

UNITED STATES  
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION  
Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-K

(Mark One)

☒ ANNUAL REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the fiscal year ended: June 30, 2025

☐ TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from \_\_\_\_\_ to \_\_\_\_\_

Commission File No. 001-39256

RESEARCH SOLUTIONS, INC.

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Nevada

(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization)

11-3797644

(I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)

Address not applicable<sup>1</sup>

(Address of principal executive offices)

N/A

(Zip Code)

(310) 477-0354

(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act:

Title of each Class	Trading Symbol(s)	Name of each Exchange on which registered
Common stock, \$0.001 par value	RSSS	The Nasdaq Stock Market LLC

Indicate by check mark if the registrant is a well-known seasoned issuer, as defined in Rule 405 of the Securities Act. Yes ☐ No ☒

Indicate by check mark if the registrant is not required to file reports pursuant to Section 13 or Section 15(d) of the Act. Yes ☐ No ☒

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant: (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes ☒ No ☐

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically every Interactive Data File required to be submitted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit such files). Yes ☒ No ☐

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, a smaller reporting company or an emerging growth company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer," "smaller reporting company" and "emerging growth company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large accelerated filer ☐

Non-accelerated filer ☒

Accelerated filer ☐

Smaller reporting company ☒

Emerging growth company ☐

If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the registrant has elected not to use the extended transition period for complying with any new or revised financial accounting standards provided pursuant to Section 13(a) of the Exchange Act. ☐

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has filed a report on and attestation to its management's assessment of the effectiveness of its internal control over financial reporting under Section 404(b) of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act (15 U.S.C. 7262(b)) by the registered public accounting firm that prepared or issued its audit report. ☐

If securities are registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act, indicate by check mark whether the financial statements of the registrant included in the filing reflect the correction of an error to previously issued financial statements. ☐

Indicate by check mark whether any of those error corrections are restatements that required a recovery analysis of incentive-based compensation received by any of the registrant's executive officers during the relevant recovery period pursuant to §240.10D-1(b). ☐

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes ☐ No ☒

The aggregate market value of the voting and non-voting common equity held by non-affiliates of the registrant as of December 31, 2024, the last business day of the registrant's most recently completed second fiscal quarter, was \$125,316,583 based on the closing price of \$4.15 per share as reported on the Nasdaq as of that date.

Indicate the number of shares outstanding of each of the registrant's classes of common stock as of the latest practicable date.

Title of Class	Number of Shares Outstanding on September 12, 2025
Common Stock, \$0.001 par value	32,828,173

<sup>1</sup> In November 2019, we became a fully remote company. Accordingly, we do not currently have principal executive offices. Our mailing address is 10624 E. Eastern Ave., Ste. A-614, Henderson, NV 89052.

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## Cautionary Notice Regarding Forward-Looking Statements

Unless otherwise indicated, (i) the terms “Research Solutions,” “we,” “us” and “our” refer to Research Solutions, Inc., a Nevada corporation, and our five wholly-owned subsidiaries: Reprints Desk, Inc., (“Reprints Desk”) a Delaware corporation, including its wholly owned subsidiary Resolute Innovation, Inc., (“ResoluteAI”), a Delaware corporation, Scite, LLC, (“Scite”), a Delaware limited liability company, Reprints Desk Latin America S. de R.L. de C.V., (“Reprints Desk Latin America”), an entity organized under the laws of Mexico and RESSOL LA, S. DE R.L. DE C.V., (“ResSol LA”) an entity organized under the laws of Mexico, and (ii) the term “common stock” refers to the common stock, par value \$0.001 per share, of Research Solutions. The financial information included herein is presented in United States dollars (“US Dollars”), the functional currency of our company. Although the majority of our revenue and costs are in US Dollars, the costs of Reprints Desk Latin America and ResSol LA are in Mexican Pesos.

The Research Solutions logo, Article Galaxy and other trademarks or service marks of Research Solutions, Inc. appearing in this Annual Report on Form 10-K are the property of Research Solutions, Inc. This Annual Report on Form 10-K also contains registered marks, trademarks and trade names of other companies. All other trademarks, registered marks and trade names appearing herein are the property of their respective holders.

*All statements included or incorporated by reference in this Annual Report on Form 10-K, other than statements or characterizations of historical fact, are forward-looking statements. Examples of forward-looking statements include, but are not limited to, statements concerning our accounting estimates; assumptions and judgments; the demand for our products; the competitive nature of and anticipated growth in our industry; and our prospective needs for additional capital. These forward-looking statements are based on our current expectations, estimates, approximations and projections about our industry and business, management’s beliefs, and certain assumptions made by us, all of which are subject to change. Forward-looking statements can often be identified by words such as “anticipates,” “expects,” “intends,” “plans,” “predicts,” “believes,” “seeks,” “estimates,” “may,” “will,” “should,” “would,” “could,” “potential,” “continue,” “ongoing,” and similar expressions, and variations or negatives of these words. These statements are not guarantees of future performance and are subject to risks, uncertainties and assumptions that are difficult to predict. Therefore, our actual results could differ materially and adversely from those expressed in any forward-looking statements as a result of various factors, some of which are listed under “Risk Factors” in Item 1A of this report. These forward-looking statements speak only as of the date of this report. We undertake no obligation to revise or update publicly any forward-looking statement for any reason, except as otherwise required by law.*

*This Annual Report on Form 10-K also contains estimates and other information concerning our industry, including market size and customer satisfaction ratings, that we obtained from industry publications, surveys and forecasts. This information involves a number of assumptions and limitations, and you are cautioned not to give undue weight to these estimates. Although we believe the information in these industry publications, surveys and forecasts is reliable, we have not independently verified the accuracy or completeness of the information. The industry in which we operate is subject to a high degree of uncertainty and risk due to a variety of factors.*

## PART I

### **Item 1. Business**

#### **Company Overview**

Research Solutions was incorporated in the State of Nevada on November 2, 2006, and is a publicly traded holding company with five wholly owned subsidiaries as of June 30, 2025: Reprints Desk, Inc., a Delaware corporation, including its wholly owned subsidiary Resolute Innovation, Inc., a Delaware corporation, Scite, LLC, a Delaware limited liability company, Reprints Desk Latin America S. de R.L. de C.V., an entity organized under the laws of Mexico, and RESSOL LA, S. DE R.L. DE C.V., an entity organized under the laws of Mexico.

We are a vertical software-as-a-service (“SaaS”) and artificial intelligence (“AI”) company providing software and related services to help research-intensive organizations simplify the research process, save time and money. We offer various software platforms (“Platform” or “Platforms”) that are typically sold to corporate, academic, government and individual researchers as cloud-based SaaS via auto-renewing license agreements. Corporate, academic, and government customers typically sign up under annual or multi-year agreements paid annually in advance. Individual researchers can sign up under an annual or a month-to-month agreement and are typically billed monthly. Our Platforms also facilitate the sale of published scientific, technical, and medical (“STM”) content sold as individual articles (“Transactions”) either stand alone or via one or more of the research Platform solutions we provide. When one or more of the Platform solutions are used to purchase Transactions, customers pay for those transactions through monthly billing or via credit card for individual researchers. In addition, our Platforms facilitate rights and permissions for customers to re-use content, ensuring copyright compliance for research, regulatory and marketing use cases as well as the utilization of content with AI applications and for the training of AI models. Our Platforms enable life science and other research-intensive organizations to simplify their research and development activities through our advanced search (i.e. Discovery Tools), tools to access and buy STM articles required to support their research (i.e. Access), as well as tools that manage that content across the enterprise and on an individual basis (i.e. Manage). The Platforms also include advanced AI (“Generative AI”) based assistants to help researchers understand the quality of the articles they are reviewing, speed up the review process, and to more fully understand how various research papers relate to each other. In addition to STM content, the Platforms provide additional context to the research process by including the ability to search and assimilate a variety of other types of data such as Patent, Clinical Trial, Regulatory and Competitive Intelligence data. They also typically deliver a return on investment to the customer by reducing the amount of time it takes a research organization to find, acquire and manage content, in addition to also driving down the ultimate cost per article and overall research costs over time.

#### ***Platforms***

Our cloud-based SaaS Platforms consist of proprietary software and Internet-based interfaces sold to customers through an annual or monthly subscription fee. Legacy functionality falls into three areas.

**Discovery Tools** – Our Scite.ai and Resolute.ai solutions facilitate search (discovery) across virtually all STM articles available. These solutions include basic search solutions and advanced search tools. These tools allow for searching and identifying relevant research and then purchasing that research through one of our other solutions. In addition, these tools increasingly enable users to find insights in other datasets adjacent to STM content, such as Clinical Trial, Patent, Life Science & MedTech Regulatory information, Competitor and Technology landscape insights, in addition to searching the customer’s internal datasets. Scite.ai includes full text search capability on most of the world’s STM content providing better search results and citation information as supporting or contrasting evidence. This powers our AI assistant and literature search engine and gives researchers better insights into any topic. The advanced search solutions are sold through a seat, enterprise, or individual license. These Platforms are deployed as a single, multi-tenant system across our entire customer base. Customers securely access the Platforms through online web interfaces and via web service APIs that enable customers to leverage Platform features and functionality from within in-house and third-party software systems. The Platforms can also be configured to satisfy a customer’s individual preferences. We leverage our Platforms’ efficiencies in scalability, stability and development costs to fuel rapid innovation and competitive advantage.

Access – Our Article Galaxy® (“AG”) and Article Galaxy Scholar (Academic Library version) (“AGS”) solutions allow for research organizations to load their entitlements (subscriptions, discount or token packages, and their existing content library of articles) and AG/AGS manages those entitlements in the background enabling the researchers to focus on acquiring articles they need quickly and efficiently at the lowest possible cost. When used in conjunction with our Discovery Tools Platforms, customers can initiate orders, route orders based on the lowest cost to acquire, obtain spend and usage reporting, automate authentication, and connect seamlessly to in-house and third-party software systems. In addition, Article Galaxy facilitates rights and permissions for various re-use cases, including the utilization in AI applications and training of AI applications, ensuring copyright compliance for our customers.

Manage – Our References solution offers a comprehensive reference management solution with built-in document delivery capabilities specifically designed to meet the collaboration and security needs of research-intensive organizations. This user-friendly Platform enables researchers to seamlessly organize their literature, collaborate with team members, and access a vast collection of scientific content. By integrating organization tools with instant access to millions of scholarly articles, our References solution streamlines the research workflow and enhances productivity for scientific professionals.

AI models are integral to powering the unique insights our platforms provide as well as the user experience customers enjoy. Natural language processing (“NLP”) and AI models are used to enhance metadata, define connections between topics and content items as well as to generate data and metrics employed to enable users to rapidly identify and understand the value of content they need for their research. We also use state of the art AI models, such as Large Language Models to include Generative AI “assistants” in several parts of the research workflow today and will continually add capability as we move forward. Today we employ Generative AI technologies as a basis for our recommendation engine in our Discovery Tools, Access, and Manage Platform solutions. In addition, Generative AI based “assistants” in some of our solutions allow the researcher to ask questions about articles, groups of articles (folders), and more. We also have the capability to provide near full text search on STM content in the Scite.ai solution where the publisher gives us the rights to do so. The ability to not only mine an article’s full text but also show snippets of full text is unique to our Company and allows our Generative AI assistants to provide highly accurate results with a very low incidence of hallucinations as part of a Retrieval Augmented Generation framework focused just on STM content. We plan to release several new Platform solutions to enhance the research workflows described above and add new solutions to support the analysis functions that exist in our typical customer base.

Our Platforms are generally deployed as a single, multi-tenant system across our entire customer base. Customers securely access the Platforms through online web interfaces and via web service APIs that enable customers to leverage Platform features and functionality from within in-house and third-party software systems. Our Platforms can also be configured to satisfy a customer’s individual preferences. We leverage our Platforms efficiencies in scalability, stability and development costs to fuel rapid innovation and to gain a competitive advantage.

### ***Transactions***

We provide our researchers with a single source to the universe of published STM content that includes over 200 million existing STM journal articles for instant download, 50 million journal articles for rent, 10 million online book chapters, and 45 million only in print journal articles. In addition, we add between 2 to 4 million newly published STM articles each year. STM content is rented or sold to our customers on a per transaction basis. Researchers and knowledge workers in life science and other research-intensive organizations generally require single copies of published STM journal articles for use in their research activities. These individuals are our primary users and while they typically purchase the articles via one of our Platform solutions, we do have some customers that just order articles from us on behalf of end-users in their organizations.

Core to many of our Platform solutions is providing our customers with ways to find and download digital versions of STM articles that are critical to their research. Customers submit orders for the articles they need which we source and electronically deliver to them generally in under an hour, in most cases in seconds. This service is generally known in the industry as single article delivery or document delivery. We also obtain the necessary permission licenses from the content publisher or other rights holder so that our customer’s use complies with applicable copyright laws and we are expanding these services to include the use of content in AI applications and for the training of AI models. We

have arrangements with hundreds of content publishers that allow us to distribute their content. The majority of these publishers provide us with electronic access to their content, which allows us to electronically deliver single articles to our customers often in a matter of seconds. While a vast majority of the articles are available in electronic form, the Company also has workflows to deliver older paper-based articles through relationships we have built with libraries around the world.

## **Competitive Strengths**

We believe that we possess the following competitive strengths:

### ***Services and Technology***

We have developed proprietary software, a sophisticated information logistics technology backbone, and Internet-based interfaces that allow customers to initiate orders for STM content, manage these transactions, obtain reporting, automate authentication, improve seamless connectivity to in-house and third-party software systems, and maximize the information resources they already own or license, as well as organize workgroups to collaborate around bibliographic information. We are focused on rapidly developing an ecosystem of new interactive app-like components for researchers that will deliver time saving efficiencies in core research workflows and knowledge creation processes. We continually enhance the performance of our existing proprietary software and systems and develop and implement new technologies that expand the available methods of discovering, obtaining and managing content. Through the acquisitions of ResoluteAI and Scite, our services have been enhanced to include AI as part of the research workflow.

Our services are highly configurable to meet customers' needs and provide a personalized yet turnkey solution that covers the full spectrum of customer requirements; from identifying and locating articles, to facilitating copyright compliance, maximizing information resources already owned, monitoring usage, and automating end-user authentication. Our services alleviate the need for our customers to develop internal systems or contact multiple content publishers in order to obtain the content that is critical to their research.

### ***Experienced Management Team***

Our management team has years of extensive experience satisfying customers across the information services and STM publishing and technology industries. In addition, our team has experience growing and scaling SaaS and subscription business models.

### ***Customer Loyalty***

The majority of our revenue comes from our loyal base of customers, indicative of our focus on customer satisfaction and quality. In Document Delivery Buyer Surveys conducted by industry research and advisory firm Outsell, Inc., we have ranked first overall and in every category for customer satisfaction (depth and breadth of coverage, fair pricing, and ease of doing business) and loyalty (intention to renew or continue service, and willingness to recommend the service to others). This is reflected by our gross churn rate in the low single digit range, and a net churn rate in the high single digit range, each as a percentage of revenue.

### ***Industry Presence and Established Relationships***

We have a well-established presence and a network of contacts with our customers (life science companies, academic institutions, and other research-intensive organizations), STM publishing partners, and others in the information services space. We have existing arrangements with hundreds of content publishers that allow us to distribute their content. Although we do not have exclusive relationships with these content publishers, the aggregate number of in place agreements are essential to our value proposition, market presence, and our ability to satisfy the requirements of our customers.

### ***Promotion***

We employ a segment-focused marketing approach that focuses on traditional buyers such as corporate libraries as well as new types of non-library buyers across a variety of business functions, including those within research and development. In pursuit of growth, we invest in vertical integration and channel relationships to increase the value we provide to customers, extend our promotional reach, and decrease customer acquisition costs. We anticipate growth coming from cross-selling into our existing customer base, penetrating new market verticals, and generating market demand and preference from both existing and new customers. While we place emphasis on the life science market, with a focus on pharmaceutical, biotechnology and medical device customers, we are also penetrating the following markets: academic, aerospace, automotive, electronics, chemicals and food and agriculture.

### **Growth Strategy**

#### ***Organic Growth***

We seek to grow our customer base through targeted direct and channel promotions of our Platform to potential customers. This strategy for sales and marketing is supported by inbound marketing driven by educational content, innovative technological systems, competitive pricing and best in class service. We are also positioning our sales force to be able to better serve small and medium sized businesses that we consider to be largely underserved today. We also seek to grow existing customer revenue by year over year increases, and through value-based add-ons.

In addition, we submit proposals to potential customers in response to requests for proposals, or “Request for Proposals” (RFPs). We are continually improving our operations and technology to ensure that they are capable of delivering proposed solutions and supporting future growth.

#### ***Product Development***

We seek to grow revenue through product differentiation, and the development of new products that are attractive to new and existing customers. Our focus on product development leads us to continually explore options to strengthen and broaden our service offering portfolio.

#### ***Acquisitions and Combinations***

From time to time, and as opportunities arise, we may explore strategic acquisitions and combinations, including the acquisition of customer lists, that bring revenue, profitability, growth potential, cross-selling opportunities and additional technology, products, services, operations and/or geographic capabilities to our company.

#### ***International Expansion***

We have expanded internationally through increased sales to companies located abroad, particularly in Europe and Japan. From time to time, and as opportunities arise, we may further expand internationally through partnerships or acquisitions.

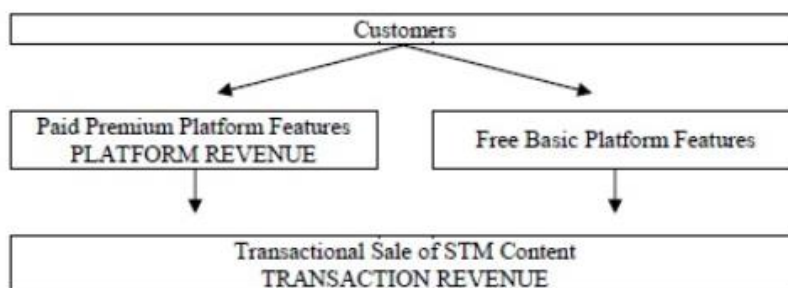
#### ***Publisher Agreements***

We have arrangements with all of the major STM content publishers and most of the smaller STM publishers that allow us to distribute their content, and we regularly advance new business opportunities such as rentals through amendments to existing agreements. In addition, we regularly contact publishers to negotiate additional publisher agreements. A typical publisher agreement would allow us to distribute the publisher’s content according to a negotiated price list, thereby eliminating the need to contact the publisher and obtain the rights for each individual order. The majority of these publishers provide us with electronic access to their content, which allows us to further expedite the delivery of single articles to our customers. In addition, we rely on a small number of content publishers for the majority of our content costs.

## Company Services

We account for revenue in accordance with ASU 2014-09, Revenue from Contracts with Customers (Topic 606), (“ASC 606”). The underlying principle of ASC 606 is to recognize revenue to depict the transfer of goods or services to customers at the amount expected to be collected.

Revenues are recognized when control of the promised goods or services are transferred to a customer, in an amount that reflects the consideration that we expect to receive in exchange for those goods or services. We derive our revenues from two sources: annual licenses that allow customers to access and utilize certain premium features of our cloud-based SaaS research intelligence platform (“Platform” or “Platforms”) and the transactional sale of STM content managed, sourced and delivered through the Platform (“Transactions”).



We apply the following five steps in order to determine the appropriate amount of revenue to be recognized as we fulfill our obligations under each of our agreements:

- identify the contract with a customer;
- identify the performance obligations in the contract;
- determine the transaction price;
- allocate the transaction price to performance obligations in the contract; and
- recognize revenue as the performance obligation is satisfied.

### *Platforms*

We charge a subscription fee that allows customers to access and utilize certain premium features of our Platforms. Revenue is recognized ratably over the term of the subscription agreement, which is typically one year, provided all other revenue recognition criteria have been met. Billings or payments received in advance of revenue recognition are recorded as deferred revenue.

### *Transactions*

We charge a transactional service fee for the electronic delivery of single articles, and a corresponding copyright fee for the permitted use of the content. We recognize revenue from single article delivery services upon delivery to the customer provided all other revenue recognition criteria have been met.

## Customers and Suppliers

There were no customers that accounted for greater than 10% of our revenue for the years ended June 30, 2025 and 2024.



Approximately 45% and 44% of our content cost for the years ended June 30, 2025 and 2024, respectively, was derived from our three largest suppliers of content.

## **Sales and Marketing**

To efficiently acquire customers, we rely on marketing in close cooperation with value-based selling to acquire new small, medium and large geographically-dispersed enterprises. The promotional mix of tactics we utilize includes: search engine optimization and digital marketing, educational content, advertising, events, direct response and integrated marketing campaigns, public relations and content publicity, thought leadership programs, channel alliances training, and analyst relations. In addition, we focus on account expansion, upselling add-ons, and customer retention, which, we believe, increases total lifetime customer value and generates referrals for new business.

## **Competition**

The markets in which we compete are highly competitive. The primary methods of competition in our industry are price, service, technology and niche focus. Competition based on price is often successful in the short-term, but can limit the ability of a supplier to provide adequate service levels. Competition based on service and/or technology requires significant investment in systems and that investment requires time to produce results. Niche operators focus on narrow activities, but cannot aggregate sufficient content, technology and services to satisfy broad customer needs. We believe that many customers and potential customers are less price sensitive if the service levels are high and the technology creates efficiency and/or management information that has not been available previously.

Our competition includes:

- *Reference Management Applications* – We expect to increasingly compete with tools that exist in the marketplace that are used to aid in organizing references, storing personal content assets, and prepare scholarly papers for submission to congresses and journals.
- *Piracy* – Perhaps, our most serious competitor. Many entities use content for commercial purposes without complying with applicable copyright laws, and paying the required copyright to the content publisher. As information becomes more readily available, the opportunity for piracy increases.
- *STM Single Article Delivery Vendors and Content Aggregators* – Our primary competitors for global, full-service single article delivery services are Copyright Clearance Center, regional interlibrary loan networks throughout the world such as those owned and operated by OCLC, and numerous national libraries located outside of the United States.
- *Customer In-House Services* – While single article delivery services and software development are challenging for our customers to provide in-house, many existing and potential customers manage these capabilities internally.
- *Publisher In-House Capabilities* – Some large publishers have developed in-house capabilities to service the content re-use market, however, many of them neglect other content repurposing opportunities and may not be able to aggregate content from other publishers nor create value added software-based solutions.

## **Corporate History and Structure**

Research Solutions was incorporated in the State of Nevada on November 2, 2006, and in November 2006 entered into a Share Exchange Agreement with Reprints Desk. At the closing of the transaction contemplated by the Share Exchange Agreement, Research Solutions acquired all of the outstanding shares of Reprints Desk from its stockholders

and issued 8,000,003 shares of common stock to the former stockholders of Reprints Desk. Following completion of the exchange transaction, Reprints Desk became a wholly-owned subsidiary of Research Solutions.

On July 24, 2012, we formed Reprints Desk Latin America to provide operational and administrative support services to Reprints Desk.

On March 4, 2013, we consummated a merger with DYSC Subsidiary Corporation, our wholly-owned subsidiary, pursuant to which we, in connection with such merger, amended our Articles of Incorporation to change our name to Research Solutions, Inc. (formerly Derycz Scientific, Inc.).

On June 9, 2022, we formed ResSol LA to provide operational and administrative support services to Reprints Desk.

On July 28, 2023, we acquired 100% of the outstanding stock of Resolute Innovation, Inc., a Delaware corporation, an advanced search platform that equips organizations with search, discovery and knowledge management tools that are powered by artificial intelligence and neuro-linguistic programming (“NLP”) technologies.

On December 1, 2023, we acquired 100% of the outstanding stock of Scite, Inc. a Delaware corporation, a platform for discovering and evaluating scientific articles via Smart Citations. Smart Citations allow users to see how a publication has been cited by providing the context of the citation and a classification describing whether it allows for supporting or contrasting evidence for the cited claim. The acquisition was completed through the merger of our subsidiary, Research Solutions Acquisition 2, LLC, with Scite, Inc., with our subsidiary surviving the merger and subsequently being renamed Scite, LLC.

## **Human Capital Resources**

As of September 12, 2025, we had 136 full-time employees.

## **Item 1A. Risk Factors**

*Investing in our common stock involves a high degree of risk. You should carefully consider the risks and uncertainties described below, together with all of the other information in this report, including our consolidated financial statements and related notes, before investing in our common stock. The following summarizes material risks that investors should carefully consider before deciding to buy or maintain an investment in our common stock. Any of the following risks, if they actually occur, would likely harm our business, financial condition and results of operations. As a result, the trading price of our common stock could decline, and investors could lose the money they paid to buy our common stock.*

### **Risks Related to Our Business and Our Industry**

***We have historically incurred significant losses and may be unable to maintain profitability. If we continue to incur significant losses, we may have to curtail our operations, which may prevent us from successfully operating and expanding our business.***

Historically, we have relied upon cash from financing activities to fund substantially all of the cash requirements of our activities and have incurred significant losses and experienced negative cash flow. Though we earned a net income of \$1,265,553 for our fiscal year ended June 30, 2025, we incurred a net loss of \$3,786,597 for our fiscal year ended June 30, 2024. As of June 30, 2025, we had an accumulated deficit of \$25,043,693. We cannot predict if we will be profitable. We may continue to incur losses for an indeterminate period of time and may be unable to sustain profitability. An extended period of losses and negative cash flow may prevent us from successfully operating and expanding our business. We may be unable to sustain or increase our profitability on a quarterly or annual basis.

***The loss of our largest customers would significantly reduce our revenue and adversely affect our results of operations.***

There were no customers that accounted for greater than 10% of our revenue for the years ended June 30, 2025 and 2024. The loss of our largest customers would significantly reduce our revenue, which would have a material adverse effect on our results of operations. We can provide no assurance that these customers will continue to place orders in the future.

***The loss of our largest suppliers of content would significantly reduce our revenue and adversely affect our results of operations.***

Approximately 45% and 44% of our content cost for the years ended June 30, 2025 and 2024, respectively, was derived from our three largest suppliers of content. Loss of any or all of these suppliers of content would significantly reduce the attractiveness of our services and our revenue, which would have a material adverse effect on our results of operations. We can provide no assurance that these suppliers of content will continue to supply us with content in the future. Moreover, our arrangements with content providers are non-exclusive. As a result, our content providers can provide the same content to our competitors.

