## UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

## **FORM 10-Q**

- ☑ QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934
- ☐ TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the Quarter Ended June 30, 2002 Commission file number 1-16411

NORTHROP GRUMMAN CORPORATION

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

**DELAWARE** 

(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization)

95-4840775

(I.R.S. Employer Identification Number)

1840 Century Park East, Los Angeles, California 90067

www.northropgrumman.com

(Address of principal executive offices and internet site)

(310) 553-6262

(Registrant's telephone number, including area code) Securities Registered pursuant to Section 12(g) of the Act:

**None** 

Indicate by check mark whether the Registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or such shorter period that the Registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days.

Yes ⊠ No □

APPLICABLE ONLY TO CORPORATE ISSUERS

Indicate the number of shares outstanding of each of the issuer's classes of stock, as of the latest practicable date.

As of July 26, 2002

Common stock outstanding Preferred stock outstanding

112,964,781 shares 3,500,000 shares

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Northrop Grumman Corporation and Subsidiaries

## Part I. Financial Information

## **Item 1: Financial Statements**

## CONSOLIDATED CONDENSED STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION

\$ in millions	(Unaudited) June 30, 2002	December 31, 2001
Assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	<b>\$ 196</b>	\$ 464
Accounts receivable, net of progress payments of		
\$16,188 in 2002 and \$13,609 in 2001	2,696	2,735
Inventoried costs, net of progress payments of	1.172	1.006
\$1,005 in 2002 and \$900 in 2001 Deferred income taxes	1,163	1,226
	57 141	128
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	141	128
Total current assets	4,253	4,589
Property, plant and equipment	4,356	3,940
Accumulated depreciation	(1,356)	(1,173)
Net property, plant and equipment	3,000	2,767
Goodwill, net of accumulated amortization of \$774 in 2002 and 2001	8,840	8,668
Other purchased intangibles, net of accumulated amortization		
of \$696 in 2002 and \$606 in 2001	1,661	1,139
Prepaid retiree benefits cost and intangible pension asset	3,175	3,075
Benefit trust funds	270	433
Miscellaneous other assets, including deferred income	40.	450
taxes of \$11 in 2002 and \$2 in 2001	185	179
Total other assets	14,131	13,494
Total Assets	\$21,384	\$20,850

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\$ in millions	(Unaudited) June 30, 2002	December 31, 2001
Liabilities and Shareholders' Equity:		
Notes payable to banks	<b>\$ 146</b>	\$ 38
Current portion of long-term debt	104	420
Trade accounts payable	867	1,019
Accrued employees' compensation	669	847
Advances on contracts	540	656
Contract loss provisions	888	843
Income taxes payable and current deferred income taxes	722	481
Other current liabilities	847	828
Total current liabilities	4,783	5,132
Long-term debt	4,915	5,039
Accrued retiree benefits	2,237	1,931
Deferred income taxes	753	669
Other long-term liabilities	307	216
Minority interest	17	122
Mandatorily redeemable preferred stock	350	350
Paid-in capital Preferred stock, 10,000,000 shares authorized; 3,500,000 shares issued and outstanding, reported above Common stock, 800,000,000 shares authorized; issued and outstanding:		
2002—113,011,735; 2001—108,556,081	4,849	4,451
Retained earnings	3,240	3,011
Unearned compensation	(15)	(18)
Accumulated other comprehensive loss	(52)	(53)
Total shareholders' equity	8,022	7,391
Total Liabilities and Shareholders' Equity	\$21,384	\$20,850

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Northrop Grumman Corporation and Subsidiaries

## CONSOLIDATED CONDENSED STATEMENTS OF INCOME

(Unaudited)

	Three me	onths ended June 30,	Six mo	onths ended June 30,
\$ in millions, except per share	2002	2001	2002	2001
Product sales and service revenues	\$ 4,396	\$3,663	\$ 8,482	\$5,649
Cost of product sales and service revenues				
Operating costs	3,587	3,019	6,973	4,567
Administrative and general expenses	453	369	840	617
Operating margin	356	275	669	465
Interest expense	(105)	(114)	(214)	(161)
Other, net	13	31	25	48
Income before income taxes	264	192	480	352
Federal and foreign income taxes	82	78	149	135
Net income	\$ 182	\$ 114	\$ 331	\$ 217
Weighted average common shares outstanding, in millions	112.84	83.41	112.12	77.67
Basic earnings per common share	\$ 1.56	\$ 1.29	\$ 2.85	\$ 2.72
Diluted earnings per common share	\$ 1.53	\$ 1.28	\$ 2.80	\$ 2.69
Dividends per common share	<b>\$ .40</b>	\$ .40	\$ .80	\$ .80
Dividends per mandatorily redeemable preferred share	\$ 1.75	\$ 1.69	\$ 3.50	\$ 1.69

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Northrop Grumman Corporation and Subsidiaries

## CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY

(Unaudited)

\$ in millions	Six months of 2002	ended June 30, 2001
Paid-in Capital		
At beginning of year	\$4,451	\$1,200
Stock issued in purchase of businesses	308	1,123
Employee stock awards and options exercised	90	53
	4,849	2,376
Retained Earnings		
At beginning of year	3,011	2,742
Net income	331	217
Cash dividends	(102)	(69)
	3,240	2,890
Unearned Compensation		
At beginning of year	(18)	
Issuance of unvested stock options		(33)
Amortization of unearned compensation	3	2
	(15)	(31)
Accumulated Other Comprehensive Loss		
At beginning of year	(53)	(23)
Change in cumulative translation adjustment	1	(1)
	(52)	(24)
Total shareholders' equity	\$8,022	\$5,211

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# ${\bf CONSOLIDATED} \ {\bf CONDENSED} \ {\bf STATEMENTS} \ {\bf OF} \ {\bf CASH} \ {\bf FLOWS} \ ({\bf Unaudited})$

\$ in millions	Six months e 2002	nded June 30 2001
Operating Activities Sources of Cash		
Cash received from customers		
Progress payments	\$2,903	\$ 756
Other collections	5,634	5,15
Interest received	62	14
Income tax refunds received	53	1-
Other cash receipts	21	Ģ
Cash provided by operating activities	8,673	5,934
Uses of Cash		
Cash paid to suppliers and employees	7,909	5,792
Interest paid	200	104
Income taxes paid	88	50
Other cash payments	3	2
Cash used in operating activities	8,200	5,948
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	473	(14
Investing Activities		
Payment for businesses purchased, net of cash acquired	(166)	(2,303
Additions to property, plant and equipment	(214)	(132
Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment	15	52
Other investing activities	(7)	10
Net cash used in investing activities	(372)	(2,367
Financing Activities		
Proceeds from issuance of long-term debt		1,491
Borrowings under line of credit	508	1,172
Repayments of borrowings under line of credit	(400)	(253
Principal payments of long-term debt/capital leases	(440)	(10
Proceeds from issuance of stock	65	19
Dividends paid	(102)	(69
Other financing activities		(63
Net cash (used in) provided by financing activities	(369)	2,287
Decrease in cash and cash equivalents	(268)	(94
Cash and cash equivalents balance at beginning of period	464	319
Cash and cash equivalents balance at end of period	\$ 196	\$ 225

