

Invesco Capital Markets, Inc.
Statement of Financial Condition
December 31, 2018

This report is deemed **Confidential** in accordance with Rule 17a-5(e)(3) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934.

UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
Washington, D.C. 20549

ANNUAL AUDITED REPORT
FORM X-17A-5
PART III

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FACING PAGE

Information Required of Brokers and Dealers Pursuant to Section 17 of the
Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and Rule 17a-5 Thereunder

REPORT FOR THE PERIOD BEGINNING 01/01/18 AND ENDING 12/31/18
MM/DD/YY MM/DD/YY

A. REGISTRANT IDENTIFICATION

NAME OF BROKER-DEALER: Invesco Capital Markets, Inc.

OFFICIAL USE ONLY

ADDRESS OF PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS: (Do not use P.O. Box No.)

FIRM I.D. NO.

11 Greenway Plaza, Suite 1000

(No. and Street)

Houston

TX

77046

(City)

(State)

(Zip Code)

NAME AND TELEPHONE NUMBER OF PERSON TO CONTACT IN REGARD TO THIS REPORT

Mark Gregson

(404) 439-3485

(Area Code - Telephone Number)

B. ACCOUNTANT IDENTIFICATION

INDEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT whose opinion is contained in this Report*

PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP

(Name - if individual, state last, first, middle name)

1075 Peachtree St. NE, Suite 2600 Atlanta

GA

30309

(Address)

(City)

(State)

(Zip Code)

CHECK ONE:

☒

Certified Public Accountant

☐

Public Accountant

☐

Accountant not resident in United States or any of its possessions.

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*Claims for exemption from the requirement that the annual report be covered by the opinion of an independent public accountant must be supported by a statement of facts and circumstances relied on as the basis for the exemption. See Section 240.17a-5(e)(2)

OATH OR AFFIRMATION

I, Mark Gregson, swear (or affirm) that, to the best of my knowledge and belief the accompanying financial statement and supporting schedules pertaining to the firm of Invesco Capital Markets, Inc., as of December 31, 2018, are true and correct. I further swear (or affirm) that neither the company nor any partner, proprietor, principal officer or director has any proprietary interest in any account classified solely as that of a customer, except as follows:



Signature

Chief Financial Officer

Title



Notary Public



This report ** contains (check all applicable boxes)

- ☒ (a) Facing Page.
- ☒ (b) Statement of Financial Condition.
- ☐ (c) Statement of Income (Loss).
- ☐ (d) Statement of Changes in Financial Condition.
- ☐ (e) Statement of Changes in Stockholders' Equity or Partners' or Sole Proprietors' Capital.
- ☐ (f) Statement of Changes in Liabilities Subordinated to Claims of Creditors.
- ☐ (g) Computation of Net Capital.
- ☐ (h) Computation for Determination of Reserve Requirements Pursuant to Rule 15c3-3.
- ☐ (i) Information Relating to the Possession or Control Requirements Under Rule 15c3-3.
- ☐ (j) A Reconciliation, including appropriate explanation of the Computation of Net Capital Under Rule 15c3-1 and the Computation for Determination of the Reserve Requirements Under Exhibit A of Rule 15c3-3.
- ☐ (k) A Reconciliation between the audited and unaudited Statements of Financial Condition with respect to methods of consolidation.
- ☒ (l) An Oath or Affirmation.
- ☐ (m) A copy of the SIPC Supplemental Report.
- ☐ (n) A report describing any material inadequacies found to exist or found to have existed since the date of the previous audit.

****For conditions of confidential treatment of certain portions of this filing, see section 240.17a-5(e)(3).**

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Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm

To the Board of Directors and Stockholder of Invesco Capital Markets, Inc.

Opinion on the Financial Statement – Statement of Financial Condition

We have audited the accompanying statement of financial condition of Invesco Capital Markets, Inc. (the “Company”) as of December 31, 2018, including the related notes (collectively referred to as the “financial statement”). In our opinion, the financial statement presents fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Company as of December 31, 2018 in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinion

The financial statement is the responsibility of the Company’s management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company’s financial statement based on our audit. We are a public accounting firm registered with the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States) (“PCAOB”) and are required to be independent with respect to the Company in accordance with the U.S. federal securities laws and the applicable rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission and the PCAOB.