***We are exposed to credit risk on our accounts receivable and prepayments to suppliers of content. This risk is heightened during periods when economic conditions worsen.***

There were no customers that accounted for greater than 10% of our accounts receivable as of June 30, 2025 and 2024, respectively. In addition, we have made prepayments to suppliers of content. While we have procedures to monitor and limit exposure to credit risk on our trade receivables as well as long-term prepayments, there can be no assurance such procedures will effectively limit our credit risk and avoid losses, which could have a material adverse effect on our results of operations.

***Our services, technology and industry relationships are key assets and competitive advantages of our Company and our business may be affected by how we are perceived in the marketplace.***

Our services, technology and industry relationships are key assets that enable us to effectively compete in our industry. Our ability to attract and retain customers is highly dependent upon external perceptions of the quality, efficacy, responsiveness and ease-of-use of our services and business practices, and overall financial condition. Negative perceptions or publicity regarding these matters could damage our reputation with customers and the public, which could make it difficult for us to attract and maintain customers. Adverse developments with respect to our industry may also, by association, negatively impact our reputation. Negative perceptions or publicity could have a material adverse effect on our business and financial results.

***Our business performance is dependent upon the effectiveness of our technology investments, the failure of which could materially impact our business and financial results.***

We have and will continue to undertake significant investments in our technology infrastructure to continually strengthen our position in research and marketing solutions and improve our existing technology platform. We may fail to effectively invest such amounts, or we may invest significant amounts in technologies that do not ultimately assist us in achieving our strategic goals. We may also fail to maintain our technology infrastructure in a manner that allows us to readily meet our customers' needs. If we experience any of these or similar failures related to our technology investments, we will not achieve our expected revenue growth, or desired cost savings, and we could experience a significant competitive disadvantage in the marketplace, which could have a material adverse effect on our business and financial results.

In addition, the failure to continue to invest in our business could result in a material adverse effect on our future financial results. Such investments may include: executing on, and mitigating risks associated with, new product offerings and entrance into new geographic markets; and ensuring continued compatibility of our new platforms and technologies with our customers' networks and systems.

***We may be subject to intellectual property rights claims by third parties, which are extremely costly to defend, could require us to pay significant damages and could limit our ability to use certain technologies.***

Third parties, including our content providers, may assert claims of infringement of intellectual property rights against us or our customers for which we may be liable or have an indemnification obligation. Any claim of infringement by a third party, even those without merit, could cause us to incur substantial costs defending against the claim and could distract our management from our business. Although third parties may offer a license to their content, the terms of any offered license may not be acceptable and the failure to obtain a license or the costs associated with any license could cause our business, results of operations or financial condition to be materially and adversely affected. In addition, our licenses are generally non-exclusive, and therefore our competitors may have access to the same content licensed to us. Furthermore, a successful claimant could secure a judgment or we may agree to a settlement that prevents us from providing certain content or that requires us to pay substantial damages, including treble damages if we are found to have willfully infringed the claimant's copyrights, royalties or other fees. Any of these events could seriously harm our business, operating results and financial condition.

***Artificial intelligence-based platforms present new risks and challenges to our business.***

Enterprise use of generative artificial intelligence (GenAI) technologies may result in access to and processing of sensitive information, intellectual property, source code, trade secrets, and other data, through direct user input or the API, including customer or private information and confidential information. Sending confidential and private data outside of our own servers could trigger legal and compliance exposure, as well as risks of information exposure, including unauthorized acquisition, use, or other processing. Such exposure can result from contractual (for example, with customers) or regulatory obligations (such as CCPA, GDPR, HIPAA). Furthermore, if the GenAI platform's own systems and infrastructure are not secure, data breaches or incidents may occur and lead to the exposure of sensitive information such as customer data, financial information, and proprietary business information, or it may be believed or asserted that one or more of these has occurred. Threat actors could also use GenAI for malicious purposes, increasing the frequency of their attacks and the complexity level some are currently capable of, e.g. phishing attacks, fraud, social engineering, and other possible malicious use, such as with writing malware. Code generated by GenAI could potentially be used and deployed without a proper security audit or code review to find vulnerable or malicious components. This could cause widespread deployment of vulnerable code within the organization systems.

The use of GenAI by our business partners with access to our confidential information, including trade secrets, may continue to increase and could lead to the release of such information, which could negatively impact us, including our ability to realize the benefits of our intellectual property. Such use may lead to novel and urgent cybersecurity risks, which could have a material adverse effect on our operations and reputation as well as the operations of any of our business partners. We may also face increased competition from other companies that are using GenAI platforms, some of whom may develop more effective methods than we and any of our business partners have, which could have a material adverse effect on our business, results of operations, or financial condition. In addition, uncertainties regarding developing legal and regulatory requirements and standards may require significant resources to modify and maintain business practices to comply with U.S. and non-U.S. laws concerning the use of AI and AI systems, the nature of which cannot be determined at this time.

We have developed policies governing the use of GenAI to help reasonably ensure that such GenAI systems are used in a trustworthy manner by our employees, contractors, and authorized agents and that our assets, including intellectual property, competitive information, personal information we may collect or process, and customer information, are protected. Any failure by our personnel, contractors, or other agents to adhere to our established policies could violate confidentiality obligations or applicable laws and regulations, jeopardize our intellectual property rights, cause or contribute to unlawful discrimination, or result in the misuse of personally identifiable information or the injection of malware into our systems.

***Our industry is subject to intense competition and rapid technological change, including as a result of artificial intelligence, which may result in products or new solutions that are superior to our products or solutions under development. If we are unable to anticipate or keep pace with changes in the marketplace and the direction of technological innovation and customer demands, our products or solutions may become less useful or obsolete and our operating results will suffer.***

The industry in which we operate in general is subject to intense and increasing competition and rapidly evolving technologies. Because our products are expected to have long development cycles, we must anticipate changes in the marketplace and the direction of technological innovation and customer demands. To compete successfully, we will need to demonstrate the advantages of our products and solutions.

Our future success will depend in large part on our ability to establish and maintain a competitive position in current and future technologies. The rapid evolution of AI and GenAI technologies requires us to expend resources to develop, test and implement solutions that utilize AI and GenAI effectively, which has and may continue to lead us to incur significant expense to maintain a competitive advantage within the industry.

Rapid technological development may render our products under development, or any future solutions we may have, and related technologies obsolete. Many of our competitors have or may have greater corporate, financial, operational, sales and marketing resources, and more experience in research and development than we have. We cannot assure you that our competitors will not succeed in developing or marketing technologies or products that are more effective or commercially attractive than our products or that would render our solutions and related technologies obsolete. We may not have or be able to raise or develop the financial resources, technical expertise, or support capabilities to compete successfully in the future. Our success will depend in large part on our ability to maintain a competitive position with our products and solutions.

***Increased accessibility of free or relatively inexpensive information sources may reduce demand for our products and services.***

In recent years, more public sources of free or relatively inexpensive information have become available, particularly through the Internet and use of AI, and this trend is expected to continue. For example, some governmental and regulatory agencies have increased the amount of information they make publicly available at no cost. Public sources of free or relatively inexpensive information may reduce demand for our products and services. Our financial results may be adversely affected if our customers choose to use these public sources as a substitute for our products or services.

***We depend on the services of key personnel, and may not be able to operate and grow our business effectively if we lose their services or are unable to attract qualified personnel in the future.***

We rely heavily on our senior management team because they have substantial experience with our diverse service offerings and business strategies. In addition, we rely on our senior management team to identify internal expansion and external growth opportunities. Our ability to retain senior management and other key personnel is therefore very important to our future success. We have employment agreements with our senior management, but these employment agreements do not ensure that they will not voluntarily terminate their employment with us. In addition, our key personnel are subject to non-solicitation and confidential information restrictions. We do not have key man insurance for any of our current management or other key personnel. The loss of any key personnel would require the remaining key personnel to divert immediate attention to seeking a replacement. Competition for senior management personnel is intense, and fit is important to us. Our inability to find a suitable replacement for any departing executive officer or key employee on a timely basis could adversely affect our ability to operate and grow our business.

***We rely on our proprietary software systems, and our websites and online networks, and a disruption, failure or security compromise of these systems would disrupt our business, damage our reputation and adversely affect our revenue and profitability.***

Our proprietary software systems are critical to our business because they enable the efficient and timely service of a large number of customer orders. Similarly, we rely on our websites, online networks, and email systems to obtain

content and deliver customer orders, and provide timely, relevant and dependable business information to our customers. Therefore, network or system shutdowns caused by events such as computer hacking, sabotage, dissemination of computer viruses, worms and other destructive or disruptive software, denial of service attacks and other malicious activity, as well as loss of service from third parties, power outages, natural disasters and similar events, could affect our ability to store, handle and deliver data and services to our customers. Any such interruption of our operations could negatively impact customer satisfaction and revenue.

***Breaches of our data security systems or unintended disclosure of our customer data could result in large expenditures to repair or replace such systems, to remedy any security breaches and to protect us from similar events in the future.***

Our infrastructure may be vulnerable to physical or electronic break-ins, computer viruses, or similar disruptive problems. In addition to shutdowns, our systems are subject to risks caused by misappropriation, misuse, leakage, falsification and accidental release or loss of information. We process, store, and transmit data, including personally identifiable information and payment card industry data of our customers, and it is critical that this data remains secure and is perceived by the marketplace to be secure.

Disruptions or security compromises of our systems could result in large expenditures to repair or replace such systems, to remedy any security breaches and protect us from similar events in the future. We also could be exposed to negligence claims or other legal proceedings brought by regulators, our customers or their clients, and we could incur significant legal expenses and our management's attention may be diverted from our operations in defending ourselves against and resolving lawsuits or claims. In addition, if we were to suffer damage to our reputation as a result of any system failure, security compromise, or personal data breach, our revenue and profitability could be adversely affected.

Personal data is increasingly subject to legal and regulatory protections around the world, which vary widely in approach and which possibly conflict with one another. For example, in the U.S., there are numerous federal, state, and local privacy, data protection, and cybersecurity laws, rules, and regulations governing the collection, storage, transmission, use, and other processing of personal data and Congress has considered, and continues to consider, many proposals for additional comprehensive national data privacy and cybersecurity legislation. At the state level, we may be subject to laws, rules, and regulations, such as the California Consumer Privacy Act ("CCPA") and/or similar laws that have been enacted and gone into effect in Virginia, Colorado, Connecticut, Utah, Oregon, and Texas, or laws that will soon go into effect in Montana, Iowa, Delaware, New Hampshire, Nebraska and New Jersey. These laws impose various obligations, including disclosure requirements, access and opt-out rights, and the right to request deletion of personal data. Outside of the United States, an increasing number of laws, rules, regulations, and industry standards apply to privacy, data protection, and cybersecurity, including the General Data Protection Regulation ("GDPR") in the European Union, the United Kingdom's Data Protection Act 2018 as supplemented by the GDPR and implemented into UK law (collectively, "UK GDPR"), and China's Personal Information Protection Law. These data protection laws and regulations are intended to protect the privacy and security of personal data, including credit card information, that is collected, processed and transmitted in or from the relevant jurisdiction. Implementation of and compliance with these laws and regulations may be more costly or take longer than we anticipate, or could otherwise adversely affect our business operations, which could negatively impact our financial position or cash flows. Our business could be materially adversely affected by our inability, or the inability of our vendors who receive personal data from us, to comply with legal obligations regarding the use of personal data, new data handling requirements that conflict with or negatively impact our business practices. In addition, our agreements with customers may also require that we indemnify the customer for liability arising from personal data breaches under the terms of our agreements with these customers.

***Disruptions and other damages to our information technology and breaches in data security or cybersecurity attacks could have a negative financial impact and damage our reputation.***

Our ability to serve our customers depends in part on the reliability of our technologies and system networks. Unauthorized parties gaining access to digital technology and networks for the purposes of misappropriating sensitive financial or business information, corrupting data, causing operational disruptions and other cyber-related risks could adversely impact our customer relationships, business strategy and our reputation. These potential disruptions and cyber-attacks could negatively affect revenues, costs, customer demand, system availability and our reputation. In addition, as

we execute our strategy to grow through acquisitions and to pursue newer technologies that improve the efficiency of our operations, we are also expanding our information technologies, resulting in a greater technological presence and corresponding vulnerability to cybersecurity risk. Certain new technologies present new and significant cybersecurity safety risks that must be addressed before implementation. If we fail to identify and address cybersecurity risks associated with acquisitions and new strategic initiatives, we may become increasingly exposed to such risks.

***We are exposed to risks associated with PCI compliance.***

The Payment Card Industry Data Security Standard (“PCI DSS”) is a specific set of comprehensive security standards required by credit card brands for enhancing payment account data security, including but not limited to requirements for security management, policies, procedures, network architecture, and software design. PCI DSS compliance is required in order to maintain credit card processing services. Compliance does not guarantee a completely secure environment and notwithstanding the results of this assessment there can be no assurance that payment card brands will not request further compliance assessments or set forth additional requirements to maintain access to credit card processing services. Compliance is an ongoing effort and the requirements evolve as new threats are identified. In the event that we were to lose PCI DSS compliance status (or fail to renew compliance under a future version of the PCI DSS), we could be exposed to increased operating costs, fines and penalties and, in extreme circumstances, may have our credit card processing privileges revoked, which would have a material adverse effect on our business.

***Our failure to comply with the covenants contained in our loan agreement could result in an event of default that could adversely affect our financial condition and ability to operate our business as planned.***

We currently have a line of credit with PNC Bank, National Association, maturing on April 15, 2026, under which there were no outstanding borrowings as of June 30, 2025. Our loan agreement contains, and any agreements to refinance our debt likely will contain, financial and restrictive covenants. We were in compliance with these covenants as of June 30, 2025, however, our failure to comply with these covenants in the future may result in an event of default, which if not cured or waived, could result in the bank preventing us from accessing availability under our line of credit and requiring us to repay any outstanding borrowings. There can be no assurance that we will be able to obtain waivers of future covenant violations or that such waivers will be available on commercially acceptable terms.

In addition, the indebtedness under our loan agreement is secured by a security interest in substantially all of our tangible and intangible assets, and therefore, if we are unable to repay such indebtedness the bank could foreclose on these assets and sell the pledged equity interests, which would adversely affect our ability to operate our business. If any of these were to occur, we may not be able to continue operations as planned, implement our planned growth strategy or react to opportunities for or downturns in our business.

***Government regulations related to the Internet could increase our cost of doing business, affect our ability to grow or may otherwise negatively affect our business.***

Governmental agencies and federal and state legislatures have adopted, and may continue to adopt, new laws and regulatory practices in response to the increasing use of the Internet and other online services. These new laws may be related to issues such as online privacy and data protection requirements, copyrights, trademarks and service mark, sales taxes, fair business practices, domain name ownership and the requirement that our operating units register to do business as foreign entities or otherwise be licensed to do business in jurisdictions where they have no physical location or other presence. In addition, these new laws, regulations or interpretations relating to doing business through the Internet could increase our costs materially and adversely affect our revenue and results of operations.

***We may be adversely affected by changes in legislation and regulation.***

Laws relating to communications, data protection, e-commerce, direct marketing and digital advertising and the use of public records have become more prevalent in recent years. Existing and proposed legislation and regulations, including changes in the manner in which such legislation and regulations are interpreted by courts in the United States, Europe and other jurisdictions, may impose limits on our collection and use of certain kinds of information and our ability to communicate such information effectively to our customers. It is difficult to predict in what form laws and regulations

will be adopted or how they will be construed by the relevant courts, or the extent to which any changes might adversely affect us.

***Our growth strategy may require significant additional resources, and such additional resources might not be available on terms acceptable to us, if at all, which may in turn hamper our growth and adversely affect our business.***

Our growth strategy will require us to significantly expand the capabilities of our administrative and operational resources. We intend to continue to make investments to support our business growth and may require additional funds to respond to business challenges, including the need to develop new technology, improve our operating infrastructure or acquire complementary businesses and technologies. Accordingly, we may need to undertake equity, equity-linked or debt financings to secure additional funds. If we raise additional funds through future issuances of equity or convertible debt securities, our existing stockholders could suffer significant dilution, and any new equity securities we issue could have rights, preferences and privileges superior to those of holders of our common stock. Any debt financing that we secure in the future could involve restrictive covenants relating to our capital raising activities and other financial and operational matters, including the ability to pay dividends. This may make it more difficult for us to obtain additional capital and to pursue business opportunities. We may not be able to obtain additional financing on terms favorable to us, if at all. If we are unable to obtain adequate financing or financing on terms satisfactory to us when we require it, our ability to continue to support our business growth and respond to business challenges could be significantly impaired, and our business may be adversely affected. In addition, our failure to successfully manage our growth could result in our sales not increasing commensurately with our capital investments. If we are unable to successfully manage our growth, we may be unable to achieve our goals.

***Acquisitions, joint ventures or similar strategic relationships may disrupt or otherwise have a material adverse effect on our business and financial results.***

As part of our strategy, we may explore strategic acquisitions and combinations, including the acquisition of customer lists, or enter into joint ventures or similar strategic relationships. These transactions are subject to the following risks:

- Acquisitions, joint ventures or similar relationships may cause a disruption in our ongoing business, distract our management and make it difficult to maintain our standards, controls and procedures;
- We may not be able to integrate successfully the services, content, products and personnel of any such transaction into our operations;
- We may not derive the revenue improvements, cost savings and other intended benefits of any such transaction; and
- There may be risks, exposures and liabilities of acquired entities or other third parties with whom we undertake a transaction, that may arise from such third parties' activities prior to undertaking a transaction with us.

Our prior acquisitions have resulted in significant impairment charges and have operated at losses. We can provide no assurance that future acquisitions, joint ventures or strategic relationships will be accretive to our business overall or will result in profitable operations.

***We are subject to risks related to our foreign operations which could adversely affect our operations and financial performance.***

We have an operational and administrative support organization in Mexico, and sell our services worldwide. Foreign operations are subject to various risks which could have a material adverse effect on those operations, the costs of those operations, and our business as a whole, including: exposure to local economic and employment conditions; exposure to local taxes and employment regulations, political conditions; currency exchange rate fluctuations; reliance of local



management; and additional potential costs of complying with rules and regulations, and potential changes to those rule and regulations, of foreign jurisdictions. Any adverse consequence resulting from the materialization of the foregoing risks would adversely affect our financial performance and results of operations.

***Unfavorable global economic conditions could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition, results of operations, prospects and market price of our common stock.***

Financial instability and a general decline in economic conditions in the United States and other countries caused by political instability and conflict, including the ongoing conflict between Russia and Ukraine, and economic or financial challenges caused by current and potential future bank failures or by general health crises, have led to market disruptions, including significant volatility in commodity prices, credit and capital markets instability, including disruptions in access to bank deposits and lending commitments, supply chain interruptions, rising interest rates and global inflationary pressures. These macroeconomic factors could materially and adversely affect our ability to continue to operate as a going concern and could otherwise have a material adverse effect on our business, operations, operating results and financial condition as well as the price of our common stock.

The failure of any bank in which we deposit our funds could reduce the amount of cash we have available for our operations or delay our ability to access such funds. Any such failure may increase the possibility of a sustained deterioration of financial market liquidity, or illiquidity at clearing, cash management and/or custodial financial institutions. In the event we have a commercial relationship with a bank that has failed or is otherwise distressed, we may experience delays or other issues in meeting our financial obligations. If other banks and financial institutions fail or become insolvent in the future in response to financial conditions affecting the banking system and financial markets, our ability to access our cash and cash equivalents and investments may be threatened, which could have a material adverse effect on our business, operations, operating results and financial condition as well as the price of our common stock.

#### **Risks Relating to Ownership of Our Common Stock**

***We cannot predict the extent to which an active public trading market for our common stock will develop or be sustained. If an active public trading market does not develop or cannot be sustained, you may be unable to liquidate your investment in our common stock.***

We cannot predict the extent to which an active public market for our common stock will develop or be sustained due to a number of factors, including the fact that we are a small company that is relatively unknown to stock analysts, stock brokers, institutional investors, and others in the investment community that generate or influence sales volume, and that even if we came to the attention of such persons, they tend to be risk-averse and would be reluctant to follow an unproven company such as ours or purchase or recommend the purchase of our shares of common stock until such time as we became more seasoned and viable. As a consequence, there may be periods of several days or more when trading activity in our shares is minimal or non-existent, as compared to a seasoned issuer which has a large and steady volume of trading activity that will generally support continuous sales without an adverse effect on share price. We cannot give you any assurance that an active public trading market for our common stock will develop or be sustained. If such a market cannot be sustained, you may be unable to liquidate your investment in our common stock.

***Our common stock may be subject to significant price volatility which may have an adverse effect on your ability to liquidate your investment in our common stock.***

The market for our common stock may be characterized by significant price volatility when compared to seasoned issuers, and we expect that our share price will be more volatile than a seasoned issuer for the indefinite future. The potential volatility in our share price is attributable to a number of factors. First, our common shares may be sporadically and/or thinly traded. As a consequence of this lack of liquidity, the trading of relatively small quantities of shares by our stockholders may disproportionately influence the price of those shares in either direction. The price for our shares could, for example, decline precipitously in the event that a large number of our common shares are sold on the market without commensurate demand, as compared to a seasoned issuer that could better absorb those sales without adverse impact on its share price. Secondly, an investment in us is a speculative or “risky” investment due to our lack of meaningful profits to date and uncertainty of future profits. As a consequence of this enhanced risk, more risk-averse investors may, under

the fear of losing all or most of their investment in the event of negative news or lack of progress, be more inclined to sell their shares on the market more quickly and at greater discounts than would be the case with the stock of a seasoned issuer.

***We have not paid cash dividends in the past and do not expect to pay cash dividends in the foreseeable future. Any return on your investment may be limited to increases in the market price of our common stock.***

We have never paid cash dividends on our common stock and do not anticipate paying cash dividends on our common stock in the foreseeable future. In addition, our Loan and Security Agreement with PNC Bank, National Association (“PNC”) prohibits us from paying cash dividends. The payment of dividends on our common stock will depend on our earnings, financial condition and other business and economic factors affecting us at such time as the board of directors may consider relevant. If we do not pay dividends, our common stock may be less valuable because a return on your investment might only occur if the market price of our common stock appreciates.

***The exercise of outstanding options to purchase our common stock could substantially dilute your investment.***

Under the terms of our outstanding options to purchase our common stock issued to employees and others, the holders are given an opportunity to profit from a rise in the market price of our common stock that, upon the exercise of the options, could result in dilution in the interests of our other stockholders.

***The market price of our common stock and the value of your investment could substantially decline if our options are exercised and our common stock is issued and resold into the market, or if a perception exists that a substantial number of shares will be issued upon exercise of our options and then resold into the market.***

If the exercise prices of our options are lower than the price at which you made your investment, immediate dilution of the value of your investment will occur. In addition, sales of a substantial number of shares of common stock issued upon exercise of our options, or even the perception that such sales could occur, could adversely affect the market price of our common stock. You could, therefore, experience a substantial decline in the value of your investment as a result of both the actual and potential exercise of our options.

***Failure to achieve and maintain effective internal controls in accordance with Section 404 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 could result in a restatement of our financial statements, cause investors to lose confidence in our financial statements and our company and have a material adverse effect on our business and stock price.***

We produce our financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States, or GAAP. Effective internal controls are necessary for us to provide reliable financial reports to help mitigate the risk of fraud and to operate successfully as a publicly traded company. As a public company, we are required to document and test our internal control procedures in order to satisfy the requirements of Section 404 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, or Section 404. Further, Section 404 requires annual management assessments of the effectiveness of our internal controls over financial reporting.

Testing and maintaining internal controls can divert our management’s attention from other matters that are important to our business. We may not be able to conclude on an ongoing basis that we have effective internal controls over financial reporting in accordance with Section 404. If we are unable to conclude that we have effective internal controls over financial reporting, investors could lose confidence in our reported financial information and our company, which could result in a decline in the market price of our common stock, and cause us to fail to meet our reporting obligations in the future, which in turn could impact our ability to raise additional financing if needed in the future.

***Our board of directors has broad discretion to issue additional securities.***

We are entitled under our certificate of incorporation to issue up to 100,000,000 shares of common stock and 20,000,000 shares of “blank check” preferred stock, although these amounts may change in the future subject to stockholder approval. Shares of our blank check preferred stock provide our board of directors’ broad authority to determine voting, dividend, conversion, and other rights. As of June 30, 2025 we had issued and outstanding 32,479,993 shares of common stock and we had 3,245,381 shares of common stock reserved for future grants under our equity

compensation plans and for issuances upon the exercise or conversion of currently outstanding options and convertible securities. As of June 30, 2025, we had no shares of preferred stock issued and outstanding. Accordingly, as of June 30, 2025, we could issue up to 64,274,626 additional shares of common stock and 20,000,000 additional shares of “blank check” preferred stock. Any additional stock issuances could be made at a price that reflects a discount or premium to the then-current market price of our common stock. In addition, in order to raise capital, we may need to issue securities that are convertible into or exchangeable for a significant amount of our common stock. Our board may generally issue those common and preferred shares, or convertible securities to purchase those shares, without further approval by our stockholders. Any preferred shares we may issue could have such rights, preferences, privileges and restrictions as may be designated from time-to-time by our board, including preferential dividend rights, voting rights, conversion rights, redemption rights and liquidation provisions. We may also issue additional securities to our directors, officers, employees and consultants as compensatory grants in connection with their services, both in the form of stand-alone grants or under our stock incentive plans. The issuance of additional securities may cause substantial dilution to our stockholders.

***Our articles of incorporation, bylaws and Nevada law have anti-takeover provisions that could discourage, delay or prevent a change in control, which may cause our stock price to decline.***

Our articles of incorporation, bylaws and Nevada law contain provisions which could make it more difficult for a third party to acquire us, even if closing such a transaction would be beneficial to our stockholders. We are currently authorized to issue up to 20,000,000 shares of “blank check” preferred stock. This preferred stock may be issued in one or more series, the terms of which may be determined at the time of issuance by our board of directors without further action by stockholders. The terms of any series of preferred stock may include voting rights (including the right to vote as a series on particular matters), preferences as to dividend, liquidation, conversion and redemption rights and sinking fund provisions. No shares of our preferred stock are currently outstanding. The issuance of any preferred stock could materially adversely affect the rights of the holders of our common stock, and therefore, reduce the value of our common stock. In particular, specific rights granted to future holders of preferred stock could be used to restrict our ability to merge with, or sell our assets to, a third party and thereby preserve control by current management.

