bishop, California. An unpatented claim is one in which more assessment work is necessary before all mineral rights can be claimed. We are presently in the pre-exploration stage and there is no assurance that a commercially viable precious mineral deposit exists in our property until appropriate geological exploration is done and a final comprehensive evaluation concludes that there is economic and legal feasibility to conduct mining operations. Without a final economic feasibility study we cannot determine economic feasibility. We will not have sufficient funds to pay for a final economic feasibility study. Consequently, our current exploration plans can only determine if we will be justified to continue exploration.

The exploration program proposed by Bream is designed to determine whether mining operations would be advisable. It is uncertain at this time the precise quantity of minerals in the property that would justify actual mining operations. Some of the factors that would be used to determine whether to

proceed with mining operations would be the data generated by the proposed exploration program. This data will be evaluated to confirm that a mineral deposit is sufficiently defined on three or more sides. Another factor would be investigation into whether a buyer or a market exists for the minerals and the prevailing market price for the minerals.

Under the terms of the lease, Bream may extend the initial term of 20 years for one additional period of 20 years provided that all conditions of the lease have previously been met. Bream has the exclusive possession of the property for mining purposes during the term of the lease.

The owner of the property on which the claims are located is Desert Pacific Exploration, Inc. Under the terms of the lease as amended on April 9, 2002, September 25, 2002, June 9, 2003, September 30, 2003, and February 23, 2004, Bream must pay an advance annual royalty as follows:

Date	Amount
April 9, 2001	\$ 5,000 (paid)
March 9, 2002	\$ 1,500 (paid)
October 9, 2002	\$ 2,000 (paid)
January 9, 2003	\$ 1,500 (paid)
June 9, 2003	\$ 1,500 (paid)
September 30, 2003	\$ 1,000 (paid)
February 24, 2004	\$ 5,000 (paid)
Commencement of the Company's Stock trading	\$ 5,000
February 28, 2005	\$20,000
February 28, 2006 and every February 28 thereafter	\$20,000

If Bream fails to meet the above advance royalty payments, the lease may be terminated if the landlord gives written notice of such default. After receipt of default, Bream has 15 days to cure the default. In addition, the lease may be terminated if Bream fails to make federal, state, and county maintenance payments or filing fees at least 15 days prior to due date. In that event, the landlord must notify Bream of a possible default. After 10 days, if the default is not cured the landlord may initiate payment on the claims. Bream will be able to cure this default by reimbursing all federal, state and county payments made by the landlord plus a 20% penalty within 30 days.

Under applicable federal, state, and county laws and regulations, annual mining claim maintenance or rental fees are required to be paid by Bream for the unpatented mining claims which constitute all or part of the leased property, beginning with the annual assessment work period of September 1, 2003 to September 1, 2004. Bream must timely and properly pay the federal, state, and county annual mining claim maintenance or rental fees, and must execute and record or file, as applicable, proof of payment of the federal, state, and county annual mining claim maintenance or rental fees and the landlord's intention to hold the unpatented mining claims. Annual maintenance fees are due on the claims by August 31. Federal fees are \$100 per claim per year payable to the Department of the Interior, Bureau of Land management. State fees are \$5.50 per year per claim payable to the county recorder. If Bream does not terminate the agreement before June 1 of any subsequent lease year, Bream will be obligated either to pay the federal, state, and local annual mining claim maintenance or rental fees for the property due that year or to reimburse the landlord.

Bream also has the right to buy out the landlord's interest in exchange for a payment of \$3,000,000 from which royalty payments made up to the time of the buyout may be deducted. If a buyout occurs, Bream must also pay the landlord a perpetual 0.75% royalty on all minerals recovered from the property.

The lease may be terminated at any time by Bream provided that we give written notice 30 days prior to relinquishing the leased property. In the event Bream desires to terminate the agreement after June 1 of any year, we are responsible for all federal, state, and county maintenance and filing fees for the next assessment year regarding the leased property. In addition, we must deliver to the landlord in reproducible form all data generated or obtained for the lease property, whether factual or interpretive. Finally, we must quitclaim to the landlord all claims located or acquired by us.

Our business activities to date have been restricted to obtaining a report from our mining engineer, Edward P. Jucevic and preparing this offering. Mr. Jucevic's report details the geological and mining history of the claims leased by Bream, including the land status, climate, geology and mineralization. Mr. Jucevic believes that based upon previous mining activity in the area, sufficient evidence exists to warrant further exploration on the leased property which could then lead to actual mining operations.

The property leased by Bream covers lands credited with sporadic, but high grade gold, silver, and minor mercury production dating to the early 1900's. The claims cover three discrete gold-bearing areas, none of which has been thoroughly evaluated. Four neighboring unevaluated targets within the leased claims are recommended for acquisition by staking. Mr. Jucevic believes that precious metal mineralization is hosted in several areas within the claims. There is a reasonable potential that additional exploration and drilling will outline important mineral reserves. A two phase exploration and drilling program has been proposed. Phase 1, including a recommendation to stake four neighboring targets, with estimated costs of \$60,000, followed by a Phase 2 with estimated costs of \$60,000. The purpose of this offering is to finance the implementation of Phase I.

#### Location and Access

The project is located in western Nevada, Mineral County, approximately 150 miles south of Reno and 48 miles north of Bishop, California. Access to the property from Bishop, California, is via highway US 6, north for a distance of 48.2 miles to the CCC Ranch Road. Turn north on a northerly trending gravel road for 0.3 miles to the property.

