

UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
WASHINGTON, DC 20549

FORM 10-K

☒ ANNUAL REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES
EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934.

For the fiscal year ended December 31, 2006

OR

☐ TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES
EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934.

For the transition period from _____ to _____

Commission file number 814-00717

UNITED ECOENERGY CORP.

(Exact Name of Registrant as Specified in Its Charter)

NEVADA
(State or Other Jurisdiction of
Incorporation or Organization)

84-1517723
(I.R.S. Employer
Identification No.)

409 Brevard Avenue, Cocoa, FL
(Address of Principal Executive Offices)

32922
(Zip Code)

(321)-433-1136
(Registrants Telephone Number, Including Area Code)

Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act:

Title of Class	Name of each exchange on which registered
None	None

Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(g) of the Act:

Common stock, \$.001 par value
(Title of class)

Indicate by check mark if the registrant is a well-known seasoned issuer,
as defined in Rule 405 of the Securities Act. Yes ☐ No ☒

Indicate by check mark if the registrant is not required to file reports
pursuant to Section 13 or Section 15(d) of the Act. Yes ☐ No ☒

Note: Checking the box above will not relieve any registrant required to
file reports pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the Exchange Act from their
obligation under those Sections.

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant: (1) has filed all reports

required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes ☒ No ☐

Indicate by check mark if disclosure of delinquent filers pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-K ('229.405 of this chapter) is not contained herein and will not be contained, to the best of registrant's knowledge, in definitive proxy or other information incorporated by reference in Part III of this Form 10-K or any amendment to this Form 10-K ☐

Indicate by check mark whether the Registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, or a non-accelerated filer. See definition of 'accelerated filer and large accelerated filer' in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act. (Check one):

Large accelerated filer ☐ Accelerated filer ☐ Non-accelerated filer ☒

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes ☐ No ☒

State the aggregate market value of the voting and non-voting common equity held by non-affiliates computed by reference to the price at which the common equity was last sold, or the average bid and asked price of such common equity, as of the last business day of the registrant's most recently completed second fiscal quarter.

\$ None

The number of shares of the Registrants Common Stock, \$0.001 par value, outstanding as of March 12, 2007, was 28,781,639 shares.

DOCUMENTS INCORPORATED BY REFERENCE

List hereunder the following documents if incorporated by reference and the part of the Form 10-K (e.g., Part I, Part II, etc.) into which the document is incorporated: (1) Any annual report to security holders; (2) Any proxy or information statement; and (3) Any prospectus filed pursuant to Rule 424(b) or (c) under the Securities Act of 1933. The listed documents should be clearly described for identification purposes (e.g., annual report to security holders for fiscal year ended December 24, 1980).

None.

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FORWARD LOOKING STATEMENTS

This annual report on Form 10-K contains forward-looking statements that involve risks and uncertainties, as well as assumptions that, if they never materialize or prove incorrect, could cause the results of the Company to differ materially from those expressed or implied by such forward-looking statements. All statements other than statements of historical fact are statements that could be deemed forward-looking statements, including any projections of revenue, expenses, earnings or losses from operations or investments, or other financial items; any statements of the plans, strategies and objectives of management for future operations; any statements of expectation or belief; and any statements of assumptions underlying any of the foregoing. The risks, uncertainties and assumptions referred to above include risks that are described from time to time in our Securities and Exchange Commission, or the SEC, reports filed before this report.

The forward-looking statements included in this annual report represent our estimates as of the date of this annual report. We specifically disclaim any obligation to update these forward-looking statements in the future. Some of the statements in this annual report constitute forward-looking statements, which relate to future events or our future performance or financial condition. Such forward-looking statements contained in this annual report involve risks and uncertainties.

We use words such as anticipates, believes, expects, future, intends and similar expressions to identify forward-looking statements. Our actual results could differ materially from those projected in the forward-looking statements for any reason. We caution you that forward-looking statements of this type are subject to uncertainties and risks, many of which cannot be predicted or quantified.

The following analysis of our financial condition and results of operations should be read in conjunction with our financial statements and the related notes thereto contained elsewhere in this Form 10-K, as well as the risk factors included in this Form 10-K under Item 1A.

PART I

Item 1. Business.

General development of business

The Company was incorporated under the Nevada General Corporation Law in February 1997 as MNS Eagle Equity Group III, Inc., and was a development stage company through the end of 2005, and until the Company changed its business model with the election to be treated as a business development company on February 28, 2006. On February 21, 2006, the Company changed its corporate name to United EcoEnergy Corp., to reflect its new business model and plan.

On February 21, 2006, our then sole shareholder sold 284,689 pre-split common shares (28,468,900 post-split) representing 100 percent of the pre-split outstanding stock of the Company at the time, resulting in a change of control of the Company. Of these shares, 26,968,900 post-split common shares, representing 94.7 percent of the outstanding shares, were purchased by Enterprise Partners, LLC, 1,100,000 shares were purchased by Peachtree Consultants, LLC, and 4,000,000 shares were purchased by Fairmont East Finance, Ltd. These entities are not related, affiliates or controlled entities.

As a result of this change of control, our then sole director and president, Stephen Siedow, resigned effective February 22, 2006 after appointing William K. Mackey, William L. Sklar, Adam Mayblum, Alec Hoke and John Paul DeVito as the directors of the Company, to serve until the next annual meeting of shareholders of the Company. The name of the Company was changed from MNS Eagle Equity Group III, Inc. to United EcoEnergy Corp. by the filing of an amendment to the Articles of Incorporation with the State of Nevada on February 21, 2006. Effective February 27, 2006, the Company implemented a 100 for 1 forward split of our outstanding common shares. As a result of the forward split, there were 28,468,900 common shares then outstanding. This forward split has been reflected retroactively on our financial statements.

On February 27, 2006, the Company filed a Certificate of Designations for Series A Convertible Preferred Stock with the Nevada Secretary of State and the Board of Directors authorized the issuance of 1 million shares of Series A Convertible Preferred Stock to Enterprise Partners, LLC, our then majority shareholder, in exchange for the cancellation of \$60,000 in loans for funds advanced to the Company by Enterprise Partners LLC to pay off debts of the Company and for initial working capital. The Series A Convertible Preferred Stock is \$0.001 par value stock, and may be converted into common stock based on a formula under which conversion is equal to 1 divided by the 30 day trailing average stock price of the common shares at the time of the conversion election, but not more than 15 common shares for each preferred share converted, or a maximum of 15 million common shares. No conversion may occur until after one year from the date of issue. The Company may redeem the Series A Convertible Preferred Stock in whole or in part beginning 181 days after issue at \$0.75 per share, and after 365 days from issue at \$0.95 per share. The Series A Convertible Preferred Stock automatically converts into common stock following the second anniversary of issue, at the formula price if not redeemed prior to that date. The conversion of the Series A Convertible Preferred into Common stock of the Company is illustrated by the following table:

Series A Convertible
Preferred Shares

<Table>

<Caption>

Common Stock Price	Per Share Conversion ratio (1/per share price)	Number of Common Shares on conversion	Maximum Shares Converted of Common Stock
<S>	<C>	<C>	<C>
0.0001	10,000.00	10,000,000,000	15,000,000
0.0003	3,333.33	3,333,333,333	15,000,000
0.0007	1,428.57	1,428,571,429	15,000,000
0.0014	714.29	714,285,714	15,000,000
0.0021	476.19	476,190,476	15,000,000
0.0042	238.10	238,095,238	15,000,000
0.0050	200.00	200,000,000	15,000,000
0.0075	133.33	133,333,333	15,000,000
0.0100	100.00	100,000,000	15,000,000
0.1000	10.00	10,000,000	10,000,000
0.5000	2.00	2,000,000	2,000,000
0.7500	1.33	1,333,333	1,333,333
1.0000	1.00	1,000,000	1,000,000

</Table>

The Company amended the Certificate of Designations for the Series A Convertible Preferred Stock, as filed with the Secretary of State of Nevada, with the consent of the original holder of the shares, Enterprise Partners, LLC. and the approval of the common shareholders. The amendments were designed to insure that the Series A Convertible Preferred Stock meets the requirements of a senior security, as defined in Section 18(g) of the 1940 Act. The Amended Certificate of Designations of Series A Convertible Preferred Stock was filed as an exhibit to the Proxy Statement filed with the SEC on Form 14A on June 19, 2006, and both the amendment and the prior issuance of the Series A Convertible Preferred Stock to Enterprise Partners, LLC was approved unanimously by our public shareholders at our Annual Meeting held on June 30, 2006.

During 2006, the Company did not engage in any merger or acquisition activity, or the acquisition or disposition of any material asset. The business of the Company was limited to engaging in the due diligence necessary to locate suitable portfolio investments for the Company, as a Business Development Company.

Financial information about market segments.

The Company does not currently have any portfolio investments and therefore has no market segment information. All material information regarding the activities of the Company is reflected in the financial statements included in this report.

Narrative description of business.

As a Business Development Company, or BDC, under the 1940 Act, the business model of the Company is to locate, invest in and provide management assistance to small public and private companies to enable those companies to undertake their own business plans and models.

Although we are not limited, as a BDC, to seeking portfolio investments in a particular market segment, we intend to seek investment in companies operating in the alternative energy markets, including bio-diesel and bio-fuels, wind-farming, solar power, waste site gas utilization, and similar areas.

In connection with our BDC election, the Company has adopted Corporate Governance resolutions and intends to operate as a closed-end management investment company as a business development company (a BDC).

INVESTMENT STRATEGY

We have conducted limited operations to date. Under the BDC election, we have been organized to provide investors with the opportunity to participate, with a modest amount in venture capital, in investments that are generally not available to the public and that typically require substantially larger financial commitments. In addition, we will provide professional management and administration that might otherwise be unavailable to investors if they were to engage directly in venture capital investing. We have decided to be regulated as a business development company under the 1940 Act, and will operate as a non-diversified company as that term is defined in Section 5(b)(2) of the 1940 Act. We will, at

all times, conduct our business so as to retain our status as a BDC. We may not change the nature of our business so as to cease to be, or withdraw our election as, a BDC without the approval of the holders of a majority of our outstanding voting stock as defined under the 1940 Act.

As a business development company, we are required to invest at least 70% of our total assets in qualifying assets, which, generally, are securities of private companies or securities of public companies whose securities are not eligible for purchase on margin (which includes many companies with thinly traded securities that are quoted in the pink sheets or the NASD Electronic Quotation Service.) We must also offer to provide significant managerial assistance to these portfolio companies. Qualifying assets may also include:

- * cash,
- * cash equivalents,
- * U.S. Government securities, or
- * high-quality debt investments maturing in one year or less from the date of investment.

We may invest a portion of the remaining 30% of our total assets in debt and/or equity securities of companies that may be larger or more stabilized than target portfolio companies.

Nature of a BDC

The 1940 Act defines a BDC as a closed-end management investment company that provides small businesses that qualify as an eligible portfolio company with investment capital and also significant managerial assistance.

A BDC is required under the 1940 Act to invest at least 70% of its total assets in qualifying assets consisting of eligible portfolio companies as defined in the 1940 Act and certain other assets including cash and cash equivalents.

An eligible portfolio company generally is a United States company that is not an investment company and that:

- * does not have a class of securities registered on an exchange or included in the Federal Reserve Board's over-the-counter margin list;
- * is actively controlled by a BDC and has an affiliate of a BDC on its board of directors; or
- * meets such other criteria as may be established by the SEC.

Control under the 1940 Act is presumed to exist where a BDC owns more than 25% of the outstanding voting securities of the eligible portfolio company. We may or may not control our portfolio companies. An example of an eligible portfolio company is a new start up company or a privately owned company that has not yet gone public by selling its shares in the open market and has not applied to have its shares listed on a nationally recognized exchange such as the NYSE the American Stock Exchange, National Association of Securities Dealers' Automated Quotation System, or the National Market System. An eligible portfolio company can also be one which is subject to filing, has filed, or has recently emerged from reorganization protection under Chapter 11 of the Bankruptcy Act.