Provisions of our articles of incorporation, bylaws and Nevada law also could have the effect of discouraging potential acquisition proposals or making a tender offer or delaying or preventing a change in control, including changes a stockholder might consider favorable. Such provisions may also prevent or frustrate attempts by our stockholders to replace or remove our management. In particular, our articles of incorporation, our bylaws and Nevada law, as applicable, among other things, provide our board of directors with the ability to alter our bylaws without stockholder approval, and provide that vacancies on our board of directors may be filled by a majority of directors in office, although less than a quorum.

We may become subject to Nevada’s control share acquisition laws (Nevada Revised Statutes 78.378 -78.3793), which prohibit an acquirer, under certain circumstances, from voting shares of a corporation’s stock after crossing specific threshold ownership percentages, unless the acquirer obtains the approval of the issuing corporation’s stockholders. We are also subject to Nevada’s Combination with Interested Stockholders Statute (Nevada Revised Statutes 78.411 -78.444) which prohibits an interested stockholder from entering into a “combination” with the corporation, unless certain conditions are met. These provisions are expected to discourage certain types of coercive takeover practices and inadequate takeover bids and to encourage persons seeking to acquire control of our company to first negotiate with our board of directors. These provisions may delay or prevent someone from acquiring or merging with us, which may cause the market price of our common stock to decline.

#### **Item 1B. Unresolved Staff Comments**

Not applicable.

#### **Item 1C. Cybersecurity**

As required by Item 106 of Regulation S-K, the following sets forth certain information regarding our cybersecurity strategy, risk management and governance.

We are committed to protecting the confidentiality and integrity of our data, as well as the data of our customers. The mission of our cybersecurity program is to protect the assets used to generate revenue and serve customers while complying with industry frameworks and best practices. Our cybersecurity program consists of cyber defense, governance and compliance, and risk management. Each area has tools, controls, and processes aligned with the National Institute of Standards and Technology Cyber Security Framework.

Managing cybersecurity risk and maintaining secure, reliable, and functional systems are among our highest priorities. Therefore, we have implemented tools, procedures, processes, and management mechanisms to help us achieve a robust cybersecurity environment, and a reliable cybersecurity posture.

We maintain an information security program comprised of policies and controls designed to reduce our cybersecurity attack surface and to mitigate cybersecurity risk. However, at any given time, we face known and unknown cybersecurity risks and threats that are not fully mitigated, and we discover vulnerabilities in our program. We continuously work to enhance our information security program and risk management efforts.

### ***Risk Management and Strategy***

Our cyber defense practices prioritize protection against cyber threats. We have operationalized tools and processes designed to educate, assess, identify, address, and manage risks from cybersecurity threats that may result in material adverse effects on the confidentiality, integrity and availability of our business and information systems. We routinely perform cybersecurity assessments, including with the assistance of external third parties, to identify, assess, and prioritize potential risks that could affect our information and data assets and infrastructure. Once identified, the mitigation of these risks is given our highest priority.

In addition, we use a threat intelligence platform to routinely monitor risks specific to both our organization and third parties. Risks we identify are assessed based on severity and are addressed as appropriate through both tactical and strategic plans.

Our governance and compliance practice focuses on cybersecurity and data privacy policy taxonomy and policy compliance.

We have implemented a number of measures to enhance the security and resiliency of our information and data systems. These measures include, but are not limited to: (i) user access control management; (ii) intrusion detection and prevention systems; (iii) information security continuity measures, including redundant systems and information backups; (iv) system segmentation; (v) encryption of critical information and data; (vi) event logging; (vii) implementation of an application patching and update cadence; and (viii) incident response planning and least privilege access methodology.

### ***Cybersecurity Governance***

Our board of directors delegates to the Audit Committee the oversight of our programs, policies, and procedures related to cybersecurity, information asset security, and data privacy and protection. Broad oversight is maintained by our full Board, which receives a report from the Audit Committee at least annually.

Our CTO oversees our cybersecurity matters and reports to both the Audit Committee and the Board at least once a year, or more frequently as needed. The Audit Committee reviews and discusses with Company management key processes and risk indicators, progress on plans to address key risks, and any material changes in threat landscapes or risk posture which could negatively affect our business.

### ***Training and Awareness***

Our Company's employees are a critical part of our defense against potential cybersecurity incident exposure. All of our associates and contractors have a responsibility and a role to play by complying with our cybersecurity operational practices and reporting any potential cybersecurity incidents or exposures to our cybersecurity team.

To ensure that associates can play their part in protecting our networks and data from cybersecurity incident exposure, all of our associates receive cybersecurity training in the form of online modules on an annual basis, routine simulations to assess risk, and retraining where necessary.

### ***Material Cybersecurity Risks, Threats & Incidents***

We are not aware of any cyber events that have had a material effect on our business. However, we cannot ensure that we will not experience any such event in the future. Any security breach or other significant disruption involving our computer networks and related systems could cause substantial costs and other negative effects, including litigation, remediation costs, costs to deploy additional protection strategies, compromising of confidential information, and reputational damage adversely affecting investor confidence. In addition, a penetration of our systems or a third-party's systems or other misappropriation or misuse of personal information could subject us to business, regulatory, litigation and reputation risk, which could have a negative effect on our business, results of operations and financial condition .

See Item 1A. Risk Factors for further details on risks related to potential breaches of our information technology systems.

## **Item 2. Properties**

We operate in a virtual environment and do not have a physical office space or headquarters.

## **Item 3. Legal Proceedings**

We are involved in legal proceedings in the ordinary course of our business. Although our management cannot predict the ultimate outcome of these legal proceedings with certainty, it believes that the ultimate resolution of our legal proceedings, including any amounts we may be required to pay, will not have a material effect on our consolidated financial statements.

## **Item 4. Mine Safety Disclosures**

Not applicable.

## PART II

### **Item 5. Market for Registrant's Common Equity, Related Stockholder Matters and Issuer Purchases of Equity Securities**

#### **Market Information and Approximate Number of Holders of Common Stock**

Our common stock is quoted on The Nasdaq Stock Market LLC's Nasdaq Capital Market ("Nasdaq") under the symbol "RSSS."

As of September 12, 2025, according to the records of our transfer agent, we had 48 record holders of our common stock. Because brokers and other institutions hold shares on behalf of stockholders, we are unable to estimate the total number of stockholders represented by these record holders.

#### **Dividends**

We have never declared or paid dividends on our common stock. In addition, our Loan Agreement with PNC Bank prohibits us from paying cash dividends on or after the occurrence of an event of default or if an event of default would occur as a result thereof. We currently intend to retain all available funds and any future earnings for use in the operation of our business and do not anticipate paying any dividends on our common stock in the foreseeable future, if at all. Any future determination to declare dividends will be made at the discretion of our board of directors and will depend on our financial condition, operating results, capital requirements, general business conditions and other factors that our board of directors may deem relevant.

#### **Recent Sales of Unregistered Securities**

None.

#### **Use of Proceeds**

None.

#### **Common Stock Repurchases**

Effective as of March 19, 2024, the Compensation Committee of our board of directors authorized the repurchase, on the last day of each trading window during which the outstanding awards remain outstanding and otherwise in accordance with our insider trading policies, of an aggregate value not exceeding \$750,000 (the "Repurchase Cap"), in addition to the prior remaining balance of outstanding common stock of \$330,774 (at prices no greater than \$4.00 per share) (the "Repurchase Price Cap") from our employees to satisfy their tax obligations in connection with the vesting of stock incentive awards through the end of fiscal year 2025. Effective as of December 19, 2024, the Compensation Committee of our board of directors authorized an increase in the Repurchase Cap to an aggregate value not exceeding \$1,500,000 and the Repurchase Price Cap to a price no greater than \$5.50 per share. The actual number of shares repurchased will be determined by applicable employees in their discretion and will depend on their evaluation of market conditions and other factors.

During the three months ended June 30, 2025, we repurchased 9,734 shares of our common stock from employees at an average price of approximately \$2.69 per share for an aggregate amount of \$26,184. During the year ended June 30, 2025, we repurchased 310,330 shares of our common stock from employees at an average market price of approximately \$3.01 per share for an aggregate amount of \$934,577. As of June 30, 2025, \$162,316 remained under the current authorization to repurchase our outstanding common stock from our employees.

During the three months ended June 30, 2024, we repurchased 12,235 shares of our common stock under the repurchase plan at an average price of approximately \$2.63 per share for an aggregate amount of \$32,178. During the year ended June 30, 2024, we repurchased 198,383 shares of our common stock from employees at an average market price of

approximately \$2.79 per share for an aggregate amount of \$554,202. As of June 30, 2024, \$346,893 remained under the current authorization to repurchase our outstanding common stock from our employees.

Shares repurchased are retired and deducted from common stock for par value and from additional paid in capital for the excess over par value. Direct costs incurred to acquire the shares are included in the total cost of the shares.

The following table summarizes repurchases of our common stock on a monthly basis:

<b>Period</b>	<b>Total Number of Shares Purchased<sup>1</sup></b>	<b>Average Price Paid per Share</b>	<b>Approximate Dollar Value of Shares that May Yet Be Purchased Under the Plans or Programs</b>
April 1-30, 2025	—	—	\$ 188,500
May 1-31, 2025	—	—	\$ 188,500
June 1-30, 2025	9,734	\$ 2.69	\$ 162,316
Total	9,734	\$ 2.69	—

- 1 Consists of shares of common stock purchased from employees to satisfy tax obligations in connection with the vesting of stock incentive awards.

### **Equity Compensation Plan Information**

Information relating to compensation plans under which our equity securities are authorized for issuance is set forth in Item 12 of this report under “Security Ownership of Certain Beneficial Owners and Management and Related Stockholder Matters.”

### **Item 6. [Reserved]**

## **Item 7. Management’s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations**

### **Cautionary Notice Regarding Forward-Looking Statements**

*The following discussion and analysis of our financial condition and results of operations for the years ended June 30, 2025 and 2024 should be read in conjunction with our consolidated financial statements and related notes to those financial statements that are included elsewhere in this report. Our discussion includes forward-looking statements based upon current expectations that involve risks and uncertainties, such as our plans, objectives, expectations and intentions. Actual results and the timing of events could differ materially from those anticipated in these forward-looking statements as a result of a number of factors, including those set forth under “Risk Factors” and elsewhere in this report.*

*We use words such as “anticipate,” “estimate,” “plan,” “project,” “continuing,” “ongoing,” “expect,” “believe,” “intend,” “may,” “will,” “should,” “could,” and similar expressions to identify forward-looking statements. All forward-looking statements included in this report are based on information available to us on the date hereof and, except as required by law, we assume no obligation to update any such forward-looking statements.*

### **Overview**

Research Solutions was incorporated in the State of Nevada on November 2, 2006, and is a publicly traded holding company with five wholly owned subsidiaries as of June 30, 2025: Reprints Desk, Inc., a Delaware corporation, including its wholly owned subsidiary Resolute Innovation, Inc., a Delaware corporation, Scite, LLC, a Delaware limited liability company, Reprints Desk Latin America S. de R.L. de C.V., an entity organized under the laws of Mexico, and RESSOL LA, S. DE R.L. DE C.V., an entity organized under the laws of Mexico.

We are a vertical software-as-a-service (“SaaS”) and artificial intelligence (“AI”) company providing software and related services to help research-intensive organizations simplify the research process, save time and money. We offer various software platforms (“Platform” or “Platforms”) that are typically sold to corporate, academic, government and individual researchers as cloud-based SaaS via auto-renewing license agreements. Corporate, academic, and government customers typically sign up under annual or multi-year agreements paid annually in advance. Individual researchers can sign up under an annual or a month-to-month agreement and are typically billed monthly. Our Platforms also facilitate the sale of published scientific, technical, and medical (“STM”) content sold as individual articles (“Transactions”) either stand alone or via one or more of the research Platform solutions we provide. When one or more of the Platform solutions are used to purchase Transactions, customers pay for those transactions through monthly billing or via credit card for individual researchers. In addition, our Platforms facilitate rights and permissions for customers to re-use content, ensuring copyright compliance for research, regulatory and marketing use cases as well as the utilization of content with AI applications and for the training of AI models. Our Platforms enable life science and other research-intensive organizations to simplify their research and development activities through our advanced search (i.e. Discovery Tools), tools to access and buy STM articles required to support their research (i.e. Access), as well as tools that manage that content across the enterprise and on an individual basis (i.e. Manage). The Platforms also include advanced AI (“Generative AI”) based assistants to help researchers understand the quality of the articles they are reviewing, speed up the review process, and to more fully understand how various research papers relate to each other. In addition to STM content, the Platforms provide additional context to the research process by including the ability to search and assimilate a variety of other types of data such as Patent, Clinical Trial, Regulatory and Competitive Intelligence data. They also typically deliver a return on investment to the customer by reducing the amount of time it takes a research organization to find, acquire and manage content, in addition to also driving down the ultimate cost per article and overall research costs over time.

### ***Platforms***

Our cloud-based SaaS Platforms consist of proprietary software and Internet-based interfaces sold to customers through an annual or monthly subscription fee. Legacy functionality falls into three areas.

**Discovery Tools** – Our Scite.ai and Resolute.ai solutions facilitate search (discovery) across virtually all STM articles available. These solutions include basic search solutions and advanced search tools. These tools allow for searching and identifying relevant research and then purchasing that research through one of our other



solutions. In addition, these tools increasingly enable users to find insights in other datasets adjacent to STM content, such as Clinical Trial, Patent, Life Science & MedTech Regulatory information, Competitor and Technology landscape insights, in addition to searching the customer's internal datasets. Scite.ai includes full text search capability on most of the world's STM content providing better search results and citation information as supporting or contrasting evidence. This powers our AI assistant and literature search engine and gives researchers better insights into any topic. The advanced search solutions are sold through a seat, enterprise, or individual license. These Platforms are deployed as a single, multi-tenant system across our entire customer base. Customers securely access the Platforms through online web interfaces and via web service APIs that enable customers to leverage Platform features and functionality from within in-house and third-party software systems. The Platforms can also be configured to satisfy a customer's individual preferences. We leverage our Platforms' efficiencies in scalability, stability and development costs to fuel rapid innovation and competitive advantage.

**Access** – Our Article Galaxy® (“AG”) and Article Galaxy Scholar (Academic Library version) (“AGS”) solutions allow for research organizations to load their entitlements (subscriptions, discount or token packages, and their existing content library of articles) and AG/AGS manages those entitlements in the background enabling the researchers to focus on acquiring articles they need quickly and efficiently at the lowest possible cost. When used in conjunction with our Discovery Tools Platforms, customers can initiate orders, route orders based on the lowest cost to acquire, obtain spend and usage reporting, automate authentication, and connect seamlessly to in-house and third-party software systems. In addition, Article Galaxy facilitates rights and permissions for various re-use cases, including the utilization in AI applications and training of AI applications, ensuring copyright compliance for our customers.

**Manage** – Our References solution offers a comprehensive reference management solution with built-in document delivery capabilities specifically designed to meet the collaboration and security needs of research-intensive organizations. This user-friendly Platform enables researchers to seamlessly organize their literature, collaborate with team members, and access a vast collection of scientific content. By integrating organization tools with instant access to millions of scholarly articles, our References solution streamlines the research workflow and enhances productivity for scientific professionals.

AI models are integral to powering the unique insights our platforms provide as well as the user experience customers enjoy. Natural language processing (“NLP”) and AI models are used to enhance metadata, define connections between topics and content items as well as to generate data and metrics employed to enable users to rapidly identify and understand the value of content they need for their research. We also use state of the art AI models, such as Large Language Models to include Generative AI “assistants” in several parts of the research workflow today and will continually add capability as we move forward. Today we employ Generative AI technologies as a basis for our recommendation engine in our Discovery Tools, Access, and Manage Platform solutions. In addition, Generative AI based “assistants” in some of our solutions allow the researcher to ask questions about articles, groups of articles (folders), and more. We also have the capability to provide near full text search on STM content in the Scite.ai solution where the publisher gives us the rights to do so. The ability to not only mine an article's full text but also show snippets of full text is unique to our Company and allows our Generative AI assistants to provide highly accurate results with a very low incidence of hallucinations as part of a Retrieval Augmented Generation framework focused just on STM content. We plan to release several new Platform solutions to enhance the research workflows described above and add new solutions to support the analysis functions that exist in our typical customer base.

Our Platforms are generally deployed as a single, multi-tenant system across our entire customer base. Customers securely access the Platforms through online web interfaces and via web service APIs that enable customers to leverage Platform features and functionality from within in-house and third-party software systems. Our Platforms can also be configured to satisfy a customer's individual preferences. We leverage our Platforms efficiencies in scalability, stability and development costs to fuel rapid innovation and to gain a competitive advantage.

### ***Transactions***

We provide our researchers with a single source to the universe of published STM content that includes over 200 million existing STM journal articles for instant download, 50 million journal articles for rent, 10 million online book chapters, and 45 million only in print journal articles. In addition, we add between 2 to 4 million newly published STM

articles each year. STM content is rented or sold to our customers on a per transaction basis. Researchers and knowledge workers in life science and other research-intensive organizations generally require single copies of published STM journal articles for use in their research activities. These individuals are our primary users and while they typically purchase the articles via one of our Platform solutions, we do have some customers that just order articles from us on behalf of end-users in their organizations.

Core to many of our Platform solutions is providing our customers with ways to find and download digital versions of STM articles that are critical to their research. Customers submit orders for the articles they need which we source and electronically deliver to them generally in under an hour, in most cases in seconds. This service is generally known in the industry as single article delivery or document delivery. We also obtain the necessary permission licenses from the content publisher or other rights holder so that our customer's use complies with applicable copyright laws and we are expanding these services to include the use of content in AI applications and for the training of AI models. We have arrangements with hundreds of content publishers that allow us to distribute their content. The majority of these publishers provide us with electronic access to their content, which allows us to electronically deliver single articles to our customers often in a matter of seconds. While a vast majority of the articles are available in electronic form, the Company also has workflows to deliver older paper-based articles through relationships we have built with libraries around the world.

### ***Inflation Risk***

We do not believe that inflation has had a material effect on its operations to date, other than its impact on the general economy. However, there is a risk that our operating costs could become subject to inflationary and interest rate pressures in the future, which would have the effect of increasing our operating costs, and which would put additional stress on our working capital resources.

### **Critical Accounting Policies and Estimates**

The preparation of our consolidated financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States, or GAAP, requires us to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, revenue and expenses, and related disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities. When making these estimates and assumptions, we consider our historical experience, our knowledge of economic and market factors and various other factors that we believe to be reasonable under the circumstances. Actual results may differ under different estimates and assumptions.

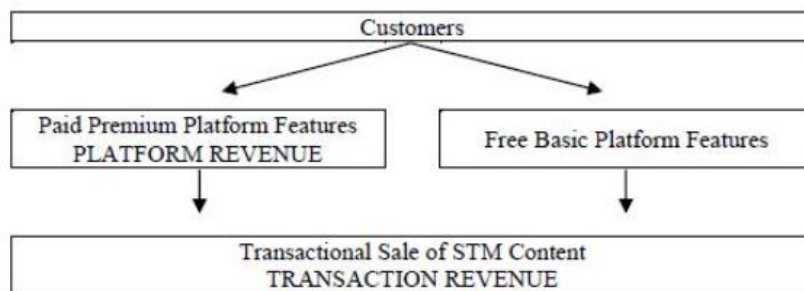
The accounting estimates and assumptions discussed in this section are those that we consider to be the most critical to an understanding of our financial statements because they inherently involve significant judgments and uncertainties.

### ***Revenue Recognition***

We account for revenue in accordance with ASU 2014-09, Revenue from Contracts with Customers (Topic 606), ("ASC 606"). The underlying principle of ASC 606 is to recognize revenue to depict the transfer of goods or services to customers at the amount expected to be collected.

Revenues are recognized when control of the promised goods or services are transferred to a customer, in an amount that reflects the consideration that we expect to receive in exchange for those goods or services. We derive our revenues from two sources: annual licenses that allow customers to access and utilize certain premium features of our

cloud-based SaaS research intelligence platforms and the transactional sale of STM content managed, sourced and delivered through the Platform.



We apply the following five steps in order to determine the appropriate amount of revenue to be recognized as we fulfill our obligations under each of our agreements:

- identify the contract with a customer;
- identify the performance obligations in the contract;
- determine the transaction price;
- allocate the transaction price to performance obligations in the contract; and
- recognize revenue as the performance obligation is satisfied.

### ***Platforms***

We charge a subscription fee that allows customers to access and utilize certain premium features of our Platforms. Revenue is recognized ratably over the term of the subscription agreement, which is typically one year, provided all other revenue recognition criteria have been met. Billings or payments received in advance of revenue recognition are recorded as deferred revenue.

### ***Transactions***

We charge a transactional service fee for the electronic delivery of single articles, and a corresponding copyright fee for the permitted use of the content. We recognize revenue from single article delivery services upon delivery to the customer provided all other revenue recognition criteria have been met.

### ***Stock-Based Compensation***

We periodically issue stock options, warrants and restricted stock to employees and non-employees for services, in capital raising transactions, and for financing costs. We account for share-based payments under the guidance as set forth in the Share-Based Payment Topic 718 of the FASB Accounting Standards Codification, which requires the measurement and recognition of compensation expense for all share-based payment awards made to employees, officers, directors, and consultants, including employee stock options, based on estimated fair values. We estimate the fair value of stock option and warrant awards to employees and directors on the date of grant using an option-pricing model. Depending on the type of restricted stock award, the fair value of our restricted stock is estimated based on the market price of our common stock on the date of grant or with the assistance of a valuation specialist, using the Monte Carlo simulations on a binomial model with a derived service period. We recognize compensation expense on the straight-line basis over the requisite service period for awards subject to time vesting conditions and the graded tranche basis for awards subject to market vesting conditions. Forfeitures are accounted for as they occur. We recognize stock-based compensation within the consolidated statements of operations and comprehensive income (loss) with classification depending on the nature of the services rendered.

Under ASC 718, repurchase or cancellation of equity awards, the amount of cash or other assets transferred (or liabilities incurred) to repurchase an equity award shall be charged to equity, to the extent that the amount paid does not exceed the fair value of the equity instruments repurchased at the repurchase date. Any excess of the repurchase price over the fair value of the instruments repurchased shall be recognized as additional compensation cost.

#### ***Allowance for Credit Losses***

Our trade accounts receivable are recorded at amounts billed to customers and presented on the consolidated balance sheet net of the allowance for estimated credit losses, and typically due within 30 days. We evaluate the collectability of our trade accounts receivable based on a number of factors. In circumstances where we become aware of a specific customer's inability to meet its financial obligations to us, we estimate and record a specific reserve for bad debts, which reduces the recognized receivable to the estimated amount we believe will ultimately be collected. In addition to specific customer identification of potential bad debts, bad debt charges are recorded based on our historical losses, our forecast and an overall assessment of trade accounts receivable outstanding. We established an allowance for doubtful accounts of \$182,324 and \$68,579 as of June 30, 2025 and 2024, respectively. We added provisions and reserve adjustments of approximately \$163,000 and \$99,000 in the years ended June 30, 2025 and 2024, respectively. We had write-offs of approximately \$49,000 and \$80,000 in the years ended June 30, 2025 and 2024, respectively.

#### ***Foreign Currency***

The accompanying consolidated financial statements are presented in United States dollars, the functional currency of our company. Capital accounts of foreign subsidiaries are translated into US dollars from foreign currencies at their historical exchange rates when the capital transactions occurred. Assets and liabilities are translated at the exchange rate as of the balance sheet date. Income and expenditures are translated at the average exchange rate of the period. Although the majority of our revenue and costs are in US dollars, the costs of Reprints Desk Latin America and ResSol LA are in Mexican Pesos. As a result, currency exchange fluctuations may impact our revenue and the costs of our operations. We currently do not engage in any currency hedging activities.

## Comparison of the Years Ended June 30, 2025 and 2024

### Results of Operations

	Year Ended June 30,			
	2025	2024	\$ Change	% Change
<b>Revenue:</b>				
Platforms	\$ 18,955,695	\$ 13,956,517	\$ 4,999,178	35.8 %
Transactions	30,102,286	30,667,382	(565,096)	(1.8)%
Total revenue	49,057,981	44,623,899	4,434,082	9.9 %
<b>Cost of revenue:</b>				
Platforms	2,371,540	2,067,203	304,337	14.7 %
Transactions	22,490,490	22,916,530	(426,040)	(1.9)%
Total cost of revenue	24,862,030	24,983,733	(121,703)	(0.5)%
<b>Gross profit:</b>				
Platforms	16,584,155	11,889,314	4,694,841	39.5 %
Transactions	7,611,796	7,750,852	(139,056)	(1.8)%
Total gross profit	24,195,951	19,640,166	4,555,785	23.2 %
<b>Operating expenses:</b>				
Sales and marketing	5,360,356	3,442,503	1,917,853	55.7 %
Technology and product development	5,631,344	5,442,382	188,962	3.5 %
General and administrative	7,936,644	8,511,697	(575,053)	(6.8)%
Depreciation and amortization	1,245,362	836,271	409,091	48.9 %
Stock-based compensation expense	1,723,561	2,155,461	(431,900)	(20.0)%
Foreign currency transaction loss (gain)	(202,527)	21,395	(223,922)	(1,046.6)%
Total operating expenses	21,694,740	20,409,709	1,285,031	6.3 %
Income (loss) from operations	2,501,211	(769,543)	3,270,754	425.0 %
Other income	595,679	333,088	262,591	78.8 %
Change in fair value of contingent earnout liability	(1,748,526)	(3,237,071)	1,488,545	46.0 %
Income (loss) before provision for income taxes	1,348,364	(3,673,526)	5,021,890	136.7 %
Provision for income taxes	(82,811)	(113,071)	30,260	26.8 %
Net income (loss)	\$ 1,265,553	\$ (3,786,597)	\$ 5,052,150	133.4 %

### Revenue

	Years Ended June 30,			
	2025	2024	\$ Change	% Change
<b>Revenue:</b>				
Platforms	\$ 18,955,695	\$ 13,956,517	\$ 4,999,178	35.8 %
Transactions	30,102,286	30,667,382	(565,096)	(1.8)%
Total revenue	\$ 49,057,981	\$ 44,623,899	\$ 4,434,082	9.9 %

Total revenue increased \$4,434,082, or 9.9%, for the year ended June 30, 2025 compared to the prior year, due to the following:

Category	Impact		Key Drivers
Platforms	↑	\$ 4,999,178	Increased due to additional deployments to new and existing customers, expansion from existing customers and additional revenue from a full year of the Scite acquisition. Revenue is recognized ratably over the term of the subscription agreement, which is typically one year for commercial customers and monthly or annual for individual subscribers, provided all other revenue recognition criteria have been met. Billings or payments received in advance of revenue recognition are recorded as deferred revenue.
Transactions	↓	\$ (565,096)	Decreased primarily due to lower volume of paid orders.