## Claim Status

Bream has obtained a mining lease on eight valid unpatented lode mining claims on file with the United States Bureau of Land Management (BLM) records in Reno, Nevada in the name of Desert Pacific Exploration, Inc. The claims are filed with the BLM as follows:

Claim Name	NMC Number	Mineral County Book and Page
Hound Dog 2	763966	Book 169 Page 46
Hound Dog 9	763972	Book 169 Page 52
Ule 19	763991	Book 169 Page 71
Panorama 5	763994	Book 169 Page 74
Panorama 6	763995	Book 169 Page 75
Panorama 7	763996	Book 169 Page 76
Vol 32	763950	Book 169 Page 30
Little Ule 8	763960	Book 169 Page 40

The leased property is comprised of approximately 160 acres. The owner of record is Desert Pacific Exploration, Inc. of which Herb Duerr is the sole shareholder. Rental fees assessed by the BLM and intent to hold fees assessed by the State of Nevada and Mineral County have been paid through August 31, 2003. The surrounding land is owned by the United States Forest Service and is open for staking. Mr. Jucevic recommends that we may need to stake at least 35 additional claims to cover the strike and provide an adequate buffer on either side of the mineralized zone.

At present, there are no plans to locate these additional 35 claims. We will not locate additional claims unless it should become necessary in order to protect the claims we have already leased. Should the additional 35 claims be staked at some future date, the estimated cost of the work plus filing fees would be approximately \$8,400, broken down as follows: staking fees \$90 per claim, federal filing fees \$135 per claim, state filing fees \$14 per claim plus a map fee of \$15. The risk in not pursuing additional claims now is that a third party may stake this peripheral ground. If at some future time it was decided to expand the size of the currently leased claim, an agreement would have to be negotiated with that third party in which we might be required to pay a rental or royalty fee for minerals recovered on these additional claims.

## Climate And Local Resources

The claims leased by Bream are located at elevations ranging from 5900 to 7950 feet in gently rolling hills covered with sagebrush and Pinion pines. The climate is temperate with moderate snow cover from December to March. No perennial streams exist on the property. However, groundwater is plentiful. Power lines are located about three miles east of the property. The closest population center is Bishop, located about 48 miles to the south.

## History of the Claims

Mr. Jucevic has examined the available literature on the claims from which he has developed the following history. The earliest known mining activity on the claims was conducted in 1863 when gold, silver and lead were discovered. Production of precious metals occurred on the claims from 1910 to 1913. Production was achieved again from 1931 to 1933 in some of the claims and processing occurred on the property. Exploration for mercury occurred in the late 1940's when a few flasks of mercury were sold from the claims. Tungsten

exploration was carried out on the claims in the late 1950's with little encouragement.

Recent exploration efforts on the claims started in 1979. At least seven separate targets in diverse settings were defined by this work. Between 1979 and 1984 at least 32 shallow air track holes were drilled, defining an area of altered volcanic rock on one side of the property. Large geochemical sampling programs defined at least seven separate mineralized environments on the claims. The property was mapped, sampled and drilled between 1997 and 1998. Two additional areas with significant gold values were identified. The drilling tested five target areas, with encouraging results from three. Testing of the one claim area was unsatisfactory because the drill could not gain access to test the structure. Drilling on another claim intersected gold starting at the surface. Drilling on another claim confirmed previous evidence of precious minerals.

#### Our Proposed Exploration Program

We must conduct exploration to determine what amount of minerals, if any, exist on our properties. The goal of our exploration program is to determine if selected exploration targets warrant follow-up work through compilation leading to either a geophysical survey and/or soil sampling survey. If these techniques produce favorable indications, then exploration drilling will be conducted, the scope of which is dependent upon the available budget.

We do not claim to have any minerals or reserves whatsoever at this time on any of our claims. We intend to implement an exploration program and to proceed in the following two phases:

Phase I will involve staking of open ground surrounding Hound Dog Hill, VOL and Panorama claim target areas. We will then initiate drilling for soil sample areas of potential interest. We will then drill 8 angle holes 300 feet long across mineralized fault zones. Samples will be assayed for gold, silver, arsenic, mercury, bismuth, and copper on 5 foot intervals. The cost of Phase I will be estimated to be \$60,000 and will take approximately two months to complete.

Upon completion of Phase I, we will determine the cost effectiveness of proceeding to Phase II. In making this determination, we will undertake to have our data from Phase I independently verified for accuracy by an independent registered engineer to confirm the existence of mineral deposits. In addition, we will make investigations into whether a buyer or a market exists for our mineral products and analyze whether the minerals can be extracted by us for a profit.

Phase I would be considered successful if assay results provide sufficient justification to develop drill targets. These drill targets could be areas of elevated gold and/or silver values. Success in the planned Phase I shallow drilling program would be demonstrated by the intersection of anomalous precious metal assays from the targeted areas along the known precious metal structures in the claims. Silver assays of 100 parts per million or greater and/or gold assays of 1.0 parts per million or greater over a five foot drill hole interval would be considered elevated. These same assay values from surface rock chip samples would be considered elevated.

Phase II will consist of drilling of 9 angle holes averaging 300 feet across to determine the extent, depth and dip of ore discovered in Phase I. It is anticipated that Phase II will cost \$60,000 and will also take approximately two months to complete. Phase Two would be considered successful if the



planned drilling intersected economic precious metal values with a minimum equivalent value of 0.10 ounces per ton gold over a ten foot interval in at least one of the drill holes in the program.

