

Folio Investments, Inc. d/b/a Goldman Sachs Custody Solutions

Statement of Financial Condition

December 31, 2022

UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
Washington, D.C. 20549

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FILING FOR THE PERIOD BEGINNING 1/1/2022 AND ENDING 12/31/2022
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A. REGISTRANT IDENTIFICATION

NAME OF FIRM: Goldman Sachs Custody Solutions

TYPE OF REGISTRANT (check all applicable boxes):

- ☒ Broker-dealer ☐ Security-based swap dealer ☐ Major security-based swap participant
☐ Check here if respondent is also an OTC derivatives dealer

ADDRESS OF PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS: (Do not use a P.O. box no.)

8180 Greensboro Drive, 8th Floor
(No. and Street)

McLean Virginia 22102
(City) (State) (Zip Code)

PERSON TO CONTACT WITH REGARD TO THIS FILING

James C. Fyffe (703) 245-4920 jim.fyffe@gs.com
(Name) (Area Code – Telephone Number) (Email Address)

B. ACCOUNTANT IDENTIFICATION

INDEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT whose reports are contained in this filing*

PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP

(Name – if individual, state last, first, and middle name)

300 Madison Ave New York NY 10017
(Address) (City) (State) (Zip Code)

October 20, 2003 238
(Date of Registration with PCAOB)(if applicable) (PCAOB Registration Number, if applicable)

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* Claims for exemption from the requirement that the annual reports be covered by the reports of an independent public accountant must be supported by a statement of facts and circumstances relied on as the basis of the exemption. See 17 CFR 240.17a-5(e)(1)(ii), if applicable.

Persons who are to respond to the collection of information contained in this form are not required to respond unless the form displays a currently valid OMB control number.

This filing contains (check all applicable boxes):**

- ☒ (a) Statement of financial condition.
- ☒ (b) Notes to consolidated statement of financial condition.
- ☐ (c) Statement of income (loss) or, if there is other comprehensive income in the period(s) presented, a statement of comprehensive income (as defined in § 210.1-02 of Regulation S-X).
- ☐ (d) Statement of cash flows.
- ☐ (e) Statement of changes in stockholders' or partners' or sole proprietor's equity.
- ☐ (f) Statement of changes in liabilities subordinated to claims of creditors.
- ☐ (g) Notes to consolidated financial statements.
- ☐ (h) Computation of net capital under 17 CFR 240.15c3-1 or 17 CFR 240.18a-1, as applicable.
- ☐ (i) Computation of tangible net worth under 17 CFR 240.18a-2.
- ☐ (j) Computation for determination of customer reserve requirements pursuant to Exhibit A to 17 CFR 240.15c3-3.
- ☐ (k) Computation for determination of security-based swap reserve requirements pursuant to Exhibit B to 17 CFR 240.15c3-3 or Exhibit A to 17 CFR 240.18a-4, as applicable.
- ☐ (l) Computation for Determination of PAB Requirements under Exhibit A to § 240.15c3-3.
- ☐ (m) Information relating to possession or control requirements for customers under 17 CFR 240.15c3-3.
- ☐ (n) Information relating to possession or control requirements for security-based swap customers under 17 CFR 240.15c3-3(p)(2) or 17 CFR 240.18a-4, as applicable.
- ☐ (o) Reconciliations, including appropriate explanations, of the FOCUS Report with computation of net capital or tangible net worth under 17 CFR 240.15c3-1, 17 CFR 240.18a-1, or 17 CFR 240.18a-2, as applicable, and the reserve requirements under 17 CFR 240.15c3-3 or 17 CFR 240.18a-4, as applicable, if material differences exist, or a statement that no material differences exist.
- ☐ (p) Summary of financial data for subsidiaries not consolidated in the statement of financial condition.
- ☐ (q) Oath or affirmation in accordance with 17 CFR 240.17a-5, 17 CFR 240.17a-12, or 17 CFR 240.18a-7, as applicable.
- ☐ (r) Compliance report in accordance with 17 CFR 240.17a-5 or 17 CFR 240.18a-7, as applicable.
- ☐ (s) Exemption report in accordance with 17 CFR 240.17a-5 or 17 CFR 240.18a-7, as applicable.
- ☒ (t) Independent public accountant's report based on an examination of the statement of financial condition.
- ☐ (u) Independent public accountant's report based on an examination of the financial report or financial statements under 17 CFR 240.17a-5, 17 CFR 240.18a-7, or 17 CFR 240.17a-12, as applicable.
- ☐ (v) Independent public accountant's report based on an examination of certain statements in the compliance report under 17 CFR 240.17a-5 or 17 CFR 240.18a-7, as applicable.
- ☐ (w) Independent public accountant's report based on a review of the exemption report under 17 CFR 240.17a-5 or 17 CFR 240.18a-7, as applicable.
- ☐ (x) Supplemental reports on applying agreed-upon procedures, in accordance with 17 CFR 240.15c3-1e or 17 CFR 240.17a-12, as applicable.
- ☐ (y) Report describing any material inadequacies found to exist or found to have existed since the date of the previous audit, or a statement that no material inadequacies exist, under 17 CFR 240.17a-12(k).
- ☐ (z) Other:

***To request confidential treatment of certain portions of this filing, see 17 CFR 240.17a-5(e)(3) or 17 CFR 240.18a-7(d)(2), as applicable.*

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Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm

To the Board of Directors and the Stockholder of
Folio Investments, Inc. d/b/a Goldman Sachs
Custody Solutions:

Opinion on the Financial Statement – Statement of Financial Condition

We have audited the accompanying statement of financial condition of Folio Investments, Inc. d/b/a Goldman Sachs Custody Solutions (the “Company”) as of December 31, 2022, including the related notes (collectively referred to as the “financial statement”). In our opinion, the financial statement presents fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Company as of December 31, 2022 in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinion

The financial statement is the responsibility of the Company’s management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company’s financial statement based on our audit. We are a public accounting firm registered with the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States) (PCAOB) and are required to be independent with respect to the Company in accordance with the U.S. federal securities laws and the applicable rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission and the PCAOB.

We conducted our audit of this financial statement in accordance with the standards of the PCAOB. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statement is free of material misstatement, whether due to error or fraud.

Our audit included performing procedures to assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statement, whether due to error or fraud, and performing procedures that respond to those risks. Such procedures included examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statement. Our audit also included evaluating the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statement. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

A handwritten signature in cursive script that reads "PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP".

New York, New York
February 27, 2023

We have served as the Company’s auditor since
2020

Statement of Financial Condition

<i>\$ in thousands</i>	As of December 2022
Assets	
Cash	\$ 93,960
Receivables:	
Brokers, dealers and clearing organizations	10,656
Customers and counterparties (net of an allowance for credit losses of \$1,064)	3,976
Financial instruments (at fair value and includes \$351,154 pledged as collateral)	362,090
Other assets	14,067
Total assets	\$ 484,749
Liabilities and stockholder's equity	
Payables:	
Brokers, dealers and clearing organizations	\$ 1,720
Customers and counterparties	7,573
Secured financings (at fair value)	351,154
Other liabilities	19,546
Total liabilities	379,993
Contingencies and guarantees	
Stockholder's equity	
Common stock (\$0.0001 par value; 1,000 shares authorized, issued and outstanding)	—
Additional paid-in capital	127,354
Accumulated deficit	(22,598)
Total stockholder's equity	104,756
Total liabilities and stockholder's equity	\$ 484,749

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement of financial condition.

Notes to Statement of Financial Condition

Note 1.

Description of Business

Folio Investments, Inc. d/b/a Goldman Sachs Custody Solutions (the Company), a Virginia corporation registered as a U.S. broker-dealer, is a wholly-owned subsidiary of Folio Financial, Inc. d/b/a Goldman Sachs CS Holdings (the Parent). The Parent is a wholly-owned subsidiary of The Goldman Sachs Group, Inc. (Group Inc. and, collectively with its consolidated subsidiaries, GS Group), a Delaware corporation.

The Company offers internet-based portfolio creation, trading and management services. It also provides trade execution, clearance and settlement services.