### *Cost of Revenue*

	Years Ended June 30,			
	2025	2024	\$ Change	% Change
<i>Cost of Revenue:</i>				
Platforms	\$ 2,371,540	\$ 2,067,203	\$ 304,337	14.7 %
Transactions	22,490,490	22,916,530	(426,040)	(1.9)%
Total cost of revenue	<u>\$ 24,862,030</u>	<u>\$ 24,983,733</u>	<u>\$ (121,703)</u>	<u>(0.5)%</u>

	Years Ended June 30,		
	2025	2024	% Change *
<i>As a percentage of revenue:</i>			
Platforms	12.5 %	14.8 %	(2.3)%
Transactions	74.7 %	74.7 %	(0.0)%
Total	50.7 %	56.0 %	(5.3)%

\* The difference between current and prior period cost of revenue as a percentage of revenue

Total cost of revenue as a percentage of revenue decreased 5.3%, from 56.0% for the previous year to 50.7%, for the year ended June 30, 2025.

Category	Impact as percentage of revenue		Key Drivers
Platforms	↓	2.3 %	Decreased primarily due to proportionally lower personnel and hosting costs.
Transactions	—	— %	No material change.

## Gross Profit

	Years Ended June 30,			
	2025	2024	\$ Change	% Change
<b>Gross Profit:</b>				
Platforms	\$ 16,584,155	\$ 11,889,314	\$ 4,694,841	39.5 %
Transactions	7,611,796	7,750,852	(139,056)	(1.8)%
Total gross profit	<u>\$ 24,195,951</u>	<u>\$ 19,640,166</u>	<u>\$ 4,555,785</u>	<u>23.2 %</u>

	Years Ended June 30,		
	2025	2024	% Change*
<b>As a percentage of revenue:</b>			
Platforms	87.5 %	85.2 %	2.3 %
Transactions	25.3 %	25.3 %	0.0 %
Total	<u>49.3 %</u>	<u>44.0 %</u>	<u>5.3 %</u>

\* The difference between current and prior period gross profit as a percentage of revenue

## Operating Expenses

	Years Ended June 30,			
	2025	2024	\$ Change	% Change
<b>Operating Expenses:</b>				
Sales and marketing	\$ 5,360,356	\$ 3,442,503	\$ 1,917,853	55.7 %
Technology and product development	5,631,344	5,442,382	188,962	3.5 %
General and administrative	7,936,644	8,511,697	(575,053)	(6.8)%
Depreciation and amortization	1,245,362	836,271	409,091	48.9 %
Stock-based compensation expense	1,723,561	2,155,461	(431,900)	(20.0)%
Foreign currency transaction loss (gain)	(202,527)	21,395	(223,922)	(1,046.6)%
Total operating expenses	<u>\$ 21,694,740</u>	<u>\$ 20,409,709</u>	<u>\$ 1,285,031</u>	<u>6.3 %</u>

Category	Impact		Key Drivers
Sales and marketing	↑	\$ 1,917,853	Increased primarily due to greater personnel costs, including a new CRO, consulting and training expenses and marketing discretionary advertising spend, most of which is related to the additional cost base associated with the Scite acquisition.
Technology and product development	↑	\$ 188,962	Increased primarily due to greater software development personnel costs and increased technology subscription costs, most of which are related to the additional cost base associated with the Scite acquisition.
General and administrative	↓	\$ 575,053	Decreased primarily due to lower legal expenses. Personnel and consulting costs also decreased, partially offset by greater recruiting expenses.

## Provision for Income Taxes

During the years ended June 30, 2025 and 2024 we recorded a provision for income taxes of \$82,811 and \$113,071, respectively, a decrease of \$30,260, which was largely due to a decrease in income tax related to our ResSol LA subsidiary.

### *Net Income (Loss)*

	Year Ended June 30,			
	2025	2024	\$ Change	% Change
<b>Net Income (Loss):</b>				
Net income (loss):	\$ 1,265,553	\$ (3,786,597)	\$ 5,052,150	133.4 %

Net income increased \$5,052,150 or 133.4%, for the year ended June 30, 2025 compared to the prior year, primarily due to increased gross profit, partially offset by increase in sales and marketing expenses and a decrease in the net estimated earn out liability associated with the Scite acquisition completed in fiscal year 2024, due to change of estimated fair value.

### **Liquidity and Capital Resources**

	Year Ended June 30,	
	2025	2024
<b>Consolidated Statements of Cash Flow Data:</b>		
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$ 7,023,166	\$ 3,550,954
Net cash used in investing activities	(19,261)	(10,095,256)
Net cash used in financing activities	(877,884)	(905,851)
Effect of exchange rate changes	1,260	4,851
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	6,127,281	(7,445,302)
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period	6,100,031	13,545,333
Cash and cash equivalents, end of period	<u>\$ 12,227,312</u>	<u>\$ 6,100,031</u>

#### *Liquidity*

As of June 30, 2025, we had cash and cash equivalents of \$12,227,312 compared to \$6,100,031 as of June 30, 2024, an increase of \$6,127,281. This increase was primarily due to cash provided by operating activities.

#### *Operating Activities*

Net cash provided by operating activities was \$7,023,166 for the year ended June 30, 2025 and resulted primarily from an adjustment to contingent earnout liability of \$1,748,526, an increase in deferred revenue of \$1,678,272, restricted common stock expense of \$1,518,104 and a decrease in prepaid royalties of \$1,066,312, partially offset by a decrease in accounts payable and accrued expenses of \$1,426,282 and an increase in accounts receivable of \$341,434.

Net cash provided by operating activities was \$3,550,954 for the year ended June 30, 2024 and resulted primarily from restricted common stock expense of \$1,994,362, an increase in deferred revenue of \$921,879 and an increase in accounts payable and accrued expenses of \$560,027, partially offset by an increase in accounts receivable of \$344,020.

#### *Investing Activities*

Net cash used in investing activities was \$19,261 for the year ended June 30, 2025 and resulted from the purchase of property and equipment.

Net cash used in investing activities was \$10,095,256 for the year ended June 30, 2024 and resulted primarily from the payment for the Scite acquisition of \$7,305,493 and the payment for the ResoluteAI acquisition of \$2,718,253.



## Financing Activities

Net cash used in financing activities was \$877,884 for the year ended June 30, 2025 and resulted from the repurchase of common stock of \$934,577 and the payment of contingent acquisition consideration of \$124,107, partially offset by the proceeds from the exercise of stock options of \$180,800.

Net cash used in financing activities was \$905,851 for the year ended June 30, 2024 and resulted from repurchase of common stock of \$554,202 and the payment of contingent acquisition consideration of \$351,649 pertaining to FIZ acquisition.

On April 15, 2024, we entered into a Loan Agreement (the “PNC Loan Agreement”) with PNC, as lender. Pursuant to the PNC Loan Agreement, we entered into a Revolving Line of Credit Note (the “PNC Note”) with PNC, which provides for a \$500,000 secured revolving line of credit that matures on April 15, 2026 and bears interest annually at the daily SOFR rate plus 2.5%, with accrued interest due and payable monthly. The PNC Note contains customary events of default including, among other things, payment defaults, material misrepresentations, breaches of covenants, revocation of guarantee, certain bankruptcy and insolvency events. There were no outstanding borrowings under the line of credit as of June 30, 2025.

## Non-GAAP Measure – Adjusted EBITDA

In addition to our GAAP results, we present Adjusted EBITDA as a supplemental measure of our performance. However, Adjusted EBITDA is not a recognized measurement under GAAP and should not be considered as an alternative to net income (loss), income (loss) from operations or any other performance measure derived in accordance with GAAP or as an alternative to cash flow from operating activities as a measure of liquidity. We define Adjusted EBITDA as net income (loss), plus interest expense, other (income) expense including any change in fair value of contingent earnout liability, foreign currency transaction loss (gain), provision for income taxes, depreciation and amortization, and stock-based compensation, when applicable. Management considers our core operating performance to be that which our managers can affect in any particular period through their management of the resources that affect our underlying revenue and profit generating operations that period. Non-GAAP adjustments to our results prepared in accordance with GAAP are itemized below. You are encouraged to evaluate these adjustments and the reasons we consider them appropriate for supplemental analysis. In evaluating Adjusted EBITDA, you should be aware that in the future we may incur expenses that are the same as or similar to some of the adjustments in this presentation. Our presentation of Adjusted EBITDA should not be construed as an inference that our future results will be unaffected by unusual or non-recurring items.

Set forth below is a reconciliation of Adjusted EBITDA to net income (loss) for the year ended June 30, 2025 and 2024:

	Years Ended June 30,			
	2025	2024	\$ Change	% Change
Net income (loss)	\$ 1,265,553	\$ (3,786,597)	\$ 5,052,150	133.4 %
Add (deduct):				
Other (income) expense	1,152,847	2,903,983	(1,751,136)	(60.3)%
Foreign currency transaction loss (gain)	(202,527)	21,395	(223,922)	(1,046.6)%
Provision for income taxes	82,811	113,071	(30,260)	(26.8)%
Depreciation and amortization	1,245,362	836,271	409,091	48.9 %
Stock-based compensation	1,723,561	2,155,461	(431,900)	(20.0)%
Adjusted EBITDA	<u>\$ 5,267,607</u>	<u>\$ 2,243,584</u>	<u>\$ 3,024,023</u>	<u>134.8 %</u>

We present Adjusted EBITDA because we believe it assists investors and analysts in comparing our performance across reporting periods on a consistent basis by excluding items that we do not believe are indicative of our core operating performance. In addition, we use Adjusted EBITDA in developing our internal budgets, forecasts and strategic plan; in analyzing the effectiveness of our business strategies in evaluating potential acquisitions; and in making compensation

decisions and in communications with our board of directors concerning our financial performance. Adjusted EBITDA has limitations as an analytical tool, which includes, among others, the following:

- Adjusted EBITDA does not reflect our cash expenditures, or future requirements, for capital expenditures or contractual commitments;
- Adjusted EBITDA does not reflect changes in, or cash requirements for, our working capital needs;
- Adjusted EBITDA does not reflect interest expense, or the cash requirements necessary to service interest or principal payments, on our debts; and
- Although depreciation and amortization are non-cash charges, the assets being depreciated and amortized will often have to be replaced in the future, and Adjusted EBITDA does not reflect any cash requirements for such replacements.

#### **Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements**

We do not have any off-balance sheet arrangements.

#### **Recently Issued Accounting Pronouncements**

For information about recently issued accounting standards, refer to Note 2 to our Consolidated Financial Statements appearing elsewhere in this report.

#### **Item 7A. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk**

Not required.

## **Item 8. Financial Statements**

### **REPORT OF INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM**

To the Stockholders and Board of Directors  
Research Solutions, Inc. and Subsidiaries  
Henderson, Nevada

#### **Opinion on the Financial Statements**

We have audited the accompanying consolidated balance sheet of Research Solutions, Inc. and Subsidiaries (the “Company”), as of June 30, 2025 and the related consolidated statements of operations and other comprehensive income (loss), changes in stockholders’ equity, and cash flows for the year then ended, and the related notes to the consolidated financial statements (collectively referred to as the “consolidated financial statements”). In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Company as of June 30, 2025, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the year then ended, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### **Basis for Opinion**

These consolidated financial statements are the responsibility of the Company’s management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company’s consolidated financial statements based on our audit. We are a public accounting firm registered with the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States) (“PCAOB”) and are required to be independent with respect to the Company in accordance with the U.S. federal securities laws and the applicable rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission and the PCAOB.

We conducted our audit in accordance with the standards of the PCAOB. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements are free of material misstatement, whether due to error or fraud. The Company is not required to have, nor were we engaged to perform, an audit of its internal control over financial reporting. As part of our audit, we are required to obtain an understanding of internal control over financial reporting, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company’s internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we express no such opinion.

Our audit included performing procedures to assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to error or fraud, and performing procedures that respond to those risks. Such procedures included examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the consolidated financial statements. Our audits also included evaluating the accounting principles used and the significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the consolidated financial statements. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

#### **Critical Audit Matters**

Critical audit matters are matters arising from the current period audit of the consolidated financial statements that were communicated or required to be communicated to the audit committee and that: (1) relate to accounts or disclosures that are material to the consolidated financial statements and (2) involved our especially challenging, subjective, or complex judgements. We determined that there were no critical audit matters.

We have served as the Company’s auditor since 2025.

/s/ Wipfli LLP  
Radnor, Pennsylvania  
September 19, 2025  
PCAOB ID: 344

## REPORT OF INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM

To the Stockholders and Board of Directors  
Research Solutions, Inc. and Subsidiaries  
Henderson, Nevada

### Opinion on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying consolidated balance sheet of Research Solutions, Inc. and Subsidiaries (the “Company”) as of June 30, 2024, the related consolidated statements of operations and other comprehensive loss, changes in stockholders’ equity, and cash flows for the year then ended, and the related notes (collectively referred to as the “financial statements”). In our opinion, the financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Company as of June 30, 2024, and the result of its operations and its cash flows for the year then ended, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

### Basis for Opinion

These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company’s management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company’s financial statements based on our audit. We are a public accounting firm registered with the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States) (“PCAOB”) and are required to be independent with respect to the Company in accordance with the U.S. federal securities laws and the applicable rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission and the PCAOB.

We conducted our audit in accordance with the standards of the PCAOB. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement, whether due to error or fraud. The Company is not required to have, nor were we engaged to perform, an audit of its internal control over financial reporting. As part of our audit we are required to obtain an understanding of internal control over financial reporting but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company’s internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we express no such opinion.

Our audit included performing procedures to assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to error or fraud, and performing procedures that respond to those risks. Such procedures included examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. Our audit also included evaluating the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

### Critical Audit Matter

The critical audit matter communicated below is a matter arising from the current period audit of the financial statements that was communicated or required to be communicated to the audit committee and that; (1) relates to accounts or disclosures that are material to the financial statements and (2) involved our especially challenging, subjective, or complex judgments. The communication of the critical audit matter does not alter in any way our opinion on the financial statements, taken as a whole, and we are not, by communicating the critical audit matter below, providing a separate opinion on the critical audit matter or on the accounts or disclosures to which it relates.

#### *Valuation of Developed Technology Asset Acquired and Contingent Earnout Liability Related to Acquisitions of ResoluteAI and Scite*

As described in Note 9 to the consolidated financial statements, in July 2023 and December 2023, the Company completed the acquisitions of ResoluteAI and Scite, respectively, for total consideration of \$25.9 million, including contingent consideration of \$9 million. In connection with the acquisitions, the Company acquired \$10.9 million of intangible assets, including \$10.8 million for developed technology assets. The developed technology assets were valued using the multi-period excess earnings method under the income approach. The present value of projected future cash flows included significant judgment and assumptions regarding projected future revenues, projected expenses, and the discount rate for

the technology asset. The fair value of the contingent earnout liability is calculated using Monte Carlo simulation based on corresponding projected recurring revenue, as defined in the acquisition agreements.

We identified the valuation of the acquired developed technology assets and the contingent earnout liabilities in connection with the acquisitions of ResoluteAI and Scite as a critical audit matter because of the significant judgement by management when developing the fair value estimate of the developed technology assets acquired and the contingent earnout liability. This required a high degree of auditor judgment and an increased extent of effort, when performing procedures to evaluate the reasonableness of management's assumptions related to projected future revenues, projected expenses, and the discount rate for the technology asset.

The primary procedures we performed to address this critical audit matter included:

- We evaluated the appropriateness of the valuation methods used to determine the respective fair values.
- We assessed the reasonableness of forecasted revenue and costs including comparing the forecasts prepared by management to historical revenue and costs.
- We performed procedures to verify the mathematical accuracy of the calculations used by management.
- We examined the acquisition agreements to identify relevant terms of the acquisitions.
- We assessed the appropriateness of the presentation and disclosure of these accounting elements in the financial statements.

We have served as the Company's auditor from 2006 through 2024.

/s/ Weinberg & Company P.A.

Los Angeles, California

September 20, 2024

PCAOB ID: 572

**Research Solutions, Inc. and Subsidiaries**  
**Consolidated Balance Sheets**

	June 30, 2025	June 30, 2024
<b>Assets</b>		
<b>Current assets:</b>		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 12,227,312	\$ 6,100,031
Accounts receivable, net of allowance of \$182,324 and \$68,579, respectively	7,191,234	6,879,800
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	580,257	643,553
Prepaid royalties	925	1,067,237
Total current assets	19,999,728	14,690,621
<b>Non-current assets:</b>		
Property and equipment, net of accumulated depreciation of \$964,883 and \$922,558, respectively	60,769	88,011
Intangible assets, net of accumulated amortization of \$2,736,773 and \$1,535,310, respectively	9,686,241	10,764,261
Goodwill	16,372,979	16,315,888
Deposits and other assets	957	981
<b>Total assets</b>	<b>\$ 46,120,674</b>	<b>\$ 41,859,762</b>
<b>Liabilities and Stockholders' Equity</b>		
<b>Current liabilities:</b>		
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$ 7,443,757	\$ 8,843,612
Deferred revenue	10,702,120	9,023,848
Contingent earnout liability, current portion	7,363,152	—
Total current liabilities	25,509,029	17,867,460
<b>Non-current liabilities:</b>		
Contingent earnout liability, long-term portion	6,683,488	12,298,114
<b>Total liabilities</b>	<b>32,192,517</b>	<b>30,165,574</b>
<b>Commitments and contingencies</b>		
<b>Stockholders' equity:</b>		
Preferred stock; \$0.001 par value; 20,000,000 shares authorized; no shares issued and outstanding	—	—
Common stock; \$0.001 par value; 100,000,000 shares authorized; 32,479,993 and 32,295,373 shares issued and outstanding, respectively	32,480	32,295
Additional paid-in capital	39,059,557	38,089,958
Accumulated deficit	(25,043,693)	(26,309,246)
Accumulated other comprehensive loss	(120,187)	(118,819)
Total stockholders' equity	13,928,157	11,694,188
<b>Total liabilities and stockholders' equity</b>	<b>\$ 46,120,674</b>	<b>\$ 41,859,762</b>

See notes to consolidated financial statements

**Research Solutions, Inc. and Subsidiaries**  
**Consolidated Statements of Operations and Other Comprehensive Income (Loss)**

	<b>Years Ended June 30,</b>	
	<b>2025</b>	<b>2024</b>
<b>Revenue:</b>		
Platforms	\$ 18,955,695	\$ 13,956,517
Transactions	30,102,286	30,667,382
Total revenue	49,057,981	44,623,899
<b>Cost of revenue:</b>		
Platforms	2,371,540	2,067,203
Transactions	22,490,490	22,916,530
Total cost of revenue	24,862,030	24,983,733
Gross profit	24,195,951	19,640,166
<b>Operating expenses:</b>		
Selling, general and administrative	20,449,378	19,573,438
Depreciation and amortization	1,245,362	836,271
Total operating expenses	21,694,740	20,409,709
Income (loss) from operations	2,501,211	(769,543)
Other income	595,679	333,088
Change in fair value of contingent earnout liability	(1,748,526)	(3,237,071)
Income (loss) before provision for income taxes	1,348,364	(3,673,526)
Provision for income taxes	(82,811)	(113,071)
Net income (loss)	1,265,553	(3,786,597)
<b>Other comprehensive income (loss):</b>		
Foreign currency translation	(1,368)	(595)
Comprehensive income (loss)	\$ 1,264,185	\$ (3,787,192)
<b>Basic income (loss) per common share:</b>		
Net income (loss) per share	\$ 0.04	\$ (0.13)
Weighted average common shares outstanding	30,681,187	28,863,949
<b>Diluted income (loss) per common share:</b>		
Net income (loss) per share	\$ 0.04	\$ (0.13)
Weighted average common shares outstanding	31,503,972	28,863,949

See notes to consolidated financial statements

**Research Solutions, Inc. and Subsidiaries**  
**Consolidated Statements of Changes in Stockholders' Equity**  
**For the Years Ended June 30, 2025 and 2024**

	<u>Common Stock</u>		<u>Additional Paid-in Capital</u>	<u>Accumulated Deficit</u>	<u>Other Comprehensive Loss</u>	<u>Total Stockholders' Equity</u>
	<u>Shares</u>	<u>Amount</u>				
<b>Balance, July 1, 2023</b>	29,487,508	\$ 29,487	\$ 29,941,873	\$ (22,522,649)	\$ (118,224)	\$ 7,330,487
Stock options expense	—	—	140,150	—	—	140,150
Restricted common stock expense	—	—	1,994,362	—	—	1,994,362
Grant of restricted common stock	405,000	405	(405)	—	—	—
Forfeited restricted common stock	(200,000)	(200)	200	—	—	—
Repurchase of common stock	(198,383)	(198)	(554,004)	—	—	(554,202)
Common stock issued upon exercise of stock options	72,234	72	(72)	—	—	—
Common stock issued for acquisition of Scite	2,729,014	2,729	6,546,905	—	—	6,549,634
Modification cost of accelerated vesting of restricted common stock	—	—	20,949	—	—	20,949
Net loss for the period	—	—	—	(3,786,597)	—	(3,786,597)
Foreign currency translation	—	—	—	—	(595)	(595)
<b>Balance, June 30, 2024</b>	32,295,373	32,295	38,089,958	(26,309,246)	(118,819)	11,694,188
Stock options expense	—	—	205,457	—	—	205,457
Restricted common stock expense	—	—	1,518,104	—	—	1,518,104
Grant of restricted common stock	590,000	590	(590)	—	—	—
Forfeited restricted common stock	(318,584)	(319)	319	—	—	—
Repurchase of common stock	(310,330)	(310)	(934,267)	—	—	(934,577)
Common stock issued upon exercise of stock options	223,534	224	180,576	—	—	180,800
Net income for the period	—	—	—	1,265,553	—	1,265,553
Foreign currency translation	—	—	—	—	(1,368)	(1,368)
<b>Balance, June 30, 2025</b>	<u>32,479,993</u>	<u>\$ 32,480</u>	<u>\$ 39,059,557</u>	<u>\$ (25,043,693)</u>	<u>\$ (120,187)</u>	<u>\$ 13,928,157</u>

See notes to consolidated financial statements



**Research Solutions, Inc. and Subsidiaries**  
**Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows**

	<b>Years Ended June 30,</b>	
	<b>2025</b>	<b>2024</b>
<b>Cash flow from operating activities:</b>		
Net income (loss)	\$ 1,265,553	\$ (3,786,597)
Adjustment to reconcile net income (loss) to net cash provided by operating activities:		
Depreciation and amortization	1,245,362	836,271
Stock options expense	205,457	140,150
Restricted common stock expense	1,518,104	1,994,362
Modification cost of accelerated vesting of restricted common stock	—	20,949
Adjustment to contingent earnout liability	1,748,526	3,237,071
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:		
Accounts receivable	(341,434)	(344,020)
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	63,296	(164,579)
Prepaid royalties	1,066,312	135,441
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	(1,426,282)	560,027
Deferred revenue	1,678,272	921,879
Net cash provided by operating activities	<u>7,023,166</u>	<u>3,550,954</u>
<b>Cash flow from investing activities:</b>		
Purchase of property and equipment	(19,261)	(71,510)
Payment for acquisition of Resolute, net of cash acquired	—	(2,718,253)
Payment for acquisition of Scite, net of cash acquired	—	(7,305,493)
Net cash used in investing activities	<u>(19,261)</u>	<u>(10,095,256)</u>
<b>Cash flow from financing activities:</b>		
Proceeds from the exercise of stock options	180,800	—
Common stock repurchase	(934,577)	(554,202)
Payment of contingent acquisition consideration	(124,107)	(351,649)
Net cash used in financing activities	<u>(877,884)</u>	<u>(905,851)</u>
Effect of exchange rate changes	1,260	4,851
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	6,127,281	(7,445,302)
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period	6,100,031	13,545,333
Cash and cash equivalents, end of period	<u>\$ 12,227,312</u>	<u>\$ 6,100,031</u>
<b>Supplemental disclosures of cash flow information:</b>		
Cash paid for income taxes	<u>\$ 82,811</u>	<u>\$ 113,071</u>
<b>Non-cash investing and financing activities:</b>		
Contingent consideration accrual on asset acquisition	<u>\$ 31,359</u>	<u>\$ 32,022</u>

See notes to consolidated financial statements

**RESEARCH SOLUTIONS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES**  
**NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**For the Years Ended June 30, 2025 and 2024**

**Note 1. Organization, Nature of Business and Basis of Presentation**

***Organization***

Research Solutions, Inc. (the “Company,” “Research Solutions,” “we,” “us” or “our”) was incorporated in the State of Nevada on November 2, 2006, and is a publicly traded holding company with five wholly owned subsidiaries: Reprints Desk, Inc., (“Reprints Desk”) a Delaware corporation, including its wholly owned subsidiary Resolute Innovation, Inc., a Delaware corporation, Scite, LLC, a Delaware limited liability company, Reprints Desk Latin America S. de R.L. de C.V., an entity organized under the laws of Mexico, and RESSOL LA, S. DE R.L. DE C.V., an entity organized under the laws of Mexico.

