

US SECURITIES & EXCHANGE COMMISSION  
WASHINGTON, DC 20549  
FORM 10-QSB

(X) Quarterly report under Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 for the quarterly period ended June 30, 2005.

( ) Transition report under Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 for the transition period from \_\_\_\_\_ to \_\_\_\_\_.

Commission File Number 0-24185

CENTRAL AMERICAN EQUITIES CORP.

Florida (State or other jurisdiction of incorporated or organization)	65-0636168 (IRS Employer Identification Number)
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Hotel Alta, Alto de las Palomas  
Santa Ana, Costa Rica  
Mailing Address: Interlink 964, PO Box 02-5635, Miami, FL 33102  
(Address of Principal Executive Offices)

+011 (506) 282-4160  
(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

Securities registered under Section 12(b) of the Exchange Act:  
None

Securities registered under Section 12(g) of the Exchange Act:

Common Stock, \$.001 Par Value

Check whether the issuer (1) filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Exchange Act during the preceding twelve (12) months (or for such shorter period that registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past ninety (90) days. YES ( ☒ ) NO ( ☐ ).

The number of shares outstanding on June 30, 2005 of each of the issuer's classes of common equity:

2,141,553 shares of Common Stock, \$0.001par value

Transitional Small Business disclosure format (check one)  
YES ☒ NO ☐

## DOCUMENTS INCORPORATED BY REFERENCE

Annual Report on Form 10-KSB of Registrant for the year ended December 31, 1998, 1999, 2000, 2001, 2002, 2003, and 2004.

## **PART I: FINANCIAL INFORMATION**

### **ITEM 1. FINANCIAL INFORMATION**

Central American Equities Corp. (the “Company” or “CAE”) is a US hospitality company, incorporated in the State of Florida, and based in Santa Ana, Costa Rica. The Company owns and operates hotels, restaurants, and real property in Costa Rica. All CAE activities are related to the Company’s hotels in Costa Rica, and, as such, are reported as one operating segment (per FASB Statement No. 131). Financial statements follow.

CENTRAL AMERICAN EQUITIES CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES  
Consolidated Balance Sheet

June 30, 2005

ASSETS

Current assets	
Cash and cash equivalents	115,806
Account receivable	93,013
Inventory	23,794
Prepaid expenses	868
Total Current Assets	233,481
 Buildings and equipment, Net of depreciation	 5,430,644
 Total Assets	 5,664,125

LIABILITY & STOCKHOLDER EQUITY

Current liabilities	
Accounts payable	72,366
Note Payable Current Portion	88,000
Accrued expenses	139,340
Total Current Liabilities	299,706
 Long-Term Liabilities	
Long term debt	173,176
Due to officers	90,315
Total Long-Term Liabilities	263,491
 Total Liabilities	 563,197
 Stockholders' equity	
Common stock — \$.001 par value; 25,000,000 authorized, 2,141,553 issued and outstanding	  2,142
Preferred stock - \$.001 par value; 1,000,000 shares authorized, 0 issued and outstanding	  0
Additional paid-in capital	10,400,016
Accumulated other comprehensive Income	35,914
Retained deficit	(5,337,144)
 Total Stockholder Equity	 5,100,928
 Total liabilities & stockholders' Equity	 5,664,124

See Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

CENTRAL AMERICAN EQUITIES CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Consolidated Statement of Operations

	For the 3-month period ended June 30,		For the 6-month period ended June 30,	
	<u>2004</u>	<u>2005</u>	<u>2004</u>	<u>2005</u>
Revenues	\$ 276,049	\$ 335,536	\$ 710,342	\$ 776,969
Cost of Services	<u>95,670</u>	<u>88,827</u>	<u>240,505</u>	<u>199,437</u>
Gross Profit	180,379	246,709	469,837	577,532
Operations				
General & Administrative	178,787	182,634	370,361	382,073
Depreciation	<u>42,930</u>	<u>42,930</u>	<u>86,416</u>	<u>85,860</u>
	221,717	225,564	456,777	467,933
Other Expense				
Interest Expense	24,347	5,206	42,948	77,294
Sale of Asset (net)	31,750	0	31,750	0
Loss on Foreign Exchange	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>
	56,097	5,206	74,698	77,294
Income taxes	0	0	0	0
NET INCOME (Loss)	<u>\$ ( 97,435)</u>	<u>\$ 15,939</u>	<u>\$ (61,639)</u>	<u>\$ 32,305</u>
Weighted Average share of Common Stock Outstanding	19,789,268	2,141,553	19,789,268	2,141,553
Gain (Loss) per Common Share	\$ (0.01)	\$ 0.01	\$ (0.01)	\$ 0.02

See Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

CENTRAL AMERICAN EQUITIES CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES  
Statements of Cash Flow  
For the Six Months Ended June 30,

	2004	2005
Cash flows from operating activities:		
Net Income :	\$ (61,639)	\$32,305
Adjustments to reconcile net loss to net cash provided by operating activities:		
Unrealized Loss on Foreign Exchange	13,324	(6,083)
Depreciation and amortization	42,930	85,860
Decrease (increase) in:		
Accounts receivable	(33,404)	(4,263)
Inventory	10,660	895
Prepaid expense and other	(15,466)	5,345
(Increase) decrease in:		
Accounts payable	3,417	(26,729)
Accrued expenses	9,046	(74,339)
Net cash used in operating activities:	(31,132)	12,992
Cash flows from investing activities:		
Capital expenditures	0	(16,975)
Change in common and preferred stock	0	(18,722)
Payment received on sale of asset	635,000	0
Net cash used in investing activities	635,000	(35,697)
Cash flows from stock options exercised:		
Proceeds from stock options exercised	0	20,000
Net cash from stock options exercised	0	20,000
Cash flows from financing activities:		
Proceeds from loans	(63,999)	(64,000)
Proceeds from loans from officers	(87,802)	53,545
Net cash provided by financing activities:	(151,801)	(10,455)
Net increase (decrease) in cash	452,066	(13,161)
Cash – beginning of period	85,955	128,966
Cash – end of period	538,021	115,806

CENTRAL AMERICAN EQUITIES CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES  
Statements of Cash Flow  
For the Six Months Ended June 30,

2004                      2005

Supplemental Disclosures of cash flow information:

Cash Paid for Interest	42,948	77,294
Cash Paid for Income Taxes	0	0

Non-cash Transactions:

Shares Issued for Services	0	55,000
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See Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

## CENTRAL AMERICAN EQUITIES CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES

### Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

#### **Note 1 -Summary of Accounting Policies**

##### Nature of Business

Central American Equities Corp. and Subsidiaries (the "Company") was incorporated under the laws of the State of Florida on January 23, 1996. The Company is in the business of owning and operating hotels, restaurants, and real property in Costa Rica.

##### Financial Statement Presentation

The consolidated un-audited interim financial statements of the Company as of June 30, 2005 and for the three and six month periods ending June 30, 2005, included herein, have been prepared in accordance with the instructions for Form 10QSB under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, and Article 10 of Regulation S-X under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended. The December 31, 2004 Consolidated Balance Sheet was derived from audited financial statements, but does not include all disclosures required by generally accepted accounting principles. Certain information and note disclosures normally included in financial statements prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles have been condensed or omitted pursuant to such rules and regulations relating to interim consolidated financial statements.

In the opinion of management, the accompanying consolidated un-audited interim financial statements reflect all adjustments, consisting only of normal recurring adjustments, necessary to fairly present the financial position of the Company as of June 30, 2005, and the results of their operations for the three and six month periods ending June 30, 2005 and 2004, and their cash flows for the six months ending June 30, 2005 and 2004.

The results of operations for such periods are not necessarily indicative of results expected for the full year or for any future period. These financial statements should be read in conjunction with the audited consolidated financial statements as of December 31, 2004 and 2003 and related notes included in the Company's Form 10-KSB filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission.

##### Cash and Cash Equivalents

For purposes of the statement of cash flows all certificates of deposits with maturities of 90 days or less, were deemed to be cash equivalents.

##### Property and Equipment

Property and equipment are recorded at cost less accumulated depreciation. Depreciation is computed provided using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of five for equipment, seven years for furniture and fixtures and forty years for buildings and improvements.

CENTRAL AMERICAN EQUITIES CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES  
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

**Note 1 -Summary of Accounting Policies (continued)**

Repairs and maintenance costs are expensed as incurred while additions and betterments are capitalized. The cost and related accumulated depreciation of assets sold or retired are eliminated from the accounts and any gain or losses are reflected in earnings.

Estimates

Preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Revenue Recognition

The Company records revenue at the point of service and maintains its corporate records for both financial statement and tax return purposes on the accrual method of accounting.