Note 2.

Basis of Presentation

This statement of financial condition is prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States (U.S. GAAP).

All references to 2022 refer to the date December 31, 2022. Any reference to a future year refers to a year ending on December 31 of that year.

Note 3.

Significant Accounting Policies

The Company's significant accounting policies include when and how to measure the fair value of assets and liabilities. See Note 4 for policies on fair value measurements. All other significant accounting policies are either described below or included in the following footnotes:

Fair Value Measurements	Note 4
Financial Instruments	Note 5
Secured Financings	Note 6
Other Assets	Note 7
Unsecured Borrowings	Note 8
Other Liabilities	Note 9
Commitments and Guarantees	Note 10
Transactions with Related Parties	Note 11
Income Taxes	Note 12
Credit Concentrations	Note 13
Legal Proceedings	Note 14

Use of Estimates

Preparation of this statement of financial condition requires management to make certain estimates and assumptions, the most important of which relate to fair value measurements, the allowance for credit losses on receivables, provisions for losses that may arise from litigation and regulatory proceedings (including governmental investigations), and accounting for income taxes. These estimates and assumptions are based on the best available information, but actual results could be materially different.

Financial Assets and Secured Financings at Fair Value

Financial instruments are recorded at fair value. The fair value of a financial instrument is the amount that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The Company's financial assets and liabilities (i.e., secured financings) are marked to exchange-traded close prices. See Note 4 for further information about fair value measurements.

Transfers of Financial Assets

Transfers of financial assets are accounted for as sales when the Company has relinquished control over the assets transferred. Assets or secured financings that arise from the Company's continuing involvement with transferred financial assets are initially recognized at fair value. For transfers of financial assets that are not accounted for as sales pursuant to the Company's fractional share program for customers, the assets are included in financial instruments at fair value and the transfer is accounted for as a secured financing at fair value. See Note 6 for further information about transfers of financial assets accounted for as secured financings.

Cash

Cash included cash and due from banks of \$33.4 million as of December 2022. Cash also included interest-bearing deposits with banks of \$60.6 million as of December 2022.

The Company segregates cash for regulatory and other purposes related to client activity. Cash segregated for regulatory and other purposes was \$60.6 million as of December 2022.

Notes to Statement of Financial Condition

Receivables from and Payables to Brokers, Dealers and Clearing Organizations

Receivables from and payables to brokers, dealers and clearing organizations are accounted for at cost plus accrued interest, which generally approximates fair value. The receivables primarily relate to a deposit with a clearing corporation. Such receivables generally do not give rise to material credit risk for the Company. As such, generally no allowance for credit losses is held against these receivables. Payables to brokers, dealers and clearing organizations primarily includes payables when the Company has failed to receive securities from a seller by the settlement date. As these receivables and payables are not accounted for at fair value, they are not included in the Company's fair value hierarchy in Note 4. Had these receivables and payables been included in the Company's fair value hierarchy, substantially all would have been classified in level 2 as of December 2022.

Receivables from Customers and Counterparties

Substantially all receivables from customers and counterparties consist of customer margin loans and fee receivables. These receivables are accounted for at amortized cost net of any allowance for credit losses, which generally approximates fair value. As of December 2022, the Company held an allowance for credit losses of \$1.1 million against these receivables. To mitigate credit exposure on customer margin loans, the Company monitors the market value of these transactions and delivers or obtains additional collateral due to changes in the market value of the transactions, as appropriate. As these receivables are not accounted for at fair value, they are not included in the Company's fair value hierarchy in Note 4. Had these receivables been included in the Company's fair value hierarchy, substantially all would have been classified in level 2 as of December 2022. Interest on receivables from customers and counterparties is recognized over the life of the transaction.

Receivables from customers and counterparties includes receivables from contracts with clients and contract assets. Contract assets represent the Company's right to receive consideration for services provided in connection with its contracts with clients for which collection is conditional and not merely subject to the passage of time. The Company's receivables from contracts with clients were \$1.1 million as of December 2022. As of December 2022, there were no contract assets.