***Nature of Business***

We are a vertical software-as-a-service (“SaaS”) and artificial intelligence (“AI”) company providing software and related services to help research-intensive organizations simplify the research process, save time and money. We offer various software platforms (“Platform” or “Platforms”) that are typically sold to corporate, academic, government and individual researchers as cloud-based SaaS via auto-renewing license agreements. Corporate, academic, and government customers typically sign up under annual or multi-year agreements paid annually in advance. Individual researchers can sign up under an annual or a month-to-month agreement and are typically billed monthly. Our Platforms also facilitate the sale of published scientific, technical, and medical (“STM”) content sold as individual articles (“Transactions”) either stand alone or via one or more of the research Platform solutions we provide. When one or more of the Platform solutions are used to purchase Transactions, customers pay for those transactions through monthly billing or via credit card for individual researchers. In addition, our Platforms facilitate rights and permissions for customers to re-use content, ensuring copyright compliance for research, regulatory and marketing use cases as well as the utilization of content with AI applications and for the training of AI models. Our Platforms enable life science and other research-intensive organizations to simplify their research and development activities through our advanced search (i.e. Discovery Tools), tools to access and buy STM articles required to support their research (i.e. Access), as well as tools that manage that content across the enterprise and on an individual basis (i.e. Manage). The Platforms also include advanced AI (“Generative AI”) based assistants to help researchers understand the quality of the articles they are reviewing, speed up the review process, and to more fully understand how various research papers relate to each other. In addition to STM content, the Platforms provide additional context to the research process by including the ability to search and assimilate a variety of other types of data such as Patent, Clinical Trial, Regulatory and Competitive Intelligence data. They also typically deliver a return on investment to the customer by reducing the amount of time it takes a research organization to find, acquire and manage content, in addition to also driving down the ultimate cost per article and overall research costs over time.

***Platforms***

Our cloud-based SaaS Platforms consist of proprietary software and Internet-based interfaces sold to customers through an annual or monthly subscription fee. Legacy functionality falls into three areas.

Discovery Tools – Our Scite.ai and Resolute.ai solutions facilitate search (discovery) across virtually all STM articles available. These solutions include basic search solutions and advanced search tools. These tools allow for searching and identifying relevant research and then purchasing that research through one of our other solutions. In addition, these tools increasingly enable users to find insights in other datasets adjacent to STM content, such as Clinical Trial, Patent, Life Science & MedTech Regulatory information, Competitor and Technology landscape insights, in addition to searching the customer’s internal datasets. Scite.ai includes full text search capability on most of the world’s STM content providing better search results and citation information as supporting or contrasting evidence. This powers our AI assistant and literature search engine and gives researchers better insights into any topic. The advanced search solutions are sold through a seat, enterprise, or individual license. These Platforms are deployed as a single, multi-tenant system across our entire customer base. Customers securely access the Platforms through online web interfaces and via web service APIs that enable

customers to leverage Platform features and functionality from within in-house and third-party software systems. The Platforms can also be configured to satisfy a customer's individual preferences. We leverage our Platforms' efficiencies in scalability, stability and development costs to fuel rapid innovation and competitive advantage.

**Access** – Our Article Galaxy® (“AG”) and Article Galaxy Scholar (Academic Library version) (“AGS”) solutions allow for research organizations to load their entitlements (subscriptions, discount or token packages, and their existing content library of articles) and AG/AGS manages those entitlements in the background enabling the researchers to focus on acquiring articles they need quickly and efficiently at the lowest possible cost. When used in conjunction with our Discovery Tools Platforms, customers can initiate orders, route orders based on the lowest cost to acquire, obtain spend and usage reporting, automate authentication, and connect seamlessly to in-house and third-party software systems. In addition, Article Galaxy facilitates rights and permissions for various re-use cases, including the utilization in AI applications and training of AI applications, ensuring copyright compliance for our customers.

**Manage** – Our References solution offers a comprehensive reference management solution with built-in document delivery capabilities specifically designed to meet the collaboration and security needs of research-intensive organizations. This user-friendly Platform enables researchers to seamlessly organize their literature, collaborate with team members, and access a vast collection of scientific content. By integrating organization tools with instant access to millions of scholarly articles, our References solution streamlines the research workflow and enhances productivity for scientific professionals.

AI models are integral to powering the unique insights our platforms provide as well as the user experience customers enjoy. Natural language processing (“NLP”) and AI models are used to enhance metadata, define connections between topics and content items as well as to generate data and metrics employed to enable users to rapidly identify and understand the value of content they need for their research. We also use state of the art AI models, such as Large Language Models to include Generative AI “assistants” in several parts of the research workflow today and will continually add capability as we move forward. Today we employ Generative AI technologies as a basis for our recommendation engine in our Discovery Tools, Access, and Manage Platform solutions. In addition, Generative AI based “assistants” in some of our solutions allow the researcher to ask questions about articles, groups of articles (folders), and more. We also have the capability to provide near full text search on STM content in the Scite.ai solution where the publisher gives us the rights to do so. The ability to not only mine an article's full text but also show snippets of full text is unique to our Company and allows our Generative AI assistants to provide highly accurate results with a very low incidence of hallucinations as part of a Retrieval Augmented Generation framework focused just on STM content. We plan to release several new Platform solutions to enhance the research workflows described above and add new solutions to support the analysis functions that exist in our typical customer base.

Our Platforms are generally deployed as a single, multi-tenant system across our entire customer base. Customers securely access the Platforms through online web interfaces and via web service APIs that enable customers to leverage Platform features and functionality from within in-house and third-party software systems. Our Platforms can also be configured to satisfy a customer's individual preferences. We leverage our Platforms' efficiencies in scalability, stability and development costs to fuel rapid innovation and to gain a competitive advantage.

### ***Transactions***

We provide our researchers with a single source to the universe of published STM content that includes over 200 million existing STM journal articles for instant download, 50 million journal articles for rent, 10 million online book chapters, and 45 million only in print journal articles. In addition, we add between 2 to 4 million newly published STM articles each year. STM content is rented or sold to our customers on a per transaction basis. Researchers and knowledge workers in life science and other research-intensive organizations generally require single copies of published STM journal articles for use in their research activities. These individuals are our primary users and while they typically purchase the articles via one of our Platform solutions, we do have some customers that just order articles from us on behalf of end-users in their organizations.

Core to many of our Platform solutions is providing our customers with ways to find and download digital versions of STM articles that are critical to their research. Customers submit orders for the articles they need which we

source and electronically deliver to them generally in under an hour, in most cases in seconds. This service is generally known in the industry as single article delivery or document delivery. We also obtain the necessary permission licenses from the content publisher or other rights holder so that our customer's use complies with applicable copyright laws and we are expanding these services to include the use of content in AI applications and for the training of AI models. We have arrangements with hundreds of content publishers that allow us to distribute their content. The majority of these publishers provide us with electronic access to their content, which allows us to electronically deliver single articles to our customers often in a matter of seconds. While a vast majority of the articles are available in electronic form, the Company also has workflows to deliver older paper-based articles through relationships we have built with libraries around the world.

### ***Principles of Consolidation***

The accompanying financial statements are consolidated and include the accounts of the Company and its wholly-owned subsidiaries. Intercompany balances and transactions have been eliminated in consolidation.

## **Note 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies**

### ***Use of Estimates***

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles ("GAAP") requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting periods. Actual results could differ from these estimates.

These estimates and assumptions include estimates for reserves of uncollectible accounts, the valuation of goodwill and intangible assets related to the Company's acquisitions, accruals for contingent earnout liabilities, assumptions made in valuing equity instruments issued for services or acquisitions, and realization of deferred tax assets.

### ***Cash and Cash Equivalents***

The Company defines cash equivalents as all highly liquid debt instruments purchased with an original maturity of three months or less. In all periods presented, cash equivalents consist primarily of money market funds.

### ***Fair Value of Financial Instruments***

Under Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") Accounting Standards Codification ("ASC") Topic 820, *Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures*, fair value is defined as the price at which an asset could be exchanged or a liability transferred in a transaction between knowledgeable, willing parties in the principal or most advantageous market for the asset or liability. Where available, fair value is based on observable market prices or parameters or derived from such prices or parameters. Where observable prices or parameters are not available, valuation models are applied. A fair value hierarchy prioritizes the inputs used in measuring fair value into three broad levels as follows:

Level 1 – Quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.

Level 2 – Inputs, other than the quoted prices in active markets, are observable either directly or indirectly.

Level 3 – Unobservable inputs based on the Company's assumptions.

The Company is required to use observable market data if such data is available without undue cost and effort.

The following table sets forth by level, within the fair value hierarchy, the Company's assets and liabilities at fair value as of June 30, 2025 and 2024:

	As of June 30, 2025				As of June 30, 2024			
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
<b>Assets</b>								
Total assets	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —
<b>Liabilities</b>								
Scite contingent earnout liability	\$ —	—	\$ 14,046,640	\$ 14,046,640	\$ —	—	\$ 12,298,114	\$ 12,298,114
Total liabilities	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 14,046,640	\$ 14,046,640	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 12,298,114	\$ 12,298,114

During the years ended June 30, 2025 and 2024, a change in fair value of the Scite contingent liability of \$1,748,526 and \$5,104,114, respectively, were recognized as loss in the accompanying consolidated statements of operations and comprehensive income (loss). During the year ended June 30, 2024, the Company recorded a \$1,867,043 gain on the change in ResoluteAI earnout liability, which was reduced to zero.

Our contingent earnout liability related to the Scite acquisition, which is further discussed in Note 9 to the consolidated financial statements, is in the "Level 3" category for valuation purposes. For the year ended June 30, 2024, the contingent earnout liability fair value was estimated with the assistance of a valuation specialist, using a Monte Carlo simulation of discounted future cash flows based on management's forecast and a 10% discount rate. Due to the uncertainty of the significant unobservable inputs into the Monte Carlo simulation, actual results may differ under different estimates and assumptions. For the year ended June 30, 2025, the contingent earnout liability fair value was estimated using the ending business to consumer annual recurring revenue figures as of June 30, 2025 and a 9% discount rate.

The carrying amounts of financial assets and liabilities, such as cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable and accounts payable, approximate their fair values because of the short maturity of these instruments.

#### *Allowance for Credit Losses*

The Company's trade accounts receivable are recorded at amounts billed to customers and presented on the consolidated balance sheet net of the allowance for estimated credit losses, and typically due within 30 days. The Company evaluates the collectability of its trade accounts receivable based on a number of factors. In circumstances where the Company becomes aware of a specific customer's inability to meet its financial obligations to the Company, a specific reserve for bad debts is estimated and recorded, which reduces the recognized receivable to the estimated amount the Company believes will ultimately be collected. In addition to specific customer identification of potential bad debts, bad debt charges are recorded based on the Company's historical losses, the Company's forecast and an overall assessment of trade accounts receivable outstanding. The Company established an allowance for doubtful accounts of \$182,324 and \$68,579 as of June 30, 2025 and 2024, respectively. The Company added provisions and reserve adjustments of approximately \$163,000 and \$99,000 in the years ended June 30, 2025 and 2024, respectively. The Company had write-offs of approximately \$49,000 and \$80,000 in the years ended June 30, 2025 and 2024, respectively.

#### *Concentration of Credit Risk*

Financial instruments, which potentially subject the Company to concentrations of credit risk, consist of cash and cash equivalents and accounts receivable. The Company places its cash with high quality financial institutions and at times may exceed the FDIC \$250,000 insurance limit. The Company does not anticipate incurring any losses related to these credit risks. The Company extends credit based on an evaluation of the customer's financial condition, generally without

collateral. Exposure to losses on receivables is principally dependent on each customer's financial condition. The Company monitors its exposure for credit losses and intends to maintain allowances for anticipated losses, as required.

Cash denominated in Euros, British Pounds and Japanese Yen with an aggregate US Dollar equivalent of \$426,658 and \$630,680 at June 30, 2025 and 2024, respectively, was held by Reprints Desk in accounts at financial institutions.

The Company has no customers that represent 10% of revenue or more for the years ended June 30, 2025 and 2024.

The Company has no customers that represent 10% of accounts receivable at June 30, 2025 and 2024.

The following table summarizes vendor concentrations for content cost:

	Year Ended June 30,	
	2025	2024
Vendor A	27 %	26 %
Vendor B	10 %	10 %

#### ***Software Costs***

Based on its nature, the Company's software development costs are expensed as incurred. The finalization of the Company's project development process precipitates the rapid commercialization and deployment of new products and enhancements. The Company continuously reviews its projects, processes and the nature of its software development costs to determine if there are changes that would meet the requirements for capitalization under ASC 350-40, Internal-Use Software.

#### ***Research and Development Costs***

The Company's research and development costs are primarily comprised of technology and product development personnel and cloud computing service costs. The total research and development costs during the years ended June 30, 2025 and 2024 were \$2,530,959 and \$2,433,400, respectively and were included in selling, general and administrative expenses in the accompanying consolidated statements of operations and comprehensive income (loss).

#### ***Advertising Costs***

The Company's advertising costs are expensed as incurred in accordance with ASC 720-35, Advertising Costs. The total advertising expense during the years ended June 30, 2025 and 2024 were \$1,630,259 and \$770,629, respectively, and were included in selling, general and administrative expenses in the accompanying consolidated statements of operations and comprehensive income (loss).

#### ***Property and Equipment***

Property and equipment are stated at cost and are depreciated using the straight-line method over their estimated useful lives of 3 to 5 years. Leasehold improvements are amortized over the shorter of the useful lives of the related assets, or the lease term. Expenditures for maintenance and repairs are charged to operations as incurred while renewals and betterments are capitalized. Gains and losses on disposals are included in the consolidated statements of operations.

Management assesses the carrying value of property and equipment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying value may not be recoverable. If there is an indication of impairment, management prepares an estimate of future cash flows expected to result from the use of the asset and its eventual disposition. If these cash flows are less than the carrying amount of the asset, an impairment loss is recognized to write down the asset to its estimated fair value. For the years ended June 30, 2025 and 2024, the Company did not recognize any impairments for its property and equipment.

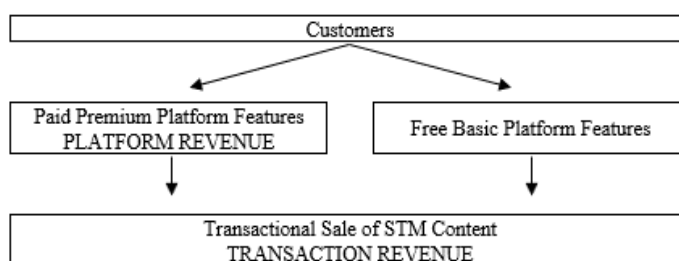
### ***Long-lived Assets***

The Company reviews all long-lived assets, including property and equipment and finite-lived intangible assets, for impairment when circumstances indicate that their carrying values may not be recoverable. If the carrying value of an asset group is not recoverable, the Company recognizes an impairment loss for the excess carrying value over the fair value in our consolidated statements of operations and comprehensive income (loss). For the years ended June 30, 2025 and 2024, the Company did not recognize any impairments for its long-lived assets.

### ***Revenue Recognition***

The Company accounts for revenue in accordance with FASB ASC Topic 606, Revenue from Contracts with Customers (Topic 606), (“ASC 606”). The underlying principle of ASC 606 is to recognize revenue to depict the transfer of goods or services to customers at the amount expected to be collected.

Revenues are recognized when control of the promised goods or services are transferred to a customer, in an amount that reflects the consideration that the Company expects to receive in exchange for those goods or services. The Company derives its revenues from two sources: annual or monthly licenses that allow customers to access and utilize certain premium features of our cloud-based SaaS research intelligence platforms and the transactional sale of STM content managed, sourced and delivered through the Platform. In the years ended June 30, 2025 and 2024, the Company recognized revenue of \$6,448,940 and \$4,898,368 that was included in the deferred revenue at the beginning of each respective period. This revenue was recorded for the fulfillment of performance obligations related to cloud-based software subscriptions. Deferred revenue and accounts receivable were \$6,424,724 and \$6,153,063 as of June 30, 2023, respectively.



The Company applies the following five steps in order to determine the appropriate amount of revenue to be recognized as it fulfills its obligations under each of its agreements:

- identify the contract with a customer;
- identify the performance obligations in the contract;
- determine the transaction price;
- allocate the transaction price to performance obligations in the contract; and
- recognize revenue as the performance obligation is satisfied.

### ***Platforms***

We charge a subscription fee that allows customers to access and utilize certain premium features of our Platforms. Revenue is recognized ratably over the term of the subscription agreement, which is typically one year, provided all other revenue recognition criteria have been met. Billings or payments received in advance of revenue recognition are recorded as deferred revenue.

### ***Transactions***

We charge a transactional service fee for the electronic delivery of single articles, and a corresponding copyright fee for the permitted use of the content. We recognize revenue from single article delivery services upon delivery to the customer provided all other revenue recognition criteria have been met.

### ***Revenue by Geographical Region***

The following table summarizes revenue by geographical region:

	Year Ended June 30,			
	2025		2024	
United States	\$ 28,213,701	57.5 %	\$ 26,481,085	59.3 %
Europe	15,689,693	32.0 %	13,962,285	31.3 %
Rest of World	5,154,587	10.5 %	4,180,529	9.4 %
Total	<u>\$ 49,057,981</u>	<u>100 %</u>	<u>\$ 44,623,899</u>	<u>100 %</u>

### ***Accounts Receivable by Geographical Region***

The following table summarizes accounts receivable by geographical region:

	Year Ended June 30,			
	2025		2024	
United States	\$ 4,033,807	56.1 %	\$ 4,125,696	60.0 %
Europe	2,413,906	33.6 %	2,082,900	30.2 %
Rest of World	743,521	10.3 %	671,204	9.8 %
Total	<u>\$ 7,191,234</u>	<u>100 %</u>	<u>\$ 6,879,800</u>	<u>100 %</u>

### ***Deferred Revenue***

Contract liabilities, such as deferred revenue, exist where the Company has the obligation to transfer services to a customer for which the entity has received consideration, or when the consideration is due, from the customer.

Cash payments received or due in advance of performance are recorded as deferred revenue. Deferred revenue is primarily comprised of cloud-based software subscriptions which are generally billed in advance. The deferred revenue balance is presented as a current liability on the Company's consolidated balance sheets.

### ***Cost of Revenue***

#### ***Platforms***

Cost of Platform revenue consists primarily of personnel costs of our operations team, and managed hosting providers and other third-party service and data providers.

#### ***Transactions***

Cost of Transaction revenue consists primarily of the respective copyright fee for the permitted use of the content, less a discount in most cases, and to a much lesser extent, personnel costs of our operations team and third-party service providers.



### ***Segment Reporting***

The Company operates in a single segment which derives its revenue from subscription fees from its cloud-based SaaS Platforms and transactional service fees for the electronic delivery of singles articles, and a corresponding copyright fee for the permitted use of the content and it is based on how the chief operating decision maker (“CODM”) views and evaluates the Company’s operations in making operational and strategic decisions and assessments of financial performance. The Company’s President has been identified as the CODM.

The CODM regularly reviews revenue, certain significant expense categories, net income (loss) and select balance sheet items in evaluating segment performance. The significant segment expense categories and other segment items provided to the CODM and included in the measure of segment profit or loss are presented below.

	<b>Years ended June 30,</b>	
	<b>2025</b>	<b>2024</b>
Revenue	\$ 49,057,981	\$ 44,623,899
Cost of revenue	24,862,030	24,983,733
Gross profit	24,195,951	19,640,166
Gross profit margin	49.3%	44.0%
Selling, general and administrative expenses:		
Sales and marketing	5,360,356	3,442,503
Technology and product development	5,631,344	5,442,382
General and administrative	7,936,644	8,511,697
Stock-based compensation expense	1,723,561	2,155,461
Foreign currency transaction loss (gain)	(202,527)	21,395
Total selling, general and administrative expenses	20,449,378	19,573,438
Depreciation and amortization	1,245,362	836,271
Net income (loss)	\$ 1,265,553	\$ (3,786,597)

Segment net income (loss) includes other income, change in fair value of contingent earnout liability and income taxes.

The CODM also reviews the following balance sheet items at period-end as part of performance monitoring and resource allocation decisions:

	<b>Years ended June 30,</b>	
	<b>2025</b>	<b>2024</b>
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 12,227,312	\$ 6,100,031
Current assets, excluding cash and cash equivalents	7,772,416	8,590,590
Long term assets	26,120,946	27,169,141
Total segment assets	\$ 46,120,674	\$ 41,859,762

The Company applied the provisions of ASU 2023-07 retrospectively and has included comparative information for the year ended June 30, 2024. Because the Company operates as a single reportable segment, the amounts above reconcile directly to the corresponding consolidated financial statement line items. There was no impact on previously reported consolidated net income (loss), financial position or cash flows.

### ***Business Combinations***

The Company allocates the fair value of purchase consideration to the tangible assets acquired, liabilities assumed, and separately identified intangible assets acquired based on their estimated fair values. The excess of the fair value of purchase consideration over the fair values of these identifiable assets and liabilities is recorded as goodwill. Such valuations require management to make significant estimates and assumptions, especially with respect to intangible assets. Significant estimates in valuing certain intangible assets include, but are not limited to, future expected cash flows from

acquired technology, and customer relationships, useful lives, and discount rates. Management's estimates of fair value are based upon assumptions believed to be reasonable, but which are inherently uncertain and unpredictable and, as a result, actual results may differ from estimates. During the measurement period, which can be up to one year from the acquisition date, the Company may record adjustments to the assets acquired and liabilities assumed, with the corresponding offset to goodwill. Upon the conclusion of the measurement period, any subsequent adjustments are recorded in the consolidated statements of operations.

### ***Intangible Assets***

The Company has intangible assets that were initially recorded at their fair value at the time of acquisition. The finite-lived intangible assets consist of developed technology, customer relationships, customer lists and intellectual property licenses. Intangible assets with finite useful lives are amortized using the straight-line method over their estimated useful life of three to ten years.

### ***Goodwill***

Goodwill represents the excess of purchase price and related costs over the value assigned to the net tangible and identifiable intangible assets of the business acquired. As of June 30, 2025, goodwill that arose from acquisitions of ResoluteAI and Scite (see Note 9) was \$16,372,979. Under ASC 350 Intangibles-Goodwill and Other, goodwill and other intangible assets with indefinite lives are not amortized, but instead are tested for impairment annually, or whenever events or circumstances indicate a potential impairment. The Company's impairment testing is performed annually at June 30 of each fiscal year. The Company operates in a single reporting unit at a consolidated level. Impairment of goodwill is determined by comparing the fair value of the Company's reporting unit to the carrying value of the underlying net assets in the reporting unit. If the fair value of the reporting unit is determined to be less than the carrying value of its net assets, goodwill is deemed impaired and an impairment loss is recognized to the extent that the carrying value of goodwill exceeds the difference between the fair value of the reporting unit and the fair value of its other assets and liabilities.

### ***Stock-Based Compensation***

The Company periodically issues stock options, warrants and restricted stock to employees and non-employees for services, in capital raising transactions, and for financing costs. The Company accounts for share-based payments under the guidance as set forth in the Share-Based Payment Topic 718 of the FASB Accounting Standards Codification, which requires the measurement and recognition of compensation expense for all share-based payment awards made to employees, officers, directors, and consultants, including employee stock options, based on estimated fair values. The Company estimates the fair value of stock option and warrant awards to employees and directors on the date of grant using an option-pricing model. Depending on the type of restricted stock award, the fair value of our restricted stock is estimated based on the market price of the Company's common stock on the date of grant or with the assistance of a valuation specialist, using the Monte Carlo simulations on a binomial model with a derived service period. The Company recognizes compensation expense on the straight-line basis over the requisite service period for awards subject to time vesting conditions and the graded tranche basis for awards subject to market vesting conditions. Forfeitures are accounted for as they occur. The Company recognizes stock-based compensation within its consolidated statements of operations and comprehensive income (loss) with classification depending on the nature of the services rendered.

Under ASC 718, repurchase or cancellation of equity awards, the amount of cash or other assets transferred (or liabilities incurred) to repurchase an equity award shall be charged to equity, to the extent that the amount paid does not exceed the fair value of the equity instruments repurchased at the repurchase date. Any excess of the repurchase price over the fair value of the instruments repurchased shall be recognized as additional compensation cost.

### ***Foreign Currency***

The accompanying consolidated financial statements are presented in United States dollars, the functional currency of the Company. Capital accounts of foreign subsidiaries are translated into US Dollars from foreign currency at their historical exchange rates when the capital transactions occurred. Assets and liabilities are translated at the exchange rate as of the balance sheet date. Income and expenditures are translated at the average exchange rate of the period. Although the majority of our revenue and costs are in US dollars, the costs of Reprints Desk Latin America and ResSoL

LA are in Mexican Pesos. As a result, currency exchange fluctuations may impact our revenue and the costs of our operations. We currently do not engage in any currency hedging activities.

Gains and losses from foreign currency transactions, which result from a change in exchange rates between the functional currency and the currency in which a foreign currency transaction is denominated, are included in selling, general and administrative expenses and amounted to a gain of \$202,527 and a loss of \$21,395 for the years ended June 30, 2025 and 2024, respectively. Cash denominated in Euros, British Pounds and Japanese Yen with an aggregate US Dollar equivalent of \$426,658, and \$630,680 at June 30, 2025 and 2024, respectively, was held in accounts at financial institutions.

### ***Net Income (Loss) Per Share***

Basic net income (loss) per share is computed by dividing net income (loss) by the weighted average number of common shares outstanding for the period, excluding shares of unvested restricted common stock. Shares of restricted stock are included in the basic weighted average number of common shares outstanding from the time they vest. Diluted earnings per share is computed by dividing the net income applicable to common stockholders by the weighted average number of common shares outstanding plus the number of additional common shares that would have been outstanding if all dilutive potential common shares had been issued, using the treasury stock method. Shares of restricted stock are included in the diluted weighted average number of common shares outstanding from the date they are granted. Potential common shares are excluded from the computation when their effect is antidilutive. Basic and diluted net loss per common share is the same for the year ended June 30, 2024 because all stock options and unvested restricted common stock are anti-dilutive.

The following table reconciles the numerators and denominators used in the computations of both basic and diluted earnings per share:

	<b>Years Ended</b>	
	<b>June 30,</b>	
	<b>2025</b>	<b>2024</b>
Net income (loss) available to common shareholders	\$ 1,265,553	\$ (3,786,597)
Weighted average commons shares - basic	30,681,187	28,863,949
Dilutive effect of outstanding stock options	822,785	—
Weighted average commons shares - diluted	31,503,972	28,863,949
Net income (loss) per common share:		
Basic	\$ 0.04	\$ (0.13)
Diluted	\$ 0.04	\$ (0.13)

Weighted average stock options excluded due to anti-dilution were 645,770 and 2,676,971 during the years ended June 30, 2025 and 2024. Shares of unvested restricted stock that were considered antidilutive were 1,223,342 and 1,815,711 during the years ended June 30, 2025 and 2024, respectively.