We conducted our audit of this financial statement in accordance with the standards of the PCAOB. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statement is free of material misstatement, whether due to error or fraud.

Our audit included performing procedures to assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statement, whether due to error or fraud, and performing procedures that respond to those risks. Such procedures included examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statement. Our audit also included evaluating the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statement. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

A handwritten signature in black ink that reads "PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP".

Atlanta, Georgia
February 21, 2019

We have served as the Company’s auditor since 2013.

Invesco Capital Markets, Inc.
Statement of Financial Condition
December 31, 2018

(in thousands of dollars, except share data)

Assets

Cash and cash equivalents	\$	29,078
Cash deposited with clearing organizations or segregated under federal and other regulations or requirements		11,943
Financial instruments owned, at fair value		796
Due from affiliated companies		2,424
Receivable from customers		36,913
Receivable from brokers, dealers and clearing organizations		28,628
Loan due from parent		40,000
Intangible assets, net		6,752
Other assets		483
Total assets	\$	<u>157,017</u>

Liabilities and stockholder's equity

Liabilities:

Financial instruments sold, not yet purchased, at fair value	\$	497
Payables to customers		21,009
Payables to brokers, dealers and clearing organizations		38,189
Deferred tax liabilities, net		1,188
Other liabilities and accrued expenses		764
Total liabilities		<u>61,647</u>

Stockholder's equity:

Common stock (\$100 par value, 2,500 shares authorized, issued and outstanding)		250
Additional paid-in capital		61,712
Retained earnings		33,408
Total stockholder's equity		<u>95,370</u>
Total liabilities and stockholder's equity	\$	<u>157,017</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

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Invesco Capital Markets, Inc.
Notes to Statement of Financial Condition
December 31, 2018

(in thousands of dollars)

1. Organization and Description of Business

Invesco Capital Markets, Inc. (the Company), is a Delaware corporation and a wholly owned subsidiary of Invesco Advisers, Inc. (IAI), a wholly-owned subsidiary of Invesco Group Services, Inc. (IGS), which is owned by Invesco Holding Company (US), Inc. (IHC), the ultimate U.S. parent of the Company. IHC is ultimately owned by Invesco Ltd., a publicly traded Bermuda holding company that, through its subsidiaries, is primarily engaged in investment management worldwide.

The Company is a registered broker/dealer with the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and is a member of the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority, Inc. (FINRA), the Municipal Securities Rulemaking Board (MSRB) and the Securities Investor Protection Corporation (SIPC).

In its capacity as a carrying broker, the Company is a sponsor of Unit Investment Trusts (UITs). The Company also serves as an introducing broker, and introduces transactions on a fully disclosed basis for affiliated products to which affiliated entities are the investment advisers.

As an introducing broker, the Company trades equity securities solely on an agency basis and does not hold positions in these securities on behalf of the affiliated products. The Company utilizes the services of third-party clearing firms to provide custodial and clearing services for these transactions.

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Basis of Financial Information

This Statement of Financial Condition has been prepared in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles (US GAAP) and, in the opinion of management, reflects all adjustments necessary for a fair statement of financial condition.

All amounts reflected in this Statement of Financial Condition are presented in thousands of dollars, except where indicated.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of a Statement of Financial Condition in conformity with US GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the Statement of Financial Condition. Management believes that the estimates utilized in preparing its Statement of Financial Condition are reasonable and prudent. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The Company defines cash equivalents as highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less. Cash and cash equivalents consist of cash and investments in affiliated money market funds.

The Company maintains depository accounts with certain financial institutions. Although these account balances exceed federally insured depository limits, the Company has evaluated the credit worthiness of these applicable financial institutions and determined the risk of material financial loss due to exposure from credit risk to be minimal.