A BDC may invest the remaining 30% of its total assets in non-qualifying assets, including companies that are not eligible portfolio companies. The foregoing percentages will be determined, in the case of financings in which a BDC commits to provide financing prior to funding the commitment, by the Amount of the BDC's total assets represented by the value of the maximum amount of securities to be issued by the borrower or lessee to the BDC pursuant to such commitment. As a BDC, we must invest at least 70% of our total assets in qualifying assets but may invest more in such qualifying assets.

Primary Strategy

We have significant relative flexibility in selecting and structuring our investments. We are not subject to many of the regulatory limitations that govern traditional lending institutions such as banks. We will seek to structure our investments so as to take into account the uncertain and potentially variable financial performance of our portfolio companies. This should enable our portfolio companies to retain access to committed capital at different stages in their development and eliminate some of the uncertainty surrounding their capital allocation decisions. We will calculate rates of return on invested capital based on a combination of up-front commitment fees, current and deferred interest rates and residual values, which may take the form of common stock, warrants, equity appreciation rights or future contract payments. We believe that this flexible approach to structuring investments will facilitate positive, long-term relationships with our portfolio companies and enable us to become a preferred source of capital to them. We also believe our approach should enable debt financing to develop into a viable alternative capital source for funding the growth of target companies that wish to avoid the dilutive effects of equity financings for existing equity holders.

Longer Investment Horizon

We are not subject to periodic capital return requirements. These requirements, which are standard for most private equity and venture capital funds, typically require that these funds return to investors the initial capital investment after a pre-agreed time, together with any capital gains on such capital investment. These provisions often force such funds to seek the return of their investments in portfolio companies through mergers, public equity offerings or other liquidity events more quickly than they otherwise might, which can result in a lower overall return to investors and adversely affect the ultimate viability of the affected portfolio companies. Because we may invest in the same portfolio companies as these funds, we are subject to these risks if these funds demand a return on their investments in the portfolio companies. We believe that our flexibility to take a longer-term view should help us to maximize returns on our invested capital while still meeting the needs of our portfolio companies.

Established Deal Sourcing Network

We believe that, through our management and directors, we have solid contacts and sources from which to generate investment opportunities. These contacts and sources include:

- * public and private companies,
- * investment bankers,
- * attorneys,
- * accountants,
- * consultants, and
- * commercial bankers.

However, we cannot assure you that such relationships will lead to the origination of equity, debt or other investments.

Investment Criteria

As a matter of policy, we will not purchase or sell real estate or interests in real estate or real estate investment trusts except that we may:

- * purchase and sell real estate or interests in real estate in connection with the orderly liquidation of investments, or in connection with foreclosure on collateral;
- * own the securities of companies that are in the business of buying, selling or developing real estate; or
- * finance the purchase of real estate by our portfolio companies.

We will limit our investments in more traditional securities (stock and debt instruments) and will not, as a matter of policy:

- * sell securities short except with regard to managing the risks associated with publicly-traded securities issued by our portfolio companies; or
- * purchase securities on margin (except to the extent that we may purchase securities with borrowed money); or
- * engage in the purchase or sale of commodities or commodity contracts, including futures contracts except where necessary in working out distressed loans or similar investment situations or in hedging the risks associated with interest rate fluctuations, and, in such cases, only after all necessary registrations or exemptions from registration with the Commodity Futures Trading Commission have been obtained.

Prospective Portfolio Company Characteristics. We have identified several criteria that we believe will prove important in seeking our investment objective with respect to target companies. These criteria will provide general guidelines for our investment decisions; however, we caution readers that not all of these criteria will be met by each prospective portfolio company in which we choose to invest.

Experienced Management. We will generally require that our portfolio companies have an experienced president or management team. We will also require the portfolio companies to have in place proper incentives to induce management to succeed and to act in concert with our interests as investors, including having significant equity interests. We intend to provide assistance in this area either supervising management or providing management for our portfolio companies.

Products or Services. We will seek companies that are involved in products or services that do not require significant additional capital or research

expenditures. In general, we will seek target companies that make innovative use of proven technologies or methods.

Proprietary Advantage. We expect to favor companies that can demonstrate some kind of proprietary sustainable advantage with respect to their competition. Proprietary advantages include, but are not limited to:

- * patents or trade secrets with respect to owning or manufacturing its products, and
- * a demonstrable and sustainable marketing advantage over its competition.

Marketing strategies impose unusual burdens on management to be continuously ahead of its competition, either through some kind of technological advantage or by being continuously more creative than its competition.

Profitable or Nearly Profitable Operations Based on Cash Flow from Operations.

We will focus on target companies that are profitable or nearly profitable on an operating cash flow basis. Typically, we would not expect to invest in start-up companies unless there is a clear exit strategy in place.

Potential for Future Growth

We will generally require that a prospective target company, in addition to generating sufficient cash flow to cover its operating costs and service its debt, demonstrate an ability to increase its revenues and operating cash flow over time. The anticipated growth rate of a prospective target company will be a key factor in determining the value that we ascribe to any warrants or other equity securities that we may acquire in connection with an investment in debt securities.

Exit Strategy

Prior to making an investment in a portfolio company, we will analyze the potential for that company to increase the liquidity of its common equity through a future event that would enable us to realize appreciation, if any, in the value of our equity interest. Liquidity events may include:

- * an initial public offering,
- * a private sale of our equity interest to a third party,
- * a merger or an acquisition of the portfolio company, or
- * a purchase of our equity position by the portfolio company or one of its stockholders.

We may acquire warrants to purchase equity securities and/or convertible preferred stock of the eligible portfolio companies in connection with providing financing. The terms of the warrants, including the expiration date, exercise price and terms of the equity security for which the warrant may be exercised, will be negotiated individually with each eligible portfolio company, and will likely be affected by the price and terms of securities issued by the eligible portfolio company to other venture capitalists and other holders. We anticipate that most warrants will be

for a term of five to ten years, and will have an exercise price based upon the price at which the eligible portfolio company most recently issued equity securities or, if a new equity offering is imminent, the proposed offering price of the equity securities. The equity securities for which the warrant will be exercised generally will be common stock, of which there may be one or more classes, or convertible preferred stock. Substantially all the warrants and underlying equity securities will be restricted securities under the 1933 Act at the time of the issuance. We will generally negotiate for registration rights with the issuer that may provide:

- * piggyback registration rights, which will permit us under certain circumstances, to include some or all of the securities owned by us in a registration statement filed by the eligible portfolio company, or
- * in some circumstances, "demand" registration rights permitting us, under certain circumstances, to require the eligible portfolio company to register securities under the 1933 Act, in some cases at our expense.

We will generally negotiate net issuance provisions in the warrants, which will allow us to receive upon exercise of the warrant without payment of any cash a net amount of shares determined by the increase in the value of the issuer's stock above the exercise price stated in the warrant.

Liquidation Value of Assets

Although we do not intend to operate as an asset based lender, the prospective liquidation value of the assets, if any, collateralizing any debt securities that we hold will be an important factor in our credit analysis. We will emphasize both tangible assets, such as:

- * accounts receivable,
- * inventory, and
- * equipment,

and intangible assets, such as:

- * intellectual property,
- * customer lists,
- * networks, and
- * databases.

Investment Process

Due Diligence. If a target company generally meets the characteristics described above, we will perform initial due diligence, including:

- * company and technology assessments,
- * existing management team,
- * market analysis,
- * competitive analysis,
- * evaluation of management, risk analysis and transaction size,
- * pricing, and
- * structure analysis.

Much of this work will be done by management and professionals who are well

known by management. The criteria delineated above provide general parameters for our investment decisions. We intend to pursue an investment strategy by further imposing such criteria and reviews that best insures the value of our investments. As unique circumstances may arise or be uncovered, not all of such criteria will be followed in each instance but the process provides a guideline by which investments can be prudently made and managed. Upon successful completion of the preliminary evaluation, we will decide whether to deliver a non-binding letter of intent and move forward towards the completion of a transaction.

In our review of the management team, we look at the following:

- * Interviews with management and significant shareholders, including any financial or strategic sponsor;
- * Review of financing history;
- * Review of management's track record with respect to:
 - o product development and marketing,
 - o mergers and acquisitions,
 - o alliances,
 - o collaborations,
 - o research and development outsourcing and other strategic activities;
- * Assessment of competition; and
- * Review of exit strategies.

In our review of the financial conditions, we look at the following:

- * Evaluation of future financing needs and plans;
- * Detailed analysis of financial performance;
- * Development of pro forma financial projections; and
- * Review of assets and liabilities, including contingent liabilities, if any, and legal and regulatory risks.

In our review of the products and services of the portfolio company, we look at the following:

- * Evaluation of intellectual property position;
- * Review of existing customer or similar agreements and arrangements;
- * Analysis of core technology;
- * Assessment of collaborations;
- * Review of sales and marketing procedures; and
- * Assessment of market and growth potential.

Upon completion of these analyses, we will conduct on-site visits with the target company's management team. Also, in cases in which a target company is at a mature stage of development and if other matters exist that warrant such an evaluation, we will obtain an independent appraisal of the target company.

Ongoing Relationships with Portfolio Companies

Monitoring. We will continuously monitor our portfolio companies in order to determine whether they are meeting our financing criteria and their

respective business plans. We may decline to make additional investments in portfolio companies that do not continue to meet our financing criteria. However, we may choose to make additional investments in portfolio companies that do not do so, but we believe that we will nevertheless perform well in the future.

We will monitor the financial trends of each portfolio company to assess the appropriate course of action for each company and to evaluate overall portfolio quality. Our management team and consulting professionals, who are well known by our management team, will closely monitor the status and performance of each individual company on at least a quarterly and, in some cases, a monthly basis.

We will use several methods of evaluating and monitoring the performance and fair value of our debt and equity positions, including but not limited to the following:

- * Assessment of business development success, including product development, financings, profitability and the portfolio company's overall adherence to its business plan;
- * Periodic and regular contact with portfolio company management to discuss financial position, requirements and accomplishments;
- * Periodic and regular formal update interviews with portfolio company management and, if appropriate, the financial or strategic sponsor;
- * Attendance at and participation in board meetings;
- * Review of monthly and quarterly financial statements and financial projections for portfolio companies.

Managerial Assistance. As a business development company, we will offer, and in many cases may provide, significant managerial assistance to our portfolio companies. This assistance will typically involve:

- * monitoring the operations of our portfolio companies,
- * participating in their board and management meetings,
- * consulting with and advising their officers,
- * providing other organizational and financial guidance, and
- * placing a representative on the Board of Directors or other governing body of each portfolio company.

Diversification

As a BDC, we must invest at least 70% of our total assets in qualifying assets consisting of investments in eligible portfolio companies and certain other assets including cash and cash equivalents. In order to receive favorable pass-through tax treatment on any distributions to our shareholders, we intend to diversify our pool of investments in such a manner so as to qualify as a diversified closed end management investment company. However, because of the limited size of the funding which is likely to be available to us, we will likely be classified as a non-diversified closed end investment company under the 1940 Act. Until we qualify as a registered investment company, we will not be subject to the diversification requirements applicable to RICs under the Internal Revenue Code. Therefore, we will not receive favorable pass through tax treatment on distributions to our shareholders. In the future, we will seek to increase the diversification of our portfolio so as to make it possible to

meet the RIC diversification requirements, as described below. We cannot assure you, however, that we will ever be able to meet those requirements.

To qualify as a RIC, we must meet the issuer diversification standards under the Internal Revenue Code that require that, at the close of each quarter of our taxable year,

- * not more than 25% of the market value of our total assets is invested in the securities of a single issuer, and
- * at least 50% of the market value of our total assets is represented by cash, cash items, government securities, securities of other RICs, and other securities.

Each investment in these other securities is limited so that not more than 5% of the market value of our total assets is invested in the securities of a single issuer and we do not own more than 10% of the outstanding voting securities of a single issuer. For purposes of the diversification requirements under the Internal Revenue Code, the percentage of our total assets invested in securities of a portfolio company will be deemed to refer, in the case of financings in which we commit to provide financing prior to funding the commitment, to the amount of our total assets represented by the value of the securities issued by the eligible portfolio company to us at the time each portion of the commitment is funded.

Investment Amounts

The amount of funds committed to a portfolio company and the ownership percentage received will vary depending on the maturity of the portfolio company, the quality and completeness of the portfolio company's management team, the perceived business opportunity, the capital required compared to existing capital, and the potential return. Although investment amounts will vary considerably, we expect that the average investment, including follow-on investments, will be between \$250,000 and \$5,000,000.