### ***Income Taxes***

The Company accounts for income taxes using the asset and liability method whereby deferred tax assets are recognized for deductible temporary differences, and deferred tax liabilities are recognized for taxable temporary differences. Temporary differences are the differences between the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and their tax bases. Deferred tax assets are reduced by a valuation allowance when, in the opinion of management, it is more likely than not that some portion or all of the deferred tax assets will not be realized. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are adjusted for the effects of changes in tax laws and rates on the date of enactment.

### ***Recently Issued Accounting Pronouncements***

In November 2023, the FASB amended ASU No. 2023-07, “Segment Reporting (Topic 280): Improvements to Reportable Segment Disclosures.” This ASU expands annual and interim segment disclosure requirements by requiring disclosure of significant segment expenses that are regularly provided to the CODM and are included in each reported measure of segment profit or loss. The amendments also require disclosure of an amount for “other segment items” and additional interim information about segment profit or loss and assets. The Company has a single reportable segment. Upon adoption of ASU 2023-07, the Company is required to provide annual and interim disclosures of significant expense categories such as cost of goods sold, selling and general and administrative expenses when those amounts are regularly provided to the CODM, as well as a description of other segment items. The amendments are effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2023, and interim periods within fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2024, with retrospective application to all prior periods presented. The Company adopted this accounting pronouncement for the year ended June 30, 2025. Because ASU 2023-07 relates solely to disclosure requirements, adoption did not have a material impact on the Company’s consolidated financial position, results of operations, or cash flows.

In December 2023, the FASB amended ASC 740, Income Taxes (issued under Accounting Standards Update (ASU) 2023-09, “Improvements to Income Tax Disclosures”). This ASU requires additional disclosures related to the rate reconciliation, income taxes paid and other amendments intended to enhance effectiveness and comparability. The amendment is effective for the Company beginning with its fiscal year 2026 annual disclosures. The Company is currently evaluating the impact of the adoption of ASU 2023-09 on its annual disclosures.

In November 2024, the FASB issued ASU No. 2024-03 “Income Statement - Reporting Comprehensive Income-Expense Disaggregation Disclosures (Subtopic 220-40)” which requires disclosure each reporting period, in the notes to the financial statements, of specified information about certain costs and expenses. The new requirements will be effective for the Company for annual periods beginning after December 15, 2026, and interim reporting periods within annual reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2027. The guidance will be applied on a prospective basis with the option to apply the standard retrospectively. Early adoption is permitted. The Company is currently evaluating the impact of the adoption of ASU 2024-03 on its annual disclosures.

Other recent accounting pronouncements issued by the FASB, including its Emerging Issues Task Force, the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants, and the Securities and Exchange Commission did not or are not believed by management to have a material impact on the Company’s present or future consolidated financial statements.

### **Note 3. Property and Equipment**

Property and equipment consists of the following as of June 30, 2025 and 2024:

	<b>June 30, 2025</b>	<b>June 30, 2024</b>
Computer equipment	\$ 702,611	\$ 687,307
Software	282,080	282,080
Furniture and fixtures	40,961	41,182
Total	1,025,652	1,010,569
Less accumulated depreciation	(964,883)	(922,558)
Net, Property and equipment	<u>\$ 60,769</u>	<u>\$ 88,011</u>

Depreciation expense for the years ended June 30, 2025 and 2024 was \$43,899 and \$48,316, respectively.

### **Note 4. Intangible Assets**

Intangible assets consist of an asset purchase agreement with FIZ Karlsruhe-Leibniz-Institut für Informationsinfrastruktur GmbH (“FIZ”) effective September 22, 2022, developed technology and customer relationships acquired in the acquisition of ResoluteAI effective July 28, 2023 and Scite effective December 1, 2023, and are stated at cost less accumulated amortization. On September 30, 2022, Reprints Desk made a non-refundable payment of \$297,450

(€300,000) (the “Base Amount”) to FIZ as initial consideration for the asset purchase. In September 2023, Reprints Desk paid \$64,578 in contingent consideration for customers that have their Sold Contracts assumed by Reprints Desk in comparison to the trailing twelve months of revenue of all Sold Contracts (the “Base Amount Plus”). As of June 30, 2025, \$31,359 in contingent consideration was recorded as a liability since it was unpaid, for customers that placed an order and have consented to have their contract assumed by Reprints Desk (the “Bonus Amount”). The Bonus Amount payments made were \$124,107 for the year ended June 30, 2025. The Bonus Amount is based upon the collectable service fee that FIZ would have received from these customers. Contingent consideration for the Bonus Amount will continue to be paid in arrears through the quarter ending December 31, 2025.

The developed technology, customer relationships and customer lists are being amortized over the estimated average useful lives of 3 to 10 years. At acquisition, the weighted average amortization period of total intangible assets acquired was 10 years and the weighted average amortization period of developed technology acquired was 10 years. The Company does not have any intangible assets deemed to have indefinite lives. Amortization expense for the years ended June 30, 2025 and 2024 was \$1,201,463 and \$787,955, respectively. Amortization expense expected to be recognized is approximately \$1,172,000 annually in 2026 through 2030 and approximately \$3,826,000 thereafter.

Intangible assets consist of the following as of June 30, 2025 and 2024:

	June 30, 2025	June 30, 2024
Developed technology	\$ 10,800,000	\$ 10,800,000
Customer relationships	170,000	170,000
Customer lists	1,436,589	1,313,146
Intellectual property licenses	16,425	16,425
Total	12,423,014	12,299,571
Less accumulated amortization:		
Developed technology	(1,776,667)	(696,666)
Customer relationships	(59,493)	(24,395)
Customer lists	(884,188)	(797,824)
Intellectual property licenses	(16,425)	(16,425)
Net, Intangible assets	\$ 9,686,241	\$ 10,764,261

#### Note 5. Line of Credit

On April 15, 2024, the Company entered into a Loan Agreement (the “PNC Loan Agreement”) with PNC Bank, National Association (“PNC”), as lender. Pursuant to the PNC Loan Agreement, the Company entered into a Revolving Line of Credit Note (the “PNC Note”) with PNC, which provides for a \$500,000 secured revolving line of credit that matures on April 15, 2026 and bears interest annually at the daily SOFR rate plus 2.5%, with accrued interest due and payable monthly. The PNC Note contains customary events of default including, among other things, payment defaults, material misrepresentations, breaches of covenants, revocation of guarantee, certain bankruptcy and insolvency events. There were no outstanding borrowings under the line of credit as of June 30, 2025 and 2024, respectively.

#### Note 6. Stockholders’ Equity

##### *Stock Options*

In December 2007, we established the 2007 Equity Compensation Plan (the “2007 Plan”) and in November 2017 we established the 2017 Omnibus Incentive Plan (the “2017 Plan”), collectively (the “Plans”). The Plans were approved by our board of directors and stockholders. The purpose of the Plans is to grant stock and options to purchase our common stock, and other incentive awards, to our employees, directors and key consultants. On November 10, 2016, the maximum number of shares of common stock that may be issued pursuant to awards granted under the 2007 Plan increased from 5,000,000 to 7,000,000. On November 21, 2017, the Company’s stockholders approved the adoption of the 2017 Plan

(previously adopted by our board of directors on September 14, 2017), which authorized a maximum of 1,874,513 shares of common stock that may be issued pursuant to awards granted under the 2017 Plan. From November 2019 to November 2021, the Company's stockholders approved increases in the maximum number of shares of common stock that may be issued pursuant to awards granted under the 2017 Omnibus Incentive Plan from 1,874,513 to 6,874,513. Upon adoption of the 2017 Plan we ceased granting incentive awards under the 2007 Plan and commenced granting incentive awards under the 2017 Plan. The shares of our common stock underlying cancelled and forfeited awards issued under the 2017 Plan may again become available for grant under the 2017 Plan. Cancelled and forfeited awards issued under the 2007 Plan that were cancelled or forfeited prior to November 21, 2017 became available for grant under the 2007 Plan. As of June 30, 2025, there were 506,577 shares available for grant under the 2017 Plan, and no shares were available for grant under the 2007 Plan. All incentive stock award grants prior to the adoption of the 2017 Plan on November 21, 2017 were made under the 2007 Plan, and all incentive stock award grants after the adoption of the 2017 Plan on November 21, 2017 were made under the 2017 Plan. The majority of awards issued under the Plan vest (i) immediately or (ii) in installments over three years, with a one-year cliff, and have a term of ten years.

The following table summarizes vested and unvested stock option activity:

	<b>All Options</b>		<b>Vested Options</b>		<b>Unvested Options</b>	
		<b>Weighted Average Exercise Price</b>		<b>Weighted Average Exercise Price</b>		<b>Weighted Average Exercise Price</b>
	<b>Shares</b>		<b>Shares</b>		<b>Shares</b>	
Outstanding at July 1, 2023	2,909,574	\$ 1.87	2,865,593	\$ 1.86	43,981	\$ 2.47
Granted	257,934	2.73	—	—	257,934	2.73
Options vesting	—	—	42,729	2.47	(42,729)	2.47
Exercised	(373,883)	1.99	(373,883)	1.99	—	—
Forfeited	(5,000)	2.67	(4,583)	2.67	(417)	2.67
Outstanding at June 30, 2024	2,788,625	\$ 1.93	2,529,856	\$ 1.85	258,769	\$ 2.73
Granted	260,000	2.79	—	—	260,000	2.79
Options vesting	—	—	151,295	2.73	(151,295)	2.73
Exercised	(309,821)	1.44	(309,821)	1.44	—	—
Forfeited	—	—	—	—	—	—
Outstanding at June 30, 2025	<u>2,738,804</u>	<u>\$ 2.06</u>	<u>2,371,330</u>	<u>\$ 1.96</u>	<u>367,474</u>	<u>\$ 2.77</u>

The following table presents the assumptions used to estimate the fair values based upon a Black-Scholes option pricing model of the stock options granted during the years ended June 30, 2025 and 2024.

	<b>Years Ended June 30,</b>	
	<b>2025</b>	<b>2024</b>
Expected dividend yield	— %	— %
Risk-free interest rate	4.26 %	4.00 %
Expected life (in years)	6	5
Expected volatility	46.3 %	50.3 %

The weighted average remaining contractual life of all options outstanding as of June 30, 2025 was 4.88 years. The remaining contractual life for options vested and exercisable at June 30, 2025 was 4.23 years. Furthermore, the aggregate intrinsic value of options outstanding as of June 30, 2025 was \$2,265,673, and the aggregate intrinsic value of options vested and exercisable as of June 30, 2025 was \$2,229,827, in each case based on the fair value of the Company's common stock on June 30, 2025.

During the year ended June 30, 2025, the Company granted 260,000 options to directors with a fair value of \$364,000 which amount will be amortized over the vesting period. The total stock options expense during the year ended June 30, 2025 was \$205,457 and was included in selling, general and administrative expenses in the accompanying consolidated statement of operations and comprehensive income (loss). As of June 30, 2025, the amount of unvested

compensation related to the unvested options was \$414,864 which will be recorded as an expense in future weighted average vesting periods of 1.08 years. During the year ended June 30, 2025, the Company issued 223,534 net shares of common stock upon the exercise of options underlying 309,821 shares of common stock, resulting in net cash proceeds of \$180,800. The aggregate intrinsic value of options exercised during the year ended June 30, 2025 was \$471,452.

During the year ended June 30, 2024, the Company granted 257,934 options to directors with a fair value of \$340,473 which amount will be amortized over the vesting period. The total stock options expense during the year ended June 30, 2024 was \$140,150 and was included in selling, general and administrative expenses in the accompanying consolidated statement of operations and comprehensive income (loss). As of June 30, 2024, the amount of unvested compensation related to the unvested options was \$256,321 which will be recorded as an expense in future weighted average vesting periods of 1.25 years. During the year ended June 30, 2024, the Company issued 72,234 net shares of common stock upon the exercise of options underlying 373,883 shares of common stock. The aggregate intrinsic value of options exercised during the year ended June 30, 2024 was \$189,081.

Additional information regarding stock options outstanding and exercisable as of June 30, 2025 is as follows:

<b>Option Exercise Price</b>	<b>Options Outstanding</b>	<b>Remaining Contractual Life (in years)</b>	<b>Options Exercisable</b>
\$ 0.70 - 0.90	240,000	0.10 - 0.43	240,000
1.05 - 1.59	557,000	0.90 - 2.86	557,000
2.10 - 2.99	1,725,804	3.38 - 9.38	1,358,330
3.13 - 3.50	216,000	4.37 - 4.62	216,000
<b>Total</b>	<b>2,738,804</b>		<b>2,371,330</b>

#### ***Restricted Common Stock***

During the year ended June 30, 2024, the Company issued an additional 405,000 shares of restricted stock to employees with an aggregate fair value of \$925,900. Of this amount, 155,000 shares vest over a three-year period, with a one-year cliff vesting period, and remain subject to forfeiture if vesting conditions are not met. The aggregate fair value of these stock awards was \$417,700 based on the market price of our common stock ranging from \$2.24 to \$2.73 per share on the date of grant, which will be amortized over the range of a three-year vesting period. The remaining 250,000 shares were granted, under the 2017 Plan, as restricted stock awards to key management in accordance with its long-term equity bonus program (the “LTEBP”).

During the year ended June 30, 2025, the Company issued an additional 590,000 shares of restricted stock to employees with an aggregate fair value of \$1,309,240. The shares were granted, under the 2017 Plan, as restricted stock awards to key management in accordance with the LTEBP.

The LTEBP replaced the previous restricted stock compensation program for executives. It spans 5 years and is designed to better serve stockholder interests by aligning key executive compensation with stockholder value. Awards under the LTEBP will vest as follows, upon the 30-day volume weighted average price (VWAP) of our common stock reaching the following targets:

- 20% at a 30-day VWAP of \$3.00 per share (vestings occurred on March 14, 2024 and December 9, 2024);
- 20% at a 30-day VWAP of \$3.75 per share (vesting occurred on January 3, 2025);
- 20% at a 30-day VWAP of \$4.50 per share;
- 20% at a 30-day VWAP of \$5.25 per share; and
- 20% at a 30-day VWAP of \$6.00 per share.



Upon a change of control vesting will accelerate with respect to that portion of the award that would vest if the target 30-day VWAP was achieved at the level above the per share price in such change of control transaction. For example, if we granted an award of 100,000 shares under the LTEBP, 20,000 shares would vest upon our stock price achieving a 30-day VWAP of \$3.00 per share, and 20,000 shares would vest upon our stock price achieving a 30-day VWAP of \$3.75 per share. If the per share price in a change of control transaction was \$5.00 per share, vesting would accelerate for 40,000 shares under the same award (i.e. the number of shares that would vest for our stock price achieving a 30-day VWAP of \$5.25 per share, pursuant to a tier round up provision in the Plan effective upon a change in control). As a condition to receiving awards under the LTEBP, recipients will be required to hold at least 75% of all vested shares during the term of their employment. Applicable target 30-day VWAPs must be achieved within 5 years following the grant of awards under the LTEBP, and all unvested awards under the LTEBP will be forfeited upon expiration of such 5-year period. Recipients will also forfeit unvested awards in the event their service with our company terminates for any reason.

As the vesting of the 590,000 shares of restricted common stock under the LTEBP is subject to certain market conditions, pursuant to current accounting guidelines, the Company determined the fair value, with the assistance of a valuation specialist, to be \$1,309,240, computed using the Monte Carlo simulations on a binomial model with a derived service period ranging from 0.64 to 2.33 years. The total fair value of restricted common stock vested were \$1,689,256 and \$1,994,362 during the years ended June 30, 2025 and 2024, respectively. The total restricted common stock expense related to amortization of the fair value of the restricted stock awards were \$1,518,104 and \$1,994,362 during the years ended June 30, 2025 and 2024, respectively, and is included in selling, general and administrative expenses in the accompanying consolidated statements of operations and comprehensive income (loss). As of June 30, 2025, the amount of unrecognized compensation related to issuances of restricted common stock was \$724,167, which will be recognized as an expense in future weighted average vesting periods of 0.75 years. When calculating basic net income per share, these shares are included in weighted average common shares outstanding from the time they vest. When calculating diluted net income per share, these shares are included in weighted average common shares outstanding as of their grant date, using the treasury method. From the 32,479,993 shares issued and outstanding on the consolidated balance sheets, 1,399,210 shares are subject to vesting and are not considered outstanding for accounting purposes.

The following table summarizes restricted common stock activity:

	<b>Number of Shares</b>	<b>Weighted Average Grant Date Fair Value</b>
Non-vested, June 30, 2023	2,477,794	\$ 1.52
Granted	405,000	2.29
Vested	(725,068)	1.70
Forfeited	(200,000)	1.40
Non-vested, June 30, 2024	1,957,726	\$ 1.57
Granted	590,000	2.22
Vested	(829,932)	2.04
Forfeited	(318,584)	1.41
Non-vested, June 30, 2025	<u>1,399,210</u>	<u>\$ 1.61</u>

#### ***Common Stock Repurchase and Retirement***

Effective as of March 19, 2024, the Compensation Committee of our board of directors authorized the repurchase, on the last day of each trading window during which the outstanding awards remain outstanding and otherwise in accordance with our insider trading policies, of an aggregate value not exceeding \$750,000 (the “Repurchase Cap”), in addition to the prior remaining balance of outstanding common stock of \$330,774 (at prices no greater than \$4.00 per share) (the “Repurchase Price Cap”) from our employees to satisfy their tax obligations in connection with the vesting of stock incentive awards through the end of fiscal year 2025. Effective as of December 19, 2024, the Compensation Committee of our board of directors authorized an increase in the Repurchase Cap to an aggregate value not exceeding



\$1,500,000 and the Repurchase Price Cap to a price no greater than \$5.50 per share. The actual number of shares repurchased will be determined by applicable employees in their discretion and will depend on their evaluation of market conditions and other factors. As of June 30, 2024, \$346,893 remained under the current authorization to repurchase our outstanding common stock from our employees.

During the years ended June 30, 2025 and 2024, the Company repurchased 310,330 and 198,383 shares of our common stock under the repurchase plan at an average price of approximately \$3.01 and \$2.79 per share, respectively, for an aggregate amount of \$934,577 and \$554,202, respectively. As of June 30, 2025, \$162,316 remained under the current authorization to repurchase our outstanding common stock from our employees.

Shares repurchased are retired and deducted from common stock for par value and from additional paid in capital for the excess over par value. Direct costs incurred to acquire the shares are included in the total cost of the shares.

The following table summarizes repurchases of our common stock on a monthly basis:

Period	Total Number of Shares Purchased	Average Price Paid per Share	Approximate Dollar Value of Shares that May Yet Be Purchased Under the Plans or Programs
September 2023	18,603	\$ 2.48	\$ 104,960
December 2023	8,501	\$ 2.66	82,347
March 2024	159,044	\$ 2.85	379,071
June 2024	12,235	\$ 2.63	346,893
Year ended June 30, 2024	198,383	\$ 2.79	\$ 346,893
September 2024	5,757	\$ 2.82	\$ 330,774
December 2024	48,132	\$ 3.93	891,615
March 2025	246,707	\$ 2.85	188,500
June 2025	9,734	\$ 2.69	162,316
Year ended June 30, 2025	310,330	\$ 3.01	\$ 162,316

## Note 7. Contingencies and Commitments

### *Legal Proceedings*

The Company is involved in legal proceedings in the ordinary course of its business. Although management of the Company cannot predict the ultimate outcome of these legal proceedings with certainty, it believes that the ultimate resolution of the Company's legal proceedings, including any amounts it may be required to pay, will not have a material effect on the Company's consolidated financial statements.

## Note 8. Income Taxes

The components of income (loss) before provision of income taxes are as follows:

	Years Ended June 30,	
	2025	2024
United States	\$ 1,299,850	\$ (3,819,973)
Foreign	48,514	146,447
Total income (loss) before provision for income taxes	<u>\$ 1,348,364</u>	<u>\$ (3,673,526)</u>

The provision for income taxes consists of the following for the years ended June 30, 2025 and 2024:

	Years Ended June 30,	
	2025	2024
<b>Current</b>		
Federal	\$ —	\$ —
State	33,613	21,143
Foreign	49,198	91,928
<b>Deferred</b>		
Federal	—	—
State	—	—
Foreign	—	—
<b>Provision for income tax expense</b>	<b>\$ 82,811</b>	<b>\$ 113,071</b>

The reconciliation of the effective income tax rate to the federal statutory rate is as follows:

	Years Ended June 30,	
	2025	2024
Federal income tax rate	21.0 %	21.0 %
State tax, net of federal benefit	2.4 %	1.7 %
Change in earnout	22.9 %	— %
Adjustment to prior year	(157.2)%	— %
Executive compensation	(11.6)%	— %
Other permanent differences	3.1 %	(70.5)%
Foreign rate differential	2.9 %	— %
Tax credits	(15.3)%	— %
Change in valuation allowance	137.9 %	44.9 %
<b>Effective income tax rate</b>	<b>6.1 %</b>	<b>(2.9)%</b>

For the year ended June 30, 2025, the majority of the adjustment to the prior year, primarily offset by the change in valuation allowance, was due to recording additional federal and state net operating losses (“NOL”) from stock acquisitions in prior years. This was precipitated by the finalization of a study to determine the amount of NOLs available after the change in ownership under Internal Revenue Code Section 382.

Deferred income taxes reflect the net tax effects of temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities for financial statement purposes and the amounts used for income tax purposes. Significant components of the Company's deferred tax assets and liabilities at June 30, 2025 and 2024 are as follows:

	June 30, 2025	June 30, 2024
Deferred tax assets:		
Federal net operating loss carryforward	\$ 3,475,943	\$ 3,512,478
State net operating loss carryforward	479,222	531,098
Stock based compensation	1,164,121	1,440,562
Tax attributes	196,809	—
Research costs	1,713,966	—
Other	63,948	34,571
Total deferred tax assets	7,094,009	5,518,709
Deferred tax liability:		
Depreciation and amortization	(2,102,792)	(2,386,241)
Net deferred tax assets	4,991,217	3,132,468
Less valuation allowance	(4,991,217)	(3,132,468)
	<u>\$ —</u>	<u>\$ —</u>

The Company has provided a valuation allowance on the deferred tax assets at June 30, 2025 and 2024 to reduce such assets to zero, since it is not deemed more likely than not that the Company will generate future taxable income to utilize such assets. Management will review this valuation allowance requirement periodically and adjust as warranted. The net change in the valuation allowance for the years ended June 30, 2025 and 2024 was an increase of \$1,858,749 and a decrease of \$1,649,876, respectively.

At June 30, 2025 and 2024, the Company had federal NOL carryforwards of approximately \$16,552,000 and \$16,726,000, respectively, and state NOL carryforwards of approximately \$7,502,000 and \$7,748,000, respectively. Federal NOLs generated after 2018 can be carried forward indefinitely with some limitations. Federal NOLs generated prior to that have a 20-year carryforward period. At June 30, 2025, approximately \$1,300,000 of federal NOLs are subject to the 20-year carryforward period and expire in 2038. The remaining federal NOLs at June 30, 2025 can be carried forward indefinitely; however, of these NOLs, approximately \$11,808,000 relate to companies acquired in prior years and are subject to annual limitations under IRC Section 382. State NOLs will begin to expire in 2026.

The Company is subject to taxation in the United States, various states and Mexico. The Company is subject to United States federal or state income tax examinations by certain tax authorities for fiscal year 2015 and forward, in part due to utilization of NOLs in the current fiscal year. The Company is currently not under examination in any jurisdiction.

As of June 30, 2025 and 2024, the Company had no uncertain tax positions.

The Company's policy is to record interest and penalties on uncertain tax provisions as income tax expense. As of June 30, 2025 and 2024, the Company has no accrued interest or penalties related to uncertain tax positions.

## Note 9. Acquisitions

### *ResoluteAI*

On July 28, 2023, the Company acquired 100% of the outstanding stock of Resolute Innovation, Inc. (“ResoluteAI”), a Delaware corporation, an advanced search platform that equips organizations with search, discovery and knowledge management tools that are powered by artificial intelligence (“AI”) and NLP technologies. The total purchase consideration for ResoluteAI, net of cash acquired, was approximately \$4.8 million. The consideration included an initial payment of \$2.8 million, a holdback of \$0.1 million and a contingent earnout that had an initial fair value of \$1.9 million. The Company’s revaluation of the earnout resulted in a fair value of \$0 on June 30, 2024. On December 23, 2024, the Company received \$275,000 funds from transaction escrow release, related to a reduction of the purchase price, and recorded as other income on the consolidated statements of operations and comprehensive income (loss) during the year ended June 30, 2025.

### *Scite*

On December 1, 2023, the Company acquired 100% of the outstanding stock of Scite, Inc. a Delaware corporation (“Scite”), a platform for discovering and evaluating scientific articles via an AI model to create unique “Smart Citations”. Smart Citations allow users to see how a publication has been cited by providing the context of the citation and a classification describing whether it allows for supporting or contrasting evidence for the cited claim.

The total purchase consideration for Scite, net of cash acquired, was approximately \$21.1 million. The consideration included an initial payment of \$7.2 million in cash, \$6.5 million in stock, a holdback of \$0.2 million and a contingent earnout that had an initial fair value of \$7.2 million. The Company’s revaluations of the earnout resulted in a fair value of \$12.3 million at June 30, 2024 and \$14.0 million at June 30, 2025.

The following sets out the unaudited pro forma operating results for the year ended June 30, 2025 and 2024 for the Company had the Scite acquisition occurred as of July 1, 2023. These amounts include amortization of intangible assets:

	<b>Pro Forma (Unaudited)</b>	
	<b>Years ended June 30,</b>	
	<b>2025</b>	<b>2024</b>
Revenue	\$ 49,057,981	\$ 46,083,535
Cost of revenue	24,862,030	25,091,938
Gross profit	24,195,951	20,991,597
Total operating expenses	21,694,740	21,572,819
Income (loss) from operations	2,501,211	(581,222)
Other expense	(1,152,847)	(2,902,981)
Income (loss) from operations before provision for income taxes	1,348,364	(3,484,203)
Provision for income taxes	(82,811)	(113,071)
Pro Forma Net income (loss)	\$ 1,265,553	\$ (3,597,274)
Pro Forma Net income (loss) per weighted average share, basic and diluted	\$ 0.04	\$ (0.12)

The Company utilized the acquisition method of accounting for the acquisition in accordance with ASC 805, Business Combinations, and allocated the purchase price to ResoluteAI’s and Scite’s tangible assets, identifiable intangible assets, and assumed liabilities at their estimated fair values as of the date of acquisition. The fair value assigned to the developed technology and customer relationships were determined using the multi-period excess earnings method, which

estimates the direct cash flow expected to be generated from the existing customers acquired. The cash flows were based on estimates used to value the acquisition, and the discount rates applied were benchmarked with reference to the implied rate of return from the transaction model, as well as the weighted average cost of capital.

