
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
Washington, D.C. 20549
FORM N-4

Post-Effective Amendment No. 57
to
REGISTRATION STATEMENT UNDER THE SECURITIES ACT OF 1933
and Amendment to
REGISTRATION STATEMENT UNDER THE INVESTMENT COMPANY ACT OF 1940

Variable Annuity Account B
(Exact Name of Registrant)

Voya Retirement Insurance and Annuity Company
(Name of Depositor)

One Orange Way
Windsor, Connecticut 06095-4774
(Address of Depositor's Principal Executive Offices) (Zip Code)

(860) 580-1631
(Depositor's Telephone Number, including Area Code)

Peter M. Scavongelli
Assistant Vice President and Senior Counsel
Voya Retirement Insurance and Annuity Company
One Orange Way, C2S, Windsor, Connecticut 06095-4774
(Name and Address of Agent for Service)

It is proposed that this filing will become effective:

 X immediately upon filing pursuant to paragraph (b) of Rule 485
 on May 1, 2022, pursuant to paragraph (b) of Rule 485
 60 days after filing pursuant to paragraph (a)(1)
 on _____ pursuant to paragraph (a)(1) of Rule 485.

If appropriate, check the following box:

 this post-effective amendment designates a new effective date for a previously filed
post-effective amendment.

Title of Securities Being Registered: Group Deferred Fixed and Variable Annuity Contracts

PART A
INFORMATION REQUIRED IN A PROSPECTUS

GROUP VARIABLE ANNUITY CONTRACTS FOR EMPLOYER-SPONSORED DEFERRED COMPENSATION PLANS A GROUP DEFERRED FIXED AND VARIABLE ANNUITY CONTRACT

issued by
Voya Retirement Insurance and Annuity Company
and its
Variable Annuity Account B

This prospectus describes group deferred fixed and variable annuity contracts (the “Contract” or the “Contracts”) issued by Voya Retirement Insurance and Annuity Company (“VRIAC,” the “Company,” “we,” “us” and “our”) through its Variable Annuity Account B (the “Separate Account”). They are intended to be used as funding vehicles for deferred compensation plans sponsored by an employer for its employees and/or independent contractors (“plan” or “plans”) and to qualify for beneficial tax treatment and/or to provide current income reduction under certain sections of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the “Tax Code”). The plans may be sponsored by non-governmental tax-exempt organizations for deferrals that are subject to Tax Code Section 457 (“457 Plans”), by tax-exempt organizations for deferrals not subject to Tax Code section 457 (“Non Section 457 Plans”) or by taxable organizations (“Non Section 457 Plans”). The contracts were formerly sold as both group contracts and employer-owned individual contracts. Two classes of Contracts are described in this prospectus. The Installment Purchase Payment Account class of Contracts and the Single Purchase Payment Account class of Contracts. The Installment Purchase Payment Account class of Contracts accept ongoing, or installment, Purchase Payments into an account. The Single Purchase Payment class of Contracts accept a one-time, or single, Purchase Payment to an account.

Before you participate in the Contract through your retirement plan, you should read this prospectus. It provides facts about the Contract and its investment options. Plan sponsors (generally your employer) should read this prospectus to help determine if the Contract is appropriate for their plan.

**If you are a new Investor in the Contract,
you may cancel your Contract within 10 days of receiving it without paying fees or penalties.**

In some states, this cancellation period may be longer. Upon cancellation, you will receive either a full refund of the amount you paid with your application or your total Account Value. You should review this prospectus, or consult with your investment professional, for additional information about the specific cancellation terms that apply.

Additional information about certain investment products, including variable annuities, has been prepared by the Securities and Exchange Commission’s staff and is available at Investor.gov.

Neither the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission (“SEC”) nor any state securities commission has approved or disapproved these securities or passed upon the accuracy or adequacy of this prospectus. Any representation to the contrary is a criminal offense.

We do not intend for this prospectus to be an offer to sell or a solicitation of an offer to buy these securities in any state that does not permit their sale. We have not authorized anyone to provide you with information that is different from that contained in this prospectus.

If a participant elects to deduct from the participant’s account advisory fees due under an independent advisory services agreement between the participant and an investment adviser, then such deductions will reduce the death benefit payable under the participant’s certificate and also may be subject to federal and state income taxes and a 10% federal penalty tax.

Contract Prospectus Dated May 1, 2022

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GLOSSARY OF TERMS USED IN THIS PROSPECTUS

The following are some of the important terms used throughout this prospectus that have special meaning. There are other capitalized terms that are explained or defined in other parts of this prospectus.

Account Anniversary: The anniversary of the date we established your account. If your account was established on February 29th, in non-leap years, the Account Anniversary shall be March 1st.

Account Value: The value of: (1) amounts allocated to the Fixed Interest Options, including interest earnings to date; less (2) any deductions from the Fixed Interest Options (e.g., withdrawals and fees); and plus (3) the current dollar value of amounts allocated to the Subaccounts of Variable Annuity Account B, which includes investment performance and fees deducted from the Subaccounts.

Account Year: A 12-month period measured from the date we establish your account, or measured from any anniversary of that date.

Accumulation Phase: The period of time between the date the Contract became effective and the date you start receiving Income Phase payments under the Contract. During the Accumulation Phase, you accumulate retirement benefits.

Accumulation Unit: A unit of measurement used to calculate the Account Value during the Accumulation Phase.

Accumulation Unit Value: The value of an Accumulation Unit for a Subaccount of Variable Annuity Account B. Each Subaccount of Variable Annuity Account B has its own Accumulation Unit Value, which may increase or decrease daily based on the investment performance of the applicable underlying Fund in which it invests.

Annuitant. The Annuitant is the person(s) on whose life expectancy the Income Phase payments are calculated.

Beneficiary (or Beneficiaries): The person designated to receive the death benefit payable under the Contract.

Contract or Contracts: The group deferred fixed and variable annuity Contract offered by your Plan Sponsor as a funding vehicle for your retirement plan.

Contract Holder: The person to whom or entity to which we issue the Contract. Generally, the Plan Sponsor. We may also refer to the Contract Holder as the Contract Owner.

Contract Year: A 12-month period measured from the date we establish the Contract, or measured from any anniversary of that date.

Customer Service: The location from which we service the Contracts. The mailing address and telephone number of Customer Service is Defined Contributions Administration, P.O. Box 990063, Hartford, CT 06199-0063, 1-800-584-6001.

Fixed Interest Options: The Guaranteed Accumulation Account, the Fixed Account, the Fixed Plus Account and the Fixed Plus Account II A are Fixed Interest Options that may be available during the Accumulation Phase under some Contracts. Amounts allocated to the Guaranteed Accumulation Account are deposited in a nonunitized separate account established by the Company. Amounts allocated to the Fixed Interest Options are held in the Company's General Account which supports insurance and annuity obligations.

Fund(s): The underlying mutual Funds in which the Subaccounts invest.

General Account: The account that contains all of our assets other than those held in Variable Annuity Account B or one of our other separate accounts.

Good Order: Generally, a request is considered to be in “Good Order” when it is signed, dated and made with such clarity and completeness that we are not required to exercise any discretion in carrying it out. We can only act upon written requests that are received in Good Order.

Guaranteed Term(s): The Guaranteed Term is the period of time account dollars must be left in an account in order to earn a specified guaranteed interest rate.

Income Phase: The period during which you receive payments from your Contract.

Installment Purchase Payment: A Purchase Payment method whereby ongoing contributions are made over time into an account (an “Installment Purchase Payment Account”). Payments to an Installment Purchase Payment Account must be at least \$100 per month (\$1,200 annually). No payment may be less than \$25.

Investor (also “you” or “participant”): The individual who participates in the Contract through a retirement plan.

Net Asset Value: A Fund’s current market value.

Plan Sponsor: The sponsor of your retirement plan. Generally, your employer.

Purchase Payment: Collectively, the initial Purchase Payment and any additional Purchase Payment.

Purchase Payment Period (also called “Deposit Cycle” in the Contract): For Installment Purchase Payments, the period of time it takes to complete the number of Installment Purchase Payments expected to be made to your account over a year. For example, if your payment frequency is monthly, a payment period is completed after 12 Purchase Payments are made. If only 11 Purchase Payments are made, the payment period is not completed until the twelfth Purchase Payment is made. At any given time, the number of payment periods completed cannot exceed the number of Account Years completed, regardless of the number of payments made.

Single Purchase Payment: A Purchase Payment method whereby a lump-sum contribution (rollover, exchange or other one-time contribution) is transferred from a previous plan into an account (a “Single Purchase Payment Account”) in accordance with our procedures in effect at the time of purchase.

Subaccount: Division(s) of Variable Annuity Account B that are investment options under the Contract. Each Subaccount invests in a corresponding underlying mutual Fund.

Tax Code: The Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended.

VRIAC, the Company, we, us and our: Voya Retirement Insurance and Annuity Company, a stock company domiciled in Connecticut, that issues the Contract described in this prospectus.

Valuation Date: Each date on which the Accumulation Unit Value of the Subaccounts of Variable Annuity Account B and the Net Asset Value of the shares of the underlying Funds are determined. Currently, these values are determined after the close of business of the New York Stock Exchange (“NYSE”) on any normal Business Day, Monday through Friday, when the NYSE is open for trading.

Variable Annuity Account B, the Separate Account: Voya Variable Annuity Account B, a segregated asset account established by us to fund the variable benefits provided by the Contract. The Variable Annuity Account B is registered as a unit investment trust under the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended, and it also meets the definition of “separate account” under the federal securities laws.

Variable Investment Options: The Subaccounts of Variable Annuity Account B. Each one invests in a specific mutual Fund.

KEY INFORMATION

Important Information You Should Consider About the Contract

FEES AND EXPENSES			
Charges for Early Withdrawals	<p>If the Investor withdraws money from the Contract within ten (10) completed Purchase Payment Periods, the Investor can be assessed an early withdrawal charge equal to a maximum of 5% of the amount withdrawn. The specified maximum percentage referenced in the preceding sentence applies to withdrawals from Installment Purchase Payment Accounts and the withdrawal charge schedule that applies to that account, but it will never exceed 8.50% of total Purchase Payments.</p> <p>For example, if you make an early withdrawal from an Installment Purchase Payment Account, you could pay a surrender charge of up to \$5,000 on a \$100,000 investment.</p> <p>See “FEE TABLE – Transaction Expenses” and “CHARGES AND FEES – Transaction Fees – Early Withdrawal Charge.”</p>		
Transaction Charges	<p>In addition to the early withdrawal charge, the Investor may also be charged for fund redemption fees:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Certain Funds may impose redemption fees as a result of withdrawals, transfers or other Fund transactions you may initiate; and • Charges for advisory services due to an independent advisory services agreement between you and an investment adviser may be deducted from Contract value. <p>See “CHARGES AND FEES – Transaction Fees – Fund Redemption Fees.”</p>		
Ongoing Fees and Expenses (annual charges)	<p>The table below describes the fees and expenses that you may pay <i>each year</i>, depending on the options you choose. Please refer to your Contract specifications page for information about the specific fees you will pay each year based on the options you have elected. These ongoing fees and expenses do not reflect any advisory fees due under an independent advisory services agreement with a participant, and if such charges were reflected, these ongoing fees and expenses would be higher.</p>		
	Annual Fee	Minimum	Maximum
	Base Contract Expenses (varies by Contract class)	1.25% ^{1, 2}	1.50% + effect of \$20 Annual Maintenance Fee ^{1, 2}
	Fund Fees and Expenses (annual charges)	X.XX% ³	X.XX% ³

¹ As a percentage of average Account Value.

² The base contract expenses include (1) the mortality and expense risk charge (1.25%), which compensates us for the mortality and expense risks we assume under the Contract, including those risks associated with our funding of the death benefit; (2) an administrative expense charge equal to 0.25% annually of your Account Value invested in the Subaccounts; and (3) a \$20 annual maintenance fee converted to an annual percentage equal to X.XX%. The administrative expense charge and the annual maintenance fee may be waived, reduced or eliminated in certain circumstances. The minimum amount reflects these waivers, reductions or eliminations, while the maximum amount does not. The minimum and maximum amounts include the maximum mortality and expense risk charge of 1.25%, although this charge may be reduced if a plan meets certain criteria and we agree to the reduction with the Contract Holder in writing. See “**CHARGES AND FEES – Periodic Fees and Charges.**”

³ These expenses, which include management fees, distribution (12b-1) and/or service fees and other expenses, do not take into account any fee waiver or expense reimbursement arrangements that may apply. These expenses are for the year ended December 31, 2021, and will vary from year to year.

FEES AND EXPENSES (continued from previous page)		
Ongoing Fees and Expenses (annual charges)	Because your Contract is customizable, the choices you make affect how much you will pay. To help you understand the cost of owning your Contract, the following table shows the lowest and highest cost you could pay <i>each year</i> based on current charges. This estimate assumes that you do not take withdrawals from the Contract, which could add surrender charges that substantially increase costs.	
	Lowest Annual Cost Estimate: \$[] Assumes: <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Investment of \$100,000;• 5% annual appreciation;• Least expensive combination of Contract classes and Fund fees and expenses;• No optional benefits;• No sales charges or advisory fees; and• No additional Purchase Payments, transfers or withdrawals.	Highest Annual Cost Estimate: \$[] Assumes: <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Investment of \$100,000;• 5% annual appreciation;• Most expensive combination of Contract classes, optional benefits and Fund fees and expenses;• No sales charges or advisory fees; and• No additional Purchase Payments, transfers or withdrawals.
	See “FEE TABLE – Periodic Fees and Expenses” and “CHARGES AND FEES – Periodic Fees and Charges.”	
RISKS		
Risk of Loss	An Investor can lose money by investing in the Contract. See “PRINCIPAL RISKS OF INVESTING IN THE CONTRACT.”	
Not a Short-Term Investment	This Contract is not designed for short-term investing and is not appropriate for an Investor who needs ready access to cash. The Contract is typically most useful as part of a personal retirement plan. Early withdrawals may be restricted by the Tax Code or your plan and may expose you to early withdrawal charges or tax penalties. You should not participate in this Contract if you are looking for a short-term investment or expect to make withdrawals before you are age 59½. See “PRINCIPAL RISKS OF INVESTING IN THE CONTRACT.”	
Risks Associated with Investment Options	An investment in the Contract is subject to the risk of poor investment performance and can vary depending on the performance of the investment options available under the Contract. Each investment option (including the Guaranteed Accumulation Account and the other Fixed Interest Options) will have its own unique risks, and you should review these investment options before making an investment decision. If all or a portion of your Account Value in the Guaranteed Accumulation Account is withdrawn, you could experience a loss as to the amount invested in that account. See “THE INVESTMENT OPTIONS – The Variable Investment Options” and APPENDIX A.	
Insurance Company Risks	An investment in the Contract is subject to the risks related to VRIAC, including that any obligations, including under the Fixed Interest Options, guarantees or benefits are subject to the claims-paying ability of VRIAC. More information about VRIAC, including its financial strength ratings, is available upon request, by contacting Customer Service. See “THE CONTRACT – The General Account.”	

RESTRICTIONS	
Investments	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Generally the Contract Holder or you, if permitted by the plan, may select no more than 25 investment options at enrollment. Thereafter, more than 25 investment options can be selected at any one time; • Some Subaccounts and Fixed Interest Options may not be available through certain Contracts, your plan or in some states. Your Plan Sponsor may also have selected a subset of Variable Investment and/or Fixed Interest Options to be available under your plan; • Not all Fixed Interest Options may be available for current or future investment; • There are certain restrictions on transfers from the Fixed Interest Options; • The Company reserves the right to combine two or more Subaccounts, close Subaccounts or substitute a new Fund for a Fund in which a Subaccount currently invests; and • The Contract is not designed to serve as a vehicle for frequent transfers. We actively monitor Fund transfer and reallocation activity to identify violations of our Excessive Trading Policy. Electronic trading privileges will be suspended if the Company determines, in its sole discretion, that our Excessive Trading Policy has been violated. <p>See “THE INVESTMENT OPTIONS – <i>Selecting Investment Options and Right to Change the Separate Account</i>” and “THE CONTRACT – <i>Limits on Frequent or Disruptive Transfers.</i>”</p>
Optional Benefits	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • We may discontinue or restrict the availability of an optional benefit; • Benefits available to you may vary based on employer and state approval. Participants should refer to their plan documents for available benefits; and • If a participant elects to pay advisory fees from the Variable Investment Options, such deductions will reduce the death benefit amount and also may be subject to federal and state income taxes and a 10% federal tax penalty. <p>See “SYSTEMATIC DISTRIBUTION OPTIONS – Availability of Systematic Distribution Options.”</p>

TAXES	
Tax Implications	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • You should consult with a tax and/or legal adviser to determine the tax implications of an investment in, and distributions received under, the Contract; • There is no additional tax benefit to the Investor if the Contract is purchased through a tax-qualified plan or individual retirement account (“IRA”); and • Withdrawals will be subject to ordinary income tax and may be subject to tax penalties. <p>See “FEDERAL TAX CONSIDERATIONS.”</p>
CONFLICTS OF INTEREST	
Investment Professional Compensation	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • We pay compensation to broker/dealers whose registered representatives sell the Contract. • Compensation may be paid in the form of commissions or other compensation, depending upon the agreement between the broker/dealers and the registered representative. • Because of this sales-based compensation, an investment professional may have a financial incentive to offer or recommend the Contract over another investment. <p>See “OTHER TOPICS – <i>Contract Distribution.</i>”</p>
Exchanges	<p>Some investment professionals may have a financial incentive to offer you a new contract in place of the one you own. You should exchange your Contract only if you determine, after comparing the features, fees and risks of both contracts, that it is preferable for you to purchase the new contract rather than continue to own the existing Contract.</p> <p>See “PRINCIPAL RISKS OF INVESTING IN THE CONTRACT.”</p>

OVERVIEW OF THE CONTRACT

This summary provides a brief overview of the more significant aspects of the Contract. Further detail is provided in this prospectus, the related Statement of Additional Information (“SAI”), the Contract and the summary or full prospectuses for the Funds being considered. We urge you to read the entire prospectus as it describes all material features and benefits of the Contract and your rights and limitations thereunder. It also sets forth information you should know before making the decision to participate in the Contract through your retirement plan. Certain features and benefits may vary depending on the state in which your Contract is issued.

Purpose

The Contract described in this prospectus is a group deferred fixed and variable annuity contract. It is intended to be used as a funding vehicle for deferred compensation plans sponsored by an employer for its employees and/or independent contractors (“plan” or “plans”) and to qualify for beneficial tax treatment and/or to provide current income reduction under certain sections of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the “Tax Code”). The plans may be sponsored by non-governmental tax-exempt organizations for deferrals that are subject to Tax Code Section 457 (“457 Plans”), by tax-exempt organizations for deferrals not subject to Tax Code section 457 (“Non Section 457 Plans”) or by taxable organizations (“Non Section 457 Plans”).

The Contract is designed for Investors who intend to accumulate funds for retirement purposes, and thus is best suited for those with a long investment horizon. The Contract should not be viewed as a highly liquid investment. In that regard, early withdrawals may be restricted by the Tax Code or your plan and may expose you to early withdrawal charges or tax penalties. The value of deferred taxation on earnings grows with the amount of time your money is left in the Contract. For these reasons, you should not participate in this Contract if you are looking for a short-term investment. When considering whether to purchase or participate in the Contract, you should consult with your financial representative about your financial goals, investment time horizon and risk tolerance.

Phases of Contract

The Contract has two phases: An **Accumulation Phase** and an **Income Phase**.

Accumulation Phase: During the Accumulation Phase, you direct us to invest your Purchase Payments or Account Value among the following investment options:

- Variable Investment Options; and/or
- Fixed Interest Options.

Income Phase: During the Income Phase, you start receiving annuity, or Income Phase, payments from your Contract. The Contract offers several Income Phase payment options. In general, you may:

- Receive Income Phase payments over a lifetime or for a specified period;
- Receive Income Phase payments monthly, quarterly, semi-annually or annually;
- Select an Income Phase option that provides a death benefit to Beneficiaries; or
- Select fixed Income Phase payments or payments that vary based on the performance of the Variable Investment Options you select.

For more information about the Income Phase, see “**THE INCOME PHASE.**”

The Variable Investment Options

The Variable Investment Options are Subaccounts within the Separate Account. Each Subaccount invests its assets directly in shares of a corresponding underlying Fund, and each Fund has its own distinct investment objectives, fees and expenses and investment advisers. Earnings on amounts invested in a Subaccount will vary depending upon the performance and fees of the corresponding underlying Fund. You do not invest directly in or hold shares of the

Funds. **Additional information about each underlying Fund is set forth in the section of this prospectus called “APPENDIX A: FUNDS AVAILABLE UNDER THE CONTRACT.”**

There is no guarantee that your Account Value will increase. Depending upon the investment experience of each Fund in which a Subaccount invests, your Account Value may increase or decrease daily. You bear the investment risk for the Funds in which the Subaccounts invest; you will benefit from favorable investment experience but also bear the risk of poor investment performance.

The Fixed Interest Options

The following Fixed Interest Options may be available through the Contract:

- The Guaranteed Accumulation Account;
- The Fixed Account
- The Fixed Account 2;
- The Fixed Plus Account; and
- The Fixed Plus Account II A.

Not all Fixed Interest Options may be available for current or future investment. For descriptions of the Fixed Interest Options that may be available through the Contract, see **APPENDIX B**, **APPENDIX C**, **APPENDIX D** and **APPENDIX E** and the Guaranteed Accumulation Account prospectus. The Guaranteed Accumulation Account prospectus may be obtained free of charge by calling Customer Service, by accessing the SEC’s website or by contacting the SEC Public Reference Branch.

Contract Features

Death Benefit. A Beneficiary may receive a death benefit in the event of your death during both the Accumulation and Income Phases (described above). The availability of a death benefit during the Income Phase depends upon the Income Phase annuity payment option selected. See **“DEATH BENEFIT”** and **“THE INCOME PHASE – *Death Benefit During the Income Phase.*”**

Systematic Distribution Options. If available under your Contract, the Contract Holder, on your behalf, may elect for you to receive regular payments from your account, while retaining the account in the Accumulation Phase. See **“SYSTEMATIC DISTRIBUTION OPTIONS.”**

Withdrawals. During the Accumulation Phase, the Contract Holder, on your behalf and subject to the limits in the Contract, may withdraw all or a part of your Account Value. Amounts withdrawn may be subject to an early withdrawal charge, other deductions, tax withholding and taxation. See **“WITHDRAWALS.”**

Charges for Advisory Services. A participant may enter into an agreement with an independent investment adviser that will provide agreed-upon advisory services and may arrange to have the advisory fees deducted from the Variable Investment Options, in which case they may be subject to federal and state income taxes and a 10% penalty tax. See **“CHARGES AND FEES – *Charges for Advisory Services.*”**

Taxation. Taxes will generally be due when you receive a distribution. Tax penalties may apply in some circumstances. See **“FEDERAL TAX CONSIDERATIONS.”**

FEE TABLE

The following tables describe the fees and expenses that you will pay when buying, owning and surrendering or making withdrawals from the Contract. These fees and expenses do not reflect any advisory fee paid to an independent investment adviser retained by a participant, and if such charges were reflected, these fees and expenses would be higher. Please refer to your Contract specifications page for information about the specific fees you will pay each year based on the options you have elected.

The first table describes the fees and expenses that you will pay at the time you buy the Contract, surrender or make withdrawals from the Contract or transfer Account Value between investment options. State premium taxes may also be deducted.

Transaction Expenses

Maximum Early Withdrawal Charge ⁴ (as a percentage of amount withdrawn, if applicable)	5.00%
Premium Tax ⁵	0.00% to 4.00%

The next table describes the fees and expenses that you will pay each year during the time that you own the Contract (not including Fund fees and expenses).

Annual Contract Expenses

	Single Purchase Payment Account Contracts	Installment Purchase Payment Account Contracts
Annual Maintenance Fee ⁶	\$0.00	\$20.00
Base Contract Expenses ⁷ (as a percentage of average Account Value)	1.50%	1.50%

The next item shows the minimum and maximum total operating expenses charged by the Funds that you may pay periodically during the time that you own the Contract. A complete list of the Funds available under the Contract, including their annual expenses, may be found in APPENDIX A of this prospectus.

⁴ This is a deferred sales charge. This charge only applies to withdrawals from Installment Purchase Payment Accounts. See “CHARGES AND FEES” for the Installment Purchase Payment Account’s early withdrawal charge schedule. In certain cases, this charge may not apply to a portion or all of your withdrawal. The early withdrawal charge reduces over time. This charge may be waived, reduced or eliminated in certain circumstances. See “CHARGES AND FEES.”

⁵ We reserve the right to deduct a charge for premium taxes from your Account Value or from payments to the Account at any time, but not before there is a tax liability under state law. See “CHARGES AND FEES – Premium and Other Taxes.”

⁶ These fees may be waived, reduced or eliminated in certain circumstances. See “CHARGES AND FEES – Periodic Fees and Charges.”

⁷ The mortality and expense risk charge, included in the base contract expenses, compensates us for the mortality and expense risks we assume under the Contract, including those risks associated with our funding of the death benefit. The base contract expenses also reflect an administration expense charge equal to 0.25% annually of your Account Value invested in the Subaccounts. These fees may be reduced or eliminated in certain circumstances. See “CHARGES AND FEES – Periodic Fees and Charges.”

Annual Fund Expenses

	<i>Applicable to All Contracts</i>	
	Minimum	Maximum
Expenses that are deducted from Fund assets, including management fees, distribution and/or service (12b-1) fees, and other expenses (as of December 31, 2021).	[0.XX]%	[X.XX]%

See “CHARGES AND FEES – *Fund Fees and Expenses*” for additional information about the fees and expenses of the Funds, including information about the revenue we may receive from each of the Funds or the Funds’ affiliates.

Examples

These examples are intended to help you compare the cost of investing in the Contract with the cost of investing in other variable annuity contracts. These costs include transaction expenses, annual Contract expenses and annual Fund expenses. They do not reflect any advisory fee paid to an independent investment adviser (if retained by a participant) from a participant’s account, and if such charges were reflected, the costs would be higher.

The following examples assume that you invest \$100,000 in the Contract for the time periods indicated. The Examples also assume that your investment has a 5% return each year and assume the most expensive combination of annual Fund expenses. Although your actual costs may be higher or lower, based on these assumptions, your costs would be:

Example A: If you withdraw your entire Account Value at the end of the applicable time period:*	<u>1 Year</u> [\$X,XXX]	<u>3 Years</u> [\$X,XXX]	<u>5 Years</u> [\$X,XXX]	<u>10 Years</u> [\$X,XXX]
Example B: If you do not withdraw your entire Account Value or if you select an Income Phase payment option at the end of the applicable time period:**	<u>1 Year</u> [\$X,XXX]	<u>3 Years</u> [\$X,XXX]	<u>5 Years</u> [\$X,XXX]	<u>10 Years</u> [\$X,XXX]

PRINCIPAL RISKS OF INVESTING IN THE CONTRACT

The decision to participate or invest in the Contract should be discussed with your financial representative. Make sure that you understand the risks you will face when you consider an investment in the Contract.

There are risks associated with investing in the Contract.

* This example reflects deduction of an early withdrawal charge calculated using the schedule applicable to Installment Purchase Payment Accounts. The Installment Purchase Payment Accounts schedule is listed in “CHARGES AND FEES.” Under that schedule, if only one \$100,000 payment was made as described above, fewer than five Purchase Payment periods would have been completed at the end of years one, three and five, and the 5% charge would apply. At the end of the tenth Account Year, the early withdrawal charge is waived regardless of the number of Purchase Payment Periods completed and no early withdrawal charge would apply.

** This example does not apply if during the Income Phase a nonlifetime payment option is elected with variable payments and a lump-sum withdrawal is requested within three years after payments start. In this case, the lump-sum payment is treated as a withdrawal during the Accumulation Phase and may be subject to an early withdrawal charge as shown in Example A.

- **Investment Risk** – You bear the risk of any decline in the Account Value caused by the performance of the underlying Funds held by the Subaccounts. Those Funds could decline in value very significantly, and there is a risk of loss of your entire amount invested. The risk of loss varies with each underlying Fund. The investment risks are described in the prospectuses for the underlying Funds;
- **Withdrawal Risk** – You should carefully consider the risk associated with withdrawals, including a surrender of the participant’s certificate and a withdrawal under a certificate. A surrender or partial withdrawal may be subject to federal and state taxes, including a 10% federal income tax penalty on the taxable portion of the withdrawal, if taken prior to age 59½. Surrendering the participant certificate terminates the certificate. You should also consider the impact that a partial withdrawal may have on the benefits under a participant certificate, potentially including partial withdrawals to pay adviser fees. If a participant retains an investment adviser and elects to pay advisory fees from the participant’s account, such deductions will reduce death benefit amounts, and may be subject to federal and state income taxes and a 10% federal penalty tax.
- **Insurance Company Insolvency** – It is possible that we could experience financial difficulty in the future and even become insolvent, and therefore become unable to provide all of the guarantees and benefits that exceed the assets in the Separate Account that we have promised;
- **Tax Consequences** – Early withdrawals may be restricted by the Tax Code or your plan or may expose you to early withdrawal charges or tax penalties. The value of deferred taxation on earnings grows with the amount of time funds are left in the Contract.
- **Short-Term Investment** - You should not participate in this Contract if you are looking for a short-term investment or expect to need to make withdrawals before you are age 59½; and
- **Cyber Security and Certain Business Continuity Risks** – Our operations support complex transactions and are highly dependent on the proper functioning of information technology and communication systems. Any failure of or gap in the systems and processes necessary to support complex transactions and avoid systems failure, fraud, information security failures, processing errors, cyber intrusion, loss of data and breaches of regulation may lead to a materially adverse effect on our results of operations and corporate reputation. In addition, we must commit significant resources to maintain and enhance its existing systems in order to keep pace with applicable regulatory requirements, industry standards and customer preferences. If we fail to maintain secure and well-functioning information systems, we may not be able to rely on information for product pricing, compliance obligations, risk management and underwriting decisions. In addition, we cannot assure Investors or consumers that interruptions, failures or breaches in security of these processes and systems will not occur, or if they do occur, that they can be timely detected and remediated. The occurrence of any of these events may have a materially adverse effect on our businesses, results of operations and financial condition.

THE COMPANY

Voya Retirement Insurance and Annuity Company (“VRIAC,” the “Company,” “we,” “us” and “our”) issues the Contracts described in this prospectus and is responsible for providing each Contract’s insurance and annuity benefits. All guarantees and benefits provided under the Contracts that are not related to the Separate Account are subject to the claims paying ability of the Company and our General Account. We are a stock life insurance company organized under the insurance laws of the State of Connecticut in 1976. Prior to January 1, 2002, the Company was known as Aetna Life Insurance and Annuity Company. From January 1, 2002 until August 31, 2014, the Company was known as ING Life Insurance and Annuity Company.

We are an indirect, wholly owned subsidiary of Voya Financial, Inc. (“Voya”), which until April 7, 2014, was known as ING U.S., Inc. In May, 2013, the common stock of Voya began trading on the New York Stock Exchange (“NYSE”) under the symbol “VOYA.”