Payables to Customers and Counterparties

Payables to customers and counterparties primarily consist of customer credit balances related to the Company's customers' securities activities. These payables are accounted for at cost, which generally approximates fair value. As these payables are not accounted for at fair value, they are not included in the Company's fair value hierarchy in Note 4. Had these payables been included in the Company's fair value hierarchy, substantially all would have been classified in level 2 as of December 2022.

Note 4.

Fair Value Measurements

The fair value of a financial instrument is the amount that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The Company's financial assets and liabilities (i.e., secured financings) are marked to exchange-traded close prices. Fair value measurements do not include transaction costs. The Company measures financial assets and secured financings related to its fractional share program as a portfolio (i.e., based on its net exposure to market and/or credit risks). See Note 6 for further information about the accounting for the Company's fractional share program.

The best evidence of fair value is a quoted price in an active market. If quoted prices in active markets are not available, fair value is determined by reference to prices for similar instruments, quoted prices or recent transactions in less active markets, or internally developed models that primarily use market-based or independently sourced inputs.

U.S. GAAP has a three-level hierarchy for disclosure of fair value measurements. This hierarchy prioritizes inputs to the valuation techniques used to measure fair value, giving the highest priority to level 1 inputs and the lowest priority to level 3 inputs. A financial instrument's level in this hierarchy is based on the lowest level of input that is significant to its fair value measurement. In evaluating the significance of a valuation input, the Company considers, among other factors, a portfolio's net risk exposure to that input. The fair value hierarchy is as follows:

Level 1. Inputs are unadjusted quoted prices in active markets to which the Company had access at the measurement date for identical, unrestricted assets or liabilities.

Notes to Statement of Financial Condition

Level 2. Inputs to valuation techniques are observable, either directly or indirectly.

Level 3. One or more inputs to valuation techniques are significant and unobservable.

The fair values for all of the Company's financial instruments and secured financings are based on unadjusted quoted prices in active markets and are classified in level 1 of the fair value hierarchy.

Note 5.

Financial Instruments

As of December 2022, the Company's financial instruments consisted of \$362.1 million of equity securities, all of which were classified as level 1 within the fair value hierarchy. The Company's equity securities, which are held to facilitate client activity, include public equities and exchange-traded funds.

Note 6.

Secured Financings

As of December 2022, the Company had \$351.2 million of fractional interests in equity securities pursuant to its fractional share program which were accounted for as financings rather than as sales and initially recorded as the amount received from the customer for the fractional interest transaction. The Company made an election at transaction date to record the financings at fair value. The shares are included in financial instruments at fair value and pledged as collateral for these financings.

The Company has elected to apply the fair value option to its secured financings because the use of fair value eliminates non-economic volatility in earnings that would arise from using different measurement attributes. Secured financings were classified in level 1 within the fair value hierarchy as of December 2022.

Note 7.

Other Assets

The table below presents other assets by type.

<i>\$ in thousands</i>	As of December 2022	
Receivables from affiliates	\$	6,345
Income tax-related assets		6,237
Miscellaneous receivables and other		1,485
Total	\$	14,067

Income tax-related assets consist of current income tax receivables of \$5.4 million and deferred tax assets of \$0.8 million. See Note 12 for further information about income taxes.

Note 8.

Unsecured Borrowings

The Company maintains a credit facility with Group Inc. As of December 2022, there were no outstanding borrowings under this facility.

Note 9.

Other Liabilities

The table below presents other liabilities by type.

<i>\$ in thousands</i>	As of December 2022	
Payables to affiliates	\$	5,419
Deferred revenue		4,363
Accrued expenses and other		9,764
Total	\$	19,546

Deferred revenue represents unearned fees from the Company's partnership with a third-party investor communications firm relating to proxy services.

Accrued expenses and other include a payable of \$6.0 million to a third-party institution participating in the Company's cash sweep program whereby the Company has satisfied certain customer deposits and disbursements and is awaiting next day settlement of such transactions.

Note 10.

Contingencies and Guarantees

Contingencies — Legal Proceedings

See Note 14 for information about legal proceedings.