Competition

Our primary competitors to provide financing to target companies, including target companies in the alternative energy industry, will include private equity and venture capital funds, other equity and non-equity based investment funds and investment banks and other sources of financing, including traditional financial services companies such as commercial banks and specialty finance companies. Many of these entities have substantially greater financial and managerial resources than we will have. We believe that our competitive advantage with regard to quality target companies relates to our ability to negotiate flexible terms and to complete our review process on a timely basis. We cannot assure you that we will be successful in implementing our strategies.

Financial information about geographic areas.

The Company has not engaged in any activities, and has no customers or portfolio investments, outside of the United States. As a BDC, our investment portfolio is limited to U.S. companies, although a portfolio company in which we invest may have operations in both the U.S. and outside the U.S.

Item 1A. Risk Factors.

THE COMPANY HAS LIMITED RESOURCES AND NO PRESENT SOURCE OF REVENUES

The Company has limited resources and has had no revenues to date. In addition, the Company will not achieve any revenues until, at the earliest, the consummation of a Portfolio Investment. Moreover, there can be no assurance that any Portfolio Investment, at the time of the Company's consummation of an investment, or at any time thereafter, will provide any material revenues from its operations or operate on a profitable basis.

THE COMPANY MAY NEED ADDITIONAL FINANCING IN ORDER TO EXECUTE ITS BUSINESS PLAN

The Company has had no revenues to date and will be entirely dependent upon its limited available financial resources. The Company cannot ascertain with any degree of certainty the capital requirements for the execution of its business plan. In the event that the Company's limited financial resources prove to be insufficient to implement the Company's business plan, the Company may be required to seek additional financing.

ADDITIONAL FINANCING MAY NOT BE AVAILABLE TO THE COMPANY IF NEEDED

There can be no assurance that additional financing, if needed, will be available on acceptable terms, or at all. To the extent that additional financing proves to be unavailable when needed, the Company would, in all likelihood, be compelled to abandon plans for a Portfolio Investment, and would have minimal capital remaining to pursue other Portfolio Companies. The failure by the Company to secure additional financing, if needed, could also have a material adverse effect on the continued development or growth of the Portfolio Company. The Company has no arrangements with any bank or financial institution to secure additional financing and there can be no assurance that any such arrangement, if required or otherwise sought, would be available on terms deemed to be commercially acceptable and in the best interests of the Company.

THE COMPANY MAY NOT BE ABLE TO BORROW FUNDS IF NEEDED

There currently are no limitations on the Company's ability to borrow funds to increase the amount of capital available to the Company to effect a Portfolio Investment, other than the general limitation of the ratio between debt and equity imposed on all BDCs by the 1940 Act. Moreover, the limited resources of the Company and lack of operating history will make it difficult to borrow funds. The amount and nature of any borrowings by the Company will depend on numerous considerations, including the Company's capital requirements, the Company's perceived ability to meet debt service on any such borrowings and the then prevailing conditions in the financial markets, as well as general economic conditions. There can be no assurance that debt financing, if required or sought, would be available on terms deemed to be commercially acceptable by and in the best interests of the Company. The inability of the Company to borrow funds required to effect or facilitate an investment, or to provide funds for an additional infusion of capital into a Portfolio Company, may have a material adverse effect on the Company's financial condition and future prospects. Additionally, to the extent that debt financing ultimately proves to be available, any

borrowings may subject the Company to various risks traditionally associated with indebtedness, including the risks of interest rate fluctuations and insufficiency of cash flow to pay principal and interest. Furthermore, a Portfolio Company may have already incurred borrowings and, therefore, all the risks inherent thereto.

THE COMPANY IS UNABLE TO ASCERTAIN RISKS RELATING TO THE INDUSTRY AND NATURE OF UNIDENTIFIED PORTFOLIO INVESTMENT TARGETS

The Company has not yet selected any particular Portfolio Company in the alternative energy industry in which to concentrate its investment efforts. The directors and executive officers of the Company have had no contact or discussions with any entity or representatives of any entity regarding consummation of a Portfolio Investment. Accordingly, there is no basis to evaluate the possible merits or risks of a Portfolio Investment, and therefore risks of a currently unascertainable nature may arise when a specific Portfolio Company is chosen. For example, to the extent that the Company effects an investment in a financially unstable company or an entity in its early stage of development or growth (including entities without established records of revenues or income), the Company will become subject to numerous risks inherent in the business and operations of financially unstable and early stage or potential emerging growth companies. In addition, to the extent that the Company effects an investment in an entity in an industry characterized by a high level of risk such as the alternative energy industry, the Company will become subject to the currently unascertainable risks of that industry. Although management will endeavor to evaluate the risks inherent in a particular Portfolio Company, there can be no assurance that the Company will properly ascertain or assess all such risks.

SUCCESS OF THE COMPANY'S BUSINESS PLAN DEPENDS IN LARGE PART UPON THE CONSUMMATION OF A PORTFOLIO INVESTMENT

The success of the Company's proposed plan of operation will depend to a great extent on locating and consummating an investment in a Portfolio Company. Subsequent to any investment, the Company's success will depend greatly on the operations, financial condition, and management of the identified Portfolio Company. While management intends to seek an investment in a company that has an established operating history, it cannot assure that the Company will successfully locate candidates meeting such criteria. In the event the Company completes an investment, the success of the Company's operations may be dependent upon management of the Portfolio Company and numerous other factors beyond the Company's control.

THE COMPANY DEPENDS UPON ITS EXECUTIVE OFFICERS AND DIRECTORS

The ability of the Company to successfully effect a Portfolio Investment will be dependent upon the efforts of its executive officers and directors, as well as its ability to attract additional directors and executive officers. The Company has not entered into employment agreements or other understandings with any officer or director concerning compensation or obtained any "key man" life insurance on his or her life.

THERE EXIST RISKS TO STOCKHOLDERS RELATING TO DILUTION: AUTHORIZATION OF ADDITIONAL SECURITIES AND REDUCTION OF PERCENTAGE SHARE OWNERSHIP FOLLOWING A PORTFOLIO INVESTMENT

To the extent that additional shares of Common Stock are issued, the Company's stockholders would experience dilution of their respective ownership interests in the Company. Additionally, if the Company issues a substantial number of shares of Common Stock in connection with or following a Portfolio Investment, a change in control of the Company may occur which may affect, among other things, the Company's ability to utilize net operating loss carry forwards, if any. Furthermore, the issuance of a substantial number of shares of Common Stock may adversely affect prevailing market prices, if any, for the Common Stock and could impair the Company's ability to raise additional capital through the sale of its equity securities. The Company may use consultants and other third parties providing goods and services, including assistance in the identification and evaluation of potential Portfolio Companies. These consultants or third parties may be paid in cash, stock, options or other securities of the Company, and the consultants or third parties may be Placement Agents or their affiliates.

THE COMPANY EXPECTS TO PAY NO CASH DIVIDENDS

The Company does not expect to pay dividends prior to the consummation of a Portfolio Investment. The payment of dividends after consummating any such investment will be contingent upon the Company's revenues and earnings, if any, capital requirements, and general financial condition subsequent to consummation of an investment. The payment of any dividends subsequent to an investment will be within the discretion of the Company's then Board of Directors. The Company presently intends to retain all earnings, if any, for use in the Company's business operations and accordingly, the Board does not anticipate declaring any dividends in the foreseeable future.

THE COMPANY IS AUTHORIZED TO ISSUE PREFERRED STOCK

The Company's Certificate of Incorporation authorizes the issuance of 5,000,000 shares of preferred stock (the "Preferred Stock"), with such designations, powers, preferences, rights, qualifications, limitations and restrictions of such series as the Board of Directors, subject to the laws of the State of Nevada, may determine from time to time. Accordingly, the Board of Directors is empowered, without stockholder approval, to issue Preferred Stock with dividend, liquidation, conversion, voting or other rights which could adversely affect the voting power or other rights of the holders of Common Stock. In addition, the Preferred Stock could be utilized, under certain circumstances, as a method of discouraging, delaying or preventing a change in control of the Company. As of the date of this report, the Company has one million outstanding shares of Preferred Stock.

On February 26, 2006, the Board of Directors authorized the establishment of a Class A Convertible Preferred Stock, with one million shares authorized to be issued. A Designation of Preferences for the Class A Convertible Preferred Stock was filed with the Secretary of State of Nevada on February 27, 2006. The Board of Directors authorized the issuance of the 1 million shares to Enterprise Partners, LLC, our majority stockholder, in return for conversion of an outstanding liability in the amount of \$60,000 owed to Enterprise

Partners, LLC for initial seed capital for operations. On June 30, 2006, at our Annual Meeting of Shareholders, an Amended Certificate of Designations for the Class A Convertible Preferred Stock was approved by our public shareholders and the issue of those shares also was approved.

Item 1B. Unresolved Staff Comments.

Not applicable.

Item 2. Properties.

The Company neither owns nor leases any significant real estate or other properties at the present time. The Company requires minimal office space and the Company has subleased space for corporate and administrative purposes in Cocoa, Florida from CF Consulting, LLC., an independent consultant to the Company, for \$450 per month commencing in February, 2006. This arrangement will continue until the Company raises funding and determines that more extensive office space is necessary for its operations.

Item 3. Legal Proceedings

There are no legal proceedings pending, or to the best knowledge of management, threatened against the Company. There were no legal proceedings previously pending which were resolved during the fourth quarter of the fiscal year ended December 31, 2006.

Item 4. Submission of Matters to a Vote of Security Holders

No matters were submitted to a vote of security holders of the Company during the fourth quarter of the fiscal year, ended December 31, 2006.

PART II

Item 5. Market for Registrant's Common Equity, Related Stockholder Matters and Issuer Purchases of Equity Securities.

(a) Market information. During 2006, no shares of stock of the Company were listed or admitted for trading on any national exchange or on the over-the-counter markets, and there was no established public trading market for our common stock. As a result, no information regarding high and low sales prices or high and low bid information for the common shares is available or provided in this report.

On January 19, 2007, the Company was notified that its common shares had been admitted for trading on the OTC Bulletin Board under the symbol UEEC. There has been only limited, sporadic trading activity to date.

(b) Holders. As of February 1, 2007, there were approximately 62 holders of record of our common stock.

(c) Dividends. The Company has not paid any dividends to date, has not yet generated earnings sufficient to pay dividends, and currently does not intend to pay dividends in the foreseeable future.

(d) Securities authorized for issuance under equity compensation plans. Although the Company has two authorized equity compensation plans approved by

its shareholders in 1997, before it elected to be treated as a business development company, no stock options, grants, warrants or other awards have ever been made under the plans. The By-laws of the Company prohibit the grant or award of any such options, grants, warrants or other awards so long as the Company maintains its election to be treated as a business development company. Under the rules regulating a business development company under the Investment Company Act of 1940, the Company may not issue or award any such options, grants, warrants or other incentive compensation awards because it also has a capital gains based incentive in effect with its investment adviser, United EcoEnergy Advisers, LLC.

The following table sets forth, as of the year ended December 31, 2006, certain information with respect to the compensation plans and individual compensation arrangements to which the Company is a party, if any, under which any equity securities of the Company are authorized for issuance.

Plan category	Number of securities to be issued upon exercise of outstanding options, warrants and rights (a)	Weighted average exercise price of outstanding options, warrants and rights (b)	Number of securities remaining available for future issuance under equity compensation plans (c)

Equity compensation plans approved by security holders			
1997 EMPLOYEE STOCK COMPENSATION PLAN	-0-	N/A	1,000,000
1997 COMPENSATORY STOCK OPTION PLAN	-0-	N/A	1,500,000
Equity compensation plans not approved by security holders			
NONE	N/A	N/A	N/A

Total	-0-		

Item 6. Selected Financial Data.

The Company was in a development stage through the end of 2005 and had no income or assets during the period from its incorporation in 1997 through the end of 2005. Therefore, the information required by Item 301 of Regulation S-K is omitted for that period as not material.