### Competitive Factors

The mineral industry is fragmented. We compete with other exploration companies looking for a variety of mineral reserves. We may be one of the smallest exploration companies in existence. Although we will be competing with other exploration companies, there is no competition for the exploration or removal of minerals from our property. Readily available markets exist in North America and around the world for the sale of minerals. Therefore, we intend to develop mining claims to the production point in which major mining production companies would seriously consider pursuing the property as a valuable and significant acquisition.

### Regulations

We will secure all necessary permits for exploration and, if development is warranted on the property, will file final plans of operation before we start any mining operations. We anticipate no discharge of water into active stream, creek, river, lake or any other body of water regulated by environmental law or regulation. No endangered species will be disturbed. Restoration of the disturbed land will be completed according to law. All holes, pits and shafts will be sealed upon abandonment of the property. It is difficult to estimate the cost of compliance with the environmental law since the full nature and extent of our proposed activities cannot be determined until we start our operations and know what that will involve from an environmental standpoint.

Before any type of mineral exploration or land disturbance occurs on the leased claims or on existing roads leading to the leased claims, we must submit to the overseeing federal agency a "Notice of Intent" describing the nature of the proposed work, the duration of the work, the estimated amount of land disturbance, the type of equipment to be used and a reclamation plan. Then a field examination will be conducted by federal agency personnel, including examination by wildlife, water, archaeological specialists. Once the federal agency is satisfied that all disturbances will be minimal and any other concerns are mitigated, a reclamation bond must be filed before receiving approval to conduct the work program.

The initial drill program outlined in Phase I will be conducted on Bureau of Land Management lands. The BLM will require the submittal of a plan of operation which would be used as the basis for the bonding requirement, water permit and reclamation program. The reclamation program could include both surface reclamation and drill hole plugging and abandonment. The amount of the bonding would be based upon an estimate by the BLM related to the cost of reclamation if done by an independent contractor. It is estimated the bonding requirement would be \$5000.00. The water permit and fee is included in the reclamation cost which is estimated to be \$1000.00.

The estimate for Phase II reclamation and bonding is based on the assumption that we have completed the Phase I reclamation and that the \$5000.00 Phase I bond is still in place. Based upon this assumption, it is estimated that an additional bond of \$5,000.00 would be required for Phase II for a total bonding requirement of \$10,000.00.

We would be subjected to the B.L.M. rules and regulations governing mining on federal lands including a draft environmental impact statement or EIS, public

hearings and a final EIS. The final EIS would address county and state needs and requirements and would cover issues and permit requirements concerning: air quality, heritage resources, geology, energy, noise, soils, surface and ground water, wetlands, use of hazardous chemicals, vegetation, wildlife, recreation, land use, socioeconomic impact, scenic resources, health and welfare, transportation and reclamation. Bonding requirements for mining are developed from the final EIS.

We are in compliance with all laws and will continue to comply with the laws in the future. We believe that compliance with the laws will not adversely affect our business operations. Bream anticipates that it will be required to post bonds in the event the expanded work programs involve extensive surface disturbance.

#### Employees

Initially, we intend to use the services of subcontractors for manual labor exploration work on our properties. Bream will consider hiring technical consultants as funds from this offering and additional offerings or revenues from operations in the future permit. At present, our only employee is Mr. England.

#### Employees and Employment Agreements

At present, we have no employees, other than Mr. England, our president and sole director who has received no compensation for his services. Mr. England does not have an employment agreement with us. We presently do not have pension, health, annuity, insurance, stock options, profit sharing or similar benefit plans; however, we may adopt plans in the future. There are presently no personal benefits available to any employees.

### **ITEM 2. DESCRIPTION OF PROPERTY**

Bream has obtained a mining lease on eight valid unpatented lode mining claims on file with the United States Bureau of Land Management (BLM) records in Reno, Nevada in the name of Desert Pacific Exploration, Inc. The claims are filed with the BLM as follows:

Claim Name	NMC Number	Mineral County Book and Page
Hound Dog 2	763966	Book 169 Page 46
Hound Dog 9	763972	Book 169 Page 52
Ule 19	763991	Book 169 Page 71
Panorama 5	763994	Book 169 Page 74
Panorama 6	763995	Book 169 Page 75
Panorama 7	763996	Book 169 Page 76
Vol 32	763950	Book 169 Page 30
Little Ule 8	763960	Book 169 Page 40

### **ITEM 3. LEGAL PROCEEDINGS**

There are no material legal proceedings to which we (or any of our officers and directors in their capacities as such) are a party or to which our property is subject and no such material proceedings are known by our management to be contemplated.

### **ITEM 4. SUBMISSION OF MATTERS TO A VOTE OF SECURITY HOLDERS**

None

## **PART II**

### **ITEM 5. MARKET FOR REGISTRANT'S COMMON EQUITY AND RELATED SHAREHOLDER MATTERS**

(a) Holders. There are 31 shareholders of our common stock.

(c) Dividends. We have not paid any dividends on our common stock since inception. We do not foresee that we will have the ability to pay a dividend on our common stock in the fiscal year ending December 31, 2004.