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	Six months ended June 3			
\$ in millions	2002	2001		
Reconciliation of Net Income to Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities:				
Net income	\$ 331	\$ 217		
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided (used)				
Depreciation	204	113		
Amortization of intangible assets	89	153		
Common stock issued to employees	26	3		
Gain on disposals of property, plant and equipment	(5)	(12)		
Retiree benefits expense (income)	19	(123)		
Increase in				
Accounts receivable	(2,510)	(357)		
Inventoried costs	(61)	(266)		
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	(10)	(6)		
Increase (decrease) in				
Progress payments	2,681	546		
Accounts payable and accruals	(362)	(390)		
Provisions for contract losses	33	15		
Deferred income taxes	(317)	190		
Income taxes payable	428	(77)		
Retiree benefits	(97)	(38)		
Other noncash transactions	24	18		
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	\$ 473	\$ (14)		
Noncash Investing and Financing Activities:				
Conversion of debt to equity	\$3			
Purchase of businesses				
Fair value of assets acquired	<b>\$ 765</b>	\$7,922		
Cash paid	(166)	(2,303)		
Common stock issued	(308)	(1,123)		
Mandatorily redeemable preferred stock issued		(350)		
Liabilities assumed	\$ 291	\$4,146		

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# **SELECTED INDUSTRY SEGMENT INFORMATION** (Unaudited)

	Three n	nonths ended June 30,	Six n	nonths ended June 30,	
\$ in millions	2002	2001	2002	2001	
Net Sales					
Electronic Systems	\$1,338	\$ 1,236	\$ 2,576	\$ 1,937	
Ships	1,157	549	2,234	549	
Information Technology	1,036	1,017	1,965	1,606	
Integrated Systems	829	766	1,636	1,499	
Component Technologies	130	158	255	158	
Intersegment eliminations	(94)	(63)	(184)	(100)	
Total Net Sales	\$4,396	\$ 3,663	\$ 8,482	\$ 5,649	
Operating Margin (Loss)					
Electronic Systems	<b>\$ 117</b>	\$ 86	<b>\$ 216</b>	\$ 122	
Ships	95	33	174	33	
Information Technology	40	48	90	72	
Integrated Systems	99	64	192	144	
Component Technologies	(2)	(6)	(6)	(6)	
Total segment operating margin	349	225	666	365	
Adjustments to reconcile to total operating margin:					
Royalty income reclassification	(4)	(7)	(10)	(7)	
Unallocated corporate expenses	(16)	(30)	(36)	(39)	
Unallocated state tax benefit (provision)	4	(4)	2	(14)	
Pension income	23	91	47	160	
Total Operating Margin	\$ 356	\$ 275	\$ 669	\$ 465	
Contract Acquisitions					
Electronic Systems	\$1,199	\$ 2,231	\$ 2,669	\$ 3,218	
Ships	1,207	5,824	3,054	5,824	
Information Technology	1,004	1,437	2,077	2,073	
Integrated Systems	580	448	1,890	1,063	
Component Technologies	139	281	268	281	
Intersegment eliminations	(116)	(104)	(169)	(142)	
Total Contract Acquisitions	\$4,013	\$10,117	\$ 9,789	\$12,317	
Funded Order Backlog					
Electronic Systems			\$ 6,124	\$ 6,260	
Ships			10,592	5,275	
Information Technology			1,548	1,410	
Integrated Systems			3,777	3,855	
Component Technologies			231	123	
Intersegment eliminations			(234)	(149)	
intersegment eminiations					

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## NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited)

#### **Basis of Presentation**

The unaudited consolidated condensed financial statements include the accounts of Northrop Grumman Corporation (the company) and its subsidiaries. All material intercompany accounts, transactions and profits are eliminated in consolidation. See the "Acquisitions" and "Proposed Acquisition" footnotes contained herein for additional information.

The accompanying unaudited consolidated condensed financial statements of the company have been prepared by management in accordance with the instructions to Form 10-Q of the Securities and Exchange Commission. These statements include all adjustments considered necessary by management to present a fair statement of the results of operations, financial position and cash flows. The results reported in these financial statements should not be regarded as necessarily indicative of results that may be expected for the entire year. These financial statements should be read in conjunction with the Notes and Independent Auditors' Report contained in the company's 2001 Annual Report.

#### **Financial Statement Reclassification**

Certain prior year amounts have been reclassified to conform to the 2002 presentation.

### **Earnings per Share**

Basic earnings per share are calculated by dividing net income available to common shareholders by the weighted average number of shares of common stock outstanding during each period, after giving recognition to stock splits and stock dividends. Net income available to common shareholders is calculated by reducing net income by the amount of dividends accrued on mandatorily redeemable preferred stock. Diluted earnings per share reflect the dilutive effect of stock options and other stock awards granted to employees under stock-based compensation plans and the dilutive effect of the equity security units. Shares issuable pursuant to mandatorily redeemable preferred stock have not been included in the diluted earnings per share calculation because their effect is currently anti-dilutive.

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Basic and diluted earnings per share are calculated as follows:

Basic and unuted carnings per snare are carculated as follows.		Three m	nonths ended June 30,			Six me	onths ended June 30,
\$ in millions, except per share		2002		2001		2002	2001
Basic Earnings per Share Net income Less preferred dividends	\$	182 6	\$	114 6	\$	331 12	\$ 217 6
Income available to common shareholders	\$	176	\$	108	\$	319	\$ 211
Weighted-average common shares outstanding, in millions	-	112.84		83.41	1	12.12	77.67
Basic earnings per share	\$	1.56	\$	1.29	\$	2.85	\$ 2.72
Diluted Earnings per Share Net income Less preferred dividends	\$	182 6	\$	114 6	\$	331 12	\$ 217 6
Income available to common shareholders	\$	176	\$	108	\$	319	\$ 211
Weighted-average common shares outstanding Dilutive effect of stock options and awards and equity security units	-	112.84 1.98		83.41	1	12.12 1.67	77.67 .70
Weighted-average diluted shares outstanding, in millions	-	114.82		84.05	1	13.79	78.37
Diluted earnings per share	\$	1.53	\$	1.28	\$	2.80	\$ 2.69

## **Goodwill and Other Purchased Intangible Assets**

Effective January 1, 2002, the company adopted Statement of Financial Accounting Standards (SFAS) No. 142 – *Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets*, which changes the accounting for goodwill from an amortization method to an impairment-only approach. Impairment tests are required as of the company-determined measurement date and at the same time in subsequent years. In accordance with the statement, amortization of goodwill, including goodwill recorded in past business combinations, ceased December 31, 2001. During the second quarter of 2002, the company completed the first step of the required initial test for potential impairment of goodwill recorded at January 1, 2002. The results indicate potential impairment only in the reporting units of the Component Technologies sector. The second step of the goodwill impairment test, used to measure the amount of impairment loss, will be completed no later than December 31, 2002.