The valuation assumptions took into consideration the Company's estimates of customer attrition and revenue growth projections. The excess of the purchase price paid by the Company over the estimated fair value of identified tangible and intangible assets has been recorded as goodwill. Goodwill also represents the future benefits as a result of the acquisitions that the Company believes will enhance the Company's product offerings and lineup available to both new and existing customers and generate future synergies within the software and related services business.

As of June 30, 2025, management has finalized its valuation analysis related to the Resolute and Scite acquisitions. The following table represents the Company's allocation of the total purchase consideration to the fair value of tangible assets, identifiable intangible assets, and assumed liabilities of ResoluteAI and Scite on the date of acquisition:

<i><b>In thousands</b></i>	<b>ResoluteAI</b>	<b>Scite</b>
<b>Fair value of consideration</b>		
Cash	\$ 2,774	\$ 7,217
Holdback cash paid	125	175
Common Stock (2,729,014 shares at \$2.40 per share)	—	6,549
Contingent earn-out	1,867	7,194
Total purchase price	4,766	21,135
<b>Allocation of the consideration to the fair value of assets acquired and liabilities assumed:</b>		
Cash and cash equivalents	59	—
Accounts receivable	132	109
Prepaid expenses	43	—
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	(33)	(27)
Deferred revenue	(649)	(997)
Other current liabilities	(60)	(18)
Net tangible assets	(508)	(933)
<b>Intangible assets:</b>		
Developed technology	2,000	8,800
Customer relationships	100	70
Net identifiable intangible assets	2,100	8,870
Goodwill	3,174	13,198
Fair value of net assets acquired	<u>\$ 4,766</u>	<u>\$ 21,135</u>

## **Note 10. Subsequent Events**

### ***Stock Options***

On August 1, 2025, the Company issued 9,905 shares of common stock upon the exercise of stock options underlying 15,000 shares of common stock on a cashless basis.

On August 15, 2025, the Company issued 8,351 shares of common stock upon the exercise of stock options underlying 23,500 shares of common stock on a cashless basis.

### ***Restricted Common Stock***

On August 5, 2025, the Company issued 95,000 shares of restricted stock to an employee. These shares vest over a three year period, with a one year cliff vesting period, and remain subject to forfeiture if vesting conditions are not met. The aggregate value of the stock award was \$247,950 based on the market price of our common stock of \$2.61 per share on the date of grant, which will be amortized over the three-year vesting period.

### ***Scite Earn-out***

On July 2, 2025, the Company finalized the calculation of the earnout for former shareholders of Scite at \$15.4 million. The earnout is comprised of a mix of cash and stock, with 62% of the earnout to be paid in cash and 38% in the Company's common stock. The first of eight quarterly installment payments was disbursed in August 2025, with subsequent payments scheduled to continue quarterly until the final payment in May 2027. The first installment payment of common stock, resulted in 264,924 shares of the Company's common stock being issued in August 2025.

### ***Income Taxes***

On July 4, 2025, the One Big Beautiful Bill Act ("OBBBA") was enacted and includes a variety of changes to U.S. income tax and related laws. Among other things, the OBBBA makes changes to certain business-related exclusions, deductions, and credits. The effect of the OBBBA will be recorded in the first quarter of fiscal 2026, as a change in tax law is accounted for in the period of enactment. The new tax law has multiple effective dates, with certain provisions effective in 2025 and others in the future. While the Company continues to assess the impact of the tax provisions of the OBBBA on its consolidated financial statements, the tax provisions of the OBBBA are not currently expected to have a material impact on the Company's financial position or statement of operations.

## **Item 9. Changes in and Disagreements With Accountants on Accounting and Financial Disclosure**

There were no changes in or disagreements with our accountants on accounting and financial disclosure during the last two fiscal years.

### **Item 9A. Controls and Procedures**

#### **Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures**

Our management, with the participation of our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, evaluated the effectiveness of our disclosure controls and procedures as of the end of the period covered by this Annual Report on Form 10-K. For purposes of this section, the term *disclosure controls and procedures* means controls and other procedures of an issuer that are designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed by the issuer in the reports that it files or submits under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the “Exchange Act”), is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in the SEC’s rules and forms. Disclosure controls and procedures include, without limitation, controls and procedures designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed by an issuer in the reports that it files or submits under the Exchange Act is accumulated and communicated to the issuer’s management, including its principal executive and principal financial officers, or persons performing similar functions, as appropriate to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure.

Based upon that evaluation, our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer have concluded that, as of June 30, 2025, the end of the period covered by this report, our disclosure controls and procedures were effective at a reasonable assurance level.

#### **Management’s Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting**

Our management is responsible for establishing and maintaining adequate internal control over financial reporting. Internal control over financial reporting is defined in Rule 13a-15(f) or 15d-15(f) promulgated under the Exchange Act as a process designed by, or under the supervision of, the company’s principal executive and principal financial officers and effected by the company’s board of directors, management and other personnel, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America and includes those policies and procedures that:

- (i) Pertain to the maintenance of records that in reasonable detail accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company;
- (ii) Provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorizations of management and directors of the company; and
- (iii) Provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use or disposition of the company’s assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Because of its inherent limitations, internal control over financial reporting may not prevent or detect misstatements. Projections of any evaluation of effectiveness to future periods are subject to the risk that controls may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate. All internal control systems, no matter how well designed, have inherent limitations. Therefore, even those systems determined to be effective can provide only reasonable assurance with respect to financial statement preparation and presentation. Because of the inherent limitations of internal control, there is a risk that material misstatements may not be prevented or detected on a timely basis by internal control over financial reporting. However, these inherent limitations

are known features of the financial reporting process. Therefore, it is possible to design into the process safeguards to reduce, though not eliminate, this risk.

Management evaluated the effectiveness of our internal control over financial reporting as of June 30, 2025, using the framework set forth in the report of the Treadway Commission’s Committee of Sponsoring Organizations (“COSO”), “2013 Internal Control— Integrated Framework.” Based upon that evaluation, management believes our internal control over financial reporting was effective as of June 30, 2025.

#### **Inherent Limitations on the Effectiveness of Controls**

Management does not expect that our disclosure controls and procedures or our internal control over financial reporting will prevent or detect all errors and all fraud. A control system, no matter how well conceived and operated, can provide only reasonable, not absolute, assurance that the objectives of the control systems are met. Further, the design of a control system must reflect the fact that there are resource constraints, and the benefits of controls must be considered relative to their costs. Because of the inherent limitations in a cost-effective control system, no evaluation of internal control over financial reporting can provide absolute assurance that misstatements due to error or fraud will not occur or that all control issues and instances of fraud, if any, have been or will be detected.

These inherent limitations include the realities that judgments in decision-making can be faulty and that breakdowns can occur because of a simple error or mistake. Controls can also be circumvented by the individual acts of some persons, by collusion of two or more people, or by management override of the controls. The design of any system of controls is based in part on certain assumptions about the likelihood of future events, and there can be no assurance that any design will succeed in achieving its stated goals under all potential future conditions. Projections of any evaluation of controls effectiveness to future periods are subject to risks. Over time, controls may become inadequate because of changes in conditions or deterioration in the degree of compliance with policies or procedures.

#### **Changes in Internal Controls Over Financial Reporting**

Management has evaluated, with the participation of our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, whether any changes in our internal control over financial reporting that occurred during our last fiscal year have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting. Based on the evaluation we conducted, management has concluded that no such changes have occurred.

#### **Item 9B. Other Information**

Not applicable.

#### **Item 9C. Disclosure Regarding Foreign Jurisdictions that Prevent Inspections**

Not applicable.



## PART III

### **Item 10. Directors, Executive Officers and Corporate Governance**

The following table sets forth the name, age, position, and date of appointment of each of our directors and executive officers as of September 12, 2025:

<b>Name</b>	<b>Age</b>	<b>Position</b>	<b>Date of Appointment</b>
Roy W. Olivier (1)	66	President and Chief Executive Officer, and Chairman of the Board	March 29, 2021
William Nurthen	52	Chief Financial Officer and Secretary	October 4, 2021
Sefton Cohen	55	Chief Revenue Officer	November 4, 2024
John Regazzi (2)	77	Lead Independent Director	June 22, 2015
Barbara J. Cooperman (3)	70	Director	February 8, 2022
Gen. Merrill McPeak (4)	89	Director	November 5, 2010
Jeremy Murphy (5)	42	Director	November 14, 2023
Kenneth L. Gayron (6)	55	Director	December 4, 2023

- (1) Chairman of the Board
- (2) Lead Independent Director and member of the Audit Committee, the Compensation Committee, and the Nominating and Governance Committee
- (3) Chair of the Compensation Committee and member of the Nominating and Governance Committee
- (4) Member of Audit Committee, Compensation Committee, and Nominating and Governance Committee
- (5) Chair of the Nominating and Governance Committee and member of the Audit Committee
- (6) Chair of the Audit Committee and member of the Compensation Committee

#### ***Roy W. Olivier – Chief Executive Officer and President, and Chairman of the Board***

Mr. Olivier was named Interim Chief Executive Officer and President on March 29, 2021 and was formally appointed as Chief Executive Officer and President on October 4, 2021. Mr. Olivier was appointed Chairman of the Board effective September 16, 2025. Mr. Olivier has been a member of the Company's board of directors since January 2018. Before joining Research Solutions, Mr. Olivier served as CEO of ARI Network Services, a leading provider of SaaS tools and marketing services, growing the business from less than 80 employees to over 1,200 and increasing revenues from under \$15 million to over \$100 million through accelerated organic growth and acquisitions. Earlier in his career, he served as VP of Sales and Marketing for ProQuest Media Solutions (now Snap-on Inc.) and held executive and senior management positions at multiple companies across the telecommunications and computer industries including Multicom Publishing, Tandy Corporation, BusinessLand and PacTel. Our board of directors concluded that Mr. Olivier should serve as a director in light of his extensive experience in management and the information services industry.

### ***William Nurthen – Chief Financial Officer and Secretary***

Mr. Nurthen was appointed as Chief Financial Officer and Secretary on October 4, 2021. He brings more than twenty years of experience which includes financial leadership roles at both publicly traded and private companies across multiple industries. Prior to joining Research Solutions, Mr. Nurthen served in Chief Financial Officer roles for Endeavor Business Media, a B2B media publisher, and ARI Network Services, Inc. (formerly on the Nasdaq), a SaaS marketing company. Mr. Nurthen has also held prior CFO roles in investment banking, biotechnology, and information technology. He holds a Master of Business Administration from the Kellogg School of Management at Northwestern University and a Bachelor of Business Administration from the University of Notre Dame.

### ***Sefton Cohen – Chief Revenue Officer***

Mr. Cohen was appointed as Chief Revenue Officer on November 4, 2024. Mr. Cohen is a seasoned sales leader with over two decades of experience in the technology industry. He has a proven track record of launching, revitalizing, and scaling sales, marketing, and services for US and EMEA based public and private companies. Mr. Cohen has helped make markets and delivered multimillion-dollar new revenue streams for early stage, and accelerated growth stage companies. In addition to organically growing these companies, Mr. Cohen's leadership has enabled them to raise capital from Tier One Venture Capital and Private Equity firms and achieve successful exits. Mr. Cohen has degrees from Franklin & Marshall College (BA) and Columbia Business School (MBA).

### ***John Regazzi – Lead Independent Director***

Mr. Regazzi was appointed to our board of directors on June 22, 2015. He served as Chairman of the Board from 2015 – 2021, Lead Independent Director from 2021 - 2023, Chairman from 2023 – 2025 and was redesignated Lead Independent Director effective September 16, 2025. Mr. Regazzi is an information services and IT industry innovator, with more than four decades of experience. He is currently managing director of Akoya Capital Partners, a sector-focused private investment firm, where for the last few years he has served as its professional information services sector leader. He has also been a professor at the Long Island University's College of Education, Information and Technology since 2005, and has served as dean of LIU's College of Information and Computer Science. Before joining Akoya Capital Partners, Mr. Regazzi served for several years as CEO of Elsevier Inc. and managing director of the NYSE-listed Reed Elsevier, the world's largest publisher and information services company for journal and related scientific, technical and medical content. At Reed Elsevier, he oversaw its expansive electronic publishing portfolio, with a program staff of 3,000 and revenues exceeding \$1 billion. He was previously CEO of Engineering Information, which he helped turn around before being acquired by Reed Elsevier. As a recognized industry thought leader, Mr. Regazzi has designed, launched, and managed some of the most innovative and well-known information services in the professional communities, including the Engineering Village, Science Direct, Scirus and Scopus, as well as numerous other electronic information services dating back to the early days of the online and CD-ROM industries. Mr. Regazzi has served on a variety of corporate and industry boards, including the British Standards Institute Group and the American Institute of Physics, and he served as Chairman of the Board of National Technical Information Service, a division of the U.S. Department of Commerce. He also served as Chairman of DiSTI and Convergered Security Solutions (CSS), both Akoya portfolio companies. Mr. Regazzi earned his B.S. from St. Johns University, M.A. from University of Iowa, M.S. from Columbia University, and Ph.D. in Information Science from Rutgers University. Our board of directors concluded that Mr. Regazzi should serve as a director in light of his extensive experience in the information services industry.

### ***Barbara J. Cooperman – Director***

Ms. Cooperman was appointed to our board of directors on February 8, 2022. Ms. Cooperman is an accomplished executive with general management background, P&L responsibility, and world-class marketing specialty in both B2B and B2C sectors. She has more than 20 years' governance experience on boards including early-stage and privately held companies, nonprofits, industry associations, as well as executive leadership teams. She is known for being strategic and is a highly regarded leader skilled at developing vision and guiding organizations through growth stages and periods of reinvention. With 20+ years in the C-suite, Ms. Cooperman has significant experience advising the board on a wide range of issues such as unlocking brand value, strategic plans, M&A, and corporate social responsibility. Most recently, Ms. Cooperman was the global CMO at Kroll, a leader in cyber security and risk consulting, and Kroll Ontrack, a leader in

ediscovery and data recovery. Joining as the firm came out of bankruptcy, she restored worldwide gold standard brand reputations, created go-to-market strategy for the high-growth cyber security practice, and managed corporate and crisis communications through the successful sale of both companies and several high-stakes matters. Kroll Ontrack was sold in 2016 and Kroll in 2018, both at highly attractive valuations. Prior to her role as Chief Marketing Officer at Kroll, Inc., Ms. Cooperman worked for 12 years at Reed Elsevier, where she served as the Global Chief Marketing Officer for LexisNexis and Elsevier. Our board of directors concluded that Ms. Cooperman should serve as a director in light of her extensive industry knowledge, marketing and operating expertise, and governance experience.

***General Merrill McPeak – Director***

Gen. McPeak was appointed to our board of directors on November 5, 2010. He is President of McPeak and Associates, a company he founded in 1995. From 1990 until his retirement from active military service in late 1994, he was chief of staff of the U.S. Air Force. During this period, he was the senior officer responsible for organization, training and equipping of a combined active duty, National Guard, Reserve and civilian work force of over 850,000 people serving at 1,300 locations in the United States and abroad. As a member of the Joint Chiefs of Staff, he and the other service chiefs were military advisors to the Secretary of Defense and the President. Gen. McPeak has served on the board of directors of several publicly traded companies, including long service with Trans World Airlines, Inc. and with the test and measurement company, Tektronix, Inc. He was for many years Chairman of the Board of ECC International Corp., until that company was acquired by Cubic Corporation and previously served as a director of Iovance Biotherapeutics. Gen. McPeak was a founding investor, director and Chairman of Ethicspoint, Inc., a software-as-a-service provider of secure, confidential employee reporting systems, that was acquired by private equity at a return making it one of Oregon's most successful business startups in decades. Our board of directors concluded that Gen. McPeak should serve as a director in light of his demonstrated leadership abilities and years of experience serving on the boards of directors of numerous publicly traded corporations.

***Jeremy Murphy – Director***

Jeremy Murphy was appointed to our board of directors on November 14, 2023. Mr. Murphy is the current COO & President at ClickTripz, the leading contextual ad network for the travel industry, which each month delivers tens of millions of travel-intenders to the world's largest travel websites. At ClickTripz, Mr. Murphy has orchestrated pioneering new b2b software from ideation to roll-out, including the first AI-powered conversational advertisement trained to be an expert on each advertiser's product offering by leveraging state-of-the-art document indexing and language models. Previously, he co-founded TheSuitest, a hotel data-analytics platform featured in the NYTimes, The Today Show and elsewhere for using natural language processing to compare and quantify hotel accommodations. TheSuitest was successfully acquired by ClickTripz in 2015. Prior to his current role, Mr. Murphy had significant experience in various crucial positions at prominent financial institutions. Mr. Murphy was an analyst in the Investment Management Division of Goldman Sachs & Co. as part of a team responsible for nearly \$10 billion in assets. Mr. Murphy later worked as a risk manager and analyst for the investment arm of the Gulf Bank of Kuwait and its controlling shareholder. Our board of directors determined that Mr. Murphy would make a beneficial addition to our board of directors in light of his AI experience, software expertise and analytics background.

***Kenneth L. Gayron – Director***

Kenneth L. Gayron was appointed to our board of directors on November 14, 2023. Mr. Gayron serves as the Chief Financial Officer and EVP of Avid Technology. Mr. Gayron previously served as the Interim CEO and CFO at Numerex Corp., where he successfully managed a public turnaround of Numerex's business model. This culminated in a successful merger with Sierra Wireless which was approved by over 99% of public shareholders. As a result, Mr. Gayron delivered a 15% shareholder return over the two-year period. Mr. Gayron was also responsible for Numerex's Global Financial Organization, including accounting, SEC reporting, financial planning, tax, treasury, capital markets and investor relations. Prior to Numerex, Mr. Gayron served as the Chief Financial Officer at Osmotica Pharmaceutical Corp. During his three-year tenure, he drove 300% improvement in profitability and created \$300 million in enterprise value. Mr. Gayron also lead a strategic M&A exit with the CEO which resulted in a \$650 million valuation. Mr. Gayron began his career as the VP Finance and Treasurer at Sensus. Mr. Gayron then became the Treasurer at Nuance Communications. Mr. Gayron received his MBA in finance from Cornell Johnson Graduate School of Management and his Bachelor of Science in

finance from Boston College. Our board of directors determined that Mr. Gayron would make a beneficial addition to our board of directors in light of his software development expertise and finance background.

### **Term of Office**

Each director serves until our next annual meeting or until his or her successor is duly elected and qualified. Each executive officer is elected by our board of directors and serves at its discretion.

### **Delinquent Section 16(a) Reports**

Section 16(a) of the Exchange Act requires our officers, directors, and persons who own more than ten percent of a registered class of our equity securities to file reports of ownership and changes in ownership with the SEC and to furnish the Company with copies of all Section 16(a) forms they file. Our review of copies of the Section 16(a) reports filed to report transactions occurring during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2025 indicates that all filing requirements applicable to our officers, directors, and greater than ten percent beneficial owners were complied with except as follows: Gen. McPeak failed to timely file one Form 4 reporting one transaction.

### **Audit Committee Financial Expert**

Our board of directors has a separately designated standing Audit Committee, comprised of Mr. Gayron (Chair), Gen. McPeak, Mr. Murphy and Mr. Regazzi, each of whom our board of directors has determined to be an independent director as that term is defined in the applicable rules for companies traded on Nasdaq. Our board of directors has determined that Mr. Gayron qualifies as an “audit committee financial expert” as defined under SEC rules.

### **Code of Ethics**

Our board of directors has adopted a Code of Ethical Conduct that applies to all of our employees, officers and directors, including our Chief Executive Officer, Chief Financial Officer and other executive and senior financial officers. The code is available in the Corporate Governance – Code of Ethical Conduct section of our website, [www.researchsolutions.com](http://www.researchsolutions.com).

### **Clawback Policy**

Effective November 14, 2023, our board of directors adopted a Compensation Recovery Policy, whereby we may seek the recovery or forfeiture of incentive compensation paid by us, including cash, equity or equity-based compensation, in the event we restate our financial statements under certain circumstances (the “Clawback Policy”), in accordance with the applicable rules of Nasdaq and Section 10D and Rule 10D-1 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended. The Clawback Policy applies to our Section 16 officers, any employee who was eligible to receive incentive compensation and whose conduct contributed to the need for a restatement, and any other former Section 16 officer or other employee who contributed to the need for such restatement. Our Clawback Policy is administered by our Compensation Committee, and the Compensation Committee has the authority, in accordance with the applicable laws, rules and regulations, to interpret and make determinations necessary for the administration of the Clawback Policy, and may forego recovery in certain instances. The full text of our Clawback Policy is included as Exhibit 97.1 to this Annual Report on Form 10-K.

### **Insider Trading Policy**

Effective July 1, 2025, our board of directors adopted an Amended and Restated Insider Trading Policy (the “Insider Trading Policy”) that prohibits all employees, officers and directors from engaging in transactions involving our securities while in possession of material non-public information and restricts directors, officers and other designated insiders from engaging in certain transactions involving our securities during specified periods for which the Company has determined such individuals are most likely to be aware of material, non-public information. The Insider Trading Policy also requires pre-clearance from our Compliance Officer prior to making certain transactions involving our securities. A copy of our Insider Trading Policy is included as Exhibit 19.1 to this Annual Report on Form 10-K.

## **Item 11. Executive Compensation**

### **Compensation of Executive Officers**

The following table summarizes all compensation for the last two fiscal years awarded to, earned by, or paid to our Chief Executive Officer (principal executive officer) and our two most highly compensated executive officers other than our CEO who were serving as executive officers at the end of our last completed fiscal year, whose total compensation exceeded \$100,000 during such fiscal year ends.

#### **Compensation of Executive Officers for Fiscal Years Ended June 30, 2025 and 2024**

<b>Name and principle Position</b>	<b>Fiscal Year</b>	<b>Salary (\$)</b>	<b>Bonus (\$)</b>	<b>Stock awards (\$)</b>	<b>All other compensation (\$)</b>	<b>Total (\$)</b>
Roy W. Olivier	2025	420,833	198,956	—	21,200	640,989
President and Chief Executive Officer, and Director	2024	400,000	188,600	—	19,215	607,815
William Nurthen	2025	354,167	140,324	—	22,773	517,264
Chief Financial Officer and Secretary	2024	333,333	155,875	111,200 <sup>(1)</sup>	19,082	619,490
Sefton Cohen	2025	225,392	173,583	777,240 <sup>(2)</sup>	9,213	1,185,428
Chief Revenue Officer	2024	—	—	—	—	—

- (1) Represents the grant date fair value of 50,000 shares of restricted stock granted on December 6, 2023 under the 2017 Plan, as restricted stock awards to key management in accordance with the LTEBP. The grant date fair value was computed using the Monte Carlo simulations on a binomial model with the assistance of a valuation specialist with a derived service period ranging from 0.68 to 2.25 years.
- (2) Represents the grant date fair value of 340,000 shares of restricted stock granted on November 12, 2024 under the 2017 Plan, as restricted stock awards to key management in accordance with the LTEBP. The grant date fair value was computed using the Monte Carlo simulations on a binomial model with the assistance of a valuation specialist with a derived service period ranging from 0.64 to 2.31 years.

### **Employment Agreements**

#### ***Roy W. Olivier***

On October 4, 2024, we entered into an executive employment agreement with Mr. Olivier governing Mr. Olivier's continuing employment, which has an indefinite period. Under the terms of the executive employment agreement, Mr. Olivier agreed to serve as our Chief Executive Officer and President on an at-will basis. The agreement provides for a base salary of at least \$425,000 per year, subject to annual review and adjustment by the Board, and participation in an executive bonus plan as determined by the Board. No part of Mr. Olivier's salary is allocated to his duties as a director of our company.

The agreement contains provisions that prohibit Mr. Olivier from soliciting our customers or employees during his employment with us and for two years afterward. The agreement also contains provisions that restrict disclosure by Mr. Olivier of our confidential information and assign ownership to us of inventions related to our business that are created by him during his employment. We may terminate the agreement at any time, with or without cause. Mr. Olivier will be eligible to receive (i) an amount equal to eighteen (18) months of his then-current base salary payable in the form of salary continuation, (ii) any accrued but unpaid bonus, if we terminate Mr. Olivier's employment between July 1 and September 15, (iii) a pro-rata bonus for the then-current fiscal year and (iv) continuation of health and welfare benefits for eighteen (18) months, if he is terminated without cause. In addition, he is eligible to receive a pro-rata bonus for the fiscal year of

termination. Mr. Olivier may terminate the agreement at any time, with or without reason, upon thirty (30) days advance written notice.

***William Nurthen***

On October 4, 2021, we entered into an executive employment agreement with Mr. Nurthen which has an indefinite period. Under the terms of the executive employment agreement, Mr. Nurthen has agreed to serve as our Chief Financial Officer on an at-will basis. The agreement provides for a base salary of \$284,000 per year, subject to annual review and increase by our chief executive officer and Compensation Committee, and participation in an executive bonus plan as determined by the Board.

The agreement contains provisions that prohibit Mr. Nurthen from soliciting our customers or employees during his employment with us and for one year afterward for employees and two years afterward for customers. The agreement also contains provisions that restrict disclosure by Mr. Nurthen of our confidential information and assign ownership to us of inventions related to our business that are created by him during his employment. We may terminate the agreement at any time, with or without cause. Mr. Nurthen will be eligible to receive (i) an amount equal to twelve (12) months of his then-current base salary payable in the form of salary continuation, (ii) a pro-rata bonus for the then-current fiscal year, (iii) acceleration of all outstanding unvested options or restricted stock as of the effective date of termination, and (iv) continuation of health and welfare benefits for twelve (12) months if he is terminated without cause. Mr. Nurthen may terminate the agreement at any time, with or without reason, upon thirty (30) days' advance written notice.

***Sefton Cohen***

On November 4, 2024, we entered into an executive employment agreement with Mr. Cohen. Under the terms of the executive employment agreement, Mr. Cohen has agreed to serve as Chief Revenue Officer on an at-will basis. The term of the agreement is indefinite unless terminated by either party subject to the provisions of the employment agreement. The agreement provides for a base salary of \$340,000 per year, subject to adjustment from time to time, and participation in a bonus plan based upon company sales and retention, and executive bonus plan as determined by the Board.