During 2006, after the election to be treated as a BDC, the Company has had no revenues, income from continuing operations, and similar items, and has not had any accounting changes, or business combinations or dispositions. The net loss, net loss per common share, net asset values, net asset value per common share, and related financial data as a BDC are all included in the financial statements included in this report

Item 7. Management Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations.

We have elected to be treated as a business development company under the 1940 Act. Accordingly, we are required to comply with certain regulatory requirements. For instance, we generally have to invest at least 70% of our total assets in qualifying assets, including securities of private or thinly traded public U.S. companies, cash, cash equivalents, U.S. government securities and high-quality debt investments that mature in one year or less. We will typically invest under normal circumstances, at least 80 percent of net assets in alternative energy companies.

We intend to invest in companies in the alternative energy industry, including bio-fuel companies, most of which have relatively short or no operating histories. These companies are and will be subject to all the business risks and uncertainties associated with any new business enterprise, including the risk that these companies may not reach their investment objective and the value of our investment in them may decline substantially or fall to zero.

As of December 31, 2006, we had not yet made any portfolio or other investments. However, we signed several letters of intent for such acquisitions, subject to our obtaining funding. On February 6, 2007, we announced the signing of a binding letter of intent to acquire GEI Development, LLC and Solid Waste Properties, LLC, in exchange for 25,290,600 shares of our common stock. Subject to due diligence and the raising of an initial working capital amount of \$2 million, we expect to close on these acquisitions on or before March 31, 2007. A copy of the binding letter of intent was attached to our report on Form 8-K, filed with the SEC on February 6, 2007.

Results of Operations

During the year ended December 31, 2006, the Company made considerable efforts to carry out its business plan as a Business Development Company. These efforts included both business development and financing activities.

William K. Mackey, our CEO, traveled extensively in pursuit of these objectives, meeting with numerous potential venture partners and portfolio investment companies. Mr. Mackey met with the principals of investment partners as well as potential portfolio companies in New York, Texas, Tennessee, Alabama, Georgia and parts of Florida during the year. These efforts resulted in either mutual understandings, non-binding letters of intent or proposed joint ventures. Also, management explored several potential technologies in both alternative energy and renewable fuels arena as possible investments. AS noted, we also negotiated a binding letter of intent to acquire GEI Development, LLC and Solid Waste Properties, LLC for 25,290,600 shares of our common stock, and are in the due diligence stage of that acquisition.

On the finance side, the Company submitted several proposals to its then investment banker, Lempert Brothers International USA. The Company has subsequently terminated that relationship for lack of performance and has demanded a return of the initial fee of \$10,000. The Company also was introduced to several sources for debt side financing of potential acquisitions. The Company also initiated discussions with Access Energy for the purpose of financing various wind projects. These talks have progressed and will continue into the next fiscal year.

The Company has reviewed numerous alternative energy technologies, including proprietary technologies of Woodland Chemical Systems, Pure Energy, Inc. and CTI Bio-fuels. The Company has signed non-disclosure agreements with all of these firms and with Emissions Technologies, Inc., in order to further explore the technologies and consider an investment.

United entered into a joint venture with Alternative Fuels LLC to explore converting biomass into ethanol. The Company also has exchanged non-binding letters of intent with SafeFuels, Inc. of Houston, Texas, Imperial Recovery of Houston, Texas, and Novis Energy of Atlanta, Georgia, with the goal of entering into definitive investment agreements with each of these companies.

Further, management continued to explore potential relationships or investments in ethanol, bio-diesel, biomass and wind opportunities from Venezuela (Mandioca Project), Minnesota (Gamasa Project), and Arkansas (Arkansas and Helens Projects).

The Company's President meets with the Company's Investment Advisor each Monday, Wednesday and Friday to review the current investment activities of the Company. Management believes that recent conversations matching business development opportunities and potential financings are moving toward several potential investment scenarios in the current fiscal year.

Besides exploring traditional sources of financings with its investment banker, management also has met with CRT LLC, Ardour Capital, Giordano Securities and others. The Company has attended conferences such as Value Rich and obtained various memberships in web news letters advising the Company on industry developments. Examples of these sites include HedgeFund.net, Renewable Energy Weekly and North American Wind Power.

Through the end of the fiscal year, the Company has expended over \$190,000 in connection with its Business Development Company operations, and has entered into many financing agreements, investment banking agreements and letters of intent for acquisitions of portfolio companies.

Critical Accounting Policies

In determining the fair value of our investments, the Audit Committee will consider valuations from an independent valuation firm, as needed, from our Investment Committee, our investment adviser and from management

Results of Operations

A comparison of the current annual results to the year ended December 31, 2005 is not meaningful, as we had not then made the election to be treated as a business development company and our business model in 2005 was to locate and merge with an operating business.

Financial Highlights

Financial highlights of the Company for the fiscal year ending December 31, 2006 are included in Footnote 6 to our Financial Statements.

Investment Activity

We engaged Lempert Brothers US in New York to assist us in raising not less

than \$10 million to enable us to continue with several pending letters of intent. In February, 2007, we terminated the relationship with Lempert Brothers for non-performance and have demanded a refund of the \$10,000 initial Fee. We have also worked with a number of other underwriters, investment bankers, hedge funds and other sources of capital to raise the funds needed for our planned portfolio investments.

Long-Term Portfolio Investments

There were no portfolio investments made during the twelve months ended December 31, 2006.

Investment Income

We expect to generate revenue in the form of interest income on the debt securities that we own, dividend income on any common or preferred stock that we own, and capital gains or losses on any debt or equity securities that we acquire in portfolio companies and subsequently sell. Our investments, if in the form of debt securities, will typically have a term of one to ten years and bear interest at a fixed or floating rate. To the extent achievable, we will seek to collateralize our investments by obtaining security interests in our portfolio companies assets. We also may acquire minority or majority equity interests in our portfolio companies, which may pay cash or in-kind dividends on a recurring or otherwise negotiated basis. In addition, we may generate revenue in other forms including commitment, origination, structuring or due diligence fees, management fees and possibly consultation fees. Any such fees generated in connection with our investments will be recognized as earned. We earned no investment income during the year ended December 31, 2006.

Operating Expenses

Operating expenses are broken down as follows:

Consulting expenses	\$ 173,120
Rent	4,950
Audit fees	6,168
Other expenses:	
Bank fees	\$ 155
Filing fees	854
Office supplies	575
Postage and delivery	237
Registered agent	295
Transfer agent	4,566
Miscellaneous	240

	6,922

Total operating expense	191,160

The consulting expenses were paid or due to CF Consulting, LLC, pursuant to a consulting agreement under which Robert Hipple serves as our CFO and Chief Compliance Officer for a monthly fee of \$5,000, to William K. Mackey, our CEO, under his consulting agreement, to Lempert Brothers International (\$10,000) and the balance to unaffiliated consultants. The specific breakdown of the consulting expenses for 2006 is as follows:

William K. Mackey	\$ 90,000
CF Consulting, LLC	60,000
Lempert Brothers	10,000
John Tristino	5,000
Stephen F. Seidow	8,120
	\$173,120

The rent expense represents rent paid or due to CF Consulting, LLC for sub-leasing office space, telephone, office equipment and related office services at the rate of \$450 per month under the same Consulting Agreement. The remaining expenses were paid or due to non-affiliated parties, including \$6,188 in professional fees to our independent audit firm for audit services and \$4,566 paid to our transfer agent for issuing of stock and related services.

Net Investment Income, Net Unrealized Appreciation and Net Increase in Stockholders Equity Resulting from Operations

Our net investment income totaled \$0 for the year ended December 31, 2006 compared to \$0 for the year ended December 31, 2005. Net unrealized appreciation totaled \$0 for the year ended December 31, 2006 compared to \$0 or the year ended December 31, 2005.

Financial Condition, Liquidity and Capital Resources

Our liquidity and capital resources were generated initially from an advance of \$60,000 by our then major shareholder, Enterprise Partners, LLC, which was later paid by the issuance of 1 million shares of Series A Convertible Preferred Stock. We also undertook an exempt offering of our common shares pursuant to a Form 1-E Application and Notice filed with the SEC on June 19, 2006, and accepted subscriptions for a total of 312,739 common shares, representing \$92,366 in additional working capital. We generated no cash flows from operations during 2006. In the future, we may fund a portion of our investments through borrowings from banks, issuances of senior securities or secondary offerings of equity, including further exempt offerings. We may also securitize a portion of our investments in mezzanine or senior secured loans or other assets. Our primary use of funds will be investments in portfolio companies.

Item 7A. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures about Market Risk.

We are subject to financial market risks, including changes in interest rates, equity price risk and some of the loans in our portfolio may have floating rates in the future. We may hedge against interest rate fluctuations by using standard hedging instruments such as futures, options and forward contracts subject to the requirements of the 1940 Act. While hedging activities may insulate us against adverse changes in interest rates, they may also limit our ability to participate in the benefits of higher interest rates with respect to our portfolio of investments. During the twelve months ended December 31, 2006, we did not engage in any hedging activities.

Since the Company to date has had no significant operations, the information and disclosures required by Item 305 of Regulation S-K are omitted as not material.

Item 8. Financial Statements and Supplementary Data.

See the index to the financial statements of the Company on page 32.

Item 9. Changes in and Disagreements with Accountants on Accounting and Financial Disclosure.

None

Item 9A. Controls and Procedures.

Within 90 days prior to the filing of this Form 10-K, an evaluation was carried out by William K. Mackey, our CEO and President and Robert Hipple, our Chief Financial Officer, as of the end of the reporting period covered by this report, of the effectiveness of our disclosure controls and procedures. Disclosure controls and procedures are procedures that are designed with the objective of ensuring that information required to be disclosed in our reports filed under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, such as this Form 10-K, is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time period specified in the Securities and Exchange Commission's rules and forms. Based on that evaluation, Mr. Mackey and Mr. Hipple concluded that, as of December 31, 2006, and as of the date that the evaluation of the effectiveness of our disclosure controls and procedures was completed, our disclosure controls and procedures were effective to satisfy the objectives for which they are intended.

There were no changes in our internal control over financial reporting identified in connection with the evaluation performed that occurred during the fiscal year covered by this report that has materially affected or is reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

Item 9B. Other Information.

None

PART III

Item 10. Directors, Executive Officers and Corporate Governance.

IDENTIFICATION OF DIRECTORS and EXECUTIVE OFFICERS

The persons who served as directors and executive officers of the Company through the period ending December 31, 2006 covered by this report, their ages and positions held in the Company, are listed below.

Name	Age	Position
Stephen Siedow _1/	56	Former Chief Executive Officer, President and Chief Financial Officer
William Mackey	55	Chairman, CEO, Director
Adam Mayblum	41	Director
William L. Sklar	59	Director
Alec Hoke	40	Director
John Paul DeVito	50	Director
Robert Hipple	62	Contract CFO

1. Mr. Siedow resigned as an officer and director of the Company effective February 22, 2006.

BIOGRAPHICAL INFORMATION

William Mackey - Chief Executive Officer, Chairman and Director. Mr. Mackey, age 55, joined United EcoEnergy after thirty years of C level experience in both public and private companies. He began his career in the chemical process industry where he spent 21 years in various roles from sales & marketing, the laboratory from technician to Technical Director, as Plant Manager and various executive positions including President and Chairman of the Board. Mr. Mackey also has 10 years of public company experience acting as a Director, Chairman and CFO, President and CEO. He has managed multiple locations and hundreds of employees at a time during his tenure. His experience has allowed him to access the capital markets for both debt & equity, communicate his company's message to the investing public and close 22 M & A transactions. Mr. Mackey is also a managing director and one-third owner of United EcoEnergy Advisers, LLC, the Company investment adviser

Adam Mayblum, age 41, co-founded United EcoEnergy Advisers, LLC and is a principal and founder of Enterprise Partners, LLC, the former majority shareholder of the Company. Prior to founding Enterprise Partners, LLC, he had 17 years of experience in the financial markets as a top retail producer specializing in Public Venture Capital. In 1998 Mr. Mayblum left his position as Branch Manager of HJ Meyers in NY to become a Managing Director of The May Davis Group, specializing in PIPES (Private Investments in Public Equity). In 2002, Mr. Mayblum took a position as the Managing Director of the Private Equities Group of Joseph Stevens & Company where he successfully completed numerous financings and advised many companies on changes in the regulatory environment and the impact those changes have on their ability to raise capital in the public and private markets. He graduated from Emory University in 1987 with a BBA in Management. Mr. Mayblum is also a managing director and one-third owner of United EcoEnergy Advisers, LLC, the Company investment adviser, and also serves as a director of American Development & Investment Fund, Inc., a BDC focused on markets other than alternative energy.