Goodwill and other purchased intangibles balances are included in the identifiable assets of the industry segment to which they have been assigned and amortization of purchased intangibles is charged against the respective industry segment operating margin. When it is determined that an impairment has occurred, an appropriate charge to operations is recorded.

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In 2001, goodwill and other purchased intangible assets were amortized on a straight-line basis over weighted average periods of 35 years and 14 years, respectively, with the exception of approximately \$1.9 billion of goodwill resulting from the fourth quarter 2001 acquisitions of Newport News Shipbuilding Inc. (Newport News) and the Electronics and Information Systems Group of Aerojet-General Corporation (EIS), which was not amortized pursuant to the transitional guidance of SFAS No. 142.

The changes in the carrying amount of goodwill for the six months ended June 30, 2002, are as follows:

\$ in millions	Electronic Systems	Ships	Information Technology	Integrated Systems	Component Technologies	Total
Balance as of January 1, 2002	\$2,590	\$3,308	\$1,109	\$938	\$723	\$8,668
Goodwill acquired during the period Fair value adjustments to		322				322
net assets acquired	2	(166)	8		6	(150)
Balance as of June 30, 2002	\$2,592	\$3,464	\$1,117	\$938	\$729	\$8,840

In connection with the Newport News acquisition the company originally assigned an estimated value of \$655 million of the purchase price to purchased intangible assets in the Ships segment, which was initially amortized on a straight-line basis over a weighted average period of 11 years. During the second quarter of 2002, the company completed its evaluation of the fair value of these purchased intangible assets, which resulted in a value of \$767 million and a weighted average useful life of 47 years. See the "Acquisitions" footnote contained herein for additional information.

The table below summarizes the company's aggregate purchased intangible assets as of June 30, 2002.

\$ in millions	Gross Carrying Amount	Accumulated Amortization
Contract and program intangibles	\$2,220	\$(634)
Other purchased intangibles	137	(62)
Total	\$2,357	\$(696)

All of the company's purchased intangible assets are subject to amortization and are being amortized on a straight-line basis over an aggregate weighted average period of 23 years. Aggregate amortization expense for the six months ended June 30, 2002, was \$89 million. The table below shows expected amortization for the next five years:

## \$ in millions

Year Ended December 31,	
2002	\$ 178
2003	175
2004	174
2005	159
2006	96

The table below shows reported and adjusted segment operating margin, total operating margin, net income and earnings per share for the three months and six months ended June 30, 2002, and 2001, reflecting the adoption of SFAS No. 142.

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in millions		months ended June 30,		onths ended June 30,	
\$ in millions	2002	2001	2002	2001	
Operating Margin(Loss)  Electronic Systems – as reported  Add back goodwill amortization	\$117	\$ 86 21	\$ 216	\$ 122 38	
Electronic Systems – adjusted	117	107	216	160	
Ships – as reported Add back goodwill amortization	95	33 9	174	33 9	
Ships – adjusted	95	42	174	42	
Information Technology – as reported Add back goodwill amortization	40	48 16	90	72 26	
Information Technology – adjusted	40	64	90	98	
Integrated Systems – as reported Add back goodwill amortization	99	64 8	192	144 16	
Integrated Systems – adjusted	99	72	192	160	
Component Technologies – as reported Add back goodwill amortization	(2)	(6) 9	(6)	(6) 9	
Component Technologies – adjusted	(2)	3	(6)	3	
Segment Operating Margin – as reported Add back goodwill amortization	349	225 63	666	365 98	
Segment Operating Margin – adjusted	\$ 349	\$ 288	\$ 666	\$ 463	
Total Operating Margin – as reported Add back goodwill amortization	\$ 356	\$ 275 63	\$ 669	\$ 465 98	
Total Operating Margin – adjusted	\$ 356	\$ 338	\$ 669	\$ 563	
Net Income As reported Add back goodwill amortization, net of tax	\$ 182	\$ 114 61	\$ 331	\$ 217 90	
Adjusted	\$ 182	\$ 175	\$ 331	\$ 307	
Basic Earnings Per Share As reported Add back goodwill amortization, net of tax	\$1.56	\$1.29 .74	\$2.85	\$2.72 1.16	
Adjusted	\$1.56	\$2.03	\$2.85	\$3.88	
Diluted Earnings Per Share As reported Add back goodwill amortization, net of tax	\$1.53	\$1.28 .73	\$2.80	\$2.69 1.15	
Adjusted	\$1.53	\$2.01	\$2.80	\$3.84	

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## Acquisitions

In 2001, the company purchased Litton Industries, Inc. (Litton), EIS and 80.7 percent of Newport News. On January 18, 2002, the company completed the acquisition of the remaining shares of Newport News and now owns 100 percent of Newport News. Newport News is the nation's sole designer, builder and refueler of nuclear-powered aircraft carriers and one of only two domestic companies capable of designing and building nuclear-powered submarines. To complete the acquisition, the company issued an additional 3.2 million shares of its common stock and paid cash for the balance of the Newport News shares. In total, the company issued 16.6 million shares of its common stock in connection with the acquisition of Newport News. These shares were valued at \$95.22 per share for purchase accounting purposes. In accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, this value was determined based on the average closing stock price of the company's common stock from December 3, 2001, through December 7, 2001. Following the completion of the acquisition, the company eliminated the 19.3 percent minority interest from its financial statements.

The Litton, Newport News and EIS acquisitions are accounted for using the purchase method of accounting. Under the purchase method of accounting, the purchase price is allocated to the underlying tangible and intangible assets acquired and liabilities assumed based on their respective fair market values, with the excess recorded as goodwill. In the first quarter of 2002, the company completed the fair market value and accounting conformance evaluation process for the Litton acquisition and all related adjustments are reflected in these financial statements.

These financial statements reflect preliminary estimates of the fair market value of the assets acquired and liabilities assumed and the related allocations of purchase price and preliminary estimates of adjustments necessary to conform Newport News and EIS to the company's accounting policies. The company is currently reviewing preliminary accounting conformance adjustments and preliminary estimates of the fair market value of assets acquired and liabilities assumed, including valuations associated with certain contracts, legal contingencies, and property, plant, and equipment as well as its valuation studies for retiree benefits assets and liabilities. The final determination of the fair market value of assets acquired and liabilities assumed and final allocation of the purchase price may differ from the amounts included in these financial statements. Adjustments to the purchase price allocations of Newport News and EIS are expected to be finalized within one year of the acquisitions and will be reflected in future filings. There can be no assurance that such adjustments will not be material.