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Invesco Capital Markets, Inc.
Notes to Statement of Financial Condition
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(in thousands of dollars)

Cash Deposited With Clearing Organizations or Segregated Under Federal and Other Regulations or Requirements

Cash deposited with clearing organizations, or segregated under federal and other regulations or requirements, includes the clearing fund requirement held with the National Securities Clearing Corporation (NSCC) and Depository Trust & Clearing Corporation (DTCC) in accordance with the Company's sponsorship of the UITs. It also includes deposits segregated in a special reserve bank account for the benefit of customers under Rule 15c3-3 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934.

In the Company's capacity as introducing broker, cash is on deposit with third-party broker/dealers providing custodial and clearing services. With regard to these cash deposits, the Company has entered into proprietary accounts of introducing brokers (PAIB) and proprietary accounts of broker/dealers (PAB) agreements with the third-party brokers, pursuant to the applicable rules in effect at the time of the establishment of the custodial and clearing relationships.

Financial Instruments and Fair Value

Fair Value Measurement - Definition and Hierarchy

Fair value is defined as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability (i.e., the exit price) in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. In determining fair value, the Company uses various valuation approaches and establishes a hierarchy for inputs used in measuring fair value that maximizes the use of relevant observable inputs and minimizes the use of unobservable inputs by requiring that the most observable inputs be used when available. Observable inputs are inputs that market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability developed based on market data obtained from sources independent of the Company. Unobservable inputs are inputs that reflect the Company's assumptions about the assumptions market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability developed based on the best information available in the circumstances.

The hierarchy is broken down into three levels based on the observability of inputs as follows:

- Level 1 Valuations based on quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the Company has the ability to access. Since valuations are based on quoted prices that are readily and regularly available in an active market, valuation of these products does not entail a significant degree of judgment.
- Level 2 Valuations based on one or more quoted price in markets that are not active or for which all significant inputs are observable, either directly or indirectly.
- Level 3 Valuations based on inputs that are unobservable and significant to the overall fair value measurement.

The availability of observable inputs may vary from product to product and may be affected by a wide variety of factors, such as; the type of product, whether the product is new and not yet established in the marketplace, the liquidity of markets, and other characteristics particular to the transaction. To the extent that valuation is based on models or inputs that are less observable or unobservable in the market, the determination of fair value requires more judgment. Accordingly, the degree of judgment exercised by the Company in determining fair value is greatest for instruments categorized in Level 3.

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Invesco Capital Markets, Inc.
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(in thousands of dollars)

The Company uses prices and inputs that are current as of the measurement date, including during periods of market dislocation. In periods of market dislocation, the observability of prices and inputs may be reduced for many instruments. This condition could cause an instrument to be reclassified from Level 1 to Level 2, or from Level 2 to Level 3 (see Note 4). In addition, a downturn in market conditions could lead to further declines in the valuation of many instruments. In certain cases, the inputs used to measure fair value may fall into different levels of the fair value hierarchy. In such cases, for disclosure purposes, the level in the fair value hierarchy within which the fair value measurement falls in its entirety is determined based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement in its entirety.

Valuation Techniques

Fair value is a market-based measure considered from the perspective of a market participant rather than an entity-specific measure. Therefore, even when market assumptions are not readily available, the Company's own assumptions are set to reflect those the Company believes that market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability at the measurement date. Refer to Note 4 for product-specific valuation techniques.

Financial Instruments Measured at Fair Value

All of the instruments within financial instruments owned and financial instruments sold, not yet purchased, are measured at fair value. These instruments primarily represent the Company's trading and investment activities.

The Company, as sponsor of UITs, selects and can hold various debt and equity securities that are then transferred to a UIT. In return, the Company receives a beneficial interest in the trust backed by the securities. The Company has continuing involvement with the securities upon transfer of the securities to the trust and the Company does not provide the trust with any substantive rights to control, pledge, or exchange the securities. Accordingly, all such transfers to the trust are accounted for as secured borrowings, rather than sales, by the Company. Generally, the Company's transfer of the securities to the trust and receipt of the units from the trust occurs simultaneously. The Company classifies the various debt and equity securities held by major security type within the Statement of Financial Condition. The Company classifies the units of UITs received from the trust within financial instruments owned, at fair value.