### **ITEM 6. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS**

The following discussion should be read in conjunction with our audited financial statements and notes thereto included herein. In connection with, and because we desire to take advantage of, the "safe harbor" provisions of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995, we caution readers regarding certain forward looking statements in the following discussion and elsewhere in this report and in any other statement made by, or on our behalf, whether or not in future filings with the Securities and Exchange Commission. Forward looking statements are statements not based on historical information and which relate to future operations, strategies, financial results or other developments. Forward looking statements are necessarily based upon estimates and assumptions that are inherently subject to significant business, economic and competitive uncertainties and contingencies, many of which are beyond our control and many of which, with respect to future business decisions, are subject to change. These uncertainties and contingencies can affect actual results and could cause actual results to differ materially from those expressed in any forward looking statements made by, or on our behalf. We disclaim any obligation to update forward looking statements.

We are a start-up, pre-exploration stage company and have not yet generated or realized any revenues from our business operations.

Our auditors have issued a going concern opinion. This means that our auditors believe there is doubt that we can continue as an on-going business for the next twelve months unless we obtain additional capital to pay our bills. This is because we have not generated any revenues and no revenues are anticipated until we begin removing and selling minerals. Accordingly, we must raise cash from sources other than the sale of minerals found on our property. Our only other source for cash at this time is investments by others in our company. We must raise cash to implement our project and stay in business.

We will be conducting research in connection with the exploration of our property. We are not going to buy or sell any plant or significant equipment. We do not expect a change in our number of employees.

Limited Operating History; Need for Additional Capital

There is no historical financial information about our company upon which to base an evaluation of our performance. We are a pre-exploration stage company and have not generated any revenues from operations. We cannot guarantee we will be successful in our business operations. Our business is subject to risks inherent in the establishment of a new business enterprise, including limited capital resources, possible delays in the exploration of our

properties, and possible cost overruns due to price and cost increases in services.

To become profitable and competitive, we conduct research and exploration of our properties. We are seeking equity financing to provide for the capital required to implement our research and exploration phases.

We have no assurance that future financing will be available to us on acceptable terms. If financing is not available on satisfactory terms, we may be unable to continue, develop or expand our operations. Equity financing could result in additional dilution to existing shareholders.

#### Results of Operations

From Inception on March 9, 2001

We have acquired our first interest in lode mineral claims. At this time we have not yet commenced the research and/or exploration or mining operations on that property. We have paid \$17,500 for a mining lease. As of December 31, 2003 we have experienced operating losses of \$95,746 for filing fees, legal and accounting fees, resource property costs, management fees and transfer agent fees. By a lease agreement dated April 9, 2001 and subsequently amended, we acquired our interest in lode mineral claims. Our next lease payment due is \$5,000 on commencement of the company's stock trading. We currently do not have sufficient funds to make our next lease payment. If we are unable to make our next lease payment, we will have to renegotiate the lease.

#### Plan of Operations

Since inception, we have used our common stock to raise money for our property acquisition, for corporate expenses and to repay outstanding indebtedness. Net cash provided by financing activities from inception on March 9, 2001 to March 31, 2001 was \$12,500 as a result of proceeds received from our president and sole director. On April 18, 2001 we received additional cash financing of \$12,500 as a result of proceeds received from Shane Barber and Brent Forgeron. Our business activities to date have been restricted to obtaining a mining engineer's report and preparing this offering.

Bream's plan of operations for the next twelve months is to undertake Phase I of the drilling and exploration program. The total cost of Phase I is estimated to be \$60,000.00 and we can not commence the program until the company has completed a financing to fund the program. We have no plan to engage in any alternative business if Bream ceases or suspends operations as a result of not having enough money to complete any phase of the exploration program.

Phase I will involve staking of open ground at a cost of \$5,000. Filing fees are anticipated to be \$7,000. We will then initiate drilling for soil sample areas of potential interest including 8 angle holes 300 feet long across the suspected areas that indicate the presence of ore. Drilling and assaying costs are expected to be approximately \$34,000. Samples will be assayed for gold, silver, arsenic, mercury, bismuth, and copper on 5 foot intervals. The cost of permitting and geological analysis is estimated to be \$7,000. In addition, we anticipate incurring costs of \$1,000 for soil and rock sampling and \$2,000 for data compilation fees. The total cost of Phase I will be estimated to be \$60,000 and will take approximately two months to complete.

Upon completion of Phase I, we will determine the cost effectiveness of proceeding to Phase II. We will undertake to have our data from Phase I independently verified for accuracy by an independent registered engineer to confirm the existence of mineral deposits. In addition, we will make investigations into whether a buyer or a market exists for our mineral products and analyze whether the minerals can be extracted by us for a profit.

Assuming we decide to proceed with Phase II, we will be required to obtain additional financing. Phase II will consist of more extensive drilling of 9 angle holes averaging 300 feet across to determine the extent, depth and dip of ore discovered in Phase I. We anticipate incurring costs of \$39,000 for drilling and assaying in addition to \$6,000 for drill site construction in Phase II. We will also incur costs of \$10,000 for a geologist \$5,000 for permitting and reclamation. It is anticipated that the total cost of Phase II will be \$60,000. Phase II will take approximately two months to complete.

#### Liquidity and Capital Resources

As of the date of this report, we have yet to generate any revenues from our business operations. Since our inception, Mr. England has paid \$12,500 in cash in exchange for 1,250,000 shares of common stock and the remaining two shareholders have each paid \$6,250 for 625,000 shares of common stock each. This money has been utilized for organizational and start-up costs and as operating capital. As of December 31, 2003 we had sustained operating losses of \$95,746. On October 4, 2002, the Company issued 1,090,000 common shares at \$0.05 per share for \$54,500 pursuant to an SB-2 Registration Statement. At December 31, 2003, the \$54,500 had been received and recorded as stock subscriptions.