In 2001, the company accrued \$119 million in restructuring costs related to the acquisition of Litton. These costs included \$29 million to exit a business, \$31 million to close down redundant facilities and \$59 million to terminate and relocate employees. Of the total amount accrued, \$5 million was expensed directly to the income statement and \$114 million was accounted for as purchase accounting adjustments to the opening balance sheet of Litton. In the first quarter of 2002, the company accrued an additional \$13 million of costs to close down redundant facilities in relation to this acquisition. For the six months ended June 30, 2002, the company utilized \$23 million of the balance sheet accruals. At June 30, 2002, \$84 million of accrued restructure costs remained in other current liabilities.

The following unaudited pro forma condensed financial data for the quarter and six months ended June 30, 2001, are based upon the historical financial statements of the company, Litton and Newport News adjusted to give effect to the Litton acquisition and the Newport News acquisition as if they occurred on January 1, 2001. The pro forma statements have been developed from (a) the unaudited consolidated financial statements of the company contained in its Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended June 30, 2001, (b) the unaudited consolidated financial statements of Litton contained in its Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the period ended January 31, 2001, and (c) the unaudited consolidated financial statements of Newport News contained in its Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended June 17, 2001. EIS is not included in the following unaudited pro forma condensed financial data as its inclusion would not have a material effect on the reported amounts.

		Three months ended June 30,	Si	x months ended June 30,
\$ in millions, except per share	(Actual) 2002	(Pro-Forma) 2001	(Actual) 2002	(Pro-Forma) 2001
Net sales	\$4,396	\$4,228	\$8,482	\$8,015
Net income	182	166	331	328
Basic earnings per share	1.56	1.57	2.85	3.10
Diluted earnings per share	1.53	1.56	2.80	3.08

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### **Proposed Acquisition**

On June 30, 2002, the company, TRW and a wholly-owned subsidiary of the company entered into a definitive merger agreement. Under the terms of the agreement, unanimously approved by the boards of directors of TRW and the company, the company will acquire TRW for approximately \$60 per share in exchange for Northrop Grumman common stock, subject to a collar, in a transaction valued at approximately \$7.8 billion, plus the assumption of TRW's net debt at the time of closing. The exact exchange ratio will be determined by dividing \$60 by the average of the reported closing sale prices per share of the company's common stock on the New York Stock Exchange for the five consecutive trading days ending on and including the second trading day prior to the closing of the merger. The exchange ratio will not be less than 0.4348 nor more than 0.5357. If the actual average sale price of the company's common stock is less than \$112, TRW shareholders will receive less than \$60 in value of Northrop Grumman common stock per share of TRW common stock, and if the actual average sale price of the company's common stock is more than \$138, TRW shareholders will receive more than \$60 in value of Northrop Grumman common stock.

On July 17, 2002 the company amended its current Form S-4 registration statement, to include a joint proxy statement/prospectus relating to the proposed merger of a wholly-owned subsidiary of the company and TRW.

After completion of the merger, the company plans promptly to sell TRW's automotive business, or, alternatively, spin-off the business to Northrop Grumman shareholders. There currently is no agreement with respect to the sale or spin-off of the automotive business and there can be no assurance of when a sale or spin-off will be consummated or what the terms of such a transaction will be. TRW's previously announced agreement to sell its Aeronautical Systems business to Goodrich Corporation for \$1.5 billion will remain unaffected by the merger.

Following the close of the merger, TRW's defense business initially will be operated as a separate sector, reporting to the Office of the Chairman. The company will work to integrate quickly TRW's defense business operations. The company foresees little change in employment levels in the defense business as a result of this transaction.

The merger is subject to the approval of shareholders of both companies and to review under the Hart-Scott-Rodino Act as well as other governmental and regulatory agencies in the U.S. and Europe. The company expects to complete the merger in the fourth quarter of 2002.

The company has incurred transaction costs of approximately \$30 million through June 30, 2002, that include investment banking, filing, printing, proxy solicitation and legal fees in support of the offer and the merger. If the merger is consummated, these costs will be allocated as part of the purchase price. If the merger is not consummated, these costs will be expensed.

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Northrop Grumman Corporation and Subsidiaries

## **New Accounting Pronouncements**

In April 2002, the Financial Accounting Standards Board issued SFAS No. 145 – *Rescission of FASB Statements No. 4, 44 and 64, Amendment of FASB Statement No. 13, and Technical Corrections.* This statement clarifies guidance related to the reporting of gains and losses from extinguishment of debt and resolves inconsistencies related to the required accounting treatment of certain lease modifications. The provisions of this statement relating to extinguishment of debt become effective for financial statements issued for fiscal years beginning after May 15, 2002. The provisions of this statement relating to lease modification are effective for transactions occurring after May 15, 2002. Management does not expect that adoption of this standard will have a material effect on the company's financial position, results of operations or cash flows.

In October 2001, the Financial Accounting Standards Board issued SFAS No. 144 – *Accounting for the Impairment or Disposal of Long-Lived Assets* that resolves implementation issues experienced under the previous standard and broadens the reporting of discontinued operations. The company adopted this statement on January 1, 2002. Adoption of this statement did not have a significant effect on the company's financial position, results of operations or cash flows.

In August 2001, the Financial Accounting Standards Board issued SFAS No. 143 – *Accounting for Asset Retirement Obligations*, that addresses financial accounting and reporting for obligations associated with the retirement of tangible long-lived assets and the associated asset retirement costs. The company adopted this statement on January 1, 2002. Adoption of this statement did not have a significant effect on the company's financial position, results of operations or cash flows.

## **Commitments and Contingencies**

As previously reported in the company's 2001 annual report and quarterly report for the first quarter of 2002, on March 13, 2002, a jury in Indianapolis, Indiana returned a verdict of approximately \$31 million in favor of Allison Gas Turbine for cost overruns on the engine exhaust liner and trailing edge of a discontinued prototype aircraft from a competitive award process which occurred in the 1980s. On May 3, 2002, the approximate sum of \$37 million of pre-judgment interest was awarded in this matter. The company expects to obtain substantial relief from the current adverse judgment in the case by an appeal, based upon substantive and procedural legal grounds, and has established a reserve in accordance with this expectation. The company believes that the jury's award in the trial was not warranted by the law applicable to the case and should be overturned. It is not possible at this time to predict the result of the appeal.

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Northrop Grumman Corporation and Subsidiaries

## Item 2. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF THE COMPANY'S FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

The 2002 results include the operations of Litton Industries, Inc. (Litton), acquired in the second quarter of 2001, Newport News Shipbuilding Inc. (Newport News) and the Electronics and Information Systems Group of Aerojet-General Corporation (EIS), both acquired in the fourth quarter of 2001. These acquisitions are important components of the increase in sales, operating margin and net income for 2002 compared with 2001.