Receivables and Payables - Customers

Receivables and payables due to/from customers represent unsettled trades of securities and UITs, which are recorded on a trade date basis.

Receivables and Payables - Brokers, Dealers, and Clearing Organizations

Receivables and payables due to/from brokers, dealers and clearing organizations represent unsettled trades of securities and UITs, which are recorded on a trade date basis. It also includes the margin deposits with brokers related to the Company's hedging of UITs and its security inventory.

Related Party Transactions

Loan Due From Parent

The Company entered into an intercompany loan agreement with IAI on September 16, 2013, allowing the Company to lend up to \$50,000 to IAI, which was renewed and extended on September 16, 2018. As of December 31, 2018, the Company has executed \$40,000 of loans under this agreement. Executed loans under this agreement are unsecured, bear interest at a rate of 3.6% per annum and are payable on demand. The expiration date of the current agreement is September 16, 2023. Interest receivable of \$76 is included in the Company's Statement of Financial Condition.

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Distribution Costs

The sale of Company-sponsored UITs, which involves a deferred sales charge and a creation and development fee for specific trusts, results in receivables that are due to the Company from the UITs. The Company sells such receivables to IHC at cost and accounts for these transactions in accordance with ASC 860-20, *Sales of Financial Assets*. During the year ended December 31, 2018, the Company sold \$76,211 of deferred sales charge and creation and development fee receivables to IHC. The balance sheet impact of these sales is reflected in Due from affiliated companies within the Company's Statement of Financial Condition. As of December 31, 2018, amounts due from IHC associated with the sale had been fully collected by the Company.

Due to/from Affiliated Companies

Amounts due to/from affiliates are unsecured and are payable on demand. The balance consists primarily of intercompany funding from IHC, as well as other intercompany activity.

Goodwill

Goodwill represents the premium paid above cost by the Company as a result of a previous acquisition. Goodwill is not amortized and is tested for impairment on an annual basis, or more often if events or circumstances indicate that impairment may exist. Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) Accounting Standards Update 2011-08, "Intangibles - Goodwill and Other (Topic 350): Testing Goodwill for Impairment" (ASU 2011-08) allows the option to first qualitatively assess whether it is more likely than not that the fair value of a reporting unit is less than its carrying value. The Company did not utilize this option in 2018 and performed a quantitative impairment test. The impairment test for goodwill consists of a two-step approach, which is performed at the reporting unit level. If the carrying amount of the reporting unit exceeds its fair value (the first step of the goodwill impairment test), then the second step is performed to determine if goodwill is impaired and to measure the amount of the impairment loss, if any. The second step of the goodwill impairment test compares the implied fair value of goodwill with the carrying amount of goodwill. If the carrying amount of goodwill exceeds the implied fair value of goodwill, an impairment loss is recognized in an amount equal to that excess. The principal method of determining fair value of the reporting unit is an income approach where estimated future cash flows are discounted to arrive at a single present value amount.

The Company has determined that there is one operating and reportable segment. The Company evaluated the components of its business and has determined that it has one reporting unit for purposes of goodwill impairment testing.

Intangible Assets

Intangible assets identified on the acquisition of a business are capitalized separately from goodwill if the fair value can be measured reliably on initial recognition (transaction date). If they are definite-lived, the intangible assets are amortized and recorded as operating expenses on a straight-line basis over their useful lives, which reflects the pattern in which the economic benefits are realized.

The Company considers its own assumptions, which require management's judgment, about renewal or extension of the term of the arrangement, consistent with its expected use of the asset. A change in the useful life of an intangible asset could have a significant impact on the Company's amortization expense. The Company evaluates the useful life determination for intangible assets each reporting period to determine whether events and circumstances warrant a revision to the remaining useful life or an indication of impairment.

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(in thousands of dollars)

Definite-lived intangible assets are reviewed quarterly for impairment or whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that their carrying amount may not be recoverable (i.e., carrying amount exceeds the sum of the fair value of the intangible).