Guarantees

Indemnities and Guarantees of Service Providers. The Company provides guarantees to securities clearinghouses under standard membership agreements, which require members to guarantee the performance of other members. Under the agreement, if another member becomes unable to satisfy its obligations to the clearing house, other members would be required to meet shortfalls. The Company's liability under these agreements is not quantifiable and may exceed the cash and securities it has posted as collateral.

Notes to Statement of Financial Condition

In connection with the Company's clearing businesses, the Company agrees to clear and settle on behalf of its clients the transactions entered into by them. The Company's obligations in respect of such transactions are secured by the assets in the client's account, as well as any proceeds received from the transactions cleared and settled by the Company on behalf of the client.

The Company is unable to develop an estimate of the maximum payout under these guarantees and indemnifications. However, management believes that it is unlikely that the Company will have to make any material payments under these arrangements, and no material liabilities related to these guarantees and indemnifications have been recognized in the statement of financial condition as of December 2022.

Other Representations, Warranties and Indemnifications. In the ordinary course of business, the Company may provide representations and warranties and could be exposed to potential losses caused by a breach of such representations and warranties. Management believes it is unlikely that the Company will have to make material payments in connection with any such representations and warranties, and no material liabilities have been recognized in the statement of financial condition as of December 2022.

Note 11.

Transactions with Related Parties

The Company enters into transactions with Group Inc. and affiliates in the normal course of business as part of general operations.

The Company incurs a service charge from the Parent for certain overhead and operating expenses. The service charge also includes a quarterly royalty license fee for the use of the Parent's proprietary software. The Company generally reimburses the Parent monthly for the service charge. As of December 2022, the amount due to the Parent for the service charge was \$3.4 million. In addition, the Parent pays all direct vendor payments, payroll and taxes on behalf of the Company. As of December 2022, there was \$1.9 million due to the Parent for such expenditures.

During 2022, the Parent made cash capital contributions of \$75.0 million to the Company.

Note 12.

Income Taxes

The Inflation Reduction Act of 2022 includes income tax incentives to encourage investments in clean energy and a new 15% corporate alternative minimum tax (CAMT). The CAMT applies to corporations with average annual profits over \$1 billion and is calculated on their financial statement income, with certain adjustments, for years beginning after December 31, 2022. The legislation had no impact on the Company's 2022 annual effective tax rate and based on our current understanding of the CAMT, is not expected to have a material impact on the Company's 2023 annual effective tax rate.

Provision for Income Taxes

The Company is included with Group Inc. and subsidiaries in the consolidated corporate federal, as well as consolidated or combined state and local tax returns from September 18, 2020. The Company is taxed as a corporation for U.S. federal income tax purposes. As a corporation, the Company is subject to U.S. Federal and various state and local income taxes on its earnings. The Company computes its tax liability on a modified separate company basis and settles such liability with Group Inc. pursuant to a tax sharing agreement. To the extent the Company generates tax benefits from losses, it will be reimbursed by Group Inc. pursuant to the tax sharing agreement. The Company's state and local tax liabilities are allocated to reflect its share of the consolidated or combined state and local income tax liability.

Income taxes are provided for using the asset and liability method under which deferred tax assets and liabilities are recognized for temporary differences between the financial reporting and tax bases of assets and liabilities.

Deferred Income Taxes

Deferred income taxes reflect the net tax effects of temporary differences between the financial reporting and tax bases of assets and liabilities. These temporary differences result in taxable or deductible amounts in future years and are measured using the tax rates and laws that will be in effect when such differences are expected to reverse. Valuation allowances are established to reduce deferred tax assets to the amount that more likely than not will be realized. As of December 2022, the Company had no valuation allowance to reduce deferred tax assets. Tax assets are included in other assets and tax liabilities are included in other liabilities. See Note 7 for further information about income tax assets.

Notes to Statement of Financial Condition

The table below presents information about deferred tax assets.