Effective January 1, 2002, the company adopted SFAS No.142 – *Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets*, implemented required disclosure provisions and eliminated the amortization of goodwill. In order to report on a comparable basis, 2001 operating results discussed herein have been adjusted to exclude goodwill amortization and are presented below. For additional information see the "Goodwill and Other Purchased Intangible Assets" footnote to the consolidated condensed financial statements contained in this report on Form 10-Q.

## **Comparable Measures of Performance**

		Three me		ended ne 30,		Six mo		ended ne 30,
\$ in millions, except per share		2002	•	2001		2002		2001
Segment operating margin								
Electronic Systems	\$	117	\$	107	\$	216	\$	160
Ships		95		42		174		42
Information Technology		40		64		90		98
Integrated Systems		99		72		192		160
Component Technologies		(2)		3		(6)		3
Total segment operating margin	\$	349	\$	288	\$	666	\$	463
Total operating margin	\$	356	\$	338	\$	669	\$	563
					т.			
Net Income	\$	182	\$	175	\$	331	\$	307
Diluted Earnings Per Share	\$	1.53	\$	2.01	\$	2.80	\$	3.84
Weighted average diluted shares outstanding, in millions	1	14.82	8	34.05	1	13.79	7	8.37

Effective January 1, 2002, segment operating margin includes royalty income. In the Consolidated Condensed Statements of Income, royalty income continues to be reported as Other Income. Prior year segment data has been restated.

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Northrop Grumman Corporation and Subsidiaries

## **Measures of Sales and Performance**

Sales for the second quarter 2002 increased 20 percent to \$4.4 billion and for the first half of 2002 increased 50 percent to \$8.5 billion, as compared with the same periods of 2001. Sales for 2002 are expected to be between \$17.5 billion and \$18 billion and for 2003 are expected to be between \$20 billion and \$20.5 billion. Sales by business area are outlined below. Certain prior year amounts have been reclassified to conform to the 2002 presentation.

	Three m	onths ended	Six mo	nonths ended June 30,	
\$ in millions	2002	June 30, 2001	2002	2001	
Electronic Systems					
Aerospace Electronic Systems	\$ 399	\$ 359	\$ 709	\$ 622	
C⁴ISR&N	311	290	597	490	
Defensive Electronic Systems	226	179	431	262	
Navigation Systems	177	188	354	188	
Space Systems	105	80	221	142	
Other	120	140	264	233	
	1,338	1,236	2,576	1,937	
Ships					
Aircraft Carriers	490		963		
Surface Combatants	191	218	380	218	
Amphibious and Auxiliary	228	166	389	166	
Submarines	155		285		
Commercial and International	84	131	154	131	
Services and Other	36	40	109	40	
Intrasegment Eliminations	(27)	(6)	(46)	(6)	
	1,157	549	2,234	549	
Information Technology					
Government Information Technology	657	611	1,237	878	
Enterprise Information Technology	167	208	305	349	
Technology Services	162	146	314	273	
Commercial Information Technology	50	52	109	106	
	1,036	1,017	1,965	1,606	
Integrated Systems					
Air Combat Systems	470	406	955	812	
Airborne Early Warning/Electronic Warfare	187	186	355	352	
Airborne Ground Surveillance/Battle Management	174	176	326	341	
Intrasegment Eliminations	(2)	(2)		(6)	
	829	766	1,636	1,499	
Component Technologies	130	158	255	158	
Intersegment eliminations	(94)	(63)	(184)	(100)	
Total sales	\$4,396	\$3,663	\$8,482	\$5,649	

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Northrop Grumman Corporation and Subsidiaries

Sales at Electronic Systems were 8 percent higher in the second quarter and 33 percent higher in the first half of 2002 as compared to the same periods of 2001. Operating margin for the second quarter increased 9 percent compared to the 2001 second quarter adjusted operating margin and was 35 percent higher in 2002 in contrast to the 2001 six-month period. Favorable year to date results in the sector for sales and operating margin reflect the impact of the Litton acquisition in the Aerospace Electronic Systems, C4ISR&N, Defensive Electronic Systems and Navigation Systems business areas, as well as the impact of the EIS acquisition included in the space systems business area. Results for the quarter and first half of 2002 as compared to 2001 also reflects increased sales in the Aerospace Electronic Systems business area from the F-16 Block 60, F-35 and F-22 programs, increased volume from the Defensive Electronic Systems business areas, and increased operating margin from the automation and information element of the business. The forecast for Electronic Systems operating margin for 2002 remains at approximately 9 percent of sales, which are expected to be in the \$5.5 billion to \$5.7 billion range. For 2003 management expects double-digit sales growth and operating margin between 9.5 percent and 10 percent of sales.

The Ships segment, which includes the aggregated financial results of the Newport News and Ship Systems sectors, generated sales and operating margin increases as a result of the Newport News and Litton acquisitions. The company recently finalized the determination of the fair value of Newport News' purchased intangible assets, resulting in an increase in the weighted average life of such assets and a reduction in amortization expense of \$18 million in the second quarter as compared with the first quarter of 2002. Ships segment amortization is now expected to be approximately \$44 million for the year. Purchase accounting adjustments to record the fair value of Newport News capital assets and adjustments to conform Newport News to Northrop Grumman accounting policies resulted in increased depreciation and other expenses of approximately \$8 million in the second quarter as compared with the first quarter of 2002. For the year these additional costs are estimated to total \$28 million. Presently, Ships 2002 operating margin is expected to be approximately 8 percent on sales of \$4.2 billion to \$4.4 billion. Next year sales are expected to reflect double-digit growth with operating margin trending up between 8.5 percent and 9 percent of sales.

Information Technology sales were 2 percent higher in the second quarter and 22 percent higher in the first half of 2002 versus the same periods of 2001. Increased sales in the Government Information Technologies business area in the second quarter of 2002, reflecting new programs, are partially offset by lower sales in the Enterprise Information Technology Services business area. Sales growth in the first six months of 2002 over 2001 was driven by businesses added in the Litton acquisition. Operating margin in the second quarter and first half periods of 2002 was \$40 million and \$90 million, respectively, down from the adjusted operating margin of \$64 million and \$98 million reported for the same periods of 2001, primarily due to a \$16 million charge recorded on the contract with Oracle relating to Oracle's Enterprise License Agreement with the State of California. While the company continues to believe the contract provided substantial savings to the state, California's auditor has questioned the contract's economic value. In an effort to maintain solid customer relations, in July 2002 Northrop Grumman and Oracle rescinded the contract with the state. Information Technology sales for 2002 are expected to be between \$4.2 billion and \$4.4 billion, and operating margin as a percentage of sales is expected to be in the low 5 percent range. For 2003, sales are expected to increase approximately 10 percent with operating margin as a percent of sales increasing to between 5.5 percent and 6 percent.