Income Taxes

For federal income tax purposes, the Company's income or loss is included in the consolidated income tax return filed by IHC. Federal income taxes are calculated as if the Company filed on a separate return basis, and the amount of current tax or benefit calculated is either remitted to or received from IHC. The amount of current and deferred taxes payable or refundable is recognized as of the date of the Statement of Financial Condition, utilizing currently enacted tax laws and rates. The Company records deferred tax assets and liabilities relating to temporary differences in the recognition of revenues and expenses for book versus tax purposes.

The Company recognizes and measures its unrecognized tax benefits in accordance with FASB Accounting Standards Codification (ASC) Topic 740, *Income Taxes*. Under that guidance the Company assesses the likelihood, based on their technical merit, that tax positions will be sustained upon examination based on the facts, circumstances, and information available at the end of each period. The measurement of unrecognized tax benefits is adjusted when new information is available, or when an event occurs that requires a change. The Company does not have any unrecognized tax benefits as of December 31, 2018.

Concentration of Credit Risk

The Company is engaged in brokerage activities in which counterparties primarily include broker/dealers. In the event that counterparties do not fulfill their obligations, the Company may be exposed to risk. The risk of default depends on the creditworthiness of the counterparty. The Company manages such exposures by its policy to review, as necessary, the credit standing of each counterparty.

Accounting Pronouncements Recently Adopted and Pending Accounting Pronouncements

Revenue Recognition. On January 1, 2018 the Company adopted Accounting Standards Update 2014-09, "Revenue from Contracts with Customers" (ASU 2014-09), which revised revenue accounting rules through the creation of Accounting Standards Codification Topic 606 (ASC 606) and expanded the disclosure requirements. The Company adopted ASU 2014-09 on January 1, 2018 using the modified retrospective transition method applied to contracts that were not complete as of that date. Under this method, entities are required to report any effect from adoption as a cumulative effect adjustment to retained earnings at the adoption date. The adoption of the standard did not have an effect on opening retained earnings.

Financial Instruments. On January 1, 2018, the Company adopted Accounting Standards Update 2016-01, "Financial Instruments - Overall: Recognition and Measurement of Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities" (ASU 2016-01). Under the new standard, all equity investments in unconsolidated entities (other than those accounted for using the equity method of accounting) will generally be measured at fair value with any changes recognized in earnings. ASU 2016-01 requires a modified retrospective approach to adoption. The adoption of this standard did not have a material impact on the Company's Statement of Financial Condition.

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Leases. In February 2016, the FASB issued Accounting Standards Update 2016-02, "Leases" (ASU 2016-02). The standard requires that lessees recognize lease assets and lease liabilities on the balance sheet for all leases with a lease term greater than 12 months. ASU 2016-02 is effective for fiscal years and interim periods within those years beginning after December 15, 2018 and requires a modified retrospective approach to adoption. Early adoption is permitted, but the Company plans to adopt ASU 2016-02 on January 1, 2019.

3. Cash Deposited With Clearing Organizations or Segregated

The Company has cash deposited with clearing organizations of \$10,443, as well as segregated cash of \$1,500, at December 31, 2018.

4. Fair Value Disclosure

The Company's assets and liabilities recorded at fair value have been categorized based upon a fair value hierarchy in accordance with ASC Topic 820, Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures. See Note 2 for a discussion of the Company's policies regarding this hierarchy.

The following is a description of the valuation methodologies used for assets and liabilities measured at fair value, as well as the general classification of such assets and liabilities pursuant to the valuation hierarchy.

Cash Equivalents

Cash equivalents include cash investments in affiliate money market funds. Cash investments in money market funds are valued under the market approach through the use of quoted market prices in an active market, which is the net asset value of the underlying funds, and are classified within Level 1 of the valuation hierarchy.

Corporate Equities

The Company may hold investments in corporate equities for purposes of creating a UIT. Corporate equities are valued under the market approach through use of quoted prices on an exchange. To the extent these securities are actively traded, valuation adjustments are not applied and they are categorized within Level 1 of the valuation hierarchy; otherwise, they are categorized in Level 2.