**ITEM 7. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

BREAM VENTURES INC.  
INDEX TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Independent Auditors' Report	15
Balance sheets as of December 31, 2003 and 2002	16
Statements of operations for the years December 31, 2003, 2002, and 2001	17
Statements of cash flows for the years ended December 31, 2003, 2002, and 2001	18
Statements of stockholders' deficiency for the years ended December 31, 2003, 2002, and 2001	19
Notes to financial statements	20

## INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Stockholders,  
Bream Ventures Inc.

We have audited the accompanying balance sheets of Bream Ventures Inc. (A Pre-exploration Stage Company) as of December 31, 2003 and 2002 and the statements of operations, stockholders' deficiency and cash flows for the two years then ended and the period March 9, 2001 (Date of Incorporation) to December 31, 2001 and the period March 9, 2001 (Date of Incorporation) to December 31, 2003. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits.

We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform an audit to obtain reasonable assurance whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, these financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Bream Ventures Inc. as of December 31, 2003 and 2002 and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the two years then ended and the period March 9, 2001 (Date of Incorporation) to December 31, 2001 and for the period from March 9, 2001 (Date of Incorporation) to December 31, 2003, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

The accompanying financial statements referred to above have been prepared assuming that the Company will continue as a going concern. As discussed in Note 1 to the financial statements, the Company is in the pre-exploration stage, and has no established source of revenue and is dependent on its ability to raise capital from shareholders or other sources to sustain operations. These factors, along with other matters as set forth in Note 1, raise substantial doubt that the Company will be able to continue as a going concern. The financial statements do not include any adjustments that might result from the outcome of this uncertainty.

Vancouver, Canada  
March 16, 2004  
and

CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS  
CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT (NEVADA)

BREAM VENTURES INC.  
(A Pre-exploration Stage Company)  
BALANCE SHEETS  
December 31, 2003 and 2002  
(Stated in US Dollars)

ASSETS	2003	2002
	-----	----
Current		
Cash	\$          50	\$          544
Due from related party - Note 3	1,425	3,000
	\$      1,475	\$      3,544
 LIABILITIES		
Current		
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$      17,721	\$          6,111
 STOCKHOLDERS' DEFICIENCY		
Preferred stock, \$0.001 par value		
10,000,000 shares authorized, none outstanding		
Common stock, \$0.001 par value		
100,000,000 shares authorized		
3,590,000 (2002:3,590,000) shares outstanding	3,590	3,590
Additional paid in capital	75,910	75,910
Deficit accumulated during		
the pre-exploration stage	(95,746)	(82,067)
	(16,246)	(2,567)
	\$          1,475	\$          3,544

Nature and Continuance of Operations - Note 1 Commitments - Note 4 Subsequent Event - Notes 4 and 7



BREAM VENTURES INC.  
(A Pre-exploration Stage Company)  
STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS  
for the years ended December 31, 2003, 2002,  
for the period March 9, 2001 (Date of Incorporation) to December 31, 2001, and  
for the period March 9, 2001 (Date of Incorporation) to December 31, 2003  
(Stated in US Dollars)

	December 31, 2003 ----	December 31, 2002 ----	March 9, 2001 (Date of Incorporation) to December 31, 2001 ----	March 9, 2001 (Date of Incorporation) to December 31, 2003 ----
Expenses				
Accounting, audit and legal	\$ 6,858	\$ 20,004	\$ 25,212	\$ 52,074
Bank charges	69	159	114	342
Consulting fees - Note 4	-	5,000	-	5,000
Filing fees	2,322	320	2,217	4,859
Incorporation costs	-	-	870	870
Management fees	-	10,500	5,000	15,500
Mineral property costs	3,000	4,457	5,860	13,317
Office supplies	-	203	52	255
Transfer agent fees	1,430	894	1,205	3,529
Net loss for the period	\$ (13,679)	\$ (41,537)	\$ (40,530)	\$ (95,746)
Basic loss per share		\$ (0.00)	\$ (.02)	\$ (0.02)
Weighted average number of shares outstanding		3,590,000	2,762,795	2,268,519

BREAM VENTURES INC.  
(A Pre-exploration Stage Company)  
STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS  
for the years ended December 31, 2003, 2002,  
for the period March 9, 2001 (Date of Incorporation) to December 31, 2001 and  
for the period March 9, 2001 (Date of Incorporation) to December 31, 2003  
(Stated in US Dollars)

	December 31, 2003 ----	December 31, 2002 ----	March 9, 2001 (Date of Incorporation) to December 31, 2001 ----	March 9, 2001 (Date of Incorporation) to December 31, 2003 ----
Cash Flows used in Operating Activities				
Net loss for the period	\$ (13,679)	\$ (41,537)	\$ (40,530)	\$ (95,746)
Changes in non-cash working capital balances related to operations				
Accounts receivable	-	110	(110)	-
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	1,610	(9,921)	16,032	17,721
	(2,069)	(51,348)	(24,608)	(78,025)
Cash Flows from Financing Activity				
Capital stock issued	-	54,500	25,000	79,500
Cash Flows from (used) in Investing Activity				
Due from related party	1,575	(3,000)	-	(1,425)
Increase (decrease) in cash during the period	(494)	152	392	50
Cash, beginning of the period	544	392	-	-
Cash, end of the period	\$ 50	\$ 544	\$ 392	\$ 50
Supplementary disclosure of cash flow information:				
Cash paid for:				
Interest	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Income Taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -

BREAM VENTURES INC.  
(A Pre-exploration Stage Company)  
STATEMENT OF STOCKHOLDERS'  
DEFICIENCY for the period March 9, 2001 (Date of  
Incorporation) to December 31, 2003  
(Stated in US Dollars)

		Common Shares	Additional	Deficit	
	Number	Par Value	paid-in	Accumulated	
	-----	-----	-----	During the	
			Capital	Pre-exploration	Total
				Stage	-----
Capital stock issued for cash					
- at \$0.01	2,500,000	\$2,500	\$22,500	\$ -	\$ 25,000
Net loss for the period	-	-	-	(40,530)	(40,530)
Balance, as at December 31, 2001					
	2,500,000	2,500	22,500	(40,530)	(15,530)
Capital stock issued for cash					
- at \$0.05	1,090,000	1,090	53,410	-	54,500
Net loss for the year	-	-	-	(41,537)	(41,537)
Balance, as at December 31, 2002					
	3,590,000	\$3,590	\$ 75,910	\$ (82,067)	\$ (2,567)
Net loss for the year	-	-	-	(13,679)	(13,679)
Balance, as at December 31, 2003					
	3,590,000	\$ 3,590	\$ 75,910	\$ (95,746)	\$ (16,246)

BREAM VENTURES INC.  
(A Pre-exploration Stage Company)  
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
December 31, 2003 and 2002  
(Stated in US Dollars)

Note 1            Nature and Continuance of Operations

The Company is in the pre-exploration stage. The Company has entered into a lease agreement to explore and mine a property located in the state of Nevada, United States of America and has not yet determined whether this property contains reserves that are economically recoverable. The recoverability of amounts from the property will be dependent upon the discovery of economically recoverable reserves, confirmation of the Company's interest in the underlying property, the ability of the Company to obtain necessary financing to satisfy the expenditure requirements under the property agreement and to complete the development of the property and upon future profitable production or proceeds for the sale thereof.

These financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis. The Company has a working capital deficiency of \$17,671, and has accumulated a deficit of \$95,746 since inception. Its ability to continue as a going concern is dependent upon the ability of the Company to generate profitable operations in the future and/or to obtain the necessary financing to meet its obligations and repay its liabilities arising from normal business operations when they come due.

The Company was incorporated in the State of Nevada, United States of America on March 9, 2001.

Note 2            Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The financial statements of the Company have been prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles in the United States of America. Because a precise determination of many assets and liabilities is dependent upon future events, the preparation of financial statements for a period necessarily involves the use of estimates which have been made using careful judgment. Actual results may vary from these estimates.

The financial statements have, in management's opinion, been properly prepared within reasonable limits of materiality and within the framework of the significant accounting policies summarized below:

Pre-exploration Stage Company

The Company complies with Financial Accounting Standard Board Statement No. 7 and The Securities and Exchange Commission Act Guide 7 for its characterization of the Company as pre-exploration stage.

Mineral Lease

Costs of lease acquisition, exploration, carrying and retaining unproven mineral lease properties are expensed as incurred.

## Environmental Costs

Environmental expenditures that relate to current operations are expensed or capitalized as appropriate. Expenditures that relate to an existing condition caused by past operations, and which do not contribute to current or future revenue generation, are expensed. Liabilities are recorded when environmental assessments and/or remedial efforts are probable, and the cost can be reasonably estimated. Generally, the timing of these accruals coincides with the earlier of completion of a feasibility study or the Company's commitments to plan of action based on the then known facts.

## Income Taxes

The Company uses the liability method of accounting for income taxes pursuant to Statement of Financial Accounting Standards ("FAS"), No. 109 "Accounting for Income Taxes".

FAS No. 109 requires the use of the asset and liability method of accounting of income taxes. Under the assets and liability method of FAS No. 109, deferred tax assets and liabilities are recognized for the future tax consequences attributable to temporary differences between the financial statements carrying amounts of existing assets and liabilities and their respective tax bases. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured using enacted tax rates expected to apply to taxable income in the years in which those temporary differences are expected to be recovered or settled.

## Basic Loss Per Share

The Company reports basic loss per share in accordance with the FAS No. 128, "Earnings Per Share". Basic loss per share is computed using the weighted average number of shares outstanding during the period.

## Financial Instruments

The carrying value of cash and accounts payable and accrued liabilities approximates fair value because of the short maturity of these instruments. The carrying value of due from related party also approximates fair value. Unless otherwise noted, it is management's opinion that the Company is not exposed to significant interest, currency or credit risks arising from these financial instruments.

## New Accounting Standards

Management does not believe that any recently issued, but not yet effective accounting standards if currently adopted could have a material effect on the accompanying financial statements.

## Note 3      Due from Related Party

The amount due from a related party is due from a director of the Company and is unsecured, non-interest bearing and has no specific terms for repayment.

## a) Exploration Lease

By a lease agreement dated March 9, 2001 (effective April 9, 2001) and amended April 9, 2002, September 25, 2002, June 9, 2003, September 30, 2003 and February 23, 2004 the Company was granted the exclusive right to explore, develop and mine the Panorama Project mineral property located in Mineral County of the State of Nevada. The term of the lease is for 20 years with automatic extensions as long as conditions of the lease are met.