Sales for Integrated Systems increased 8 percent in the second quarter and 9 percent in the first half of 2002 as compared to the 2001 periods, reflecting higher F-35 and unmanned vehicle sales. Operating margin for the 2002 second quarter increased 38 percent and for the first half increased 20 percent as compared to the same periods last year as a result of improved B-2 and Joint STARS operating margin and higher F-35 sales. Integrated Systems sales for 2002 are expected to be between \$3 billion and \$3.2 billion with operating margin as a percentage of sales that is expected to be between 9.5 percent and 10 percent. For 2003, sales are expected to increase at a double digit pace due to the ramp up of development programs such as the F-35 with operating margin as a percentage of sales declining accordingly to between 8 percent and 8.5 percent.

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Northrop Grumman Corporation and Subsidiaries

Component Technologies sales were 18 percent lower in the second quarter and 61 percent higher in the first half of 2002 as compared with the same periods of 2001. Operating losses of \$2 million and \$6 million were reported for the quarter and year to date periods, respectively, compared to adjusted operating margin of \$3 million reported for both periods of 2001. Prior year to date results do not reflect the effect of the Litton acquisition for the entire six-month period. Component Technologies' sales and operating margin continued to be adversely impacted by the downturn in the telecommunications industry. Component Technologies continues to generate solid performance in its non-telecommunications business. For the 2002 year, sales are expected to be between \$540 million and \$560 million with operating margin at approximately breakeven. The outlook for 2003 depends upon the telecommunications markets.

Foreign sales for the six months ended June 30, 2002, totaled approximately \$700 million.

Operating margin included pension income of \$23 million and \$47 million in the second quarter and year to date periods of 2002, respectively, down from the \$91 million and \$160 million reported in the 2001 periods. Pension income for 2002 is expected to be approximately \$95 million.

Unallocated corporate expenses, which are reflected in operating margin, were \$16 million for the second quarter and \$36 million for the first half of 2002, as compared to \$30 million and \$39 million for the respective 2001 periods. The second quarter of 2001 included a \$17 million payment to a charitable foundation.

The decrease in other income in the 2002 periods compared to the 2001 periods is primarily due to interest earned on excess cash in 2001 and interest earned on a note received in partial payment for the sale of the company's commercial aerostructures business. The note was collected in the second half of 2001.

Interest expense for the second quarter of 2002 decreased to \$105 million from \$114 million in the second quarter of 2001 principally due to lower interest rates and a lower average outstanding debt balance. On a year-to-date basis, 2002 interest expense exceeds the 2001 amount as a result of increased debt resulting from the Litton acquisition.

The company's effective tax rate declined to 31.06 percent and 31.04 percent for the quarterly and six-month periods ended June 30, 2002, respectively, from 40.63 percent and 38.35 in the comparable 2001 periods. The decreased rates reflect the elimination of goodwill amortization, most of which is non-deductible, upon adoption of SFAS No. 142.

Second quarter and six-month 2002 net income was \$182 million and \$331 million, respectively, or \$1.53 and \$2.80 per share, compared with 2001 adjusted net income of \$175 million and \$307 million, or \$2.01 and \$3.84 per share, for the same periods of 2001. The comparable per share declines reflect a substantial decrease in pension income and increase in the number of shares outstanding. Second quarter and year-to-date 2002 diluted earnings per share are based on weighted average diluted shares outstanding of 114.82 million and 113.79 million, respectively, as compared to 84.05 million and 78.37 million shares in the respective 2001 periods.

### **Contract Acquisitions**

Contract acquisitions totaled \$4 billion for the second quarter of 2002 compared with \$10.1 billion reported for the same period a year ago, and \$9.8 billion in the 2002 six-month period as compared to \$12.3 billion in the 2001 six-month period. Last year's second quarter results included \$7.5 billion of funded order backlog acquired in the Litton transaction. During the second quarter of 2002, the company won two significant programs, DD(X), the Navy's advanced 21st century family of surface combatants, and Deepwater, the Coast Guard's modernization program, which have not yet been reflected in funded order backlog. Electronic Systems reported contract acquisitions of \$2.7 billion in the first half of 2002 reflecting the inclusion of Litton and EIS businesses and higher F-35 and F-22 funding. In the six-month period Ships reported contract acquisitions of \$3.1 billion resulting from the funding of

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Northrop Grumman Corporation and Subsidiaries

*Virginia*-class submarines, LHD 8, and refueling and overhaul of the carrier *USS Eisenhower*. Information Technology reported contract acquisitions of \$2.1 billion, principally in the Government Information Technology business area. Integrated Systems reported \$1.9 billion in contract acquisitions, reflecting higher F/A-18E/F and unmanned vehicle systems funding. Component Technologies reported \$268 million in contract acquisitions. The company's funded order backlog at June 30, 2002, increased to \$22.0 billion from \$16.8 billion reported a year earlier.

### **Liquidity and Capital Resources**

In the first half of 2002 the company produced cash from operations of \$473 million compared with a use of \$14 million for the same period last year. The working capital change in the first half was an increase of \$13 million, which is a result of normal fluctuations in timing of receipts and disbursements, working down advances on contracts, and payments associated with acquired businesses. The company's net debt at June 30, 2002, was \$4.97 billion, down slightly from the \$5.03 billion reported at December 31, 2001, due in part to use of cash from operations to reduce principal amounts outstanding. The company currently expects to generate \$100 million to \$200 million in cash available to pay down debt this year. For the remainder of 2002, cash generated from operations is expected to be sufficient to service debt, finance capital expenditures and continue paying dividends to the company's shareholders. During the first quarter of 2002 the company paid off long-term debt of \$427 million acquired in the Newport News acquisition. The company's liquidity and financial flexibility are expected to be provided by cash flow generated by operating activities, supplemented by the borrowing capacity available under the company's credit facility. Upon completion of the B-2 EMD contract, federal and state income taxes deferred since the inception of the contract in 1981 will become payable. The contract is expected to be completed in the fourth quarter of 2002 with federal taxes of approximately \$1 billion related to this contract being payable in March 2003. The company plans to use cash generated from operations supplemented by additional borrowings under the credit facility and/or additional funds raised from public or private capital markets to pay these taxes. The IRS is presently completing its audits of the B-2 program through the tax years ending December 31, 2002. Upon completion of these audits, the IRS has indicated that they may adopt a position that the B-2 program was completed in a year prior to 2002, which would create the potential for additional interest expense. Although it is not possible to predict the outcome of the tax audits at this time, management believes that its tax accounting for the B-2 program reflects the appropriate timing of contract completion.