<i>\$ in thousands</i>	As of	
	December 2022	
Deferred tax assets		
Compensation and benefits	\$	454
Reserves		267
State net operating losses		61
Total deferred tax assets	\$	782

Unrecognized Tax Benefits

The Company recognizes tax positions in the statement of financial condition only when it is more likely than not that the position will be sustained on examination by the relevant taxing authority based on the technical merits of the position. A position that meets this standard is measured at the largest amount of benefit that will more likely than not be realized on settlement. A liability is established for differences between positions taken in a tax return and amounts recognized in the statement of financial condition. As of December 2022, the Company had no liability related to uncertainty in income taxes.

Regulatory Tax Examinations

The Company is subject to examination by the U.S. Internal Revenue Service (IRS) and other taxing authorities in jurisdictions where the Company has significant business operations, such as Virginia. All tax years ending prior to September 18, 2020, including and subsequent to 2019 for U.S. federal and 2018 for state and local, remain open to examination by the taxing authorities.

GS Group has been accepted into the Compliance Assurance Process program by the IRS for each of the tax years from 2013 through 2023. This program allows GS Group to work with the IRS to identify and resolve potential U.S. federal tax issues before the filing of tax returns. All issues for the 2011 and 2012 tax years have been resolved and completion is pending final review by the Joint Committee on Taxation (JCT). During 2022, GS Group reached an agreement with IRS Appeals on the remaining issues for tax years 2012 through 2019. Subject to final review by JCT, this agreement will not have a material impact on the effective tax rate. During 2022, the fieldwork for the 2020 tax year was completed and the final resolution is not expected to have a material impact on the effective tax rate. The 2021 tax year remains subject to post-filing review.

The Company believes that no liability for unrecognized tax benefits is required in relation to the potential for additional assessments.

Note 13.

Credit Concentrations

The Company's concentrations of credit risk arise from margin lending, clearing corporation deposit requirements, unsettled securities transactions, and fees owed from clients. These activities expose the Company to different industries and counterparties and may also subject the Company to a concentration of credit risk to a particular counterparty or clearing corporation. The Company seeks to mitigate credit risk by monitoring exposures, obtaining collateral from counterparties for margin loans, and ensuring that customers have sufficient cash in their accounts before trades are executed.

The Company measures and monitors its credit exposure based on amounts owed to the Company after taking into account risk mitigants that management considers when determining credit risk.

As of December 2022, the Company had \$54.3 million of cash deposits held at BMO Harris Bank, \$31.6 million of cash deposits held at U.S. Bank, \$7.1 million of cash deposits held at JPMorgan Chase Bank and \$0.8 million of cash deposits held at Union Bank, of which, \$0.3 million is insured at each institution by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation. These cash deposits are included in cash.

The Company did not have credit exposure to any other external counterparty that exceeded 2% of total assets.

The Company provides platform trading services to registered investment advisory firms. The Company's current customer base is concentrated in a way such that the loss of certain of these customers could have a negative impact on the operating results of the Company.

Note 14.

Legal Proceedings

The Company is involved in arbitration proceedings concerning matters arising in connection with the conduct of the Company's businesses. These proceedings are in early stages and seek an indeterminate amount of damages.

Notes to Statement of Financial Condition

Management is generally unable to estimate a range of reasonably possible loss for matters, including where (i) actual or potential plaintiffs have not claimed an amount of money damages, except in those instances where management can otherwise determine an appropriate amount, (ii) matters are in early stages, (iii) matters relate to regulatory investigations or reviews, except in those instances where management can otherwise determine an appropriate amount, (iv) there is uncertainty as to the likelihood of a class being certified or the ultimate size of the class, (v) there is uncertainty as to the outcome of pending appeals or motions, (vi) there are significant factual issues to be resolved, and/or (vii) there are novel legal issues presented.

Management does not believe, based on currently available information, that the outcomes of such other matters will have a material adverse effect on the Company's financial condition, though the outcomes could be material to the Company's operating results for any particular period, depending, in part, upon the operating results for such period.

Note 15.

Employee Incentive Plans

The cost of employee services received in exchange for a share-based award is generally measured based on the grant-date fair value of the award. Share-based awards that do not require future service (i.e., vested awards, including awards granted to retirement-eligible employees) are expensed immediately. Share-based awards that require future service are amortized over the relevant service period. Forfeitures are recorded when they occur. Cash dividend equivalents are paid on outstanding restricted stock units (RSUs).