UITs

The Company may hold units of its sponsored UITs at period-end for sale in the primary market or secondary market. Equity UITs are valued under the market approach through use of quoted prices on an exchange. Fixed income UITs are valued using recently executed transaction prices, market price quotations (where observable), bond spreads, or credit default swap spreads. The spread data used is for the same maturities as the underlying bonds. If the spread data does not reference the issuers, then data that references comparable issuers is used. When observable price quotations are not available, fair value is determined based on cash flow models with yield curves, bond or single name credit default spreads, and recovery rates based on collateral value as key inputs. Depending on the nature of the inputs, these investments are categorized as Level 1, 2, or 3.

Financial Instruments Sold, Not Yet Purchased, and Derivative Assets and Liabilities

The Company uses U.S. Treasury futures, which are types of derivative financial instruments, to hedge economically fixed income UIT inventory and securities in order to mitigate market risk.

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(in thousands of dollars)

Open futures contracts are marked-to-market daily through earnings along with the mark-to-market on the underlying trading securities held. Fair values of derivative contracts in an asset position are included in financial instruments owned, at fair value in the Company's Statement of Financial Condition. Fair values of derivative contracts in a liability position are included in financial instruments sold, not yet purchased, at fair value in the Company's Statement of Financial Condition. These derivative contracts are valued under the market approach through use of quoted prices in an active market and are classified within Level 1 of the valuation hierarchy. Additionally, to hedge economically the market risk associated with equity and debt securities and UITs temporarily held as trading investments, the Company will hold short corporate stocks, exchange-traded funds, or U.S. treasury security positions. These transactions are recorded as financial instruments sold, not yet purchased and are included in financial instruments sold, not yet purchased, at fair value in the Company's Statement of Financial Condition. To the extent these securities are actively traded, valuation adjustments are not applied and they are categorized within Level 1 of the valuation hierarchy; otherwise, they are categorized in Level 2.

The following table presents the carrying value of the Company's assets and liabilities, including major security type for equity and debt securities, which are measured at fair value on the face of the Statement of Financial Condition as of December 31, 2018.

	Fair Value Measurements
Assets	
Cash equivalents	\$ 15,537
Financial instruments owned:	
UITs	
Fixed income	27
Equity	769
Total cash equivalents and financial	
instruments owned	<u>\$ 16,333</u>
Liabilities	
Financial instruments sold, not yet purchased:	
Exchange-traded funds	\$ 494
Derivative contracts	3
Financial instruments sold, not yet purchased	<u>\$ 497</u>

All financial assets, including Cash equivalents, Financial instruments owned, and Financial instruments sold, not yet purchased, are classified as Level 1 financial instruments at December 31, 2018. The Company had no transfers between Level 1 and Level 2 or between Level 2 and Level 3 during 2018. The Company had no Level 2 or Level 3 assets or liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis for the period ended December 31, 2018.

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(in thousands of dollars)

5. Goodwill

At December 31, 2017, Goodwill included on the Company's Statement of Financial Condition was \$1,500. The annual impairment review performed as of October 1, 2018 determined that an impairment existed at the review date. The impairment is primarily due to lower UIT sales in 2018 compared to recent years, and lower projected future sales.

Therefore, the Company recognized an impairment loss for the entire Goodwill balance in 2018. At December 31, 2018, there was no carrying value for Goodwill on the Company's Statement of Financial Condition.

6. Intangible Assets

The following table presents the major classes of the Company's intangible assets at December 31, 2018:

	Weighted Average Amortization Period (years)	Gross Book Value	Accumulated Amortization	Net Book Value
Customer relationships	12.0	\$ 6,917	\$ (165)	\$ 6,752
Total		<u>\$ 6,917</u>	<u>\$ (165)</u>	<u>\$ 6,752</u>

Customer relationships primarily relate to UIT-specific distribution relationships that exist with third-party brokers. The intangible asset is amortized and recorded as an operating expense on a straight-line basis over its useful life of 12 years, which reflects the pattern in which the economic benefits are realized. The Company considers its own assumptions, which require management's judgment, about renewal or extension of the term of the arrangement, consistent with its expected use of the asset.