We are engaged in the business of issuing insurance and annuities and providing financial services in the United States. We are authorized to conduct business in all states, the District of Columbia, Guam, Puerto Rico and the Virgin Islands. Our principal executive offices are located at:

One Orange Way
Windsor, CT 06095-4774

Product Regulation. Our annuity, retirement and investment products are subject to a complex and extensive array of state and federal tax, securities, insurance and employee benefit plan laws and regulations, which are administered and enforced by a number of different governmental and self-regulatory authorities, including state insurance regulators, state securities administrators, state banking authorities, the SEC, the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority (“FINRA”), the Department of Labor, the Internal Revenue Service (“IRS”) and the Office of the Comptroller of the Currency. For example, U.S. federal income tax law imposes requirements relating to insurance and annuity product design, administration and investments that are conditions for beneficial tax treatment of such products under the Tax Code. **See “FEDERAL TAX CONSIDERATIONS” for further discussion of some of these requirements.** Additionally, state and federal securities and insurance laws impose requirements relating to insurance and annuity product design, offering and distribution and administration. Failure to administer product features in accordance with contract provisions or applicable law, or to meet any of these complex tax, securities, or insurance requirements could subject us to administrative penalties imposed by a particular governmental or self-regulatory authority, unanticipated costs associated with remedying such failure or other claims, harm to our reputation, interruption of our operations or adversely impact profitability.

VARIABLE ANNUITY ACCOUNT B

We established Variable Annuity Account B (the “separate account”) under Connecticut Law in 1976 as a continuation of the separate account established in 1974 under Arkansas law of Aetna Variable Annuity Life Insurance Company. The separate account was established as a segregated asset account to fund variable annuity contracts. The separate account is registered as a unit investment trust under the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended (the “1940 Act”). It also meets the definition of “separate account” under the federal securities laws.

Income, gains, and losses credited to, or charged against, the Separate Account reflect the Separate Account’s own investment experience and not the investment experience of VRIAC’s other assets. The assets of the Separate Account equal to contract liabilities may not be used to pay any liabilities of VRIAC other than those arising from the Contracts. However, Separate Account assets that exceed contract liabilities are subject to any liabilities of VRIAC. VRIAC is obligated to pay all amounts promised to Investors under the Contracts.

Information regarding each underlying Fund, including: (1) its name; (2) its investment adviser and any subadviser; (3) current expenses; and (4) performance is available in **APPENDIX A** to this prospectus. Each Fund has issued a prospectus that contains more detailed information about the Fund. You may obtain paper or electronic copies of those prospectuses by contacting Customer Service.

THE INVESTMENT OPTIONS

The Contract offers Variable Investment Options and Fixed Interest Options. The Contract Holder or you, if the Contract Holder permits, directs us to allocate initial contributions to the investment options available under the plan. Generally, you will specify this information on your enrollment materials. After your enrollment, changes to allocations for future Purchase Payments or the transfer of existing balances among investment options may be requested by contacting Customer Service, electronically at www.voyaretirementplans.com or through such other means as may be available under our administrative procedures in effect from time to time. Allocations must be in whole percentages, and there may be limitations on the number of investment options that can be selected.

We may add, withdraw or substitute investment options subject to the conditions in the Contract and in compliance with regulatory requirements.

The Variable Investment Options

These options are Subaccounts of the Separate Account. Each Subaccount invests directly in shares of a corresponding mutual Fund, and earnings on amounts invested in a Subaccount will vary depending upon the performance and fees of its underlying Fund. You do not invest directly in or hold shares of the Funds.

Certain information about the Funds available through the Subaccounts of the Separate Account appears in **APPENDIX A** to this prospectus. Please also refer to the Fund prospectuses for additional information and read them carefully. Fund prospectuses may be obtained, free of charge by contacting Customer Service, by accessing the SEC's website or by contacting the SEC Public Reference Branch. More detailed information about the Funds is available in the prospectuses for the Funds, which may be amended from time to time and can be found online at [insert the appropriate website]. You can request this information as well as a paper copy at no cost by calling Customer Service at 1-800-584-6001 or by sending an email request to [insert email address].

Selection of Underlying Funds

The underlying Funds available through the Contracts described in this prospectus are determined by the Company but ultimately selected by the Plan Sponsor. When determining which underlying Funds to make available, we may consider various factors, including, but not limited to, asset class coverage, the alignment of the investment objectives of an underlying Fund with our hedging strategy, the strength of the adviser's or subadviser's reputation and tenure, brand recognition, performance, and the capability and qualification of each investment firm. Another factor that we may consider is whether the underlying Fund or its service providers (e.g., the investment adviser or subadvisers) or its affiliates will make payments to us or our affiliates in connection with certain administrative, marketing, and support services, or whether affiliates of the Fund can provide marketing and distribution support for sales of the Contracts. **(For additional information on these arrangements, please refer to the "Revenue from the Funds" subsection of this prospectus.)** We review the Funds periodically and may, subject to certain limits or restrictions, remove a Fund or limit its availability to new investment if we determine that a Fund no longer satisfies one or more of the selection criteria, and/or if the Fund has not attracted significant allocations under the Contracts. We have included certain of the Funds at least in part because they are managed or subadvised by our affiliates.

We do not recommend or endorse any particular Fund, and we do not provide investment advice.

Fund of Funds

Certain Funds may be structured as "Fund of Funds" or "master-feeder" Funds. These Funds may have higher fees and expenses than a Fund that invests directly in debt and equity securities because they also incur the fees and expenses of the underlying Funds in which they invest. These Funds may be affiliated Funds, and the underlying Funds in which they invest may be affiliated as well. The Fund prospectuses disclose the aggregate annual operating expenses of each Fund and its corresponding underlying Fund or Funds.

Funds With Managed Volatility Strategies

As described in more detail in the Fund prospectuses, certain Funds employ a managed volatility strategy that is intended to reduce the Fund's overall volatility and downside risk, and to help us manage the risks associated with providing certain guarantees under the Contract. During rising markets, the hedging strategies employed to manage volatility could result in your Account Value rising less than would have been the case if you had been invested in a Fund with substantially similar investment objectives, policies and strategies that does not utilize a volatility management strategy. In addition, the cost of these hedging strategies may have a negative impact on performance. On the other hand, investing in Funds with a managed volatility strategy may be helpful in a declining market with higher market volatility because the hedging strategy will reduce your equity exposure in such circumstances. In such cases, your Account Value may decline less than would have been the case if you had not invested in Funds with a managed volatility strategy. There is no guarantee that a managed volatility strategy can achieve or maintain the Fund's optimal risk targets, and the Fund may not perform as expected.

Insurance-Dedicated Funds *(Mixed and Shared Funding)*.

The Funds described in this prospectus are available only to insurance companies for their variable contracts (or directly to certain retirement plans, as allowed by the Tax Code). Such Funds are often referred to as “insurance-dedicated Funds,” and are used for “mixed” and “shared” funding.

“Mixed funding” occurs when shares of a Fund, which the Subaccount buys for variable annuity contracts, are bought for variable life insurance contracts issued by us or other insurance companies.

“Shared funding” occurs when shares of a Fund, which the Subaccount buys for variable annuity contracts, are also bought by other insurance companies for their variable annuity contracts. In other words:

- Mixed funding – bought for annuities and life insurance; and
- Shared funding – bought by more than one company.

Revenue from the Funds

The Company or its affiliates may receive compensation from each of the Funds or the Funds’ affiliates. This revenue may include:

- A share of the management fee;
- Service fees;
- For certain share classes, 12b-1 fees; and
- Additional payments (sometimes referred to as revenue sharing).

12b-1 fees are used to compensate the Company and its affiliates for distribution related activity. Service fees and additional payments (sometimes collectively referred to as subaccounting fees) help compensate the Company and its affiliates for administrative, recordkeeping or other services that we provide to the Funds or the Funds’ affiliates, such as:

- Communicating with customers about their Fund holdings;
- Maintaining customer financial records;
- Processing changes in customer accounts and trade orders (e.g. purchase and redemption requests);
- Recordkeeping for customers, including Subaccounting services;
- Answering customer inquiries about account status and purchase and redemption procedures;
- Providing account balances, account statements, tax documents and confirmations of transactions in a customer’s account;
- Transmitting proxy statements, annual and semi-annual reports, Fund prospectuses and other Fund communications to customers; and
- Receiving, tabulating and transmitting proxies executed by customers.

The management fee, service fees and 12b-1 fees are deducted from Fund assets. Any such fees deducted from Fund assets are disclosed in the Fund prospectuses. Additional payments, which are not deducted from Fund assets and may be paid out of the legitimate profits of Fund advisers and/or other Fund affiliates, do not increase, directly or indirectly, Fund fees and expenses, and we may use these additional payments to finance distribution.

The amount of revenue the Company may receive from each of the Funds or from the Funds’ affiliates may be substantial, although the amount and types of revenue vary with respect to each of the Funds offered through the Contract. This revenue is one of several factors we consider when determining Contract fees and charges and whether to offer a Fund through our contracts. **Fund revenue is important to the Company’s profitability and it is generally more profitable for us to offer affiliated Funds than to offer unaffiliated Funds.**

Assets allocated to affiliated Funds, meaning Funds managed by Voya Investments, LLC or another Company affiliate, generate the largest dollar amount of revenue for the Company. Affiliated Funds may also be subadvised by a Company affiliate or an unaffiliated third party. Assets allocated to unaffiliated Funds, meaning Funds managed by an unaffiliated third party, generate lesser, but still substantial dollar amounts of revenue for the Company. The Company expects to earn a profit from this revenue to the extent it exceeds the Company's expenses, including the payment of sales compensation to our distributors.

Additionally, in the case of affiliated Funds subadvised by third parties, no direct payments are made to the Company or the affiliated investment adviser by the subadvisers. However, subadvisers may provide reimbursement for employees of the Company or its affiliates to attend business meetings or training conferences.

Revenue Received from Unaffiliated Funds. Revenue received from each of the unaffiliated Funds or their affiliates is based on an annual percentage of the average net assets held in that Fund by the Company. Some unaffiliated Funds or their affiliates pay us more than others and some of the amounts we receive may be significant.

If the unaffiliated Fund families currently offered through the Contract that made payments to us were individually ranked according to the total amount they paid to the Company or its affiliates in 2021, in connection with the registered variable annuity contracts issued by the Company, that ranking would be as follows: **[To be added by Post- Effective Amendment.]**

- | | |
|--|--|
| 1. Fidelity® Variable Insurance Products Funds; | 6. Lord Abbett Series Funds; |
| 2. Wanger Advisors Trust Funds; | 7. Calvert Funds; |
| 3. Franklin Templeton Variable Insurance Products Trust Funds; | 8. Pioneer Variable contracts Trust Funds; |
| 4. PIMCO Variable Insurance Trust; | 9. Federated Hermes Funds; and |
| 5. Invesco Variable Insurance Funds; | 10. American Funds® Insurance Series, |

If the revenues received from the affiliated Funds were taken into account when ranking the Funds according to the total dollar amount they paid to the Company or its affiliates in 2021, the affiliated Funds would be first on the list.

In addition to the types of revenue received from affiliated and unaffiliated Funds described above, affiliated and unaffiliated Funds and their investment advisers, subadvisers or affiliates may participate at their own expense in Company sales conferences or educational and training meetings. In relation to such participation, a Fund's investment adviser, subadviser or affiliate may help offset the cost of the meetings or sponsor events associated with the meetings. In exchange for these expense offset or sponsorship arrangements, the investment adviser, subadviser or affiliate may receive certain benefits and access opportunities to Company representatives and wholesalers rather than monetary benefits. These benefits and opportunities include, but are not limited to co-branded marketing materials, targeted marketing sales opportunities, training opportunities at meetings, training modules for personnel, and opportunities to host due diligence meetings for representatives and wholesalers.

Please note certain management personnel and other employees of the Company or its affiliates may receive a portion of their total employment compensation based on the amount of net assets allocated to affiliated Funds. See also "CONTRACT DISTRIBUTION."

Possible Conflicts of Interest

With respect to the insurance-dedicated Funds, it is possible that a conflict of interest may arise due to mixed and shared funding, a change in law affecting the operations of variable annuity separate accounts, differences in the voting instructions of the Contract Holder and others maintaining a voting interest in the Funds, or some other reason. Such a conflict could adversely impact the value of a Fund. For example, if a conflict of interest occurred and one of the Subaccounts withdrew its investment in a Fund, the Fund may be forced to sell its securities at disadvantageous prices, causing its share value to decrease. Each insurance-dedicated Fund's board of directors or trustees will monitor events in order to identify any material irreconcilable conflicts that may arise and to determine what action, if any, should be taken to address such conflicts. In the event of a conflict, the Company will take any

steps necessary to protect Contract Holders and Annuitants maintaining a voting interest in the Funds, including the withdrawal of the Separate Account from participation in the Funds that are involved in the conflict.

For additional risks associated with each Fund, please see the Fund's prospectus.

Voting Rights

Each of the Subaccounts holds shares in a Fund and each is entitled to vote at regular and special meetings of that Fund. Under our current view of applicable law, we will vote the shares for each Subaccount as instructed by persons having a voting interest in the Subaccount. If, however, we determine that we are permitted to vote the shares in our own right, we may do so.

Under the Contracts described in this prospectus, the Contract Holder, not the participant, has all voting rights. We will vote shares for which instructions have not been received in the same proportion as those for which we received instructions. Accordingly, it is possible for a small number of persons (assuming there is a quorum) to determine the outcome of a vote.

Each person who has a voting interest in the Separate Account will receive periodic reports relating to the Funds in which he or she has an interest, as well as any proxy materials and a form on which to give voting instructions. Voting instructions will be solicited by a written communication at least 14 days before the meeting.

The number of votes, whole and fractional, any person is entitled to direct will be determined as of the record date set by any Fund the Contract holder invests in through the Subaccounts. Additionally:

- During the Accumulation Phase, the number of votes is equal to the portion of the Account Value invested in the Fund, divided by the Net Asset Value of one share of that Fund; and
- During the Income Phase, the number of votes is equal to the portion of reserves set aside for the Contract's share of the Fund, divided by the Net Asset Value of one share of that Fund.

Right to Change the Separate Account

We do not guarantee that each Fund will always be available for investment through the Contract. Subject to certain conditions and restrictions applicable to certain types of retirement plans and state and federal law and the rules and regulations thereunder, we may, from time to time, make any of the following changes to the Separate Account with respect to some or all classes of Contracts:

- Offer additional Subaccounts that will invest in new Funds or Fund classes we find appropriate for contracts we issue;
- Combine two or more Subaccounts;
- Close Subaccounts. We will provide advance notice by a supplement to this prospectus if we close a Subaccount. If a Subaccount is closed or otherwise is unavailable for new investment, unless we receive alternative allocation instructions, all future amounts directed to the Subaccount that was closed or is unavailable may be automatically allocated among the other available Subaccounts according to the most recent allocation instructions we have on file. If the most recent allocation instructions we have on file do not include any available Subaccounts, the amount to be allocated will be returned unless we are provided with alternative allocation instructions. Alternative allocation instructions can be given by contacting Customer Service;
- Substitute a new Fund for a Fund in which a Subaccount currently invests. In the case of a substitution, the new Fund may have different fees and charges than the Fund it replaced. A substitution may become necessary if, in our judgment:
 - ▷ A Fund no longer suits the purposes of your Contract;
 - ▷ There is a change in laws or regulations;
 - ▷ There is a change in the Fund's investment objectives or restrictions;
 - ▷ The Fund is no longer available for investment; or
 - ▷ Another reason we deem a substitution is appropriate.

- Stop selling the Contract;
- Limit or eliminate any voting rights for the Separate Account; or
- Make any changes required by the 1940 Act or its rules or regulations.

We will not make a change until the change is disclosed in an effective prospectus or prospectus supplement, authorized, if necessary, by an order from the SEC and approved, if necessary, by the appropriate state insurance department(s).

The changes described above do not include those changes that may, if allowed under your plan, be initiated by your Plan Sponsor.

We reserve the right to transfer Separate Account assets to another separate account that we determine to be associated with the class of Contracts to which the Contract belongs.

Fixed Interest Options

For descriptions of the Fixed Interest Options that may be available through the Contract, see **APPENDIX B**, **APPENDIX C**, **APPENDIX D** and **APPENDIX E** and the Guaranteed Accumulation Account prospectus. The Guaranteed Accumulation Account prospectus may be obtained free of charge by contacting Customer Service, by accessing the SEC's website or by contacting the SEC Public Reference Branch.

Selecting Investment Options

When selecting investment options:

- **Choose options appropriate for you.** Your local representative can help you evaluate which Subaccounts or Fixed Interest Options may be appropriate for your individual circumstances and your financial goals;
- **Understand the risks associated with the options you choose.** Some Subaccounts invest in Funds that are considered riskier than others. Funds with additional risks are expected to have a value that rises and falls more rapidly and to a greater degree than other Funds. For example, Funds investing in foreign or international securities are subject to additional risks not associated with domestic investments, and their performance may vary accordingly. Also, Funds using derivatives in their investment strategy may be subject to additional risks. Because investment risk is borne by you, you should carefully consider any decisions that you make regarding investment allocations. You bear the risk of any decline in your Account Value resulting from the performance of the Funds you have chosen; and
- **Be informed.** Read this prospectus, all of the information that is available to you regarding the Funds – including each Fund's prospectus, SAI and annual and semi-annual reports, the Fixed Interest Option appendices and the Guaranteed Accumulation Account prospectus. After you make your selections, you should monitor and periodically re-evaluate your allocations to determine if they are still appropriate.

Furthermore, be aware that there may be:

- **Limits on Option Availability.** Some Subaccounts and Fixed Interest Options may not be available through certain Contracts and plans or in some states. Your Plan Sponsor may also have selected a subset of Variable Investment and/or Fixed Interest Options to be available under your plan; and
- **Limits on Number of Options Selected.** Generally, the Contract Holder or you, if permitted by the plan, may select no more than 25 investment options at initial enrollment. Thereafter, more options can be selected at any one time, but a higher limit may apply.

CHARGES AND FEES

The charges we assess and the deductions we make under the Contract are in consideration for: (1) the services and benefits we provide; (2) the costs and expenses we incur; and (3) the risks we assume. The charges and fees under the Contract may result in a profit to us.

The following repeats and adds to information provided in the “**FEE TABLE**” section. Please review both this section and the “**FEE TABLE**” section for information on fees.

Transaction Fees

Early Withdrawal Charge (This charge only applies to Installment Purchase Payment Account Contracts.)

Withdrawals of all or a portion of your Account Value may be subject to a charge. In the case of a partial withdrawal where you request a specific dollar amount, the amount withdrawn from your account will be the amount you specified plus adjustment for any applicable early withdrawal charge. The early withdrawal charge may also be referred to as a surrender charge.

Purpose: This is a deferred sales charge. It reimburses us for some of the sales and administrative expenses associated with the Contract. If our expenses are greater than the amount we collect for the early withdrawal charge, we may use any of our corporate assets, including potential profit that may arise from the mortality and expense risk charges, to make up the difference.

Amount: This charge is a percentage of the amount that withdrawn from the Subaccounts, the Fixed Account and the Guaranteed Accumulation Account. We do not deduct an early withdrawal charge from amounts that you withdraw from the Fixed Plus Account or the Fixed Plus Account II A. The percentage is determined by the early withdrawal charge schedule that applies to your account. The charge will never be more than 8.5% of your total Purchase Payments to the account.

Early Withdrawal Charge Schedule	
For Installment Purchase Payment Account Contracts	
Purchase Payment Periods Completed	Early Withdrawal Charge
Fewer than 5	5%
5 or more but fewer than 7	4%
7 or more but fewer than 9	3%
9 or more but fewer than 10	2%
10 or more	0%

Waiver. The early withdrawal charge is waived for portions of a withdrawal that are:

- Used to purchase Income Phase payments;
- Paid because of your death before Income Phase payments begin;
- Paid where your Account Value is \$3,500 or less (or, if applicable, as otherwise allowed by the plan for a lump-sum cash-out without a participant’s consent) and no part of the account has been taken as a withdrawal, used to provide Income Phase Payments within the prior 12 months*;
- Taken because of the election of a systematic distribution option (see “**SYSTEMATIC DISTRIBUTION OPTIONS**”);

* If the Contract Holder makes a full withdrawal from more than one of the accounts on your behalf, the value of those accounts will be added together to determine eligibility for the \$3,500 exemption. This option is not available for Contracts where we do not maintain participant accounts or for withdrawals of all accounts under one Contract.

- Taken when you are 59½ or older, have an Installment Purchase Payment Account Contract and have completed at least nine Purchase Payment Periods;
- Taken on or after the tenth anniversary of the effective date of the account;
- For 487 plans only, withdrawn due to a hardship resulting from an unforeseeable emergency as defined by the Tax Code and regulations thereunder; or
- For Contracts issued in connection with retirement programs for select management and highly compensated healthcare employees in plans formerly carried under certain hospital association endorsements, withdrawn due to your separation from service.

Reduction, Waiver or Elimination. In addition to the specific waivers described above, we may reduce, waive or eliminate the early withdrawal charge for a particular plan. Any such reduction will reflect the differences we expect in distribution costs or services meant to be defrayed by this charge. Factors we consider for a reduction include, but are not limited to, the following:

- The number of participants under the plan;
- The expected level of assets and/or cash flow under the plan;
- Our agent's involvement in sales activities;
- Our sales-related expenses;
- Distribution provisions under the plan;
- The plan's purchase of one or more other variable annuity contracts from us and the features of those contracts;
- The level of employer involvement in determining eligibility for distributions under the Contract; and
- Our assessment of financial risk to the Company relating to withdrawals.

We will not reduce the early withdrawal charge in a manner that is unfairly discriminatory against any person.

We may also apply different early withdrawal charge provisions in Contracts issued to certain employer groups or associations that have negotiated the Contract terms on behalf of their employees. We will offer any resulting early withdrawal charge uniformly to all employees in the group.

Waiver of Early Withdrawal Charge (for those Contracts that waive these charges upon separation from service). Although the Tax Code permits distributions upon a participant's severance from employment, the Contracts do not provide for a waiver of early withdrawal charges unless, under certain contracts, the severance from employment would otherwise have qualified as a separation from service under prior IRS "same desk" guidance (prior to enactment of the Economic Growth and Tax Relief Reconciliation Act of 2001). Generally, a severance from employment due to a merger, liquidation, consolidation or other employer transaction does not qualify as a separation from service.

Fund Redemption Fees

Certain Funds may impose redemption fees as a result of withdrawals, transfers or other Fund transactions you initiate. If applicable, we may deduct the amount of any redemption fees imposed by the underlying mutual Funds as a result of withdrawals, transfers or other Fund transactions you initiate and remit such fees back to that Fund. Redemption fees, if any, are separate and distinct from any transaction charges or other charges deducted from your Account Value. For a more complete description of the Funds' fees and expenses, review each Fund's prospectus.

Periodic Fees and Charges

Annual Maintenance Fee

Maximum Amount. \$20 (This fee only applies to Installment Purchase Payment Account Contracts.)

When/How. For those plans that have an annual maintenance fee, each year, during the Accumulation Phase, we deduct this fee on your Account Anniversary and, in some cases, at the time of full withdrawal. It is deducted

annually on a proportional basis from your Account Value invested in the Subaccounts and the Fixed Interest Options. For certain Contracts the annual maintenance fee is deducted for each asset account maintained under the Contract, in which case a maximum of \$20 per asset account may be applied.

Purpose. This fee helps defray the administrative expenses we incur in establishing and maintaining your account.

Reduction, Waiver or Elimination. When a plan meets certain criteria, we may reduce, waive or eliminate the annual maintenance fee. Factors we consider reflect differences in our level of administrative costs and services, such as:

- The size, type and nature of the group to which a Contract is issued;
- Amount of contributions to the Contract;
- The anticipated level of administrative expenses, such as billing for payments, producing periodic reports, providing for the direct payment of account charges rather than having them deducted from Account Values and any other factors pertaining to the level and expense of administrative services we will provide; and
- The number of eligible participants and the program's participation rate.

We will not unfairly discriminate against any person if we increase, reduce or eliminate the annual maintenance fee. We will make any reduction or elimination of this fee according to our own rules in effect at the time an application for a Contract is approved. We reserve the right to change these rules from time to time.

Mortality and Expense Risk Charge

Maximum Amount. 1.25% annually of your Account Value invested in the Subaccounts. We may charge a different fee for different Funds (but not beyond the maximum amount).

When/How. This fee is deducted daily from the Subaccounts. We do not deduct this fee from any Fixed Interest Option. This fee is assessed during both the Accumulation Phase and the Income Phase. **See "INCOME PHASE – Charges Deducted."**

Purpose. This fee compensates us for the mortality and expense risks we assume under the Contracts, namely:

- Mortality risks are those risks associated with our promise to make lifetime Income Phase payments based on annuity rates specified in the Contract and our funding of the death benefits and other payments we make to owners or Beneficiaries of the accounts; and
- Expense risk is the risk that the actual expenses we incur under the Contracts will exceed the maximum costs that we can charge.

If the amount we deduct for this fee is not enough to cover our mortality costs and expenses under the Contract, we will bear the loss. We may use any excess to recover distribution costs relating to the Contract and as a source of profit. We expect to earn a profit from this fee.

Reduction. We may reduce the mortality and expense risk charge from the maximum amount when the plan meets certain criteria and we agree to the reduction with the Contract Holder in writing. Some Contracts have a reduced mortality and expense risk charge only during the Accumulation Phase of the account which then increases during the Income Phase (but not beyond the maximum amount). Any reduction will reflect differences in expenses for administration based on such factors as:

- The plan design (for example, the plan may favor stability of invested assets and limit the conditions for withdrawals and available investment options, which in turn lowers administrative expenses);
- The frequency, consistency and method of submitting payments and loan repayments;
- The size of the prospective group, projected annual number of eligible participants and the program's participation rate or the number of participants estimated to choose the Contract;
- The method and extent of onsite services we provide and the Contract Holder's involvement in service such as enrollment and ongoing participant services;
- The frequency, consistency and method of submitting payments;

- The Contract Holder's support and involvement in the communication, enrollment, participant education and other administrative services;
- The projected frequency of distributions;
- The type and level of other factors that affect the overall administrative expense; and
- Whether or not a transfer credit was selected by the Plan Sponsor.

We will determine any reduction of the mortality and expense risk charge on a basis that is not unfairly discriminatory according to our rules in effect at the time a contract application is approved. We reserve the right to change these rules from time to time.

Administrative Expense Charge

Maximum Amount. 0.25% annually of your Account Value invested in the Subaccounts.

When/How. For all participants who became covered under a Contract on or after November 5, 1984, we reserve the right to charge an administrative expense charge of up to 0.25% annually of your Account Value invested in the Subaccounts. This fee may be assessed during the Accumulation Phase and/or the Income Phase. If we are imposing this fee under the Contract issued in connection with your plan when you enter the Income Phase, the fee will apply to you during the entire Income Phase.

The administrative expense charge is not imposed on all Contracts:

- Beginning on April 4, 1997, we began to deduct this charge during the Accumulation Phase for Contracts effective before October 31, 1996, where the number of participants was less than 30 as of November 30, 1996, and the Contract Holder had chosen not to elect one of the Company's electronic standards for cash collection and application of participant contribution data. However, we do not impose the administrative expense charge for participants under those Contracts who enrolled in a group contract or became covered under an individual contract before November 5, 1984;
- Effective on June 4, 2013, we began to impose this charge with respect to participants who became covered under a Contract on or after November 5, 1984, where the Contract was issued in connection with retirement programs for select management and highly compensated healthcare employees in plans formerly carried under certain hospital association endorsements;
- We do not currently deduct an administrative expense charge during the Accumulation Phase for any Contracts other than those described above; and
- We do not currently deduct an administrative expense charge during the Income Phase for any Contracts.

Purpose. This charge helps defray our cost of providing administrative services under the Contracts and in relation to the Separate Account and Subaccounts.

Fund Fees and Expenses

Each Fund deducts management/investment advisory fees from the amounts allocated to the Fund. In addition, each Fund deducts other expenses, which may include service fees that may be used to compensate service providers, including the Company and its affiliates, for administrative and contract holder services provided on behalf of the Fund. Furthermore, certain Funds deduct a distribution or 12b-1 fee, which is used to finance any activity that is primarily intended to result in the sale of Fund shares. Fund fees and expenses are deducted from the value of the Fund shares on a daily basis, which in turn affects the value of each Subaccount that purchases Fund shares. Fund fees and expenses are one factor that impacts the value of a Fund's shares. **To learn more about Fund fees and expenses, the additional factors that can affect the value of a Fund's shares and other important information about the Funds, refer to the Fund prospectuses.**

Less expensive share classes of the Funds offered through this Contract may be available for investment outside of this Contract. You should evaluate the expenses associated with the Funds available through this Contract before making a decision to invest.

Charges for Advisory Services

We reserve the right to deduct from a participant's account, upon authorization from the participant, any advisory and other fees due under an independent advisory services agreement between the participant and an investment adviser. Advisory fees will be deducted on a proportional basis from the Subaccounts that invest in the Funds used in the allocation model selected by the participant under the advisory services agreement, and any set-up fees may be deducted on a proportional basis from all of the Subaccounts in which the participant is invested. Under proportional deduction, the portion of the overall fee deducted from a given Subaccount equals the same percentage that the Subaccount value represents to the value of all the Subaccounts used in the calculation (e.g., for deduction of the advisory fee, all the Subaccounts used in the allocation model). If you have not authorized payment of advisory fees from the Variable Investment Options, you would instead pay such fees outside the Contract.

Premium and Other Taxes

Maximum Amount. Some states and municipalities charge a premium tax on annuities. These taxes currently range from 0% to 4%, depending upon the jurisdiction.

When/How. We reserve the right to deduct a charge for premium taxes from your Account Value or from Purchase Payments to the account at any time, but not before there is a tax liability under state law. For example, we may deduct a charge for premium taxes at the time of a complete withdrawal or we may reflect the cost of premium taxes in our Income Phase payment rates when you commence Income Phase payments. Unless directed otherwise, we will deduct any premium tax charges proportionately from the Subaccounts and Fixed Interest Options in which you are invested.

We will not deduct a charge for any municipal premium tax of 1% or less, but we reserve the right to reflect such an expense in our annuity purchase rates.

In addition, the Company reserves the right to assess a charge for any federal taxes due against the Separate Account. See **"FEDERAL TAX CONSIDERATIONS."**

THE CONTRACT

The Contract described in this prospectus is a group deferred fixed and variable annuity contract. It is intended to be used as a funding vehicle for deferred compensation plans sponsored by an employer for its employees and/or independent contractors ("plan" or "plans") and to qualify for beneficial tax treatment and/or to provide current income reduction under certain sections of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the "Tax Code"). The plans may be sponsored by non-governmental tax-exempt organizations for deferrals that are subject to Tax Code Section 457 ("457 Plans"), by tax-exempt organizations for deferrals not subject to Tax Code section 457 ("Non Section 457 Plans") or by taxable organizations ("Non Section 457 Plans"). Two classes of Contracts are described in this prospectus. The Installment Purchase Payment Account class of Contracts and the Single Purchase Payment Account class of Contracts. The Installment Purchase Payment Account class of Contracts accept ongoing, or installment, Purchase Payments into an account. The Single Purchase Payment class of Contracts accept a one-time, or single, Purchase Payment to an account.

The Contract is a long-term investment. Early withdrawals may be restricted by the Tax Code or your plan or may expose you to early withdrawal charges or tax penalties. The value of deferred taxation on earnings grows with the amount of time Funds are left in the Contract. You should not participate in the Contract if you are looking for a short-term investment.

When considering whether to purchase or participate in the Contract, you should consult with your financial representative about your financial goals, investment time horizon and risk tolerance.

Under the federal tax laws, earnings on amounts held in annuity contracts are generally not taxed until they are withdrawn. However, in the case of a deferred compensation plan (as described in this prospectus), an annuity contract is not necessary to obtain this favorable tax treatment and does not provide any tax benefits beyond the deferral already available to the deferred compensation plan itself. Annuities do provide other features and benefits (such as the option of lifetime Income Phase options at established rates) that may be valuable to you. You should discuss your alternatives with your financial representative taking into account the additional fees and expenses you may incur in an annuity. See “**CONTRACT PURCHASE AND PARTICIPATION.**”

Contract Ownership and Rights

Who Owns the Contract? The Contract Holder.