Stock Incentive Plan

Group Inc. sponsors a stock incentive plan, The Goldman Sachs Amended and Restated Stock Incentive Plan (2021) (2021 SIP), which provides for grants of RSUs, restricted stock, dividend equivalent rights, incentive stock options, nonqualified stock options, stock appreciation rights, and other share-based awards, each of which may be subject to terms and conditions, including performance or market conditions. On April 29, 2021, Group Inc.'s shareholders approved the 2021 SIP. The 2021 SIP is a successor to several predecessor stock incentive plans, the first of which was adopted on April 30, 1999, and each of which was approved by Group Inc.'s shareholders. The 2021 SIP is scheduled to terminate on the date of Group Inc.'s annual meeting of shareholders that occurs in 2025.

Restricted Stock Units

Group Inc. grants RSUs to employees, which are generally valued based on the closing price of the underlying shares on the date of grant after taking into account a liquidity discount for any applicable post-vesting and delivery transfer restrictions. The value of equity awards also considers the impact of material non-public information, if any, that Group Inc. expects to make available shortly following grant. RSUs generally vest and underlying shares of common stock deliver (net of required withholding tax) as outlined in the applicable award agreements. Award agreements generally provide that vesting is accelerated in certain circumstances, such as on retirement, death, disability and, in certain cases, conflicted employment. Delivery of the underlying shares of common stock is conditioned on the grantees satisfying certain vesting and other requirements outlined in the award agreements. RSUs generally vest and deliver over a three-year period. The subsequent amortization of the cost of these RSUs is allocated to the Company by Group Inc.

The table below presents the 2022 activity related to stock settled RSUs.

	Restricted Stock Units Outstanding		Weighted Average Grant-Date Fair Value of Restricted Stock Units Outstanding	
	Future Service Required	No Future Service Required	Future Service Required	No Future Service Required
Beginning balance	1,175	1,543	\$ 290.75	\$ 282.90
Granted	1,649	1,928	\$ 339.15	\$ 382.88
Forfeited	(694)	—	\$ 302.78	—
Delivered	—	(1,543)	—	\$ 282.90
Vested	(898)	898	\$ 318.99	\$ 318.99
Ending balance	1,232	2,826	\$ 328.16	\$ 362.58

In the table above:

- The weighted average grant-date fair value of RSUs granted was \$362.72 during 2022. The fair value of the RSUs granted included a liquidity discount of 1.0% during 2022 to reflect post-vesting and delivery transfer restrictions, generally of 1 year.
- The aggregate fair value of awards that vested was \$1.0 million during 2022.

In relation to 2022 year-end, during the first quarter of 2023, Group Inc. granted to the Company's employees 872 RSUs, (of which 712 require future service as a condition of delivery for the related shares of common stock). These awards are subject to additional conditions as outlined in the award agreements. Generally, shares underlying these RSUs, net of required withholding tax, deliver over a three-year period, but are subject to a one-year post-vesting and delivery transfer restriction. These awards are not included in the table above.

Notes to Statement of Financial Condition

Note 16.

Net Capital Requirements

The Company is a registered U.S. broker-dealer and is subject to regulatory capital requirements, including those imposed by the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) and the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority, Inc. Rule 15c3-1 of the SEC specifies uniform minimum net capital requirements, as defined, for its registrants, and also effectively requires that a significant part of the registrants' assets be kept in relatively liquid form. The Company has elected the alternative method of compliance under Rule 15c3-1, whereby "required net capital," as defined, is the greater of 2% of "aggregate debit items," as defined, arising from customer transactions or \$0.3 million.

As of December 2022, the Company had regulatory net capital, as defined by Rule 15c3-1, of \$87.7 million, which exceeded the amount required by \$87.4 million.

Note 17.

Subsequent Events

The Company has evaluated events through February 27, 2023, the date on which the statement of financial condition was issued, and determined that there were no material events or transactions that would require recognition or additional disclosure in this statement of financial condition.