Foreign Exchange

Assets and liabilities of the Company, which are denominated in foreign currencies, are translated at exchange rates prevailing at the balance sheet date. Non-monetary assets and liabilities are translated at historical rates. Revenues and expenses are translated at average rates throughout the year. The unrealized translation gains and losses are accumulated in a separate component of stockholders' equity translation exchange gains and losses are reflected in net earnings.

Fair Value of Financial Instruments

The carrying amount of the Company's financial instruments, which principally include cash, note receivable, accounts payable and accrued expenses, approximates fair value due to the relatively short maturity of such instruments.

The fair value of the Company's debt instruments is based on the amount of future cash flows associated with each instrument discounted using the Company's borrowing rate. At December 31, 2004 and 2003, respectively, the carrying value of all financial instruments was not materially different from fair value.

Income Taxes

The Company has net operating loss carryovers of approximately \$5.4 million as of December 31, 2004, expiring in the years 2012 through 2023. However, based upon present Internal Revenue regulations governing the utilization of net operating loss carryovers where the corporation has issued substantial



## CENTRAL AMERICAN EQUITIES CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES

### Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

#### **Note 1 -Summary of Accounting Policies (continued)**

additional stock, most of this loss carryover may not be available to the Company.

The Company adopted Statement of Financial Accounting Standards (SFAS) No. 109, Accounting for Income Taxes, effective July 1993. SFAS No.109 requires the establishment of a deferred tax asset for all deductible temporary differences and operating loss carry-forwards. Because of the uncertainties discussed in Note 2, however, any deferred tax asset established for utilization of the Company's tax loss carry-forwards would correspondingly require a valuation allowance of the same amount pursuant to SFAS No. 109. Accordingly, no deferred tax asset is reflected in these financial statements.

#### **Note 2 -Going Concern**

As shown in the accompanying financial statements, the Company incurred a net loss of approximately \$238,000 during the year ended December 31, 2004 that raise doubt about the entity's ability to continue as a going concern.

The Company has received additional financing through the sale of a non-performing asset, continues to control expenses, and evaluates the ongoing performance of the Company's assets. The ability of the Company to continue as a going concern is dependent on the success of application and techniques. The financial statements do not include any adjustments that might be necessary if the Company is unable to continue as a going concern.

Note, however, that the Company recorded a net profit in the six-month period ending June 30, 2005.

#### **Note 3 -Property and Equipment**

As of December 31, 2004 plant and equipment consisted of the following:

Land	\$249,547
Buildings	5,995,553
Machinery and equipment	125,535
Furniture and fixtures	286,635
Computer equipment	73,693
	<u>6,730,963</u>
Less accumulated depreciation	<u>1,231,434</u>
	<u>\$ 5,499,529</u>

## CENTRAL AMERICAN EQUITIES CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES

### Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

#### **Note 3 -Property and Equipment (continued)**

Depreciation expense in the amount of \$171,722 and \$183,292 has been recorded for the years ended December 31, 2004 and 2003 respectively.

#### **Note 4 – Common Stock**

A total of 19,864,268 shares of common stock were outstanding as of December 31, 2004.

In March 2005, the board awarded Michael Caggiano, the CEO of the Company, 500,000 options to purchase common stock at \$0.04 per share. Mr. Caggiano exercised those options.

In April 2005, Medical Ventures Group, the holder of 1,000,000 shares of Class "A" Convertible Preferred Stock elected to convert those shares to Common Stock. At the time of conversion, board director P. James Voloshin held controlling interest in Medical Ventures Group. Subsequent to the conversion, Mr. Voloshin sold the shares of Common Stock to Richard Wm. Talley, a board director of the Company.

In May 2005 the Company awarded several employees of the Company a total of 50,000 shares of Common stock. As such, as of May 22, 2005 there were 21,414,268 Shares of Common Stock at \$0.001 par value and no (0) shares of Class "A" Convertible Preferred Stock issued and outstanding.

On May 23, 2005, the Company's board of directors unanimously approved a 1 for 10 reverse split of the Company's common stock. This reverse split went into effect at the beginning of business on June 7, 2005. This reduced the Company's outstanding shares of common stock to 2,141,553 shares (all fraction per certificate ownerships are rounded up).

#### **Note 5 -Notes Payable**

The Company has \$212,876 outstanding against a \$500,000 line of credit with Banco BCT. In February 2002, the Company restructured the loan. The current terms include a loan term of 70 months; an annual interest rate of prime plus 3.75%, and monthly principal payments that vary with the high and low occupancy periods of Hotel Alta. Monthly principal payments in year one will vary from \$3,000 to \$12,000.