Who Owns Money Accumulated Under the Contract? All dollars accumulated under the Contract, including contributions attributable to deferred compensation, are part of your employer’s general assets and subject to the claims of its general creditors. The plan exclusively governs what benefits are available to you and those benefits are provided from your employer’s general assets.

What Rights Do I have under the Contract? The Contract Holder, usually your employer, holds all the rights under the Contract. The Contract Holder’s plan, which you participate in, may permit you to exercise some of those rights.

What Happens if You Die? The Contract provides a death benefit in the event of your death, which is payable to the Contract holder (usually your employer). The Contract Holder may direct that we make any payments to the Beneficiary you name under the plan (the “Plan Beneficiary”).

Transfer of Ownership; Assignment

An assignment of a Contract will only be binding on us if it is made in writing and sent to Customer Service. We will use reasonable procedures to confirm that the assignment is authentic, including verification of signature. If we fail to follow our own procedures, we will be liable for any losses to you directly resulting from the failure. Otherwise, we are not responsible for the validity of any assignment. The rights of the Contract Holder and the interest of the Annuitant and any Beneficiary will be subject to the rights of any assignee we have on our records.

The Account Value

During the Accumulation Phase, your Account Value at any given time equals:

- Account dollars directed to the Fixed Interest Options, including interest earnings to date; less
- Any deductions from the Fixed Interest Options (e.g., withdrawals, fees); plus
- The current dollar value of amounts held in the Subaccounts, which takes into account investment performance and fees deducted from the Subaccounts.

Subaccount Accumulation Units. When a Fund is selected as an investment option, your account dollars invest in Accumulation Units of the Variable Annuity Account B Subaccount corresponding to that Fund. The Subaccount invests directly in the Fund shares. The value of your interests in a Subaccount is expressed as the number of Accumulation Units you hold multiplied by an “Accumulation Unit Value,” as described below, for each unit.

Accumulation Unit Value. The value of each Accumulation Unit in a Subaccount is called the Accumulation Unit Value (“AUV”). The AUV varies daily in relation to the underlying Fund’s investment performance. The AUV also reflects deductions for Fund fees and expenses, the mortality and expense risk charge and the administrative expense charge, if any. We discuss these deductions in more detail in “**FEE TABLE**” and “**CHARGES AND FEES.**”

Valuation. We determine the AUV every normal business day that the NYSE is open, after the close of the NYSE (normally at 4:00 p.m. Eastern Time). At that time, we calculate the current AUV by multiplying the AUV last calculated by the Net Investment Factor of the Subaccount. The Net Investment Factor measures the investment performance of the Subaccount from one valuation to the next.

$$\text{Current AUV} = \text{Prior AUV} \times \text{Net Investment Factor}$$

Net Investment Factor. The Net Investment Factor for a Subaccount between two consecutive valuations equals the sum of 1.0000 plus the Net Investment Rate.

Net Investment Rate. The Net Investment Rate is computed according to a formula that is equivalent to the following:

- The net assets of the Fund held by the Subaccount as of the current valuation; minus
- The net assets of the Fund held by the Subaccount at the preceding valuation; plus or minus
- Taxes or provisions for taxes, if any, due to Subaccount operations (with any federal income tax liability offset by foreign tax credits to the extent allowed); divided by
- The total value of the Subaccount’s units at the preceding valuation; and minus
- A daily deduction for the mortality and expense risk charge, the administrative expense charge, if any, and any other fees deducted daily from investments in the Separate Account. See “**CHARGES AND FEES.**”

The net investment rate may be either positive or negative.

Hypothetical Illustration

As a hypothetical illustration, assume that an Investor contributes \$5,000 to his account and directs us to invest \$3,000 in Fund A and \$2,000 in Fund B. After receiving the contribution and following the next close of business of the NYSE, the applicable AUVs are \$10 for Subaccount A, and \$25 for Subaccount B. The Investor’s account is credited with 300 Accumulation Units of Subaccount A and 80 Accumulation Units of Subaccount B.

Step 1: An Investor contributes \$5,000.

Step 2:

- He or she directs us to invest \$3,000 in Fund A. The dollars purchase 300 Accumulation Units of Subaccount A (\$3,000 divided by the current \$10 AUV); and
- He or she directs us to invest \$2,000 in Fund B. The dollars purchase 80 Accumulation Units of Subaccount B (\$2,000 divided by the current \$25 AUV).

Step 3: The Separate Account then purchases shares of the applicable Funds at the then current market value (Net Asset Value or NAV).

The Fund’s subsequent investment performance, expenses and charges, and the daily charges deducted from the Subaccount, will cause the AUV to move up or down on a daily basis.

Purchase Payments to Your Account

If all or a portion of initial Purchase Payments are directed to the Subaccounts, they will purchase Subaccount Accumulation Units at the AUV next computed after our acceptance of the applicable application or enrollment forms, as described in “**CONTRACT PURCHASE AND PARTICIPATION.**” Subsequent Purchase Payments or transfers directed to the Subaccounts that we receive in Good Order by the close of business of the NYSE will purchase Subaccount Accumulation Units at the AUV computed as of the close of the NYSE on that day. The value of Subaccounts may vary day to day. Subsequent Purchase Payments and transfers received in Good Order after the close of the NYSE will purchase Accumulation Units at the AUV computed as of the close of the NYSE on the next business day.

Contract Provisions and Limitations

Allocation of Purchase Payments

All Purchase Payments are allocated to your Account Value on the Valuation Date of their receipt. The Contract Holder or you, if the Contract Holder permits, directs us to allocate Purchase Payments to the investment options available under the plan. Allocations must be in whole percentages, and there may be limitations on the number of investment options that can be selected. If the most recent allocation instructions we have on file include a Subaccount that corresponds to an underlying Fund that is closed to new investment or is otherwise unavailable, additional Purchase Payments received that would have been allocated to the Subaccount corresponding to the closed or otherwise unavailable Fund may be automatically allocated among the other available Subaccounts according to the most recent allocation instructions we have on file. If the most recent allocation instructions we have on file do not include any available Subaccounts, we must receive alternative allocation instructions or the Purchase Payment will be returned. Alternative allocation instructions can be given by contacting Customer Service. See “**THE INVESTMENT OPTIONS.**”

Transfers Among Investment Options

During the Accumulation Phase and, under some Contracts, the Income Phase, the Contract Holder or you, if permitted by the plan, may transfer amounts among the investment options. Transfers from Fixed Interest Options are restricted as outlined in **APPENDIX B**, **APPENDIX C**, **APPENDIX D** and **APPENDIX E**. Transfers may be requested by telephone, electronically at www.voyaretirementplans.com or through such other means as may be available under our administrative procedures in effect from time to time. Transfers must be made in accordance with the terms of the Contract.

Value of Transferred Dollars. The value of amounts transferred in or out of Subaccounts will be based on the Subaccount unit values next determined after Customer Service receives your request in Good Order. The Contracts may restrict how many transfers, if any, are allowed among options during the Income Phase.

Telephone and Electronic Transfers: Security Measures. To prevent fraudulent use of telephone or electronic transactions (including, but not limited to, internet transactions), we have established security procedures. These include recording calls on our toll-free telephone lines and requiring use of a unique identifier or personal password. You are responsible for keeping your unique identifier or personal password and account information confidential. If we fail to follow reasonable security procedures, we may be liable for losses due to unauthorized or fraudulent telephone or other electronic transactions. We are not liable for losses resulting from following telephone or electronic instructions we believe to be genuine. If a loss occurs when we rely on such instructions, you will bear the loss.

Transfer Credits

Contributions to a Contract may include plan assets transferred from a financial provider who has imposed a cancellation penalty on that transfer. To offset that penalty, the Company will, subject to certain conditions and state approvals, apply a transfer credit on transferred assets. This credit is provided on a nondiscriminatory basis if your Contract is eligible.

The transfer credit will be applied no later than the first business day following the date the contribution is received by us in Good Order. Transferred assets, less any premium tax, will be allocated to a participant's individual account in amounts authorized by the Contract Holder. If no instructions are received from the Contract Holder, the transferred assets will be allocated to the Plan's forfeiture account.

The transfer credit is equal to a specified percentage of the transferred assets, or other specified amount that is transferred to the Company under a Contract, that remains in the participant's individual account for the period of time specified by the Company. Any applicable transfer credit will be deducted from:

- A full withdrawal initiated by the Contract Holder; or
- A full or partial withdrawal initiated by the participant, except for those eligible distributions from qualified plans that happen upon the occurrence of certain events. **See FEDERAL TAX CONSIDERATIONS – Taxation of Qualified Contracts – Distributions – Eligibility.”**

Transfer credits will not be applied to assets transferred into the Contract from existing contracts. Only net contributions not previously held by the Contract are eligible for a transfer credit.

If a transfer credit is due under your Contract, you will be provided with additional information.

Election of a transfer credit may result in a higher mortality and expense risk charge and impact the credited interest rate under the Fixed Plus Account and Fixed Plus Account II A Fixed Interest Options. **See “CHARGES AND FEES,” “APPENDIX D: FIXED PLUS ACCOUNT” and “APPENDIX E: FIXED PLUS ACCOUNT II A.”**

Tax Code Restrictions

The Tax Code places some limitations on contributions to your account. **See “FEDERAL TAX CONSIDERATIONS.”**

The General Account

All guarantees and benefits provided under the Contracts that are not related to the Separate Account are subject to the claims paying ability and financial strength of the Company and our General Account.

The following obligations under the Contract are funded by the General Account which supports our insurance and annuity obligations:

- Amounts allocated to the Fixed Account, the Fixed Plus Account and the Fixed Plus Account II A;
- Amounts funding fixed Income Phase Payments;
- Death benefit payments held in an interest bearing retained asset account; and
- Where the amount of the death benefit exceeds the Account Value.

Contract Modification

We may change the Contract as required by federal or state law. In addition, we may, upon 30 days' written notice to the Contract Holder, make other changes to group Contracts that would apply only to individuals who become participants under that Contract after the effective date of such changes. If the group Contract Holder does not agree to a change, we reserve the right to refuse to establish new accounts under that Contract. Certain changes will require the approval of appropriate state or federal regulatory authorities.

Limits on Frequent or Disruptive Transfers

The Contract is not designed to serve as a vehicle for frequent transfers. Frequent transfer activity can disrupt management of a Fund and raise its expenses through:

- Increased trading and transaction costs;
- Forced and unplanned portfolio turnover;
- Lost opportunity costs; and
- Large asset swings that decrease the Fund's ability to provide maximum investment return to all Contract Owners and participants.

This in turn can have an adverse effect on Fund performance. **Accordingly, individuals or organizations that use market-timing investment strategies or make frequent transfers should be aware that:**

- **We suspend the Electronic Trading Privileges, as defined below, of any individual or organization if we determine, in our sole discretion, that the individual's or organization's transfer activity is disruptive or not in the best interest of other owners of our variable insurance and retirement products, or the participant's in such products; and**
- **Each underlying Fund may limit or restrict Fund purchases and we will implement any limitation or restriction on transfers to an underlying Fund as directed by that underlying Fund.**

Consequently, individuals or organizations that use market-timing investment strategies or make frequent transfers should not purchase or participate in the Contract.

Excessive Trading Policy

We and the other members of the Voya family of companies that provide multi-Fund variable insurance and retirement products have adopted a common Excessive Trading Policy to respond to the demands of the various Fund families that make their Funds available through our products to restrict excessive Fund trading activity and to ensure compliance with Rule 22c-2 of the 1940 Act.

We actively monitor Fund transfer and reallocation activity within our variable insurance products to identify violations of our Excessive Trading Policy. Our Excessive Trading Policy is violated if Fund transfer and reallocation activity:

- Meets or exceeds our current definition of Excessive Trading, as defined below; or
- Is determined, in our sole discretion, to be disruptive or not in the best interests of other owners of our variable insurance and retirement products, or participants in such products.

We currently define "Excessive Trading" as:

- More than one purchase and sale of the same Fund (including money market Funds) within a 60 calendar day period (hereinafter, a purchase and sale of the same Fund is referred to as a "round-trip"). This means two or more round-trips involving the same Fund within a 60 calendar day period would meet our definition of Excessive Trading; or
- Six round-trips involving the same Fund within a rolling 12 month period.

The following transactions are excluded when determining whether trading activity is excessive:

- Purchases or sales of shares related to non-Fund transfers (for example, new Purchase Payments, withdrawals and loans);
- Transfers associated with any scheduled dollar cost averaging, scheduled rebalancing, or scheduled asset allocation programs;
- Purchases and sales of Fund shares in the amount of \$5,000 or less;
- Purchases and sales of Funds that affirmatively permit short-term trading in their Fund shares, and movement between such Funds and a money market Fund; and
- Transactions initiated by us, another member of the Voya family of companies, or a Fund.

If we determine that an individual or entity has made a purchase of a Fund within 60 days of a prior round-trip involving the same Fund, we will send them a letter warning that another sale of that same Fund within 60 days of the beginning of the prior round-trip will be deemed to be Excessive Trading and result in a six month suspension of their ability to initiate Fund transfers or reallocations through the Internet, facsimile, Voice Response Unit (“VRU”), telephone calls to Customer Service or other electronic trading medium that we may make available from time to time (“Electronic Trading Privileges”). Likewise, if we determine that an individual or entity has made five round-trips involving the same Fund within a rolling 12 month period, we will send them a letter warning that another purchase and sale of that same Fund within 12 months of the initial purchase in the first round-trip will be deemed to be Excessive Trading and result in a suspension of their Electronic Trading Privileges. According to the needs of the various business units, a copy of any warning letters may also be sent, as applicable, to the person(s) or entity authorized to initiate Fund transfers or reallocations, the agent/registered representative, or the investment adviser for that individual or entity. A copy of the warning letters and details of the individual’s or entity’s trading activity may also be sent to the Fund whose shares were involved in the trading activity.

If we determine that an individual or entity has violated our Excessive Trading Policy, we will send them a letter stating that their Electronic Trading Privileges have been suspended for a period of six months. Consequently, all Fund transfers or reallocations, not just those that involve the Fund whose shares were involved in the activity that violated our Excessive Trading Policy, will then have to be initiated by providing written instructions to us via regular U.S. mail. Suspension of Electronic Trading Privileges may also extend to products other than the product through which the Excessive Trading activity occurred. During the six month suspension period, electronic “inquiry only” privileges will be permitted where and when possible. A copy of the letter restricting future transfer and reallocation activity to regular U.S. mail and details of the individual’s or entity’s trading activity may also be sent, as applicable, to the person(s) or entity authorized to initiate Fund transfers or reallocations, the agent/registered representative or investment adviser for that individual or entity, and the Fund whose shares were involved in the activity that violated our Excessive Trading Policy.

Following the six month suspension period during which no additional violations of our Excessive Trading Policy are identified, Electronic Trading Privileges may again be restored. We will continue to monitor the Fund transfer and reallocation activity, and any future violations of our Excessive Trading Policy will result in an indefinite suspension of Electronic Trading Privileges. A violation of our Excessive Trading Policy during the six month suspension period will also result in an indefinite suspension of Electronic Trading Privileges.

We reserve the right to suspend Electronic Trading Privileges with respect to any individual or entity, with or without prior notice, if we determine, in our sole discretion, that the individual’s or entity’s trading activity is disruptive or not in the best interests of other owners of our variable insurance and retirement products, or participants in such products, regardless of whether the individual’s or entity’s trading activity falls within the definition of Excessive Trading set forth above.

Our failure to send or an individual’s or entity’s failure to receive any warning letter or other notice contemplated under our Excessive Trading Policy will not prevent us from suspending that individual’s or entity’s Electronic Trading Privileges or taking any other action provided for in our Excessive Trading Policy.

The Company does not allow exceptions to our Excessive Trading Policy. We reserve the right to modify our Excessive Trading Policy, or the policy as it relates to a particular Fund, at any time without prior notice, depending on, among other factors, the needs of the underlying Fund(s), the best interests of Contract Owners, participants, and Fund investors, and/or state or federal regulatory requirements. If we modify our policy, it will be applied uniformly to all Contract Owners and participants or, as applicable, to all Contract Owners and participants investing in the underlying Fund.

Our Excessive Trading Policy may not be completely successful in preventing market-timing or excessive trading activity. If it is not completely successful, Fund performance and management may be adversely affected, as noted above.

Limits Imposed by the Underlying Funds

Each underlying Fund available through the variable insurance and retirement products offered by us and/or the other members of the Voya family of companies, either by prospectus or stated policy, has adopted or may adopt its own excessive/frequent trading policy, and orders for the purchase of Fund shares are subject to acceptance or rejection by the underlying Fund. We reserve the right, without prior notice, to implement Fund purchase restrictions and/or limitations on an individual or entity that the Fund has identified as violating its excessive/frequent trading policy and to reject any allocation or transfer request to a Subaccount if the corresponding Fund will not accept the allocation or transfer for any reason. All such restrictions and/or limitations (which may include, but are not limited to, suspension of Electronic Trading Privileges and/or blocking of future purchases of a Fund or all Funds within a Fund family) will be done in accordance with the directions we receive from the Fund.

Agreements to Share Information with Fund Companies

As required by Rule 22c-2 under the 1940 Act, we have entered into information sharing agreements with each of the Fund companies whose Funds are offered through the Contract. Contract Owner and participant trading information is shared under these agreements as necessary for the Fund companies to monitor Fund trading and our implementation of our Excessive Trading Policy. Under these agreements, the Company is required to share information regarding Contract Owner and participant transactions, including but not limited to information regarding Fund transfers initiated by you. In addition to information about Contract Owner and participant transactions, this information may include personal Contract Owner and participant information, including names and social security numbers or other tax identification numbers.

As a result of this information sharing, a Fund company may direct us to restrict a Contract Owner or participant's transactions if the Fund determines that the Contract Owner or participant has violated the Fund's excessive/frequent trading policy. This could include the Fund directing us to reject any allocations of Purchase Payments or Account Value to the Fund or all Funds within the Fund family.

THE INCOME PHASE

During the Income Phase, you receive payments from your accumulated Account Value.

Initiating Income Phase Payments

At least 30 days prior to the date you want to start receiving Income Phase payments, the Contract Holder or you, if permitted by the plan, must notify us in writing of the following:

- Start date;
- Income Phase payment option (see the ***"Income Phase Payment Options"*** table in this section);
- Income Phase payment frequency (i.e., monthly, quarterly, semi-annually or annually);

- Choice of fixed or variable payments;
- Selection of an assumed net investment rate (only if variable payments are elected); and
- Under some plans, certification from your employer and/or submission of the appropriate forms is also required.

The account will continue in the Accumulation Phase until the Contract Holder or you, as applicable, properly initiates Income Phase payments. Generally, the first Income Phase payment must be made by April 1 of the calendar year following the calendar year in which the Contract Holder attains age 72 (age 70½ if born before July 1, 1949) or in the case of an employer-sponsored plan, April 1 of the calendar year following the calendar year in which the Contract Holder retires, whichever occurs later. **See “FEDERAL TAX CONSIDERATIONS – Taxation of Qualified Contracts – Lifetime Required Minimum Distributions (457(b) Plans Only).”**

Once an Income Phase payment option is selected, it may not be changed; however, certain options allow you to withdraw a lump sum. **See “Income Phase Payment Options.”**

Calculation of Income Phase Payments

Some of the factors that may affect Income Phase payments include: your age, your Account Value, the Income Phase payment option selected (including the frequency and duration of payments under the option selected), number of guaranteed payments, if any, selected and whether you select variable or fixed payments. As a general rule, more frequent Income Phase payments will result in smaller individual Income Phase payments. Likewise, Income Phase payments that are anticipated over a longer period of time will also result in smaller individual Income Phase payments.

Fixed Payments. Amounts funding fixed Income Phase payments will be held in the Company’s General Account. Fixed payments will remain the same over time.

Variable Payments. Amounts funding your variable Income Phase payments will be held in the Subaccount(s) selected. The Contracts may restrict the Subaccounts available, the number of investment options to be selected and how many transfers, if any, are allowed among options during the Income Phase. The Subaccounts available for investment during the Income Phase may be different than those available for investment during the Accumulation Phase. For information about the Subaccounts available during the Income Phase, please contact Customer Service. The Contracts may restrict how many transfers, if any, are allowed among options during the Income Phase. For variable payments, an assumed net investment rate must be selected.

Payments from the Fixed Plus Account. If a nonlifetime Income Phase payment option is selected, payments from the Fixed Plus Account may only be made on a fixed basis.

Assumed Net Investment Rate. If you select variable Income Phase payments, an assumed net investment rate must also be selected. If you select a 5% rate, your first Income Phase payment will be higher, but subsequent Income Phase payments will increase only if the investment performance of the Subaccounts you selected is greater than 5% annually, after deduction of fees. Payment amounts will decline if the investment performance is less than 5% annually, after deduction of fees.

If a 3.5% rate is selected, your first Income Phase payment will be lower and subsequent Income Phase payments will increase more rapidly or decline more slowly depending upon the investment performance of the Subaccounts selected. For more information about selecting an assumed net investment rate, request a copy of the Statement of Additional Information by calling Customer Service.

Charges Deducted

When you select an Income Phase payment option (one of the options listed in the table below), a mortality and expense risk charge, consisting of a daily deduction of 1.25% on an annual basis, will be deducted from amounts

held in the Subaccounts. This charge compensates us for mortality and expense risks we assume under variable Income Phase payment options and is applicable to all variable Income Phase payment options, including variable nonlifetime options under which we do not assume mortality risk. In this situation, this charge will be used to cover expenses. Although we expect to earn a profit from this fee, we do not always do so. For variable options under which we do not assume a mortality risk, we may make a larger profit than under other options.

We may also deduct a daily administrative charge from amounts held in the Separate Account. We currently charge this under some Contracts and reserve the right to charge it under all others. The maximum amount is 0.25% on an annual basis of your Account Value invested in the Subaccounts. If we are currently imposing this fee under the Contract issued in connection with your plan when you enter the Income Phase, the fee will apply throughout the entire Income Phase.

Required Minimum Payment Amounts

The Income Phase payment option selected must meet the minimums stated in the Contract:

- A first Income Phase payment of at least \$20; or
- Total yearly Income Phase payments of at least \$100.

If your Account Value is too low to meet these minimum payment amounts, the Contract Holder, on your behalf, must elect a lump-sum payment.

Death Benefit During the Income Phase

The death benefits that may be available to a Beneficiary are outlined in the following “***Income Phase Payment Options***” table. If a lump-sum payment is due as a death benefit, we will make payment within seven calendar days after Customer Service receives proof of death acceptable to us and a payment request in Good Order. If the death benefit is not taken in a lump sum, your Beneficiary must meet the distribution rules imposed by the Tax Code. These rules recently changed for deaths occurring after January 1, 2020. Failure to meet these rules can result in tax penalties. See “**FEDERAL TAX CONSIDERATIONS – Taxation of *Qualified Contracts* – Required Distributions Upon Death**” for the distribution rules imposed by the Tax Code.

Payment of Death Benefit or Proceeds

Subject to the conditions and requirements of state law, full payment of the death benefit or proceeds (“Proceeds”) to a Beneficiary may be made either into an interest bearing retained asset account that is backed by our General Account (described in “**The Retained Asset Account**”) or by check. For additional information about the payment options available to you, please refer to your claim forms or contact Customer Service. Beneficiaries should carefully review all settlement and payment options available under the Contract and are encouraged to consult with a financial professional or tax adviser before choosing a settlement or payment option. See “**DEATH BENEFIT – The Retained Asset Account**” for more information about the retained asset account.

Taxation. To avoid certain tax penalties, you and any Beneficiary must meet the distribution rules imposed by the Tax Code. See “**FEDERAL TAX CONSIDERATIONS.**”

Income Phase Payment Options

The following table lists the Income Phase payment options and accompanying death benefits that may be available under the Contracts. The Tax Code and/or some Contracts may restrict the options and the terms available to you and/or your Beneficiary. See **“FEDERAL TAX CONSIDERATIONS.”** Check with your Contract Holder for details. We may offer additional Income Phase payment options under the Contract from time to time.

Terms used in the table:

- **Annuitant:** The person(s) on whose life expectancy the Income Phase payments are calculated; and
- **Beneficiary:** The person designated to receive the death benefit payable under the Contract.

Lifetime Income Phase Payment Options	
Life Income	<p>Length of Payments: For as long as the Annuitant lives. It is possible that only one payment will be made should the Annuitant die prior to the second payment's due date.</p> <p>Death Benefit-None: All payments end upon the Annuitant's death.</p>
Life Income – Guaranteed Payments*	<p>Length of Payments: For as long as the Annuitant lives, with payments guaranteed for a choice of five to 20 years, or as otherwise specified in the Contract.</p> <p>Death Benefit-Payment to the Beneficiary: If the Annuitant dies before we have made all the guaranteed payments, we will continue to pay the Beneficiary the remaining payments. Unless prohibited by a prior election of the Contract Holder, the Beneficiary may elect to receive a lump-sum payment equal to the present value of the remaining guaranteed payments.</p>
Lifetime Income Phase Payment Options (continued)	
Life Income – Two Lives	<p>Length of Payments: For as long as either Annuitant lives. It is possible that only one payment will be made should both Annuitants die before the second payment's due date.</p> <p>Continuing Payments:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • This option allows a choice of 100%, 66⅔% or 50% of the payment to continue to the surviving Annuitant after the first death; or • 100% of the payment to continue to the Annuitant on the second Annuitant's death, and 50% of the payment to continue to the second Annuitant on the Annuitant's death. <p>Death Benefit-None: All payments end after the death of both Annuitants.</p>
Life Income – Two Lives – Guaranteed Payments*	<p>Length of Payments: For as long as either Annuitant lives, with payments guaranteed for a minimum of 120 months or as otherwise specified in the Contract.</p> <p>Continuing Payments: 100% of the payment to continue to the surviving Annuitant after the first death.</p> <p>Death Benefit – Payment to the Beneficiary: If both Annuitants die before the guaranteed payments have all been paid, we will continue to pay the Beneficiary the remaining payments. Unless prohibited by a prior election of the Contract Holder, the Beneficiary may elect to receive a lump-sum payment equal to the present value of the remaining guaranteed payments.</p>
Life Income – Cash Refund Option (limited availability fixed payment only)	<p>Length of Payments: For as long as the Annuitant lives.</p> <p>Death Benefit – Payment to the Beneficiary: Following the Annuitant's death, we will pay a lump-sum payment equal to the amount originally applied to the Income Phase payment option (less any premium tax) and less the total amount of fixed Income Phase payments paid.</p>
Life Income – Two Lives – Cash Refund Option (limited availability fixed payment only)	<p>Length of Payments: For as long as either Annuitant lives.</p> <p>Continuing Payment: 100% of the payment to continue after the first death.</p> <p>Death Benefit – Payment to the Beneficiary: When both Annuitants die, we will pay a lump-sum payment equal to the amount applied to the Income Phase payment option (less any premium tax) and less the total amount of fixed Income Phase payments paid.</p>
Nonlifetime Income Phase Payment Options	
Nonlifetime – Guaranteed Payments*	<p>Length of Payments: Payments generally may be fixed or variable and may be made for three to 30 years. However, for amounts held in the Fixed Plus Account and the Fixed Plus Account II A during the Accumulation Phase, the payment must be on a fixed basis and</p>

* Guaranteed period payments may not extend beyond the shorter of your life expectancy or until age 95.

* Guaranteed period payments may not extend beyond the shorter of your life expectancy or until age 95.

	<p>must be for at least five years. In certain cases a lump-sum payment may be requested at any time (see below).</p> <p>Death Benefit – Payment to the Beneficiary: If the Annuitant dies before we make all the guaranteed payments, we will continue to pay the Beneficiary the remaining payments. Unless prohibited by a prior election of the Contract Holder, the Beneficiary may elect to receive a lump-sum payment equal to the present value of the remaining guaranteed payments. We will not impose any early withdrawal charge.</p>
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Lump-Sum Payment

If the Nonlifetime – Guaranteed Payments option is elected with variable payments, you may request at any time that all or a portion of the present value of the remaining payments be paid in one lump sum. A lump sum elected before five years of Income Phase payments have been completed will be treated as a withdrawal during the Accumulation Phase and if election is made during an early withdrawal charge period, we will charge the applicable early withdrawal charge. See **“FEES – Early Withdrawal Charge.”** Lump-sum payments will be paid within seven calendar days after Customer Service receives the request for payment in Good Order.

Calculation of Lump-Sum Payments

If a lump-sum payment is available to a Beneficiary or to you under the Income Phase payment options listed in the table above, the rate we use to calculate the present value of the remaining guaranteed payments is the same rate we use to calculate the Income Phase payments (i.e., the actual fixed rate used for the fixed payments or the 3.5% or 5% assumed net investment rate for variable payments).

BENEFITS AVAILABLE UNDER THE CONTRACT

The following table summarizes information about the benefits available under the Contract:

Name of Benefit	Purpose	Is Benefit Standard or Optional	Maximum Fee	Brief Description of Restrictions/Limitations
Account Value Death Benefit	Pays a death benefit equal to the Account Value.	Standard	No additional fee for this death benefit.	For amounts held in the Guaranteed Accumulation Account, if a negative market value adjustment applies, it would be deducted only if the death benefit is withdrawn more than six months after your death. This benefit may not be available under your Contract. Participants should refer to their plan documents for available benefits. Any advisory fee deducted reduces Account Value and this reduces the amount of this death benefit.
Systematic Distribution Options	Allows you to receive regular payments from your account without moving into the Income Phase.	Optional	No additional fee for this benefit.	VRIAC may discontinue the availability of one or all of the systematic distribution options at any time and/or change the terms of future elections. This benefit may not be available under your Contract. Participants should refer to their plan documents for available benefits.
Deduction of Advisory Fees from Participant Account	Contract permits adviser retained by participant to have its fees deducted from participant account.	Standard	No additional fee for this benefit.	Advisory fees deducted reduce the amount of death benefit – see discussion of each death benefit in this table above. Withdrawal of advisory fees from a participant's account may be subject to federal and state income taxes and a 10% federal penalty tax.

DEATH BENEFIT

The Contract provides a death benefit in the event of your death, which is payable to the Contract Holder (usually your employer). The Contract Holder may direct that we make any payments to the Beneficiary you name under the Plan ("Plan Beneficiary").

During the Accumulation Phase

For death benefit information applicable to the Income Phase, see **"THE INCOME PHASE – *Death Benefit During the Income Phase.*"**

Payment Process

- Following your death, the Contract Holder (on behalf of your Plan Beneficiary) must provide the Company with proof of death acceptable to us and a payment request in Good Order;
- The payment request should include selection of a benefit payment option (see below); and
- Within seven calendar days after Customer Service receives proof of death acceptable to us and a payment request in Good Order, we will mail payment, unless otherwise requested.

Until a death benefit request is in Good Order and a payment option is selected, account dollars will remain invested as at the time of your death and no distributions will be made.

Benefit Payment Options

The following payment options are available, if allowed by the Tax Code:

- Lump-sum payment;
- Payment in accordance with any of the available Income Phase payment options (see **"INCOME PHASE – *Income Phase Payment Options.*"**); or
- Payment in accordance with an available systematic distribution option (subject to certain limitations). See **"SYSTEMATIC DISTRIBUTION OPTIONS."**

The following options are also available under some Contracts; however, the Tax Code limits how long the death benefit proceeds may be left in these options:

- Leaving the Account Value invested in the Contract; or
- Under some Contracts, leaving your Account Value on deposit in the Company's General Account and receiving monthly, quarterly, semi-annual or annual interest payments at the interest rate currently credited on such deposits. The balance on deposit can be withdrawn at any time or paid in accordance with any of the available Income Phase payment options. See **"INCOME PHASE – *Income Phase Payment Options.*"**

Payment of Death Benefit or Proceeds

Subject to the conditions and requirements of state law, full payment of the death benefit or proceeds ("Proceeds") to a Beneficiary may be made either into an interest bearing retained asset account that is backed by our General Account (described in **"The Retained Asset Account"** below) or by check. For additional information about the payment options available to you, please refer to your claim forms or contact Customer Service. Beneficiaries should carefully review all settlement and payment options available under the Contract and are encouraged to consult with a financial professional or tax adviser before choosing a settlement or payment option.