The agreement contains provisions that prohibit Mr. Cohen from soliciting our customers or employees during his employment with us and for eighteen (18) months afterward. The agreement also contains provisions that restrict disclosure by Mr. Cohen of our confidential information and assign ownership to us of inventions related to our business that are created by him during his employment. We may terminate the agreement at any time, with or without cause. In the event of a termination without cause in the first year of his employment or within twelve (12) months of change of control, Mr. Cohen will be eligible to receive (i) an amount equal to nine (9) months of his then-current base salary payable in the form of salary continuation, plus (ii) any earned but unpaid bonus, (iii) pro-rata bonus for the then-current fiscal year, (iv) continuation of health and welfare benefits for nine (9) months. In the event of any other termination without cause, Mr. Cohen will receive the same as the above with the exception that the salary continuation will be reduced to six (6) months from nine (9) months. Mr. Cohen may terminate the agreement at any time, with or without reason.

## Outstanding Equity at Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2025

The following table sets forth information regarding stock options, warrants and other stock awards (restricted stock) for each named executive officer as of June 30, 2025.

### Outstanding Equity Awards at Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2025

Name	Number of securities underlying unexercised options/warrants exercisable (#)	Number of securities underlying unexercised options/warrants unexercisable (#)	Option/Warrant exercise price (\$)	Option/Warrant expiration date (1)	Stock Awards: Number of shares of stock that have not vested (#)	Stock Awards: Market value of shares of stock that have not vested (\$)
Roy W. Olivier	50,000	—	\$ 2.40	11/13/2028	—	—
	50,000	—	\$ 3.13	11/12/2029	—	—
	50,000	—	\$ 2.13	11/17/2030	—	—
	—	—	—	—	300,000 <sup>(1)</sup>	384,000 <sup>(2)</sup>
William Nurthen	—	—	—	—	6,250 <sup>(3)</sup>	\$ 16,313 <sup>(4)</sup>
	—	—	—	—	180,000 <sup>(5)</sup>	\$ 230,400 <sup>(6)</sup>
	—	—	—	—	30,000 <sup>(7)</sup>	\$ 61,300 <sup>(8)</sup>
Sefton Cohen	—	—	—	—	204,000 <sup>(9)</sup>	\$ 425,000 <sup>(10)</sup>

(1) The restricted stock was granted on October 31, 2022 under the 2017 Plan, as restricted stock awards to key management in accordance with the LTEBP.

(2) Based on fair value computed using the Monte Carlo simulations on a binomial model with the assistance of a valuation specialist with a derived service period ranging from 1.43 to 2.59 years.

(3) The restricted stock was granted on October 4, 2021 and vest over a four year period, with a one year cliff vesting period.

(4) Based on a market closing price per share of common stock of \$2.61 on October 4, 2021.

(5) The restricted stock was granted on October 31, 2022 under the 2017 Plan, as restricted stock awards to key management in accordance with the LTEBP.

(6) Based on fair value computed using the Monte Carlo simulations on a binomial model with the assistance of a valuation specialist with a derived service period ranging from 1.43 to 2.59 years.

(7) The restricted stock was granted on December 6, 2023 under the 2017 Plan, as restricted stock awards to key management in accordance with the LTEBP.

(8) Based on fair value computed using the Monte Carlo simulations on a binomial model with the assistance of a valuation specialist with a derived service period ranging from 0.68 to 2.25 years.

(9) The restricted stock was granted on November 12, 2024 under the 2017 Plan, as restricted stock awards to key management in accordance with the LTEBP.

(10) Based on fair value computed using the Monte Carlo simulations on a binomial model with the assistance of a valuation specialist with a derived service period ranging from 0.64 to 2.31 years.

## Compensation of Directors

The following table sets forth compensation awarded or paid to our directors for the last fiscal year for the services rendered by them to the Company in all capacities.

### Director Compensation for the Fiscal Years Ended June 30, 2025 and 2024

Name	Fiscal Year	Fees earned or paid in cash (\$)	Warrant and Option Awards (\$)	Total (\$)
John Regazzi (1)	2025	46,500	84,000	130,500
	2024	36,000	66,000	102,000
Gen. Merrill McPeak (2)	2025	27,000	70,000	97,000
	2024	18,000	66,000	84,000
Barbara J. Cooperman (3)	2025	27,000	70,000	97,000
	2024	18,000	66,000	84,000
Jeremy Murphy (4)	2025	27,000	70,000	97,000
	2024	15,000	79,381	94,381
Kenneth L. Gayron (5)	2025	27,000	70,000	97,000
	2024	10,500	63,092	73,592

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- (1) Outstanding equity awards as of June 30, 2025 consists of options to purchase 60,000 shares of common stock at an exercise price of \$2.79 per share, 50,000 shares of common stock at an exercise price of \$2.73 per share, 50,000 shares of common stock at an exercise price of \$2.15 per share, 100,000 shares of common stock at \$2.10 per share, 100,000 shares of common stock at an exercise price of \$2.13 per share, options to purchase 100,000 shares of common stock at an exercise price of \$3.13 per share, options to purchase 100,000 shares of common stock at an exercise price of \$2.40 per share, options to purchase 150,000 shares of common stock at an exercise price of \$1.20, options to purchase 150,000 shares of common stock at an exercise price of \$1.05 per share and options to purchase 150,000 shares of common stock at an exercise price of \$0.70 per share.
- (2) Outstanding equity awards as of June 30, 2025 consists of options to purchase 50,000 shares of common stock at an exercise price of \$2.79 per share, 50,000 shares of common stock at an exercise price of \$2.73 per share, 50,000 shares of common stock at an exercise price of \$2.15 per share, 50,000 shares of common stock at an exercise price of \$2.10 per share, options to purchase 50,000 shares of common stock at an exercise price of \$2.13 per share, options to purchase 50,000 shares of common stock at an exercise price of \$3.13 per share, options to purchase 50,000 shares of common stock at an exercise price of \$2.40 per share, options to purchase 75,000 shares of common stock at an exercise price of \$1.20 per share, options to purchase 75,000 shares of common stock at an exercise price of \$1.05 per share and options to purchase 75,000 shares of common stock at an exercise price of \$0.70 per share.
- (3) Outstanding equity awards as of June 30, 2025 consists of options to purchase 50,000 shares of common stock at an exercise price of \$2.79, 50,000 shares of common stock at an exercise price of \$2.73, 50,000 shares of common stock at an exercise price of \$2.15 and options to purchase 38,767 shares of common stock at an exercise price of \$2.10 per share.
- (4) Outstanding equity awards as of June 30, 2025 consists of options to purchase 50,000 shares of common stock at an exercise price of \$2.79 and 60,137 shares of common stock at an exercise price of \$2.73.
- (5) Outstanding equity awards as of June 30, 2025 consists of options to purchase 50,000 shares of common stock at an exercise price of \$2.79 and 47,797 shares of common stock at an exercise price of \$2.73.



## **Item 12. Security Ownership of Certain Beneficial Owners and Management and Related Stockholder Matters**

The following table sets forth certain information, as of September 12, 2025, with respect to the holdings of (1) each person who is the beneficial owner of more than five percent of our common stock, (2) each of our directors, (3) each named executive officer, and (4) all of our directors and executive officers as a group.

Beneficial ownership of the common stock is determined in accordance with the rules of the Securities and Exchange Commission and includes any shares of common stock over which a person exercises sole or shared voting or investment powers, or of which a person has a right to acquire ownership at any time within 60 days of September 12, 2025. Except as otherwise indicated, and subject to applicable community property laws, the persons named in this table have sole voting and investment power with respect to all shares of common stock held by them. The address of each director and officer is c/o Research Solutions, Inc., 10624 S. Eastern Ave., Ste. A-614, Henderson, NV 89052. Applicable percentage ownership in the following table is based on 32,828,173 shares of common stock outstanding as of September 12, 2025 plus, for each person, any securities that person has the right to acquire within 60 days of September 12, 2025.

<b><u>Name and Address of Beneficial Owner</u></b>	<b><u>Shares Beneficially Owned</u></b>	<b><u>Percentage of Shares</u></b>
<b><u>Greater than 5% Shareholder:</u></b>		
Needham Investment Management, LLC (1) 250 Park Avenue, 10th Floor New York, NY 10177	2,930,000	8.9 %
Richard H. Witmer, Jr. 16 Fort Hills Lane Greenwich, CT 06831	2,608,448	7.9 %
Punch & Associates Investment Management, Inc. 7701 France Avenue South, Suite 300 Edina, MN 55435	2,418,100	7.4 %
Poplar Point Capital Management, LLC 330 Primrose Road, Suite 400 Burlingame, CA 94010	1,777,401	5.5 %
<b><u>Directors and Executive Officers:</u></b>		
Roy W. Olivier (2)	758,253	2.3 %
William Nurthen (3)	380,607	1.2 %
Sefton Cohen (4)	279,933	* %
John Regazzi (5)	1,176,833	3.5 %
Gen. Merrill McPeak (6)	917,941	2.8 %
Barbara Cooperman (7)	122,100	* %
Jeremy Murphy (8)	40,091	* %
Kenneth L. Gayron (9)	31,864	* %
All Directors and Executive Officers as a group (8 persons) (10)	3,707,622	11.1 %

\* Less than 1%

- (1) Includes 1,700,000 shares of Common Stock held by Needham Investment Management LLC, of which each of Needham Asset Management, LLC and George A. Needham may be considered a control person, Needham Asset Management LLC, Needham Aggressive Growth Fund, and George A. Needham (the “Needham Investors”). The foregoing information regarding the Needham Investors is based solely on Schedule 13F, filed by the Needham Investment Management, LLC with the SEC on August 14, 2024.

- (2) Includes shares underlying options to purchase 50,000 shares of common stock at an exercise price of \$2.40 per share, and options to purchase 50,000 shares of common stock at an exercise price of \$3.13 per share, options to purchase 50,000 shares of common stock at an exercise price of \$2.13 per share, and 300,000 shares of unvested restricted stock that were granted on October 31, 2022 under the 2017 Plan, as restricted stock awards to key management in accordance with the LTEBP.
- (3) Includes 216,250 shares of unvested restricted stock. Of this amount, 6,250 shares of the restricted stock vests over a four-year period, with a one-year cliff vesting period and remains subject to forfeiture if vesting conditions are not met. The remaining 210,000 shares of unvested restricted stock were granted on October 31, 2022 and December 6, 2023 under the 2017 Plan, as restricted stock awards to key management in accordance with the LTEBP.
- (4) Includes 204,000 shares of unvested restricted stock that were granted on November 12, 2024 under the 2017 Plan, as restricted stock awards to key management in accordance with the LTEBP.
- (5) Includes shares underlying options to purchase 150,000 shares of common stock at \$0.70 per share, options to purchase 150,000 shares of common stock at an exercise price of \$1.05 per share, options to purchase 150,000 shares of common stock at an exercise price of \$1.20 per share, options to purchase 100,000 shares of common stock at an exercise price of \$2.40 per share, and options to purchase 100,000 shares of common stock at an exercise price of \$3.13 per share, options to purchase 100,000 shares of common stock at an exercise price of \$2.13 per share, options to purchase 100,000 shares of common stock at an exercise price of \$2.10 per share, options to purchase 50,000 shares of common stock at an exercise price of \$2.15 per share and options to purchase 33,333 shares of common stock at an exercise price of \$2.73 per share.
- (6) Includes options to purchase 75,000 shares of common stock at an exercise price of \$0.70 per share, options to purchase 75,000 shares of common stock at an exercise price of \$1.05 per share, options to purchase 75,000 shares of common stock at an exercise price of \$1.20 per share, options to purchase 50,000 shares of common stock at an exercise price of \$2.40 per share, options to purchase 50,000 shares of common stock at an exercise price of \$3.13 per share, options to purchase 50,000 shares of common stock at an exercise price of \$2.13 per share, options to purchase 50,000 shares of common stock at an exercise price of \$2.10 per share, options to purchase 50,000 shares of common stock at an exercise price of \$2.15 and options to purchase 33,333 shares of common stock at an exercise price of \$2.73.
- (7) Includes shares underlying options to purchase 38,767 shares of common stock at an exercise price of \$2.10 per share, options to purchase 50,000 shares of common stock at an exercise price of \$2.15 and options to purchase 33,333 shares of common stock at an exercise price of \$2.73.
- (8) Includes shares underlying options to purchase 40,091 shares of common stock at an exercise price of \$2.73 per share.
- (9) Includes shares underlying options to purchase 31,864 shares of common stock at an exercise price of \$2.73 per share.
- (10) Includes shares underlying options to purchase 1,785,721 shares of common stock.

### **Equity Compensation Plan Information**

In December 2007, we established the 2007 Equity Compensation Plan (the “2007 Plan”) and in November 2017 we established the 2017 Omnibus Incentive Plan (the “2017 Plan”), collectively (the “Plans”). The Plans were approved by our board of directors and stockholders. The purpose of the Plans is to grant stock and options to purchase our common stock, and other incentive awards, to our employees, directors and key consultants. On November 10, 2016, the maximum number of shares of common stock that may be issued pursuant to awards granted under the 2007 Plan increased from

5,000,000 to 7,000,000. On November 21, 2017, the Company's stockholders approved the adoption of the 2017 Plan (previously adopted by our board of directors on September 14, 2017), which authorized a maximum of 1,874,513 shares of common stock that may be issued pursuant to awards granted under the 2017 Plan. From November 2019 to November 2021, the Company's stockholders approved increases in the maximum number of shares of common stock that may be issued pursuant to awards granted under the 2017 Omnibus Incentive Plan from 1,874,513 to 6,874,513. Upon adoption of the 2017 Plan we ceased granting incentive awards under the 2007 Plan and commenced granting incentive awards under the 2017 Plan. The shares of our common stock underlying cancelled and forfeited awards issued under the 2017 Plan may again become available for grant under the 2017 Plan. Cancelled and forfeited awards issued under the 2007 Plan that were cancelled or forfeited prior to November 21, 2017 became available for grant under the 2007 Plan. As of June 30, 2025, there were 506,577 shares available for grant under the 2017 Plan, and no shares were available for grant under the 2007 Plan. All incentive stock award grants prior to the adoption of the 2017 Plan on November 21, 2017 were made under the 2007 Plan, and all incentive stock award grants after the adoption of the 2017 Plan on November 21, 2017 were made under the 2017 Plan.

The following table provides information as of June 30, 2025 with respect to the Plans, which are the only compensation plans under which our equity securities are, or have been, authorized for issuance.

Plan category	Number of securities to be issued upon exercise of outstanding options, warrants and rights	Weighted average exercise price of outstanding options, warrants and rights	Number of securities remaining available for future issuance under equity compensation plans (excluding securities reflected in column (a))
	(a)	(b)	(c)
Equity compensation plans approved by stockholders (2007 Equity Compensation Plan, and 2017 Omnibus Incentive Plan)	2,738,804	\$ 2.06	506,577
Equity compensation plans not approved by stockholders	—	—	—
<b>Total</b>	<b>2,738,804</b>		<b>506,577</b>

### **Item 13. Certain Relationships and Related Transactions, and Director Independence**

Other than the transactions described herein, since July 1, 2022, there has not been, nor is there currently proposed, any transaction or series of similar transactions to which we were or will be a party in which the amount involved exceeds the lesser of \$120,000 or one percent of the average of our total assets at year end for the last two completed fiscal years; and in which any director, executive officer, shareholder who beneficially owns more than 5% of our common stock or any member of their immediate family had or will have a direct or indirect material interest.

#### **Director Independence**

Our board of directors currently consists of six members: Mr. Olivier (Chairman), Ms. Cooperman, Mr. Gayron, Gen. McPeak, Mr. Murphy and Mr. Regazzi. Our board of directors has determined that Ms. Cooperman, Mr. Gayron, Gen. McPeak, Mr. Murphy and Mr. Regazzi are independent directors as that term is defined in the applicable rules for companies traded on Nasdaq. Messrs Gayron, Murphy and Regazzi and Gen. McPeak are each members of our Audit Committee, and Ms. Cooperman, Messrs. Gayron and Regazzi and Gen. McPeak are each members of our Compensation Committee. Each of the foregoing directors meets Nasdaq's independence standards for members of such committees.

## **Item 14. Principal Accounting Fees and Services**

### **Summary of Principal Accounting Fees for Professional Services Rendered**

Our independent registered public accounting firm is Wipfli LLP, headquartered at 10000 Innovation Drive, Suite 250, Milwaukee, WI 53226. PCAOB Auditor ID: 344 for the year ended June 30, 2025.

For the year ended June 30, 2024, our independent registered public accounting firm was Weinberg & Company, P.A. 1925 Century Park E., Suite 1120, Los Angeles, CA 90067. PCAOB Auditor ID: 572.

The following table presents the aggregate fees for professional audit services for both firms and other services rendered in the fiscal years ended June 30, 2025 and 2024. For the year ended June 30, 2025, the total of \$256,854 was comprised of \$200,854 for Weinberg & Company, P.A. and \$56,000 for Wipfli LLP.

	<b>Year Ended June 30, 2025</b>	<b>Year Ended June 30, 2024</b>
Audit Fees	\$ 210,920	\$ 182,587
Audit-Related Fees	—	—
Tax Fees	45,934	30,550
All Other Fees	—	—
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$ 256,854</b>	<b>\$ 213,137</b>

*Audit Fees* consist of amounts billed for professional services rendered for the audit of our annual consolidated financial statements included in our Annual Reports on Form 10-K, and reviews of our interim consolidated financial statements included in our Quarterly Reports on Form 10-Q, including amendments thereto.

*Audit-Related Fees* consist of fees billed for professional services that are reasonably related to the performance of the audit or review of our consolidated financial statements but are not reported under “Audit Fees.”

*Tax Fees* consist of fees for professional services for tax compliance activities, including the preparation of federal and state tax returns and related compliance matters.

*All Other Fees* consist of amounts billed for services other than those noted above.

The audit committee of our board of directors has considered whether the provision of the services described above for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2025 and 2024, is compatible with maintaining the auditor’s independence.

All audit and non-audit services that may be provided by our principal accountant to us shall require pre-approval by the audit committee of our board of directors. Further, our auditor shall not provide those services to us specifically prohibited by the SEC, including bookkeeping or other services related to the accounting records or financial statements of the audit client; financial information systems design and implementation; appraisal or valuation services, fairness opinion, or contribution-in-kind reports; actuarial services; internal audit outsourcing services; management functions; human resources; broker-dealer, investment adviser, or investment banking services; legal services and expert services unrelated to the audit; and any other service that the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board determines, by regulation, is impermissible.

## PART IV

### **Item 15. Exhibits and Financial Statement Schedules**

#### **(a)(1) Financial Statements.**

The financial statements of Research Solutions, Inc. and its subsidiaries and the independent registered public accounting firm's report dated September 19, 2025, are incorporated by reference to Item 8 of this report.

#### **(a)(2) and (c) Financial Statement Schedules**

Not required.

#### **(a)(3) and (b) Exhibits**

### **EXHIBIT INDEX**

<b>Exhibit Number</b>	<b>Exhibit Description</b>	<b>Incorporated by Reference</b>			<b>Filed Herewith</b>
		<b>Form</b>	<b>Date</b>	<b>Number</b>	
2.1	Share Exchange Agreement between Research Solutions, Inc. and Reprints Desk Inc. dated November 13, 2006.	SB-2	12/28/2007	2.1	
2.2	Agreement of Merger and Plan of Reorganization, by and among the Research Solutions, Inc., Research Solutions Acquisition 2, LLC, Scite, Inc., and the Stockholder Representative, dated as of November 24, 2023.	8-K	11/27/2023	2.1	
3.1.1	Articles of Incorporation.	SB-2	12/28/2007	3.1	
3.1.2	Articles of Merger Effective March 4, 2013.	8-K	3/6/2013	3.1	
3.2	Amended and Restated Bylaws.	8-K	10/17/2012	3.2	
4	Description of the registrant's common stock.	10-K	9/23/2022	4	
10.1	Securities Purchase Agreement dated June 23, 2016, among Research Solutions, Inc. and the Investors signatory thereto.	8-K	6/28/2016	10.1	
10.2	Registration Rights Agreement dated June 24, 2016, among Research Solutions, Inc. and the Investors signatory thereto.	8-K	6/28/2016	10.2	
10.3	Employment Agreement dated October 4, 2021, between Research Solutions, Inc. and William A. Nurthen. ++	10-Q	11/12/2021	10.2	
10.4	Asset Purchase Agreement dated September 28, 2022, between Reprints Desk, Inc. and FIZ Karlsruhe – Leibniz-Institut für Informationsinfrastruktur GmbH.	10-Q	11/14/2022	10.1	
10.5	Agreement and Plan of Merger by and among Reprints Desk, Inc., Research Solutions Acquisition Corp I, Research Solutions, Inc., as Parent Guarantor, Resolute Innovation, Inc. and Shareholder Representative Services LLC dated July 28, 2023. ##	8-K	7/31/2023	2.1	

10.6	Cooperation Agreement, dated as of September 15, 2023, by and among Research Solutions, Inc., Peter Derycz, Bristol Investment Fund, Ltd., Bristol Capital Advisors, LLC and Paul Kessler.	8-K	9/20/2023	10.1	
10.7	Loan Agreement among Reprints Desk, Inc., Research Solutions, Inc., and PNC Bank, National Association, dated as of April 15, 2024.	8-K	4/17/2024	10.1	
10.8	Revolving Line of Credit Note among Reprints Desk, Inc., Research Solutions, Inc., and PNC Bank, National Association, dated as of April 15, 2024.	8-K	4/17/2024	10.2	
10.9	Security Agreement between Reprints Desk, Inc. and PNC Bank, National Association, dated as of April 15, 2024.	8-K	4/17/2024	10.3	
10.10	Security Agreement between Research Solutions, Inc. and PNC Bank, National Association, dated as of April 15, 2024.	8-K	4/17/2024	10.4	
10.11	Employment Agreement, dated October 4, 2024, between Research Solutions, Inc. and Roy W. Olivier. ++				*
10.12	Employment Agreement, dated November 4, 2024, between Research Solutions, Inc. and Sefton Cohen. ++				*
19.1	Insider Trading Policy				*
21	List of Subsidiaries.				*
23.1	Consent of Weinberg and Company, P.A.				*
23.2	Consent of Wipfli LLP.				*
24	Power of Attorney.				*
31.1	Rule 13a-14(a)/15d-14(a) Certification of Chief Executive Officer				
31.2	Rule 13a-14(a)/15d-14(a) Certification of Chief Financial Officer				
32.1	Section 1350 Certification of Chief Executive Officer *				*
32.2	Section 1350 Certification of Chief Financial Officer *				*
97.1	Compensation Recovery Policy				*
99.1	2007 Equity Compensation Plan. ++	SB-2	12/28/2007	10.1	
99.2	Amendment No. 1 to 2007 Equity Compensation Plan. ++	DEF 14A	10/29/2012	App. A	
99.3	Amendment No. 2 to 2007 Equity Compensation Plan. ++	DEF 14A	10/13/2014	App. A	
99.4	Amendment No. 3 to 2007 Equity Compensation Plan. ++	DEF 14A	9/26/2016	App. A	
99.5	2017 Omnibus Incentive Plan. ++	DEF 14A	9/26/2017	App. A	
99.6	Amendment No. 1 to 2017 Omnibus Incentive Plan. ++	DEF 14A	9/21/2019	App. A	
99.7	Amendment No. 2 to 2017 Omnibus Incentive Plan.	DEF 14A	9/25/2020	App. A	
101.INS	Inline XBRL Instance Document				
101.SCH	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema Document				
101.CAL	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Calculation Linkbase				

101.DEF	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Definition Linkbase
101.LAB	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Label Linkbase
101.PRE	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation Linkbase
104	Cover Page Interactive Data File (formatted as inline XBRL and contained in Exhibit 101)

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\*      Furnished herewith

++     Indicates management contract or compensatory plan.

##     The Registrant has omitted schedules and exhibits pursuant to Item 6.01(b)(2) of Regulation S-K. The Registrant agrees to furnish supplementally a copy of the omitted schedules and exhibits to the SEC upon request.

**Item 16. Form 10-K Summary**

Not applicable.

## SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

### RESEARCH SOLUTIONS, INC.

By: /s/ Roy W. Olivier

Date: September 19, 2025

Roy W. Olivier  
Chief Executive Officer and President  
(Principal Executive Officer)

By: /s/ William Nurthen

Date: September 19, 2025

William Nurthen  
Chief Financial Officer  
(Principal Financial and Accounting Officer)

## POWER OF ATTORNEY

KNOW ALL PERSONS BY THESE PRESENTS, that each person whose signature appears below constitutes and appoints Roy W. Olivier and William Nurthen, and each of them, as his or her true and lawful attorneys-in-fact and agents, with full power of substitution for him or her, and in his or her name in any and all capacities, to sign any and all amendments to this Annual Report on Form 10-K, and to file the same, with exhibits thereto and other documents in connection therewith, with the Securities and Exchange Commission, granting unto said attorneys-in-fact and agents, and each of them, full power and authority to do and perform each and every act and thing requisite and necessary to be done therewith, as fully to all intents and purposes as he or she might or could do in person, hereby ratifying and confirming all that said attorneys-in-fact and agents, and any of them or his or her substitute or substitutes, may lawfully do or cause to be done by virtue hereof.



Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, this report has been signed below by the following persons on behalf of the registrant and in the capacities and on the dates indicated.

<u>Signature</u>	<u>Title</u>	<u>Date</u>
<u>/s/ Roy W. Olivier</u> Roy W. Olivier	Chief Executive Officer (Principal Executive Officer), President and Director	September 19, 2025
<u>/s/ William Nurthen</u> William Nurthen	Chief Financial Officer (Principal Financial and Accounting Officer) and Secretary	September 19, 2025
<u>/s/ Merrill McPeak</u> Merrill McPeak	Director	September 19, 2025
<u>/s/ John Regazzi</u> John Regazzi	Director	September 19, 2025
<u>/s/ Barbara J. Cooperman</u> Barbara J. Cooperman	Director	September 19, 2025
<u>/s/ Jeremy Murphy</u> Jeremy Murphy	Director	September 19, 2025
<u>/s/ Kenneth L. Gayron</u> Kenneth L. Gayron	Director	September 19, 2025