The funds advanced under this line of credit were used to supplement cash flow for operating expenses and construction costs. The note is collateralized by property of the Company.

Included in notes payable at June 30, 2005 is a note payable to shareholder, dated July 21, 2000, of \$48,300. The note payable bears interest at 20% and was due July 22, 2002.

**Note 6 -Notes Payable – Related Parties**

Notes payable to officers of the Company as of June 30, 2005 are as follows:

Amopunts payable to officers (Caggiano, Talley, and Rosenmiller)  
dated November 30, 2000 with interest at 5%  
with no set terms for prepayment \$ 90,315

Total Due to Officers \$ 90,315

**Note 7 - Commitments and Contingencies**

The Company has a month-to-month lease for 1 acre of property. Minimum rentals in the year ending December 31, 2005 are \$18,000

Included as a liability on the balance sheet is an accrued expense in the amount of about \$52,000 for non-payment of sales taxes for Hotel Alta. The amount listed is an accurate reflection on the amount past due at that time not including penalties or interest.

Penalties and interest were not included as the government had an amnesty program that forgave penalties and interest on all past taxes paid by April 30, 2003. The Company planned to have the cash available to pay past taxes by selling a beach property called Tropicana before April 30. Instead, through negotiations with the government the Company offered part of the property to the government in lieu of payment. Before April 30 the government accepted the property and began an appraisal to see how much of the past taxes it would cover. In August 2003, the government reversed course on the offer to accept the property. They demanded full payment of the back taxes including penalties and interest. As of June 30, 2005, the Company had paid down the tax liability by about \$190,000, but is disputing the interest and penalties.

## **ITEM 2. MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS**

Central American Equities Corp. (the "Company" or "CAE") is a US hospitality company, based in Santa Ana, Costa Rica and incorporated in the State of Florida on January 23, 1996. The Company specializes in providing high-quality food and lodging in unique natural settings in Costa Rica. The Company is in the business of owning and operating hotels and restaurants and real property in Costa Rica. The first year of full operation of the Company's hotels was 1998.

As of June 30, 2005, CAE owned Hotel Alta in Santa Ana (a suburb of the capital city of San Jose) and Sunset Reef (on the Pacific Ocean in Mal Pais near the protected Cabo Blanco Reserve). CAE also owned and operated La Luz Restaurant (located in Hotel Alta) and ATP-Costa Rica (a full-service reservation, travel planning and in-bound tour operation based in Costa Rica). The Company sold Restaurant Tropicana in June 2004. On June 30, 2005, the Company had approximately 60 full-time, part-time and contract employees.

The following is management's discussion and analysis of significant factors that affected the Company's financial position during the three-month period ended June 30, 2005.

### **Results of Operations**

#### Comparison of Operations for the 3-Month Periods Ended June 30, 2005 and 2004

During the second quarter of the year, the traditional low season for tourism in Costa Rica, the Company continued to improve. Most of the improvement was registered at Hotel Alta. During the second three months of 2005, occupancy at Hotel Alta increased by 70% from the same period in 2004 growing from about 50% to 85%. Sunset Reef's occupancy also grew. During the second three months of 2005, occupancy at Sunset Reef increased from 18% in 2004 to 27% in 2005.

Several factors contributed to the jump in occupancy at Hotel Alta. Importantly, the number of tourists traveling to Costa Rica continued to increase. Several management programs over the past two years have helped the hotel capture more than its proportional share of this increased flow. Hotel Alta's webpage ([www.thealtahotel.com](http://www.thealtahotel.com)) and web-marketing campaigns (including search-engine positioning and strategic placement of click-through advertisements) have resulted in significant increases in on-line reservations. Hotel Alta's listing on Hotels.com and Expedia.com have increased the Hotel's exposure world-wide. Using web advertisements, management has been better able to control inventory by running single-day specials during low occupancy periods.

Although occupancy has jumped dramatically, web specials have contributed to a somewhat lower average room rate. Average room rates at Hotel Alta dropped by about \$2.00 per room. This is, however, an improvement over the first quarter of 2005 when average room rates declined about \$9.00 from the previous year.

During the second quarter of 2005 revenues increased markedly. During the three-month period ended June 30, 2005, revenues were \$335,536. This represents an increase of approximately \$60,000 or 23% from the same period in 2004. Although revenues increased, the cost of services declined by about \$7000 or 7% from the previous year. As a consequence, gross profit jumped 37% from the same three months in 2004.

General and administrative expenses also declined. During the three-month period ended June 30, 2005, total G&A expenses dropped by about 2% from the same period in 2004.