The Retained Asset Account. The retained asset account, known as the Voya Personal Transition Account, is an interest bearing account backed by our General Account. **The retained asset account is not guaranteed by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation ("FDIC") and, as part of our General Account, is subject to the claims of our creditors.** Beneficiaries that receive their payment through the retained asset account may access the

entire Proceeds in the account at any time without penalty through a draftbook feature. The Company seeks to earn a profit on the account, and interest credited on the account may vary from time to time but will not be less than the minimum rate stated in the supplemental Contract delivered to the Beneficiary together with the paperwork to make a claim to the Proceeds. Interest earned on the Proceeds in the account may be less than could be earned if the Proceeds were invested outside of the account. Likewise, interest credited on the Proceeds in the account may be less than under other settlement or payment options available through the Contract.

The Value of the Death Benefit (the Account Value Death Benefit)

The death benefit will be based on your Account Value. For amounts held in the Guaranteed Accumulation Account, any positive aggregate market value adjustment (the sum of all market value adjustments calculated due to a withdrawal) will be included in your Account Value. If a negative market value adjustment applies, it would be deducted only if the death benefit is withdrawn more than six months after your death. We describe the market value adjustment in **APPENDIX B** and in the Guaranteed Accumulation Account prospectus.

The death benefit is calculated as of the next time we value your account following the date on which Customer Service receives proof of death and a payment request in Good Order. In addition to this amount, some states require we pay interest on amounts invested in Fixed Interest Options, calculated from date of death at a rate specified by state law.

Tax Code Requirements

The Tax Code requires distribution of death benefit proceeds within a certain period of time and these requirements have recently changed generally for deaths after January 1, 2020. Failure to begin receiving death benefit payments within those time periods can result in tax penalties. Regardless of the method of payment, death benefit proceeds will generally be taxed to the Beneficiary in the same manner as if you had received those payments. See **“FEDERAL TAX CONSIDERATIONS” for additional information.**

CONTRACT PURCHASE AND PARTICIPATION

Purchasing the Contract

To purchase the Contract:

- The Contract Holder submits the required forms and application to the Company; and
- We approve the forms and issue a Contract to the Contract Holder.

Participating in the Contract

To participate in the Contract:

- Complete an enrollment form and submit it to us; and
- If your enrollment is accepted, we establish an account for you under the Contract. The Contract Holder must determine your eligibility to participate in its plan. We are not responsible for such determination.

Acceptance or Rejection

We must accept or reject an application or your enrollment materials within two business days of receipt. If the forms are incomplete, we may hold any forms and accompanying Purchase Payments for five business days, unless you consent to our holding them longer. Under limited circumstances, we may also agree, for a particular plan, to hold Purchase Payments for longer periods with the permission of the Contract Holder. If we agree to do this, the Purchase Payments remain in a non-interest bearing bank account until processed (or for a maximum of 105 days). If we reject the application or enrollment forms, we will return the forms and any Purchase Payments.

Methods of Purchase Payment

The following Purchase Payment methods are available:

- Continuous payments over time into an Installment Purchase Payment Account. Payments into an Installment Purchase Payment Account must be at least \$100 per month (\$1,200 annually). No payment may be less than \$25; and
- A lump-sum transfer from a previous plan into a Single Purchase Payment Account, in accordance with our procedures in effect at the time of purchase.

If you participate in a 457(b) plan, the Tax Code places limits on how much of your compensation may be deferred annually. See **“FEDERAL TAX CONSIDERATIONS”** for further information.

Allocation of Purchase Payments

The Contract Holder or you, if the Contract Holder permits, directs us to allocate initial contributions to the investment options available under the plan. Generally, you will specify this information on your enrollment materials. After your enrollment, changes to allocations for future Purchase Payments or transfers of existing balances among investment options may be requested by telephone, electronically at www.voyaretirementplans.com or through such other means as may be available under our administrative procedures in effect from time to time. Allocations must be in whole percentages, and there may be limitations on the number of investment options that can be selected. See **“THE INVESTMENT OPTIONS.”**

Transfer Credits

The Company provides a transfer credit in some cases on transferred assets, as defined by the Company, subject to certain conditions and state approvals. This benefit is provided on a nondiscriminatory basis. If a transfer credit is due under the Contract, you will be provided with additional information specific to the Contract. See **“THE CONTRACT – Contract Provisions and Limitations – Transfer Credits.”**

Tax Code Restrictions

The Tax Code places some limitations on contributions to your account. See **“FEDERAL TAX CONSIDERATIONS.”**

Factors to Consider in the Purchase Decision

The decision to purchase or participate in the Contract should be discussed with your financial representative. Make sure that you understand the investment options it provides, its other features, the risks and potential benefits you will face and the fees and expenses you will incur when, together with your financial representative, you consider an investment in the Contract. You should pay attention to the following issues, among others:

- **Long-Term Investment** – This Contract is a long-term investment, and is typically most useful as part of a personal retirement plan. Early withdrawals may be restricted by the Tax Code or your plan or may expose you to early withdrawal charges or tax penalties. The value of deferred taxation on earnings grows with the amount of time Funds are left in the Contract. You should not participate in this Contract if you are looking for a short-term investment or expect to need to make withdrawals before you are 59½;
- **Investment Risk** – The value of investment options available under this Contract may fluctuate with the markets and interest rates. You should not participate in this Contract in order to invest in these options if you cannot risk getting back less money than you put in;
- **Features and Fees** – The fees for this Contract reflect costs associated with the features and benefits it provides. As you consider this Contract, you should determine the value that these various benefits and features have for you, given your particular circumstances, and consider the charges for those features; and
- **Exchanges** – Replacing an existing insurance contract with this Contract may not be beneficial to you. If this Contract will be a replacement for another annuity contract or mutual Fund option under the plan, you should compare the two options carefully, compare the costs associated with each, and identify additional benefits available under this Contract. You should consider whether these additional benefits justify incurring a new schedule of early withdrawal charges or any increased charges that might apply under this Contract. Also, be sure to talk to a qualified financial professional or tax adviser to make sure that the exchange will be handled so that it is tax-free.

Other Products

We and our affiliates offer various other products with different features and terms than the Contracts described in this prospectus, which may offer some or all of the same Funds. These products have different benefits, fees and charges, and may offer different share classes of the Funds offered in this Contract that are less expensive. These other products may or may not better match your needs. You should be aware that there are other options available, and if you are interested in learning more about these other products, contact your registered representative. These other options may not be available under your plan.

WITHDRAWALS

Making a Withdrawal

Subject to limitations on withdrawals from the Fixed Plus Account and the Fixed Plus Account II A, the Contract Holder or you, if permitted by the plan, may withdraw all or a portion of your Account Value (on your behalf) at any time during the Accumulation Phase.

Steps for Making a Withdrawal

The Contract Holder or you, if permitted by the plan, must:

- Select the Withdrawal Amount:
 - Full Withdrawal: You will receive, reduced by any required tax, your Account Value allocated to the Subaccounts, the Guaranteed Accumulation Account (plus or minus any applicable market value adjustment) and the Fixed Account or Fixed Account 2, minus any applicable early withdrawal charge, annual maintenance fee and redemption fees, plus the amount available for withdrawal from the Fixed Plus Account and/or the Fixed Plus Account II A; or
 - Partial Withdrawal (Percentage or Specified Dollar Amount): You will receive, reduced by any required tax, the amount you specify, subject to the value available in your account. However, the amount actually withdrawn from your account will be adjusted by any applicable redemption fees and by any applicable early withdrawal charge for amounts withdrawn from the Subaccounts, the Guaranteed Accumulation Account or the Fixed Account or Fixed Account 2 and any positive or negative market value adjustment for amounts withdrawn from the Guaranteed Accumulation Account. The amounts available from the Fixed Plus Account and Fixed Plus Account II A may be limited.
- Select Investment Options. If not specified, we will withdraw dollars in the same proportion as the values you hold in the various investment options from each investment option in which you have an Account Value; and
- Properly complete a disbursement form and submit it to Customer Service.

For amounts withdrawn from Account Value allocated to the Subaccounts, we will redeem the number of Accumulation Units needed to fund the withdrawal and reduce your Account Value accordingly. For amounts withdrawn from a Fixed Interest Option, we will reduce the value of the Fixed Interest Option by the dollar amount of that portion of the withdrawal (and with respect to the Guaranteed Accumulation Account, will reflect any positive or negative market value adjustment) and will reduce your Account Value accordingly. A reduction to the Account Value due to a withdrawal results in a lesser amount available to be annuitized and a lesser death benefit. **For a description of limitations on withdrawals from the Fixed Plus Account and Fixed Plus Account II A, please see APPENDIX D and APPENDIX E.**

Calculation of Your Withdrawal

We determine your Account Value every normal business day after the close of the NYSE. We pay withdrawal amounts based on your Account Value either:

- As of the next valuation after Customer Service receives a request for withdrawal in Good Order; or
- On such later date as specified on the disbursement form.

Delivery of Payment

Payments for withdrawal requests will be made in accordance with SEC requirements. Normally, we will send your payment no later than seven calendar days following our receipt of your disbursement form in Good Order.

SYSTEMATIC DISTRIBUTION OPTIONS

If available under your plan, a systematic distribution option allows you to receive regular payments from your account without moving into the Income Phase. By remaining in the Accumulation Phase, you retain certain rights and investment flexibility not available during the Income Phase. Because the account remains in the Accumulation Phase, all Accumulation Phase charges continue to apply.

Systematic Distribution Options Currently Available

These options may be exercised at any time during the Accumulation Phase of the Contract. To exercise one of these options, the Account Value must meet any minimum dollar amount and age criteria applicable to that option. To determine what systematic distribution options are available, please write or call Customer Service.

Systematic distribution options currently available under the Contract include the following:

- **Systematic Withdrawal Option (“SWO”)** – SWO is a series of partial withdrawals from your account based on a payment method you select. It is designed for those who want a periodic income while retaining Accumulation Phase investment flexibility for amounts accumulated under the account; and
- **Estate Conservation Option (“ECO”)** – ECO offers the same investment flexibility as SWO, but is designed for those who want to receive only the minimum distribution that the Tax Code requires each year. Under ECO we calculate the minimum distribution amount required by law (generally at age 72 (age 70½ if born before July 1, 1949)) and pay you that amount once a year. ECO is available under 457 Plans only.

Other Systematic Distribution Options

Other systematic distribution options may be available from time to time. Additional information relating to any of the systematic distribution options may be obtained from your local representative or by contacting Customer Service.

Availability of Systematic Distribution Options

The Company may discontinue the availability of one or all of the systematic distribution options at any time and/or change the terms of future elections.

Terminating a Systematic Distribution Option

Once a systematic distribution option is elected, the Contract Holder may revoke it at any time by submitting a written request to Customer Service. Any revocation will apply only to the amount not yet paid. Once an option is revoked for an account, it may not be elected again until the next calendar year, nor may any other systematic distribution option be elected.

Tax Consequences

Withdrawals received through these options and revocations of elections may have tax consequences. See “FEDERAL TAX CONSIDERATIONS.”

FEDERAL TAX CONSIDERATIONS

Introduction

The Contracts described in this prospectus are designed to be treated as an annuity for U.S. federal income tax purposes. This section discusses our understanding of current federal income tax laws affecting the Contracts. The U.S. federal income tax treatment of the Contracts is complex and sometimes uncertain. You should keep the following in mind when reading this section:

- Your tax position (or the tax position of the Beneficiary, as applicable) determines the federal taxation of amounts held or paid out under the Contracts;
- Tax laws change. It is possible that a change in the future could affect contracts issued in the past, including the Contracts described in this prospectus;
- This section addresses some, but not all, applicable federal income tax rules and generally does not discuss federal estate and gift tax implications, state and local taxes or any other tax provisions;
- We do not make any guarantee about the tax treatment of the Contracts or transactions involving the Contracts; and
- No assurance can be given that the IRS would not assert, or that a court would not sustain, a position contrary to any of those set forth below.

We do not intend this information to be tax advice. No attempt is made to provide more than a general summary of information about the use of the Contract with tax-qualified retirement arrangements, and the Tax Code may contain other restrictions and conditions that are not included in this summary. You should consult with a tax and/or legal adviser for advice about the effect of federal income tax laws, state tax laws or any other tax laws affecting the Contract or any transactions involving the Contract.

Types of Contracts: Deferred Compensation Contracts

The Contracts described in this prospectus may be purchased in relation to qualified governmental excess benefit arrangements under Tax Code Section 415(m), Tax Code Section 457(b) plans, nonqualified deferred compensation plans under Tax Code Section 457(f) and non-Section 457 nonqualified deferred compensation plans.

We refer to all of these generally as “deferred compensation plans.” **Employers intending to use the Contract with such plans should seek legal and tax advice.**

Taxation of Deferred Compensation Contracts

Eligible Retirement Plans and Programs

The Contract may be purchased with the following retirement plans and programs:

- **Section 457** of the Tax Code permits certain employers to offer deferred compensation plans for their employees. These plans may be offered by state governments, local governments, political subdivisions, agencies, instrumentalities and certain affiliates of such entities (governmental employers), as well as by non-governmental, tax-exempt organizations (non-governmental employers). A 457 plan may be either a 457(b) plan or a 457(f) plan. Participation in a 457(b) plan maintained by a non-governmental employer is generally limited to a select group of management and highly-compensated employees (other than 457(b) plans maintained by nonqualified, church-controlled organizations). Depending on the plan design, the participant may be entitled to determine the investment allocation of their deferred compensation account; and
- A deferred compensation plan of a for-profit employer that is not subject to Section 457 rules, or certain arrangements for tax-exempt employers that are exempt from the Section 457 rules. Employers intending to use the Contract with such plans should seek tax and/or legal advice.

The Company may offer or have offered the Contract for use with certain other types of deferred compensation plans. Please see your Contract and consult with your tax adviser if you have questions about other types of plan arrangements not discussed herein.

Special Considerations for Section 457 Plans. Under 457(b) plans of non-governmental employers, 457(f) plans and non-Section 457 deferred compensation plans, all amounts of deferred compensation, all property and rights purchased with such amounts and all income attributable to such amounts, property and rights remain solely the property and rights of the employer and are subject to the claims of the employer's general creditors. In addition, benefits under 457(f) plans are generally taxable to an employee in the first year in which there is no "substantial risk of forfeiture." Generally, a substantial risk of forfeiture means that the individual's right to receive deferred compensation is dependent upon the performance of future services to an employer or other entity. **457(b) plans of governmental employers**, on the other hand, are required to hold all assets and income of the plan in trust for the exclusive benefit of plan participants and their beneficiaries. For purposes of meeting this requirement, an annuity contract is treated as a trust.

Taxation

The tax rules applicable to deferred compensation plan contracts vary according to the type of plan or program, the specific terms and conditions of the deferred compensation plan contract and the terms and conditions of the deferred compensation plan. The ultimate effect of federal income taxes on the amounts held under a deferred compensation plan contract, or on Income Phase (e.g., annuity) payments from a deferred compensation plan contract, depends on the type of deferred compensation plan contract or program as well as your particular facts and circumstances. Special favorable tax treatment may be available for certain types of contributions and distributions. In addition, certain requirements must be satisfied in purchasing a deferred compensation plan contract with proceeds from a tax-qualified plan or program in order to continue receiving favorable tax treatment.

Adverse tax consequences may result from:

- Contributions in excess of specified limits;
- Distributions before age 59½ (subject to certain exceptions);
- Distributions that do not conform to specified commencement and minimum distribution rules; and
- Other specified circumstances.

Some nonqualified deferred compensation plans are subject to additional distribution or other requirements that are not incorporated into the Contracts described in this prospectus. No attempt is made to provide more than general information about the use of the Contracts with deferred compensation plans. Contract Owners, sponsoring employers, participants, Annuitants and Beneficiaries are cautioned that the rights of any person to any benefits under these deferred compensation plans may be subject to the terms and conditions of the plans themselves, regardless of the terms and conditions of the Contract. The Company is not bound by the terms and conditions of such plans to the extent such terms contradict the language of the Contract, unless we consent in writing.

Contract Owners, sponsoring employers, participants, Annuitants and Beneficiaries are responsible for determining that contributions, distributions and other transactions with respect to the Contract comply with applicable law. **Therefore, you should seek tax and/or legal and tax advice regarding the suitability of a contract for your particular situation.** The following discussion assumes that deferred compensation contracts are purchased with proceeds from and/or contributions under retirement plans or programs that qualify for the intended special federal tax treatment.

Tax Deferral. Under the federal tax laws, earnings on amounts held in annuity contracts are generally not taxed until they are withdrawn. However, in the case of a deferred compensation plan (as described in this prospectus), an annuity contract is not necessary to obtain this favorable tax treatment and does not provide any tax benefits beyond the deferral already available to the deferred compensation plan itself. Annuities do provide other features and benefits (such as the option of lifetime income phase options at established rates) that may be valuable to you. You should discuss your alternatives with a qualified financial representative, taking into account the additional fees and expenses you may incur in an annuity.

Contributions

In order to be excludable from gross income for federal income tax purposes, total annual contributions to certain deferred compensation plans are limited by the Tax Code. We provide general information on these requirements for certain plans below. You should consult with a tax and/or legal adviser in connection with contributions to a deferred compensation contract.

457(b) Plans. The total annual contributions (including pre-tax salary reduction contributions) made by you and your employer to a 457(b) plan cannot exceed, generally, the lesser of 100% of your includible compensation or \$61,000 (as indexed for 2022). Generally, includible compensation means your compensation for the year from the employer sponsoring the plan, including deferrals to the employer's Tax Code Section 401(k), Roth 401(k), 403(b), Roth 403(b) and 125 cafeteria plans in addition to any deferrals to the 457(b) plan.

Catch-up Contributions. Notwithstanding the contribution limits noted above, if permitted by the plan, a participant in a governmental 457(b) plan who is at least age 50 by the end of the participant's taxable year may contribute an additional amount ("Age 50 Catch-ups") not to exceed the lesser of:

- \$6,500; or
- The participant's compensation for the year reduced by any other elective deferrals of the participant for the year.

Special 457 Catch-ups. Special catch-up provisions may be available for 457(b) plans ("Special 457 Catch-ups") during the three years prior to the participant's normal retirement age. Note that the Special 457 Catch-ups cannot be used simultaneously with the Age 50 Catch-ups. Specifically, a participant may elect to defer the lesser of: (a) twice the deferral limit (\$41,000); or (b) the basic annual limit plus the amount of the basic annual limit not used in prior taxable years (disregarding any deferrals under the Age 50 Catch-up). If a participant is eligible for the Special 457 Catch-up and the Age 50 Catch-up, the participant can make deferrals up to the greater catch-up limit, but may not make deferrals in excess of the greater catch-up limit. For advice with respect to these catch-up provisions, please consult a tax and/or legal adviser.

457(f) Plans and Non-Section 457 Deferred Compensation Plans. 457(f) plans and Non-Section 457 plans have no contribution limits, unless the plan document imposes a limit.

Distributions – General

Certain tax rules apply to distributions from the Contract. A distribution is any amount taken from a Contract including withdrawals, Income Phase (i.e., annuity) payments, rollovers, exchanges and death benefit proceeds. If a portion of a distribution is taxable, the distribution will be reported to the IRS.

Governmental 457(b) Plans. Distributions from these plans are generally taxed as received unless one of the following is true:

- The distribution is an eligible rollover distribution and is directly transferred or rolled over within 60 days to another plan eligible to receive rollovers or to a traditional or Roth IRA in accordance with the Tax Code;
- You made after-tax contributions to the plan. In this case, depending upon the type of distribution, the amount will be taxed on all or part of the earnings on the contributions according to the rules detailed in the Tax Code; or
- The distribution is a qualified health insurance premium of a retired public safety officer as defined in the Pension Protection Act of 2006.

A distribution is an eligible rollover distribution unless it is:

- Part of a series of substantially equal periodic payments (at least one per year) made over the life (or life expectancy) of the participant or the joint lives (or joint life expectancies) of the participant and his designated Beneficiary or for a specified period of ten years or more;
- A required minimum distribution under Tax Code Section 401(a)(9);
- A hardship withdrawal; or
- Otherwise not recognized under applicable regulations as eligible for rollover.

10% Additional Tax. In general, an eligible state or local governmental 457(b) plan is not subject to the 10% additional tax. However, any distribution attributable to amounts the 457(b) plan received in a transfer from an IRA or a 401(a), 401(k), 403(a) or 403(b) plan is subject to the 10% additional tax unless one of the following exceptions applies:

- You have attained age 59½;
- You have become disabled, as defined in the Tax Code;
- You have died and the distribution is to your Beneficiary;
- You have separated from service with the sponsor at or after age 55;
- You are a qualified public safety employee taking a distribution from a governmental plan and you separated from service after age 50;
- The distribution amount is rolled over tax free into another eligible retirement plan or to a traditional or Roth IRA in accordance with the terms of the Tax Code;
- You have separated from service with the plan sponsor and the distribution amount is made in substantially equal periodic payments (at least annually) over your life (or life expectancy) or the joint lives (or joint life expectancies) of you and your designated Beneficiary;
- The distribution is paid directly to the government in accordance with an IRS levy;
- The withdrawal amount is paid to an alternate payee under a Qualified Domestic Relations Order (“QDRO”);
- The distribution is a qualified reservist distribution as defined under the Tax Code;
- The distribution is a qualified birth or adoption distribution; or
- The distribution is eligible for penalty relief extended to victims of certain natural disasters.

In addition, the 10% additional tax does not apply to the amount of a distribution equal to unreimbursed medical expenses incurred by you during the taxable year that are deductible (without regard to whether you itemized deductions). The Tax Code may provide other exceptions or impose other penalty taxes in other circumstances.

Non-Governmental 457(b) Plans. Compensation deferred under a 457(b) plan of a non-governmental employer is generally includible in income in the first year in which it is paid or otherwise made available to you or your designated Beneficiary.

457(f) Plans. Compensation deferred under a 457(f) plan is includible in gross income in the first year in which it is no longer subject to a “substantial risk of forfeiture” as defined under Tax Code Section 457(f) or required to be includible under Tax Code Section 409A. If the requirements of Tax Code Section 409A are not met, affected participants covered by the plan will be subject to:

- Income tax inclusion on the deferred amounts, retroactive to the date of the original deferral (or if later, that date on which the deferred compensation was no longer subject to a substantial risk of forfeiture);
- Interest at the underpayment rate plus one percent on the underpayments; and
- An additional penalty tax equal to 20% of the amount included in income.

Non-Section 457 Deferred Compensation Plans. Compensation deferred under a non-Section 457 deferred compensation plan is generally includible in income in the first year in which it is:

- Paid or otherwise made available to you or your designated Beneficiary; or
- Required to be includible under Tax Code Section 409A.

If the requirements of Tax Code Section 409A are not met, affected participants covered by the plan will be subject to:

- Income tax inclusion on the deferred amounts, retroactive to the date of the original deferral (or if later, that date on which the deferred compensation was no longer subject to a substantial risk of forfeiture),
- Interest at the underpayment rate plus one percent on the underpayments, and
- An additional penalty tax equal to 20% of the amount included in income.

Distributions – Eligibility

Distributions from qualified plans (as described in this prospectus) generally may occur only upon the occurrence of certain events. The terms of your plan will govern when you are eligible to take a distribution from the plan. The following describes circumstances when you may be able to take a distribution from certain more common types of plans.

457(b) Plans. Under 457(b) plans, distributions may not be made available to you earlier than:

- The calendar year you attain age 59½;
- When you experience a severance from employment; or
- When you experience an unforeseeable emergency.

A one-time in-service distribution may also be permitted under a Section 457(b) plan if the total amount payable to the participant does not exceed \$5,000 and no amounts have been deferred by the participant during the two-year period ending on the date of distribution.

457(f) Plans and Non-Section 457 Deferred Compensation Plans. Some Tax Code Section 457(f) plans and non-Section 457 deferred compensation plans must also meet the requirements of Tax Code Section 409A, which includes standards for deferral elections, restrictions on subsequent elections regarding the time and form of payment and a prohibition on accelerating payment. Tax Code Section 409A also allows distributions only upon the occurrence of the following specified events:

- Separation from service;
- Disability;
- Death;
- Payment at a specified time (or under a fixed schedule) determined at the date that the deferral is made;
- Change in control or ownership of the sponsoring employer; or
- Unforeseeable emergency.

For more information, please consult your own tax and/or legal adviser.

Lifetime Required Minimum Distributions (457(b) Plans Only)

To avoid certain tax penalties, you and any designated Beneficiary must also satisfy the required minimum distribution rules set forth in the Tax Code. These rules dictate the following:

- The start date for distributions;
- The time period in which all amounts in your Contract(s) must be distributed; and
- Distribution amounts.

Start Date. Generally, you must begin receiving distributions by April 1 of the calendar year following the calendar year in which you attain age 72 (age 70½ if born before July 1, 1949) or retire, whichever occurs later, unless:

- Under governmental 457(b) plans, you are a 5% owner, in which case such distributions must begin by April 1 of the calendar year following the calendar year in which you attain age 72 (age 70½ if born before July 1, 1949).

Time Period. You must receive distributions from the Contract over a period not extending beyond one of the following time periods:

- Over your life or the joint lives of you and your designated Beneficiary; or
- Over a period not greater than your life expectancy or the joint life expectancies of you and your designated Beneficiary.

Distribution Amounts. The amount of each required minimum distribution must be calculated in accordance with Tax Code Section 401(a)(9). Before Income (i.e., annuity) Phase payments begin, the required minimum distribution amount is generally determined by dividing the entire interest in the account as of December 31 of the preceding year by the applicable distribution period. The entire interest in the account includes the amount of any outstanding rollover, transfer and recharacterization, if applicable, and the actuarial present value of other benefits provided under the account, such as guaranteed death benefits and any optional living benefit. If Income (i.e., annuity) Phase payments have begun under an Income Phase payment option that satisfies the Tax Code Section 401(a)(9) regulations, such payments will generally be viewed as satisfying your required minimum distribution.

50% Excise Tax. If you fail to receive the required minimum distribution for any tax year, a 50% excise tax is imposed on the required amount that was not distributed. In certain circumstances this excise tax may be waived by the IRS.

Further information regarding required minimum distributions may be found in your Contract and/or certificate.

Required Distributions Upon Death (457(b) Plans Only)

Upon your death, any remaining interest in a 457(b) or Roth 457(b) plan must be distributed in accordance with federal income tax requirements under Section 401(a)(9) of the Tax Code. The death benefit provisions of your Contract will be interpreted to comply with those requirements. The post-death distribution requirements were amended, applicable generally with respect to deaths occurring after 2019, by the Setting Every Community Up for Retirement Enhancement Act (“SECURE Act”), which was part of the larger Further Consolidated Appropriations Act, 2020. The post-death distribution requirements under prior law continue to apply in certain circumstances.

Prior Law. Under prior law, if an employee under an employer sponsored retirement plan dies prior to the required beginning date, the remaining interest must be distributed (1) within five years after the death (the “five-year rule”), or (2) over the life of the designated Beneficiary, or over a period not extending beyond the life expectancy of the designated Beneficiary, provided that such distributions commence within one year after death (the “lifetime payout rule”). If the employee dies on or after the required beginning date (including after the date distributions have commenced in the form of an annuity), the remaining interest must be distributed at least as rapidly as under the method of distribution being used as of the date of death (the “at-least-as-rapidly rule”).

The New Law. Under the new law, if you die after 2019, and you have a designated Beneficiary, any remaining interest must be distributed within ten years after your death, unless the designated Beneficiary is an eligible designated Beneficiary (“EDB”) or some other exception applies. A designated Beneficiary is any individual designated as a Beneficiary by the employee. An EDB is any designated Beneficiary who is (1) your surviving spouse, (2) your minor child, (3) disabled, (4) chronically ill, or (5) an individual not more than ten years younger than you. An individual’s status as an EDB is determined on the date of your death. This ten-year post-death distribution period applies regardless of whether you die before your required beginning date or you die on or after that date (including after distributions have commenced in the form of an annuity). However, if the Beneficiary is an EDB and the EDB dies before the entire interest is distributed under this ten-year rule, the remaining interest must be distributed within ten years after the EDB’s death (i.e., a new ten-year distribution period begins).

Instead of taking distributions under the new ten-year rule, an EDB can stretch distributions over life, or over a period not extending beyond life expectancy, provided that such distributions commence within one year of your death, subject to certain special rules. In particular, if the EDB dies before the remaining interest is distributed under this stretch rule, the remaining interest must be distributed within ten years after the EDB’s death (regardless of whether the remaining distribution period under the stretch rule was more or less than ten years). In addition, if your minor child is an EDB, the child will cease to be an EDB on the date the child reaches the age of majority, and any remaining interest must be distributed within ten years after that date (regardless of whether the remaining distribution period under the stretch rule was more or less than ten years).

If your Beneficiary is not an individual, such as a charity, your estate, or in some cases a trust, any remaining interest after your death generally must be distributed under prior law in accordance with the five-year rule or the at-least-as-rapidly rule, as applicable (but not the lifetime payout rule). However, if your Beneficiary is a trust and all the beneficiaries of the trust are individuals, the new law may apply pursuant to special rules that treat the beneficiaries of the trust as designated beneficiaries, including special rules allowing a Beneficiary of a trust who is disabled or chronically ill to stretch the distribution of their interest over their life or life expectancy in some cases. You should consult a professional tax adviser about the federal income tax consequences of your Beneficiary designations, particularly if a trust is involved.

More generally, the new law applies if you die after 2019, subject to several exceptions. In particular, if you are an employee under a governmental plan, such as a governmental 457(b) plan, the new law applies to your interest in that plan if you die after 2021. In addition, if your plan is maintained pursuant to one or more collective bargaining agreements, the new law generally applies to your interest in that plan if you die after 2021 (unless the collective bargaining agreements terminate earlier).

In addition, the new post-death distribution requirements generally do not apply if the employee died prior to January 1, 2020. However, if the designated Beneficiary of the deceased employee dies after January 1, 2020, any remaining interest must be distributed within ten years of the designated Beneficiary’s death. Hence, this ten-year rule generally will apply to a Contract issued prior to 2020 which continues to be held by a designated Beneficiary of an employee who died prior to 2020.

It is important to note that under prior law, Income (i.e., annuity) Phase payments that commenced under a method that satisfied the distribution requirements while the employee was alive could continue to be made under that method after the death of the employee. Under the new law, however, if you commence taking distributions in the form of an annuity that can continue after your death, such as in the form of a joint and survivor annuity or an annuity with a guaranteed period of more than ten years, any distributions after your death that are scheduled to be made beyond the applicable distribution period imposed under the new law might need to be accelerated at the end of that period (or otherwise modified after your death if permitted under federal tax law and by us) in order to comply with the new post-death distribution requirements.

Certain transition rules may apply. Please consult your tax adviser.

Start Dates for Spousal Beneficiaries. Under the new law, as under prior law, if your Beneficiary is your spouse, your surviving spouse can delay the application of the post-death distribution requirements until after your surviving spouse's death by transferring the remaining interest tax-free to your surviving spouse's own IRA.

The post-death distribution requirements are complex and unclear in numerous respects. The Internal Revenue Service and U.S. Department of the Treasury have issued very little guidance on the new law. In addition, the manner in which these requirements will apply will depend on your particular facts and circumstances. You may wish to consult a professional tax adviser for tax advice as to your particular situation.

Withholding

Taxable distributions under the Contract are generally subject to withholding. Federal income tax withholding rates vary according to the type of distribution and the recipient's tax status.