7. Income Taxes

Federal current income taxes are provided at the statutory rate in effect during the year (21%) by the members of the consolidated group based on the amount that the respective member would pay or have refunded if it were to file a separate return. The effective tax rate was approximately 18% due primarily to the loss before taxes, the permanent impairment of goodwill and the effect of state taxes. The deferred tax asset of \$436 primarily relates to the timing of deductibility of compensation for tax purposes. The deferred tax liability of \$1,624 primarily relates to the timing of deductibility of amortization on the Company's intangible assets.

At December 31, 2018, a \$863 payable related to settlement of tax payments was reflected in Due from affiliated companies and another payable of \$96 related to state tax payments was reflected in Other liabilities.

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(in thousands of dollars)

A reconciliation of the Company's net deferred tax liability is shown in the table below:

Deferred tax assets	\$	436
Deferred tax liabilities		(1,624)
Deferred tax liabilities, net	\$	<u>(1,188)</u>

The Company is subject to income tax examinations by various taxing authorities. The Company is no longer subject to income tax examinations by the primary tax authorities for years prior to 2013.

8. Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities

The Company manages its positions by employing a variety of risk mitigation strategies. These strategies include diversification of risk exposures and hedging. Hedging activities consist of the purchase or sale of positions in related securities and financial instruments, including U.S. Treasury futures, which are types of derivative financial instruments. The Company manages the market risk associated with its hedging activities on a Company-wide basis and on an individual product basis.

The open equity in futures transactions is included within Financial instruments owned, at fair value. The gross notional amount of futures contracts is \$244 as of December 31, 2018.

9. Commitments and Contingencies

Underwriting Commitments and Letters of Credit

In the normal course of business, the Company enters into when-issued, delayed delivery and underwriting commitments. As a result of these commitments the Company enters into standby letters of credit with a bank as part of its contractual commitment to deliver securities to the UITs that it sponsors. Upon entry into such commitments, the Company is charged an annual interest rate of 1.00% on amounts outstanding. These credit agreements are unsecured and do not contain restrictive covenants. As of December 31, 2018, there were no outstanding net purchase commitments.

Legal

The investment management industry is subject to extensive levels of ongoing regulatory oversight and examination. Governmental authorities regularly make inquiries, hold investigations and administer market conduct examinations with respect to the Company's compliance with applicable laws and regulations. Lawsuits or regulatory enforcement actions arising out of these inquiries may in the future be filed against the Company and related entities and individuals in jurisdictions in which the Company and its affiliates operate.

The Company is from time to time involved in litigation relating to other claims arising in the ordinary course of its business. Management is of the opinion that the ultimate resolution of such claims, if any, will not materially affect the Company's business, financial position, results of operations or liquidity. In management's opinion, no accrual is necessary as of December 31, 2018 to provide for any such losses that may arise from matters for which the Company could reasonably estimate an amount.

10. Regulatory Requirements

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Invesco Capital Markets, Inc.
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(in thousands of dollars)

The Company is a registered broker-dealer, and accordingly, is subject to the net capital rules of the SEC and FINRA. The Company utilizes the Alternative Standard method of Net Capital Computation pursuant to SEC Rule 15c3-1, which requires the Company to maintain minimum net capital equal to the greater of \$250 or 2% of aggregate debit balances arising from customer transactions, as defined. However, the Company intends to maintain regulatory net capital of at least \$300 in order to be in compliance with the early warning rules. FINRA may require a member firm to reduce its business if net capital is less than 4% of such aggregate debit items and may prohibit a firm from expanding its business if net capital is less than 5% of such aggregate debit items. At December 31, 2018, the Company's Net Capital was \$43,937 which exceeded required net capital of \$250 by \$43,687.

Advances to the Parent and its affiliates, repayment of subordinated liabilities, dividend payments and other equity withdrawals are subject to certain notification and other provisions of the Net Capital rule of the SEC.

11. Subsequent Events

Management of the Company has performed an evaluation of subsequent events through February 21, 2019, which is the date the Statement of Financial Condition was issued. No subsequent events were noted in management's evaluation which would require disclosure.

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