## Minimum Advance Royalty Payments:

The owner shall be paid a royalty of 3% of the net smelter returns from all production. In respect to this royalty, the Company is required to pay minimum advance royalty payments of the following:

- \$5,000 upon execution (paid);
- \$1,500 on March 9, 2002 (paid);
- \$2,000 on October 9, 2002 (paid);
- \$1,500 on January 9, 2003 (paid);
- \$1,500 on June 9, 2003 (paid);
- \$1,000 on September 30, 2003 (subsequently paid);
- \$5,000 on February 24, 2004 (subsequently paid);
- \$5,000 on commencement of the company's stock trading;
- \$20,000 on February 28, 2005; and
- \$50,000 on February 28, 2006 and every February 28 thereafter.

The Company can reduce the net smelter return royalty to 0.75% by payment of a buy-out price of \$3,000,000. Advance royalty payments made to the date of the buy-out will be applied to reduce the buy-out price.

## Performance Commitment:

In the event that the Company terminates the lease after June 1 of any year, it is required to pay all federal and state mining claim maintenance fees for the next assessment year. The Company is required to perform reclamation work on the property as required by federal, state and local law for disturbances resulting from the Company's activities on the property.

## b) Consulting Agreement

Pursuant to an agreement dated October 25, 2002, the Company engaged GID Financial Solutions, Inc., a Nevada Corporation, to assist the Company to have its stock quoted for public trading on

the OTC Bulletin Board service or some other comparable quotation system. The Company will pay \$17,500 as follows:

- \$5,000 upon execution of the agreement (paid); and
- \$12,500 within five days after a Form 211 filing is deemed cleared by the NASD OTC Compliance examiner.

Note 5            Deferred Tax Assets

The following table summarizes the significant components of the Company's deferred tax assets:

	Total
Deferred Tax Assets	
Non-capital loss carryforward	\$ 20,804
Less valuation allowance	( 20,804)

The amount taken into income as deferred tax assets must reflect that portion of the income tax loss carryforwards that is likely to be realized from future operations. The Company has chosen to provide an allowance of 100% against all available income tax loss carryforwards, regardless of their time of expiry.

Note 6            Income Taxes

No provision for income taxes has been provided for in these financial statements due to the net loss. At December 31, 2003 the Company has net operating loss carryforwards, which expire commencing in 2021, totaling approximately \$95,746, the benefit of which has not been recorded in the financial statements.

Note 7            Subsequent Event - Note 4

Subsequent to December 31, 2003, the Company received \$15,000 in share subscriptions for a private placement of 300,000 shares at \$0.05 per share.

**ITEM 8. CHANGES IN AND DISAGREEMENTS WITH ACCOUNTANTS ON ACCOUNTING AND FINANCIAL DISCLOSURE.**

None.

**PART III**

**ITEM 9. DIRECTORS, EXECUTIVE OFFICERS, PROMOTERS AND CONTROL PERSONS; COMPLIANCE WITH SECTION 16(a) OF THE EXCHANGE ACT.**

Directors are elected for one-year terms or until the next annual meeting of shareholders and until their successors are duly elected and qualified. Officers continue in office at the pleasure of the Board of Directors.

The Directors and Officers of the Company as of the date of this report are as follows:

(a) Name Age Position

Anthony England, 39, Director

All our Directors hold office until the next annual meeting of our shareholders and until successors have been elected and qualified. Our officers are elected by our Board of Directors and hold office until their death or until they resign or are removed from office.

There are no family relationships among the officers and directors. There is no arrangement or understanding between us (or any of our directors or officers) and any other person pursuant to which such person was or is to be selected as a director or officer.

(b) Resumes

Mr. England has been the President, Secretary-Treasurer and Director since our company's inception on March 9, 2001. He is also currently employed by Frontline Enterprises, Inc., a construction company that specializes in demolition, where he has been a manager and a part owner since July 30, 2001. Mr. England was employed as the president of Georgia West Management, an investor relations firm, from October 1999 through March 2001. Prior to that he was employed as the investor relations officer of Fleming Financial Corporation, an investor relations firm for small public companies, from February 1995 through October 1999. Between December 1994 and February 1995 he was employed as the investor relations officer of Urban Resource, Inc. Mr. England is expected to hold his position with our company until the next annual meeting of shareholders and devote approximately 15 to 20 hours per week to Bream.

**ITEM 10. EXECUTIVE COMPENSATION.**

Remuneration

The following table reflects all forms of compensation for services to us for the years ended December 31, 2003 and 2002 of our then chief executive officer.



SUMMARY COMPENSATION TABLE

Long Term Compensation Awards

Annual Compensation

Name & Principal Position	Year	Salary (\$)	Bonus (\$)	Other Annual Compensation	Restricted Stock Award(s) (\$)	Securities Payouts/Underlying Options/SARS (#)	LTIP Payouts (\$)	All Other Compensation (\$)
Anthony England	2002	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Anthony England	2003	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

**ITEM 11. SECURITY OWNERSHIP OF CERTAIN BENEFICIAL OWNERS AND MANAGEMENT.**

(16) and (b) Security Ownership of Certain Beneficial Owners and Management.

The table below lists the beneficial ownership of the our voting securities by each person known by us to be the beneficial owner of more than 5% of such securities, as well as by all of our directors and officers, as of the date of this report. Unless otherwise indicated, the shareholders listed possess sole voting and investment power with respect to the shares shown.