Governmental 457(b) Plans. Generally, eligible rollover distributions from these plans are subject to a mandatory 20% federal income tax withholding. However, mandatory withholding will not be required if you elect a direct rollover of the distributions to an eligible retirement plan or in the case of other certain distributions described in the Tax Code.

457(b) Plans of Non-Governmental Employers, 457(f) Plans and Non-Section 457 Deferred Compensation Plans. All distributions from these plans, except death benefit proceeds, are subject to mandatory federal income tax withholding as wages. Death benefit proceeds are not subject to income tax withholding.

Assignment and Other Transfers

457(b) Plans. Adverse tax consequences to the plan and/or to you may result if your beneficial interest in the contract is assigned or transferred to persons other than:

- A plan participant as a means to provide benefit payments;
- An alternate payee under a QDRO in accordance with Tax Code Section 414(p);
- The Company as collateral for a loan; or
- The enforcement of a federal income tax lien or levy.

Same-Sex Marriages

The Contract provides that upon your death a surviving spouse may have certain continuation rights that he or she may elect to exercise for the Contract's death benefit and any joint-life coverage under a living benefit. All Contract provisions relating to spousal continuation are available only to a person who meets the definition of "spouse" under federal law. U.S. Treasury Department regulations provide that for federal tax purposes, the term "spouse" does not include individuals (whether of the opposite sex or the same sex) who have entered into a registered domestic partnership, civil union, or other similar formal relationship that is not denominated as a marriage under the laws of the state where the relationship was entered into, regardless of domicile. As a result, if a Beneficiary of a deceased owner and the owner were parties to such a relationship, the Beneficiary will be required by federal tax law to take distributions from the Contract in the manner applicable to non-spouse Beneficiaries and will not be able to continue the Contract. Please consult your tax and/or legal adviser for further information about this subject.

Possible Changes in Taxation

Although the likelihood of changes in tax legislation, regulation, rulings and other interpretation thereof is uncertain, there is always the possibility that the tax treatment of the Contract could change by legislation or other means. It is also possible that any change could be retroactive (i.e., effective before the date of the change). You should consult a tax and/or legal adviser with respect to legislative developments and their effect on the Contract.

Taxation of the Company

We are taxed as a life insurance company under the Tax Code. The Separate Account is not a separate entity from us. Therefore, it is not taxed separately as a “regulated investment company” but is taxed as part of the Company.

We automatically apply investment income and capital gains attributable to the Separate Account to increase reserves under the Contracts. Because of this, under existing federal tax law we believe that any such income and gains will not be taxed. Because we do not expect that we will incur any federal income tax liability attributable to the Separate Account we do not intend to make any provision for such taxes. However, changes in the tax laws and/or in their interpretation may result in our being taxed on income or gains attributable to the Separate Account. In this case we may impose a charge against a separate account (with respect to some or all of the Contracts) to set aside provisions to pay such taxes. We may deduct this amount from the Separate Account, including from your Contract value invested in the Subaccounts.

In calculating our corporate income tax liability, we may claim certain corporate income tax benefits associated with the investment company assets, including Separate Account assets, which are treated as Company assets under applicable income tax law. These benefits may reduce our overall corporate income tax liability. Under current law, such benefits include foreign tax credits and corporate dividends received deductions. We do not pass the tax benefits to the holders of the Separate Account because (1) the Contract Owners are not the owners of the assets generating these benefits under applicable income tax law; and (2) we do not currently include Company income taxes in the tax charges you pay under the Contract. We reserve the right to change these tax practices.

OTHER TOPICS

Right to Cancel

When and How to Cancel. If the Contract Holder chooses to cancel a Contract, we must receive the Contract and a written notice of cancellation within ten days (or a longer period if required by state law) after the Contract Holder’s receipt of the Contract.

Refunds to Contract Holders. We will produce a refund no later than seven calendar days after Customer Service receives the Contract and written notice of cancellation in Good Order. The refund will equal amounts contributed to the Contract plus any earnings or less any losses attributable to the investment options in which amounts were invested. Any mortality and expense risk charges and administrative expense charges deducted during the period you held the Contract will not be returned. We will not deduct an early withdrawal charge, nor apply a market value adjustment to any amounts you contributed to the Guaranteed Accumulation Account. In certain states, we are required to refund contributions. When a refund of contributions is not required, the Investor bears any investment risk.

Contract Distribution

General

The Company’s subsidiary, Voya Financial Partners, LLC, serves as the principal underwriter for the Contracts. Voya Financial Partners, LLC, a Delaware limited liability company, is registered as a broker-dealer with the SEC. Voya Financial Partners, LLC is also a member of FINRA and the Securities Investor Protection Corporation. Voya Financial Partners, LLC’s principal office is located at One Orange Way, Windsor, CT 06095-4774.

We sell the Contracts through licensed insurance agents who are registered representatives of broker-dealers that have entered into selling agreements with Voya Financial Partners, LLC. We refer to these broker-dealers as “distributors.” Voya Financial Advisors, Inc. is a distributor affiliated with the Company that has entered into a selling agreement with Voya Financial Partners, LLC for the sale of our variable annuity contracts.

Registered representatives of distributors who solicit sales of the Contracts typically receive a portion of the compensation paid to the distributor in the form of commissions or other compensation, depending upon the agreement between the distributor and the registered representative. This compensation, as well as other incentives or payments, is not paid directly by Contract Holders or the Separate Account, but instead is paid by us through Voya Financial Partners, LLC. We intend to recoup this compensation and other sales expenses paid to distributors through fees and charges imposed under the Contracts.

Compensation Arrangements. Registered representatives who offer and sell the Contracts may be paid a commission. The commissions paid on transferred assets range from 0% to 7%. The commission paid on recurring payments made during the first year of the participant account range from 0% to 7%. After the first year of the participant account, renewal commissions up to 1% may be paid on recurring payments up to the amount of the maximum of prior year’s payments and commissions of up to 7% may be paid on recurring payments in excess of this amount. In addition, the Company may pay up to 2.50% on transferred assets and asset-based commission ranging up to 0.10%.

We may also pay ongoing annual compensation of up to 40% of the commissions paid during the year in connection with certain Purchase Payments received during that year, if the registered representative attains a certain threshold of sales of Company contracts. Individual registered representatives may receive all or a portion of compensation paid to their distributor, depending upon the firm’s practices. Commissions and annual payments, when combined, could exceed 7% of total Purchase Payments. To the extent permitted by SEC and FINRA rules and other applicable laws and regulations, we may also pay or allow other promotional incentives or payments in the form of cash payments or other compensation to distributors, which may require the registered representative to attain a certain threshold of sales of Company products. These other promotional incentives or payments may be limited to Contracts offered to certain plans, may not be offered to all distributors, and may be limited only to Voya Financial Advisors, Inc. and other distributors affiliated with the Company.

We may also enter into special compensation arrangements with certain distributors based on those firms’ aggregate or anticipated sales of the Contracts or other criteria. These arrangements may include commission specials, in which additional commissions may be paid in connection with Purchase Payments received for a limited time period, within the maximum commission rates noted above. These special compensation arrangements will not be offered to all distributors, and the terms of such arrangements may differ among distributors based on various factors. These special compensation arrangements may also be limited only to Voya Financial Advisors, Inc. and other distributors affiliated with the Company. Any such compensation payable to a distributor will not result in any additional direct charge to you by us.

Some personnel may receive various types of non-cash compensation as special sales incentives, including trips, and we may also pay for some personnel to attend educational and/or business seminars. Any such compensation will be paid in accordance with SEC and FINRA rules. Employees of the Company or its affiliates (including wholesaling employees) may receive more compensation when Funds advised by the Company or its affiliates (“affiliated Funds”) are selected by a Contract Holder than when unaffiliated Funds are selected. Additionally, management personnel of the Company, and of its affiliated broker-dealers, may receive additional compensation if the overall amount of investments in Funds advised by the Company or its affiliates meets certain target levels or increases over time. Compensation for certain management personnel, including sales management personnel, may be enhanced if management personnel meet or exceed goals for sales of the Contracts, or if the overall amount of investments in the

Contracts and other products issued or advised by the Company or its affiliates increases over time. Certain management personnel may also receive compensation that is a specific percentage of the commissions paid to distributors or a specific percentage of Purchase Payments received under the Contracts or which may be a flat dollar amount that varies based upon other factors, including management's ability to meet or exceed service requirements, sell new Contracts or retain existing Contracts, or sell additional service features such as a common remitting program.

In addition to direct cash compensation for sales of Contracts described above, through Voya Financial Partners, LLC, we may also pay distributors additional compensation or reimbursement of expenses for their efforts in selling Contracts to you and other customers. These amounts may include:

- Marketing/distribution allowances that may be based on the percentages of Purchase Payments received, the aggregate commissions paid and/or the aggregate assets held in relation to certain types of designated insurance products issued by the Company and/or its affiliates during the year;
- Loans or advances of commissions in anticipation of future receipt of Purchase Payments (a form of lending to registered representatives). These loans may have advantageous terms, such as reduction or elimination of the interest charged on the loan and/or forgiveness of the principal amount of the loan, which may be conditioned on sales;
- Education and training allowances to facilitate our attendance at certain educational and training meetings to provide information and training about our products. We also hold training programs from time to time at our own expense;
- Sponsorship payments or reimbursements for distributors to use in sales contests and/or meetings for their registered representatives who sell our products. We do not hold contests based solely on sales of this product;
- Certain overrides and other benefits that may include cash compensation based on the amount of earned commissions, representative recruiting or other activities that promote the sale of contracts; and
- Additional cash or noncash compensation and reimbursements permissible under existing law. This may include, but is not limited to, cash incentives, merchandise, trips, occasional entertainment, meals and tickets to sporting events, client appreciation events, business and educational enhancement items, payment for travel expenses (including meals and lodging) to pre-approved training and education seminars and payment for advertising and sales campaigns.

We pay dealer concessions, wholesaling fees, overrides, bonuses, other allowances and benefits and the costs of all other incentives or training programs from our resources, which include the fees and charges imposed under the Contracts.

The following is a list of the top 25 distributors that, during 2021, received the most compensation, in the aggregate, from us in connection with the sale of registered variable annuity contracts issued by the Company, ranked by total dollars received: **[To be updated by Post-Effective Amendment.]**

- | | |
|--|--|
| 1. Lincoln Investment Planning, Inc.; | 14. Ameriprise Financial Services, Inc.; |
| 2. Regulus Advisors, LLC; | 15. Woodbury Financial Services, Inc.; |
| 3. LPL Financial LLC; | 16. Cetera Advisor Networks LLC; |
| 4. Morgan Stanley Smith Barney LLC; | 17. MMA Securities LLC; |
| 5. Voya Financial Advisors, Inc.; | 18. PlanMember Securities Corporation; |
| 6. Kestra Investment Services, LLC; | 19. Cadaret, Grant & Co., Inc.; |
| 7. Royal Alliance Associates, Inc.; | 20. IMA Wealth, Inc.; |
| 8. Pensionmark Securities, LLC; | 21. First Allied Securities, Inc.; |
| 9. American Portfolios Financial Services, Inc.; | 22. NYLIFE Securities LLC; |
| 10. Securities America, Inc.; | 23. SagePoint Financial, Inc.; |
| 11. Northwestern Mutual Investment Services, Inc.; | 24. Hornor, Townsend & Kent, LLC; and |
| 12. Lincoln Financial Advisors Corporation; | 25. Lockton Investment Securities, LLC. |
| 13. Cetera Advisors LLC; | |

This is a general discussion of the types and levels of compensation paid by us for the sale of our variable annuity contracts. It is important for you to know that the payment of volume or sales-based compensation to a distributor or registered representative may provide that registered representative a financial incentive to promote our contracts over those of another company, and may also provide a financial incentive to promote one of our contracts over another.

The names of the distributor and the registered representative responsible for your account are stated in your enrollment materials.

Order Processing

In certain circumstances, we may need to correct the pricing associated with an order that has been processed. In such circumstances, we may incur a loss or receive a gain depending upon the price of the Fund when the order was executed and the price of the Fund when the order is corrected. Losses may be covered from our assets and gains that may result from such order correction will be retained by us as additional compensation associated with order processing.

Anti-Money Laundering

In order to protect against the possible misuse of our products in money laundering or terrorist financing, we have adopted an anti-money laundering program satisfying the requirements of the USA PATRIOT Act and other current anti-money laundering laws. Among other things, this program requires us, our agents and customers to comply with certain procedures and standards that will allow us to verify the identity of the sponsoring organization and that contributions and loan repayments are not derived from improper sources.

Under our anti-money laundering program, we may require customers, and/or Beneficiaries to provide sufficient evidence of identification, and we reserve the right to verify any information provided to us by accessing information databases maintained internally or by outside firms.

We may also refuse to accept certain forms of payments or loan repayments (traveler's cheques, for example) or restrict the amount of certain forms of payments or loan repayments. In addition, we may require information as to why a particular form of payment was used (third party checks, for example) and the source of the funds of such payment in order to determine whether or not we will accept it. Use of an unacceptable form of payment may result in us returning the payment to you.

Applicable laws designed to prevent terrorist financing and money laundering might, in certain circumstances, require us to block certain transactions until authorization is received from the appropriate regulator. We may also be required to provide additional information about you and your Contract to government regulators.

Our anti-money laundering program is subject to change without notice to take account of changes in applicable laws or regulations and our ongoing assessment of our exposure to illegal activity.

Unclaimed Property

Every state has some form of unclaimed property laws that impose varying legal and practical obligations on insurers and, indirectly, on Contract Owners, insureds, Beneficiaries and other payees of proceeds. Unclaimed property laws generally provide for escheatment to the state of unclaimed proceeds under various circumstances.

Contract Owners are urged to keep their own, as well as their Beneficiaries' and other payees', information up to date, including full names, postal and electronic media addresses, telephone numbers, dates of birth, and Social Security numbers. Such updates should be communicated to Customer Service.

Cyber Security

Like others in our industry, we are subject to operational and information security risks resulting from "cyber-attacks", "hacking" or similar illegal or unauthorized intrusions into computer systems and networks. These risks include, among other things, the theft, misuse, corruption and destruction of data maintained online or digitally, denial of service attacks on websites and other operational disruption and unauthorized release of confidential customer information. Although we seek to limit our vulnerability to such risks through technological and other means and we rely on industry standard commercial technologies to maintain the security of our information systems, it is not possible to anticipate or prevent all potential forms of cyber-attack or to guarantee our ability to fully defend against all such attacks. In addition, due to the sensitive nature of much of the financial and similar personal information we maintain, we may be at particular risk for targeting.

Cyber-attacks affecting us, any third party administrator, the underlying Funds, intermediaries and other affiliated or third-party service providers may adversely affect us and your Account Value. For instance, cyber-attacks may interfere with our processing of Contract transactions, including the processing of orders from our website or with the underlying Funds, impact our ability to calculate AUVs, cause the release and possible destruction of confidential customer or business information, impede order processing, subject us and/or our service providers and intermediaries to regulatory fines and financial losses and/or cause reputational damage. Cyber security risks may also affect the issuers of securities in which the underlying Funds invest, which may cause the Funds underlying your Contract to lose value. There can be no assurance that we or the underlying Funds or our service providers will avoid losses affecting your Contract that result from cyber-attacks or information security breaches in the future.

Payment Delay or Suspension

We reserve the right to suspend or postpone the date of any payment of benefits or values under any of the following circumstances:

- On any valuation date when the NYSE is closed (except customary weekend and holiday closings), or when trading on the NYSE is restricted;
- When an emergency exists as determined by the SEC so that disposal of securities held in the Subaccounts is not reasonably practicable or it is not reasonably practicable to fairly determine the value of the Subaccount's assets; and
- During any other periods the SEC may by order permit for the protection of Investors.

The conditions under which restricted trading or an emergency exists shall be determined by the rules and regulations of the SEC.

Payment of benefits or values may also be delayed or suspended as required by court order or any regulatory action.

Intent to Confirm Quarterly

Under certain Contracts, we will provide confirmation of scheduled transactions quarterly rather than immediately to the participant.

Legal Proceedings

We are not aware of any pending legal proceedings that are likely to have a material adverse effect upon the Company's ability to meet its obligations under the Contract, Voya Financial Partners, LLC's ability to distribute the Contract or upon the Separate Account.

- **Litigation.** Notwithstanding the foregoing, the Company and/or Voya Financial Partners, LLC, is a defendant in a number of litigation matters arising from the conduct of its business, both in the ordinary course and otherwise. In some of these matters, claimants seek to recover very large or indeterminate amounts, including compensatory, punitive, treble and exemplary damages. Certain claims are asserted as class actions. Modern pleading practice in the U.S. permits considerable variation in the assertion of monetary damages and other relief. The variability in pleading requirements and past experience demonstrates that the monetary and other relief that may be requested in a lawsuit or claim oftentimes bears little relevance to the merits or potential value of a claim.
- **Regulatory Matters.** As with other financial services companies, the Company and its affiliates, including Voya Financial Partners, LLC, periodically receive informal and formal requests for information from various state and federal governmental agencies and self-regulatory organizations in connection with inquiries and investigations of the products and practices of the Company or the financial services industry. It is the practice of the Company to cooperate fully in these matters.

The outcome of a litigation or regulatory matter and the amount or range of potential loss is difficult to forecast and estimating potential losses requires significant management judgment. It is not possible to predict the ultimate outcome for all pending litigation and regulatory matters and given the large and indeterminate amounts sought and the inherent unpredictability of such matters, it is possible that an adverse outcome in certain litigation or regulatory matters could, from time to time, have a material adverse effect upon the Company's results of operations or cash flows in a particular quarterly or annual period.

Financial Statements

The statements of assets and liabilities, the statements of operations, the statements of changes in net assets and the related notes to financial statements for Variable Annuity Account B and the consolidated financial statements and the related notes to consolidated financial statements for Voya Retirement Insurance and Annuity Company are located in the Statement of Additional Information. To request a free Statement of Additional Information, please contact Customer Service.

APPENDIX A: FUNDS AVAILABLE UNDER THE CONTRACT

The following is a list of Funds available under the Contract. The Funds available to you may vary based on employer and state approval and participants should refer to their plan documents for a list of available Funds. The Funds available to you are also found online at [insert appropriate website], by calling Customer Service at 1-800-584-6001 or by sending an email request to [insert email address].

More information about the Funds is available in the prospectuses for the Funds, which may be amended from time to time and can be found online at [insert the appropriate website]. You can also request this information at no cost by calling Customer Service at 1-800-584-6001 or by sending an email request to [insert email address].

The current expenses and performance information below reflects fee and expenses of the Funds, but do not reflect the other fees and expenses that your Contract may charge. Expenses would be higher and performance would be lower if these other charges were included. Each Fund's past performance is not necessarily an indication of future performance.

INVESTMENT OBJECTIVE	FUND NAME INVESTMENT ADVISER/SUBADVISER	CURRENT EXPENSES*	AVERAGE ANNUAL TOTAL RETURNS (as of 12/31/2021)		
			1 Year	5 Years	10 Years
Seeks growth of capital.	American Funds Insurance Series® – Growth Fund (Class 2) Investment Adviser: Capital Research and Management Company SM	%	%	%	%
Seeks long-term growth of capital and income.	American Funds Insurance Series® – Growth-Income Fund (Class 2) Investment Adviser: Capital Research and Management Company SM	%	%	%	%
Seeks long-term growth of capital.	American Funds Insurance Series® – International Fund (Class 2) Investment Adviser: Capital Research and Management Company SM	%	%	%	%

* Operating Expenses reflecting applicable waivers or expense limitations as reported in the Fund's expenses.

INVESTMENT OBJECTIVE	FUND NAME INVESTMENT ADVISER/SUBADVISER	CURRENT EXPENSES*	AVERAGE ANNUAL TOTAL RETURNS (as of 12/31/2021)		
			1 Year	5 Years	10 Years
Seeks to provide a competitive total return through an actively managed portfolio of stocks, bonds and money market instruments which offer income and capital growth opportunity.	Calvert VP SRI Balanced Portfolio (Class I) Investment Adviser: Calvert Research and Management	%	□%	□%	□%
Seeks to provide current income.	Federated Hermes Fund for U.S. Government Securities II Investment Adviser: Federated Investment Management Company	%	□%	□%	□%
Seeks high current income.	Federated Hermes High Income Bond Fund II (Primary Shares) Investment Adviser: Federated Investment Management Company	%	□%	□%	□%
Seeks long-term capital appreciation.	Fidelity® VIP ContrafundSM Portfolio (Initial Class) Investment Adviser: Fidelity Management & Research Company LLC (“FMR”) Subadvisers: FMR Investment Management (UK) Limited, Fidelity Management & Research (Hong Kong) Limited and Fidelity Management & Research (Japan) Limited	%	□%	□%	□%

* Operating Expenses reflecting applicable waivers or expense limitations as reported in the Fund’s expenses.

INVESTMENT OBJECTIVE	FUND NAME INVESTMENT ADVISER/SUBADVISER	CURRENT EXPENSES*	AVERAGE ANNUAL TOTAL RETURNS (as of 12/31/2021)		
			1 Year	5 Years	10 Years
Seeks reasonable income. Also considers the potential for capital appreciation. Seeks to achieve a yield which exceeds the composite yield on the securities comprising the S&P 500® Index.	Fidelity® VIP Equity-Income Portfolio (Initial Class)SM Investment Adviser: Fidelity Management & Research Company LLC (“FMR”) Subadvisers: FMR Investment Management (UK) Limited, Fidelity Management & Research (Hong Kong) Limited and Fidelity Management & Research (Japan) Limited	%	□%	□%	□%
Seeks to achieve capital appreciation.	Fidelity® VIP Growth Portfolio (Initial Class) Investment Adviser: Fidelity Management & Research Company LLC (“FMR”) Subadvisers: FMR Investment Management (UK) Limited, Fidelity Management & Research (Hong Kong) Limited and Fidelity Management & Research (Japan) Limited	%	□%	□%	□%

* Operating Expenses reflecting applicable waivers or expense limitations as reported in the Fund’s expenses.

INVESTMENT OBJECTIVE	FUND NAME INVESTMENT ADVISER/SUBADVISER	CURRENT EXPENSES*	AVERAGE ANNUAL TOTAL RETURNS (as of 12/31/2021)		
			1 Year	5 Years	10 Years
Seeks long-term growth of capital.	Fidelity® VIP Overseas Portfolio (Initial Class) Investment Adviser: Fidelity Management & Research Company LLC (“FMR”) Subadvisers: FMR Investment Management (UK) Limited, Fidelity Management & Research (Hong Kong) Limited, Fidelity Management & Research (Japan) Limited, FIL Investment Advisors, FIL Investment Advisors (UK) and FIL Investments (Japan) Limited	%	□%	□%	□%
Seeks long-term total return. Under normal market conditions, the Fund invests at least 80% of its net assets in investments of small-capitalization companies.	Franklin Small Cap Value VIP Fund (Class 2) Investment Adviser: Franklin Mutual Advisers, LLC	□%	□%	□%	□%
A <i>non-diversified</i> Fund that seeks capital growth.	Invesco V.I. American Franchise Fund (Series I) Investment Adviser: Invesco Advisers, Inc.	□%	□%	□%	□%
Seeks long-term growth of capital.	Invesco V.I. Core Equity Fund (Series I) Investment Adviser: Invesco Advisers, Inc.	□%	□%	□%	□%
Seeks total return.	Invesco V.I. Main Street Small Cap Fund® (Series I) Investment Adviser: Invesco Advisers, Inc.	□%	□%	□%	□%

* Operating Expenses reflecting applicable waivers or expense limitations as reported in the Fund’s expenses.

INVESTMENT OBJECTIVE	FUND NAME INVESTMENT ADVISER/SUBADVISER	CURRENT EXPENSES*	AVERAGE ANNUAL TOTAL RETURNS (as of 12/31/2021)		
			1 Year		
Seeks to deliver long-term growth of capital by investing primarily in stocks of mid-sized U.S. companies.	Lord Abbett Series Fund, Inc. – Mid Cap Stock Portfolio (Class VC) Investment Adviser: Lord, Abbett & Co. LLC	□%	□%	□%	□%
Seeks maximum real return, consistent with preservation of real capital and prudent investment management.	PIMCO Real Return Portfolio (Administrative Class) Investment Adviser: Pacific Investment Management Company LLC	□%	□%	□%	□%
Maximize total return through a combination of income and capital appreciation.	Pioneer High Yield VCT Portfolio (Class I) Investment Adviser: Amundi Asset Management US, Inc.	□%	□%	□%	□%
Seeks total return consisting of capital appreciation (both realized and unrealized) and current income; the secondary investment objective is long-term capital appreciation.	Voya Balanced Portfolio (Class I) Investment Adviser: Voya Investments, LLC Subadviser: Voya Investment Management Co. LLC	□%	□%	□%	□%
Seeks investment results (before fees and expenses) that correspond to the total return (which includes capital appreciation and income) of an index that measures the investment return of emerging markets securities.	Voya Emerging Markets Index Portfolio (Class I) Investment Adviser: Voya Investments, LLC Subadviser: Voya Investment Management Co. LLC	□%	□%	□%	□%

* Operating Expenses reflecting applicable waivers or expense limitations as reported in the Fund's expenses.

INVESTMENT OBJECTIVE	FUND NAME INVESTMENT ADVISER/SUBADVISER	CURRENT EXPENSES ^{8*}	AVERAGE ANNUAL TOTAL RETURNS (as of 12/31/2021)		
			1 Year	5 Years	10 Years
Seeks to maximize total return through a combination of current income and capital appreciation.	Voya Global Bond Portfolio (Class I) Investment Adviser: Voya Investments, LLC Subadviser: Voya Investment Management Co. LLC	□%	□%	□%	□%
Seeks long-term capital growth and current income.	Voya Global High Dividend Low Volatility Portfolio (Class I)¹ Investment Adviser: Voya Investments, LLC Subadviser: Voya Investment Management Co. LLC	□%	□%	□%	□%
Seeks total return.	Voya Global Perspectives[®] Portfolio (Class I)² Investment Adviser: Voya Investments, LLC Subadviser: Voya Investment Management Co. LLC	□%	□%	□%	□%
Seeks to provide high current return, consistent with preservation of capital and liquidity, through investment in high-quality money market instruments while maintaining a stable share price of \$1.00.	Voya Government Money Market Portfolio (Class I)³ Investment Adviser: Voya Investments, LLC Subadviser: Voya Investment Management Co. LLC	□%	□%	□%	□%

* Operating Expenses reflecting applicable waivers or expense limitations as reported in the Fund's expenses.

¹ This Fund employs a managed volatility strategy. See **"THE INVESTMENT OPTIONS – The Variable Investment Options – Funds with Managed Volatility Strategies"** for more information

² This Fund is structured as a Fund of Funds that invests directly in shares of underlying Funds. See **"THE INVESTMENT OPTIONS – The Variable Investment Options – Fund of Funds"** for more information.

³ There is no guarantee that the Voya Government Money Market Portfolio Subaccount will have a positive or level return.

INVESTMENT OBJECTIVE	FUND NAME INVESTMENT ADVISER/SUBADVISER	CURRENT EXPENSES*	AVERAGE ANNUAL TOTAL RETURNS (as of 12/31/2021)		
			1 Year	5 Years	10 Years
Seeks to maximize total return through investments in a diversified portfolio of common stock and securities convertible into common stocks. It is anticipated that capital appreciation and investment income will both be major factors in achieving total return.	Voya Growth and Income Portfolio (Class I) Investment Adviser: Voya Investments, LLC Subadviser: Voya Investment Management Co. LLC	□%	□%	□%	□%
Seeks to provide Investors with a high level of current income and total return.	Voya High Yield Portfolio (Class I) Investment Adviser: Voya Investments, LLC Subadviser: Voya Investment Management Co. LLC	□%	□%	□%	□%
Seeks to outperform the total return performance of the S&P 500® Index while maintaining a market level of risk.	Voya Index Plus LargeCap Portfolio (Class I) Investment Adviser: Voya Investments, LLC Subadviser: Voya Investment Management Co. LLC	□%	□%	□%	□%
Seeks to outperform the total return performance of the S&P MidCap 400® Index while maintaining a market level of risk.	Voya Index Plus MidCap Portfolio (Class I) Investment Adviser: Voya Investments, LLC Subadviser: Voya Investment Management Co. LLC	□%	□%	□%	□%
Seeks to outperform the total return performance of the S&P SmallCap 600® Index while maintaining a market level of risk.	Voya Index Plus SmallCap Portfolio (Class I) Investment Adviser: Voya Investments, LLC Subadviser: Voya Investment Management Co. LLC	□%	□%	□%	□%

* Operating Expenses reflecting applicable waivers or expense limitations as reported in the Fund's expenses.

INVESTMENT OBJECTIVE	FUND NAME INVESTMENT ADVISER/SUBADVISER	CURRENT EXPENSES*	AVERAGE ANNUAL TOTAL RETURNS (as of 12/31/2021)		
			1 Year	5 Years	10 Years
Seeks to maximize total return consistent with reasonable risk. The Portfolio seeks its objective through investments in a diversified portfolio consisting primarily of debt securities. It is anticipated that capital appreciation and investment income will both be major factors in achieving total return.	Voya Intermediate Bond Portfolio (Class I) Investment Adviser: Voya Investments, LLC Subadviser: Voya Investment Management Co. LLC	□%	□%	□%	□%
Seeks maximum total return.	Voya International High Dividend Low Volatility Portfolio (Class I)⁴ Investment Adviser: Voya Investments, LLC Subadviser: Voya Investment Management Co., LLC	□%	□%	□%	□%
Seeks investment results (before fees and expenses) that correspond to the total return (which includes capital appreciation and income) of a widely accepted international index.	Voya International Index Portfolio (Class I) Investment Adviser: Voya Investments, LLC Subadviser: Voya Investment Management Co. LLC	□%	□%	□%	□%
A <i>non-diversified</i> Fund that seeks long-term capital growth.	Voya Large Cap Growth Portfolio (Class I) Investment Adviser: Voya Investments, LLC Subadviser: Voya Investment Management Co. LLC	□%	□%	□%	□%

* Operating Expenses reflecting applicable waivers or expense limitations as reported in the Fund's expenses.

⁴ This Fund employs a managed volatility strategy. See "THE INVESTMENT OPTIONS – *The Variable Investment Options – Funds with Managed Volatility Strategies*" for more information.

INVESTMENT OBJECTIVE	FUND NAME INVESTMENT ADVISER/SUBADVISER	CURRENT EXPENSES*	AVERAGE ANNUAL TOTAL RETURNS (as of 12/31/2021)		
			1 Year	5 Years	10 Years
Seeks long-term growth of capital and current income.	Voya Large Cap Value Portfolio (Class I) Investment Adviser: Voya Investments, LLC Subadviser: Voya Investment Management Co. LLC	□%	□%	□%	□%
Seeks long-term capital appreciation.	Voya MidCap Opportunities Portfolio (Class I) Investment Adviser: Voya Investments, LLC Subadviser: Voya Investment Management Co. LLC	□%	□%	□%	□%
Seeks investment results (before fees and expenses) that correspond to the total return (which includes capital appreciation and income) of the Russell Top 200® Growth Index.	Voya Russell™ Large Cap Growth Index Portfolio (Class I) Investment Adviser: Voya Investments, LLC Subadviser: Voya Investment Management Co. LLC	□%	□%	□%	□%
Seeks investment results (before fees and expenses) that correspond to the total return (which includes capital appreciation and income) of the Russell Top 200® Index.	Voya Russell™ Large Cap Index Portfolio (Class I) Investment Adviser: Voya Investments, LLC Subadviser: Voya Investment Management Co. LLC	□%	□%	□%	□%

* Operating Expenses reflecting applicable waivers or expense limitations as reported in the Fund's expenses.