### **Proposed TRW Merger**

On June 30, 2002, the company, TRW and a wholly-owned subsidiary of the company entered into a definitive merger agreement. Under the terms of the agreement, unanimously approved by the boards of directors of TRW and the company, the company will acquire TRW for approximately \$60 per share in exchange for Northrop Grumman common stock, subject to a collar, in a transaction valued at approximately \$7.8 billion, plus the assumption of TRW's net debt at the time of closing. The exact exchange ratio will be determined by dividing \$60 by the average of the reported closing sale prices per share of the company's common stock on the New York Stock Exchange for the five consecutive trading days ending on and including the second trading day prior to the closing of the merger. The exchange ratio will not be less than 0.4348 nor more than 0.5357. If the actual average sale price of the company's common stock is less than \$112, TRW shareholders will receive less than \$60 in value of Northrop Grumman common stock per share of TRW common stock, and if the actual average sale price of the company's common stock is more than \$138, TRW shareholders will receive more than \$60 in value of Northrop Grumman common stock.

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Northrop Grumman Corporation and Subsidiaries

On July 17, 2002 the company amended its current Form S-4 registration statement, to include a joint proxy statement/prospectus relating to the proposed merger of a wholly-owned subsidiary of the company and TRW.

After completion of the merger, the company plans promptly to sell TRW's automotive business, or, alternatively, spin-off the business to Northrop Grumman shareholders. There currently is no agreement with respect to the sale or spin-off of the automotive business and there can be no assurance of when a sale or spin-off will be consummated or what the terms of such a transaction will be. TRW's previously announced agreement to sell its Aeronautical Systems business to Goodrich Corporation for \$1.5 billion will remain unaffected by the merger.

Following the close of the merger, TRW's defense business initially will be operated as a separate sector, reporting to the Office of the Chairman. The company will work to integrate quickly TRW's defense business operations. The company foresees little change in employment levels in the defense business as a result of this transaction.

The merger is subject to the approval of shareholders of both companies and to review under the Hart-Scott-Rodino Act as well as other governmental and regulatory agencies in the U.S. and Europe. The company expects to complete the merger in the fourth quarter of 2002.

The company has incurred transaction costs of approximately \$30 million through June 30, 2002, that include investment banking, filing, printing, proxy solicitation and legal fees in support of the offer and the merger. If the merger is consummated, these costs will be allocated as part of the purchase price. If the merger is not consummated, these costs will be expensed.

## **Financial Accounting Standards**

In April 2002, the Financial Accounting Standards Board issued SFAS No. 145 – Rescission of FASB Statements Nos. 4, 44 and 64, Amendment of FASB Statement No. 13 and Technical Corrections. This statement clarifies guidance related to the reporting of gains and losses from extinguishment of debt and resolves inconsistencies related to the required accounting treatment of certain lease modifications. The provisions of this statement relating to extinguishment of debt become effective for financial statements issued for fiscal years beginning after May 15, 2002. The provisions of this statement relating to lease modification are effective for transactions occurring after May 15, 2002. Management does not expect that adoption of this standard will have a material effect on the company's financial position, results of operations or cash flows.

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In August 2001, the Financial Accounting Standards Board issued SFAS No. 143 – *Accounting for Asset Retirement Obligations* that addresses financial accounting and reporting for obligations associated with the retirement of tangible long-lived assets and the associated asset retirement costs. The company adopted this statement on January 1, 2002. Adoption of this statement did not have a significant effect on the company's financial position, results of operations or cash flows.

#### **Forward-Looking Information**

Certain statements and assumptions in this Management's Discussion and Analysis and elsewhere in this quarterly report on Form 10-Q contain or are based on "forward-looking" information (that Northrop Grumman believes to be within the definition in the

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Northrop Grumman Corporation and Subsidiaries

Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995) and involve risks and uncertainties. Such "forward-looking" information includes, among other things, the statements as to the impact of the proposed acquisition of TRW on revenues and earnings. Such statements are subject to numerous assumptions and uncertainties, many of which are outside Northrop Grumman's control. These include, among others, completion of the merger with TRW and related governmental regulatory processes, Northrop Grumman's ability to successfully integrate the operations of TRW and a successful transaction or other resolution with respect to the TRW automotive sector. These assumptions also include Northrop Grumman's future revenues, expected program performance and cash flows, the outcome of contingencies including timing and amounts of tax payments, litigation, environmental remediation, divestitures of businesses, and anticipated costs of capital investments. Northrop Grumman's operations are subject to various additional risks and uncertainties resulting from its position as a supplier, either directly or as subcontractor or team member, to the U.S. Government and its agencies as well as to foreign governments and agencies; actual outcomes are dependent upon factors, including, without limitation, Northrop Grumman's successful performance of internal plans; government customers' budgetary restraints; customer changes in short-range and long-range plans; domestic and international competition in both the defense and commercial areas; product performance; continued development and acceptance of new products; performance issues with key suppliers and subcontractors; government import and export policies; acquisition or termination of government contracts; the outcome of political and legal processes; legal, financial, and governmental risks related to international transactions and global needs for military aircraft, military and civilian electronic systems and support, information technology; naval vessels, space systems and related technologies, as well as other economic, political and technological risks and uncertainties and other risk factors set out in Northrop Grumman's filings from time to time with the Securities and Exchange Commission, including, without limitation, Northrop Grumman's reports on Form 10-K and Form 10-Q. Additional information regarding these factors is contained in the company's other SEC filings, including without limitation, the company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2001 and the Form S-4 filed on March 4, 2002, and amended on April 17, 2002.

#### Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risks

The company is exposed to market risk, primarily related to interest rates and foreign currency exchange rates. Financial instruments subject to interest rate risk include fixed-rate long-term debt obligations, variable-rate short-term debt outstanding under the credit facility, short-term investments, and long-term notes receivable. Substantially all borrowings are fixed-rate long-term debt obligations, significant portions of which are not callable until maturity. The company's sensitivity to a 1 percent change in interest rates is tied to its \$2.5 billion credit facility, which has no balance outstanding at June 30, 2002. The estimated expense would be 1 percent of any outstanding balance. The company may enter into interest rate swap agreements to manage its exposure to interest rate fluctuations. At June 30, 2002, no interest rate swap agreements were in effect. The company enters into foreign currency forward contracts to manage foreign currency exchange rate risk related to receipts from customers and payments to suppliers denominated in foreign currencies. Foreign currencies are traditionally converted to U.S. dollars upon receipt to limit currency fluctuation exposures. At June 30, 2002, the amount of foreign currency forward contracts outstanding was not material. The company does not consider the market risk exposure relating to foreign currency exchange to be material. The company does not hold or issue derivative financial instruments for trading purposes. Standby letters of credit are used by the company to guarantee future performance on its contracts.

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Northrop Grumman Corporation and Subsidiaries

#### INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT

To the Board of Directors and Shareholders of Northrop Grumman Corporation Los Angeles, California

We have reviewed the accompanying consolidated condensed statements of financial position of Northrop Grumman Corporation and subsidiaries as of June 30, 2002, and the related consolidated condensed statements of income for the three-month and six-month periods ended June 30, 2002 and 2001, and the related consolidated condensed statements of changes in shareholders' equity and cash flows. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Corporation's management.