Alec Hoke is a senior vice president of Summit Brokerage Services in Boca Raton, Florida. Prior to that he was a senior vice president at First Union Securities until it merged with Wachovia Securities. He has extensive experience in venture capital as well as specialized industry analysis. Alec expanded his knowledge into stock market related work with several venture capital and investment banking firms, specializing in start-up financing. Mr. Hoke started his investment career with Massachusetts Mutual Life Insurance Company where he developed skills in estate planning and needs analysis to manage risk. He is a native of Princeton, New Jersey. He attended Rutgers University on a football scholarship, where he was an All-American linebacker and earned his degree in Management.

William L. Sklar has served as a consultant with Willmar Management Corp. since 1988. Since September 2004 Mr. Sklar has been the Chairman and a Director of PaperFree Medical Solutions, Inc., a company trading on the OTC BB. Since October 26, 2005 Mr. Sklar has been a director of Radiate Research a public company. From July 1983 to October 1988 Mr. Sklar was the owner of Western Bag & Burlap a textile manufacturer. Mr. Sklar, aged 59, holds a Bachelor of Commerce from the University of Toronto.

John DeVito is currently Director of Business Development for Bon-Trade Solutions, Inc., and has worked in the securities and investment banking industry for thirty years. He has served as COO of May Davis Group, Inc.; CEO of EastBrokers International, Inc., a broker Dealer specializing in emerging markets in Central and Eastern Europe; and Vice President of JB Oxford & Company, Inc. He has also worked with PaineWebber Incorporated and Smith Barney Harris Upham & Co. He holds a BA in Psychology from New York University and a Diploma in Financial Planning, also from New York University. He currently holds Series 4, 7, 24, 27, 54, 55, 63 and 65 licenses from the NASD, Inc.

Robert Hipple serves as Chief Financial Officer of the Company on a consulting basis through CF Consulting, LLC. Mr. Hipple is an attorney, former law professor and senior executive with 35 years experience as president and chief executive officer, chief financial officer and general counsel, as well as a director, for several public (NYSE, AMEX and NASDAQ) companies. He also has extensive experience with public mergers, acquisitions and capital raising, along with personal relations with investment banks, broker/dealers, and market makers, and has taught both taxation and federal securities law at Georgetown University Law School, Emory University Law School, the University of San Diego School of Law and Florida A&M University College of Law. Mr. Hipple also serves as Chief Financial Officer for Neptune Industries, Inc., an OTC BB traded (NPDI) company in the aquaculture business based in Boca Raton, Florida, again on a contract consulting basis, and as Interim CEO and CFO of American development & Investment Fund, Inc., a public reporting, but non-trading business development company in which Enterprise Partners, LLC, former majority shareholder of the Company, is also the majority shareholder.

POTENTIAL CONFLICTS of INTEREST

For all periods subsequent to the Company election to operate as a BDC on February 28, 2006, the Company is required to and will maintain a Board of Directors made up of a majority of independent directors, and will operate within the rules and requirements of a BDC under the 1940 Act. The Company has adopted a Conflicts of Interest Policy which is designed to prevent any real or potential conflicts of interest for its directors and officers. The Company is not aware of any conflicts of interest, actual or potential, between its intended plan of operations and any director or officer of the Company, or any company in which that officer or director is an officer or director. There are no known interlocking directorships among the officers and directors of the Company which could create potential conflicts of interest. As required by the applicable BDC rules, the Company will hold an Annual Meeting of Shareholders as soon as possible after the filing of this report in order to elect its Board of Directors and to conduct such other business as might be required. No date has been set yet for the Annual Meeting, but it is expected that the Annual Meeting will be held in April, 2007.

SIGNIFICANT EMPLOYEES

None, other than the two officers of the Company listed above, who act as Officers pursuant to consulting agreements.

COMMITTEES AND BOARD MEETINGS

The Company has adopted charters for its Audit Committee, Investment Committee, Compensation Committee and Governance and Nominating Committee,

which it submitted for approval by its shareholders at the Annual Meeting of Shareholders, held on June 30, 2006. Following approval of the charters, members of the Board of Directors elected at the Annual Meeting were appointed to each of the Committees, as follows:

AUDIT COMMITTEE

The Audit Committee is made up entirely of independent, non-affiliated Directors William L. Sklar, Alec Hoke and John Paul DeVito. The Company has identified William L. Sklar, an independent director, as its Audit Committee Financial Expert by virtue of his background and experience. Mr. Sklar serves as Chair of the Audit Committee of the Company.

COMPENSATION COMMITTEE

The Compensation Committee is made up entirely of independent, non-interested Directors William L. Sklar, Alec Hoke and John Paul DeVito. Mr. Sklar also serves as Chairman of the Compensation Committee.

GOVERNANCE AND NOMINATING COMMITTEE

The Governance and Nominating Committee is made up of Mr. Mackey, who serves as the Chair, Mr. Sklar and Mr. Hoke.

INVESTMENT COMMITTEE

The Investment Committee is made up of Mr. Mayblum, who serves as Chair, Mr. Hoke and Mr. DeVito

CODE OF ETHICS

The Company has adopted a Code of Ethics that applies to all of its directors, officers and employees performing financial functions for the Company, including its chief executive officer, chief financial officer, controller and any person performing similar functions.

EXCLUSION of DIRECTOR LIABILITY

Pursuant to the General Corporation Law of Nevada, the Company Certificate of Incorporation excludes personal liability on the part of its directors to the Company for monetary damages based upon any violation of their fiduciary duties as directors, except as to liability for any acts or omissions which involve intentional misconduct, fraud or a knowing violation of law or for improper payment of dividends. This exclusion of liability does not limit any right which a director may have to be indemnified and does not affect any director's liability under federal or applicable state securities laws.

Item 11. Executive Compensation.

CASH and OTHER COMPENSATION

For the years ended December 31, 2006 and 2005 and through the date of this report, the Company has not paid any executive officers or directors any cash and cash equivalent compensation directly. Mr. Mackey, as President and CEO, and Mr. Hipple, as CFO, serve in those capacities on a contract basis,

through consulting agreements, Mr. Mackey through a direct agreement and Mr. Hipple through a consulting agreement with CF Consulting, LLC. The Company has paid Mr. Mackey a total of \$90,000 in 2006 through this consulting arrangement and has paid CF Consulting, LLC a total of \$60,000 in consulting fees under its agreement in 2006. The Company has no other agreement or understanding, express or implied, with any director or executive officer concerning employment or cash or other compensation for services. Any new compensation arrangements with any officer or director of the Company will be adopted and approved by the independent Compensation Committee.

COMPENSATION PURSUANT to PLANS

For the years ended December 31, 2006 and 2005 and through the date of this report, no director or executive officer has received compensation from the Company pursuant to any compensatory or benefit plan. There is no plan or understanding, express or implied, to pay any compensation to any director or executive officer pursuant to any compensatory or benefit plan of the Company.

The Company currently has in place an employee stock compensation plan and compensatory stock option plan. There are no other compensatory or benefit plans, such as retirement or pension plans, in effect or anticipated to be adopted.

COMPENSATION of DIRECTORS and EXECUTIVE OFFICERS

The following table sets forth information concerning the compensation of the Company Chairman of the Board, Chief Executive Officer and its other most highly compensated executive officers for the fiscal years ended December 31, 2006, 2005 and 2004.

<TABLE>

<CAPTION>

<S> (a)	<C>	Long-Term Compensation							<C> (i)
		Annual Compensation				Awards	Payouts		
		<C> (b)	<C> (c)	<C> (d)	<C> (e)	<C> (f)	<C> (g)	<C> (h)	
		Securities							
All Name and Other Principal Compen- Position sation(\$)									
	Year	Salary	Bonus	Other	Stock	Options	LTIP		(\$)
					Awards(\$)		& SARs(#)	Payouts	
Stephen M. Siedow Former Chairman, President/CFO	2006	\$ -0-	None	8,120	None	None	None	None	\$ -0-
	2005	\$ -0-	None	None	None	None	None	None	\$ -0-
	2004	\$ -0-	None	None	None	None	None	None	\$ -0-
William K. Mackey Chairman, CEO President	2006	\$ -0-	None	90,000	None	None	None	None	\$ -0-
	2005	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
	2004	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Robert Hipple CFO	2006	\$ -0-	None	None	None	None	None	None	\$ -0-
	2005	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
	2004	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA

Mr. Mackey is due the sum of \$7,500 per month under a consulting agreement with the Company. This amount has been paid during 2006 by Enterprise Partners, LLC and is reflected as \$90,000 due affiliate on the Company's books. Mr. Hipple is employed by CF Consulting LLC which has a consulting agreement with the Company to provide various services for an amount equal to \$5,000 per month in 2006. Mr. Hipple is not paid any amounts directly or indirectly by the Company.

</TABLE>

OPTION/SAR GRANTS

No individual grants of stock options, whether or not in tandem with stock appreciation rights ("SARs") and freestanding SARs, have been made to any executive officer or any director during the year ended December 31, 2006. Accordingly, no stock options were exercised by any of the officers or directors in fiscal 2006.

EMPLOYEE STOCK COMPENSATION PLAN

The Company adopted the 1997 Employee Stock Compensation Plan for employees, officers, directors of the Company and advisors to the Company (the ESC Plan). The Company reserved a maximum of 1,000,000 common shares to be issued upon any grant of awards under the ESC Plan. Employees will recognize taxable income upon the grant of common stock equal to the fair market value of the common stock on the date of the grant and the Company will recognize a compensating deduction for compensation expense at such time. The ESC Plan is administered by the Compensation Committee of the Board of Directors. No shares have been awarded or currently are anticipated to be awarded under the ESC Plan, and the By-laws of the Company prohibit the issue of any such awards. So long as the Company has an investment adviser agreement providing for compensation based in part on capital appreciation, in order to conform to the applicable limits under the 1940 Act relating to stock benefit plans of a BDC. The Company currently maintains an investment adviser agreement with United EcoEnergy Advisers, LLC containing such a compensation arrangement.

COMPENSATORY STOCK OPTION PLAN

The Company adopted the 1997 Compensatory Stock Option Plan for officers, employees, directors and advisors (the CSO Plan). The Company has reserved a maximum of 1,500,000 Common Shares to be issued upon the exercise of options granted under the CSO Plan. The CSO Plan will not qualify as an incentive stock option plan under Section 422 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended. Options will be granted under the CSO Plan at exercise prices to be determined by the Compensation Committee of the Board of Directors. With respect to options granted pursuant to the CSO Plan, optionees will not recognize taxable income upon the grant of options granted at or in excess of fair market value. However, optionees will realize income at the time of exercising an option to the extent the market price of the common stock at that time exceeds the option exercise price, and the Company must recognize a compensation expense in an amount equal to any taxable income realized by an optionee as a result of exercising the option. The CSO Plan will be administered by the Compensation Committee of the Board of Directors. No options have been granted or currently are anticipated to be granted under the CSO Plan and the By-laws of the Company prohibit the issue of any such awards. So long as the Company has an investment adviser agreement providing for compensation based in part on capital appreciation, in order to conform to the applicable limits under the 1940 Act relating to stock benefit plans of a BDC. The Company currently maintains an investment adviser agreement with United EcoEnergy Advisers, LLC containing such a compensation arrangement.

COMPENSATION OF DIRECTORS

The Company has no standard arrangements in place or currently contemplated to compensate the Company directors for their service as directors.

or as members of any committee of directors. Any compensation to directors will be determined and approved by the Company Compensation Committee.

EMPLOYMENT CONTRACTS

No person has entered into any employment or similar contract with the Company, other than the two consulting agreements already discussed with Mr. Mackey and with CF Consulting, LLC. It is anticipated that the Company may enter into employment or similar contracts in connection with its activities as a BDC, and any such contracts will be approved by the independent Compensation Committee of the Company.