INVESTMENT OBJECTIVE	FUND NAME INVESTMENT ADVISER/SUBADVISER	CURRENT EXPENSES*	AVERAGE ANNUAL TOTAL RETURNS (as of 12/31/2021)		
			1 Year	5 Years	10 Years
Seeks investment results (before fees and expenses) that correspond to the total return (which includes capital appreciation and income) of the Russell Top 200® Value Index.	Voya Russell™ Large Cap Value Index Portfolio (Class S) Investment Adviser: Voya Investments, LLC Subadviser: Voya Investment Management Co. LLC	□%	□%	□%	□%
Seeks investment results (before fees and expenses) that correspond to the total return (which includes capital appreciation and income) of the Russell Midcap® Growth Index.	Voya Russell™ Mid Cap Growth Index Portfolio (Class S) Investment Adviser: Voya Investments, LLC Subadviser: Voya Investment Management Co. LLC	□%	□%	□%	□%
Seeks investment results (before fees and expenses) that correspond to the total return (which includes capital appreciation and income) of the Russell Midcap® Index.	Voya Russell™ Mid Cap Index Portfolio (Class I) Investment Adviser: Voya Investments, LLC Subadviser: Voya Investment Management Co. LLC	□%	□%	□%	□%
Seeks investment results (before fees and expenses) that correspond to the total return (which includes capital appreciation and income) of the Russell 2000® Index.	Voya Russell™ Small Cap Index Portfolio (Class I) Investment Adviser: Voya Investments, LLC Subadviser: Voya Investment Management Co. LLC	□%	□%	□%	□%
Seeks growth of capital primarily through investment in a diversified portfolio of common stock of companies with smaller market capitalizations.	Voya Small Company Portfolio (Class I) Investment Adviser: Voya Investments, LLC Subadviser: Voya Investment Management Co. LLC	□%	□%	□%	□%

* Operating Expenses reflecting applicable waivers or expense limitations as reported in the Fund's expenses.

INVESTMENT OBJECTIVE	FUND NAME INVESTMENT ADVISER/SUBADVISER	CURRENT EXPENSES*	AVERAGE ANNUAL TOTAL RETURNS (as of 12/31/2021)		
			1 Year	5 Years	10 Years
Seeks long-term capital appreciation.	Voya SmallCap Opportunities Portfolio (Class I) Investment Adviser: Voya Investments, LLC Subadviser: Voya Investment Management Co. LLC	[]%	[]%	[]%	[]%
Until the day prior to its Target Date, the Portfolio seeks to provide total return consistent with an asset allocation targeted at retirement in approximately 2025. On the Target Date, the Portfolio's investment objective will be to seek to provide a combination of total return and stability of principal consistent with an asset allocation targeted to retirement.	Voya Solution 2025 Portfolio (Class S)⁵ Investment Adviser: Voya Investments, LLC Subadviser: Voya Investment Management Co. LLC	[]%	[]%	[]%	[]%
Until the day prior to its Target Date, the Portfolio seeks to provide total return consistent with an asset allocation targeted at retirement in approximately 2035. On the Target Date, the Portfolio's investment objective will be to seek to provide a combination of total return and stability of principal consistent with an asset allocation targeted to retirement.	Voya Solution 2035 Portfolio (Class S)⁵ Investment Adviser: Voya Investments, LLC Subadviser: Voya Investment Management Co. LLC	[]%	[]%	[]%	[]%

* Operating Expenses reflecting applicable waivers or expense limitations as reported in the Fund's expenses.

⁵ This Fund is structured as a Fund of Funds that invests directly in shares of underlying Funds. See **"THE INVESTMENT OPTIONS – The Variable Investment Options – Funds of Funds"** for more information.

INVESTMENT OBJECTIVE	FUND NAME INVESTMENT ADVISER/SUBADVISER	CURRENT EXPENSES*	AVERAGE ANNUAL TOTAL RETURNS (as of 12/31/2021)		
			1 Year	5 Years	10 Years
Until the day prior to its Target Date, the Portfolio seeks to provide total return consistent with an asset allocation targeted at retirement in approximately 2045. On the Target Date, the Portfolio's investment objective will be to seek to provide a combination of total return and stability of principal consistent with an asset allocation targeted to retirement.	Voya Solution 2045 Portfolio (Class S) ⁵ Investment Adviser: Voya Investments, LLC Subadviser: Voya Investment Management Co. LLC	□%	□%	□%	□%
Until the day prior to its Target Date, the Portfolio seeks to provide total return consistent with an asset allocation targeted at retirement in approximately 2055. On the Target Date, the Portfolio's investment objective will be to seek to provide a combination of total return and stability of principal consistent with an asset allocation targeted to retirement.	Voya Solution 2055 Portfolio (Class S) ⁵ Investment Adviser: Voya Investments, LLC Subadviser: Voya Investment Management Co. LLC	□%	□%	□%	□%

* Operating Expenses reflecting applicable waivers or expense limitations as reported in the Fund's expenses.

⁵ This Fund is structured as a Fund of Funds that invests directly in shares of underlying Funds. See **"THE INVESTMENT OPTIONS – The Variable Investment Options – Funds of Funds"** for more information.

INVESTMENT OBJECTIVE	FUND NAME INVESTMENT ADVISER/SUBADVISER	CURRENT EXPENSES*	AVERAGE ANNUAL TOTAL RETURNS (as of 12/31/2021)		
			1 Year	5 Years	10 Years
Until the day prior to its Target Date, the Portfolio seeks to provide total return consistent with an asset allocation targeted at retirement in approximately 2065. On the Target Date, the Portfolio's investment objective will be to seek to provide a combination of total return and stability of principal consistent with an asset allocation targeted to retirement.	Voya Solution 2065 Portfolio (Class S) ⁶ Investment Adviser: Voya Investments, LLC Subadviser: Voya Investment Management Co. LLC	□%	□%	□%	□%
Seeks to provide a combination of total return and stability of principal consistent with an asset allocation targeted to retirement.	Voya Solution Income Portfolio (Class S) ⁷ Investment Adviser: Voya Investments, LLC Subadviser: Voya Investment Management Co. LLC	□%	□%	□%	□%
Seeks to provide total return (<i>i.e.</i> , income and capital growth, both realized and unrealized) consistent with preservation of capital.	Voya Strategic Allocation Conservative Portfolio (Class I) ⁷ Investment Adviser: Voya Investments, LLC Subadviser: Voya Investment Management Co. LLC	□%	□%	□%	□%

* Operating Expenses are reflecting applicable waivers or expense limitations as reported in the Fund's expenses.

⁶ This Fund is structured as a Fund of Funds that invests directly in shares of underlying Funds. See **"THE INVESTMENT OPTIONS – The Variable Investment Options – Funds of Funds"** for more information.

⁷ This Fund is structured as a Fund of Funds that invests directly in shares of underlying Funds. See **"THE INVESTMENT OPTIONS – The Variable Investment Options – Funds of Funds"** for more information.

INVESTMENT OBJECTIVE	FUND NAME INVESTMENT ADVISER/SUBADVISER	CURRENT EXPENSES*	AVERAGE ANNUAL TOTAL RETURNS (as of 12/31/2021)		
			1 Year	5 Years	10 Years
Seeks to provide capital appreciation.	Voya Strategic Allocation Growth Portfolio (Class I) ⁷ Investment Adviser: Voya Investments, LLC Subadviser: Voya Investment Management Co. LLC	□%	□%	□%	□%
Seeks to provide total return (<i>i.e.</i> , income and capital appreciation, both realized and unrealized).	Voya Strategic Allocation Moderate Portfolio (Class I) ⁷ Investment Adviser: Voya Investments, LLC Subadviser: Voya Investment Management Co. LLC	□%	□%	□%	□%
Seeks investment results (before fees and expenses) that correspond to the total return (which includes capital appreciation and income) of the Bloomberg Barclays U.S. Aggregate Bond Index.	Voya U.S. Bond Index Portfolio (Class I) Investment Adviser: Voya Investments, LLC Subadviser: Voya Investment Management Co. LLC	□%	□%	□%	□%
Seeks total return.	Voya U.S. Stock Index Portfolio (Class I) Investment Adviser: Voya Investments, LLC Subadviser: Voya Investment Management Co. LLC	□%	□%	□%	□%

* Operating Expenses reflecting applicable waivers or expense limitations as reported in the Fund's expenses.

⁷ This Fund is structured as a Fund of Funds that invests directly in shares of underlying Funds. See "THE INVESTMENT OPTIONS – *The Variable Investment Options – Funds of Funds*" for more information.

INVESTMENT OBJECTIVE	FUND NAME INVESTMENT ADVISER/SUBADVISER	CURRENT EXPENSES*	AVERAGE ANNUAL TOTAL RETURNS (as of 12/31/2021)		
			Year	5 Years	10 Years
Seeks long-term capital growth. Income is a secondary objective.	VY® American Century Small-Mid Cap Value Portfolio (Class S) Investment Adviser: Voya Investments, LLC Subadviser: American Century Investment Management, Inc.	□%	□%	□%	□%
Seeks capital appreciation.	VY® Baron Growth Portfolio (Class S) Investment Adviser: Voya Investments, LLC Subadviser: BAMCO, Inc.	□%	□%	□%	□%
Seeks high total return consisting of capital appreciation and current income.	VY® Clarion Global Real Estate Portfolio (Class I) Investment Adviser: Voya Investments, LLC Subadviser: CBRE Clarion Securities LLC	□%	□%	□%	□%
Seeks total return including capital appreciation and current income.	VY® Clarion Real Estate Portfolio (Class S) Investment Adviser: Voya Investments, LLC Subadviser: CBRE Clarion Securities LLC	□%	□%	□%	□%
Seeks total return consisting of long-term capital appreciation and current income.	VY® Columbia Contrarian Core Portfolio (Class S) Investment Adviser: Voya Investments, LLC Subadviser: Columbia Management Investment Advisers, LLC	□%	□%	□%	□%

* Operating Expenses reflecting applicable waivers or expense limitations as reported in the Fund's expenses.

INVESTMENT OBJECTIVE	FUND NAME INVESTMENT ADVISER/SUBADVISER	CURRENT EXPENSES*	AVERAGE ANNUAL TOTAL RETURNS (as of 12/31/2021)		
			1 Year	5 Years	10 Years
Seeks long-term growth of capital.	VY® Columbia Small Cap Value II Portfolio (Class S) Investment Adviser: Voya Investments, LLC Subadviser: Columbia Management Investment Advisers, LLC	□%	□%	□%	□%
Seeks capital growth and income.	VY® Invesco Comstock Portfolio (Class S) Investment Adviser: Voya Investments, LLC Subadviser: Invesco Advisers, Inc.	□%	□%	□%	□%
Seeks total return consisting of long-term capital appreciation and current income.	VY® Invesco Equity and Income Portfolio (Class I) Investment Adviser: Voya Investments, LLC Subadviser: Invesco Advisers, Inc.	□%	□%	□%	□%
Seeks capital appreciation.	VY® Invesco Global Portfolio (Class I) Investment Adviser: Voya Investments, LLC Subadviser: Invesco Advisers, Inc.	□%	□%	□%	□%
Seeks long-term growth of capital and income.	VY® Invesco Growth and Income Portfolio (Class S) Investment Adviser: Voya Investments, LLC Subadviser: Invesco Advisers, Inc.	□%	□%	□%	□%

* Operating Expenses are reflecting applicable waivers or expense limitations as reported in the Fund's expenses.

INVESTMENT OBJECTIVE	FUND NAME INVESTMENT ADVISER/SUBADVISER	CURRENT EXPENSES*	AVERAGE ANNUAL TOTAL RETURNS (as of 12/31/2021)		
			1 Year	5 Years	10 Years
Seeks capital appreciation.	VY® JPMorgan Emerging Markets Equity Portfolio (Class S) Investment Adviser: Voya Investments, LLC Subadviser: J.P. Morgan Investment Management Inc.	□%	□%	□%	□%
Seeks growth from capital appreciation.	VY® JPMorgan Mid Cap Value Portfolio (Class S)¹⁴ Investment Adviser: Voya Investments, LLC Subadviser: J.P. Morgan Investment Management Inc.	□%	□%	□%	□%
Seeks capital growth over the long term.	VY® JPMorgan Small Cap Core Equity Portfolio (Class S) Investment Adviser: Voya Investments, LLC Subadviser: J.P. Morgan Investment Management Inc.	□%	□%	□%	□%
Seeks, over the long-term, a high total investment return, consistent with the preservation of capital and with prudent investment risk.	VY® T. Rowe Price Capital Appreciation Portfolio (Class S) Investment Adviser: Voya Investments, LLC Subadviser: T. Rowe Price Associates, Inc.	□%	□%	□%	□%
Seeks long-term capital appreciation.	VY® T. Rowe Price Diversified Mid Cap Growth Portfolio (Class I) Investment Adviser: Voya Investments, LLC Subadviser: T. Rowe Price Associates, Inc.	□%	□%	□%	□%

* Operating Expenses are reflecting applicable waivers or expense limitations as reported in the Fund's expenses.

INVESTMENT OBJECTIVE	FUND NAME INVESTMENT ADVISER/SUBADVISER	CURRENT EXPENSES*	AVERAGE ANNUAL TOTAL RETURNS (as of 12/31/2021)		
			1 Year	5 Years	10 Years
Seeks a high level of dividend income as well as long-term growth of capital primarily through investments in stocks.	VY® T. Rowe Price Equity Income Portfolio (Class S) Investment Adviser: Voya Investments, LLC Subadviser: T. Rowe Price Associates, Inc.	□%	□%	□%	□%
A <i>non-diversified</i> Fund that seeks long-term growth through investments in stocks.	VY® T. Rowe Price Growth Equity Portfolio (Class I) Investment Adviser: Voya Investments, LLC Subadviser: T. Rowe Price Associates, Inc.	□%	□%	□%	□%
Seeks long-term growth of capital.	VY® T. Rowe Price International Stock Portfolio (Class S) Investment Adviser: Voya Investments, LLC Subadviser: T. Rowe Price Associates, Inc.	□%	□%	□%	□%
Seeks long-term capital appreciation.	Wanger International Investment Adviser: Columbia Wanger Asset Management, LLC	□%	□%	□%	□%
Seeks long-term capital appreciation.	Wanger Select Investment Adviser: Columbia Wanger Asset Management, LLC	□%	□%	□%	□%
Seeks long-term capital appreciation.	Wanger USA Investment Adviser: Columbia Wanger Asset Management, LLC	□%	□%	□%	□%

APPENDIX B: GUARANTEED ACCUMULATION ACCOUNT

The Guaranteed Accumulation Account is a Fixed Interest Option that may be available during the Accumulation Phase under the Contracts. Amounts applied to the Guaranteed Accumulation Account will be deposited in a nonunitized separate account within the Company's General Account. This appendix is only a summary of certain facts about the Guaranteed Accumulation Account and does not include elements of the Guaranteed Accumulation Account that do not apply to the Contracts offered through this prospectus. Please read the Guaranteed Accumulation Account prospectus before investing in this option. You may obtain a copy of the Guaranteed Accumulation Account prospectus by contacting Customer Service. The Guaranteed Accumulation Account may not be available in all Contracts or states, and if permitted under the Contract we may close or restrict the Guaranteed Accumulation Account to current or future investment.

General Disclosure. Amounts that you invest in the Guaranteed Accumulation Account will earn a guaranteed interest rate if amounts are left in the Guaranteed Accumulation Account for the specified period of time. If you withdraw or transfer those amounts before the specified period of time has elapsed, we may apply a "market value adjustment," which may be positive or negative.

When you decide to invest money in the Guaranteed Accumulation Account, you will want to contact your local representative or the Company to learn:

- The interest rate we will apply to the amounts that you invest in the Guaranteed Accumulation Account. We change this rate periodically, so be certain you know what rate we guarantee on the day your account dollars are invested into the Guaranteed Accumulation Account.
- The period of time your account dollars need to remain in the Guaranteed Accumulation Account in order to earn that rate. You are required to leave your account dollars in the Guaranteed Accumulation Account for a specified period of time ("Guaranteed Term"), in order to earn the guaranteed interest rate.

Deposit Periods. A Deposit Period is the time during which we offer a specific interest rate if you deposit dollars for a certain Guaranteed Term. For a particular interest rate and Guaranteed Term to apply to your account dollars, you must invest them during the Deposit Period during which that rate and term are offered.

Interest Rates. We guarantee different interest rates, depending upon when account dollars are invested in the Guaranteed Accumulation Account. The interest rate we guarantee is an annual effective yield; that means that the rate reflects a full year's interest. We credit interest daily at a rate that will provide the guaranteed annual effective yield over one year. The guaranteed interest rate will never be less than the rate stated in the Contract.

Our guaranteed interest rates are influenced by, but do not necessarily correspond to, interest rates available on fixed income investments we may buy using deposits directed to the Guaranteed Accumulation Account. We consider other factors when determining guaranteed interest rates including regulatory and tax requirements, sales commissions and administrative expenses borne by the Company, general economic trends and competitive factors.

We make the final determination regarding guaranteed interest rates. We cannot predict the level of future guaranteed interest rates.

Fees and Other Deductions. If all or a portion of your Account Value in the Guaranteed Accumulation Account is withdrawn, you may incur the following:

- Market Value Adjustment ("MVA") as described in this appendix and in the Guaranteed Accumulation Account prospectus;
- Tax Penalties and/or Tax withholding – See "FEDERAL TAX CONSIDERATIONS";
- Early Withdrawal Charge – See "CHARGES AND FEES"; and/or
- Maintenance Fee – See "CHARGES AND FEES."

We do not make deductions from amounts in the Guaranteed Accumulation Account to cover mortality and expense risks. Rather, we consider these risks when determining the credited rate.

Market Value Adjustment. If you withdraw or transfer your Account Value from the Guaranteed Accumulation Account before the Guaranteed Term is completed, an MVA may apply. The MVA reflects the change in the value of the investment due to changes in interest rates since the date of deposit. The MVA may be positive or negative. Generally:

- If interest rates at the time of withdrawal have increased since the date of deposit, the value of the investment decreases and the MVA will be negative. This could result in your receiving less than the amount you paid into the Guaranteed Accumulation Account; or
- If interest rates at the time of withdrawal have decreased since the date of deposit, the value of the investment increases and the MVA will be positive.

See your Guaranteed Accumulation Account prospectus for further details.

If you have elected ECO as described in “**SYSTEMATIC DISTRIBUTION OPTIONS**,” no MVA applies to amounts withdrawn from the Guaranteed Accumulation Account.

Guaranteed Terms. The Guaranteed Term is the period of time account dollars must be left in the Guaranteed Accumulation Account in order to earn the guaranteed interest rate specified for that Guaranteed Term. We offer different Guaranteed Terms at different times. Check with your sales representative or Customer Service to learn the details about the Guaranteed Term(s) currently being offered.

In general we offer the following Guaranteed Terms:

- Short-term – three years or less; and
- Long-term – ten years or less, but greater than three years.

At the end of a Guaranteed Term, the Contract Holder or you, if permitted, may:

- Transfer dollars to a new Guaranteed Term, if available;
- Transfer dollars to other available investment options; or
- Withdraw dollars.

Deductions may apply to withdrawals. See “**Fees and Other Deductions**” in this appendix.

Transfer of Account Dollars. Generally, account dollars invested in the Guaranteed Accumulation Account may be transferred among Guaranteed Terms offered through the Guaranteed Accumulation Account and/or to other investment options offered through the Contract. However, transfers may not be made during the Deposit Period in which your account dollars are invested in the Guaranteed Accumulation Account or for 90 days after the close of that Deposit Period. We will apply an MVA to transfers made before the end of a Guaranteed Term.

Income Phase. The Guaranteed Accumulation Account cannot be used as an investment option during the Income Phase. However, the Contract Holder or you, if permitted, may notify Customer Service at least 30 days in advance to elect a variable payment option and to transfer your Guaranteed Accumulation Account dollars to any of the Subaccounts available during the Income Phase.

The Company has filed a registration statement (including a prospectus) with the SEC for the offering to which this appendix relates. Before you invest, you should read the prospectus in that registration statement and other documents the Company has filed with the SEC for more complete information about the Company and this offering. You may get these documents for free by visiting EDGAR on the SEC website at www.sec.gov. Alternatively, the Company will arrange to send you the prospectus if you request it by contacting Customer Service. The number assigned to the registration statement for this offering is 333-239315.

APPENDIX C: THE FIXED ACCOUNTS

The Fixed Account and Fixed Account 2 (collectively the “Accounts” or these “options”) are investment options that may be available during the Accumulation Phase under some Contracts. The availability of the Fixed Account and the Fixed Account 2 may vary by plan. Amounts allocated to either of these options are held in the Company’s General Account which supports insurance and annuity obligations.

Additional information about these options may be found in the Contract.
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General Disclosure. Interests in the Accounts have not been registered with the SEC in reliance upon exemptions under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended. Disclosure in this prospectus about the Accounts is subject to certain generally applicable provisions of the federal securities laws relating to the accuracy and completeness of the statements.

Interest Rates. The Accounts guarantee that amounts allocated to these options will earn the minimum interest rate specified in the Contract. We may credit a higher interest rate from time to time, but the rate we credit will never fall below the guaranteed minimum specified in the Contract. The interest rate to be credited to the amounts allocated to these options may be changed at any time, except that we will not apply a decrease to the current credited interest rate following a rate change initiated solely by us prior to the last day of the three month period measured from the first day of the month in which such change was effective. Among other factors, the safety of the interest rate guarantees depends upon the claims-paying ability of the Company. Amounts allocated to these options will earn the interest rate in effect at the time money is applied. Amounts in the Accounts will reflect a compound interest rate as credited by us. The rate we quote is an annual effective yield.

Our determination of credited interest rates reflects a number of factors, which may include mortality and expense risks, interest rate guarantees, the investment income earned on invested assets and the amortization of any capital gains and/or losses realized on the sale of invested assets. Under these options, we assume the risk of investment gain or loss by guaranteeing the amounts you allocate to these options and promising a minimum interest rate and income phase payment.

Withdrawals. Under certain emergency conditions, we may defer payment of any withdrawal for a period of up to six months or as provided by applicable federal or state law. Additionally, if allowed by state law, we may pay withdrawals in equal payments with interest, over a period not to exceed 60 months when:

- The Fixed Account or Fixed Account 2 withdrawal value for the Contract or for the total of the accounts under the Contract exceeds \$250,000 on the day before withdrawal; and
- The sum of the current Fixed Account withdrawal and total of all Fixed Account withdrawals from the Contract or any account under the Contract within the past 12 calendar months exceeds 20% of the amount in the Fixed Account on the day before current withdrawal.

The Contract describes how we will determine the interest rate credited to amounts held in the Fixed Account or Fixed Account 2 during the payment period, including the minimum interest rate.

Charges. We do not make deductions from amounts in the Fixed Account or Fixed Account 2 to cover mortality and expense risks. We consider these risks when determining the credited rate.

If you make a withdrawal from amounts in the Fixed Account, an early withdrawal charge may apply. See “CHARGES AND FEES – *Transaction Fees* – *Early Withdrawal Charge*.”

Transfers. During the Accumulation Phase, you may transfer account dollars from the Fixed Account or Fixed Account 2 to any other available investment option. We may vary, on a temporary basis, the amount that you are allowed to transfer, but it will never be less than 10% of your Account Value held in the Fixed Account or 50% of your Account Value held in the Fixed Account 2. These limits are reduced by any withdrawals, transfers or Income Phase payments made in the calendar year. The 10% limit from the Fixed Account does not apply to amounts being transferred into the Fixed Plus Account (if available under the Contract.).

By notifying Customer Service at least 30 days before Income Phase payments begin you may elect to have amounts transferred to one or more of the Subaccounts available during the Income Phase to provide variable payments.

APPENDIX D: FIXED PLUS ACCOUNT

The Fixed Plus Account is an investment option that may be available under some Contracts. Amounts allocated to the Fixed Plus Account are held in the Company's General Account which supports insurance and annuity obligations. We reserve the right to limit investment in or transfers to the Fixed Plus Account.

Additional information about this option may be found in the Contract.
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General Disclosure. Interests in the Fixed Plus Account have not been registered with the SEC in reliance upon exemptions under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended. Disclosure in this prospectus about the Fixed Plus Account may be subject to certain generally applicable provisions of the federal securities laws relating to the accuracy and completeness of the statements.

Interest Rates. The Fixed Plus Account guarantees that amounts allocated to this option will earn the minimum interest rate specified in the Contract. We may credit a higher interest rate from time to time, but the rate we credit will never fall below the guaranteed minimum specified in the contract. The interest rate to be credited to the amounts allocated to this option may be changed at any time, except that we will not apply a decrease to the current credited interest rate following a rate change initiated solely by us prior to the last day of the three month period measured from the first day of the month in which such change was effective. Among other factors, the safety of the interest rate guarantee depends upon the claims-paying ability of the Company. For some Contracts we credit amounts held in the Fixed Plus Account with a rate 0.25% higher than the then-declared rate beginning in the tenth year after your account was established. Amounts applied to the Fixed Plus Account will earn the interest rate in effect at the time money is applied. Amounts in the Fixed Plus Account will reflect a compound interest rate as credited by us. The rate we quote is an annual effective yield.

Our determination of credited interest rates reflects a number of factors, which may include mortality and expense risks, interest rate guarantees, the investment income earned on invested assets, the amortization of any capital gains and/or losses realized on the sale of invested assets and whether a transfer credit has been selected. Under this option, we assume the risk of investment gain or loss by guaranteeing the amounts you allocate to this option and promising a minimum interest rate and Income Phase payment.

Request for Partial Withdrawal. Partial withdrawals are limited to 20% of the amount held in the Fixed Plus Account on the day Customer Service receives a request in good Good Order. The 20% limit is reduced by any Fixed Plus withdrawals, transfers or Income Phase payments made in the last 12 months. In calculating the 20% limit, we reserve the right to include payments made through a systematic distribution option, if available under your Contract.

The 20% limit is waived if a partial withdrawal is taken proportionally from each investment option in which the account invests and is due to one or more of the following:

- Election of any Income Phase payment option with fixed payments or a lifetime payment option with variable payments; and/or
- Due to your death (the withdrawal must occur within six months after death and can only be exercised once).

Request for Full Withdrawal. If the Contract Holder or you, if allowed by the plan, requests a full withdrawal of your Account Value, we will pay any amounts held in the Fixed Plus Account, with interest, in five annual payments equal to:

- One-fifth of the value in the Fixed Plus Account on the day we receive the request, reduced by any Fixed Plus Account withdrawals, transfers or Income Phase payments made during the past 12 months;
- One-fourth of the remaining value in the Fixed Plus Account 12 months later;
- One-third of the remaining value in the Fixed Plus Account 12 months later;
- One-half of the remaining value in the Fixed Plus Account 12 months later; and
- The balance of the value in the Fixed Plus Account 12 months later.

A full withdrawal may be canceled at any time before the end of the five-payment period.

Once a request is received for a full withdrawal, no further withdrawals, loans or transfers will be permitted from the Fixed Plus Account. Your request may be cancelled at any time before the end of the five-year period. If any contributions are received to your account at any time during the five-year payment period, the full withdrawal will be cancelled and your Fixed Plus Account installment payments will cease. If your full withdrawal is cancelled (either by your request or due to receipt of a contribution to your account), a new five-year payment period will begin upon any future full withdrawal from the Fixed Plus Account.

We will waive the above full withdrawal five-payment period if the full withdrawal is made due to any of the following:

- Your death occurs before Income Phase payments have begun (request must be received within six months after date of death); or
- Election of any Income Phase payment option with fixed payments or a lifetime payment option with variable payments; or
- Your account value in the Fixed Plus Account is \$3,500 or less and no withdrawals, transfers or Income Phase payments have been made from your account within the past 12 months.

Charges. We do not make deductions from amounts in the Fixed Plus Account to cover mortality and expense risks. We consider these risks when determining the credited rate.

Transfers. Transfers are limited to 20% of the amount held in the Fixed Plus Account on the day Customer Service receives a request in Good Order. The 20% is reduced by any Fixed Plus Account withdrawals, transfers or Income Phase payments made in the past 12 months. We reserve the right to include payments made through a systematic distribution option, if available under your Contract, in calculating the 20% limit. The 20% limit will be waived if your Account Value in the Fixed Plus Account is \$1,000 or less.

Income Phase. Amounts accumulating under the Fixed Plus Account can be transferred to the Subaccounts to fund variable payments during the Income Phase. However, Fixed Plus Account values may not be used to fund nonlifetime income options with variable payments.

Systematic Withdrawal Option. If available under your contract, SWO (see “**SYSTEMATIC DISTRIBUTION OPTIONS**”), may not be elected if you have requested a Fixed Plus Account transfer or withdrawal within the past 12 months.

APPENDIX E: FIXED PLUS ACCOUNT II A

The Fixed Plus Account II A is an investment option that may be available during the Accumulation Phase, if selected by the Contract Holder. If the Fixed Plus Account II A is available to you, the Fixed Account and Fixed Plus Account investment options (hereinafter referred to as “Closed Fixed Accounts”) are closed to new contributions, allocations and transfers, and all contributions, allocations and transfers directed to any of these Closed Fixed Account investment options will automatically be contributed, allocated or transferred to the Fixed Plus Account II A. This option may not be available in all states, through certain Contracts, or in certain plans.

Amounts allocated to the Fixed Plus Account II A are held in the Company’s General Account which supports our insurance and annuity obligations.

Additional information about this option may be found in an endorsement to the Contract.
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General Disclosure. Interests in the Fixed Plus Account II A have not been registered with the SEC in reliance upon exemptions under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended. Disclosure in this prospectus regarding the Fixed Plus Account II A is subject to certain generally applicable provisions of the federal securities laws relating to the accuracy and completeness of the statements.

Certain Restrictions. We reserve the right to limit investments in or transfers to the Fixed Plus Account II A. You may not elect certain withdrawal options, including a systematic distribution option, if you have requested a Fixed Plus Account II A transfer or withdrawal in the prior 12-month period. Under certain emergency conditions and subject to conditions under state and/or federal law, if applicable, we may defer payment of a withdrawal from the Fixed Plus Account II A for a period of up to six months.

Interest Rates. The Fixed Plus Account II A guarantees that amounts allocated to this option will earn the minimum interest rate specified in the Contract. We may credit a higher interest rate from time to time, but the rate we credit will never fall below the guaranteed minimum interest rate specified in the Contract. The interest rate to be credited to the amounts allocated to the Fixed Plus Account II A may be changed at any time, except that we will not apply a decrease to the current credited interest rate following a rate change initiated solely by us prior to the last day of the three month period measured from the first day of the month in which such change was effective. Among other factors, the safety of the interest rate guarantees depends upon the claims-paying ability of the Company. Amounts applied to the Fixed Plus Account II A will earn the interest rate in effect at the time money is applied. Amounts in the Fixed Plus Account II A will reflect a compound interest rate as credited by us. The rate we quote is an annual effective yield.

Our determination of credited interest rates reflects a number of factors, which may include mortality and expense risks, interest rate guarantees, the investment income earned on invested assets, the amortization of any capital gains and/or losses realized on the sale of invested assets and whether a transfer credit, if applicable, has been selected. Under this option, we assume the risk of investment gain or loss by guaranteeing the amounts you allocate to this option and promising a minimum interest rate and Income Phase payment.

Requests for Partial Withdrawals. The Contract Holder or you, if permitted by the plan, may take up to 20% of the Fixed Plus Account II A value as a partial withdrawal in each rolling 12-month period. We determine the amount eligible for partial withdrawal as of the date Customer Service receives a request for partial withdrawal in Good Order. The amount allowed for partial withdrawal is reduced by any Fixed Plus Account II A withdrawals, transfers, loans or amounts applied to Income Phase payment options made in the prior 12 months. In calculating the 20% limit, we reserve the right to include payments made due to the election of a systematic distribution option. We reserve the right to impose new or different restrictions and limits applicable to partial withdrawals.