We conducted our review in accordance with standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. A review of interim financial information consists principally of applying analytical procedures to financial data and of making inquiries of persons responsible for financial and accounting matters. It is substantially less in scope than an audit conducted in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, the objective of which is the expression of an opinion regarding the financial statements taken as a whole. Accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

Based on our review, we are not aware of any material modifications that should be made to such consolidated condensed financial statements for them to be in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

We have previously audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, the consolidated statement of financial position of Northrop Grumman Corporation and subsidiaries as of December 31, 2001, and the related consolidated statements of income, comprehensive income, changes in shareholders' equity, and cash flows for the year then ended (not presented herein); and in our report dated February 18, 2002, except for the subsequent events footnote, as to which the date is March 18, 2002, we expressed an unqualified opinion on those consolidated financial statements. In our opinion, the information set forth in the accompanying consolidated condensed statement of financial position as of December 31, 2001 is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the consolidated statement of financial position from which it has been derived.

/s/ Deloitte & Touche LLP

Deloitte & Touche LLP Los Angeles, California July 26, 2002

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Northrop Grumman Corporation and Subsidiaries

#### Part II. OTHER INFORMATION

#### **Item 1. Legal Proceedings**

## U.S. ex rel Jordan v. Northrop Grumman Corporation

As previously reported, in October 1999, the company was served with a fifth amended complaint that was filed by the government in the United States District Court of the Central District of California in this action, which was commenced in May 1995. The complaint alleges that the company violated the False Claims Act by knowingly supplying BQM-74C aerial target drones that contained various defective components between 1988 and 1998. The government seeks to recover damages up to \$213 million plus pre-judgment interest and penalties under theories of fraud, payment by mistake, unjust enrichment, breach of warranty and breach of contract. Damages awarded pursuant to the False Claims Act may be trebled by the court. The company intends to vigorously defend this matter. During the second quarter, the trial was postponed and no trial date is currently pending.

See the "Legal Proceedings" section of Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2001 for a description of previously reported matters.

#### General

The company, as a government contractor, is from time to time subject to U.S. Government investigations relating to its operations. Government contractors that are found to have violated the False Claims Act, or are indicted or convicted for violations of other federal laws, or are considered not to be responsible contractors may be suspended or debarred from government contracting for some period of time. Such convictions could also result in fines. Given the company's dependence on government contracting, suspension or debarment could have a material adverse effect on the company.

The company is involved in certain other legal proceedings arising in the ordinary course of business, none of which the company's management believes will have a material adverse effect on the company's financial condition.

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Northrop Grumman Corporation and Subsidiaries

## Item 4. Submission of Matters to a Vote of Security Holders

a) Annual Meeting –

The annual meeting of stockholders of Northrop Grumman Corporation was held May 15, 2002.

b) Election of Directors -

The following Class II Director nominees were elected at the annual meeting:

Phillip Frost Jay H. Nussbaum John Brooks Slaughter

The Directors whose terms of office continue are:

John T. Chain, Jr. Lewis W. Coleman Vic Fazio Kent Kresa Charles R. Larson Aulana L. Peters Ronald D. Sugar

c) The matters voted upon at the meeting and the results of each vote are as follows:

Directors:	Vot Fo		Votes Wit	thheld
Phillip Frost	101,31	3,467	2,480,	387
Jay H. Nussbaum	101,68	3,423	2,110,	431
John Brooks Slaughter	101,30	6,556	2,487,298	
	Votes For	Votes Against	Votes Abstaining	Broker Non-Votes
Ratification of the appointment of Deloitte & Touche LLP as the company's independent auditors	100,902,150	2,426,853	464,851	
Proposal to approve the 2002 Incentive Compensation Plan	88,092,908	14,697,609	1,003,337	
Proposal to amend Certificate of Incorporation to increase authorized shares of Common Stock	82,790,180	20,317,570	686,104	
Shareholder Proposal regarding military activities in space	7,084,465	86,201,943	2,384,846	8,122,600
Shareholder Proposal regarding super majority vote	48,223,294	46,405,193	1,042,767	8,122,600

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Northrop Grumman Corporation and Subsidiaries

## Item 6. Exhibits and Reports on Form 8-K

#### **Exhibits** (a)

- 2 Agreement and Plan of Merger dated as of June 30, 2002 by and among TRW Inc., Northrop Grumman Corporation and Richmond Acquisition Corporation, filed as Annex A to the company's S-4/A Registration Statement No. 333-83672 filed with the SEC on July 17, 2002 and incorporated herein by reference.
- 3.1 Restated Certificate of Incorporation of Northrop Grumman Corporation, filed as Exhibit C to the Definitive Proxy Statement on Schedule 14A filed with the SEC on April 4, 2002 and incorporated herein by reference.
- 10.1 The 2002 Incentive Compensation Plan of Northrop Grumman Corporation, filed as Exhibit B to the Definitive Proxy Statement on Schedule 14A filed with the SEC on April 4, 2002 and incorporated herein by reference.
- \*15 Letter from independent accountants regarding unaudited financial information.

#### (b) Reports on Form 8-K

No report on Form 8-K were filed with the SEC during the quarter ended June 30, 2002.

<sup>\*</sup>Filed with this Report

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Northrop Grumman Corporation and Subsidiaries

## **SIGNATURES**

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

Northrop Grumman Corporation (Registrant)

Date: July 30, 2002 By: /s/ Sandra J. Wright

Sandra J. Wright

Corporate Vice President and Controller

Date: July 30, 2002 By: /s/ John H. Mullan

John H. Mullan

Corporate Vice President and Secretary

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**EXHIBIT 15** 

Letter from Independent Accountants Regarding Unaudited Interim Financial Information

July 26, 2002 Northrop Grumman Corporation Los Angeles, California

We have made a review, in accordance with standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants, of the unaudited interim financial information of Northrop Grumman Corporation and subsidiaries for the periods ended June 30, 2002 and June 30, 2001 as indicated in our report dated July 26, 2002; because we did not perform an audit, we expressed no opinion on that information.

We are aware that our report referred to above, which is included in your Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended June 30, 2002, is incorporated by reference in Registration Statement Nos. 33-59815, 33-59853, 333-68003, 333-61936 and 333-67266 on Form S-8; Registration Statement Nos. 333-78251, 333-85633, 333-71290 and 333-77056 on Form S-3; and Registration Statement Nos. 333-40862, 333-54800 and 333-83672 on Form S-4.

We also are aware that the aforementioned report, pursuant to Rule 436(c) under the Securities Act of 1933, is not considered a part of the Registration Statement prepared or certified by an accountant or a report prepared or certified by an accountant within the meaning of Sections 7 and 11 of that Act.

/s/ Deloitte & Touche LLP

Deloitte & Touche LLP Los Angeles, CA