Item 12. Security Ownership of Certain Beneficial Owners and Management and Related Stockholder Matters.

MANAGEMENT AND RELATED STOCKHOLDER MATTERS.

BENEFICIAL OWNERSHIP

The following table sets forth, as of the end of the reporting period covered by this report, and as of the date of this report, the stock ownership of each executive officer and director of the Company, of all executive officers and directors of the Company as a group, and of each person known by the Company to be a beneficial owner of 5% or more of its common stock. Except as otherwise noted, each person listed below is the sole beneficial owner of the shares and has sole investment and voting power as to such shares. No person listed below has any option, warrant or other right to acquire additional securities of the Company, except as may be otherwise noted.

Name and Address of Beneficial Owner	Position	Amount & Nature of Beneficial Ownership	Percent of Class
William Mackey 9632 NW 7th Circle #1724 Plantation, FL 33324	Chairman, CEO Director	8,430,000	29.3
Adam Mayblum 50 Andrew Lane New Rochelle, NY 10804	Director(1)	7,830,000	26.3
William L. Sklar 513 Roselawn Avenue Toronto, Canada M5N 1K2	Director	20,000	--
Alec Hoke 721 Carriage Hill Lane Boca Raton, FL 33486	Director	20,000	--
John Paul DeVito 1201 Hardscrabble Road Chappaqua, NY 10514	Director	20,000	--

Robert Hipple 412 Brevard Avenue Cocoa, Fl 32922	CFO Secretary/Treasurer	20,000	--
--	----------------------------	--------	----

*All directors & officers as a group (6 persons)		16,340,000	56.6
---	--	------------	------

Enterprise Partners, LLC (2) 50 Andrew Lane New Rochelle, NY 10804		1,567,700	5.4
--	--	-----------	-----

Patrick Donelan(3) 3570 Lakeview Drive Delray Beach, FL 33445		8,030,000	27.9
---	--	-----------	------

- (1) Adam Mayblum is a 50 percent owner of Enterprise Partners, LLC, which owns 1,567,000 shares off common stock and therefore may be considered the beneficial owner of an additional 783,500 common shares. Mr. Mayblum also is the custodian of 600,000 shares held for the benefit of his three minor children and therefore may be considered the beneficial owner of those shares.
- (2) Enterprise Partners, LLC also is the holder of 268,481 Series A Convertible Preferred shares, convertible into a maximum of 4,027,500 Common shares.
- (3) Patrick Donelan is a 50 percent owner of Enterprise Partners, LLC, which owns 1,567,000 shares off common stock and therefore may be considered the beneficial owner of an additional 783,500 common shares. Mr. Mayblum also is the custodian of 400,000 shares held for the benefit of his two minor children and therefore may be considered the beneficial owner of those shares.

Item 13. Certain Relationships and Related Transactions and Director Independence.

During 2005 and 2004, the Company incurred corporate, administrative and accounting fees of approximately \$15,500 and \$3,500 for services performed by the then Company president and for expenses paid by the then president on behalf of the Company. The Company had a payable to its then president in the amount of \$21,880 and \$4,783 at December 31, 2005 and 2004, respectively. This payable was retired on February 22, 2006 from funds advanced by Enterprise Partners, LLC to the Company totaling \$60,000. Those funds were re-paid by the issue of 1 million shares of Series A Convertible Preferred Stock to Enterprise Partners, LLC.

No officer, director or employee of the Company has received a salary of \$60,000 or more in 2006 or 2005. Mr. Mackey, the Company President and CEO, received a total of \$90,000 in consulting fees from the Company in 2006, and CF Consulting, LLC, through which Mr. Hipple serves as CFO, received a total of \$60,000 in consulting fees during 2006. CF Consulting, LLC also received payments totaling \$4,950 rent for office space and serves under a sub-lease agreement, at the rate of \$450 per month. There were no other transactions, or series of transactions, for the years ended December 31, 2006 or 2005, nor are there any currently proposed transactions, or series of transactions, to which the Company is a party, in which the amount exceeds \$60,000, and in which to the knowledge of the Company any director, executive officer, nominee, five

percent or greater shareholder, or any member of the immediate family of any of the foregoing persons, have or will have any direct or indirect material interest.

The Company has entered into an investment advisory agreement with United EcoEnergy Advisors, LLC, which is owned equally by Adam Mayblum, Patrick Donelan and William Mackey. Under the terms of the Agreement, the Advisor will provide investment advice and assistance to the Company with respect to locating, reviewing and investing in suitable portfolio investments by the Company recommended by the Investment Committee and will assist the

Investment Committee in determining the value of its portfolio investments from time to time as required for reporting purposes.

The Company has agreed to pay, and the Advisor has agreed to accept, as compensation for the services to be provided by the Advisor, a base management fee (Base Management Fee) and an incentive fee (Incentive Fee).

(a) Base Management Fee.

(i) For services rendered during the period from the effective date of the election under Section 54(a) of the 1940 Act (the Effective Date) through the end of the reported second full fiscal quarter of the Company thereafter, the Base Management Fee is payable monthly in advance, and is calculated at an annual rate of 2.00% of the value of the total assets of the Company, less the cash proceeds and cash equivalent investments from equity investors that are not invested in debt or equity securities of portfolio companies in accordance with the investment objectives of the Company (the Gross Invested Assets), valued as of the end of each preceding month during the period.

(ii) For services rendered after the end of the reported second full fiscal quarter of the Company following the Effective Date, the Base Management Fee is payable quarterly in arrears, and is calculated at an annual rate of 2.00% of the average value of the total assets of the Company, including investments made with proceeds of borrowings, less any uninvested cash or cash equivalents resulting from borrowings (the Gross Assets), valued as of the end of the two most recently completed calendar quarters, and appropriately adjusted for any share issuances or repurchases during the current calendar quarter.

(iii) Base Management Fees payable for any partial month or quarter will be appropriately prorated.

(b) The Incentive Fee consists of two parts, as follows:

(i) One part will be calculated and payable quarterly in arrears based on the pre-Incentive Fee net investment income for the immediately preceding calendar quarter. For this purpose, pre-Incentive Fee net investment income means interest income, dividend income and any other income (including any other fees, such as commitment, origination, structuring, diligence, consulting fees that the Corporation receives from portfolio companies, but excluding fees for providing managerial assistance) accrued by the Company during the calendar quarter, minus the operating expenses of the Company for the quarter (including the Base Management Fee, and any interest expense and dividends paid on any issued and outstanding preferred stock, but excluding the Incentive Fee). Pre-Incentive Fee net investment income includes, in the case of investments with a

deferred interest feature (such as original issue discount, debt instruments with payment-in-kind interest and zero coupon securities), accrued income that the Company has not yet received in cash and includes the proportionate share of the portfolio companies net income allocable to equity holdings that has not been distributed as dividends. Pre-Incentive Fee net investment income does not include any realized capital gains, realized capital losses or unrealized capital appreciation or depreciation. Pre-Incentive Fee net investment income, expressed as a rate of return on the value of the Corporations net assets at the end of the immediately preceding calendar quarter, will be compared to a hurdle rate of 1.75% per quarter (7% annualized). The Company will pay the Adviser an Incentive Fee with respect to the pre-Incentive Fee net investment income in each calendar quarter as follows: (1) no Incentive Fee in any calendar quarter in which the pre-Incentive Fee net investment income does not exceed the hurdle rate; (2) 100% of the pre-Incentive Fee net investment income with respect to that portion of such pre-Incentive Fee net investment income, if any, that exceeds the hurdle rate but is less than 2.1875% in any calendar quarter (8.75% annualized); and (3) 20% of the amount of the pre-Incentive Fee net investment income, if any, that exceeds 2.1875% in any calendar quarter (8.75% annualized). These calculations will be appropriately pro rated for any period of less than three months and adjusted for any share issuances or repurchases during the current quarter.

(ii) The second part of the Incentive Fee (the Capital Gains Fee) will be determined and payable in arrears as of the end of each fiscal year (or upon termination of this Agreement as set forth below), commencing on March 31, 2009, and will equal 20.0% of the realized capital gains of the Company for the 2008 calendar year, if any, computed net of all realized capital losses and unrealized capital depreciation at the end of such year; provided that the Capital Gains Fee determined as of March 31, 2009 will be calculated for a period of shorter than twelve calendar months to take into account any net realized capital gains, if any, computed net of all realized capital losses and unrealized capital depreciation for the period ending March 31, 2009. The amount of capital gains used to determine the Capital Gains Fee shall be calculated at the end of each applicable year by subtracting the sum of the Cumulative Aggregate Realized Capital Losses and Aggregate Unrealized Capital Depreciation of the Company from the Cumulative Aggregate Realized Capital Gains. If this number is positive at the end of such year, then the Capital Gains Fee for such year is equal to 20.0% of such amount, less the aggregate amount of any Capital Gains Fees paid in all prior years. In the event that the Agreement terminates as of a date that is not a calendar year end, the termination date is treated as though it were a calendar year end for purposes of calculating and paying a Capital Gains Fee.

A copy of the Amended Investment Advisor Agreement with United EcoEnergy Advisors LLC is attached to the Proxy Statement filed with the SECD on June 19, 2006 as Appendix C

Item 14. Principal Accounting Fees and Services.

AUDIT FEES

The aggregate fees billed for each of the fiscal years ended December 31, 2006 and 2005 for professional services rendered by the principal accountant for the audit of the registrant's annual financial statements and review of the financial statements included in the registrant's previously filed Forms 10-Q or services that are normally provided by the accountant in connection with statutory and regulatory filings or engagements for those fiscal years, were \$6,168 and \$1,250, respectively.

AUDIT RELATED FEES

None

TAX FEES

None

ALL OTHER FEES

None

PRE-APPROVAL POLICIES AND PROCEDURES

The Company Board of Director policy is to pre-approve all audit and permissible non-audit services to be provided by the independent registered public accounting firm. These services may include audit services, audit-related services, tax services and other services. Pre-approval is generally provided for up to one year and any pre-approval is detailed as to the particular service or category of services and is generally subject to a specific budget. The independent registered public accounting firm and management are required to report periodically to the Audit Committee of the Board of Directors regarding the extent of services provided by the independent registered public accounting firm in accordance with this pre-approval, and the fees for the services performed to date. The Audit Committee of the Board of Directors may also pre-approve particular services on a case-by-case basis. For all periods after the Company election to be treated as a BDC, all of these functions are undertaken by the independent Audit Committee.

PART IV

Item 15. Exhibits, Financial Statement Schedules.

The following exhibits are filed with this report, except those indicated as having previously been filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission and are incorporated by reference to another report, registration statement or form. As to any shareholder of record requesting a copy of this report, the Company will furnish any exhibit indicated in the list below as filed with this report upon payment to the Company of its expenses in furnishing the information. Any references to the "the Company" means United EcoEnergy Corp. and its predecessor by name change, MSN Eagle Equity Group III, Inc.

	Reference
1A.1 Amended Designation of Preferences for Series A Convertible Preferred Stock.....	1

3.1	Certificate of Incorporation of the Company as filed with the Nevada Secretary of State on February 28, 1997	2
3.1.1	Amendment of the Certificate of Incorporation to change corporate name to United EcoEnergy Corp.....	1
	Amended Investment Advisory Agreement	1
3.4	Bylaws of the Company	3
4.1	Specimen common stock certificate.....	2
10.1	1997 Compensatory Stock Option Plan of the Company.....	2
10.2	1997 Employee Stock Compensation Plan of the Company.....	2
14	Code of Ethics.....	1
31	Certification of the Chief Executive Officer filed pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.....	1
32	Certification of the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002	1

Reference

1	Filed as an Exhibit to the Proxy Statement dated June 19, 2006
2	Filed as an exhibit to the Registration Statement on Form 10SB-12G (File No. 0-27781) of the Registrant and incorporated by reference.
3	Filed herewith as an exhibit.

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PART I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION
Item 1. Financial Statements.

To the Board of Directors and
Stockholders of United EcoEnergy Corp.

We have audited the accompanying balance sheets of United EcoEnergy Corp. as of December 31, 2006 and 2005, and the related statements of operations, changes in stockholders equity, and cash flows for each of the years in the two-year period ended December 31, 2006. These financial statements are the responsibility of the company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits.