Waiver of Partial Withdrawal Limits. We waive the 20% limit if the partial withdrawal is due to the election of an Income Phase payment option (Contracts with the Fixed Plus Account II A option require that the Income Phase payment option be a lifetime annuity option or a nonlifetime option on a fixed basis). We also waive the 20% limit for withdrawals due to your death. The waiver upon death may only be exercised once and must occur within six months after your date of death.

For certain plans and subject to certain conditions we may allow other waivers of the 20% limit on partial withdrawals including, but not limited to, partial withdrawals:

- Due to your separation from service (provided, however, that severance of employment must qualify as separation from service under Tax Code) and when:
 - ▷ Separation from service is documented in a form acceptable to us;
 - ▷ The amount withdrawn is paid directly to you or as a direct rollover to another Tax Code Section 403(b), 401 or governmental 457(b) plan or an Individual Retirement Account or Individual Retirement Annuity designated by you; and
 - ▷ The amount paid for all partial and full withdrawals due to separation from service during the previous 12-month period does not exceed 20% of the average value of all your account(s) and all other accounts under the relevant Contract during that same period.
- As defined in the Tax Code and subject to certain conditions and limits, due to your:
 - ▷ Financial hardship;
 - ▷ Unforeseeable emergency;
 - ▷ In-service distribution permitted by the plan;
 - ▷ Disability certified by your employer, if applicable, and paid directly to you;
- Due to a loan taken in accordance with the terms of the plan; and
- When the amount in the Fixed Plus Account II A is less than or equal to \$2,000.

You can determine what additional waivers, if any, and the required conditions, limits and restrictions that may apply to each waiver by referring to the Contract, which includes the Fixed Plus Account II A endorsement. Additionally, we may allow other waivers of the 20% limit or any other restriction or limit on partial withdrawals in certain circumstances on a basis that is not unfairly discriminatory.

Unless we agree otherwise, any request for a partial withdrawal that will be taken from General Account assets will be deducted first from amounts allocated to the Closed Fixed Accounts, if applicable, until depleted, then from the Fixed Plus Account II A.

Requests for Full Withdrawals. If the Contract Holder or you, as applicable, as allowed by the plan and permitted under the Contract, request a full withdrawal of your Account Value or, the value of all individual accounts, we will pay any amounts held in the Fixed Plus Account II A with interest, in five annual payments equal to:

- One-fifth of the value in the individual Fixed Plus Account II A, or the value of all individual accounts, as applicable, in the Fixed Plus Account II A on the day the request is received, reduced by any Fixed Plus Account II A withdrawals, transfers, amounts used to purchase Income Phase payments, or loans either by the Contract Holder or you made during the prior 12 months;
- One-fourth of the remaining value in the Fixed Plus Account II A 12 months later reduced by any Fixed Plus Account II A withdrawals, transfers, amounts used to purchase Income Phase payments, or loans either by the Contract Holder or you made during the prior 12 months;
- One-third of the remaining value in the Fixed Plus Account II A 12 months later reduced by any Fixed Plus Account II A withdrawals, transfers, amounts used to purchase Income Phase payments, or loans either by the Contract Holder or you, made during the prior 12 months;
- One-half of the remaining value in the Fixed Plus Account II A 12 months later reduced by any Fixed Plus Account II A withdrawals, transfers, amounts used to purchase Income Phase payments, or loans either by the Contract Holder or you made during the prior 12 months; and
- The balance of the value in the Fixed Plus Account II A 12 months later.

We reserve the right to impose new or different restrictions and limits applicable to full withdrawals on a basis that is not unfairly discriminatory.

No early withdrawal charge applies to amounts withdrawn from the Fixed Plus Account II A.

The Contract Holder or you, as applicable, may cancel a full withdrawal request from the Fixed Plus Account II A at any time.

Once a request is received for a full withdrawal, no further withdrawals, loans or transfers will be permitted from the Fixed Plus Account II A. Your request may be cancelled at any time before the end of the five-year period. If any contributions are received to your account at any time during the five-year payment period, the full withdrawal will be cancelled and your Fixed Plus Account II A installment payments will cease. If your full withdrawal is cancelled (either by your request or due to receipt of a contribution to your account), a new five-year payment period will begin upon any future full withdrawal from the Fixed Plus Account II A.

Waiver of Full Withdrawal Provisions. For certain plans and subject to certain conditions we may waive the Fixed Plus Account II A five-installment payout for full withdrawals made due to one or more of the following:

- Due to your death during the Accumulation Phase if the amount is paid within six months of your death;
- Due to the election of a lifetime Income Phase payment option or a nonlifetime Income Phase payment option on a fixed basis;
- When the Fixed Plus Account II A value is \$5,000 or less (or, if applicable, as otherwise allowed by the plan for a lump-sum cash-out without participant consent) and no withdrawals, transfers, loans or elections of Income Phase payment options have been made from the account within the prior 12 months. However, we reserve the right to lower the waived amount to as low as \$2,000;
- Due to your separation from service (provided, however, that severance of employment must qualify as separation from service under Tax Code) and when:
 - ▷ Separation from service is documented in a form acceptable to us;
 - ▷ The amount withdrawn is paid directly to you or as a direct rollover to another Tax Code Section 403(b), 401 or governmental 457(b) plan or an Individual Retirement Account or Individual Retirement Annuity designated by you; and
 - ▷ The amount paid for all partial and full withdrawals due to separation from service during the previous 12-month period does not exceed 20% of the average value of all your account(s) and all other accounts under the relevant Contract during that same period.
- As defined in the Tax Code and subject to certain conditions and limits, due to your:
 - ▷ Financial hardship;
 - ▷ Unforeseeable emergency;
 - ▷ In-service distribution permitted by the plan; or
 - ▷ Disability certified by your employer, if applicable, and paid directly to you; and
- Due to a loan taken in accordance with the terms of the plan.

You can determine what additional waivers, if any, and the required conditions, limits and restrictions that may apply to each waiver by referring to the Contract, which includes the Fixed Plus Account II A endorsement. Additionally, we may allow other waivers of the five installment payout or any other restriction or limit on full withdrawals in certain circumstances.

Unless we agree otherwise, any request for a full withdrawal from General Account assets will be deducted first from amounts allocated to the Closed Fixed Accounts, if applicable, until depleted then from the Fixed Plus Account II A.

Charges. We do not make deductions from amounts in the Fixed Plus Account II A to cover mortality and expense risks. We consider these risks when determining the credited rate.

Transfers from the Fixed Plus Account II A. The Contract Holder or you, if allowed by the plan, may transfer 20% of your Account Value held in the Fixed Plus Account II A in each rolling 12-month period. We determine the amount eligible for transfer on the day Customer Service receives a transfer request in Good Order. We will reduce amounts allowed for transfer by any Fixed Plus Account II A withdrawals, transfers, loans or amounts applied to Income Phase payment options during the prior 12 months. We also reserve the right to include payments made due to the election of any of the systematic distribution options. We will waive the percentage limit on transfers when the value in the Fixed Plus Account II A is \$5,000. However, we reserve the right to lower the waived amount to as low as \$2,000.

If you transfer 20% of your Account Value held in the Fixed Plus Account II A in each of four consecutive 12-month periods, you may transfer the remaining balance in the succeeding 12-month period provided that no additional amounts are allocated to the Fixed Plus Account II A during the five year period. The 20% amount available to transfer under this provision will be reduced by any amount transferred, taken as a loan or applied to Income Phase payment options within the 12-month period preceding the first 20% transfer. Also, we may reduce it for payments we made from your Fixed Plus Account II A value under any systematic distribution option.

Unless we agree otherwise, any request for a transfer from General Account assets will be deducted first from amounts allocated to the Closed Fixed Accounts, if applicable, until depleted then from the Fixed Plus Account II A.

We reserve the right to impose new or different restrictions and limits applicable to transfers from the Fixed Plus Account II A and to waive any restriction or limit on transfers on a basis that is not unfairly discriminatory.

Loans. If permitted under the plan, loans may be made from Account Values held in the Fixed Plus Account II A. See the loan agreement for a description of the amount available and possible consequences upon loan default if Fixed Plus Account II A values are used for a loan.

Transfer Credits. The Company provides a transfer credit in some cases on transferred assets, as defined by the Company, subject to certain conditions and state approvals. This benefit is provided on a nondiscriminatory basis. If a transfer credit is due under the Contract, you will be provided with additional information specific to the Contract. See **“THE CONTRACT – Contract Provisions and Limitations – Transfer Credits.”**

Election of a transfer credit may impact the mortality and expense risk charge and the credited interest rate under certain Fixed Interest Options. See **“CHARGES AND FEES”** and **“Interest Rates”** above.

Reinstatement. To the extent permitted under the Contract, amounts that would have been reinstated to the Closed Fixed Accounts, as applicable, may instead be reinstated to the Fixed Plus Account II A.

HOW TO GET MORE INFORMATION

The Statement of Additional Information (“SAI”) includes additional information about the Contract and the Separate Account, and is incorporated by reference into this prospectus. The SAI can be found online at [insert the appropriate website] or is available without charge, upon request, by calling us toll-free at 1-800-584-6001 or by sending an email request to [insert email address] You also can request other information and make other inquiries by calling that toll-free number.

Reports and other information about the Contract, the Company and the Separate Account are available at [insert the appropriate website]. Copies of this information may be obtained, upon payment of a duplicating fee, by electronic request at the following email address: publicinfo@sec.gov.

EDGAR Contract Identifier: C000002956

PART B
INFORMATION REQUIRED IN A STATEMENT OF ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

VARIABLE ANNUITY ACCOUNT B
of
VOYA RETIREMENT INSURANCE AND ANNUITY COMPANY

Statement of Additional Information Dated May 1, 2022

**GROUP VARIABLE ANNUITY CONTRACTS FOR
EMPLOYER-SPONSORED DEFERRED COMPENSATION PLANS
A GROUP DEFERRED FIXED AND VARIABLE ANNUITY CONTRACT**

issued to
Installment Purchase Payment Account Contracts
and
Single Purchase Payment Contracts

This Statement of Additional Information is not a prospectus and should be read in conjunction with the prospectus for the Voya Retirement Insurance and Annuity Company Contracts referenced above. The prospectus sets forth information that a prospective Investor ought to know before investing. You may obtain a free copy of the Prospectus, by either contacting Customer Service at Defined Contract Administration, P.O. Box 990063, Windsor, CT 06199-0063, 1-800-584-6001 or by accessing the SEC's website at www.sec.gov.

Read the prospectus before you invest. Terms used in this Statement of Additional Information shall have the same meaning as in the prospectus.

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GENERAL INFORMATION AND HISTORY

Voya Retirement Insurance and Annuity Company (“VRIAC,” the “Company,” “we,” “us” and “our”) issues the Contracts described in the prospectus and is responsible for providing each Contracts’ insurance and annuity benefits. All guarantees and benefits provided under the Contracts that are not related to the Separate Account are subject to the claims paying ability of the Company and our General Account. We are a stock life insurance company organized under the insurance laws of the State of Connecticut in 1976. Prior to January 1, 2002, the Company was known as Aetna Life Insurance and Annuity Company. From January 1, 2002, until August 31, 2014, the Company was known as ING Life Insurance and Annuity Company.

We are an indirect, wholly owned subsidiary of Voya Financial, Inc. (“Voya”), which until April 7, 2014, was known as ING U.S., Inc. In May, 2013, the common stock of Voya began trading on the New York Stock Exchange under the symbol “VOYA.”

The Company serves as the depositor for the Separate Account.

Other than the mortality and expense risk charge and administrative expense charge described in the prospectus, all expenses incurred in the operations of the Separate Account are borne by the Company. However, the Company does receive compensation for certain administrative or distribution costs from the Funds or affiliates of the Funds used as funding options under the Contract. **(See “CHARGES AND FEES” in the prospectus.)**

The assets of the Separate Account are held by the Company. The Separate Account has no custodian. However, the Funds in whose shares the assets of the Separate Account are invested each have custodians, as discussed in their respective prospectuses.

From this point forward, the term “Contract(s)” refers only to those offered through the prospectus.

VARIABLE ANNUITY ACCOUNT B (THE “SEPARATE ACCOUNT”)

We established Variable Annuity Account B under Connecticut Law in 1976 as a continuation of the separate account established in 1974 under Arkansas law of Aetna Variable Annuity Life Insurance Company. The Separate Account was established as a segregated asset account to fund variable annuity contracts issued by the Company. The separate account is registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission (“SEC”) as a unit investment trust under the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended (the “1940 Act”). Although we hold title to the assets of the Separate Account, such assets are not chargeable with the liabilities of any other business that we conduct. Income, gains or losses, whether or not realized, of the Separate Account are credited to or charged against the assets of the Separate Account without regard to other income, gains or losses of the Company. All obligations arising under the Contracts are obligations of the Company. All guarantees and benefits provided under the Contract that are not related to the Separate Account are subject to the claims paying ability of the Company and our General Account.

The Separate Account is divided into Subaccounts. Purchase Payment(s) to accounts under the Contract may be allocated to one or more of the Subaccounts. Each Subaccount invests in the shares of only one of the Funds offered under the Contract. We may make additions to, deletions from or substitutions of available investment options as permitted by law and subject to the conditions of the Contract. The availability of the Funds is subject to applicable regulatory authorization. Not all Funds are available in all jurisdictions, under all Contracts or under all plans.

SERVICES

Third Party Compensation Arrangements

Please be aware that:

- The Company may seek to promote itself and the Contracts by sponsoring or contributing to events sponsored by various associations, professional organizations and labor organizations;
- The Company may make payments to associations and organizations, including labor organizations, which endorse or otherwise recommend the Contracts to their membership. If an endorsement is a factor in your contract purchasing decision, more information on the payment arrangement, if any, is available upon your request; and
- At the direction of the Contract Holder, the Company may make payments to the Contract Holder, its representatives or third party service providers intended to defray or cover the costs of plan or program-related administration.

Experts

The statements of assets and liabilities of Variable Annuity Account C as of December 31, 2021, and the related statements of operations and changes in net assets for the periods disclosed in the financial statements, and the consolidated financial statements of the Company as of December 31, 2021 and 2020, and for each of the three years in the period ended December 31, 2021, included in the Statement of Additional Information, have been audited by Ernst & Young LLP, independent registered public accounting firm, as set forth in their reports thereon appearing elsewhere herein, and are included in reliance upon such reports given on the authority of such firm as experts in accounting and auditing.

The primary business address of Ernst & Young LLP is The Frost Tower, Suite 1901, 111 West Houston Street, San Antonio, TX 78205.

PRINCIPAL UNDERWRITER

The Company's subsidiary, Voya Financial Partners, LLC, serves as the principal underwriter for Contracts. Voya Financial Partners, LLC, a Delaware limited liability company, is registered as a broker-dealer with the SEC. Voya Financial Partners, LLC is also a member of the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority and the Securities Investor Protection Corporation. Voya Financial Partners, LLC's principal office is located at One Orange Way, Windsor, CT 06095-4774. The Contracts are distributed through life insurance agents licensed to sell variable annuities who are registered representatives of Voya Financial Partners, LLC or of other registered broker-dealers who have entered into sales arrangements with Voya Financial Partners, LLC. The offering of the Contracts is continuous. **A description of the manner in which contracts are purchased may be found in the prospectus under the section titled "CONTRACT PURCHASE AND PARTICIPATION."**

Compensation paid to the principal underwriter, Voya Financial Partners, LLC, for the years ending December 31, 2021, 2020 and 2019 amounted to \$To be updated by Post-Effective Amendment.], \$67,609,346.50 and \$54,558,355.73, respectively. These amounts reflect compensation paid to Voya Financial Partners, LLC attributable to regulatory and operating expenses associated with the distribution of all registered variable annuity products issued by Variable Annuity Account C of the Company.

PERFORMANCE REPORTING

We may advertise different types of historical performance for the Subaccounts including:

- Standardized average annual total returns; and
- Non-standardized average annual total returns.

We may also advertise certain ratings, rankings or other information related to the Company, the Subaccounts or the Funds.

Standardized Average Annual Total Returns

We calculate standardized average annual total returns according to a formula prescribed by the SEC. This shows the percentage return applicable to \$1,000 invested in the Subaccounts over the most recent month-end, one, five and ten-year periods. If the investment option was not available for the full period, we give a history from the date money was first received in that option under the Separate Account or from the date the Fund was first available under the Separate Account. As an alternative to providing the most recent month-end performance, we may provide a phone number, website or both where these returns may be obtained.

We include all recurring charges during each period (e.g., mortality and expense risk charges, annual maintenance fees, administrative expense charges, if any, and any applicable early withdrawal charges).

Non-Standardized Average Annual Total Returns

We calculate non-standardized average annual total returns in a similar manner as that stated above, except we may include returns that do not reflect the deduction of any applicable early withdrawal charge. Some non-standardized returns may also exclude the effect of an annual maintenance fee. If we reflected these charges in the calculation, they would decrease the level of performance reflected by the calculation. Non-standardized returns may also include performance from the Fund's inception date, if that date is earlier than the one we use for standardized returns.

INCOME PHASE PAYMENTS

When you begin receiving payments under the Contract during the Income Phase (see “**INCOME PHASE**” in the prospectus), the value of your account is determined using Accumulation Unit Values as of the tenth valuation before the first Income Phase payment is due. Such value (less any applicable premium tax charge) is applied to provide Income Phase payments to you in accordance with the payment option and investment options elected.

The annuity option tables found in the Contract show, for each option, the amount of the first Income Phase payment for each \$1,000 of value applied. When you select variable income payments, your Account Value purchases Annuity Units (“Annuity Units”) of the Separate Account Subaccounts corresponding to the Funds you select. The number of Annuity Units purchased is based on your Account Value and the value of each Annuity Unit on the day the Annuity Units are purchased. Thereafter, variable payments fluctuate as the Annuity Unit value(s) fluctuates with the investment experience of the selected investment option(s). The first Income Phase payment and subsequent Income Phase payments also vary depending on the assumed net investment rate selected (3.5% or 5% per annum). Selection of a 5% rate causes a higher first Income Phase payment, but Income Phase payments will increase thereafter only to the extent that the net investment rate increases by more than 5% on an annual basis.

Income Phase payments would decline if the rate failed to increase by 5%. Use of the 3.5% assumed rate causes a lower first Income Phase payment, but subsequent Income Phase payments would increase more rapidly or decline more slowly as changes occur in the net investment rate.

When the Income Phase begins, the Annuitant is credited with a fixed number of Annuity Units (which does not change thereafter) in each of the designated investment options. This number is calculated by dividing (a) by (b), where (a) is the amount of the first Income Phase payment based upon a particular investment option, and (b) is the then current Annuity Unit value for that investment option. As noted, Annuity Unit values fluctuate from one valuation to the next (see “**THE CONTRACT – The Account Value**” in the prospectus); such fluctuations reflect changes in the net investment factor for the appropriate Subaccount(s) (with a ten day valuation lag which gives the Company time to process payments) and a mathematical adjustment which offsets the assumed net investment rate of 3.5% or 5% per annum.

The operation of all these factors can be illustrated by the following hypothetical example. These procedures will be performed separately for the investment options selected during the Income Phase.

Example:

Assume that, at the date Income Phase payments are to begin, there are 3,000 Accumulation Units credited under a particular Contract or account and that the value of an Accumulation Unit for the 10th valuation prior to retirement was \$13.650000. This produces a total value of \$40,950.

Assume also that no premium tax charge is payable and that the annuity option table in the Contract provides, for the Income Phase payment option elected, a first monthly variable Income Phase payment of \$6.68 per \$1000 of value applied; the Annuitant’s first monthly Income Phase payment would thus be 40.950 multiplied by \$6.68, or \$273.55.

Assume then that the value of an Annuity Unit upon the valuation on which the first Income Phase payment was due was \$13.400000. When this value is divided into the first monthly Income Phase payment, the number of Annuity Units is determined to be 20.414. The value of this number of Annuity Units will be paid in each subsequent month.

Suppose there were 30 days between the initial and second payment valuation dates. If the net investment factor with respect to the appropriate Subaccount is 1.0032737 as of the 10th valuation preceding the due date of the second monthly Income Phase payment, multiplying this factor by $.9971779^* = .9999058^{30}$ (to take into account 30 days of the assumed net investment rate of 3.5% per annum built into the number of Annuity Units determined above) produces a result of 1.000442. This is then multiplied by the Annuity Unit value for the prior valuation (\$13.400000 from above) to produce an Annuity Unit value of \$13.405928 for the valuation occurring when the second Income Phase payment is due.

The second monthly Income Phase payment is then determined by multiplying the number of Annuity Units by the current Annuity Unit value, or 20.414 times \$13.405928, which produces a payment of \$273.67.

* If an assumed net investment rate of 5% is elected, the appropriate factor to take into account such assumed rate would be $.9959968 = .9998663^{30}$.

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Included in this SAI are the financial statements of Variable Annuity Account B and Voya Retirement Insurance and Annuity Company, as follows:

- Financial Statements of Variable Annuity Account B:
 - ▷ Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm
 - ▷ Statements of Assets and Liabilities as of December 31, 2021
 - ▷ Statements of Operations for the year ended December 31, 2021
 - ▷ Statements of Changes in Net Assets for the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020
 - ▷ Notes to Financial Statements
- Consolidated Financial Statements of Voya Retirement Insurance and Annuity Company:
 - ▷ Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm
 - ▷ Consolidated Balance Sheets as of December 31, 2021 and 2020
 - ▷ Consolidated Statements of Operations for the years ended December 31, 2021, 2020 and 2019
 - ▷ Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income for the years ended December 31, 2021, 2020 and 2019
 - ▷ Consolidated Statements of Changes in Shareholder's Equity for the years ended December 31, 2021, 2020 and 2019
 - ▷ Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows for the years ended December 31, 2021, 2020 and 2019
 - ▷ Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

PART C

OTHER INFORMATION

Item 27. Exhibits

- (a) Resolution of the Board of Directors of Aetna Life Insurance and Annuity Company establishing Variable Annuity Account B • Incorporated by reference to Post-Effective Amendment No. 6 to Registration Statement on Form N-4 (File No. 033-75986), as filed on April 22, 1996.
- (b) Not applicable
- (c)
 - (1) Standard Form of Broker-Dealer Agreement • Incorporated by reference to Post-Effective Amendment No. 32 to Registration Statement on Form N-4 (File No. 033-81216), as filed on April 11, 2006.
 - (2) Underwriting Agreement dated November 17, 2006 between ING Life Insurance and Annuity Company and ING Financial Advisers, LLC • Incorporated by reference to Post-Effective Amendment No. 34 to Registration Statement on Form N-4 (File No. 033-75996), as filed on December 20, 2006.
- (d)
 - (1) Variable Annuity Contracts (GID-CDA-HO), (GLID-CDA-HO) and (GSD-CDA-HO) • Incorporated by reference to Post-Effective Amendment No. 12 to Registration Statement on Form N-4 (File No. 033-75982), as filed on February 20, 1997.
 - (2) Variable Annuity Contract Certificate (GDCC-HO) to Contracts GID-CDA-HO, GLID-CDA-HO and GSD-CDA-HO • Incorporated by reference to Post-Effective Amendment No. 21 to Registration Statement on Form N-4 (File No. 033-75996), as filed on February 16, 2000.
 - (3) Endorsement (E98-CDA-HO) to Contracts GLID-CDA-HO, GID-CDA-HO and GSD-CDA-HO • Incorporated by reference to Post-Effective Amendment No. 8 to Registration Statement on Form N-4 (File No. 033-75986), as filed on August 30, 1996.
 - (4) Endorsement (EFUND97) to Contracts GID-CDA-HO, GLID-CDA-HO, GSD-CDA-HO and ISE-CDA-HO • Incorporated by reference to Post-Effective Amendment No. 14 to Registration Statement on Form N-4 (File No. 033-75964), as filed on July 29, 1997.
 - (5) Endorsement EGATHO-00 to Contracts GLID-CDA-HO and GID-CDA-HO • Incorporated by reference to Post-Effective Amendment No. 22 to Registration Statement on Form N-4 (File No. 033-75996), as filed on April 11, 2000.
 - (6) Endorsement EGLID-ME/AC-99 to Contract GLID-CDA-HO • Incorporated by reference to Post-Effective Amendment No. 22 to Registration Statement on Form N-4 (File No. 033-75996), as filed on April 11, 2000.
 - (7) Endorsement EEGTRRA-HEG(01) to Contracts G-CDA-HF, IA-CDA-IA, G-CDA-HD, GID-CDA-HO, GLID-CDA-HO, GSD-CDA-HO, I-CDA-HD, ISE-CDA-HO and Certificate GDCC-HO • Incorporated by reference to Post-Effective Amendment No. 22 to Registration Statement on Form N-4 (File No. 033-81216), as filed on February 15, 2002.
 - (8) Endorsements ENMCHG (05/02) for name change • Incorporated by reference to Post-Effective Amendment No. 30 to Registration Statement on Form N-4 (File No. 033-75962), as filed on April 8, 2002.
 - (9) Endorsement E-FA2(CT)-13 to Contract GLID-CDA-HO • Incorporated by reference to Post-Effective Amendment No. 63 to Registration Statement on Form N-4 (File No. 333-01107), as filed on April 7, 2014.
 - (10) Endorsement EVNMCHG (09/14) for name change • Incorporated by reference to Post-Effective Amendment No. 48 to Registration Statement on Form N-4 (File No. 033-75996), as filed on April 15, 2015.
 - (11) Endorsement E-DCINT-15 to Contracts G-CDA-HF, GID-CDA-HO, GLID-CDA-HO and G-CDA-HD and Certificate GTCC-HF • Incorporated by reference to Post-Effective Amendment No. 50 to Registration Statement on Form N-4 (File No. 033-75996), as filed on April 17, 2017.

- (12) Endorsement E-GMIRMM-17 to Contracts GID-CDA-HO, GLID-CDA-HO, G-CDA-HD and G-CDA-HF and Contract Certificate GTCC-HF • Incorporated by reference to Post-Effective Amendment No. 51 to Registration Statement on Form N-4 (File No. 033-75996), as filed on April 13, 2018.
- (13) Endorsement E-DCSECURE-20 • Incorporated by reference to Post-Effective Amendment No. 56 to Registration Statement on Form N-4 (File No. 033-75996), as filed on April 16, 2021.
- (e) (1) Variable Annuity Contract Application (300-GTD-IA) • Incorporated by reference to Post-Effective Amendment No. 14 to Registration Statement on Form N-4 (File No. 033-75986), as filed on August 19, 1997.
- (2) Variable Annuity Contract Application (710.00.141) • Incorporated by reference to Post-Effective Amendment No. 13 to Registration Statement on Form N-4 (File No. 033-75996), as filed on August 21, 1997.
- (f) (1) Restated Certificate of Incorporation (amended and restated as of October 1, 2007) of ING Life Insurance and Annuity Company • Incorporated by reference to ING Life Insurance and Annuity Company annual report on Form 10-K (File No. 033-23376), as filed on March 31, 2008.
- (2) Amended and Restated By-Laws of ING Life Insurance and Annuity Company, effective October 1, 2007 • Incorporated by reference to ING Life Insurance and Annuity Company annual report on Form 10-K (File No. 033-23376), as filed on March 31, 2008.
- (g) Not applicable
- (h) (1) Fund Participation Agreement dated as of April 30, 2003 among Golden American Life Insurance Company, ReliaStar Life Insurance Company, ReliaStar Life Insurance Company of New York, Security Life of Denver Insurance Company, Southland Life Insurance Company, ING Life Insurance and Annuity Company, ING Insurance Company of America, American Funds Insurance Series and Capital Research and Management Company • Incorporated by reference to Pre-Effective Amendment No. 1 to Registration Statement on Form N-6 (File No. 333-105319), as filed on July 17, 2003.
- (2) Business Agreement dated April 30, 2003 by and among Golden American Life Insurance Company, ReliaStar Life Insurance Company, ReliaStar Life Insurance Company of New York, Security Life of Denver Insurance Company, Southland Life Insurance Company, ING Life Insurance and Annuity Company, ING Insurance Company of America, ING American Equities, Inc., Directed Services, Inc., American Funds Distributors, Inc. and Capital Research and Management Company • Incorporated by reference to Pre-Effective Amendment No. 1 to Registration Statement on Form N-6 (File No. 333-105319), as filed on July 17, 2003.
- (3) Rule 22c-2 Agreement dated and effective as of April 16, 2007 and operational on October 16, 2007 between American Funds Service Company, ING Life Insurance and Annuity Company, ING National Trust, ING USA Annuity and Life Insurance Company, ReliaStar Life Insurance Company, ReliaStar Life Insurance Company of New York, Security Life of Denver Insurance Company and Systematized Benefits Administrators Inc. • Incorporated by reference to Post-Effective Amendment No. 50 to Registration Statement on Form N-4 (File No. 033-75962), as filed on June 15, 2007.
- (4) Fund Participation Agreement dated December 1, 1997 among Calvert Responsibly Invested Balanced Portfolio, Calvert Asset Management Company, Inc. and Aetna Life Insurance and Annuity Company • Incorporated by reference to Post-Effective Amendment No. 8 to Registration Statement on Form N-4 (File No. 333-01107), as filed on February 19, 1998.
- (5) Service Agreement dated December 1, 1997 between Calvert Asset Management Company, Inc. and Aetna Life Insurance and Annuity Company • Incorporated by reference to Post-Effective Amendment No. 8 to Registration Statement on Form N-4 (File No. 333-01107), as filed on February 19, 1998.

- (6) Rule 22c-2 Agreement dated no later than April 16, 2007 and effective as of October 16, 2007 between Calvert Distributors, Inc., ING Life Insurance and Annuity Company, ING National Trust, ING USA Annuity and Life Insurance Company, ReliaStar Life Insurance Company, ReliaStar Life Insurance Company of New York, Security Life of Denver Insurance Company and Systematized Benefits Administrators Inc. • Incorporated by reference to Post-Effective Amendment No. 50 to Registration Statement on Form N-4 (File No. 033-75962), as filed on June 15, 2007.
- (7) Fund Participation Agreement dated January 6, 2011 by and between ING Life Insurance and Annuity Company and Federated Securities Corp. • Incorporated by reference to Post-Effective Amendment No. 43 to Registration Statement on Form N-4 (File No. 033-75996), as filed on April 10, 2012.
- (8) Rule 22c-2 Shareholder Information Agreement dated April 16, 2007, to become operational on October 16, 2007 by and between Federated Securities Corp., ING Life Insurance and Annuity Company, ING National Trust, ING USA Annuity and Life Insurance Company, ReliaStar Life Insurance Company, ReliaStar Life Insurance Company of New York, Security Life of Denver Insurance Company and Systematized Benefits Administrators Inc. • Incorporated by reference to Post-Effective Amendment No. 45 to Registration Statement on Form N-4 (File No. 033-75996), as filed on April 15, 2013.
- (9) Amended and Restated Participation Agreement as of June 26, 2009 by and among ING Life Insurance and Annuity Company, Fidelity Distributors Corporation, Variable Insurance Products Fund, Variable Insurance Products Fund II, Variable Insurance Products Fund III, Variable Insurance Products Fund IV and Variable Insurance Products Fund V • Incorporated by reference to Post-Effective Amendment No. 56 to Registration Statement on Form N-4 (File No. 333-01107), as filed on December 18, 2009.
- (10) Service Agreement effective as of June 1, 2002 by and between Fidelity Investments Institutional Operations Company, Inc. and ING Financial Advisers, LLC • Incorporated by reference to Post-Effective Amendment No. 33 to Registration Statement on Form N-4 (File No. 033-75988), as filed on August 5, 2004.
- (11) Service Contract dated June 20, 2003 and effective as of June 1, 2002 by and between Directed Services, Inc., ING Financial Advisers, LLC, and Fidelity Distributors Corporation • Incorporated by reference to Post-Effective Amendment No. 33 to Registration Statement on Form N-4 (File No. 033-75988), as filed on August 5, 2004.
- (12) Rule 22c-2 Agreement dated no later than April 16, 2007 and effective as of October 16, 2007 between Fidelity Distributors Corporation, ING Life Insurance and Annuity Company, ING National Trust, ING USA Annuity and Life Insurance Company, ReliaStar Life Insurance Company, ReliaStar Life Insurance Company of New York, Security Life of Denver Insurance Company and Systematized Benefits Administrators Inc. • Incorporated by reference to Post-Effective Amendment No. 50 to Registration Statement on Form N-4 (File No. 033-75962), as filed on June 15, 2007.
- (13) Amended and Restated Participation Agreement as of June 1, 2018 by and among Franklin Templeton Variable Insurance Products Trust, Franklin/Templeton Distributors, Inc., Voya Retirement Insurance and Annuity Company, ReliaStar Life Insurance Company, ReliaStar Life Insurance Company of New York and Voya Financial Partners, LLC. • Incorporated by reference to Post-Effective Amendment No. 70 to Registration Statement on Form N-4 (File No. 333-01107), as filed on April 3, 2019.
- (14) Amended and Restated Administrative Services Agreement dated June 1, 2018, between Franklin Templeton Services, LLC, Voya Retirement Insurance and Annuity Company, ReliaStar Life Insurance Company and ReliaStar Life Insurance Company of New York. • Incorporated by reference to Post-Effective Amendment No. 70 to Registration Statement on Form N-4 (File No. 333-01107), as filed on April 3, 2019.