Title of Class	Name and Address of Beneficial Owner	Amount and Nature of Beneficial Ownership	Percent of Class
Common	Anthony England 1057 West 23 <sup>rd</sup> Street North Vancouver, BC, V7P 2H1	1,250,000	34.81%
	Brent Forgeron #404-1126 Barclay Street Vancouver, BC, V6E 1H1	625,000	14.53%
	Shane Barber 206-1801 Welch Street North Vancouver, BC, V7P 1B7	625,000	14.53%

**ITEM 12. CERTAIN RELATIONSHIPS AND RELATED TRANSACTIONS.**

In connection with the organization of Bream, Anthony England, the founding shareholder, President, Secretary-Treasurer and Director of our company, has paid \$12,500.00 cash to purchase 1,250,000 shares of common stock on March 16, 2001. Brent Forgeron paid \$6,250.00 cash to purchase 625,000 shares of common stock on April 18, 2001. Shane Barber paid \$6,250.00 cash to purchase 625,000 shares of common stock on April 18, 2001.

Bream presently has no office facilities but for the time being will use as its business address the office of Mr. England on a rent free basis, until such time as the business operations of our company may require more extensive facilities and our company has the financial ability to rent commercial office space. There is presently no formal written agreement for the use of such facilities, and no assurance that such facilities will be available to our company on such a basis for any specific length of time.

We have no formal written employment agreement or other contracts with our officer, and there is no assurance that the services to be provided and facilities to be provided by Mr. England, will be available for any specific length of time in the future. Mr. England anticipates initially devoting up to approximately 15 to 20 hours per week of his time to the affairs of our company. If and when the business operations of our company increase and a more extensive time commitment is needed, Mr. England is prepared to devote more time to our company, in the event that becomes necessary. The amounts of compensation and other terms of any full time employment arrangements with our company would be determined if and when such arrangements become necessary.

#### **PART IV**

##### **Item 13. EXHIBITS AND REPORTS ON FORM 8-K.**

3.1Certificate and Articles of Incorporation\*

3.2Bylaws\*\*

\*

Filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission in the Exhibits to Form SB-2, filed on June 25, 2001 and are incorporated by reference herein.

\*\*

Filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission in the Exhibits to Form SB-2, filed on June 25, 2001 and are incorporated by reference herein.

## SIGNATURES

In accordance with Section 13 or 15(d) of the Exchange Act, the registrant caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

Dated: March 30, 2004

Bream Ventures, Inc  
(Registrant)

/s/ Anthony England  
By: \_\_\_\_\_  
Anthony England  
President and Chief Executive Officer

In accordance with the Exchange Act, this report has been signed below by the following persons on behalf of the registrant and in the capacities and on the dates indicated.

/s/Anthony England _____ Anthony England	Director and President and Chief Executive Officer (Principal Executive Officer)	April 28, 2004
/s/Anthony England _____ Anthony England	Director and Chief Financial Officer and Secretary (Principal Financial and Accounting Officer)	April 28, 2004

**BREAM VENTURES INC.**

Exhibit Index to Annual Report on Form 10-KSB/A for the Fiscal Year Ended  
December 31, 2003

EXHIBITS

3.1 Certificate and Articles of Incorporation\*

3.2 Bylaws\*\*

\*

Filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission in the Exhibits to Form SB-2, filed on February 26, 2001 and are incorporated by reference herein.

\*\*

Filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission in the Exhibits to Form SB-2, filed on February 26, 2001 and are incorporated by reference herein.

## **CERTIFICATIONS**

I, Anthony England, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this Annual Report on Form 10-KSB/A, for the year ended December 31, 2003, of Bream Ventures Inc.;
2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the small business issuer as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
4. The small business issuer's other certifying officer(s) and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) \* for the small business issuer and have:
  - (a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the small business issuer, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
  - (b) \*;
  - (c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the small business issuer's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
  - (d) Disclosed in this report any change in the small business issuer's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the small business issuer's most recent fiscal quarter (the small business issuer's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the small business issuer's internal control over financial reporting; and
5. The small business issuer's other certifying officer(s) and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the small business issuer's auditors and the audit committee of the small business issuer's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
  - (a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the small business issuer's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and

- (b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the small business issuer's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: April 28, 2004

/s/ Anthony England

---

Anthony England  
Chief Executive Officer

\* Indicates material omitted in accordance with SEC Release Nos. 33-8238; 34-47986.

I, Anthony England, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this Annual Report on Form 10-KSB/A, for the year ended December 31, 2003, of Bream Ventures Inc.;
4. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
5. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the small business issuer as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
4. The small business issuer's other certifying officer(s) and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) \* for the small business issuer and have:
  - (a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the small business issuer, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
  - (b) \*;
  - (c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the small business issuer's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
  - (d) Disclosed in this report any change in the small business issuer's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the small business issuer's most recent fiscal quarter (the small business issuer's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the small business issuer's internal control over financial reporting; and
5. The small business issuer's other certifying officer(s) and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the small business issuer's auditors and the audit committee of the small business issuer's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
  - (a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the small business issuer's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and

- (b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the small business issuer's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: April 28, 2004

/s/ Anthony England

---

Anthony England  
Chief Financial Officer

\* Indicates material omitted in accordance with SEC Release Nos. 33-8238; 34-47986.



In connection with the Annual Report on Form 10-KSB/A of Bream Ventures Inc. (the "Company") for the year ended December 31, 2003, as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the "Report"), I, Anthony England, President and Chief Executive Officer of the Company, certify, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. 1350, that:

- (1) The Report fully complies with the requirements of section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and
- (2) The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

Date: April 28, 2004

/s/ Anthony England

---

Anthony England