We conducted our audits in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States). Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. The company is not required to have, nor were we engaged to perform, an audit of its internal control over financial reporting. Our audit included consideration of internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the company's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements, assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of United EcoEnergy Corp. as of December 31, 2006 and 2005, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for each of the years in the two-year period ended December 31, 2006 in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

/s/ Berman Hopkins Wright & LaHam, CPAs & Associates, LLP

March 10, 2007
Winter Park, Florida

UNITED ECOENERGY CORP.
BALANCE SHEETS

	December 31, 2006	December 31, 2005
Assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 24,169	\$ -
Due from affiliate	6,800	-
Rent deposit	972	-
	-----	-----
Total Current Assets	31,941	-
Other Assets:		
Investments in Portfolio Companies	-	-
	-----	-----
Total Assets	\$ 31,941	-
	=====	=====
Liabilities and Stockholders' Equity (Deficit)		
Accounts payable	\$ 2,666	\$ -
Due to affiliate	90,000	-
Due to officer/stockholder	-	21,880
	-----	-----
Total Short term Liabilities	92,666	21,880
Long term Liabilities:	-	-
	-----	-----
Total Liabilities	92,666	21,880
	-----	-----
Commitments and contingencies		
Stockholders' Equity (Deficit):		
Common stock, par value \$0.001 authorized 150,000,000 shares, issued 28,781,639 shares at December 31, 2006 and 28,468,900 at December 31, 2005	28,782	285
Convertible preferred stock, par value \$0.001, authorized 5,000,000 shares, issued 1,000,000 shares and 0 shares at December 31, 2006 and December 31, 2005, respectively	1,000	-
Additional paid-in capital	126,742	3,924
Accumulated deficit	(217,249)	(26,089)
	-----	-----
Total Stockholder's (Deficit):	(60,725)	(21,880)
	-----	-----
Total Liabilities and Stockholders' (Deficit):	\$ 31,941	\$ -
	=====	=====
Net Asset value per common share	\$ (0.00211)	\$ (0.00077)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

UNITED ECOENERGY CORP.
SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENTS
December 31, 2006

Portfolio Investments	Industry	Amount or Number	Cost	Fair Value	% of Net assets
-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
--	--	--	\$ -	\$ -	-
			-----	-----	-----
Total			\$ -	\$ -	-
			=====	=====	=====

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

UNITED ECOENERGY CORP.
STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS

<TABLE>

<CAPTION>

	For the years ended December 31,	
	2006	2005
	-----	-----
<S>	<C>	<C>
Investment income:		
Interest income	\$ -	\$ -
Dividend income	-	-
Other income	-	-
	-----	-----
Total income	-	-
Operating expenses:		
Investment advisory fees		
Base fee	-	-
Incentive fee	-	-
Capital gains fee	-	-
	-----	-----
Total investment advisory fees	-	-
General & administrative:		
Consulting expenses	173,120	12,500
Rent expense	4,950	-
Professional fees	6,168	1,250
Transfer agent	4,566	-
Other expenses	2,356	1,751
	-----	-----
Total operating costs	191,160	15,501
	-----	-----
Net investment loss	(191,160)	(15,501)
	-----	-----
Net realized income from disposal of investments	-	-
Net unrealized appreciation in investments	-	-
	-----	-----
Net decrease in stockholders' equity resulting from operations	\$(191,160)	\$(15,501)
	=====	=====
Basic and diluted net decrease in stockholders' equity per common share resulting from operations	\$ (0.0067)	\$ (0.0003)
	=====	=====
Weighted number of common shares outstanding-basic	28,615,252	52,094,300
	=====	=====
Weighted number of common shares outstanding-diluted	41,725,428	52,094,300
	=====	=====

</TABLE>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

UNITED ECOENERGY CORP.
STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY
FOR THE YEARS ENDED
DECEMBER 31, 2006 AND 2005

	Shares		Par Value		Additional	Accumulated	Total
	Common	Preferred	Common	Preferred	Paid-in Capital	Deficit	
<S>	<c>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>
Balance at							
December 31, 2004	647,584	-	\$ 648	-	\$ 4,287	\$(10,588)	\$(5,653)
Share repurchase	(362,895)	-	(363)	-	(363)	-	(726)
Net loss	-	-	-	-	-	(15,501)	(15,501)
Balance at							
December 31, 2005	284,689	-	285	-	3,924	(26,089)	(21,880)
Stock split (100 for 1)	28,468,900	-	28,184	-	(28,184)	-	-
Issuance of convertible preferred stock	-	1,000,000	-	1,000	59,000	-	60,000
Issuance of common	177,600	-	178	-	44,222	-	44,400
Issuance of common	40,600	-	41	-	10,059	-	10,100
Issuance of common	94,539	-	94	-	37,721	-	37,815
Net loss	-	-	-	-	-	(191,160)	(191,160)
Balance at							
December 31, 2006	28,781,639	1,000,000	\$ 28,782	\$ 1,000	\$126,742	\$(217,249)	\$(60,725)

UNITED ECOENERGY CORP.
STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS
FOR THE YEARS ENDED
DECEMBER 31, 2006 and 2005

<TABLE>
<CAPTION>

	For the years ended	
	December 31, 2006	December 31, 2005
	-----	-----
<S>	<C>	<C>
Cash flows from operating activities:		
Net decrease in stockholders' equity from operations	\$ (191,160)	\$ (15,501)
Adjustments to reconcile net decrease in stockholders' equity from operations to net cash (used) provided by operating activities:		
Decrease in accounts payable	(19,214)	(870)
Due to affiliate	90,000	17,097
Deposits	(972)	-
Due from affiliate	(6,800)	-
	-----	-----
Net cash (used)provided by operating activities	(128,146)	726
	-----	-----
Cash flow from financing activities:		
Net proceeds from issuance of preferred stock	60,000	-
Net proceeds from issuance of common stock	92,315	-
Repurchase of common stock	-	(726)
	-----	-----
Net cash provided (used) by financing activities	152,315	(726)
	-----	-----
Net increase in cash	24,169	-
Cash, beginning of period	-	-
	-----	-----
Cash, end of period	\$ 24,169	\$ -
	=====	=====

</Table>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

UNITED ECOENERGY CORP.
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2006 and 2005

Note 1. Organization and Financial Statement Presentation

United EcoEnergy Corp. (United EcoEnergy or Company), a Nevada corporation, was organized on February 28, 1997 and is a closed-end investment company that filed an election to be treated as a business development company (BDC) under the Investment Company Act of 1940, (the 1940 Act) in February 2006. Prior to the election to be treated as a BDC, the Company had been a development stage company and had not engaged in any operating business activity. As a result of the election to be treated as a BDC under the 1940 Act and the commencement of its operations as a BDC, the Company was no longer a shell company and filed the necessary information regarding the change of its status in its Form 10-K report for the year ended December 31, 2005.

As a BDC, the company is subject to the filing requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and has elected to be subject to Sections 55 to 65 of the 1940 Act, which apply only to BDCs. The Company is not a registered investment company under the 1940 Act, however, and is not required to file the semi-annual and annual reports required to be filed by registered investment companies under Section 30 of the 1940 Act. As a BDC, the Company also is not eligible to file its periodic reports under the 1934 Act as a small business issuer, and therefore files its periodic reports on applicable Forms 10-Q and 10-K, rather than Forms 10-KSB or 10-QSB. As a BDC, the Company also is subject to the normal financial reporting requirements of Regulation S-X issued by the SEC, but is not subject to Section 6 of Regulation S-X, which provides specific rules for financial reporting of registered investment companies.

The Company intends to focus primarily on investments in alternative energy companies, including bio-fuel companies, and expects to invest, under normal circumstances, at least 80 percent of its net assets (including the amount of any borrowings for investment purposes) in these companies. At December 31, 2006, the Company had no net assets invested in alternative energy companies but has signed letters of intent to acquire portfolio investments, subject to funding. The Company expects to concentrate on making investments in alternative energy companies having annual revenues of less than \$250.0 million and in transaction sizes of less than \$55.0 million. In most cases, these companies will be privately held or have thinly traded public equity.

The accompanying financial statements have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America for financial information and the instructions to Form 10-K, including Regulation S-X. As a BDC, and therefore as a non-registered investment company, the Company is subject to the normal financial reporting rules of Regulation S-X, as adopted by the SEC, in accordance with Regulation S-X 5.01. It is specifically not subject to Section 6 of Regulation S-X, governing the financial reporting of registered investment companies. The accompanying financial reports have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of Regulation S-X, as explained and interpreted in the Audit and Accounting Guide for Investment Companies of the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants (May 1, 2006)(the Audit Guide).

UNITED ECOENERGY CORP.
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2006 and 2005

Note 1. Organization and Financial Statement Presentation (continued)

Information presented for the period ended December 31, 2005 has been restated To conform to the reporting requirements for a business development company for comparison purposes, although the Company did not elect business development company status until February, 2006. Management considers this restatement to be a change in classification and not a change in accounting. Retrospective

application has been given to prior periods in accordance with SFAS No. 154.

In February, 2006, the Company implemented a 100 for 1 forward split of its common shares. The stock split was given retroactive treatment in the accompanying financial statements.

On June 30, 2006, the Company accepted subscriptions for 177,600 common shares under a Regulation E, 1-E exemption offering, for a total of \$44,400. Of the total amount subscribed, \$34,650 was received on June 30, 2006 and the balance of \$9,750 was reported as a subscription receivable at June 30, 2006. This balance was collected during July, 2006. On August 13, 2006, the Company accepted additional subscriptions for 40,600 common shares under the 1-E offering, for a total of \$10,150, all of which was received by check or wire transfer from the subscribers. On August 22, 2006, the Company accepted subscriptions for 94,539 common shares under the 1-E offering, for a total of \$37,815, which was received by wire transfer. As a result, 28,781,639 common shares were outstanding as of September 30, 2006.

No common shares were issued during the quarter ending December 31, 2006.

Note 2. Significant Accounting Policies

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP) requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of income and expenses during the reported period. Changes in the economic environment, financial markets and any other parameters used in determining these estimates could cause actual results to differ.

The following are significant accounting policies consistently applied by the Company and are based on Chapter 7 of the Audit Guide, as modified by Appendix A thereof:

Investments:

- (a) Security transactions are recorded on a trade-date basis.

UNITED ECOENERGY CORP.
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2006 and 2005

Note 2. Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

(b) Valuation:

(1) Investments for which market quotations are readily available are valued at such market quotations.

(2) Short-term investments which mature in 60 days or less, such as U.S. Treasury bills, are valued at amortized cost, which approximates market value. The amortized cost method involves valuing a security at its cost on the date of purchase and thereafter assuming a constant amortization to maturity of the difference between the principal amount due at maturity and cost. Short-term securities which mature in more than 60 days are valued at current market quotations by an independent pricing service or at the mean between the bid and ask prices obtained from at least two brokers or dealers (if available, or otherwise by a principal market maker or a primary market dealer). Investments in money market mutual funds are valued at their net asset value as of the close of business on the day of valuation.

(3) It is expected that most of the investments in the Company's portfolio will not have readily available market values. Debt and equity securities whose market prices are not readily available are valued at fair value, with the assistance of an independent valuation service, using a valuation policy and a consistently applied valuation process which is under the direction of our board of directors.

The factors that may be taken into account in fairly valuing investments include, as relevant, the portfolio company ability to make payments, its estimated earnings and projected discounted cash flows, the nature and realizable value of any collateral, the financial environment in which the portfolio company operates, comparisons to securities of similar publicly traded companies and other relevant factors. Due to the inherent uncertainty of determining the fair value of investments that do not have a readily available market value, the fair value of these investments may differ significantly from the values that would have been used had a ready market existed for such investments, and any such differences could be material.

As part of the fair valuation process, the Audit Committee of the Company will review the preliminary evaluations prepared by the Investment Advisor engaged by the Board of Directors, as well as managements valuation recommendations and the recommendations of the Investment Committee.