- (15) Rule 22c-2 Shareholder Information Agreement entered into as of June 1, 2018 among Franklin/Templeton Distributors, Inc., Voya Retirement Insurance and Annuity Company, ReliaStar Life Insurance Company and ReliaStar Life Insurance Company of New York. • Incorporated by reference to Post-Effective Amendment No. 70 to Registration Statement on Form N-4 (File No. 333-01107), as filed on April 3, 2019.
- (16) Fund Participation Agreement dated June 30, 1998 by and among AIM Variable Insurance Funds, Inc., A I M Distributors, Inc. and Aetna Life Insurance and Annuity Company • Incorporated by reference to Pre-Effective Amendment No. 1 to Registration Statement on Form N-4 (File No. 333-56297), as filed on August 4, 1998.
- (17) Service Agreement effective June 30, 1998 between Aetna Life Insurance and Annuity Company and AIM Advisors, Inc. • Incorporated by reference to Pre-Effective Amendment No. 1 to Registration Statement on Form N-4 (File No. 333-56297), as filed on August 4, 1998.
- (18) Rule 22c-2 Agreement dated no later than April 16, 2007 and effective as of October 16, 2007 between AIM Investment Services, Inc., ING Life Insurance and Annuity Company, ING National Trust, ING USA Annuity and Life Insurance Company, ReliaStar Life Insurance Company, ReliaStar Life Insurance Company of New York, Security Life of Denver Insurance Company and Systematized Benefits Administrators Inc. • Incorporated by reference to Post-Effective Amendment No. 50 to Registration Statement on Form N-4 (File No. 033-75962), as filed on June 15, 2007.
- (19) Fund Participation Agreement dated as of July 20, 2001 between Lord Abbett Series Fund, Inc. and Aetna Life Insurance and Annuity Company • Incorporated by reference to Post-Effective Amendment No. 27 to Registration Statement on Form N-4 (File No. 333-01107), as filed on October 26, 2001.
- (20) Service Agreement dated as of July 20, 2001 between Lord Abbett & Co. and Aetna Life Insurance and Annuity Company • Incorporated by reference to Post-Effective Amendment No. 27 to Registration Statement on Form N-4 (File No. 333-01107), as filed on October 26, 2001.
- (21) Rule 22c-2 Agreement effective April 16, 2007 and operational on October 16, 2007 among Lord Abbett Distributor LLC, ING Life Insurance and Annuity Company, ING National Trust, ING USA Annuity and Life Insurance Company, ReliaStar Life Insurance Company, ReliaStar Life Insurance Company of New York, Security Life of Denver Insurance Company and Systematized Benefits Administrators Inc. • Incorporated by reference to Post-Effective Amendment No. 50 to Registration Statement on Form N-4 (File No. 033-75962), as filed on June 15, 2007.
- (22) Fund Participation Agreement dated March 11, 1997 between Aetna Life Insurance and Annuity Company and Oppenheimer Variable Annuity Account Funds and OppenheimerFunds, Inc. • Incorporated by reference to Post-Effective Amendment No. 27 to Registration Statement on Form N-4 (File No. 033-34370), as filed on April 16, 1997.
- (23) Service Agreement effective as of March 11, 1997 between OppenheimerFunds, Inc. and Aetna Life Insurance and Annuity Company • Incorporated by reference to Post-Effective Amendment No. 27 to Registration Statement on Form N-4 (File No. 033-34370), as filed on April 16, 1997.
- (24) Rule 22c-2 Agreement dated no later than April 16, 2007 and effective as of October 16, 2007 between Oppenheimer Funds Services, ING Life Insurance and Annuity Company, ING National Trust, ING USA Annuity and Life Insurance Company, ReliaStar Life Insurance Company, ReliaStar Life Insurance Company of New York, Security Life of Denver Insurance Company and Systematized Benefits Administrators Inc. • Incorporated by reference to Post-Effective Amendment No. 50 to Registration Statement on Form N-4 (File No. 033-75962), as filed on June 15, 2007.
- (25) Participation Agreement dated as of May 1, 2004 among ING Life Insurance and Annuity Company, ReliaStar Life Insurance Company, PIMCO Variable Insurance Trust and PA Distributors LLC • Incorporated by reference to Post-Effective Amendment No. 38 to Registration Statement on Form N-4 (File No. 333-01107), as filed on February 11, 2005.

- (26) Services Agreement dated as of May 1, 2004 between PIMCO Variable Insurance Trust (the "Trust"), ING Life Insurance and Annuity Company and ReliaStar Life Insurance Company • Incorporated by reference to Post-Effective Amendment No. 38 to Registration Statement on Form N-4 (File No. 333-01107), as filed on February 11, 2005.
- (27) Rule 22c-2 Agreement dated no later than April 16, 2007, and effective as of the 16th day of October, 2007 between Allianz Global Investors Distributors LLC, ING Life Insurance and Annuity Company, ING National Trust, ING USA Annuity and Life Insurance Company, ReliaStar Life Insurance Company, ReliaStar Life Insurance Company of New York, Security Life of Denver Insurance Company and Systematized Benefits Administrators Inc. • Incorporated by reference to Pre-Effective Amendment No. 1 to Registration Statement on Form N-4 (File No. 333-139695), as filed on July 6, 2007.
- (28) Participation Agreement made and entered into as of July 1, 2001 by and among Pioneer Variable Contracts Trust, Aetna Life Insurance and Annuity Company, Pioneer Investment Management, Inc. and Pioneer Funds Distributor, Inc. • Incorporated by reference to Post-Effective Amendment No. 27 to Registration Statement on Form N-4 (File No. 333-01107), as filed on October 26, 2001.
- (29) Rule 22c-2 Agreement dated March 1, 2007 and effective as of October 16, 2007 between Pioneer Investment Management Shareholder Services, Inc., ING Life Insurance and Annuity Company, ING National Trust, ING USA Annuity and Life Insurance Company, ReliaStar Life Insurance Company, ReliaStar Life Insurance Company of New York, Security Life of Denver Insurance Company and Systematized Benefits Administrators Inc. • Incorporated by reference to Post-Effective Amendment No. 50 to Registration Statement on Form N-4 (File No. 033-75962), as filed on June 15, 2007.
- (30) Fund Participation, Administrative and Shareholder Service Agreement made and entered into as of July 25, 2016 by and between Voya Retirement Insurance and Annuity Company, Voya Financial Partners, LLC and Voya Investments Distributor, LLC • Incorporated by reference to Post-Effective Amendment No. 56 to Registration Statement on Form N-4 (File No. 033-81216), as filed on February 15, 2017.
- (31) Amendment No. 1, entered into on October 14, 2020 and effective as of January 1, 2020, to the Fund Participation, Administrative and Shareholder Service Agreement dated as of July 25, 2016 by and between Voya Retirement Insurance and Annuity Company, Voya Financial Partners, LLC, and Voya Investments Distributor LLC and each retail, insurance dedicated, registered investment company listed on Schedule A of the Agreement.
- (32) Rule 22c-2 Agreement dated no later than April 16, 2007 and effective October 16, 2007 between ING Funds Services, LLC, ING Life Insurance and Annuity Company, ING National Trust, ING USA Annuity and Life Insurance Company, ReliaStar Life Insurance Company, ReliaStar Life Insurance Company of New York, Security Life of Denver Insurance Company and Systematized Benefits Administrators Inc. • Incorporated by reference to Post-Effective Amendment No. 50 to Registration Statement on Form N-4 (File No. 033-75962), as filed on June 15, 2007.
- (33) Fund Participation Agreement effective as of May 1, 2004 between Wanger Advisors Trust, Columbia Wanger Asset Management, LP, ING Life Insurance and Annuity Company, and ReliaStar Life Insurance Company • Incorporated by reference to Post-Effective Amendment No. 38 to Registration Statement on Form N-4 (File No. 333-01107), as filed on February 11, 2005.
- (34) Service Agreement with Investment Adviser effective as of May 1, 2004 between Columbia Wanger Asset Management, LP, ING Life Insurance and Annuity Company, ING Insurance Company of America, and ReliaStar Life Insurance Company. • Incorporated by reference to Post-Effective Amendment No. 38 to Registration Statement on Form N-4 (File No. 333-01107), as filed on February 11, 2005.

- (35) Rule 22c-2 Agreement dated April 16, 2007 and is effective as of October 16, 2007 among Columbia Management Services, Inc., ING Life Insurance and Annuity Company, ING National Trust, ING USA Annuity and Life Insurance Company, ReliaStar Life Insurance Company, ReliaStar Life Insurance Company of New York, Security Life of Denver Life Insurance Company and Systematized Benefits Administrators Inc. • Incorporated by reference to Post-Effective Amendment No. 3 to Registration Statement on Form N-4 (File No. 333-134760), as filed on July 27, 2007.
- (i) Not applicable
- (j) (1) Intercompany Agreement dated December 22, 2010 (effective January 1, 2010) between ING Investment Management LLC and ING Life Insurance and Annuity Company • Incorporated by reference to Post-Effective Amendment No. 1 to Registration Statement on Form N-4 (File No. 333-167680), as filed on February 11, 2011.
- (2) Amendment No. 1 made and entered into as of December 1, 2013 to the Intercompany Agreement dated as of December 22, 2010 by and among ING Investment Management LLC and ING Life Insurance and Annuity Company • Incorporated by reference to Post-Effective Amendment No. 6 to Registration Statement on Form N-4 (File No. 333-167680), as filed on April 9, 2014.
- (3) Amendment No. 2, effective as of September 30, 2014, to the Intercompany Agreement dated as of December 22, 2010 by and between ING Investment Management LLC (now known as Voya Investment Management LLC) and ING Life Insurance and Annuity Company (now known as “Voya Retirement Insurance and Annuity Company”) • Incorporated by reference to Post-Effective Amendment No. 63 to Registration Statement on Form N-4 (File No. 033-75962), as filed on December 16, 2014.
- (4) Amendment No. 4, effective March 1, 2016, to the Intercompany Agreement dated as of December 22, 2010 (effective January 1, 2010) between ING Investment Management LLC (IIM) (now known as Voya Investment Management LLC or VIM) and ING Life Insurance and Annuity Company (ILIAC) (now known as Voya Retirement Insurance and Annuity Company or VRIAC) • Incorporated by reference to Post-Effective Amendment No. 12 to Registration Statement on Form N-4 (File No. 333-167182), as filed on June 24, 2016.
- (5) Amendment No. 5, effective as of May 1, 2017, to the Intercompany Agreement between Voya Investment Management LLC and Voya Retirement Insurance and Annuity Company on September 28, 2017 • Incorporated by reference herein to the Initial Registration Statement on Form N-4 (File No. 333-220690), as filed on September 28, 2017.
- (6) Amendment No. 6, effective as of July 1, 2017, to the Intercompany Agreement between Voya Investment Management LLC and Voya Retirement Insurance and Annuity Company on September 28, 2017 • Incorporated by reference herein to the Initial Registration Statement on Form N-4 (File No. 333-220690), as filed on September 28, 2017.
- (k) Opinion and Consent of Counsel
- (l) Consent of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm
- (m) Not applicable
- (n) Not applicable
- (o) (1) Form of Initial Summary Prospectus for Installment Purchase Payment Account Contracts
- (2) Form of Initial Summary Prospectus for Single Purchase Payment Account Contracts

Item 28. Directors and Officers of the Depositor*

<u>Name and Principal Business Address</u>	<u>Positions and Offices with Depositor</u>
Charles P. Nelson, One Orange Way, Windsor, CT 06095-4774	Director and President
Michael S. Smith, 230 Park Avenue, New York, NY 10169	Director, Chairman and Executive Vice President
Robert L. Grubka, 20 Washington Avenue South, Minneapolis, MN 55401	Director and Senior Vice President
Michael R. Katz, One Orange Way, Windsor, CT 06095-4774	Director, Senior Vice President and Chief Financial Officer
Heather H. Lavallee, One Orange Way, Windsor, CT 06095-4774	Director and Senior Vice President
Francis G. O'Neill, One Orange Way, Windsor, CT 06095-4774	Director, Senior Vice President and Chief Risk Officer
Mona Zielke, One Orange Way, Windsor, CT 06095-4774	Director and Vice President
C. Landon Cobb, Jr., 5780 Powers Ferry Rd. NW, Atlanta, GA 30327	Senior Vice President and Chief Accounting Officer
William S. Harmon, One Orange Way, Windsor, CT 06095-4774	Senior Vice President
Rachel M. Reid, 5780 Powers Ferry Rd. NW, Atlanta, GA 30327	Senior Vice President and Assistant Secretary
Matthew Toms, 5780 Powers Ferry Road, N.W., Atlanta, GA 30327-4390	Senior Vice President
Michele White, One Orange Way, Windsor, CT 06095-4774	Senior Vice President
Rajat P. Badhwar, One Orange Way, Windsor, CT 06095-4774	Chief Information Security Officer
Brian J. Baranowski, One Orange Way, Windsor, CT 06095-4774	Vice President, Compliance
Monalisa Chowdhury, 5780 Powers Ferry Rd. NW, Atlanta, GA 30327	Vice President
Regina A. Gordon, One Orange Way, Windsor, CT 06095-4774	Vice President and Chief Compliance Officer
Carol B. Keen, One Orange Way, Windsor, CT 06095-4774	Vice President
Kyle A. Puffer, One Orange Way, Windsor, CT 06095-4774	Vice President and Appointed Actuary
Kevin J. Reimer, 5780 Powers Ferry Rd. NW, Atlanta, GA 30327	Vice President and Treasurer
John Thistle, One Orange Way, Windsor, CT 06095-4774	Vice President
Melissa A. O'Donnell, 20 Washington Avenue South, Minneapolis, MN 55401	Secretary

* These individuals may also be directors and/or officers of other affiliates of the Company.

Item 29. Persons Controlled by or Under Common Control with the Depositor or Registrant

**Voya Financial, Inc.
HOLDING COMPANY SYSTEM**

06-30-2021

06/30/21	Page 1	Voya Financial, Inc. Non-Insurer (Delaware) 52-1222820 NAIC 4832	
		Pen-Cal Administrators, Inc. Non-Insurer (California) 94-2695108	
06/30/21	Page 2	Voya Services Company Non-Insurer (Delaware) 52-1317217	
		Voya Payroll Management, Inc. Non-Insurer (Delaware) 52-2197204	
06/30/21	Page 2	Voya Holdings Inc. Non-Insurer (Connecticut) 02-0488491	
		Voya Benefits Company, LLC Non-Insurer (Delaware) 83-0965809	
06/30/21	Page 2	Voya Financial Advisors, Inc. Non-Insurer (Minnesota) 41-0945505	
		Voya Investment Management LLC Non-Insurer (Delaware) 58-2361003	
06/30/21	Page 2	Voya Investment Management Co. LLC Non-Insurer (Delaware) 06-0888148	
		Voya Investment Trust Co. Non-Insurer (Connecticut) 06-1440627	
06/30/21	Page 2	Voya Investment Management (UK) Limited Non-Insurer (United Kingdom)	
		Voya Investment Management Services (UK) Limited Non-Insurer (United Kingdom)	
06/30/21	Page 2	Voya Investment Management Alternative Assets LLC Non Insurer (Delaware) 13-4038444	
		Voya Alternative Asset Management LLC Non-Insurer (Delaware) 13-3863170	
06/30/21	Page 2	Voya Realty Group LLC Non-Insurer (Delaware) 13-4003969	
		Voya Pomona Holdings LLC Non-Insurer (Delaware) 13-4152011	
06/30/21	Page 2	Pomona G. P. Holdings LLC (*a) Non-Insurer (Delaware) 13-4150600	
		Pomona Management LLC Non-Insurer (Delaware) 13-4149700	
06/30/21	Page 2	Voya Alternative Asset Management Ireland Limited Non-Insurer (Ireland)	
		Voya Capital, LLC Non-Insurer (Delaware) 86-1020892	
06/30/21	Page 2	Voya Funds Services, LLC Non-Insurer (Delaware) 86-1020893	
		Voya Investments Distributor, LLC Non-Insurer (Delaware) 03-0485744	
06/30/21	Page 2	Voya Investments, LLC Non-Insurer (Arizona) 03-0402099	
		RiverRoch LLC (*b) Non-Insurer (Delaware)	
06/30/21	Page 2	Oconee Real Estate Holdings LLC (*c) Non-Insurer (Delaware) 85-15787	
		Voya Retirement Insurance and Annuity Company Insurer (Connecticut) 71-0294708 NAIC 86509	
06/30/21	Page 2	Voya Financial Partners, LLC Non-Insurer (Delaware) 06-1375177	

06/30/21	Page 3	Voya Institutional Plan Services, LLC Non-Insurer (Delaware) 04-3516284
		Voya Retirement Advisors, LLC Non-Insurer (New Jersey) 22-1862786
06/30/21	Page 4	Voya Institutional Trust Company Non-Insurer (Connecticut) 46-5416028
		ReliaStar Life Insurance Company Insurer (Minnesota) 41-0451140 NAIC 67105
		ReliaStar Life Insurance Company of New York Insurer (New York) 53-0242530 NAIC 61360
		Roaring River, LLC Insurer (Missouri) 26-3355951 NAIC 13583
		ILICA LLC Non-Insurer (Connecticut) 06-1067464
		Voya International Nominee Holdings, Inc. Non-Insurer (Connecticut) 06-0952776
		Voya Insurance Solutions, Inc. Non-Insurer (Connecticut) 06-1465377
		Roaring River IV Holding, LLC Non-Insurer (Delaware) 46-3607309
		Roaring River IV, LLC Insurer (Missouri) 80-0955075 NAIC 15365
		Voya Custom Investments LLC Non-Insurer (Delaware) 27-2278894
		SLDI Georgia Holdings, Inc. Non-Insurer (Georgia) 27-1108872
		Voya II Custom Investments LLC Non-Insurer (Delaware) 27-1108872
06/30/21	Page 4	Rancho Mountain Properties, Inc. Non-Insurer (Delaware) 27-2987157
		Security Life Assignment Corporation Non-Insurer (Colorado) 84-1437826
		IIPS of Florida, LLC Non-Insurer (Florida)
		Voya Special Investments, Inc. (*d) Non-Insurer (Delaware) 85-1775946
06/30/21	Page 4	VFI SLK Global Services Private Limited (*e) Non-Insurer (India)

*a Pomona G. P. Holdings LLC owned 50% by Voya Pomona Holdings LLC and 50% by Third Party Shareholder.

*b RiverRoch LLC owned 53.7% by Voya Retirement Insurance and Annuity Company, owned 10.8% by ReliaStar Life Insurance Company, owned 10.8% by Security Life of Denver Insurance Company and owned 24.7% by Non-Affiliate Member.

*c Oconee Real Estate Holdings LLC owned 30.4% by Voya Retirement Insurance and Annuity Company, owned 29% by ReliaStar Life Insurance Company, owned 8.5% by Security Life of Denver Insurance Company and owned 42% by Non-Affiliate Member.

*d Voya Special Investments, Inc. owned 0.2% by Voya Financial, Inc., 49.9% by Voya Retirement Insurance and Annuity Company and 49.9% by ReliaStar Life Insurance Company.

*e VFI SLK Global Services Private Limited owned 49% by Voya Financial, Inc. and owned 51% by SLK Software Services Private Limited.

Item 30. Indemnification

Section 33-779 of the Connecticut General Statutes (“CGS”) provides that a corporation may provide indemnification of or advance expenses to a director, officer, employee or agent only as permitted by Sections 33-770 to 33-778, inclusive, of the CGS. Reference is hereby made to Section 33-771(e) of the CGS regarding indemnification of directors and Section 33-776(d) of CGS regarding indemnification of officers, employees and agents of Connecticut corporations. These statutes provide in general that Connecticut corporations incorporated prior to January 1, 1997 shall, except to the extent that their certificate of incorporation expressly provides otherwise, indemnify their directors, officers, employees and agents against “liability” (defined as the obligation to pay a judgment, settlement, penalty, fine, including an excise tax assessed with respect to an employee benefit plan, or reasonable expenses incurred with respect to a proceeding) when (1) a determination is made pursuant to Section 33-775 that the party seeking indemnification has met the standard of conduct set forth in Section 33-771 or (2) a court has determined that indemnification is appropriate pursuant to Section 33-77d. Under Section 33-775, the

determination of and the authorization for indemnification are made (a) by two or more disinterested directors, as defined in Section 33-770(2); (b) by special legal counsel; (c) by the shareholders; or (d) in the case of indemnification of an officer, agent or employee of the corporation, by the general counsel of the corporation or such other officer(s) as the board of directors may specify. Also, Section 33-772 with Section 33-776 provide that a corporation shall indemnify an individual who was wholly successful on the merits or otherwise against reasonable expenses incurred by him in connection with a proceeding to which he was a party because he is or was a director, officer, employee, or agent of the corporation. Pursuant to Section 33-771(d), in the case of a proceeding by or in the right of the corporation or with respect to conduct for which the director, officer, agent or employee was adjudged liable on the basis that he received a financial benefit to which he was not entitled, indemnification is limited to reasonable expenses incurred in connection with the proceeding against the corporation to which the individual was named a party.

A corporation may procure indemnification insurance on behalf of an individual who is or was a director of the corporation. Consistent with the laws of the State of Connecticut, Voya Financial, Inc. maintains Professional Liability and Fidelity bond, Employment Practices liability and Network Security insurance policies. The policies cover Voya Financial, Inc. and any company in which Voya Financial, Inc. has a controlling financial interest of 50% or more. The policies cover the funds and assets of the principal underwriter/depositor under the care, custody and control of Voya Financial, Inc. and/or its subsidiaries. The policies provide for the following types of coverage: Errors and Omissions/Professional Liability, Employment Practices liability and Fidelity/Crime (a.k.a. "Financial Institutional Bond") and Network Security (a.k.a. "Cyber/IT").

Item 31. Principal Underwriter

(a) In addition to serving as the principal underwriter for the Registrant, Voya Financial Partners, LLC acts as the principal underwriter for Variable Life Account B of Voya Retirement Insurance and Annuity Company (VRIAC), Variable Annuity Account C of VRIAC, Variable Annuity Account I of VRIAC and Variable Annuity Account G of VRIAC (separate accounts of VRIAC registered as unit investment trusts under the 1940 Act). Voya Financial Partners, LLC is also the principal underwriter for (1) Separate Account N of ReliaStar Life Insurance Company (RLIC) (a separate account of RLIC registered as a unit investment trust under the 1940 Act); (2) ReliaStar Select Variable Account of ReliaStar Life Insurance Company (a separate account of RLIC registered as a unit investment trust under the 1940 Act); (3) MFS ReliaStar Variable Account (a separate account of RLIC registered as a unit investment trust under the 1940 Act); (4) Northstar Variable Account (a separate account of RLIC registered as a unit investment trust under the 1940 Act); (5) ReliaStar Life Insurance Company of New York Variable Annuity Funds D, E, F, G, H and I (a management investment company registered under the 1940 Act); (6) ReliaStar Life Insurance Company of New York Variable Annuity Funds M, P and Q (a management investment company registered under the 1940 Act); and (7) ReliaStar Life Insurance Company of New York Variable Annuity Funds M and P (a management investment company registered under the 1940 Act).

(b) The following are the directors and officers of the Principal Underwriter:

<u>Name and Principal Business Address</u>	<u>Positions and Offices with Underwriter</u>
William P. Elmslie, One Orange Way, Windsor, CT 06095-4774	Director
Andre D. Robinson, One Orange Way, Windsor, CT 06095-4774	Director
Bridget J. A. Witzeman, One Orange Way, Windsor, CT 06095-4774	Managing Director
Rajat P. Badhwar, One Orange Way, Windsor, CT 06095-4774	Chief Information Security Officer
Regina A. Gordon, One Orange Way, Windsor, CT 06095-4774	Chief Compliance Officer
Kristin H. Hultgren, One Orange Way, Windsor, CT 06095-4774	Chief Financial Officer
Frederick H. Bohn, One Orange Way, Windsor, CT 06095-4774	Assistant Chief Financial Officer
Francis G. O'Neill, One Orange Way, Windsor, CT 06095-4774	Senior Vice President and Chief Risk Officer
Melissa A. O'Donnell, 20 Washington Avenue South, Minneapolis, MN 55401	Secretary

M. Bishop Bastien, One Orange Way, Windsor, CT 06095-4774	Vice President
Lisa S. Gilarde, One Orange Way, Windsor, CT 06095-4774	Vice President
Gavin T. Gruenberg, One Orange Way, Windsor, CT 06095-4774	Vice President
Mark E. Jackowitz, 22 Century Hill Drive, Suite 101, Latham, NY 12110	Vice President
Carol B. Keen, One Orange Way, Windsor, CT 06095-4774	Vice President
George D. Lessner, Jr., 15455 North Dallas Parkway, Suite 1250, Addison, TX 75001	Vice President
David J. Linney, 2925 Richmond Avenue, Suite 1200, Houston, TX 77098	Vice President
Laurie A. Lombardo, One Orange Way, Windsor, CT 06095-4774	Vice President
Benjamin Moy, One Orange Way, Windsor, CT 06095-4774	Vice President
Niccole A. Peck, 5780 Powers Ferry Road, N.W., Atlanta, GA 30327-4390	Vice President and Assistant Treasurer
Kevin J. Reimer, 5780 Powers Ferry Road, N.W., Atlanta, GA 30327-4390	Vice President and Assistant Treasurer
Frank W. Snodgrass, 9020 Overlook Blvd, Brentwood, TN 37027Work at Home, Tennessee	Vice President
Tina M. Schultz, 20 Washington Avenue South, Minneapolis, MN 55401	Assistant Secretary
Judson Bryant, 5780 Powers Ferry Road, N.W., Atlanta, GA 30327-4390	Tax Officer
Cindy S. Craytor, 5780 Powers Ferry Road, N.W., Atlanta, GA 30327-4390	Tax Officer
Andrew M. Kallenberg, 5780 Powers Ferry Road, N.W., Atlanta, GA 30327-4390	Tax Officer

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(c) Compensation to Principal Underwriter during last fiscal year:

(1) Name of Principal Underwriter	(2) Net Underwriting Discounts and Commissions	(3) Compensation on Redemption or Annuitization	(4) Brokerage Commissions	(5) Compensation* [To be updated by Post-Effective Amendment.]
Voya Financial Partners, LLC				

* Reflects compensation paid to Voya Financial Partners, LLC attributable to regulatory and operating expenses associated with the distribution of all registered variable annuity products issued by Variable Annuity Account B of Voya Retirement Insurance and Annuity Company during 2021.

Item 32. Location of Accounts and Records

All accounts, books and other documents required to be maintained by Section 31(a) of the 1940 Act and the rules under it, on behalf of Registrant, is provided in our most recent report filed on Form N-CEN.

Item 33. Management Services

Not applicable

Item 34. Undertakings

The Company hereby represents that with respect to plans established pursuant to Section 403(b) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, that are subject to the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974, as amended (“ERISA”), it is relying on and complies with the terms of the SEC Staff’s No-Action Letter dated August 30, 2012, with respect to participant acknowledgement of and language concerning withdrawal restrictions applicable to such plans. See ING Life Insurance and Annuity Company; S.E.C. No-Action Letter, 2012 WL 3862169, August 30, 2012.

Except in relation to 403(b) plans subject to ERISA, the Company hereby represents that it is relying on and complies with the provisions of Paragraphs (1) through (4) of the SEC Staff’s No-Action Letter dated November 28, 1988, with respect to language concerning withdrawal restrictions applicable to plans established pursuant to Section 403(b) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended. See American Council of Life Insurance; S.E.C. No-Action Letter, 1988 WL 1235221, November 28, 1988.

Voya Retirement Insurance and Annuity Company represents that the fees and charges deducted under the contracts covered by this registration statement, in the aggregate, are reasonable in relation to the services rendered, the expenses expected to be incurred, and the risks assumed by Voya Retirement Insurance and Annuity Company.

SIGNATURES

As required by the Securities Act of 1933, and the Investment Company Act of 1940, the Registrant, Variable Annuity Account B of Voya Retirement Insurance and Annuity Company, certifies that it meets the requirements of Securities Act Rule 485(b) for effectiveness of this Post-Effective Amendment to its Registration Statement on Form N-4 (File No. 033-75996) and has duly caused this Post-Effective Amendment to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized, in the Town of Windsor, State of Connecticut, on the 28th day of February, 2022.

VARIABLE ANNUITY ACCOUNT B OF
VOYA RETIREMENT INSURANCE AND ANNUITY COMPANY
(Registrant)

By: Charles P. Nelson*
Charles P. Nelson
President
(principal executive officer)

By: VOYA RETIREMENT INSURANCE AND ANNUITY
COMPANY
(Depositor)

By: Charles P. Nelson*
Charles P. Nelson
President
(principal executive officer)

* Executed by Peter M. Scavongelli on behalf of those indicated pursuant to Powers of Attorney filed as an exhibit to this Registration Statement.

Signature	Title	Date
<u>Charles P. Nelson*</u>	Director and President	
Charles P. Nelson	(principal executive officer)	
<u>Robert L. Grubka*</u>	Director	
Robert L. Grubka		
<u>Michael R. Katz*</u>	Director and Chief Financial Officer	
Michael R. Katz	(principal financial officer)	
<u>Heather H. Lavallee*</u>	Director	February
Heather H. Lavallee		28, 2022
<u>Francis G. O'Neill*</u>	Director	
Francis G. O'Neill		
<u> </u>	Director	
Mona Zielke		
<u>Michael S. Smith*</u>	Director	
Michael S. Smith		
<u>C. Landon Cobb, Jr.*</u>	Chief Accounting Officer	
C. Landon Cobb, Jr.	(principal accounting officer)	
By: <u>/s/ Peter M. Scavongelli</u>		
Peter M. Scavongelli		
*Attorney-in-Fact		

EXHIBIT INDEX

<u>Exhibit No.</u>	<u>Exhibit</u>
27(k)	Opinion and Consent of Counsel [To be filed by Post-Effective Amendment]
27(l)	Consent of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm [To be filed by Post-Effective Amendment]
27(o)(1)	Form of Initial Summary Prospectus for Installment Purchase Payment Account Contracts
27(o)(2)	Form of Initial Summary Prospectus for Single Purchase Payment Account Contracts
99.16	Powers of Attorney