Income jumped considerably. During the three-month period ended June 30, 2005 the Company earned approximately \$64,000 before depreciation of about \$43,000 and interest costs of about \$5,000. The net income, including depreciation and interest, was about \$16,000. This is an increase of about \$113,000 over 2004.

The Company balance sheet also improved. The Company continued to pay down its \$500,000 note to BCT. As of June 30, 2005, the loan to BCT had a balance of about \$212,000, a reduction of \$64,000 since the beginning of the year (some of the balance is accounted for in the "Note Payable: Current Portion" of the balance sheet). Accrued expenses (which includes taxes owed to Tributacion, the Costa Rica tax authority) declined by \$74,000 since December 31, 2004. Total liabilities declined by about \$111,000 in the past 6 months. The balance sheet does not, however, show a contingency in the event that Hotel Alta loses its suit against Tributacion (see Item 1 below for a full discussion).

### Future Direction

Over the past year, management has discussed the advantages and disadvantages of continuing to operate its current business while remaining a publicly trading company. Foremost was the cost to the Company of remaining a publicly trading company, as it is expensive and time consuming. For this reason, the board has questioned the value of remaining a publicly trading Company and is reviewing whether it is in the best interests of the shareholders to operate the hotels as a public entity. As such, we are exploring the idea of selling the hotels and seeking out business opportunity candidates to merge into the Company. There is no assurance, however, that management will do this.

On May 23, 2005, the Company's board of directors unanimously approved a 1 for 10 reverse split of the Company's common stock. This reverse split went into effect at the beginning of business on June 7, 2005. This action reduced the Company's outstanding shares to 2,141,553 shares.

We took this action because we are exploring various opportunities to do a reverse merger with a profitable operating company. The Board of Directors has determined in its judgment that this is the best way to enhance shareholder value. While the Company has not entered into any letters of intent, it has reviewed several business plans of possible business combinations with the Company.

### **Liquidity and Capital Resources**

During the first six months of 2005, the Company recorded positive net income of approximately \$32,000. However, prior to this filing, Company operations had resulted in losses. The Company has limited, albeit improving, cash liquidity and capital resources. The Company plans to hold sufficient cash in reserve to protect against cash flow needs during the remainder of 2005.

## **PART II: OTHER INFORMATION**

### **ITEM 1. LEGAL PROCEEDINGS**

Occasionally in the past there have been actions against Central American Equities' subsidiaries in the Costa Rican Labor Court that had been brought by former employees who had been dismissed by the Company due to poor performance or insubordination. These employees dispute the reason for their dismissal and, as such, claim they are entitled to additional monetary compensation. The Company considers these actions to be routine litigation that is incidental to the business (as defined under Reg. Section 228.103). It is anticipated that any contingent liability stemming from these claims would be immaterial to the Company. In the second quarter of 2005 there were no such claims brought nor pending against the Company.

#### **Potential Legal Proceeding and Liability**

On November 2002, Hotel Alta owed Tributacion (the Costa Rican taxing authority) approximately \$240,000 in unpaid sales taxes. These taxes have been listed on past balance sheets as an accrued expense and had been fully reported to the government of Costa Rica. The Costa Rica government offered to all companies in Costa Rica amnesty from interest and penalties for back taxes paid by April 30, 2003. Prior to April 30, 2003, CAE, unable to pay these taxes in cash, proposed that the debt be resolved with the exchange of property worth an equivalent value (part of the parcel in Playa Carmen where Restaurante Tropicana is located). It is the Company's contention that Tributacion accepted this offer on or before April 30, 2003 and began a process of appraising the property to determine how much of the tax liability was to be cancelled. However, in August 2003, Tributacion notified the Company that it would not accept the property in lieu of payment (in whole or in part) and demanded that the Company immediately pay the past due taxes with interest and penalties.

Between August 2003 and August 2004 the Company attempted to negotiate with Tributacion concerning the amount of taxes owed and the applicability and legality of interest and penalties related to those taxes. These negotiations were unsuccessful. As such, on September 13, 2004 the Company brought suit against Tributacion in the Costa Rican constitutional court for not accepting the offer of property in exchange for the outstanding tax liability. The refusal of the offer denied the opportunity for the Company to successfully meet the tax amnesty deadline.

In December 2004, the Company was notified that the constitutional court had declined to accept the case, directing the Company to first present the case in the lower civil courts. In February 2005, the Company initiated the process of filing this case in Costa Rica's civil courts. Believing it has been denied due process and equal treatment under Costa Rican law, management plans to pursue the case vigorously. As of August 1, 2005, the case was still pending in civil court.