Management and the Investment Advisor will respond to the preliminary evaluation to reflect comments provided by the Audit Committee. The Audit Committee will review the final valuation report and managements valuation recommendations and make a recommendation to the Board of Directors based on its analysis of the methodologies employed and the various valuation factors as well as factors that the Investment Advisor and management may not have included in their evaluation processes. The Board of Directors then will evaluate the Audit Committee recommendations and undertake a similar analysis to determine the fair value of each investment in the portfolio in good faith.

UNITED ECOENERGY CORP.
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2006 and 2005

Note 2. Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

(c) Realized gains or losses on the sale of investments are calculated using the specific identification method.

(d) Interest income, adjusted for amortization of premium and accretion of discount, is recorded on an accrual basis.

(e) Dividend income is recorded on the ex-dividend date.

(f) Loan origination, facility, commitment, consent and other advance fees received by us on loan agreements or other investments are accreted into income over the term of the loan.

Federal and State Income Taxes:

The Company has not elected to be treated as, and is not, a regulated investment company and does not presently intend to comply with the requirements of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 (the Code), applicable to regulated investment companies. A regulated investment company is required to distribute at least 90% of its investment company taxable income to shareholders, which the Company does not expect to do for the foreseeable future. Therefore, the Company must make appropriate provision for income taxes in accordance with SFAS 109, Accounting for Income Taxes, using the liability method, which requires the recognition of deferred assets and liabilities for the expected future tax consequences of temporary differences between carry amounts and tax basis of assets and liabilities. At December 31, 2006, the Company has approximately \$217,249 of net operating loss carry-forwards available to affect future taxable income and has established a valuation allowance equal to the tax benefit of the net operating loss carry-forwards as realization of the asset is not assured. The net operating loss carry-forwards may be limited under the change of control provisions of the Internal revenue Code, Section 382.

Dividends and Distributions:

Dividends and distributions to common stockholders will be recorded on the ex-dividend date. The amount, if any, to be paid as a dividend will be approved by the board of directors each quarter and will be generally based upon managements estimates of our earnings for the quarter and our investment needs. Net realized capital gains, if any, will be reviewed at least annually as part of any distribution determination.

Consolidation:

As an investment company, the Company will only consolidate subsidiaries which are also investment companies. At December 31, 2006, the Company did not have any consolidated subsidiaries.

UNITED ECOENERGY CORP.
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2006 and 2005

Note 2. Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Recent Accounting Pronouncements

In July, 2006, the Financial Accounting Standards Board issued FASB Interpretation (FIN) No. 48, Accounting for Uncertainty in Income Taxes--An Interpretation of FASB Statement No. 109. (FIN 48). FIN 48 clarifies the accounting for uncertainty in income taxes recognized in an enterprise's financial statements in accordance with FASB Statement No. 109--Accounting for Income Taxes. FIN 48 also prescribes a recognition threshold and measurement attribute for the financial statement recognition and measurement of a tax position taken or expected to be taken in a tax return. FIN 48 also provides guidance on de-recognition, classification, interest and penalties, accounting in interim periods, disclosure and transition. The provisions of FIN 48 are effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2006. We will adopt FIN 48 in the first quarter of 2007. We do not believe the effect of adopting FIN 48 will have a material impact on our financial statements.

Note 3. Portfolio Investments

As required by the 1940 Act, we will classify our investments by level of control. As defined in the 1940 Act, control investments are those where there is the ability or power to exercise a controlling influence over the management or policies of a company. Control is generally viewed to exist when a company or individual owns 25% or more of the voting securities of an investee company. Affiliated investments and affiliated companies are defined by a lesser degree of influence and are deemed to exist through ownership of an amount greater than 5% but less than 25% of the voting securities of the investee company. The Company currently has no controlled or affiliated investments.

Note 4. Related Party Agreements and Transactions.

Investment Advisory Agreement

The Company has entered into an Investment Advisory Agreement with United EcoEnergy Advisors, LLC (the Investment Advisor) under which the Investment Advisor, subject to the overall supervision of the board of directors of the Company, will manage the day-to-day operations of, and provide investment advisory services to, the Company. United EcoEnergy Advisors, LLC is owned equally by William K. Mackey, Patrick Donelan and Adam Mayblum. Mr. Mayblum and Mr. Donelan are also the equal owners of Enterprise Partners, LLC, our majority Common Stockholder and the holder of our Series A Convertible Preferred shares at the end of the quarter. Mr. Mayblum also serves as a director of the Company and Mr. Mackey is a director and our Chief Executive Officer.

For providing these services the Investment Advisor will receive a fee from the Company, consisting of two components--a base

UNITED ECOENERGY CORP.
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2006 and 2005

Note 4. Related Party Agreements and Transactions (continued)

management fee and an incentive fee. The base management fee will be calculated at an annual rate of 2.00% on the gross assets of the Company (including amounts borrowed). The base management fee is payable quarterly in arrears based on the average value of the Company's gross assets at the end of the two most recently completed calendar quarters and appropriately adjusted for any share issuances or repurchases during the current calendar quarter. Base management fees for any partial month or quarter will be appropriately pro rated.

Under the terms of the original Agreement, the Base Management Fee would not be lower than \$25,000 per month for the first two years of the term of the Agreement; however, the Investment Advisor agreed with the Company to eliminate the minimum fee, and the Company amended the Agreement accordingly. The Amended Investment Advisory Agreement was submitted to the shareholders of the Company for approval at the Annual Meeting of shareholders held on June 30, 2006. The common shareholders, other than Enterprise Partners which abstained, unanimously approved the Amended Investment Advisory Agreement and the appointment of United EcoEnergy Advisers, LLC as the investment adviser for the Company at the Annual Meeting

No investment advisory fees have been accrued for the year ended December 31, 2006.

On April 1, 2006, the Company entered into a Consulting Agreement with William Mackey, the President and CEO, to cover his services until such time as the Company completes its first portfolio investment in the alternative energy and appoints a permanent CEO. Under the terms of the Consulting Agreement, Mr. Mackey is entitled to an initial signing amount of \$22,500 and thereafter to a monthly consulting fee of \$7,500, payable on the 15th of each month. These amounts are accrued as Amounts Due to Officer. On April 10, 2006, Enterprise Partners advanced the \$22,500 for the sign-on bonus to Mr. Mackey, and that amount was reflected as an Amount Due to Affiliate of \$22,500 on the accompanying financial statements. As of December 31, 2006, Enterprise Partners paid the additional accrued amounts due to Mr. Mackey and the total accrued balance at December 31, 2006 of \$ 90,000 are reflected as accrued amounts Due to affiliate. The amounts due are non-interest bearing and payable on demand.

Managerial Assistance

As a business development company, we will offer, and provide upon request, managerial assistance to certain of our portfolio companies. This assistance could involve monitoring the operations of our portfolio companies, participating in board and management meetings, consulting with and advising officers of portfolio companies and providing other organizational and financial guidance. The Company expects to receive fee income for providing these services.

UNITED ECOENERGY CORP.
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2006 and 2005

Note 5. Stockholders' Equity.

The following table reflects the changes in the stockholders' equity (deficit) of the Company from December 31, 2005 to December 31, 2006:

<Table>

<Caption>

	Shares		Par Value		Additional	Accumulated	Total
	Common	Preferred	Common	Preferred	Capital	Deficit	
<S>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>
Balance at December 31, 2005	284,689	-	\$ 285	\$ -	\$ 3,924	\$(26,089)	\$(21,880)
Stock split (100 for 1)	28,468,900	-	28,184	-	(28,184)	-	-
Issuance of convertible preferred stock	-	1,000,000	-	1,000	59,000	-	60,000
Issuance of common	177,600	-	178	-	44,222	-	44,400
Issuance of common	40,600	-	41	-	10,059	-	10,100
Issuance of common	94,539	-	94	-	37,721	-	37,815
Net loss	-	-	-	-	-	(191,160)	(191,160)
Balance at December 31, 2006	28,781,639	1,000,000	\$ 28,782	\$ 1,000	\$126,742	\$(217,249)	\$(60,725)

The Company completed an exempt offering of common shares under Regulation E, using Form 1-E, for a total of 218,200 common shares and \$54,550, at a price of \$0.25 per share. A total of 177,600 shares were subscribed for and accepted as of June 30, 2006, the common shares were issued as of that date, and all but \$9,750 of the total subscription was received as of June 30, 2006. The remaining \$9,750 was received by the Company in July, 2006. Subsequently, the Company accepted subscriptions for 40,600 common shares on July 13, 2006 and received subscription proceeds of \$10,150, all of which was received. In August, 2006, the Company undertook a second offering of common shares under the 1-E Notice, receiving subscriptions for 94,539 common shares at \$0.40 per share, for a total of \$37,815.

As a result of these offerings, there were 28,781,639 common shares issued as of December 31, 2006.

The Series A Convertible Preferred Stock is \$0.001 par value stock, and may be converted into common stock based on a formula under which conversion is equal to 1 divided by the 30 day trailing average stock price of the common shares at the time of the conversion election, but not more than 15 common shares for each preferred share converted, or a maximum of 15 million common shares. No conversion may occur until after one year from the date of issue. The Company may redeem the Series A Convertible Preferred Stock in whole or in part beginning 181 days after issue at \$0.75 per share, and after 365 days from issue at \$0.95 per share. The Series A Convertible Preferred Stock automatically converts into common stock following the second anniversary of issue, at the formula price if not redeemed prior to that date.

UNITED ECOENERGY CORP.
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2006 and 2005

Note 5. Stockholders' Equity (continued)

In August, 2006, Enterprise Partners, LLC, our majority common shareholder and the sole holder of our Series A Convertible Preferred Stock, transferred 25,370,600 of the common shares held by it, and also conveyed 731,519 of the Series A Convertible Preferred shares held by it to its debenture holders (23 persons). As a result of these transactions, Enterprise Partners, LLC holds 1,567,700 shares of our common stock, representing approximately 5.47 percent of our undiluted common stock outstanding, and 268,481 shares of our Series A Convertible Preferred Stock, representing 26.8 percent of the 1,000,000 shares outstanding, and convertible into a maximum of 4,020,000 shares of our common stock. Therefore, Enterprise Partners, LLC now holds a total of approximately 12.8 percent of our common stock on a fully diluted basis, giving effect to the maximum conversion of the Series A Convertible Preferred Stock held by it.

Note 6 FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

Financial Highlights

The following is a schedule of financial highlights for the years ended December 31, 2006 and December 31, 2005:

	CHANGES IN NET ASSET VALUE	
	For the years ended	
	December 31, 2006	December 31, 2005
	-----	-----
Net asset value at		
beginning of period (1)	\$ (0.00077)	\$ (0.00021)
Proceeds from preferred stock	0.00209	-
Proceeds from common stock	0.00321	-
Net investment income	(0.00664)	(0.00056)
Net unrealized appreciation	-	-
	-----	-----
Net asset value, end of period (2)	\$ (0.00211)	\$ (0.00077)

(1) Financial highlights as of December 31, 2006 and December 31, 2005 are based on 28,781,639 and 28,468,900 common shares outstanding, respectively, giving effect to the 100 for 1 forward split. On a fully diluted basis, there would be 43,781,639 shares outstanding as of December 31, 2006, based on conversion of the Series A Convertible Preferred Stock into 15 million common shares, the maximum conversion possible under the terms of the Series A

Preferred Stock, and treating those shares as outstanding as of the date of their issuance at the end of February, 2006.

(2) Total return based on net asset value is based upon the change in net asset value per share between the opening and ending net asset values per share in each period. The total return is not annualized.

SIGNATURES

In accordance with section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Registrant caused this Report on Form 10-K to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereto duly authorized individual.

Date: March 13, 2007

United EcoEnergy Corp.

/s/ William K. Mackey

By.....
William K. Mackey, Chief Executive Officer

In accordance with the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, this report has been signed below by the following persons on behalf of the Registrant and in the capacities and on the dates indicated.

Name	Title	Date
/s/ William K. Mackey William K. Mackey	Director, Chief Executive Officer, and Chairman	March 13, 2007
/s/ William L. Sklar William L. Sklar	Director	March 13, 2007
/s/ Adam Mayblum Adam Mayblum	Director	March 13, 2007
/s/ Alec Hoke Alec Hoke	Director	March 13, 2007
/s/ John Paul DeVito John Paul DeVito	Director	March 13, 2007