It is difficult to evaluate the likelihood of an unfavorable outcome in this case but we estimate it to be at or below 50%. If an unfavorable outcome results, the Company may be liable for interest and penalties of more than \$175,000.

### **ITEM 2. CHANGES IN SECURITIES**

A total of 19,864,268 shares of common stock were outstanding as of December 31, 2004.

In March 2005, the board awarded Michael Caggiano, the CEO of the Company, 500,000 options to purchase common stock at \$0.04 per share. Mr. Caggiano exercised these options in April 2005.

In April 2005, Medical Ventures Group, the holder of 1,000,000 shares of Class "A" Convertible Preferred Stock elected to convert those shares to Common Stock. At the time of conversion, board director P. James Voloshin held controlling interest in Medical Ventures Group. Subsequent to the conversion, Mr. Voloshin sold the shares of Common Stock to Richard Wm. Talley, a board director of the Company.

In May 2005 the Company awarded several employees of the Company a total of 50,000 shares of Common stock. As such, as of May 22, 2005 there were 21,414,268 Shares of Common Stock at \$0.001 par value and no (0) shares of Class "A" Convertible Preferred Stock issued and outstanding.

On May 23, 2005, the Company's board of directors unanimously approved a 1 for 10 reverse split of the Company's common stock. This reverse split went into effect at the beginning of business on June 7, 2005. This reduced the Company's outstanding shares of common stock to 2,141,553 shares (all fraction-per-certificate ownerships are rounded up). There are no (0) shares of Class "A" Convertible Preferred Stock issued and outstanding.

### **ITEM 3. DEFAULTS UPON SENIOR SECURITIES**

The Company did not default upon any securities of any kind during the three-month period that ended on June 30, 2005.

### **ITEM 4. SUBMISSION OF MATTERS TO A VOTE OF SECURITY HOLDERS**

The Company submitted no matter to a vote of its security holders during the three-month period ended June 30, 2005.

### **ITEM 5. OTHER INFORMATION**

On May 23, 2005, the Company's board of directors unanimously approved a 1 for 10 reverse split of the Company's common stock. This reverse split went into effect at the beginning of business on June 7, 2005. This action reduced the Company's outstanding shares to 2,141,553 shares.

We took this action because we are exploring various opportunities to do a reverse merger with a profitable operating company. The Board of Directors has determined in its judgment that this is the best way to enhance shareholder value. While the Company has not entered into any letters of intent, it has reviewed several business plans of possible business combinations with the Company.

### **ITEM 6. EXHIBITS AND REPORTS**

No exhibits are filed with this Form 10-QSB. Additional information may be found in the Annual Report on Form 10K of the Registrant for the year ended December 31, 1998, 1999, 2000, 2001, 2002, 2003, and 2004. No reports were filed on Form 8-K during the quarter of the period covered by this report.

## **VERIFICATION SIGNATURES**

In accordance with Section 12 of the Securities and Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant caused this registration to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

CENTRAL AMERICAN EQUITIES CORP.

BY: Michael N. Caggiano, President/CEO

MICHAEL N. CAGGIANO, President/CEO

CENTRAL AMERICAN EQUITIES CORP.

BY: Richard Wm. Talley, Director

RICHARD WM. TALLEY, DIRECTOR

CENTRAL AMERICAN EQUITIES CORP.

BY: P. James Voloshin, Director

P. James Voloshin, DIRECTOR,



## **SARBANES-OXLEY ACT Section 302 CERTIFICATIONS**

I, Michael Caggiano, President and Chief Executive Officer, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of Central American Equities Corporation;

2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;

3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;

4. I am responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:

(a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;

(b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;

(c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures; and

(d) Disclosed in the report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected,

or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting;

5. I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):

(a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and

(b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

/s/ Michael N. Caggiano

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Michael N. Caggiano  
President and Chief Executive Officer  
August 11, 2005

**SARBANES-OXLEY ACT SECTION 906 CERTIFICATIONS**

I Michael N. Caggiano, President and Chief Executive Officer of Central American Equities Corporation, hereby certify that:

1. The annual report of the registrant on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended March 31, 2005 fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and

2. The information contained in the annual report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the registrant as of the dates and for the periods expressed in the quarterly report.

/s/ Michael N. Caggiano

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Name: Michael N. Caggiano  
Title: President and Chief Executive Officer  
Date: August 11, 2005